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No. 20.

37TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SYNOPSIS OF HOUSE BILLS,
AND
SENATE BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

FOR THE ENTIRE SESSION.

Printed by Order of the House.

W. H. HINRICHSSEN, Clerk.

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BILLS INTRODUCED.

The following shows the number of the Bills introduced by each member of the House to date.

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<i>Dearborn</i>	173, 267, 334, 385, 698.....
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<i>Dixson of Warren</i>	128, 247, 350, 359, 525, 734.....
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<i>Donnelly</i>	512, 540, 541, 624, 776, 777.....
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<i>Farrell</i>	498, 701, 702.....
<i>Ferns</i>	27, 84, 85, 131, 132, 184, 274, 366.....
<i>Fishback</i>	231, 543, 779.....
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<i>Garrett</i>	358, 637, 662, 736.....
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<i>Hunter of Knox</i>	37, 135, 232, 555, 785, 786.....
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HOUSE SYNOPSIS.

THIRTY-SEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

HOUSE BILLS.

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
1	Jan. 9	Enslow.....	Act making appropriation for the payment of employes of the 37th General Assembly	Passed the House Jan. 14. Passed the Senate Jan. 21. Rep. to Governor Jan. 23.....
2	Jan. 13	Shirley.....	Act to amend sections 4, 6 and 8 of an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Reported to Senate May 16.....
3	Jan. 13	Allen	Act to amend section 21 of an act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Reported to Governor June 9
4	Jan. 13	Allen	Act to regulate the charges of stock yards and enforce the same	Committee on Corporations.....
5	Jan. 13	Anderson.....	Act to create a state board of inspection of county offices, and to prescribe their powers and duties.....	Tabled April 28
6	Jan. 13	Anderson.....	Act in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named.....	Reported to Senate.....
7	Jan. 13	Anderson.....	Act to inspect and prevent the spread of contagious diseases among swine.	Live Stock and Dairying.
8	Jan. 13	Anthony	Act creating the Illinois asylum for the chronic insane, and making an appropriation therefor.....	Tabled May 19.....
9	Jan. 13	Beals.....	Act to regulate the charges of stock yards and enforce the same.....	Corporations.....
10	Jan. 13	Beals.....	Act licensing and regulating the business of undertakers.....	On second reading

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
11	Jan. 13	Callahan	Act to revise the laws in relation to elections and to provide for filling vacancies.....	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
12	Jan. 13	Callahan.....	Act to revise the laws in relation to the supreme courts.....	Tabled May 26.
13	Jan. 13	Carmody	Act fixing 8 hours of labor as a legal day's work	On second reading.....
14	Jan. 13	Cherry.....	Act to regulate the charges of stock yards, and enforce the same	Corpora'tions
15	Jan. 13	Craig.....	Act for the protection and relief of railroad employes, forbidding certain rules, regulations and agreements, and declaring them unlawful and fixing the penalty for the violation thereof.....	Railroads.....
16	Jan. 13	Craig.....	Act to define the liabilities of railroad corporations in relation to co-employes.....	Railroads.....
17	Jan. 13	Craig.....	Act repealing an act in relation to verdicts of juries in civil cases.....	On second reading
18	Jan. 13	Dixon of Lee..	Act to amend section 4 of article VIII of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Passed Senate June 12..
19	Jan. 13	Dixon of Lee..	Act concerning compensation of trustees.....	Passed Senate June 12..
20	Jan. 13	Dixon of Lee..	Act repealing sections 52, 53, and 54 of an act in regard to practice in courts of record, approved February 20, 1872, and to amend section 51 of the same act as amended by an act approved January 27, 1874, entitled "An act in regard to practice in courts of record," approved February 22, 1872.....	Tabled April 24.....
21	Jan. 13	Duncan.....	Act to create a board of commissioners for securing for use in the common schools of the state a series of text books, defining the duties of certain officers therein named, with reference thereto, making appropriations therefor, defining certain felonies and misdemeanors, providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, repealing all laws in conflict therewith and declaring an emergency	Education.
22	Jan. 13	Duncan	Act to amend section 237 of an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
23	Jan. 13	Eddy.....	Act to regulate the liabilities of fire insurance companies.....	On second reading.....
24	Jan. 13	Eddy.....	Act taxing and licensing persons, corporations and companies doing express business on any railroad in the state	Corporations.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
25	Jan. 13	Edmunds.....	Act concerning compulsory education and to repeal an act concerning the education of children.....	Education.....
26	Jan. 13	Edmunds.....	Act in reference to stock yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, freight, grain, hay, and other articles furnished, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof.....	Corporations.....
27	Jan. 13	Ferns.....	Act to provide for the punishment of persons, co-partnerships or corporations forming pools, trusts and combines, and mode of procedure and rules of evidence in such cases.....	Reported to Governor June 5.....
28	Jan. 13	Forsythe	Act to provide for the payment of wages in lawful money, to prevent the truck system, and to prevent deductions from wages except for lawful money actually advanced.....	Tabled May 22.....
29	Jan. 13	Graham.....	Act to prevent trusts, pools, combinations and syndicates, and to punish the same by fines and penalties.....	Tabled April 28.....
30	Jan. 13	Graham.....	Act in reference to stock yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, grain, hay, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof.....	Corporations.....
31	Jan. 13	Green	Act to provide for the registration of legal voters, and to regulate the manner of voting and holding elections, and the ascertaining and declaring the result thereof	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
32	Jan. 13	Hamilton	Act to regulate the stock yards operating or doing business in this state, and to regulate the charges for hay, grain and other articles of feed furnished by such yards, with penalties to enforce the same	Tabled May 1
33	Jan. 13	Hamilton	Act to amend section 238 of an act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes	Revenue.....
34	Jan. 13	Hamilton	Act to amend sections 1, 5, 6 and 8 of an act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds, to be loaned only among the members thereof.....	Tabled April 17.....
35	Jan. 13	Headon.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, and prescribe the powers and duties.....	Elections.....
36	Jan. 13	Hunter of Winnebago	Act to amend act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds, to be loaned only among the members of such associations	Tabled April 17.....
37	Jan. 13	Hunter of Knox.....	Act to amend section 6 of an act in relation to courts of record in cities....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
38	Jan. 13	Johnston	Act to amend section 80 of an act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, to fix the time of holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named	Tabled April 24.....
39	Jan. 13	Jones	Act to amend section 1 of an act to divide the State of Illinois, exclusive of Cook county, into judicial circuits ...	On second reading
40	Jan. 13	Keller	Act to provide for compiling, illustrating, electrotyping, printing, binding, copyrighting and distributing a state series of school text books, and appropriating money therefor.....	Education
41	Jan. 13	Lyman, of Sangamon.	Act for the better regulation of fire insurance.....	Tabled May 12.....
42	Jan. 13	Lyman, of Cook	Act to protect associations and unions of workmen in their labels, trade marks and forms of advertising	Tabled May 13.....
43	Jan. 13	Merritt	Act to provide for holding elections in this state	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
44	Jan. 13	Merritt	Act concerning the education of children.....	Education
45	Jan. 13	Merritt	Act to provide for the punishment of persons who shall wilfully or falsely sell, give or make for publication libelous statements to the publishers, proprietors, editors, reporters or other employes of any newspaper in this state.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10
46	Jan. 13	Nohe	Act to provide for compiling, illustrating, electrotyping, printing, binding, copyrighting and distributing a state series of text books, and appropriating money therefor	Education
47	Jan. 13	Nohe	Act to provide for the appointment of a clerk for the court of claims, and to fix the terms of office and compensation	Tabled May 12
48	Jan. 13	Paddock	Act making further provisions for the insane of this state now unprovided for, by increasing the capacity of the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee.....	Public Charities
49	Jan. 13	Paddock	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee	Public Charities

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
7	Jan. 13	Paddock	Act placing under control of the railroad and warehouse commissioners all stock yards in this state, and making it their duty to classify the same, and fix reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation, feed and care of live stock therein, bought or held for sale, and to make schedules of such rates, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination, and to provide for penalties and their recovery for violation of this act	Corporations.....
51	Jan. 13	Parkhurst	Act to amend section 17 of act to revise the law in relation to promissory notes, bonds, due bills and other instruments in writing.....	Judiciary.....
72	Jan. 13	Parsons.....	Act concerning elections, providing penalties for the violation of the same, and repealing all laws in conflict therewith.....	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
53	Jan. 13	Parsons.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties..	Passed House March 17. Reported to Senate March 18.....
54	Jan. 13	Parsons.....	Act concerning elections and nominating conventions, to maintain political purity and prescribe the punishment for any violation thereof.....	Elections.....
55	Jan. 13	Partridge.....	Act to revise the law relating to the commitment and detention of lunatics	Tabled April 22.....
56	Jan. 13	Ramsay of St. Clair.....	Act to repeal act to amend section 46 of division 1 of act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.	On second reading.....
57	Jan. 13	Ramsay of St. Clair.....	Act to amend section 41 of the Revised Statutes of 1874, in regard to practice in courts of record.....	Reported to Senate.....
58	Jan. 13	Ramsay of Clinton.....	Act to amend section 3 of an act in regard to the descent of property..	Enacting clause stricken out March 31
59	Jan. 13	Ramsay of Clinton.....	Act to regulate the charges of stock yards and commissions on sale therein, and enforce the same.....	Live Stock and Dairying.
60	Jan. 13	Ramsay of Clinton.....	Act to secure to all children the benefit of an elementary education	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
61	Jan. 13	Reed of Boone	Act in relation to cemeteries.....	Corporations.....
62	Jan. 13	Stoker.....	Act to amend section 86 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes....	On second reading
63	Jan. 13	Taubeneck.....	Act to amend sections 3, 4, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 66, 76, 91, 125 and 163 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.....	Revenue.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
64	Jan. 13	Tice	Act to amend an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.....	Revenue.....
65	Jan. 13	Weedon.....	Act to amend sections 4, 6 and 8, of an act in relation to the rate of interest.	Tabled April 16.....
66	Jan. 13	White of Tazewell	Act to amend section 45 of an act to provide for and regulate the fees of jurors on inquests.....	Reported to Governor June 5
67	Jan. 13	Whitehead.....	Act to establish the Western Hospital for the Insane, and to regulate the commitment of insane persons there to	Tabled May 19.....
68	Jan. 13	Whitehead.....	Act to amend an act to revise the law in relation to dower.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10
69	Jan. 13	Whitehead.....	Act to provide for printing and distributing ballots at the public expense, and to regulate voting at state and city elections.....	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
70	Jan. 13	Wilke	Act to amend section 3 of an act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies	On third reading
71	Jan. 13	Wilson	Act to amend Division III, of an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence by adding three sections thereto.....	Tabled April 28
72	Jan. 13	Van Praag	Act to amend section 6 of an act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors	Enacting clause stricken out
73	Jan. 13	White of Whiteside.....	Act to amend an act to require owners of threshing and other machines to guard against accidents	Passed Senate June 12..
74	Jan. 14	Anderson.....	Act to provide for the management of the penitentiaries of the state.....	Tabled May 1.....
75	Jan. 14	Barton	Act to compel the payment of all wages in money	Tabled May 13
76	Jan. 14	Boyer	Act to amend section 7 of an act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties composing the various judicial circuits in the state, exclusive of the county of Cook.....	Ordered to lie on table April 1
77	Jan. 14	Boyer	Act to amend section 6 of an act in relation to courts of record in cities....	Judiciary.....
78	Jan. 14	Brown	Act to require the United States flag in all schools in the state, providing that patriotic music be sung, and instructions in patriotism and loyalty to the country be taught therein	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill	Disposition.
79	Jan. 14	Craig	Act to amend sections 1, 15, 29, 53, 54, 65 and 132 of an act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	On second reading.....
80	Jan. 14	Dawkins	Act to provide for the weekly payment of wages by corporations.....	Tabled May 1.....
81	Jan. 14	Dixon of Lee ..	Act to amend section 52 of an act in regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices...	Elections.....
82	Jan. 14	Dixon of Lee ..	Act to amend an act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freight on railroads in this state, to punish the same and prescribe a mode of procedure and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal an act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in the state for the transportation of freights, by adding to said act three sections....	Tabled May 19.....
83	Jan. 14	Duncan	Act to amend sections 51 and 62 and to repeal section 67 of an act to provide for the organization of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named..	On second reading.....
84	Jan. 14	Ferns	Act to amend section 8 of an act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property; also amending said act by adding an additional section thereto.....	Ordered to lie on the table March 20.....
85	Jan. 14	Ferns	Act to further define the duties of masters in chancery and to secure the prompt discharge of such duties.	Reported to Governor May 21.....
86	Jan. 14	Geher	Act to provide for the inspection of weighing scales at mines.....	Ordered to lie on table April 3, and H. B. 683 offered as substitute..
87	Jan. 14	Geher	Act providing for the gross weight of coal at mines.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2, and H. B. 654 offered as substitute..
88	Jan. 14	Grigsby.....	Act providing for the remission of fees of clerks of county courts, in certain cases, in counties of first and second class	Fees and Salaries.....
89	Jan. 14	Grigsby.....	Act to give cities, incorporated towns, townships and districts in which free schools are now managed under special acts, authority to elect boards of education having the same powers as boards of education now elected under the general free school laws of this state	Tabled May 26.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
90	Jan. 14	Laughlin.....	Act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal a certain act therein named.....	Tabled April 16.....
91	Jan. 14	Laughlin.....	Act to establish reasonable maximum rates of charges for transportation of passengers on railroads in the state.....	Tabled April 20.....
92	Jan. 14	Lyman of Sangamon.....	Act to amend an act to protect contractors and laborers in their claims against railroad companies or corporations, contractors or sub-contractors.....	Tabled June 4.....
93	Jan. 14	McCrone.....	Act to enable cities, towns and villages incorporated under any general or special law of this state to fix the rates and charges for the supply of water by an individual, company or corporation to any such city, town or village and the inhabitants thereof..	Reported to Governor June 5.....
94	Jan. 14	McCrone.....	Act to amend section 18 of an act in regard to judgments and decrees and the manner of enforcing the same by execution, and to provide for the redemption of real estate sold under execution or decree, and to amend sections 20 and 21 of said act	Reported to Senate.....
95	Jan. 14	Moyers.....	Act to increase the jurisdiction of county courts and to regulate the practice therein, and to regulate salaries of judges of county courts....	Ordered to lie on table March 26.....
96	Jan. 14	Norsworthy...	Act concerning elections, providing penalties for the violation of same, and repealing all laws in conflict therewith	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
97	Jan. 14	Norsworthy...	Act in regard to testimony of accomplices.....	Judiciary.....
98	Jan. 14	Norsworthy...	Act to amend section 2 of an act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
99	Jan. 14	O'Loughlin....	Act to compel the payment of all wages in money.....	On second reading
100	Jan. 14	Paddock.....	Act concerning appeals from decrees for an account between partners.....	On second reading.....
101	Jan. 14	Paddock.....	Act concerning confessions of judgment.....	Tabled April 28
102	Jan. 14	Paddock.....	Act concerning rule of evidence in misdemeanors.....	
103	Jan. 14	Parsons.....	Act to amend sections 4 and 6 of an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2..... Tabled April 16.....

N	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
104	Jan. 14	Parsons.....	Act to amend section 1 of an act concerning the education of children....	Education
105	Jan. 14	Parsons.....	Act to amend section 71 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools as amended by act of June 26, 1885	Tabled May 26.....
106	Jan. 14	Ramsay, of St. Clair.	Act to amend section 4 of division 9 of the criminal code of the state in relation to the jurisdiction of the justices of the peace and proceedings before them in small offenses	Judiciary.....
107	Jan. 14	Ramsay, of St. Clair.	Act to amend section 1 of division 9 of the criminal code of the state in relation to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace and proceedings before them in small offenses	Judiciary.....
108	Jan. 14	Rohrer.....	Act to provide for the furnishing of text books to pupils attending the public schools free of charge.....	Education
109	Jan. 14	Scaife	Act to secure just compensation to miners.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2. H. B. 654 offered as substitute
110	Jan. 14	Spellman.....	Act to provide for the semi-monthly payment of employes of coal mines..	Mines and Mining
111	Jan. 14	Spellman.....	Act authorizing the burial of the body of any honorably discharged ex-union soldier, sailor or marine of this state who shall hereafter die without leaving sufficient means to defray funeral expenses.....	On second reading
112	Jan. 14	Stringer.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties.....	Elections.....
113	Jan. 14	Stringer.....	Act to amend section 15 of an act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of the state with reference thereto.....	Tabled April 24.....
114	Jan. 14	Taubeneck	Act to amend sections 1, 3, 7, 24, 27, 36, 37, 39, 44, 51 and 52 of an act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of the state in reference thereto, title as amended March 28, 1874, and June 6, 1887.....	Tabled April 24.
115	Jan. 14	Tice	Act to amend sections 147 and 179 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools	On second reading.....
116	Jan. 14	Tyler.....	Act to amend section 30 of an act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs.	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
117	Jan. 14	Webb	Act to publish with the session laws the yeas and nays vote on enactments.....	Tabled April 24.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
118	Jan. 14	Whitehead	Act to authorize the corporate authorities of towns to issue bonds for the completion and improvement of public parks and boulevards and to provide a tax for the payment of the same.....	Judiciary.....
119	Jan. 14	Wilson.....	Act authorizing cities, incorporated towns and villages to furnish their inhabitants with light for private purposes.....	Tabled May 11.....
120	Jan. 14	Wiwi.....	Act to prohibit the manufacture of and sale of adulterated liquors, having as a basis or foundation in whole or part alcohol, cognie spirits or high wines.....	Sanitary Affairs
121	Jan. 14	Allison	Act to create a state board of commissioners for securing in common schools of the state a series of text books, defining the duties of certain officers therein named, making appropriations therefor, defining certain felonies, providing penalties for violation of provisions of said act, repealing all conflicting laws and declaring an emergency.....	Tabled April 24.....
122	Jan. 14	Corlett.....	Act to promote the manufacture of domestic sugar in the state.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
123	Jan. 15	Boul.....	Act to amend section 6 of chapter 47 of eminent domain law of the state of Illinois.....	On second reading.....
124	Jan. 15	Boyer	Act directing and prescribing proceedings in aid of executions by examination of debtors, prevention of frauds, etc	Tabled April 24
125	Jan. 15	Burns	Act to define and establish the liability of railroad corporations for injuries by and to their fellow servants.....	Railroads.....
126	Jan. 15	Denham	Act to amend the road and bridge law in counties not under township organization	Ordered to lie on table April 2. H. B. 653 offered as substitute.....
127	Jan. 15	Denham	Act to amend road and bridge law in counties under township organization	Roads and Bridges.....
128	Jan. 15	Dixon of Warren ...	Act to amend section 40 of an act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this state with reference thereto, as amended by act approved March 28, 1874.....	Tabled April 16.....
129	Jan. 15	Duncan	Act to amend section 210 of an act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes	On second reading.....
130	Jan. 15	Evans	Act to amend an act to provide for the weighing of coal at mines, and to repeal a certain act therein named.....	Passed Senate June 12..

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
131	Jan. 15	Ferns	Act to amend section 1 of an act to revise the law in relation to the construction of statutes by adding an additional clause	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
132	Jan. 15	Ferns	Act to prevent oppressive garnishment and the transferring of claims for the purpose of depriving debtors of their exemption rights.....	Passed Senate June 12..
133	Jan. 15	Hayes	Act to amend section 3 of an act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of deer, wild fowl and game.....	Tabled April 24.....
134	Jan. 15	Hunter of Winnebago.....	Act to provide for the necessary expenses of the state government, incurred or to be incurred for the public binding until July 1, 1891.....	Reported to Governor April 23.....
135	Jan. 15	Hunter of Knox	Act to tax mortgages or other liens upon real estate and to relieve encumbered property from double taxation.....	On second reading.....
136	Jan. 15	Jansen	Act to amend section 3 of an act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors.....	Tabled April 11.....
137	Jan. 15	McCrone	Act to amend section 1 of an act to promote the science of medicine and surgery in the state.....	Tabled June 2.....
138	Jan. 15	Morris	Act to provide for attorneys fees upon the trial of appeal cases in the circuit, superior and county courts when the judgments of such courts is for a greater sum than the judgment of the justice of the peace....	On second reading.....
139	Jan. 15	Morris	Act to amend an act authorizing cities, incorporated towns and townships to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms.....	Tabled May 1.....
140	Jan. 15	Morris.....	Act to establish the validity of marriages contracted wherein one or both of the parties were slaves at the time, and to establish the legitimacy of their offspring as to the right to inherit property.....	Reported to Governor May 7.....
141	Jan. 15	Moyers	Act to amend section 89 of an act in regard to the administration of estates.....	Reported engrossed June 8.....
142	Jan. 15	Myers of Henderson.....	Act to amend sections 4, 6 and 8 of an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named	Tabled April 16.....
143	Jan. 15	Nohe.....	Act to amend an act to revise the law in relation to liens.....	Tabled April 29
144	Jan. 15	Paddock.....	Act to authorize proceedings supplementary to an execution.....	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
145	Jan. 15	Parsons.....	Act to repeal an act to authorize the judges of the circuit courts to appoint short-hand reporters for the taking and preservation of evidence and to provide for their compensation	Tabled May 1.
146	Jan. 15	Parsons.....	Act to amend sections 1, 2 and 6 of an act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds.....	Tabled April 16.
147	Jan. 15	Picker.....	Act to prevent unnecessary overflow of land adjacent to creeks and streams from the accumulation of driftwood and to provide for the removal of the same	Tabled April 28
148	Jan. 15	Scaife	Act concerning the payment of employes in certain cases and providing for the enforcement of the same	Tabled May 1.
149	Jan. 15	Webb	Act to amend an act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs.....	Live Stock and Dairying
150	Jan. 15	Weedon.....	Act to amend section 47 of an act concerning fees of witnesses as amended by an act approved June 16, 1887..	On second reading.....
151	Jan. 15	Wiwi	Act to amend section 2 of an act to indemnify the owners of sheep for damage committed by dogs	On second reading.....
152	Jan. 15	Wiwi	Act providing for the election of a state inspector of food	Tabled May 19.....
153	Jan. 15	Gill.....	Act to amend section 2 of an act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines and to repeal a certain act therein named	Ordered to lie on table. H. B. 654 offered as substitute
154	Jan. 15	McCrone.....	Act to amend section 87 of an act to provide for the election and qualifications of justices of the peace, and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and to fix the duties of constables and to repeal certain acts therein contained..	Tabled May 1.
155	Jan. 16	Bowlin.....	Act to amend an act to revise and consolidate the several acts relative to the protection of game and for the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds..	Tabled April 24.
156	Jan. 16	Bowlin.....	Act to amend an act to revise the law in criminal jurisprudence by adding an additional section thereto.....	On second reading
157	Jan. 16	Denham	Act to amend section 7 of an act concerning bastardy	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
158	Jan. 16	Faires.....	Act to repeal section 22 of an act for the protection of wild game.....	Tabled April 24.

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
159	Jan. 16	Johnston	Act to prevent extortion by persons, associations or corporations owning, controlling or operating sleeping cars	Corporations.....
160	Jan. 16	Laughlin.....	Act for amendment of power 46 of section 1 of article 5 of chapter 21 of the Revised Statutes.....	Tabled May 11.....
161	Jan. 16	Mitchell.....	Act to amend sections 1, 2 and 6 of an act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game	Tabled April 16.....
162	Jan. 16	Moore.....	Act to confer the privilege of suffrage and to hold office in the cities, towns and villages of the state upon women.	Failed to pass June 2....
163	Jan. 16	Morris.....	Act to amend an act to protect all citizens in their civil and legal rights, and fixing a penalty for violation of same.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
164	Jan. 16	Nersworthy....	Act to revise the law in relation to rate of interest, to fix the maximum rate at 6 per cent., and repeal certain acts	Tabled April 16.....
165	Jan. 16	Nersworthy....	Act amending section 1 of an act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the state, and providing physicians shall be allowed to conduct drug stores.....	Tabled June 2.....
166	Jan. 16	Nersworthy....	Act amending sections 1 and 2 of act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, and prescribe their powers, and providing for election of same.....	Elections.....
167	Jan. 16	Scaife	Act to provide for the examination of mine managers, and regulate their employment	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
168	Jan. 16	Springer.....	Act requiring the inspection of and semi-annual reports from each and every private bank in the state.....	Tabled May 29.....
169	Jan. 16	Watson	Act to amend section 185 of an act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes, as amended by an act approved May 3, 1873.....	On second reading.....
170	Jan. 16	Craig.	Act to amend section 14 of an act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale upon execution and from distress for rent...	Tabled April 24.....
171	Jan. 16	Vinton	Act to provide for the exemption from taxation of public highways.....	Tabled April 16.....
172	Jan. 16	Vinton ...	Act ceding to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over certain structures and lands in Rock Island county	Federal Relations

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
173	Jan. 16	Dearborn	Act to authorize cities and villages to acquire, construct and maintain electric and gas plants for the production of electricity and gas, and to produce the same for fuel, heating, lighting and power purposes, and to amend an act for the incorporation of cities and villages	On second reading.....
174	Jan. 16	Brown	Act to amend sections 4, 6 and 8 of chapter 74 of an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named.	Tabled April 16.....
175	Jan. 16	Geher	Act to provide for the disposition of money derived from liquor license ..	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....
176	Jan. 20	Boul.....	Act to amend rule 5 of an act in regard to the descent of property.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
177	Jan. 20	Brooks	Act to make it unlawful for any person to wear a G. A. R. badge or emblem, or to use the same to obtain aid or assistance thereby from any elector of the state, and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof	Passed Senate June 12..
178	Jan. 20	Carson.....	Act giving legislative assent to the purpose of the grants made in the act of congress approved August 30, 1890, an act to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public lands to the more perfect endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and mechanic arts, and appropriating to the University of Illinois the money granted in said act	Reported to Governor March 18.....
179	Jan. 20	Craig.....	Act to provide for the dissolution of drainage districts.....	Reported to Senate June 8.....
180	Jan. 20	Denham.....	Act to amend section 72 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools	On first reading
181	Jan. 20	Donaldson	Act to remove drifts and obstructions from water courses.....	Tabled April 28
182	Jan. 20	Donaldson	Act to exempt soldiers from labor on public highways and poll tax.....	Read second time and enacting clause stricken out March 31
183	Jan. 20	Donaldson	Act concerning dram shops	Tabled April 28
184	Jan. 20	Ferns	Act to amend section 1 of an act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, as amended by act approved June 1, 1889	Tabled April 16.....
185	Jan. 20	Hamilton	Act to amend section 57 and section 64 of an act in regard to the roads and bridges in counties under township organization and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named	Passed Senate June 12..

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
186	Jan. 20	Hayes.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to provide for the protection of game and for the appointment of game wardens and defining their powers and duties.....	Tabled April 24.....
187	Jan. 20	McKitrick	Act to amend sections 3, 4, 6 and 14 of an act to revise the law in relation to fences, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by act section 3, chapter 54, an act to revise the law in relation to fences, in force July 1, 1874, and July 1, 1889..	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
188	Jan. 20	Miller	Act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and villages to purchase or construct gas or electric light plants.	Tabled May 11.....
189	Jan. 20	Neal.....	Act to amend an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools ...	Tabled May 26.....
190	Jan. 20	Nohe	Act in regard to elevated railways....	Tabled April 17.....
191	Jan. 20	Norsworthy ...	Act to define usury, to provide penalties for violation of same, and to repeal all acts or parts of acts conflicting therewith	Tabled April 28
192	Jan. 20	O'Loughlin ...	Act to fix the compensation of trustees of schools and to provide for the payment of same	On second reading.....
193	Jan. 20	Paddock	Act concerning religious corporations	Read third time and killed May 6
194	Jan. 20	Picker	Act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies	Insurance
195	Jan. 20	Picker	Act in regard to the construction of bridges in road districts in counties under and not under township organization, and to repeal sections 3 and 4 of an act to protect persons and property from damage from steam engines on public highways ..	Ordered to lie on table April 10
196	Jan. 20	Pollock.....	Act to prevent any member of the General Assembly accepting fees from corporations or their agents, and providing a penalty for same.....	Tabled April 2.....
197	Jan. 20	Tyler.....	Act to amend sections 4, 6 and 8 of an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Tabled April 16.....
198	Jan. 20	Vinton	Act to establish the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane, and to regulate the commitment of insane persons thereto.....	Tabled May 19.....
199	Jan. 20	Weedon.....	Act to amend section 13 of an act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on exemption and from distress for rent	Tabled April 28

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
200	Jan. 20	Wilson.	Act to amend act to incorporate and govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in the state by adding an additional section thereto.....	On second reading.....
201	Jan. 21	Allison	Act to amend section 4 of an act to revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics	Tabled April 24.....
202	Jan. 21	Boul.....	Act to amend section 49 of an act to revise the law in relation to counties, in force March 31, 1874, Revised Statutes, chap. 34	Reported to Senate June 8.....
203	Jan. 21	Edmunds.....	Act to amend section 23 of chapter 25 of the Revised Statutes	Tabled April 17.....
204	Jan. 21	Geher.....	Act to amend section 46 of chapter 38, criminal code, and to repeal certain parts therein contained.....	Judiciary
205	Jan. 21	Hambaugh	Act to repeal an act in relation to the poor in Brown county.....	Reported to Governor June 5
206	Jan. 21	Merritt.....	Act amending sections 136, 137, 156, 157, 158, 160, 163, 169, 172, 173, 177, 178, 181, 182, 183, 185, 188, 189 and 191 of the revenue law.....	Tabled April 16.....
207	Jan. 21	Perrottet.....	Act to amend an act by repealing sections 11 and 12 of an act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10
208	Jan. 21	Preston	Act to amend sections 3, 4, 6 and 8 of an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Tabled May 5.....
209	Jan. 21	Straight.....	Act to amend section 3 of article 4 of an act to revise the law in relation to township organization.....	Tabled April 28
210	Jan. 21	Van Praag	Act in regard to ordinances granting privileges to corporations	Municipal Corporations.
211	Jan. 21	Van Praag	Act defining beer and regulating the manufacture and sale thereof.....	On first reading
212	Jan. 21	Watson	Act to amend section 61 of an act to revise the law in relation to township organization	Tabled April 28
213	Jan. 21	Wiwi.....	Act to amend section 1 of an act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution and from distress for rent.	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
214	Jan. 22	Allen.....	Act authorizing boards of county commissioners or other proper officers of this state, adjoining other states, to join with boards of commissioners or other proper authorities of such other states in the construction and repair of ditches, drains and water courses, along, across or near to the state line between the state of Illinois and any adjoining state, and to keep the same in repair after construction, and in aid of and supplemental to the laws now in force in this state on that subject.....	On second reading
215	Jan. 22	Dixon of Lee..	Act to amend section 5 of article II of an act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages.....	On second reading.....
216	Jan. 22	Faires.....	Act to amend section 86 of an act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes as amended by an act approved June 2, 1881.....	Revenue.....
217	Jan. 22	Graham.....	Act to prohibit railroad corporations doing business in this state from issuing free passes to judges of courts of record in this state, state officers, members of the general assembly or other person elected by the people to any position in the state.....	Tabled May 19.....
218	Jan. 22	Kirby	Act to amend section 17 of division 13 of chapter 38 of the revised statutes, an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.....	Tabled April 28
219	Jan. 22	Kirby.....	Act to amend sections 17 and 19 of division 3, of chapter 38 of the revised statutes, an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence...	On second reading ..
220	Jan. 22	Lyman of Sangamon.	Act to amend section 1 of an act to correct irregularities in assessment of property for taxation and in the equalization of assessments for such purposes.....	Revenue.....
221	Jan. 22	Lyman of Sangamon.	Act to amend sections 74, 92, 97 and 99 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.....	Revenue.....
222	Jan. 22	McInerney.....	Act to regulate the rental and to fix the charges allowed for the use of telephones, and fixing a penalty for its violation.....	On second reading.....
223	Jan. 22	Reed of Boone.	Act to prevent deception in the sale of dairy products and to preserve the public health.....	Agriculture
224	Jan. 22	Scaife	Act to amend section 3 of an act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines.....	Ordered to lie on table April 3.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
225	Jan. 22	Scaife	Act to amend section 4 of an act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
226	Jan. 22	Springer.....	Act requiring the use of air brakes and automatic couplers on all freight cars from and after Jan. 1, 1893.....	Railroads
227	Jan. 22	Talbot.....	Act to insure the better protection of life and property, from steam boiler explosions.....	On second reading
228	Jan. 22	White of Whiteside....	Act to amend section 14 of an act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of this state with reference thereto.....	On second reading.....
229	Jan. 23	Armstrong.....	Act to provide for the election of jailor in each county of this state, prescribe his duties and fix his compensation.	Tabled April 24.....
230	Jan. 23	Callahan.....	Act to amend section 22 of chapter 53 of the Revised Statutes.....	Tabled May 11.....
231	Jan. 23	Fishback.....	Act to repeal section 11 of art. 7 and to amend section 5 of art. 3, and sections 3 and 5 of art. 7 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	On second reading.....
232	Jan. 23	Hunter of Knox.....	Act to amend section 1 of an act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of county poor houses in counties where the separate support of paupers has been granted..	Tabled May 28.....
233	Jan. 23	Miller	Act to amend section 2 of an act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property.	Judiciary.....
234	Jan. 23	Paddock.....	Act to fix the powers of courts in the matter of the appointment and compensation of attorneys in criminal cases	On second reading.....
235	Jan. 23	Parsons.....	Act in relation to concealed deadly weapons.....	On second reading.....
236	Jan. 23	Tyler.....	Act to amend section 2 of an act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs	Passed Senate June 12..
237	Jan. 23	White of Stark	Act to create a state board of school supplies, prescribe its duties, establish a uniformity of text books for common schools, and make an appropriation to pay members of said board, and to provide for carrying out the provisions of this act.....	Education
238	Jan. 23	Whitehead.....	Act to prevent strikes and lockouts, to adjust grievances, etc., between employers and employes and to create a state board of arbitration	On first reading

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
239	Jan. 26	Paddock	Act to amend section 2 of an act concerning corporations.....	Corporations.....
240	Jan. 2	Anderson	Act to provide for the care and custody of the Lincoln Monument, located near Springfield.....	Tabled May 1.....
241	Jan. 2	Anderson.....	Act to prohibit the charging of an admission fee by any monument association.....	Tabled May 1.....
242	Jan. 27	Boul.....	Act to amend sections 16 and 17 of chapter 78 of an act concerning jurors.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
243	Jan. 27	Brooks.....	Act to consolidate the grand divisions of the Supreme Court into one and fix the place and times of holding court.....	Tabled May 26.....
244	Jan. 27	Burke	Act to amend section 210 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and assessment of taxes....	Tabled May 1.....
245	Jan. 27	Burke	Act in relation to the rate of fare to be charged by horse, cable and dummy railroads for fifteen and thirty ride tickets in cities of 50,000 inhabitants and over.....	Tabled May 1.....
246	Jan. 27	Callahan.....	Act to amend section 12 of an act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the state.....	On first reading
247	Jan. 27	Dixson of Warren.....	Act to amend sections 4, 10 and 21 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes, and to repeal all laws or parts of laws in conflict therewith.....	Revenue.....
248	Jan. 27	Enslow.....	Act to regulate the charges and management of stock yards and enforce the same.....	Live Stock and Dairying
249	Jan. 27	Erickson.....	Act to require inspectors of mines to furnish information to the State Geologist, and to provide for paying expenses of same.....	On second reading.....
250	Jan. 27	Geher	Act to amend section 17 of chapter 125, Sheriffs.....	Judiciary.....
251	Jan. 27	Hamilton.....	Act to amend section 202 of an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.....	On second reading.....
252	Jan. 27	Hamilton	Act to amend section 1 of Art. 11 of an act to revise the law in relation to township organization.....	On second reading.....
253	Jan. 27	Lyman of Sangamon.....	Act amending the school law.....	Tabled May 26.....
254	Jan. 27	McKittrick.....	Act to amend section 1 of an act concerning the education of children..	Education.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
255	Jan. 27	Nohe.....	Act to amend section 2 of an act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful acts, neglect or defaults	Judiciary.....
256	Jan. 27	Parsons.....	Act to provide for the assessment and taxation of mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts or other obligations by which debts are secured.....	Revenue,
257	Jan. 27	Parsons.....	Act to appropriate \$263 to reimburse Alfred Smith for hauling done for the 120th Regt. Ill. Vol. in 1862.....	Tabled.....
258	Jan. 27	Taubeneck	Act to amend section 15 of an act to fix the pay of the members of the General Assembly, also section 23 of an act to provide for the election and appointment of the officers and employes of the General Assembly of the state and fix their compensation.....	Tabled April 24.
259	Jan. 27	Tyler	Act to amend section 1 of an act to protect persons and property from danger from steam engines on public highways.....	Read third time and lost.
260	Jan. 27	Watson	Act to repeal an act to create and establish a state board of health.....	Tabled June 2.....
261	Jan. 27	Webb	Act to amend the revenue law.....	Revenue
262	Jan. 27	Wiwi	Act to amend an act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors outside of incorporated limits of cities, towns and villages.....	On second reading.....
263	Jan. 27	Wiwi.....	Act pertaining to the support of paupers in counties under township organization	Tabled April 28
264	Jan. 29	O'Donnell.....	Act to provide for printing and distributing ballots at public expense, and to regulate voting at elections..	H. B. 591 offered as substitute
265	Jan. 30	Townsend	Act to appropriate \$5,000 for treatment of indigent patients at Pasteur hospital in Chicago.....	Failed to pass June 8....
266	Jan. 30	Allen.....	Act to provide for creation of a state board of school books and supplies, and to provide for free text books..	Education.....
267	Jan. 30	Dearborn.....	Act to amend section 1 of Art. VIII of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages as amended by act to amend section 1 of Art. VIII of an act to provide for incorporation of cities and villages approved May 28, 1874.....	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....
268	Jan. 30	White of Stark	Act punishing fraudulent practices in packing pork.....	Live Stock and Dairying

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
269	Jan. 31	Lyman of Sangamon....	Act in reference to stock yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, freight, grain, hay and other articles furnished, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof, and to provide for transportation	Live Stock and Dairying
270	Feb. 2	Green.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights in this state, to punish the same and prescribe mode of procedure, and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal an act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this state for the transportation of freights.....	Railroads.....
271	Feb. 3	Quinn.....	Act to amend section 1 of an act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships to establish free public libraries and reading rooms, as amended by act approved May 25, 1889.....	Tabled April 17.....
272	Feb. 3	Quinn.....	Act to authorize the Chicago public library to erect and maintain a public library on Dearborn Park in Chicago, and to authorize the Soldiers' Home in Chicago to sell and dispose of its interest in the north one-quarter of same.....	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....
273	Feb. 3	Faires.....	Act to amend the revenue law and to compel owners or holders of notes and mortgages to list the same	Revenue
274	Feb. 3	Ferns	Act to amend section 127, chapter 38, division 1, of the criminal code.....	Judiciary.....
275	Feb. 3	Hopkins	Act to amend section 2, article 7, of an act to revise the law in relation to township organization.....	Tabled May 11.....
276	Feb. 3	Ramsay of St. Clair	Act to amend section 6 of an act in relation to courts of record in cities, and to amend said act by adding a section the etc in relation to compensation of judges	On second reading.....
277	Feb. 3	Ramsay of St. Clair	Act to amend act in relation to courts of record in cities	On second reading.....
278	Feb. 3	Brooks.....	Act to correct certain abuses and prevent unjust discrimination of and by life insurance companies doing business in the state, in the rates, amount, or payment of premiums in the return of premium dividends or other benefits derived, between insurants of the same class, and equal expectation of life	Insurance
279	Feb. 5	Adams.....	Act to provide for sleeping berths in all stock train cabooses.....	Tabled April 29

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
230	Feb. 5	Adams	Act to amend act in relation to married women and to amend the title.....	On third reading.....
231	Feb. 5	Boul	Act to provide for the dissolution of drainage districts	On second reading.....
232	Feb. 5	Bowlin	Act to repeal the law in regard to roads and bridges as it now exists in counties not under township organization.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
233	Feb. 5	Boyer.....	Act to amend section 87 of act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with township insurance companies.....	On second reading.....
234	Feb. 5	Brooks.....	Act in relation to the funds of municipalities	On second reading
235	Feb. 5	Bryan.....	Act to establish a state board of labor and capital	Tabled April 24.....
236	Feb. 5	Callahan	Act to amend chapter 43 of the Revised Statutes entitled "Dram Shops," and to provide for the local option by counties	On second reading.....
237	Feb. 5	Dawdy	Act pertaining to the enforcement of the provisions of section 83 of chapter 46 of the revised statutes of the state and the amendment thereto	Tabled April 24.....
238	Feb. 5	Dawdy	Act to amend section 4 of an act to insure the better education of dentists, and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the state	On second reading.....
239	Feb. 5	Denham	Act in relation to duty of assessors, the rate of taxes, and assessing and taxation of mortgages.....	Revenue.....
240	Feb. 5	Duncan	Act to amend section 32 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Education.....
241	Feb. 5	Duncan	Act to pay Dr. James Hayton for services as commissioner for the enrollment of militia by order of Gov. Yates.	Claims.....
242	Feb. 5	Eddy.....	Act to amend section 30 of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named	On third reading.....
243	Feb. 5	Ellsworth	Act to amend act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors.....	Tabled May 12.....
244	Feb. 5	Gill.....	Act to amend section 6 of an act to revise the law in relation to tender....	Reported to Governor June 5
245	Feb. 5	Grigsby.....	Act to prevent animals from running at large within corporate limits of incorporated cities, villages and towns.	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
296	Feb. 5	Hamilton	Act to amend section 15, chapter 122, of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	On first reading
297	Feb. 5	Hamilton	Act to amend section 1, 2 and 3 of an act to provide for the drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes ..	Tabled May 1.....
298	Feb. 5	Hawley	Act to define the jurisdiction of cities and incorporated towns and villages lying in different counties	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....
299	Feb. 5	Jacobs	Act to amend section 155 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes	Tabled April 16.....
300	Feb. 5	Keller.....	Act to amend section 6 of act to amend sections 1 to 6 inclusive and section 15 of act to encourage the propagation and cultivation and secure the protection of fishes in the waters of this state, and to provide for the enforcement of this act	Tabled April 16.....
301	Feb. 5	McInerney	Act to amend section 8 of act concerning bastardy	Tabled April 24.....
302	Feb. 5	Mitchell.....	Act to amend section 31 of an act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act or parts of acts therein named	Tabled April 17.....
303	Feb. 5	Mitchell.....	Act to amend section 1 of an act to authorize the construction and maintenance of gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads	Tabled April 17.....
304	Feb. 5	Moore.....	Act to amend section 67 of an act to provide for the organization of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named	Tabled April 17.....
305	Feb. 5	Morris	Act to create a school teachers' pension fund, and to designate the beneficiaries thereof	On second reading.....
306	Feb. 5	Morris	Act to provide for the inspection of steam boilers and the licensing of steam engineers.....	Tabled May 1.....
307	Feb. 5	Moyers	Act to amend section 106 of an act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes	Revenue.....
308	Feb. 5	Myers of Henderson	Act to amend section 1 of an act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds, be hereby amended so as to read as follows	Tabled April 16.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
309	Feb. 5	Nohe	Act to prevent distilleries from dumping any mash, slop, or other material that has been subject to the process of distillation, into any stream, creek or lake.....	Tabled May 1.....
310	Feb. 5	Nohe	Act to limit the use of dangerous currents of electricity	On second reading
311	Feb. 5	Norsworthy ...	Act to make an appropriation for the relief of Robert W. Johnson.....	Claims.....
312	Feb. 5	Norsworthy ...	Act for the relief of Lewis H. Cook, of White county, Ill	Claims.....
313	Feb. 5	Perrottet	Act to amend section 13 of act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and to fix the duties of constables, and to repeal acts therein named.....	Tabled May 12.....
314	Feb. 5	Perrottet	Act to amend act by repealing sections 3 and 4 of act to protect persons and property from danger from steam engines on public highways.....	Enacting clause stricken out April 15.....
315	Feb. 5	Pollock	Act to amend section 169, article 10, chapter 24, of the revised statutes of 1889, granting cities, towns and villages power to erect, maintain and establish water works, gas works, electric plants, telegraph and telephone lines, and street railways	Tabled May 11.....
316	Feb. 5	Ramsay of St. Clair.	Act to amend sec. 19, art. 9, chap. 24, of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887	Municipal Corporations.
317	Feb. 5	Ramsay of St. Clair.	Act requiring the use of air brakes or steam brakes on all locomotive engines.....	Tabled April 29
318	Feb. 5	Reid of Gallatin.....	Act to amend sec. 7 of act to revise the law in relation to weights and measures	Tabled May 12.....
319	Feb. 5	Springer.....	Act to amend an act in relation to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization.....	Tabled April 24.....
320	Feb. 5	Stoker.....	Act to revise secs. 8 and 11 of act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations.....	Passed Senate June 12..
321	Feb. 5	Talbot.....	Act to repeal an act to secure the collection and publication of agricultural statistics.....	Tabled April 16

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
322	Feb. 5	Terpening	Act to provide for the assessment of real estate mortgages, trust deeds and conveyances in the nature of real estate mortgages, and for the collection of taxes thereon	Revenue.....
323	Feb. 5	Van Praag	Act to require railroad corporations, organized and operating in this state to equip all freight cars or freight trains with air brakes, and to provide penalties against such railroads and their employes for operating such cars or trains unless equipped or controlled by air brakes	Tabled May 19.....
324	Feb. 5	Vinton	Act to amend secs. 1 and 2 of act in regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices...	On first reading
325	Feb. 5	Watson	Act to amend sec. 1 of act to prohibit book making and pool selling.	Tabled May 1.....
326	Feb. 5	Watson	Act to amend sec. 1 of act to provide for the election of commissioners of highways in counties under township organization, and to legalize the election and official acts of such as were elected in 1874 and 1875, and to fix the compensation of the treasurer of such commissioners.....	On second reading
327	Feb. 5	Weedon.....	Act to amend sec. 31, chap. 80, of act to revise the law in relation to landlords and tenants.....	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....
328	Feb. 5	White of Tazewell	Act to amend sec. 26 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	On second reading
329	Feb. 5	White of Tazewell	Act to protect life and property where railroads cross public highways....	Enacting clause stricken out April 15.....
330	Feb. 5	Whitehead	Act to amend secs. 53d, 53e, 53f, of sec. 50 in chapter 38, of the criminal code.	Judiciary.....
331	Feb. 5	Whitehead	Act to prevent the mutilation of horses	Live Stock and Dairying
332	Feb. 5	Whitehead	Act to prevent pigeon shooting and similar sports.....	On second reading...
333	Feb. 5	Wilk of Cook..	Act to protect persons interested in policies of life insurance.....	On second reading.....
334	Feb. 5	Wilson	Act to amend sec. 31 of act to revise the law in relation to landlords and tenants	Ordered to lie on table April 14.....
	Feb. 5	Wiwi.....	Act to amend act for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors.....	Tabled April 28

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
336	Feb. 6	Allen.....	Act to authorize corporations organized or to be organized for manufacturing purposes, to own and hold shares in the capital stock of railroad companies now or hereafter organized.....	Passed Senate June 12..
337	Feb. 6	Boul.....	Act to provide for and regulate the use of public highways, streets, alleys, public grounds or places for railroad purposes.....	Municipal Corporations.
338	Feb. 6	Brown.....	Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.....	On third reading.....
339	Feb. 6	Brown.....	Act to amend sec. 77, chap. 42, of act to provide for agriculture and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Tabled April 17.....
340	Feb. 6	Brown.....	Act to amend act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence...	Tabled April 28
341	Feb. 6	Hamilton.....	Act to amend section 2, chapter 120 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.....	Tabled April 16.....
342	Feb. 6	Hopkin	Act to amend section 4 of an act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes	On second reading
343	Feb. 6	Hutchings.....	Act to amend act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations, by adding thereto certain sections to be numbered sections 15, 16, 17 and 18.....	Tabled April 17.....
344	Feb. 6	O'Connell.....	Act to amend section 59 of act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence	On third reading
345	Feb. 6	O'Connell.....	Act to amend act to amend sections 29 and 30 as amended June 18, 1883, sections 31 and 32, as amended June 18, 1883, sections 33, 37, 38, 57 and 62 of an act in regard to elections and provide for filling vacancies in elective offices	Elections
346	Feb. 6	Stoker.....	Act to revise section 13 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools and amended by act approved June 26, 1885	Education.....
347	Feb. 6	Watson	Act to require railroad companies to stop all trains at any station on their roads, to take on or let off any officer in the discharge of his official duties, and members of the legislature going to or from sessions of the General Assembly.....	Tabled May 19.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
348	Feb. 6	Webb	Act to exempt lands used for public highways from taxation	Tabled April 16.
349	Feb. 6	Bryan	Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois National Guard and for the repair improvement and purchase of ground for rifle ranges, for the Illinois National Guard	Tabled April 24.
350	Feb. 7	Dixson of Warren	Act concerning elections, providing penalties for violation, repealing all laws in conflict, to amend secs. 71 and 78 of act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices, approved April 3, 1872; to repeal secs. 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 13 and 18 of art. 1, and to amend secs. 1, 3, 8, 19, 20 and 21 of art. 1, of act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in the state	Elections.
351	Feb. 7	Allison	Act regulating the charges of telegraph companies and fixing a penalty for its violation	On second reading.
352	Feb. 9	O'Loughlin	Act to amend sec. 2 of art. 6 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools	Tabled May 21.
353	Feb. 9	Tyler	Act to indemnify employes of railroad companies and other corporations in cases of damage resulting from the negligence or incompetency of employes	Railroads.
354	Feb. 9	Graham	Act concerning Canada thistles and to repeal an act concerning Canada thistles together with the amendment	Tabled April 28.
355	Feb. 9	Enslow	Act to amend sec. 1 of act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with township insurance companies	Passed Senate June 12..
356	Feb. 9	Denham	Act to amend clause 80 of section 1, article 5 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages....	Municipal Corporations.
357	Feb. 9	Dixon of Lee..	Act to amend section 53 of art 9 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages	On second reading.
358	Feb. 9	Garrett	Act concerning saloon license	Tabled May 12.
359	Feb. 9	Dixson of Warren	Act to provide a uniform system of text books for the public schools, and to provide penalties for the violation of same	Education.
360	Feb. 12	Curtiss	Act to amend act in regard to roads and bridges under township organization	Tabled May 8.

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
518	Mar. 17	Terpening	Act to amend sec. 23 of art. 3 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Tabled May 19.....
519	Mar. 17	Townsend	Act to provide for an act to provide for the security and payment of rebate vouchers or certificates issued by incorporated companies, trusts and associations.....	Municipal Corporations.
520	Mar. 17	Whitehead.....	Act to amend sec. 1 of act to revise the law in relation to idiots, lunatics, drunkards and spendthrifts	Tabled May 1.....
521	Mar. 17	Whitehead.....	Act to amend sec. 3 of act to provide for the appointment of a public guardian in each county in this state.....	Tabled May 1.....
522	Mar. 17	Whitehead.....	Act to amend sec. 6 of act to regulate the practice in courts of chancery....	Tabled May 1.....
523	Mar. 17	Fairies	Act to abolish the office of moderator in counties under township organization	Tabled May 5.....
524	Mar. 18	Curtiss.....	Act to amend sec. 1 of act to fix the pay of members of the general assembly after its first session under the present constitution.....	Tabled April 24.....
525	Mar. 18	Dixson of Warren	Act prohibiting combinations to prevent competition among persons engaged in buying or selling live stock, and to provide penalties therefor....	Tabled May 1.....
526	Mar. 18	Evans	Act to amend sec. 40 of act to revise the law in relation to partition of real estate.....	Tabled May 12.....
527	Mar. 18	McCrone.....	Act to regulate the charges of stock yard companies doing business in the state of Illinois.....	Corporations
528	Mar. 18	McInerney	Act authorizing justices of the peace and police magistrates to appoint special constables to serve summons and writs of attachment and writs of garnishment in the absence of a regular constable or upon the refusal of a regular constable to act.....	On second reading.....
529	Mar. 18	McInerney	Act to govern and regulate foreign insurance companies doing business in the state.....	Insurance.....
530	Mar. 18	Neal.....	Act to amend sec. 2 of act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution, and from distress for rent, as amended by act approved June 10, 1887.....	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
531	Mar. 18	Nohe	Act to prevent incorporated railroad companies or the lessees of such companies, or any co-partnership owning or operating any railroad in whole or in part within this state, from receiving pay for services not rendered in the transportation of freight or passengers within this state, and to prohibit any railroad company, or the lessees of any such company, or any co-partnership operating any railroad line in whole or in part in this state, from pooling or dividing their earnings for freight or passenger traffic within this state, and to provide a punishment for such offenses, a mode of procedure, and the rules of evidence in such cases...	Tabled May 19.....
532	Mar. 18	Pollock	Act to amend section 169 of article 10 of chapter 24 of the revised statutes of 1889.....	Tabled May 11.....
533	Mar. 18	Pollock	Act making an appropriation for the removal of the dead buried in the cemetery at Kaskaskia, Illinois	Passed the Senate June 11.....
534	Mar. 18	Pollock	Act for the relief of Jacob Schmidt	Passed the House June 11.....
535	Mar. 18	Whitehead ...	Act in regard to proof of title to real estate in suits at law and in equity ..	Tabled May 1.....
536	Mar. 18	Wilk of Cook..	Act in relation to the rate of fare to be charged by horse, cable and dummy railways for twenty-five ride tickets in cities of 25,000 inhabitants and over	On second reading.....
537	Mar. 18	Wiwi.....	Act to regulate the salaries of circuit judges.....	Tabled April 24.....
538	Mar. 18	Wiwi.....	Act to regulate the salaries of state officers	Tabled May 11. H. B. 810 offered as substitute ..
539	Mar. 19	Boyer.....	Act to amend section 7 of act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties composing the various judicial circuits in the state, exclusive of Cook county	Reported to Senate.....
540	Mar. 19	Donnelly.....	Act in regard to stamping or marking of goods, wares, merchandise or other articles manufactured or produced at or in penal institutions.....	On second reading.....
541	Mar. 19	Donnelly.....	Act requiring milk dealers to give bonds and make reports of business, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof	Reported to Senate June
542	Mar. 19	Duncan	Act to provide for the semi-monthly payment of wages in certain cases, and to prevent deductions therefrom	Tabled May 1.....
543	Mar. 19	Fishback	Act to amend section 15 of act to revise the law in relation to dower.....	Tabled May 1.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
544	Mar. 19	Griggs	Act to amend sections 1 and 3 of act to authorize the issue of bonds to raise funds for the protection of public parks from waste by action of water.	Municipal Corporations.
545	Mar. 19	Hopkins	Act to amend act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named by adding a section thereto, to be known as section 19½	On second reading.....
546	Mar. 19	Kirby	Act to amend act to amend section 10 of an act to revise the law in relation to coroners.....	On third reading.....
547	Mar. 19	May	Act to regulate the rental and fix the charges allowed for the use of telephones, and fixing a penalty for its violation.....	On second reading.....
548	Mar. 19	Norsworthy ...	Act providing for licensing and taxing corporations, companies or individuals operating telegraph lines	On third reading.....
549	Mar. 19	Norsworthy ...	Act to license and provide for taxing of persons companies or corporations doing express business on, over or in connection with any railroad in this state	On second reading.....
550	Mar. 19	Pollock	Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary	On third reading.....
551	Mar. 19	Smith of Livingston	Act to amend section 5 of article 7 and clause 3 of section 10 of article 6 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	On second reading.....
552	Mar. 19	White of Tazewell	Act in relation to the duty of assessors and the assessment and taxation of mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts or other obligations whereby debts are secured	Revenue.....
553	Mar. 19	White of Stark.	Act making an appropriation to defray the expenses of a joint committee to visit and investigate the prisons of this and other states.....	Appropriations
554	Mar. 20	Hunter of Winnebago.....	Act to establish the Illinois State Dairyman's Association.....	On second reading.....
555	Mar. 20	Hunter of Knox	Act to make an appropriation for the payment of the expenses of the committees of the 37th General Assembly	Reported to Governor May 7.....
556	Mar. 20	Norsworthy ...	Act to fix the rate per mile to be charged for passenger traffic on all railroads in Illinois.....	Tabled June 4.....
557	Mar. 20	Partridge	Act to provide for the establishment of an insurance department and the election of an insurance superintendent	Insurance

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
558	Mar. 20	Warder.....	Act to amend act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties of the state, exclusive of Cook county..	On second reading.....
559	Mar. 20	Wilkinson	Act to make more effective the law in regard to roads and bridges.....	Tabled April 24.....
560	Mar. 20	Wilkinson	Act providing for permanent roads and to employ the convicts confined in Joliet and Chester.....	Tabled May 26.....
561	Mar. 20	Ziegler.....	Act to amend act concerning bastardy.	Judiciary.....
562	Mar. 23	Denham	Act to repeal sections 9 and 10 of chapter 102 of the revised statutes, an act to prevent fraudulent practices in accepting official appointments or contracts by public officers.....	Tabled May 1.....
563	Mar. 24	Allison	Act to require railroad companies or persons operating within the state to give notice at stations whether trains carrying passengers are on schedule time or not, and providing a penalty for the violation.....	Tabled May 19.....
564	Mar. 24	Beals.....	Act to prohibit attorneys from becoming security for costs of suit and on bonds for costs and attachment bonds.....	Killed June 8.....
565	Mar. 24	Craig.....	Act to amend section 9 of act to provide for the exercise of right of eminent domain.....	Tabled May 1.....
566	Mar. 24	Dixon of Lee..	Act to amend section 5 of act in regard to judgments and decrees and the manner of enforcing the same, and to provide for the redemption of real estate sold under execution or decree	Tabled May 1.....
567	Mar. 24	Dixon of Lee..	Act to amend section 8 of act to incorporate and govern fire, marine and inland insurance companies doing business in the state.....	On second reading.....
568	Mar. 24	Dixon of Lee..	Act to amend section 62 of act to revise and amend an act and certain sections thereof, an act to provide for the construction, reparation and protection of drains, ditches, and levees across the lands of others for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, as amended by certain acts approved June 30, 1885.....	Ordered to lie on table April 3.....
569	Mar. 24	Ellsworth	Act to amend section 112 of act in regard to roads and bridges, and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	On second reading.....
570	Mar. 24	Ellsworth	Act to amend act providing for the payment of damages done by dogs, by adding an additional section thereto.....	Tabled April 24.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
571	Mar. 24	Evans	Act making an appropriation to enable the commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary to keep employed a portion of the convicts now idle	Appropriations
572	Mar. 24	Frentress.....	Act to amend section 1 of article 15 of act to revise the law in relation to township organization.....	Tabled May 11.....
573	Mar. 24	Frentress.....	Act making the first Monday in September a legal holiday.....	Tab ed May 1.....
574	Mar. 24	Green.....	Act to apportion the direct tax to be paid by the general government to the state among the several counties in the state for the purpose of building a permanent hard road.....	Tabled May 27.....
575	Mar. 24	Hopkins	Act to amend sec. 16, chap. 122 of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named.....	Tabled May 1.
576	Mar. 24	Hopkins	Act to amend sec. 119, chap. 121, of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named.....	Tabled May 1.....
577	Mar. 24	Hutchings	Act to amend sec. 3, art. 1, as amended June 26, 1885, act to provide for the organizing of the state militia.....	Tabled April 24.....
578	Mar. 24	Myers of Henderson	Act to amend act to provide for the organizing of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of act therein named	Reported to Senate.....
579	Mar. 24	Myers of Henderson	Act to amend chap. 120 of the Revised Statutes	Revenue
580	Mar. 24	O'Connell.....	Act to amend secs. 29 and 39 of act to revise the law in relation to state contracts	On second reading.....
581	Mar. 24	Parkhurst	Act for the relief of counties, towns and cities, in respect to moneys in the state treasury applicable to the payment of overdue bonds and coupons annexed thereto	On third reading.....
582	Mar. 24	Pollock	Act to repeal an act concerning the education of children	Education
583	Mar. 24	Slanker	Act to amend paragraphs 499, 500, 501 and 502 of chap. 38, Criminal Code....	Tabled May 1.....
584	Mar. 24	Spellman.....	Act requiring telegraph companies doing business in the state to keep their offices open for transaction of business at all hours, day and night in cities of 10,000 and more inhabitants	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
585	Mar. 24	Springer	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.....	Tabled May 28.....
586	Mar. 24	Springer	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville.....	On third reading.....
587	Mar. 24	Warder.....	Act to amend act to provide for and regulate the administration of trusts by trust companies.....	On third reading.....
588	Mar. 24	Watson	Act to amend section 2 of an act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
589	Mar. 24	Watson	Act to compel railroad corporations to provide the necessary accommodations for the traveling public.....	Railroads.....
590	Mar. 24	Wilke of Will ..	Act relating to practice in the circuit court and providing for vacation sessions thereof.....	Tabled April 24.....
591	Mar. 24	Committee on Elections.....	Act to provide for the printing and distribution of ballots at public expense, and for the nomination of candidates for public offices and to enforce the secrecy of ballots.....	Reported enrolled June 11.....
592	Mar. 25	Reid of Gallatin	Act to amend section 2 of act to regulate public warehouses and the warehousing and inspection of grain, and to give effect to Art. 13 of the constitution.....	Tabled May 19.....
593	Mar. 25	Brooks.....	Act to amend section 15 of act to regulate public warehouses and the warehousing and inspection of grain, and to give effect to Art. 13 of the constitution.....	Tabled May 19.....
594	Mar. 25	Brooks.....	Act to regulate the importation and sale of oysters, clams and shell fish..	Tabled May 12.....
595	Mar. 25	Taubeneck.....	Act concerning thistles.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
596	Mar. 25	Stringer.....	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children, at Lincoln.....	Tabled June 6.....
597	Mar. 25	Nohe	Act to repeal act to create sanitary districts and to remove obstructions in the Desplaines and Illinois rivers....	Tabled April 23
598	Mar. 25	Wilson.....	Act to prevent and punish fraudulent entries at agricultural fairs, meetings of agricultural societies or other associations, and to create a lien on horse or horses entered for the entrance money, and confiscation of the horse or horses fraudulently entered.	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
599	Mar. 25	Hambaugh.....	Act to provide for the participation of the State of Illinois in the World's Columbian Exposition, and appropriating money therefor.....	World's Columbian Exposition
600	Mar. 25	Neal	Act to amend section 8 of act to provide for the organization and management of corporations, associations or societies for the purpose of furnishing life indemnity or pecuniary benefits to the beneficiaries of deceased members or accident or permanent disability indemnity to members thereof	
601	Mar. 25	Cherry.....	Act to amend section 13 of act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the state exclusive of the county of Cook.....	Insurance
602	Mar. 25	Hayes.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 6 of act to amend sections 1, 2 and 6 of act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and also to amend section 3 of act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game	
603	Mar. 25	Rowand.....	Act to enable counties to purchase or condemn any dam or dams on any of the streams of this state for the purpose of removing them to facilitate drainage	Reported to Governor June 9
604	Mar. 26	Ellsworth	Act to amend section 2 of act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damages committed by dogs	
605	Mar. 26	Ellsworth	Act to amend section 26 of article 3 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	On second reading.....
606	Mar. 26	Ellsworth	Act to amend section 102 of article 11 of act to revise the law in relation to township organization.....	
607	Mar. 26	Hambaugh	Act to protect bees from poison through the spraying or otherwise treating of fruit or other trees, shrubs, vines or plants with London purple, Paris green, white arsenic or other virulent poisons, while the aforesaid trees, shrubs, vines or plants are in bloom.....	Live Stock and Dairying
608	Mar. 26	Hayes.....	Act to amend act to provide for an additional remedy for the protection of game, and for the appointment of game wardens, and defining the powers and duties of the same.....	
				Passed Senate June 12..
				On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
609	Mar. 26	Lyman of Sangamon,...	Act to amend section 62 of act to revise and amend act and certain sections thereof, entitled an act to provide for the construction, reparation and protection of ditches, drains and levees across the lands of others for agricultural, sanitary and mining purposes, and to provide for the organization of drainage districts ..	Passed Senate June 12..
610	Mar. 26	Nohe	Act to amend act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors.....	Tabled May 5.....
611	Mar. 26	Parsons.....	Act to regulate the construction of bridges, trestles and open culverts on lines of railroad within the State of Illinois, and to provide penalties for the violations of the provisions of the act	Railroads.....
612	Mar. 26	Ramsay of St. Clair	Act to repeal act to further define conspiracy and to punish the same, and crimes committed in pursuance thereof, and relating to the rule of evidence therein.....	Judiciary.....
613	Mar. 26	Ramsay of Clinton	Act to regulate stock yard charges and commissions on sale therein and to enforce the same	On second reading.....
614	Mar. 26	Spellman	Act requiring the cutting back or trimming of hedge fences and providing a penalty for the violations of the provisions thereof.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
615	Mar. 26	Stoker	Act to amend sec. 4 of an act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state, exclusive of Cook county	Reported to Governor June 11
616	Mar. 26	Anderson.....	Act to provide for the selection of bailiffs for circuit courts and defining their powers and duties	Judiciary
617	Mar. 26	Denham	Act to amend sec. 1 of act in regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices	Elections
618	Mar. 26	Merritt.....	Act making appropriations for repairs and improvements in the Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet.....	Tabled June 4.....
519	Mar. 27	Bryan.....	Act to amend act for the registry of electors, and to prevent fraudulent voting, by adding a section thereto to be numbered section 19, to provide penalties for the failure of citizens to register.....	Elections.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom Introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
620	Mar. 27	Bryan.....	Act in regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices, by adding a section thereto to be numbered section 91½ to require jury service of citizens failing to vote.....	Elections.....
621	Mar. 27	Carson.....	Act making appropriations for the University of Illinois.	Tabled May 29.....
622	Mar. 27	Carson.....	Act to amend act for the regulation of pawabrokers.....	Municipal Corporations.
623	Mar. 27	Carson.....	Act to amend section 2 of act to regulate public warehouses and the warehousing and inspection of grain, and to give effect to Art. 13 of the constitution.....	Tabled May 19.....
624	Mar. 27	Donnelly	Act to prohibit the sale of opium except for medical purposes.....	On first reading
625	Mar. 27	Duncan	Act to amend section 1 of act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs.	Tabled April 24.....
626	Mar. 27	Jones	Act concerning contracts for the conditional sale or lease of railroad equipment and rolling stock and providing for the record thereof.	On third reading.....
627	Mar. 27	Jones	Act to amend act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines	On second reading.....
628	Mar. 27	Lense.....	Act to prevent child labor	Passed Senate June 12..
629	Mar. 27	McInerney ...	Act defining the citizenship of corporations doing business in the State...	On first reading.....
630	Mar. 27	Shirley	Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of vinegar.....	On second reading.....
631	Mar. 27	Townsend	Act to incorporate the Illinois Industrial Home for the Blind, and to make an appropriation therefor	Tabled May 29.....
632	Mar. 27	Tyler.....	Act to entitle women to vote at any elections held for the purpose of choosing any officer under the general or special or school laws of this State.....	On first reading.....
633	Mar. 27	A ison.....	Act prescribing the period in each year during which and the terms under which grading may take place upon the grounds of associations incorporated under the laws of this state, for the purpose of improving the breed of horses	Recommitted to Municipal Corporations April 16.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
634	Mar. 31	Barton	Act to entitle women to vote at any election held for the purpose of choosing any officer under the general or special or school law of this state.....	Tabled April 24.....
635	Mar. 31	Berry	Act to amend section 1 of act concerning the education of children.....	Education.....
636	Mar. 31	Curtiss	Act to assist farmers in holding farmers county institutes for educational purposes, and for developing the agricultural resources of the state, and for appropriating moneys therefor...	Reported to Governor June 12.....
637	Mar. 31	Garrett.....	Act to amend section 266 of act to protect persons and property from danger from steam engines on the public highways.....	Roads and Bridges.....
638	Mar. 31	Hunter of Winnebago.	Act to amend section 70 of act in regard to the administration of estates, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887.....	Tabled April 24.....
639	Mar. 31	Hutchings	Act to regulate the traffic in baking powders.....	Tabled May 11.....
640	Mar. 31	Jones	Act to amend section 18 of act in regard to administration of estates....	Passed Senate June 12..
641	Mar. 31	Kirby.....	Act making appropriations to the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane for electric light, for a refrigerating plant, for a root cellar and for painting.....	Appropriations.....
642	Mar. 31	Norsworthy. .	Act to create a board of commissioners for the purpose of securing for use in the common schools of the state a series of text books, making appropriations therefor, providing penalty for violation, repealing all laws in conflict therewith, and declaring an emergency.	Education.. ..
643	Mar. 31	Norsworthy ...	Act to amend act to revise the law in relation to the department of agriculture, agricultural societies and agricultural fairs, and to provide for reports of the same.	Tabled April 23.....
644	Mar. 31	Stoker.....	Act to provide for teaching the German language in the free schools of this state.	Education.....
645	Mar. 31	Taubeneck.....	Act to amend section 6, of act to regulate the practice in courts of chancery.....	Tabled May 12.....
646	Mar. 31	Taubeneck.....	Act to amend section 1, of act to revise the law in relation to idiots, lunatics, drunkards and spendthrifts.....	Tabled May 1.
647	Mar. 31	Taubeneck.....	Act to amend section 3, of act to provide for the appointment of a public guardian in each county in this state.	Tabled May 1.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
648	Mar. 31	White of Stark.	Act to entitle women to vote at any election held for the purpose of choosing any officer under the general, special or school laws of this state	Tabled April 24.....
649	Mar. 31	Weedon.	Act to regulate the sale of baking powder.....	Tabled June 2.....
650	Mar. 31	Ziegler.....	Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State laboratory, for the improvement of the library thereof, and for the expenses of the State Entomologist's office ...	Tabled May 28.....
651	April 2	Whitehead	Act to authorize probate courts to appoint referees and defining their duties and powers	On second reading.....
652	April 2	Ramsay of Clinton....	Act to enable any railroad company whose main line runs near to any county seat to change and relocate such line so as to run through such county seat	On second reading.....
653	April 2	Committee on Roads and Bridges.	Act to amend sec. 76 of act to provide for the organization of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and part of acts therein named, as amended by act approved June 5, 1889.....	Reported to the Senate May 27
654	April 2	Committee on Mines and Mining	Act to amend sec. 2 of act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines and to repeal a certain act therein named	Tabled June 8.....
655	April 2	Allison.....	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee.....	Tabled May 27.....
656	April 2	Allison.....	Act making further provisions for the insane of the state now unprovided for by increasing the capacity of the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee	Tabled June 2.....
657	April 2	Allison.....	Act to provide means to change the boundary of school districts organized under special acts of the legislature	On third reading.....
658	April 2	Brown.....	Act to regulate the liabilities of fire insurance companies.....	Tabled May 12.....
659	April 2	Corlett.....	Act to protect persons and property from damages arising from steam, generated by what is commonly known as engines	On second reading.....
660	April 2	Donaldson.....	Act to elect school boards by the vote of the people.....	Education

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
661	April 2	Duncan	Act to amend sec. 185 of act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes, as amended by act approved May 3, 1873.....	Revenue.....
662	April 2	Garrett	Act to provide for the inspection of steam boilers and to provide for the licensing steam engines.....	Tabled May 1.....
663	April 2	Hutchings.....	Act to license railway ticket brokers.	On second reading.....
664	April 2	Hutchings	Act to amend sec. 5 of chap. 134 of an act to revise the law in relation to telegraph companies	Corporations
665	April 2	Jansen	Act punishing fraudulent obtaining of intoxicating liquor or alcohol.....	Tabled May 26.....
666	April 2	Kelly	Act to amend sec. 54 of act in regard to roads, highways and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal parts of an act therein named	Passed Senate June 12..
667	April 2	Kelly	Act placing under control of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners of the state all express doing business in the state, and making it their duty to classify the same and to fix a reasonable maximum rate of charges for the handling, transportation and delivery of freight, goods, wares and merchandise, and to make the schedule of such rates so fixed evidence and to prevent extortion and discrimination and to provide for penalties and their recovery for the violation of this act.....	Judiciary.....
668	April 2	Kwasigroch ...	Act to regulate the employment of women and children in mercantile establishments, and to provide that the state factory inspectors shall enforce the same.....	Labor and Industrial Affairs.....
669	April 2	Lyman of Sangamon	Act to make an appropriation to pay H. W. Rokker the amount due for printing done for the state and for the 35th General Assembly.....	Appropriations
670	April 2	McCrone.....	Act to amend an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.	On second reading.....
671	April 2	McCrone.....	Act to amend sec. 1 of art. 3 of act to revise the law in relation to township organization, as amended by act approved June 4, 1889.....	Tabled May 5.....
672	April 2	May	Act to provide for the appointment of a board of trustees for Cook county charitable institutions and to define their powers and duties	Reported engrossed May 25
673	April 2	Nohe.....	Act respecting passenger tickets	Tabled April 29

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
674	Apr. 2	Nohe.....	Act to prevent and punish adulterations of food and to prohibit the manufacture and sale of adulterated food products.....	On second reading.....
675	Apr. 2	Payne.....	Act to prevent the importation and sale of adulterated cigarettes.....	On second reading.....
676	Apr. 2	Rowand.....	Act to amend sections 25 and 26 of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organizations.....	Tabled.....
677	Apr. 2	Shirley.....	Act making an appropriation in aid of the Illinois Horticultural Society	Tabled June 8.....
678	Apr. 2	Smith of Macon	Act to amend sections 1 to 6 inclusive, and section 15 of act to encourage the propagation and cultivation and to secure the protection of fish..	Tabled April 16.....
679	Apr. 2	Warder.....	Act making an appropriation for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane at Anna.....	Tabled May 29.....
680	Apr. 2	McKitrick.....	Act to amend sections 3 and 17 of act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies.....	Insurance
681	Apr. 3	Paddock.....	Act to provide for uniform contracts or policy of fire insurance to be made and issued in this state by all insurance companies taking fire risks on property within this state.....	On second reading.....
682	Apr. 3	Paddock.....	Act to establish a state board of highway commissioners and to provide for the uniform improvement of the public highways.....	Tabled May 13.....
683	Apr. 3	Committee on Mines and Mining.....	Act to amend sections 10, 12 and 13 of act to revise the law in relation to weights and measures.....	On second reading.....
684	Apr. 3	Carson.....	Act to repeal act to secure the collection and publication of agricultural and other statistics.....	Killed June 8.....
685	Apr. 3	Duncan.....	Act to provide for the payment to the heirs of Dr. I. M. Lewis, (deceased), amount due for services rendered....	Claims.....
686	Apr. 3	Gill.....	Act to make an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Southern Illinois Normal University of Carbondale.....	On third reading.....
687	Apr. 3	Jones.....	Act to amend act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines and to repeal a certain act named therein...	On second reading.....
688	Apr. 3	McKitrick.....	Act to regulate the cash values, term, insurance and paid up insurance of life insurance policies	Insurance

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
689	Apr. 3	McKittrick	Act to repeal an act to further define conspiracy, and to punish the same, and crimes committed in pursuance thereof, and relating to the rule of evidence therein.....	Judiciary.....
690	Apr. 3	McKittrick.....	Act relating to the pay of all railroad employes.....	Tabled June 4.....
691	Apr. 3	Neal.....	Act to amend section 2 of an act to prohibit persons hunting within the inclosures of others without leave	Passed the House May 27
692	Apr. 3	O'Loughlin	Act making an appropriation to renew gates in and improvements on the Henry and Copperas Creek locks....	Reported to Governor June 12
693	Apr. 3	O'Loughlin	Act concerning the powers of the canal commissioners to lease canal powers	Canal, River Improvement and Commerce...
694	Apr. 3	Partridge	Act to amend section 1 of article 8 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools	On second reading.....
695	Apr. 3	Stoker	Act to enable association of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations, as amended acts in force July 1, 1887, by adding thereto certain sections to be numbered 15, 16, 17 and 18.....	Tabled May 20.....
696	Apr. 3	Whitehead	Act to amend section 63 of act to amend article 9 of an act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages by adding thereto the following sections.....	On second reading.....
697	Apr. 3	Whitehead	Act to amend section 1 of an act to provide for pleasure driveways in incorporated cities, villages and towns....	Municipal Corporations.
698	Apr. 3	Dearborn.....	Act to authorize the election of police magistrates in cities and villages incorporated under the act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages where such magistrates were provided for by law in such cities and villages before their incorporation under said act.....	Judiciary.....
699	Apr. 8	Edmunds.....	Act for relief of Margaret Denniston...	Tabled May 12.....
700	Apr. 8	Edwards.....	Act to permit the voters of cities in this State to vote upon the question of passing or rejecting an ordinance before the city council	Tabled April 24.....
701	Apr. 8	Farrell.....	Act for the protection of travelers on sleeping cars.....	On second reading.....
702	Apr. 8	Farrell.....	Act to prevent the pollution of streams and lakes.....	Tabled April 28

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
703	Apr. 8	Keller	Act authorizing and empowering the boards of directors of school districts to purchase text books and allowing the electors of districts and counties to decide the question of uniformity and to provide means and authority for purchase of school books and supplies.....	Education.....
704	Apr. 8	McCrone.....	Act authorizing any city, town or village now or hereafter incorporated under any special or general law of this State, to adopt by ordinance subsection sixty-second of Section 62 of Article V of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages....	On second reading.....
705	Apr. 8	Merritt.....	Act to create the World's Columbian Exposition Commission for the State of Illinois, and to make an appropriation for the purposes of the same.....	Tabled May 5.....
706	Apr. 8	Miner.....	Act to exempt certain property from taxation.....	Revenue.. ..
707	Apr. 8	O'Connell.....	Act to amend section 124 of act in regard to the administration of estates	Judiciary.....
708	Apr. 8	Warder.....	Act to amend an act and title thereto, to enable cities and villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of their corporate limits, and to control the same.....	Passed Senate June 12..
709	Apr. 9	Headen... ..	Act to amend section 16 of act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and to fix the duties of constables and to repeal certain acts therein named, as amended by an act approved April 1, 1872.....	Passed Senate June 12..
710	Apr. 9	Headen.....	Act to amend section 5 of article 11 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages	Municipal Corporations.
711	Apr. 9	Craig.....	Act to amend sections 1 and 3 as amended June 1, 1887, of act to provide for fees of clerks of probate courts in counties of the third class..	On third reading
712	Apr. 9	Stoker.....	Act in relation to the government of cities and villages lying partly in two or more counties	On second reading.....
713	Apr. 9	Smith of Macon	Act for the suppression of foul brood among bees, and making appropriation for the expenses of the same....	On second reading.....
714	Apr. 9	Eddy	Act to amend section 31 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	On first reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
715	Apr. 9	Ramsay of St. Clair.....	Act to amend section 2 of act to regulate public warehouses and the warehousing and inspection of grain, and to give effect to article 13 of the constitution of this state.....	Tabled May 19.....
716	Apr. 9	Johnston.....	Act to amend chapter 81 of the revised statutes entitled "Libraries," and to enable public libraries to build or accumulate a fund for building.....	Passed Senate June 12..
717	Apr. 9	Hunter of Winnebago...	Act to establish maximum rates of fare to be charged on horse, cable, electric and dummy railroads in certain cases, and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions	Municipal Corporations.
718	Apr. 9	Ellsworth.....	Act to amend act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, by adding three sections thereto to be known as sections 9a, 9b and 9c.....	Tabled May 26.....
719	Apr. 9	Conway.....	Act to amend act for the regulation of pawn-brokers.....	On first reading
720	Apr. 9	Wilkinson	Act to amend secs. 2 and 3, act of 1879, an act to indemnify the owners of sheep killed by dogs	Tabled April 24.....
721	Apr. 9	Vinton.....	Act to amend the last clause of sec. 36, chap. 53 of act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of the state with reference thereto	Tabled May 13.....
722	Apr. 9	Lyman of Cook	Act to prevent and punish adulterations of food, and to prohibit the manufacture and sale of adulterated food products.....	On second reading.
723	Apr. 9	Lyman of Cook	Act to prohibit the feeding of cattle or hogs at distilleries or breweries between April 15 and October 15.....	Tabled May 19.....
724	Apr. 9	Stringer.....	Act to amend sec. 1 of act relating to fires caused by locomotives	Railroads.....
725	Apr. 9	Stringer.....	Act to amend sec. 133 of act in regard to the administration of estates.....	Tabled May 1.....
726	Apr. 9	Hutchings ..	Act making appropriation for the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary at Chicago.....	Tabled May 13.....
727	Apr. 10	Committee on Mines and Mining	Act to provide for the examination of mine managers and to regulate their employment	Reported to Governor June 12
728	Apr. 10	Committee on Mines and Mining....	Act to amend section 4 of act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines.....	On second reading....

No.	When introduced.	By Whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
729	Apr. 10	Committee on Education ...	Act to secure to all children the benefit of an elementary education.....	Special order Wednesday, June 10.....
730	Apr. 10	Committee on Judiciary ...	Act to prevent injury to levees and embankments	On second reading.....
731	Apr. 10	Anthony.....	Act making it a penal offense to corrupt or render unwholesome or impure the water of any river, spring, stream, pool or lake	Tabled June 2.....
732	Apr. 10	Bryan.....	Act authorizing school districts managed by boards of education and directors to establish and maintain kindergarten schools.....	On second reading.....
733	Apr. 10	Dawdy.....	Act to amend section 4 of act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the State exclusive of Cook county..	Judicial Department and Practice
734	Apr. 10	Dixson of Warren	Act to provide for district or county uniformity of school text books.....	Education
735	Apr. 10	Ellsworth.....	Act to provide for the safety of life and property from loss or damage by steam boiler explosions and to enable county commissioners, county supervisors and municipal corporations to make rules for the examination and license of all persons who may take charge of and operate steam boilers or other devices under steam pressure.....	Municipal Corporations.
736	Apr. 10	Garret	Act to provide for the payment of certain amounts found to be due from the State to certain persons.....	Tabled June 9.....
737	Apr. 10	Gill	Act providing for the appointment of county inspectors of coal mines.....	On second reading.....
738	Apr. 10	Gill.....	Act requiring the use of safety couplers on freight cars, and providing for penalties for violation thereof....	Railroads.....
739	Apr. 10	Griggs	Act to amend sections 6, 8 and 17 of act to provide for the organization and management of corporations, etc., for the purpose of furnishing life indemnity to the beneficiaries of deceased members, etc.....	Insurance
740	Apr. 10	Hayes.....	Act to prevent discrimination in future contracts in favor of or against standard gold or silver coins of the United States, and to make said coins joint legal tender for all indebtedness contracted hereafter in the state.....	Finance.....
741	Apr. 10	McCrone.....	Act to provide for the punishment of persons who make false reports against railroad employees.....	On first reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
742	Apr. 10	McCrone.....	Act to amend act to revise to law in relation to liens.....	On second reading.....
743	Apr. 10	Myers of Henderson.....	Act to amend sec. 2 of an act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful act, neglect or default.....	Judicial Department and Practice
744	Apr. 10	Norsworthy ...	Act in relation to the manufacture and sale of vinegar.....	Horticulture
745	Apr. 10	O'Donnell.....	Act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful act, neglect or default.....	Judiciary
746	Apr. 10	Pollock	Act to amend sec. 7 of act to provide for the appointment, qualification and duties of notaries public, and certifying their official acts.....	Tabled April 28
747	Apr. 10	Stringer.....	Act to amend act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Drainage
748	Apr. 10	Tyler.....	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Soldiers' Home	Tabled April 24.....
749	Apr. 10	Weedon.....	Act to amend act to amend sec. 6 of act concerning Circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state inclusive of Cook...	On second reading.....
750	Apr. 10	Wilke of Will..	Act to protect employes and laborers in their claims for wages.....	On second reading.....
751	Apr. 10	Wilkinson	Act to appropriate \$5,000 to erect a monument to Maj. B. F. Stevenson.	Appropriations
752	Apr. 10	Wiwi.....	Act to appropriate \$93 to Charles T. Buillon for services rendered the 34th General Assembly.....	Passed Senate June 12..
753	Apr. 10	Wiwi.....	Act to appropriate \$200,000 to the World's Columbian Exposition	World's Columbian Exposition
754	Apr. 10	Mitchell.....	Act to prohibit the fumigation of grain and providing a penalty of the provisions thereof.....	On third reading.....
755	Apr. 10	Reed of Boone	Act to prevent deception in the sale of dairy products and to preserve the public health.....	On second reading.....
756	Apr. 11	Committee on Insurance ...	Act to govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies organized under or incorporated by the laws of any other state, doing business in the state of Illinois	On second reading
757	Apr. 11	O'Loughlin ...	Act to amend act approved June 4, 1889, an act to amend sec. 1 of art. 3, of act to revise the laws in relation to township organization.....	Reported to Senate May 27.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
758	Apr. 14	Eddy.....	Act to incorporate and regulate building, loan and homestead associations doing business in counties other than those in which they are organized.....	On second reading.....
759	Apr. 14	Patton.....	Act to provide for the payment to Melissa A. Swift for services due her husband while in command of the Cairo expedition.....	Tabled June 2.....
760	Apr. 14	Berry.....	Act to regulate the election of boards of education, school directors and trustees.....	Elections.....
761	Apr. 14	Gill.....	Act making it unlawful for any supervisor or county commissioner to become surety on any county official bond.....	On second reading.....
762	Apr. 14	Hambaugh....	Act regulating the receiving transportation and delivery of goods, wares and merchandise by railroad corporation.....	Tabled June 4.....
763	Apr. 14	Parsons.....	Act to provide for the township support of paupers.....	Reported to Senate June 2.....
764	Apr. 14	Payne.....	Act in relation to the purchase of grounds by the United States in the city of Rock Island.....	On second reading.....
765	Apr. 14	Stoker.....	Act to prevent the discrimination in fees and salaries on account of sex..	Tabled May 11.....
766	Apr. 14	White of Stark.	Act to prevent persons and property from accidents from bicycles on public highways.....	On second reading.....
767	Apr. 14	Whitehead.....	Act in regard to evidence and to the taking of depositions of witnesses without this state in all civil cases..	Judiciary.....
768	Apr. 14	Whitehead.....	Act to amend an act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful act, neglect or default.....	Judiciary.....
769	Apr. 16	May.....	Act to amend section 17 of act to revise the law in relation to promissory notes, bonds, due bills and other instruments in writing.....	Judiciary.....
770	Apr. 16	May.....	Act to provide for the compromise and settlement of matters in controversy between the state, Chicago, and the Illinois Central Railroad, in relation to certain lands lying in or adjacent to Lake Michigan.....	Tabled May 29.....
771	Apr. 16	Com. on Fish and Game laws	Act to amend section 6 of act to encourage the cultivation and propagation of fishes and to secure the propagation and protection of fishes.....	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
772	Apr. 16	Brooks.....	Act to amend section 3, of act to create sanitary districts and remove obstructions in the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers.....	Canal, River Improvement and Commerce ..
773	Apr. 16	Callahan	Act to amend section 1, of act to revise the law in relation to the Supreme Court.....	Tabled May 26.....
774	Apr. 16	Carmody.....	Act to prevent extortion and to regulate the manufacture and sale of illuminating gas and to establish reasonable maximum rates therefor....	Corporations.....
775	Apr. 16	Curtiss.....	Act to permit cities and villages of five thousand inhabitants or less to vote for or against the granting of liquor license.....	Tabled May 26.....
776	Apr. 16	Donnelly.....	Act providing a state poll tax and appropriating the income therefrom...	Elections.....
777	Apr. 16	Donnelly.....	Act in relation to the manufacture of oleomargarine, butterine, and other articles to be used as a substitute for butter and to provide for taxing of the same.....	Tabled May 26.....
778	Apr. 16	Edmunds.....	Act to regulate the shrinkage and dockage of hogs.....	Tabled May 11.....
779	Apr. 16	Fishback	Act to prevent the exportation and sale of fish caught within this state.....	Tabled May 12.....
780	Apr. 16	Griggs	Act to provide for the connecting or extending of boulevards or pleasure drives by viaducts, bridges and subways.....	Tabled May 15.....
781	Apr. 16	Griggs.....	Act to amend section 22 of act to incorporate and govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in this state..	Insurance
782	Apr. 16	Hambaugh	Act making appropriation to pay the Illinois Bee-Feeders' Keepers' Association.....	Passed Senate June 12..
783	Apr.	Hunter of Winnebago	Act making appropriation in aid of the Illinois Dairymen's Association.....	Reported to Governor June 12
784	Apr. 16	Hawley	Act to provide for a topographical survey of the state and to create the office of state engineer.....	Tabled May 1.....
785	Apr. 16	Hunter of Knox.....	Act authorizing the organization and to regulate district mutual wind storm insurance companies	On second reading.....
786	Apr. 16	Hunter of Knox.....	Act to amend section 11 of act to authorize the organization and to regulate county mutual wind storm mutual insurance companies.....	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
787	Apr. 16	Kenney	Act to amend section 1 of act to prohibit selling, giving, or furnishing tobacco to minors	On second reading.....
788	Apr. 16	Kwasigroch ...	Act to amend section 1 of act to prohibit selling, giving, or furnishing tobacco to minors	Judiciary.....
789	Apr. 16	McCrone.....	Act providing for the transfer of certain insane patients with a view to bettering their condition	On second reading.....
790	Apr. 16	Miller	Act to prevent the writing of fire insurance policies by non-resident agents authorized to do business in this state, and to prohibit the auditor from issuing a license to non-resident agents	On second reading.....
791	Apr. 16	Mitchell.....	Act to prevent and punish discriminations by life insurance companies ...	On second reading.....
792	Apr. 16	Moore.....	Act to protect the rights of the signer of a promissory note given to pay premiums on fire insurance.....	On first reading.....
793	Apr. 16	Myer of Livingston	Act to make appropriations for the State Reform School.....	Tabled May 29.....
794	Apr. 16	Myers of Henderson	Act to amend section 2 of act for the annexation of cities, incorporated towns and villages, or parts of same, to cities, incorporated towns and villages.....	Municipal Corporations
795	Apr. 16	Nohe.....	Act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors	Tabled May 26.....
796	Apr. 16	Norsworthy ...	Act to amend sec. 54 of chap. 114 of Revised Statutes, act compelling railroad companies to build and maintain depots	Railroads.....
797	Apr. 16	Parsons.....	Act regarding usury	Finance
798	Apr. 16	Parsons.....	Act relating to attorneys at law.....	Judiciary.....
799	Apr. 16	Partridge	Act to amend sec. 43 of art. III of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools	Tabled May 1.....
800	Apr. 16	Patton	Act to repeal sec. 130 of act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence	On second reading.....
801	Apr. 16	Patton	Act to amend sec. 6 of act to revise the law in relation to clerks of courts....	On second reading.....
802	Apr. 16	Perrottet	Act giving the producer of cider and wine the right to sell the same free of license outside the corporate limits of cities and villages, providing the seller is the grower of the grape or apple producing said wine or cider.....	On first reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
803	Apr. 16	Ramsay of St. Clair	Act to protect the employ��s of corporation.....	Railroads.....
804	Apr. 16	Reid of Boone.	Act creating the office and prescribing the duties of food and dairy commissioner	On second reading.....
805	Apr. 16	Terpening	Act to amend sees. 137, 155, 169, 177, 178, 182, 185, 233, 239, 241 and 247 of act for the assessment of property and for the collection of taxes.....	Revenue.....
806	Apr. 16	Tice	Act to define the authority of incorporated cities and villages over cemeteries.....	On first reading
807	Apr. 16	Townsend.....	Act to amend sec. 3 of act to create sanitary districts and to remove obstructions in the Desplaines and Illinois rivers	Canal, River Improvement and Commerce ..
808	Apr. 16	Van Praag.....	Act to license chattle mortgage brokers and to regulate the same.....	On second reading.....
809	Apr. 16	Warder	Act to prevent corrupt practices at elections and to punish crimes against the elective franchise.....	Elections.....
810	Apr. 16	Watson	Act to establish boards of medical examiners and prescribing their powers.....	Sanitary Affairs.....
811	Apr. 16	Weedon.....	Act regulating the publishing of statements made by companies, associations or societies operating for the purpose of furnishing sick or accident benefits and purporting to show their financial condition.....	Insurance
812	Apr. 16	Whitehead.....	Act to encourage the establishment of free public libraries in cities, towns and villages.....	On second reading.....
813	Apr. 16	Wilke of Will..	Act to provide for the expenses of the Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet, and to keep the prisoners therein employed.....	Tabled May 29.....
814	Apr. 16	Wiwi.....	Act to amend act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named...	Tabled May 8.....
815	Apr. 16	Carson.....	Act to regulate charges for fares by street railway companies.....	Reported to Senate May 27.....
816	Apr. 16	Edmunds.....	Act to prevent deception in the sale of dairy products and oleomargarine and butterine colored to resemble butter	On first reading.....
817	Apr. 17	Brooks.....	Act to amend section 137 of act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.....	Judiciary.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
818	Apr. 17	Committee on Judiciary	Act to amend sections 1 and 2 of act to regulate the foreclosure of chattel mortgages on household goods, wearing apparel and mechanics tools	On second reading
819	Apr. 22	Committee on Judiciary	Act to revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics, and to provide for the appointment and removal of conservators, and to repeal certain acts therein named	Killed June 8.....
820	Apr. 24	Com. on Military Affairs..	Act to amend sec. 3, art. 1, of the military code of Illinois	On second reading.....
821	Apr. 24	Com. on Soldiers' Home and Soldiers' Orphans' Home	Act making appropriation for the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home	Tabled May 29.....
822	Apr. 24	Committee on Education ...	Act authorizing and empowering the boards of directors of school districts and boards of education of incorporated cities, towns and villages, to provide means and authority for the purchase of school books and supplies, and to regulate the price of the same	On second reading.....
823	Apr. 24	Com. on Judicial Department and practice	Act to amend sec. 14, of act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale upon execution and from distress for rent.....	On third reading.....
824	Apr. 24	Com. on Judicial Department and practice	Act to amend sec. 70 of act in regard to the administration of estates.....	On third reading.....
825	Apr. 28	Special Committee to investigate Live Stock Exchange....	Act to prevent combinations to obstruct the sale of live stock in the state	On third reading.....
826	Apr. 28	Committee on Appropriations.....	Act making an appropriation of \$40 to pay George R. Berryman for services rendered at the special session of the 36th General Assembly.....	Passed Senate June 11..
827	May 1	Committee on Agriculture..	Act to regulate the charges of stock yards and enforce the same	Tabled May 1.....
828	May 1	Committee on Elections.....	Act to amend sections 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25 of article 3 of act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities and villages	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
829	May 1	Committee on Elections.....	Act to amend section 17 of article 3 of act regulating the holding of elections and determining the result thereof in cities and villages.....	On second reading
830	May 1	Committee on Revenue.....	Act in relation to the listing and scheduling of property and to the duty of assessors.....	Tabled May 15
831	May 1	Committee on Revenue.....	Act to amend sections 3, 4, 21, 26, 27, 28, 29, 66, 76, 91, 125 and 163 of act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.....	Tabled May 15
832	May 1	Com. on Soldiers' Home and Soldiers' Orphans' Home.....	Act making an appropriation to the National Lincoln Monument Association and providing for the care of the Lincoln monument.....	Passed Senate June 12 :
833	May 1	Committee on Municipal Corporations	Act to amend sections 55 and 63 of article 9 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages, as amended by act approved April 10, 1872.....	Reported to Senate June 8.....
834	May 1	Committee on Municipal Corporations	Act to amend section 14 of article 6 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages	On second reading
836	May 5	Committee on World's Columbian Exposition.....	Act to create the World's Columbian Exposition Commission for the state of Illinois, and to make an appropriation for the purpose of the same....	Read a first time and further consideration postponed until July 5.
837	May 8	Committee on Judiciary	Act to amend sections 11, 33, 34 and 35 of act to revise the law in relation to liens.....	Reported to Senate June 8.....
838	May 8	Committee on Judiciary	Act in relation to the purchase of grounds by the United States in the city of Danville	Passed Senate June 12..
839	May 8	Committee on Roads and Bridges	Act to amend sections 13, 14, 19 and 90 of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization	On second reading
840	May 11	Committee on Fees and Salaries	Act to regulate the salaries of state officers	On second reading.....
841	May 12	Committee on Judiciary.....	Act to prohibit itinerant vendors from selling without license.....	On second reading.....
842	May 13	Committee on Miscellaneous Subjects	Act to amend section 6 of act in regard to garnishment.....	Judiciary.....
843	May 13	Committee on Education ...	Act to allow directors of schools under special laws to assume and provide for indebtedness heretofore created.	Tabled June 8.....
844	May 13	Committee on License	Act concerning the transaction of business in the state of Illinois by corporations, etc.....	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
845	May 14	Committee on License	Act to prohibit the sending of minors for the procuring of intoxicating liquors	On second reading.....
846	May 15	Special Cook County Com- mittee.....	Act to provide for the connecting or extending of boulevards and pleasure drives by viaducts, etc.....	On second reading.....
847	May 15	Committee on Revenue	Act to amend sections 3, 4, 21, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 66, 76, 91, 125 and 163 of act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes	On third reading.....
848	May 15	Committee on Revenue	Act in relation to the listing and scheduling of property and to the duty of assessors	On third reading.....
849	May 19	Committee on State Institu- tions	Act to establish the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane and making an appropriation therefor.....	Unfinished business....
850	May 19	Minority of Com. of State Institutions .	Act making further provision for the insane of the state by increasing the capacity of the hospital for the insane at Elgin.....	Tabled June 4.....
851	May 20	Committee on Judiciary....	Act to amend sec. 1, Art. 8, of act for the incorporation of cities and vil- lages.....	On second reading.....
852	May 26	Committee on Education ..	Act to amend sections 21, 25 and 26 of article 6 of act to establish and main- tain a system of free schools.	On second reading.....
853	May 27	Committee on Licenses.....	Act regulating book making and pool selling and providing punishment thereof	On second reading.....
854	May 28	Com. on Sena- torial Appor- tionment.....	Act to apportion state of Illinois into senatorial districts and to repeal act therein named.....	On second reading.....
855	May 29	Committee on Judiciary.....	Act to provide for the compromise and settlement of matters in controversy between state of Illinois, city of Chi- cago and Illinois Central Railroad...	On second reading.....
856	May 29	Appropriations	Act to make an appropriation for pay- ment of expenses of committees of general assembly.....	On second reading.....
357	June 6	Committee on appropria- tions	Act to appropriated the sum of \$548, to pay Patrick Ferron and others for services rendered the 37th general assembly.....	Reported to the Senate June 9.....

SENATE BILLS IN HOUSE.

No.	When re-ported	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
1	Jan. 14	Act to provide for the incidental expenses of the 37th General Assembly and for the care and custody of the state house and grounds	Passed House Jan. 16....
2	Jan. 14	Act to provide for the necessary expenses of the state government incurred or to be incurred for the public printing now unprovided for until July 1, 1891.	Passed House Jan. 16....
94	Feb. 19	Act to amend sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 of act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and repeal certain acts therein named	Passed the House June 12.....
17	Mar. 4	Act to amend section 1 of act to expedite the trial of certain suits at law in courts of record	Read first time, and referred to Judiciary Committee March 4....
164	Mar. 11	Act to amend section 7 of article 16 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.	Reported to Governor April 10.....
21	Mar. 11	Act to amend sections 18, 20 and 21 of an act in regard to judgments and decrees and the manner of enforcing the same by executions, etc.....	On second reading.....
30	Mar. 11	Act to transfer delinquent tax fund to general fund....	Reported to Governor May 26.....
82	Mar. 18	Act to amend act authorizing cities, incorporated towns and townships to establish and maintain free libraries and reading rooms.....	Reported to Governor Mar. 26.....
35	Mar. 18	Act providing for the remission of fees of clerks of county courts in certain cases, in counties of the first and second class.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
18	Mar. 19	Act to amend section 80 of act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts and to provide for the practice thereof, to repeal an act therein named.....	Reported to Governor April 10.....
55	Mar. 19	Act to provide bounties for the killing of English sparrows	On third reading.....
43	Mar. 20	Act to protect associations, unions of workingmen and persons in their labels, trade marks and forms of advertising.....	Reported to Governor May 6.....
44	Mar. 20	Act to give cities, towns, townships and districts in which free schools are now managed under special acts authority to elect boards of education having the same powers as boards now elected under the general free school laws of the state.....	Reported to Governor May 26.....

No.	When re-reported	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
26	Mar. 25	Act to provide for the weekly payment of wages by corporations.....	Reported to Governor April 22.....
207	Mar. 25	Act ceding to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over certain structures, lands, streets and alleys in the county of Rock Island, and authorizing the conveyance of the same by the city of Rock Island.....	Reported to Governor May 26.....
92	Mar. 25	Act to define the jurisdiction of cities, incorporated towns and villages lying in different counties.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
91	Mar. 25	Act to amend Article VIII of an act in relation to the incorporation of cities and villages, as amended by act to amend section 1 of Article VIII of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages approved May 28, 1879.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
22	Mar. 27	Act to amend section 17 of act to revise the law in relation to promissory notes, bonds, due bills and other instruments in writing, as amended by act approved May 30, 1881.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
8	Mar. 27	Act in relation to cemeteries.....	Reported to Governor May 14.....
89	Mar. 30	Act to facilitate the settlement of suits at law in certain cases.....	On second reading.....
39	Mar. 30	Act to amend act to amend sections 7 and 8 of chapter 147, weights and measures.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
60	Apr. 1	Act to correct abuses and prevent unjust discrimination of life insurance companies.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
81	Apr. 1	Act to authorize the Chicago public library to erect and maintain a public library on Dearborn Park, in the city of Chicago, and to authorize the Soldiers' Home in Chicago to sell and dispose of its interest in the north one-quarter of the same.....	Reported enrolled May 28
97	Apr. 1	Act to prevent the mutilation of horses.....	Passed June 12.....
122	Apr. 1	Act to amend section 22 of act in regard to attachments in courts of record.....	Tabled May 26.....
84	Apr. 1	Act to subject persons doing insurance business within this state, whether as individuals or co-partners, to the same restrictions and liabilities, and to require them to perform the same duties that are now or hereafter shall be imposed upon corporations doing business within this state.....	Lost June 12.....
203	Apr. 3	Act to amend act to revise the law in relation to attorneys and counselors.....	On second reading.....
45	Apr. 3	Act to amend section 199 of act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
85	Apr. 3	Act to amend section 95 of act in regard to administration of estates.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
224	Apr. 3	Act to provide for the division of incorporated towns.....	Reported to Governor June 4.....

No	When re-reported	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
166	Apr. 8	Act to amend section 1 of act in regard to the dangers incident to railroad crossings on the same level.....	Reported to Governor May 26
225	Apr. 8	Act to amend section 1 of Article 11 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages.....	Reported to Governor June 12
34	Apr. 9	Act requiring the nature of the consideration of promissory notes and other negotiable instruments given for patent rights and lightning rods to be expressed on the face thereof, and to provide a penalty for the violation of this act.....	Judiciary.
32	Apr. 9	Act in relation to the practice in the courts of record in this state	On third reading
42	Apr. 10	Act to amend section 1 of act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game	On second reading.....
177	Apr. 10	Act empowering county and probate courts to authorize executors and administrators to pay taxes on real estate	On third reading
188	Apr. 10	Act making an appropriation to enable the commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary to keep employed a portion of the convicts now idle or without profitable employment in said penitentiary.....	Reported to Governor May 6
16	Apr. 10	Act to amend section 1 of act relating to justices of the peace in the city of Chicago.....	Reported to Governor May 7
52	Apr. 10	Act to authorize the corporate authorities of towns to issue bonds for the completion and improvement of public parks and boulevards, and to provide a tax for the payment of the same.....	Reported to Governor June 4
80	Apr. 11	Act to establish the Illinois State Reformatory and making an appropriation therefor.....	Reported to Governor June 12
212	Apr. 15	Act to protect persons and property from danger at crossings and junctions of railroads by providing a method to compel the protection of the same.....	Reported to Governor May 26
83	Apr. 16	Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Illinois National Guard and for the repair, improvement and purchase of ground for rifle ranges	Reported to Governor June 4
139	Apr. 16	Act making appropriation for the State Board of Agriculture, and county and agricultural fairs.....	Reported to Governor June 11
192	Apr. 17	Act to amend section 2 of act to provide for the election and appointment of officers and employees of the General Assembly.....	Judiciary
142	Apr. 17	Act relating to state charitable institutions and the state reform schools.....	On second reading.....
244	Apr. 17	Act to authorize an additional issue of bonds to raise funds for the protection of public parks.....	Reported to Governor May 26
279	Apr. 17	Act to enable any railroad company whose main line runs near to any county seat to change and locate such line so as to run through such county seat.....	Reported to Governor May 6

No.	When re-ported.	Abstract of Title of Bill,	Disposition.
286	Apr. 21	Act to amend the title of and secs. 1 and 8 of act to incorporate and to govern accident life insurance companies doing business in the state.....	Re-referred to Insurance
157	Apr. 23	Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the state government until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly ..	Reported to Senate June 10.....
77	Apr. 23	Act to repeal act to further define conspiracy and to punish the same, and crimes committed in pursuance thereof, and relating to the rule of evidence therein.	Reported to Governor May 26
213	Apr. 23	Act to amend sec. 7 of an act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state as amended by act approved and in force Feb. 15, 1889.....	Reported to Governor June 12
284	Apr. 24	Act to amend section 9 of act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state exclusive of Cook county.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
168	Apr. 24	Act to amend section 14 of act to regulate public warehouses and the warehousing and inspection of grain.	On third reading
226	Apr. 24	Act to amend section 1 of act to regulate the granting of continuances in criminal cases	On second reading.....
46	Apr. 24	Act in relation to the issuing of fee bills and to repeal an act in relation to the issuing of fee bills.....	On second reading.....
100	Apr. 24	Act to amend section 86 of act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.	Reported to Senate June 12.....
237	Apr. 28	Act to provide that the railroad and warehouse commission may keep and use a common seal.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
304	Apr. 29	Act to govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies organized under or incorporated by the laws of any other state doing business in the state	On third reading
333	Apr. 29	Act to amend act to provide for the incorporation of associations for the purpose of constructing railways, etc.....	Reported to Governor May 26
50	Apr. 29	Act making an appropriation in aid of the Illinois Horticultural Society.....	Reported to Governor June 4
171	Apr. 29	Act making an appropriation for the payment of the officers and members of the next General Assembly, and for the salaries of the officers of the state government.....	Reported to Governor June 11
187	Apr. 29	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Eye and Ear Infirmary, of Chicago.....	Reported to Senate June 11.....
281	Apr. 29	Act making an appropriation for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna.....	Reported to Governor June 12

No.	When re-ported.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
149	Apr. 29	Act making an appropriation for the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin.....	Reported to Governor June 11.....
153	Apr. 29	Act making an appropriation for the Illinois Soldiers' Orphans' Home.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
181	Apr. 29	Act to amend act to regulate the foreclosure of chattle mortgages on household goods, etc.....	Lost June 12.....
309	Apr. 3	Act making an appropriation for the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, at Chicago.....	Tabled May 20.....
268	Apr. 30	Act to amend section 3 of act in regard to aliens and to restrict their right to acquire and hold real estate and to provide for the disposition of lands now owned by non-resident aliens.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
160	Apr. 30	Act to entitle women to vote at any general or special school laws of this state.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
134	Apr. 30	Act to amend act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines.....	On third reading.....
208	Apr. 30	Act to prevent and remove obstructions in streams and water courses.....	Tabled May 26.....
58	Apr. 30	Act to amend section 2 of act to fix the time within which an execution may issue on a judgment of a justice of the peace, and within which a suit may be brought upon such judgment.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
228	May 4	Act to amend section 8 of act to incorporate and to govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in this state.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
253	May 4	Act to amend sections 2 and 6 of act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state exclusive of Cook county.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
274	May 6	Act to amend section 1 of an act to revise the law in relation to idiots, lunatics, drunkards and spend-thrifts.....	Judiciary.....
148	May 6	Act making appropriations to Illinois Northern Hospital for Insane at Elgin.....	Reported to Senate June 9.....
296	May 6	Act making an appropriation to renew gates in, and improvements on the Henry and Copperas Creek Locks.....	Tabled May 21.....
206	May 6	Act to make an appropriation for a training school building for Illinois State Normal University.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
202	May 6	Act to amend section 1 of an act to amend sections 1 to 6 inclusive, and section 15 of an act to encourage propagation, cultivation, etc., of fishes in all waters of this State.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
280	May 6	Act to amend section 5 of chapter 134, to revise the law in relation to telegraph companies.....	Reported to Governor June 11.....

No.	When re-ported.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
353	May 6	Act to amend section 1 of an act to provide for establishment and maintenance of county poor houses in certain counties.....	On second reading.....
252	May 6	Act for relief of counties, etc., in respect to moneys in state treasury applicable to payment of overdue and unrepresented registered bonds issued by them.....	On second reading.....
59	May 6	Act requiring the procurement of license by life insurance agents and providing penalty	On second reading.....
337	May 6	Act to encourage and promote the establishment of free public libraries in cities, etc., of this state	Reported to Governor June 12
182	May 8	Act to make an appropriation for ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois State Normal University.....	Reported to Governor June 10
105	May 8	Act to require inspectors of mines to furnish information to the state Geologist and to provide for paying expenses of same.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
208	May 8	Act making appropriation to defray expenses of a joint committee to visit prisons of this and other states.....	Reported to Governor June 10
315	May 8	Act to provide for the payment of certain amounts found to be due and owing by the Commissioners of Claims from the state of Illinois to certain parties named.....	Reported to Governor June 11
321	May 11	Act to amend an act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among members of such association, by adding sections 15, 16, 17 and 18.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
170	Ma y	Act to provide for better protection of holders of warehouse receipts by requiring periodical weighing of grain in warehouses of class "A"	Warehouses.....
351	May 13	Act making an appropriation in aid of Illinois Dairy-men's Association.....	Tabled May 20.....
256	May 13	Act making app opriations for Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children at Lincoln.....	Reported to Governor June 10
334	May 13	Act to provide for expenses of Illinois State Peniten-tiary at Joliet and to keep prisoners therein em-ployed.....	Reported to Senate June 10.....
306	May 13	Act making an appropriation for improvements upon the state house grounds.....	Tabled May 20.....
114	May 13	Act making appropriation for ordinary expenses of state laboratory of natural history, etc., and for ex-penses of state entomologist's office.....	Reported to Governor June 11
227	May 13	Act to provide for weighing in gross of coal hoisted at mines.....	Reported to Governor June 9
40	May 13	Act to provide for the payment of wages in lawful money, etc., and to prohibit the truck system	Reported to Governor May 20

No.	When re-ported.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
131	May 13	Act to amend section 53, article 9 of an act to provide for incorporation of cities and villages.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
241	May 13	Act to establish the Illinois State Dairymen's Association.....	On second reading.....
341	May 13	Act to amend sections 5 and 6 of an act in regard to garnishment.....	On second reading.....
277	May 14	Act in regard to banks and banking; to incorporate, license and regulate the same, etc.....	Banks and Banking.....
112	May 14	Act concerning mutual savings banks.....	Banks and Banking.....
236	May 14	Act making appropriations for ordinary and other expenses of various state institutions.....	Reported to Governor June 10.....
232	May 15	Act to amend criminal laws of the state.....	On second reading.....
372	May 15	Act to amend sections 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 25 of article 3 of an act regulating holding of elections and declaring result thereof in cities, etc....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
70	May 15	Act making appropriation for Illinois Eastern Hospital for insane at Kankakee.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
373	May 15	Act to amend section 17 of article 3 of an act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, etc.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
250	May 18	Act making appropriations for Illinois Institution for Education of the Deaf and Dumb.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
230	May 18	Act to amend an act to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
69	May 18	Act making further provision for the insane of the State of Illinois at Kankakee.....	Reported to Senate June 10.....
106	May 22	Act to organize townships as park districts.....	Municipal Corporations.
239	May 22	Act making appropriations for the University of Illinois.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
297	May 22	Act to provide for the punishment of bailees for fraudulently converting property bailed and relating to indictments therefor.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
356	May 22	Act to provide for the issuing of life insurance and beneficiary certificates by life insurance companies, etc., in this state.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
374	May 27	Act to provide for participation of state of Illinois in World' Columbian Exposition, and for an appropriation to pay expenses of same.....	Senate non-concurred in House amendments...
332	May 28	Act making appropriation for State Reform School....	Reported to Governor June 12.....

No.	When re-ported.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
405	May 28	Act to provide for necessary expenses of the state government, incurred or to be incurred for printing, paper and stationery until July 1, 1891.....	Reported to Governor June 11.....
303	May 28	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Soldiers' and Sailors' Home.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
271	May 28	Act to amend an act to revise the law in relation to permitting animals to run at large.....	On second reading.....
357	May 28	Act to amend section 14 of article 6 of an act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages.....	On second reading.....
417	May 28	Act to amend section 1 of article 8 of an act for incorporation of cities and villages.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
300	May 29	Act to repeal an act to secure the collection and publication of agricultural and other statistics.....	On second reading.....
37	May 29	Act to amend an act in relation to married women....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
345	May 29	Act to submit question of license to a direct vote of the people.....	Suspended.....
393	May 29	Act to amend sections 1, 2, 6, 8 and 17 of an act to provide for organization and management of organizations, etc., for furnishing life indemnity, etc., to members.....	Killed June 12.....
305	June 4	Act to amend section 8 of an act to revise the law in relation to the Illinois and Michigan canal and for the improvement of the Illinois and Little Wabash rivers	On third reading.....
251	June 4	Act making appropriations to Illinois Central Hospital for Insane, for electric light and other purposes.	Reported to Governor June 11.....
420	June 4	Act to prevent animals from running at large within the corporate limits of incorporated cities, villages and towns.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
395	June 4	Act to amend an act to provide for organization of road districts, election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
217	June 4	Act to encourage breeding and improvement of pacing horses; for prevention and punishment of fraudulent practices in contests of speed; prescribing penalties and declaring emergency.....	On second reading.....
195	June 4	Act to amend section 4 of an act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property. ..	Reported to Senate June 12.....
267	June 4	Act to amend section 9 of an act to remedy evils consequent upon destruction of public records.	On second reading.....
390	June 4	Act to prevent injury to levees and embankments.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....

No.	When re- ported.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
430	June 4	Act making appropriation for payment of employes of the 37th general assembly.....	Reported to Governor June 10.....
429	June 4	Act making appropriation for the payment of expenses of committees of 37th general assembly....	Reported to Governor June 11.....
401	June 4	Act to allow directors of schools under special laws to assume and provide for indebtedness heretofore created by authorities of a city for school purposes.	Reported to Senate June 12.....
415	June 4	Act to amend section 17 of article 6 of an act to establish and maintain free schools.....	On third reading.....
398	June 4	Act to amend sections 11, 33, 34 and 35 of an act to revise the law in relation to liens.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
361	June 2	Act to provide for payment of certain amounts found due by Commission of Claims from State of Illinois to certain persons herein named	Reported to Governor June 11.....
362	June 2	Act to amend section 38 of article 3 to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
396	June 2	Act making appropriation for Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin.....	Passed both houses....
263	June 2	Act making appropriations for Illinois Institution for Education of Blind at Jacksonville	Reported to Governor June 11.....
370	June 2	Act making appropriation for ordinary expenses of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary.....	Reported to Governor June 12.....
311	June 2	Act to make an appropriation to purchase the Illinois supreme court reports for the probate court of Peoria county.....	Reported enrolled June 11.....
245	June 2	Act to make an appropriation for ordinary expenses of Southern Illinois Normal University.....	Reported enrolled June 11.....
211	June 2	Act making appropriation for repairs and improvements in Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet.....	Reported to Senate June 11.....
377	June 2	Act to amend sections 55 and 63 of article 9 of an act to provide for incorporation of cities and villages.....	Reported to Governor June 10.....
355	June 5	Act to provide for connecting boulevards by viaducts, etc	On second reading.....
381	June 5	Act to amend Sec. 49 of Art 3 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
212	June 5	Act to establish uniformity of text books in public schools of each county in this State.....	On second reading.....
368	June 5	Act to incorporate and regulate building, loan and homestead associations doing business in counties other than those in which they are organized, and in adjacent counties.....	On second reading.....

No.	When reported.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
391	June 5	Act to provide for increasing number of trustees of colleges, etc., incorporated solely for educational purposes and possessing no capital stock.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
322	June 5	Act to amend section 8 of an act concerning circuit courts and fix time for holding same in the several counties in this State, except Cook county.....	On second reading
414	June 5	Act to amend section 1 of an act to extend jurisdiction of county courts, etc.....	Reported to Senate June 12.....
119	June 6	Act to amend section 4 of an act to insure better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois.....	On first reading
179	June 6	Act to amend section 11 of an act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization	On first reading
301	June 6	Act to amend sections 1 and 3 of an act to provide for fees of clerks of Probate Courts in counties of the third class.....	Reported to Senate June 11.....
366	June 6	Act to amend section 98 of an act to extend jurisdiction of county courts, provide for practice thereof, etc....	On third reading.....
431	June 9	Act to provide for the necessary revenue for state purposes.	Reported to Senate June 12.....
124	June 9	Act to amend section 7 of an act for registry of electors and to prevent fraudulent voting.....	On first reading.....
319	June 9	Act to amend section 51 of an act to provide for organization of road districts, election and duties of officers therein, etc	On third reading
412	June 9	Act to amend section 3 of an act to regulate the holding of elections, etc., of the act of 1885.	On second reading.....

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OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

SPEAKER.

HON. CLAYTON E. CRAFTS, of Cook.

CLERK.

W. H. HINRICHSSEN, of Adams.

First Assistant Clerk	W. A. Compton, of McDonough
Second Assistant Clerk.....	W. B. Morris, of Pope
Third Assistant Clerk.....	E. P. Kimball, of Macoupin
Fourth Assistant	T. B. Castleman, of Vermilion
Fifth Assistant	G. S. Clendenin, of Sangamon
Doorkeeper.....	E. S. Browne, of LaSalle
First Assistant.....	B. W. Rives, of Kankakee
Second Assistant.....	James W. Coleman, of Union
Third Assistant.....	John Cockrell, of Marion
Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.....	A. H. Wagoner, of Ogle
First Assistant.....	A. L. Hereford, of Woodford
Second Assistant.....	G. E. Quisby of Clay
Postmaster.....	Mrs. M. O'Connor, of Sangamon
Assistant.....	Miss Emma T. Hoehn of Sangamon
Custodian Printed Bills	C. T. Bouillon, of Macoupin

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8.—REPORTED TO HOUSE APRIL 30, 1891.

Resolved by the Senate of the State of Illinois, the House of Representative concurring therein, That there shall be submitted to the voters of this State at the next general election for members of the General Assembly a proposition to amend section two (2) of article XIV of the Constitution of this State by striking out and eliminating therefrom the following words, to-wit:

“But the General Assembly shall have no power to propose amendments to more than one article of the Constitution at the same session, nor to the same article oftener than once in four (4) years.”



1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead February 3, 1891.
 2. Referred to Committee on Judiciary February 3, 1891.
 3. Ordered printed February 25, 1891.
-

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8.

WHEREAS, The provisions of the present constitution of the State of Illinois
2 are too restrictive in their character, and are insufficient for the existing and
3 future demands of the people; and,

WHEREAS, The rapid increase of the agricultural population throughout
2 the State, as well as in the number and wealth of our cities, and the ex-
3 traordinary amount of capital invested in railroads, manufacturing and
4 commercial enterprises, all demand legislation which cannot be had under
5 the present constitution; and,

WHEREAS, The present revenue system is unfair and unequal in its oper-
2 ation and ought to be amended; and,

WHEREAS, Our present judicial system is involved and intricate, and is
2 not consistent with the proper dispatch of business in our courts, and
3 should be re-adjusted or modified; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring herein,
2 That a convention is necessary to revise, alter or amend the constitution of
3 this State, and that the question of calling such convention shall be sub-
4 mitted to the electors of the State at the next general election, as provided
5 for by article fourteen of the present constitution.

1. Referred to Committee of the Whole House February 12, 1891.
 2. Reported to Committee of the Whole House February 12, 1891.
 3. Referred back to the House February 12, 1891, and referred to Committee on Judiciary February 12, 1891.
-

JOINT RESOLUTION—No. 10.

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring herein:

2 That there shall be submitted to the voters of this State, at the next elec-
3 tion for members of the General Assembly, a proposition to so amend the
4 first section of the seventh (7) article of the constitution of this State, that
5 the same may read as follows: Every person having resided in the State
6 one year, in the county ninety days, and in the election district thirty days
7 next preceding any election therein, who was an elector in this State on the
8 first day of April, in the year of our Lord 1848, or obtained a certificate of
9 naturalization before any court of record in this State prior to the first day
10 of January, in the year of our Lord 1870, or who shall be a citizen of the
11 United States, male or female, above the age of twenty-one years, shall be
12 entitled to vote at such election.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead February 17, 1891, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 2. Ordered printed February 25, 1891.
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JOINT RESOLUTION—No. 11.

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring herein:

2 That there shall be submitted to the voters of this State at the next elec-
3 tion for members of the General Assembly, a proposition to so amend
4 section 28, of article 6, of the constitution that the same shall read as
5 follows: Instead of justices of the peace and police magistrates in cities,
6 villages and incorporated towns, containing fifty thousand or more inhabi-
7 tants, there shall be established a convenient number of district courts.
8 Such courts and the judges thereof shall have the same jurisdiction and
9 powers as may be prescribed by the General Assembly. The judges and
10 the clerks of such courts shall be appointed or elected in such manner and
11 for such term as shall be provided by the General Assembly. All fees shall
12 be accounted for by the respective clerks receiving the same, and paid into
13 their respective city, village or town treasuries monthly. The salaries of the
14 judges, clerks and deputy clerks shall be fixed by the General Assembly,
15 and paid out of the respective city, village or town treasuries. No salary
16 shall be increased or diminished during the term of office of the officer to
17 whom it is payable. Instead of constables there shall be a high constable
18 of such city, village or incorporated town, who shall have the right to
19 appoint deputies. Such high constable shall be appointed or elected, as
20 shall be provided by the General Assembly. He and his deputies shall
21 have the same powers and perform the same duties as constables, with such
22 further powers and duties as shall be prescribed by such General Assembly.

23 No summons, attachment, replevin, or other first process, except in criminal
24 cases, issued by any justice of the peace, or police magistrate, shall run
25 within the jurisdiction of such district court. "Until such courts are
26 organized the justices of the peace, police magistrates and constables, here-
27 tofore provided for, shall be continued the same as if this article had not
28 been amended."

1. Offered by Mr. Brown February 17, 1891.
 2. Referred to Committee on Judiciary February 17, 1891.
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JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12, IN RELATION TO AMENDING THE
CONSTITUTION.

Resolved, by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring herein,
2 that there shall be submitted to the voters of the State at the next elec-
3 tion for members of the General Assembly, a proposition to amend section
4 two (2) of article fourteen (14) of the constitution, as follows: Amend sec-
5 tion two (2) by striking out all after the word "constitution" in the ninth (9)
6 line and inserting the following: The General Assembly shall have no
7 power to propose amendments to more than four articles of the constitution
8 at the same session.



1. Introduced by Mr. Merritt March 4, 1891.

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 17, RELATING TO CONSTITUTIONAL
AMENDMENT.

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring herein,

2 That an amendment to sections seven (7) and eight (8) of article IV of the
3 constitution, to read as follows, be submitted to the electors of this
4 State at the next election for members of the General Assembly, viz.:

Section 7. The House of Representatives shall consist of three times the
2 number of members of the Senate and the term of office shall be two years
3 from the first day of January following said election.

Section 8. Three representatives shall be elected in each Senatorial dis-
2 trict at the general election in the year of our Lord 1892, and every two
3 years thereafter.

-
1. Transmitted through the Governor to the House, February 26, 1891.
 2. Ordered printed February 26, 1891, and made a special order for in Committee of the Whole House for Tuesday, March 3, immediately after reading of the journal.
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CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS OF THE KANSAS LEGISLATURE RE-
LATING TO A COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 20.

WHEREAS, The complaint throughout agricultural sections, based upon
2 economic questions, having become general in the States of the west
3 and southwest, and

WHEREAS, With a view to the advancement of the material interests of west-
2 ern agricultural and mining States, and recognizing the importance of har-
3 monious action on the part of the States and territories within the agricul-
4 tural and mining regions west of the Ohio river, and extending to the Pa-
5 cific ocean; therefore be it

Resolved, by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein, That
2 the legislature of the State of Kansas hereby requests, with a view to the
3 consideration of important commercial and economic interests, that the sev-
4 eral States and territories lying between the Ohio river and the Pacific
5 ocean join in a commercial congress of such States and territories, to be
6 held April 15, 1891, and in view of central location we suggest Kansas City
7 as the place of meeting; and as a basis of representation in such proposed
8 commercial congress, we suggest that each State name as delegates four
9 senators and five members of the House of Representatives, and that the
10 territories be allowed five delegates each.

Resolved, That the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House
 2 of each of the States shall be ex-officio members of said delegation.

Resolved, That the presiding officers of each House of the several States
 2 and territories where the legislatures are in session be requested to name
 3 the delegates to such convention, and where the legislature of any State or
 4 territory is not in session the Governor of such State or territory shall ap-
 5 point the requisite number of delegates from his State or territory from the
 6 members of the legislature of such States or territories.

Resolved, That the secretary of the Senate send copies of this resolution
 2 to the executive of each State and territory west of the Mississippi river,
 3 and to the following States east of the said river, namely: Ohio, Indiana,
 4 Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, Wisconsin and Illinois, with the request
 5 that the executives of the several States or territories herein designated signify
 6 to the Governor of this State their concurrence or otherwise in the purpose of this
 7 resolution, as well as the action of their several legislatures.

8 Adopted by the Kansas legislature February 11, 1891.

9 Attest: A. G. STACEY.

10 Secretary of the Senate.

STATE OF ILLINOIS,
37TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. }

RESOLUTION OFFERED BY MR. GREEN, OF ALEXANDER COUNTY,
APRIL 11, 1891.

WHEREAS, the unobstructed navigation of the Mississippi river is a matter of national interest, and in view of its influence in regulating freight rates is of special importance to producers in the western and northern States; and,

WHEREAS, the annually recurring overflows of that river, destroying both life and property and devastating most fertile regions, are disasters detrimental to the national prosperity; and,

WHEREAS, recent experience has demonstrated that by the system of improvement of the stream adopted by the Mississippi river commission, the river floods can be controlled and the navigation of the river be made safe and certain at all seasons of the year; therefore,

Resolved, That congress is respectfully urged to make an appropriation of money sufficient in amount to complete the system of improvement of the Mississippi river adopted by the Mississippi river commission and recommended by the United States corp of engineers; and be it

Resolved, That the members of the national House of Representatives and United States Senators from this State be notified of the action of this body upon this resolution.

The foregoing preamble and resolutions were adopted by the House April 11, 1891.

CLAYTON E. CRAFTS, Speaker.

Attest:

W. H. HINRICHSSEN, Clerk.

JOINT RESOLUTION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon of Lee, March 18, 1891.
 2. Ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
-

Resolved, by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring herein,

- 2 That there shall be submitted to the voters of this State at the next
3 general election for members of the General Assembly a proposition to
4 amend section two, (2) of article XIV. of the constitution of this State,
5 by striking out and eliminating therefrom the following words, to-wit:
6 "But the General Assembly shall have no power to propose amendments
7 to more than one article of this constitution at the same session nor to the
8 same article, oftener than once in four (4) years."

JOINT RESOLUTION FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

1. Offered by Mr. Ferns, March 18, 1891.
 2. Ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicary.
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WHEREAS, It has been clearly demonstrated by the experience of many
2 States in the Union that all necessary legislation can be transacted within
3 a limited time; and

4 WHEREAS, The sessions of the General Assembly of this State have been
5 of late years unnecessarily prolonged, thus entailing great expense upon the
6 people of the State; therefore be it

7 *Resolved*, By the House of Representatives of the State of Illinois, the
8 Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the voters of
9 this State, at the next election for members of the General Assembly, a
10 proposition to so amend the constitution of this State, to-wit:

11 *Resolved*, That section twenty-one (21) of article four (4) of said constitution
12 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 21. The members of the General Assembly shall receive for their
2 services the sum of \$5.00 per day, during the first session held under this
3 constitution as amended herein: *Provided*, that if such session shall continue
4 beyond the period of eighty days, then they shall receive for their services
5 the sum of \$2.00 per day, for each day thereafter said General Assembly
6 shall remain in actual session, and ten cents for each mile necessarily
7 traveled in going to and returning from the seat of government, to be
8 computed by the Auditor of Public Accounts; and thereafter such compen-
9 sation as shall be prescribed by law, and no other allowance or emolument,
10 directly or indirectly, for any purpose whatever, except the sum of \$50.00
11 per session to each member which shall be in full for postage, stationery,

12 newspapers and all other incidental expenses and perquisites; but no change
13 shall be made in the compensation of members of the General Assembly
14 during the term for which they may have been elected. The pay and
15 mileage allowed to each member of the General Assembly shall be certified
16 by the Speaker of their respective Houses, and entered on the journals and
17 published at the close of each session.

8 such rate of commissions as may be agreed upon by the owner of the live
9 stock and the commission merchant shall be deemed guilty of a misde-
10 meanor and suffer the penalties prescribed by this act, and shall be person-
11 ally liable to any one aggrieved thereby for the full amount of any damage
12 sustained by such person.

§ 6. Any one who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be pun-
2 ished by a fine in any sum not less than five hundred dollars and not more
3 than five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not ex-
4 ceeding one year, or by either or both, in the discretion of the court, and
5 shall be liable in a civil action to any person aggrieved in such damages as
6 he or she may have sustained by the violation of this act.

7 shall attempt directly or indirectly to enforce any such rule, regulation or

8 by-law shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and in addition to the

9 penalties prescribed by this act shall be personally liable for all damages

10 which may arise from the enforcement or attempted enforcement of such

11 rule, regulation or by-law to any person damaged thereby.

§ 4. No trusts, combinations or conspiracies, shall be organized or exist

2 in this State to prevent any person or persons, or corporation from selling

3 live stock on commission for such an amount of commission as any person

4 engaged in the business may see fit to charge, and all rules, regulations,

6 by-laws or agreements of any corporation, association, society or combination

7 of persons, whereby any such corporation, society, association or combination

8 of individuals are required to charge not less than a given sum for com-

9 missions or whereby any person or commission merchant is in any respect

10 restrained from charging less than a certain fixed sum for his services as

11 such commission merchant in the sale of live stock are hereby declared to

12 be contrary to the public policy of this State and unlawful; and any person

13 who shall enter into any such trust, combination or conspiracy, or who shall

14 enforce or aid, abet, assist or encourage the enforcement of any such rule,

15 regulation, by-law or agreement, shall be liable to the penalties prescribed

16 by this act and also shall be personally liable to any person, individual,

17 society or corporation who may be injured in his property or business

18 thereby to the full extent of the injury resulting therefrom.

§ 5. Whoever shall directly or indirectly be a party to any combination,

2 conspiracy or association which attempts directly or indirectly to prevent

3 any other person from freely selling live stock at any market in this State

4 for such persons who see fit to engage his services, or shall endeavor to

5 compel directly or indirectly any person to charge not less than a fixed

6 minimum sum for services in the sale of live stock, or shall in any way

7 hinder or prevent another from lawfully selling live stock for another for

A BILL

For an act to prevent combinations to obstruct the sale of live stock in the

State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented

2 *in the General Assembly*, That it shall be unlawful for any two or more per-
3 sons or corporations to combine or agree together to do any act which will
4 in any respect prevent any person from buying live stock at any place in
5 this State from any person having the same for sale, either for himself or
6 as the representative or agent of the owner of the same.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any corporation organized under the laws
2 of this State or doing business in this State, or any board of directors or
3 trustees or stockholders or agents or officers of any corporation to have,
4 pass or enforce any rule, by-law or regulation, whereby any officer, stock-
5 holder, member, shareholder, agent, servant thereof or any other person in
6 any way interested in or connected with such corporation shall in any re-
7 spect be prohibited, prevented or enjoined from buying live stock from any
8 other person having such live stock for sale, either as owner thereof or as
9 the agent, representative or assistant of such owner, at any market in this
10 State where live stock is brought to be sold.

§ 3. Every rule, regulation or by-law of any corporation doing business
2 in this State, which has for its purpose or which directly or indirectly
3 tends to prevent its members or stockholders from freely purchasing live
4 stock from any person lawfully having the same for sale upon any live
5 stock market of this State, are hereby declared to be contrary to the public
6 policy of this State and unlawful and void, and any person or persons who

Fourth—That in respect of said boycott the leading buyers at the Union Stock Yards, Chicago, and the commission men are acting in combination, and that such combination is detrimental to the best interests of the agricultural community of this State.

Fifth That the rate of commissions established by the rules of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange are unreasonably high.

Sixth That the interests of the people of this State demand that no unreasonable restrictions or unjust imposition in way of commissions should be imposed by the Chicago Live Stock Exchange upon the sale of live stock at the Union Stock Yards.

Seventh Your committee reports that it finds no warrant of law for the action of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange to fix any minimum price of commissions, and that there is no justice in fixing a minimum price, whereas there is both reason and necessity that there should be a maximum fixed by the rules, if the power exists.

Eighth That the Union Stock Yards Company invites the world to its market, and has endeavored to give all persons free, equal and just treatment, and it has not participated in any way with the Chicago Live Stock Exchange in this boycott and conspiracy.

Ninth Your committee reports that the Chicago Live Stock Exchange in this attempt to boycott the American Live Stock Commission Company is not in the exercise of any express or implied power but is acting contrary to and in defiance of the public policy of this State.

And your committee finding that it is doubtful whether the common law provided adequate remedies for this condition, and believing that no statute of this State with sufficient distinctness covers this case, would recommend the passage of the following proposed bill into a law of this State.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

cannot be done as cheaply as the business of selling the more uniform class of range cattle, which the evidence shows the American Live Stock Commission was almost exclusively engaged in selling. But, while commending the Chicago Live Stock Exchange for the many admirable reforms it has by its earnest efforts brought about, your committee cannot forget the great principle underlying the question of whether any corporation or association organized under the laws of the State of Illinois for the purpose of conducting a public business has the right to take possession of a public market and say to all comers who desire to do business upon such market, unless they do business at a minimum rate of commission fixed by the rules of such corporation or association. To the minds of your committee the right to exercise the power of fixing a minimum fee or commission for services rendered nowhere exists in a free and sovereign State, much less in a corporation organized and chartered by the State for the purpose of transacting business for the public.

In conclusion your committee would report that it finds the following facts:

First—That the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, is exercising the power of prohibiting its members from charging less than the sum of fifty cents a head commission for the sale of cattle at the Union Stock Yards.

Second—It exercises the power of prohibiting its members from buying live stock from commission men and companies which directly or indirectly charge the producer less than fifty cents a head commission.

Third—That it has established a boycott against the American Live Stock Commission Company at the Union Stock Yards because that company returns in dividends to the producer its net earnings, whereby the producer is enabled to have his cattle sold at less than the rate of commissions prescribed by the rules of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange.

all competition in prices of commission, and to the manifest detriment of the public interests.

Your committee would further report that the evidence shows a concerted action on the part of several live stock exchanges at Chicago, East St. Louis, Kansas City and Omaha to destroy the business of the American Live Stock Commission Company, and that no reason is given therefore except that this company returns its net earnings in part to the producer of live stock in proportion to the number of live stock sold for such producer, as it is required to do by its charter. No objection was made whatever to the persons doing business for the commission company, and the boycott was justified only upon the ground that any competition directly or indirectly in the rate of commissions charged would lead to abuses which would be detrimental to the interests of the public. In this justification of the boycott your committee cannot agree, but believes that there should be competition in respect to the commissions as well as in all other commodities, and every man should be left free and untrammelled to make such contract in respect to commissions as he shall see fit, and he should be protected by law against boycotts and business interruptions from others.

Before closing this report your committee are restrained to say that, from the evidence adduced before us, that the members of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange are to be commended for their earnest efforts to bring about reforms in the manner and methods of doing business in the greatest live stock market in the known world, and that their efforts have been in a measure successful no unprejudiced mind can deny; that they have brought about a higher standard of commercial integrity amongst commission men, none can deny, and that they have succeeded in reducing the outrageous system of dockage to a minimum cannot be gainsaid.

Your committee would further report that in their opinion the mixed class of business done by many of the commission firms of the Live Stock Exchange

and Nebraska did likewise, whereby all the members of these organizations were and are entitled to have this company sell their live stock and participate in the benefits of the corporation. The result of the business of this corporation at the Union Stock Yards shows that the expense of selling cattle upon these yards by this corporation is less than fourteen cents a head, and the manager of the corporation, Hon. Eli Titus, testified that double the amount of business would not have materially added to its expenses, and would have reduced the cost of selling cattle to this company to a sum not much less than ten cents a head. A detailed statement of the expenses of the corporation was filed with the committee, which verifies this statement of the manager, and your committee are therefore constrained to report that fifty cents a head commission is an excessive charge for such service under ordinary circumstances. Whilst holding as we do that this rate of commission as prescribed by the rules of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange and others of the associated exchanges is excessive, we feel that the true remedy lies not in regulating legislation, but in legislation which will give absolutely free and untrammelled competition in respect of such charges.

Your committee finds from the evidence adduced that directly after the dissolution of the injunction by which the Chicago Live Stock Exchange was restrained from interfering with the business of the American Live Stock Commission Company, and after the dividend was declared by that company, and after the Farmers' Alliance and the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association of this State took stock in the American Live Stock Commission Company, a determined boycott of the American Live Stock Commission Company was inaugurated and is now maintained and enforced by the more than five hundred members of the exchange and that thereby the members of the exchange who are buyers of live stock are prohibited and prevented from buying live stock from the American Live Stock Commission Company, its officers and agents, to the practical destruction of the business of that company, and to the prevention of

valid, however, that any party or parties beginning a live stock commission business at said stock yards shall not be considered subject to this rule until thirty days from the date of their beginning such business: *And provided*, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as in any manner prohibiting any party from selling his own live stock on the market at the said stock yards, or any member of this exchange from buying such stock from such owner.

It will be observed by the most casual inspection that neither the American Live Stock Commission Company or any of its officers or agents could become members of the exchange under the amendment to Rule VIII, and by the amendment to Rule IX all members of the exchange are forbidden to buy live stock from any person regularly selling live stock upon commission for non-residents, unless such commission company was a member of the exchange.

Shortly after the passage of these amended by-laws the American Live Stock Commission Company enjoined their enforcement and proceeded with its business at the Union Stock Yards until about the first of December, 1890, when the injunction was dissolved and the bill of the commission company was dismissed. About this time in December, 1890, another dividend was declared by the American Live Stock Commission Company distributing its earnings, over and above expenses, to its members in the proportions of 65 per cent. thereof, to those for whom stock was sold, and 35 per cent. to the stockholders according to the proportions of stock held. This again amounted to twenty-five cents a head on cattle and twelve dollars and fifty cents a share on the capital stock, upon which stock only twenty-five dollars a share had been paid up. About this time also the several agricultural associations of this State, known as the Farmers' Alliance and the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, by their respective presidents became stockholders of the American Live Stock Commission Company in this State, and also the Farmers' Alliance of Kansas

beneficial to the stock producer awakened the hostility of the members of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, and as well of the allied exchanges of the various cities above named. This hostility on the part of the members of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange led to a meeting of the members of the exchange on the 4th day of February, 1890, at which meeting the Chicago Live Stock Exchange adopted the following amendments to its by-laws in order to prevent the buyers of live stock, who are members of the exchange, from dealing with the American Live Stock Commission Company:

Amend Rule VIII by adding two sections, as follows:

§ 3. No person shall be eligible for membership in this Exchange who in any manner represents or acts for, either as officer, agent, broker or commission merchant, any other live stock corporation or exchange, whose charter, regulations, rules or by-laws provide for a discrimination in rates of charges or commissions between stockholders or customers, whether under the guise of dividends, drawbacks, or any other scheme or device whatever.

§ 4. If any member of this exchange shall hereafter act for (either as officer, agent, broker or commission merchant) any other live stock corporation or exchange, whose charter, regulations, rules or by-laws provide for a discrimination in rates of charges or commissions between stockholders or other patrons or customers, whether under the guise of dividends, drawbacks, or any other scheme or device whatever, shall be liable to suspension for the first offense and to expulsion for any subsequent offense.

Amend Rule IX by adding a new section, as follows:

Section 15. No member of this exchange shall buy or cause to be bought any live stock at the Union Stock Yards of Chicago, Illinois, from any agent, individual, firm, incorporated or other stock commission company, who are, or may be, regularly selling live stock for non-residents on commission, unless some one or more members of such firm or stockholders of such stock company are members in good standing in this exchange: *Provided*

the said Union Stock Yards, State of Illinois, and at such other points through out the United States as may be deemed advisable and also to encourage the stockholders of said corporation to raise, improve, feed and ship for market live stock; and in order to better effectuate said latter object, it is hereby expressly stipulated and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the net earnings of said corporation shall be distributed among the stockholders thereof annually in the following manner, to-wit: Sixty-five (65) per cent. of said net earnings shall be distributed to the said stockholders in the ratio of the number of stock shipped by each stockholder to the said corporation for sale during the current year for which such dividend shall be declared, and the remaining thirty-five per cent. of said net earnings shall be distributed to the shareholders in said corporation in the ratio of the amount owned by each shareholder in said corporation.

It is also hereby further expressly agreed and stipulated that no person shall have the right to subscribe for or own more than twenty-five (25) shares of stock in said corporation at any time during the existence of said proposed corporation.

This association is composed exclusively of stock producers, and immediately after its organization opened offices for the transaction of business at the Union Stock Yards, Chicago, the National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill., the Kansas City Stock Yards, Kansas City, and the Omaha Stock Yards, at Omaha. It proceeded with its business according to the principles of its charter and at once met with phenomenal success. It charged the rates of commission prescribed by the rules of the several exchanges and was not interrupted or interfered with in any respect or threatened with boycott until the month of December, 1889, when it declared a dividend upon the year's business and thereby returned to the producer, whose live stock it had sold and who held membership in the corporation, a sum equal to twenty-five cents a head on all cattle sold for such member, and a further sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents on each share of its capital stock. This proceeding, whilst greatly

his charge for sale. In respect to this rule your committee is constrained to say that it cannot understand upon what legitimate basis the buyer and packer can associate himself with the commission man for the enforcement of it. Presumably the buyer has no interest in the commissions, and the persistent association of the buyer with the commission man to enable the latter to insist upon this rule must excite unfavorable comment and lead to the inquiry as to how and in what manner the commission man is expected to reciprocate to the buyer this great service. The alliance is unnatural, because in honesty and fair dealing the positions of buyer and seller are, and ought to be, antagonistic. The buyer buying as cheaply as he can and the seller getting the best possible price.

This condition of things existing at the Union Stock Yards in Chicago in the year 1889, and discontent with the prices paid for selling live stock having arisen with many producers, a co-operation association was formed by many stock producers, looking to the sale of their own stock at these yards. They believed that they could sell their own stock and the stock of others to better advantage by means of agents and representatives of their own, than through the commission merchants. With this end in view a corporation was formed by stock producers in May, 1889, under the name of the "American Live Stock Commission Company" whose purposes and principles of doing business are clearly stated in its charter, which is as follows:

First The name of said proposed corporation shall be the American Live Stock Commission Company.

Second The capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars per share.

Third That the principal office of said corporation shall be located in the Union Stock Yards, town of Lake, county of Cook, and State of Illinois.

Fourth The object for which said corporation is to be formed is to engage in the business of buying, selling, and handling live stock upon commission in

It will be observed, however, that by this membership in the same society the buyer and packer who purchase live stock on the Union Stock Yards market are brought into a combination and unnatural association with the commission merchant who sells to his fellow member the vast product of the great agricultural northwest. This alliance seems to this committee to be inconsistent with a perfect discharge of duty on the part of the commission man to his principal. It is manifestly the interest of the buyer to purchase the products which he buys for resale or for slaughter and sale in its manufactured form as cheaply as possible and it is to the interest of the producer of live stock to sell for the greatest price he can obtain. It having become indispensable to the sale of live stock upon this great market that the producer should employ the commission man to sell his stock for him, he cannot fail to look with suspicion, or at least with a degree of discontent, upon so intimate an association of his representative with the person or persons who are seeking to obtain the fruit of his industry at the lowest possible prices. When this condition is contemplated from the standpoint of the producer whose returns for his live stock have been reduced to barely living prices, and the enormous fortunes which have been accumulated by the great buyers who have made these fortunes out of the trades made with the commission man who sells the property of the thousands of producers, discontent, doubt and suspicion follow naturally.

Further pursuing this topic your committee would call the attention of the General Assembly to the fact that the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, composed as before stated of the commission merchants and the buyers and packers, has assumed the power of prohibiting its members from selling live stock for less commissions than is prescribed by the rules, thereby practically destroying all competition in that important business. This rule is most rigidly enforced, and any member of the exchange who should agree to sell, for example, cattle at a less commission than fifty cents per head would be at once disbarred from the privilege of membership, and all the members, including the great buyers and packers, would refuse to purchase live stock committed to

Your committee finds from the evidence adduced under the oaths of the several witnesses that the recitals of the joint resolution are substantially

true.

They find that in the year 1884 there was organized, under the general incorporation laws of the State of Illinois, a corporation, not for pecuniary profit, under the name of "The Chicago Live Stock Exchange," the general purposes of which were recited to be "to establish and maintain a commercial exchange; to promote uniformity in the customs and usages of merchants; to provide for the speedy adjustment of all business disputes between its members; to facilitate the receiving and distributing of live stock, as well as to provide for a rigid inspection thereof, thereby guarding against the sale or the use of unsound or unhealthily meat; and generally to secure to its members the benefits of co-operation in the furtherance of their legitimate pursuits." That this corporation, shortly after its organization, adopted a body of laws providing for the government of its members, and solicited persons whose interests were centered at the Union Stock Yards to become members thereof. This invitation has been very generally accepted and to-day the membership of the "Chicago Live Stock Exchange" numbers over five hundred persons and includes all the commission merchants who make a business of selling live stock for others on commission and all of the principal buyers and packers doing business at the Union Stock Yards. A copy of the rules and by-laws of this corporation were submitted in evidence to the committee, and the doings of the exchange since its organization have passed in review before us in this investigation. Many of the regulations we find to be commendable and in accord with the public interest; and the exchange from time to time lent a valuable aid to the promotion of reforms both of a public character and such as were in a degree peculiar to the prior existing conditions on said market. And in many respects the exchange is entitled to commendation for its services in bringing about a higher standard of commercial integrity than existed before its organization on the part of its members.

In accordance with that resolution the following named gentlemen were named as members of the joint committee therein provided for: Senators Sylvester Allen of Scott county, Louis Zeigler of Bureau county, Representatives James W. Hunter of Knox county, John L. Hamilton of Trempealeau county, and James Crockett of Marion county.

Your committee would respectfully report that so soon as conveniently could be after its organization, it proceeded to enter upon the investigation of the matters submitted for its consideration. It caused to be subpoenaed before it members of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange and others engaged in the business of buying and selling live stock at the market afforded by the Union Stock Yards and Transit Company at the city of Chicago, and also stock producers of the State of Illinois, all of whom were carefully and fully examined touching the subject of the foregoing resolutions. Also your committee heard the testimony of divers persons who were at large interested in the subject and caused all the testimony to be taken down in shorthand, which has been transcribed by the stenographer and is subject to the order of the General Assembly. The sessions of your committee have been held at the capital, and have been open and free to the attendance of all persons interested in the investigation.

The investigation has unavoidably assumed a somewhat wider range than the exact limits of your resolution, because your committee deemed it unwise in an investigation of matters so important to the welfare of the State to enforce rigidly the technical rules of evidence to the exclusion of a broader and more liberal system of investigation; and as a consequence there was much testimony heard as to the conditions, past and present, of the live stock business at the great markets which technically would hardly be within the most exact boundaries of the resolutions; but it is believed that a more satisfactory conclusion has been reached thereby, and that the public, as well as the persons directly interested, will be more contented with the results of an investigation thus conducted.

Whereas, the price of 50 cents per head commission for the sale of cattle is manifestly nearly double a reasonable price, and

Whereas, the depressed condition of the farming and stock raising interests demand that no unreasonable or unjust restrictions should be made against them, and

Whereas, it is believed that no corporation organized under the laws of Illinois has the legal power to pass or enforce a by-law prohibiting its members from selling stock on a public market at such price as the member may desire, and has no legal power to prevent its members from buying stock on a public market from any person whatsoever; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a joint committee of five members be appointed, two from the Senate and three from the House, with full power to investigate said charges, and they are hereby invested with full power and authority to send for persons and papers, and to administer oaths and be it further

Resolved, That it is hereby made the duty of said committee to investigate such reports and ascertain whether the said Chicago Live Stock Exchange does prohibit its members from selling cattle in said stock yards for a less commission than 50 cents per head, and if so, by what authority; and if it does prohibit its members from buying from commission men who are willing to sell for a less sum than as prescribed by the rules of the exchange, and if so, by what authority it so acts, and that said committee report what legislation is needed, if any, to prevent any such combination from charging or receiving any such unreasonable commissions, and whether or not such combination of the commission men who sell other people's live stock, and the buyers is consistent with or antagonistic to the interests of the farming and stock raising interests of Illinois, and also whether such combination does not amount to a conspiracy to the detriment of the people of the State of Illinois, and be it further

Resolved, That the said committee shall have power, in their discretion, to employ a stenographer.

1. Report made to the House April 21, 1891.
2. Ordered printed April 27, 1891.

REPORT

Of the Special Joint Committee appointed to investigate the Chicago Live Stock

Exchange.

To the Honorable Clayton E. Crafts, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

Sir, The General Assembly of the State of Illinois on the 6th day of February, 1891, adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, it has been brought to the knowledge of the members of the 37th General Assembly that a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, and known as the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, is exercising the power of prohibiting the sale of cattle on the market of the Union Stock Yards in the city of Chicago for a less sum than 50 cents per head commission, and is compelling all of its members to charge not less than that sum, and prohibits its members from buying live stock from commission men and companies who charge less than 50 cents per head commission, and

Whereas, the said corporation is said to have established a boycott in said yards against any and all parties who refuse to obey its rules, by which a minimum commission is fixed, and

Whereas, it is believed that the commission men and the buyers of live stock on said Union Stock Yards market to the extent of about 500, including all of the leading buyers and members of said exchange, are acting in combination to the detriment of the interests of the feeders and sellers of live stock,

and

REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON

37th Assem.

SENATE—No. 374.

June 1891

To the Honorable the House of Representatives:

Your committee appointed as a Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 374, being a bill for "An act to provide for the participation of the State of Illinois in the World's Columbian Exposition, authorized by act of Congress of the United States to be held in the City of Chicago during the year 1893, in commemoration of the discovery of America in the year 1492, and for an appropriation to pay the cost and expense of the same," respectfully report as follows:

They recommend that the Senate concur with the House in the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth amendments, as follows, to-wit:

1. Amend section 2 after line 25 by adding the words, "Five per cent of the amount appropriated by this act shall be devoted to the encouragement of an exhibit of live stock owned in the State of Illinois."

2. Amend section 5 of the printed bill by inserting after the word "shall" in the third line of said section a comma, also the words, "Subject to the approval of the Governor."

3. Amend section 6 of the printed bill by adding the following at the end of said section in the fifteenth line: "The board of commissioners shall require from its secretary detailed reports on the first day of each calendar month of all the transactions connected with the commission for the preceding month. The report shall include a complete balance sheet to date and shall be filed each month with the Secretary of State, and shall at all times be open to the inspection of any member of the board of commissioners, and shall with the records of the board of commissioners be deemed public records."

4. Amend section 7, line 11, after the word "appropriation" to read as follows: "*And provided, further,* that in all mechanical or other labor performed

on the construction of buildings which shall be paid for out of this appropriation, eight hours shall constitute a day's labor, and the price paid for such labor shall not be less than the established minimum rate in the city of Chicago; also that all disputes arising between employers and employes shall be adjusted by arbitration."

5. Amend section 7, line 5, by striking out the word "and," and inserting in lieu thereof the following, "accompanied with itemized."

7. Amend section 8 by adding thereto, "with the approval of the Governor."

8. Amend section 9, line 7, by striking out the word "and," in said line, and inserting in lieu thereof, "accompanied with itemized."

9. Strike out the words, "not to exceed," in line 2 of section 9.

10. Amend by adding the following additional section:

Section 10. The buildings authorized by this act to be constructed and
 2 all improvements made on the grounds of the exposition with the funds
 3 provided by this act, shall remain the property of the State of Illinois until
 4 disposed of as herein provided. Before any money is drawn from the treas-
 5 ury for such buildings or improvements the city of Chicago, or the owner
 6 of the land upon which the buildings and improvements are located, shall
 7 enter into a contract with the said board of commissioners, as herein pro-
 8 vided, to the effect that such buildings, improvements and fixtures of what-
 9 ever kind shall be and remain the sole and exclusive property of the State
 10 of Illinois until disposed of as provided in this act. The said board of
 11 commissioners are hereby authorized and required to make and enter into
 12 the contract provided for herein, on the part of the State. And it shall be
 13 their duty, within one year after the final closing of the exposition, or
 14 sooner, if practicable, to dispose of said buildings, improvements and fix-
 15 tures of whatever kind, to the best advantage of the State, by making pub-
 16 lic advertisements in at least three (3) daily newspapers in the city of Chi-

17 cago having the largest circulation, fixing the time and place at which sealed
18 proposals shall be received, containing propositions to purchase said buildings
19 and improvements. At least ninety (90) days' notice shall be given of the
20 time and place at which such proposals will be received. At the time indicated
21 the proposals shall be opened in the presence of the officials aforesaid and
22 of such other persons as may be interested therein, and the proposition or
23 propositions most favorable to the State shall be accepted. The person or
24 persons whose bids are accepted shall within thirty (30) days thereafter
25 deposit the amounts required in the treasury of the State of Illinois. And
26 such person or persons shall have the right to remove such buildings and
27 improvements from the premises where they are located, and shall be entitled
28 to twelve (12) months time from the day of sale to remove the same, having
29 first deposited the purchase money in the State treasury. And neither the
30 State of Illinois, nor such person or persons, shall be required to pay to
31 the owner or lessee of the grounds on which such buildings and improve-
32 ments are located any rent or other compensation during the time required
33 for the erection of said buildings and improvements, or for the occupancy
34 of said grounds during the time required by this act for the purpose of the
35 exposition, or during the time required for the sale and removal of such
36 buildings, improvements or fixtures. The said board of commissioners may
37 reject any or all propositions made, and re-advertise as herein provided,
38 from time to time, until such proposition or propositions are made as will
39 fully compensate the State for such property. And said officials, or a
40 majority of them, are authorized to make and execute all such bills of sale
41 or conveyances as may be necessary to transfer the title of such buildings,
42 improvements and fixtures of whatever kind to the purchasers thereof, and
43 to make all needful rules and regulations for advertising and disposing of
44 the same.

And that the sixth amendment, as follows, to-wit:

6. Amend line 1 of section 7 of the printed bill by striking out the words and figures "one million dollars (\$1,000,000)," and inserting in place thereof the words and figures "seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000),

Be amended by striking out the words and figures "seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "eight hundred thousand dollars (\$800,000).

CHAS. E. FULLER,

H. H. THOMAS,

A. J. REAVILL,

Committee of the Senate.

M. McINERNEY,

WILLIAM W. WEEDON,

Committee of the House.

The undersigned begs to respectfully dissent and non-concur in the above report as to the sixth amendment.

EDWARD L. MERRITT.

MINORITY REPORT.

1. Minority report offered as a substitute for H. B. 729.
 2. Ordered printed by the House April 10, 1891.
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To the Hon. Clayton E. Crafts, Speaker of the House:

The following members of the Committee on Education, being a minority thereof, hereby dissent from the majority report of said committee just made, and beg leave to offer and hereby move the following bill as a substitute for the one reported by said majority, and move that the said majority report be not concurred in, and that the bill herein reported by the minority of said committee be ordered to a first reading.

D. S. BERRY.

E. O'CONNELL.

JOHN. H. DUNCAN.

CHARLES P. BRYAN.

F. A. ARMSTRONG.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 1 of an act entitled "An act concerning the education of children."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 1 of an act entitled "An act concerning the education of children," approved May 24, 1889, and in force July 1,

4 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That every person having under his control a child between
2 the ages of seven and fourteen years shall annually cause such child to at-
3 tend for at least sixteen weeks, at least of eight weeks of which attend-
4 ance shall be consecutive, some public school, which time shall commence
5 during the first half of the school year, or as soon thereafter as due notice
6 shall be served upon the person having such control, of his duty under this
7 act. For every such neglect of such duty, the person offending shall forfeit
8 to the use of the public schools of the city or district in which he resides,
9 a sum not less than one nor more than twenty dollars, and shall stand
10 committed until such fine and costs of suit are paid. But it shall be a
11 good defense to any action brought under this act if the person so neglect-
12 ing can prove that such child has attended for a like period of time any
13 private school, or that instruction has otherwise been given for a like
14 period of time to such child, in the branches commonly taught in the pub-
15 lic schools; or that such child has already acquired the common branches
16 of learning taught in the public schools; or that his physical or mental con-
17 dition, as declared by a competent physician, is such as to render such
18 attendance inexpedient and impracticable, then such penalty shall not be
19 incurred.

20 Such fine when collected shall be paid to the school treasurer of such
21 city or district, to be accounted for by him as other school money raised
22 for school purposes. But no school shall be regarded as a school under
23 this act unless there shall be taught therein in the English language read-
24 ing and writing: *Provided*, that this act shall not preclude the teaching of
25 any branch of learning in any other language.

1. Read first time, and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an act making appropriation for the payment of the employes of the Thirty-seventh General Assembly.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the employes of the Thirty-seventh General Assembly, at the rate of compensation allowed by law; said employes to be paid upon rolls certified to by the presiding officers of the respective houses, or as otherwise provided by law.

§ 2. Whereas, the above appropriation is necessary for the transaction of the business of the State, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Shirley, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an act entitl

“An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named,” approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That sections four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an
3 act entitled “An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest,
4 and to repeal certain acts therein named,” approved May 24, 1879, in force
5 July 1, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to
2 stipulate or agree that six (6) per cent per annum, or any less sum of inter-
3 est, shall be taken and paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100) of money
4 loaned, or in any manner due and owing from any person or corporation
5 to any other person or corporation in this State, and after that rate for a
6 greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter term, except as herein pro-
7 vided.

Section 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to
2 receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per cent upon any
3 contract, verbal or written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the
4 whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled

5 only to receive the principal sum due to such person or corporation; and all
6 contracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide for
7 interest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified, on account
8 of non-payment at maturity shall be deemed usurious, and only the princi-
9 pal sum due thereon shall be recoverable.

Section 8. When any written contract, wherever payable, shall be made
2 in] this State, or between citizens or corporations of this State, or a citizen
3 or corporation of this State and a citizen or corporation of any other State,
4 territory or country, or shall be secured by mortgage or trust deed on lands
5 in this State, such contract may bear any rate of interest allowed by law
6 to be taken or contracted for by persons or corporations in this State, or
7 which is or may be allowed by law on any contract for money due or owing
8 in this State: *Provided*, however, that such rate of interest shall not exceed
9 six (6) per cent per annum. And if any such person or corporation shall
10 contract to receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per
11 cent upon any such contract such person or corporation shall forfeit the
12 whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled
13 only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Allen January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 21 of an act entitled "An act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly.* That section 21 of an act entitled "An act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 21. As soon as the plans for the work have been determined, the commissioners shall proceed to make special assessments for benefits by classifying the lands in the district in tracts of forty acres, more or less, according to the legal or recognized subdivisions on a graduated scale, to be numbered according to the benefits to be received by the contemplated drainage. The tracts of land which will receive most and about equal benefits shall be marked one hundred (100), and such as are adjudged to receive less benefits shall be marked with a less number, denoting its per cent. of benefit. This classification, when established, as hereinafter provided, shall remain as a basis for such levy of taxes as may be needed for the lawful and proper purposes of the drainage district. In districts heretofore formed, which have made one or more levy of taxes, and a new levy

13 is required, the classification of lands on the graduated scale shall be made to
14 conform as near as may be to the former proportionate assessment; but if
15 the commissioners believe, from experience and results, that the former assess-
16 ment was not fairly adjusted on the several tracts of land according to
17 benefits, then the commissioners shall disregard the proportions of the for-
18 mer assessment and make the new classification in accordance with such
19 proportions as should have been made originally: *Provided*, that in any
20 district where a classification has once been made, and the commissioners
21 believe from experience and results that such former classification was or
22 is not fairly adjusted on the several tracts of land according to benefits,
23 which may be derived from new and additional assessments, then the
24 commissioners shall disregard such former classification, and make a new
25 classification in accordance with justice and right. When the classification
26 is completed it shall be properly tabulated, or shown by a map, or both,
27 and filed in the clerk's office for inspection.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Allen, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to regulate the charges of stock yards and enforce the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person, company
3 or corporation owning or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State,
4 where stock is bought and sold, unloaded or reloaded, to charge, collect, or
5 receive a greater rate of yardage in compensation than fifteen cents per
6 head for cattle, horses or mules, eight cents per head for any such stock
7 under one year of age, five cents per head for hogs or sheep, nor more than
8 seventy-five per cent., addition to the current market wholesale price for
9 corn, hay, straw or other material supplied by them for feeding or bed-
10 ding such animals, such sale to be by actual standard weight, and of good
11 merchantable quality.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any such person, company or cor-
2 poration to make any charges for watering or furnishing water to such
3 stock, or for counting such stock into or out of any yard pen, box car or
4 stable, or to make any shift or device by which any additional cost or
5 charges can be made for keeping, care, custody or control of said stock as
6 mentioned in section one, of this act, or make any charge for yarding when
7 stock is unloaded and reloaded without being sold.

Section 3. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions
2 of this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor

3 more than two hundred dollars for each offense, to be recovered in an
4 action of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, the amount
5 so recovered to be paid into the treasurer of the county in which the
6 offense occurs, and be placed by the county treasurer to the credit of the
7 general revenue fund of such county, but no recovery shall be had in any
8 case for any offense committed more than sixty days prior to the com-
9 mencement of this action.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of such county
2 wherein any provision or provisions of this act have been violated, to
3 institute and prosecute any and all suits upon the affidavit of the person
4 or persons aggrieved, and in case of conviction the court shall assess in
5 addition to the penalty provided in section three of this act a reasonable
6 compensation for the services of the State's Attorney.

1. Introduced by Mr. Anderson, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, referred to Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act to create a State Board of Inspection of county offices, and to prescribe their powers and duties.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be the duty of the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint a Board of Inspectors of county offices, to consist of five persons, one chief inspector and four assistant inspectors, not more than three of whom shall be of the same political party. The persons so appointed shall hold their respective offices for four years, unless removed by the Governor for cause; which removal, and the cause thereof, shall be reported by the Governor to the next General Assembly, and the vacancies so created, and all vacancies occurring otherwise shall be filled by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate: *Provided*, that appointments made when the Senate is not in session may be confirmed at its next ensuing session.

§ 2. The State Board of Inspection of county offices shall have general supervision of the annual reports provided for by this act, and shall prepare and furnish the necessary blanks to all county officers who are required to make the said annual reports. The chief inspector shall have charge of the inspection of county offices, and shall direct the work of the

5 assistant inspectors, and shall designate what counties each assistant in-
6 spector shall inspect, and may inspect county offices himself.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the chief inspector of county offices to visit, or
2 cause one of the assistant inspectors to visit, each county in the State once
3 each year, and to carefully inspect the accounts of all county officers who
4 are paid in whole or in part by the fees of their respective offices, or who
5 have the care and custody of any public funds. He shall carefully and
6 thoroughly examine the books and accounts of all such officers and ascertain
7 if the same are properly kept, and shall satisfy himself that such officers
8 charge the legal fees to which they are entitled, and no more. He shall
9 require each county officer to make a detailed annual report of all funds
10 collected and disbursed by him, and of all fees received, giving the name of
11 the person, or persons, from whom such fees were received, and the fee
12 book and page thereof wherein the same are charged, and the inspector
13 shall see that the said funds, or fees, have been correctly reported and
14 properly applied. He shall also require such officer to make a detailed
15 annual report of all fees earned by him, but which he has been unable to
16 collect, giving the name of the person, or persons, from whom such fees are
17 due, the fee book and page thereof wherein such fees are charged, and the
18 cause of his failure to collect the same. All of said reports shall be sworn
19 to by the officer making the same, before the county judge of his county.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the inspectors in making an examination of a
2 county office, to carefully examine and compare the reports required by this
3 act with the original fee books and the records in the various county
4 offices wherein such fees are charged, and account of, and vouchers for
5 public funds are kept. If the inspector finds that any such report is
6 correct, he shall so endorse it on the back thereof, but if any error or
7 discrepancy appears, he shall carefully note the same on the back of such
8 report, giving his views of the cause of such error, or discrepancy, and how
9 the same should be corrected, which he shall sign, or stamp, in his official

10 capacity, giving date of the inspection; he shall then file the report with
 11 the county clerk, whose duty it shall be to present the same to the county
 12 board at the next regular session thereof. The county board shall cause
 13 the finding of the inspector to be entered on their record of proceedings,
 14 together with their orders in the premises, all of which shall be published,
 15 in full, in the statement of the proceedings of said board. Each inspector
 16 shall keep a record of his report to the county board, on all county offices
 17 examined by him, and he shall also keep a record of all errors or discrep-
 18 ancies found in the accounts or reports of county officers, and the board
 19 shall make a biennial report thereof to the Governor.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the inspector who inspects any county office to
 2 issue to each county officer whose accounts and reports are found correct,
 3 and who has correctly reported all of the fees and emoluments of his office,
 4 a certificate, certifying that he has examined the accounts and reports of
 5 such county officer for the — year, and that he finds the same correct,
 6 and that they are approved by the inspector, which certificate shall be final
 7 and conclusive as to the condition of such officer's accounts for that year,
 8 unless it shall afterwards appear that the officer making such report has
 9 been guilty of perjury. If the inspector finds that the accounts and reports
 10 of any county officer are not correct, or that he has failed to report all of
 11 the fees and emoluments of his office, as required by law, he shall then
 12 make a detailed report, showing wherein such county officer has failed to
 13 comply with the law, which report he shall file with the county judge of
 14 the county. It shall be the duty of the county judge forthwith to notify
 15 the chairman of the county board, and to furnish him with a copy of the
 16 report of the inspector, and the chairman of the county board shall imme-
 17 diately call upon such county officer to correct his reports and make a full
 18 settlement of his accounts, as provided by law, within ten days of such
 19 demand, and if such county officer fails to comply with the demand of said
 20 chairman of the county board, within the specified time, then it shall be

21 the duty of the said chairman to forthwith convene the county board in
 22 special session, and the county board shall immediately take such measures
 23 as they may deem best to recover whatever funds, or fees, such county
 24 officer has illegally retained: *Provided*, that inspectors may permit any
 25 county officer to correct any errors in his accounts or reports, when the
 26 same are clerical, or are caused by a misunderstanding of the law, and shall
 27 then issue to such officer the certificate required by this section.

§ 6. All county officers who are paid in whole or in part by the fees of
 2 their respective offices, or who have the care and custody of any public
 3 funds, are hereby required to make all of the reports required by this act,
 4 which reports shall be in duplicate. Such reports shall be made annually,
 5 and shall show the condition of their respective offices on the 30th day of
 6 November, of each and every year; the said reports shall be made on or
 7 before the 31st day of December, annually, and shall be forwarded to the
 8 State Board of Inspectors of county offices at Springfield, without delay,
 9 by mail, the package containing the same to be duly registered. The
 10 inspectors shall have free access to all of the fee books, records and files of
 11 any and all county offices, and all county officers are hereby required to
 12 afford any inspector every facility for making a thorough examination of
 13 all county offices, which they are, by this act, required to inspect.

§ 7. If any county officer shall fail or refuse to make any of the reports
 2 required by this act, or shall hinder or obstruct the inspector in making an
 3 examination, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined
 4 not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than one thousand dol
 5 lars (\$1,000), for each and every offense, which fines may be recovered in any
 6 court of competent jurisdiction.

§ 8. Before entering upon the duties of his office, each of the said inspec
 2 tors shall make and subscribe to the following affidavit:

3 "I do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that I will support the
 4 constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of

5 Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of inspector of
6 county offices, according to the best of my ability," which affidavit shall be
7 filed with the Secretary of State.

§ 9. The compensation of the inspectors shall be—for the chief inspector
2 \$2,500 per annum, and for each of the assistant inspectors \$2,000 per
3 annum, which salary shall be paid to them in quarter-yearly installments,
4 on the warrant of the Auditor, out of any money in the treasury not
5 otherwise appropriated. The Auditor is further authorized and directed to
6 draw his warrant on the treasury for the actual and necessary traveling,
7 incidental and office expenses of said inspectors, on their vouchers sworn to
8 by them and approved by the chief inspector and by the Governor.

§ 10. The Secretary of State shall provide suitable office rooms, furniture
2 and stationary for the said Board of Inspectors of county offices.

§ 11. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this
2 act, are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Anderson January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title and ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For An Act in regard to roads in bridges, in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That whenever any persons traveling with any carriages shall meet on any turnpike, road or public highway in this State the persons so meeting shall seasonably turn their carriages to the right of the beaten track, so as to permit each carriage to pass without interfering or interrupting, under the penalty of \$5 for each and every neglect or offense, to be recovered by the party injured: *Provided*, that this section shall not be construed to apply to any case, unless some injury to persons or property shall occur by the driver of the carriage or wagon refusing to turn to the right of the beaten track, nor shall it be construed to extend to a case where it is impracticable, from the nature of the ground, for the driver of the carriage or wagon to turn to the right of the beaten track.

§ 2. No person owning any carriage running or traveling upon any road in this State, for the conveyance of passengers, shall employ or continue in employment, any person to drive such carriage, who is addicted to drunkenness, or the excessive use of spirituous liquors; and if any such owner shall violate the provisions of this section after he shall have had notice and reasonable proof that such driver is addicted to drunkenness, he shall forfeit

7 at the rate of \$5 per day for all the time during which he shall thereafter
8 have kept any such driver in his employment to be sued for by any person
9 and collected in any court having competent jurisdiction; and the court
10 may allow a portion of said penalty, not exceeding \$25, to be retained by
11 such complainant, as a compensation for his services and expenses, the bal-
12 ance to be paid into the county treasury.

§ 3. If any driver, while actually employed in driving any such carriage,
2 shall be guilty of intoxication to such a degree as to endanger the safety
3 of the passengers in the carriage, it shall be the duty of the owner of such
4 carriage, on receiving written notice of the fact, signed by any one of the
5 said passengers, and certified by him on oath, forthwith to discharge such
6 driver from his employment, and every such owner who shall retain, or
7 have in his employ, within thirty days after the receipt of such notice,
8 any driver who shall have been intoxicated, shall forfeit at the rate of \$5
9 per day for the time during which he shall keep any such driver in his
10 employment, after receiving such notice, to be sued for and applied as
11 directed in section two (2) of this act.

§ 4. No person driving any carriage upon any turnpike, road or public
2 highway within this State, with or without passengers therein, shall run his
3 horses or carriage, or permit the same to run, upon any occasion, or for any
4 purpose whatever, except in case of necessity; and every person who shall offend
5 against the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misde-
6 meanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be fined not exceeding \$100, or im-
7 prisoned not exceeding sixty days, at the discretion of the court.

§ 5. It shall not be lawful for the driver of any carriage used for the
2 purpose of conveying passengers for hire, to leave the horses attached there-
3 to, while passengers remain therein, without making such horses fast with a
4 sufficient halter, rope or chain, or by placing the lines in the hands of some
5 other person, so as to prevent their running; and if any such driver shall
6 offend against the provisions of this section, he shall forfeit the sum of \$20,

7 to be recovered by action to be commenced within six months, and unless
8 the amount of such recovery be paid forthwith, execution shall be immediately
9 issued therefor.

§ 6. The owner of every carriage running upon any turnpike, road or
2 public highway, for the conveyance of passengers, shall be liable, jointly
3 or severally, to the party injured, in all cases, for all injuries or damages
4 done by any person in the employment of such owners as a driver, while
5 driving such carriage, to any person, or to the property of any person, and
6 that whenever the act occasioning such injury or damage be willful, negli-
7 gent or otherwise, in the same manner as such driver would be liable.
8 Any driver of any mail stage coach, or any other vehicle for the convey-
9 ance of passenger, willfully offending against the provisions of this act shall
10 be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be
11 fined not exceeding \$300, or imprisoned not exceeding four months.

§ 7. The term "carriage," as used in this act, shall be construed to in-
2 clude stage coaches, wagons, carts, sleighs, sleds, and every other carriage
3 or vehicle used for the transportation of passengers or goods, or either of
4 them.

§ 8. Nothing contained in this act shall interfere with or affect any law con-
2 cerning hackney coaches or carriages in any of the cities of this State, nor in-
3 terfere with or affect the law or ordinances of any such city for the licens-
4 ing or regulating such coaches or carriages. Justices of the peace shall have
5 jurisdiction in all cases arising under this act, where the penalty does not
6 exceed \$200.

§ 9. All roads within this State which have been laid out in pursuance of
2 any law of this State, or of the Territory of Illinois, or which have been
3 established by dedication or used by the public as a highway for twenty
4 years, and which have not been vacated, in pursuance of law, are hereby
5 declared to be public highways.

§ 10. No new road shall be opened by order of the county board unless

2 the same shall be applied for by at least twenty-five voters residing within
3 five miles of the road proposed to be laid out or altered. Such applicants
4 shall deposit with the county clerk a sufficient sum of money to pay the
5 viewing. If the report of the persons appointed to view such road be in
6 favor of establishing the road, the money so deposited shall be returned to
7 the persons who deposited the same; but if the report be unfavorable, the
8 expense of the view shall be paid out of the money so deposited.

§ 11. It shall be the duty of the county board, upon the presentation of
2 the petition for the location or relocation of a road, to inquire into the
3 manner in which the same was gotten up, if signed by the individuals
4 through whose land the same may pass, as far as practicable, and require
5 proof, and be satisfied that the notices required by law of such intended
6 application have been given, in view that the owners of lands which may
7 be damaged shall have notice thereof.

§ 12. When a new road shall be applied for, as aforesaid, the county board
2 shall, if, in their opinion, the public good and convenience require it,
3 appoint three disinterested persons to view the ground proposed for the
4 same; and if, after such view, the viewers shall believe the road applied
5 for to be necessary, taking into consideration the expense of constructing
6 the same and its utility to the public, they shall proceed to locate and
7 establish the same on the nearest and most eligible route, from point to
8 point given, having due regard to private property, causing the same to be
9 surveyed, designating its course through prairies and improved land by
10 fixing stakes in the ground, and through timbered land by marking trees,
11 and shall make report thereof to the next county board; but, after the view,
12 if they deem such road unnecessary or improper to be made, they shall
13 report their opinion to that effect to the next session of said board.

§ 13. Viewers in locating a road, shall ascertain, as far as practicable,
2 where damages will be claimed, and report the names of individuals claim-
3 ing the same to the county board, at the time of making their report. It

4 shall be incumbent on such owners of property, by themselves or agents, to
 5 inform the board, at the term at which the road viewers shall report their
 6 claims for damages; and no damages shall be allowed, unless claim be made
 7 to the county board as aforesaid, or to the supervisor, commissioner or su-
 8 perintendent, appointed to open the road, as provided by law. After a road
 9 shall be opened, and no claim for damages being set up, the State or county
 10 shall not be liable for any damages whatever.

§ 14. Whenever it shall be represented to the county board, by petition
 2 of thirty-five voters, that a public road established by said board, or any part
 3 thereof, is useless or burdensome, the said board, upon a sufficient sum of
 4 money being deposited with the clerk to pay the expenses of a review, (such
 5 money to be returned if the road shall be declared useless), shall appoint
 6 three suitable and disinterested persons to view the same, who shall report
 7 to said board, at the next term after such appointment, whether such road
 8 be useless and burdensome, together with their reason for such opinion;
 9 and the county commissioners may then order said road to be vacated, if,
 10 in their opinion and discretion, they shall deem such order proper: *Province,*
 11 that no petition praying for the establishment or vacation of a public road
 12 shall be received by said board, unless the same petitioners, or some of them,
 13 shall have given twenty days' public notice of such application, by a written
 14 notice, posted up in the most public place in each road district through
 15 which the road, or proposed road, shall pass, and a like notice, particularizing
 16 the route and important points, on the door of the court house, and of the
 17 county clerk's office, should it be kept in a separate building.

§ 15. Whenever a new road shall be located, the county board shall im-
 2 mediately cause the supervisors of each district through which such road
 3 shall pass, to be notified of such location; and it shall be the duty of such
 4 supervisors to open such road within their respective districts, and keep the
 5 same in repair, so far as the labor of the persons bound to work on said road
 6 shall enable them; and if such labor be insufficient, the county commission-

7 ers shall cause the same to be cut out and opened at the expense of the
8 county, whenever, in their opinion, the funds of the county will justify such
9 expense; and after being so opened the same shall be kept in repair by the
10 supervisors, as in other cases: *Provided*, that no new road shall be considered
11 located nor opened until the costs of condemning the land for such road
12 shall have been ascertained, as provided in section twenty-three of this
13 act, and paid.

§ 16. Roads for private and public use of the width of three rods, or
2 less, may be laid out from the dwelling or plantation of an individual to
3 any public road, or from one public road to another, or from a lot of land
4 to the highway, on petition to the county board, by any person directly
5 interested, setting forth in writing a description of the road, the names
6 of the owners of the lands, if known, and if not known it shall be so
7 stated, over which the road is to pass, and the point at which it is to
8 terminate. The petitioner or petitioners shall also give to each person
9 residing in the county, over whose land such cartway is desired to pass, at
10 least twenty days' notice of the intention to present such petition, and
11 shall also, twenty days before the time for the presentation of such petition,
12 post such notice on the court house door in such county. The serving and
13 posting of such notice may be proved by affidavit of the person serving or
14 posting the same, or by other legal evidence. There shall also be deposited
15 with the county clerk a sufficient sum of money to pay for the viewing and
16 surveying such cartway. The county board may, after hearing the objections
17 to such petition, if any, appoint three disinterested freeholders to view the
18 same, and if such viewers, or a majority of them, shall be of opinion that
19 the prayer of such petitioner or petitioners should be granted they shall
20 cause a survey and a plat of such cartway to be made by a competent
21 surveyor, who shall report such survey and plat, giving the causes and
22 distances, and specifying the land over which the said cartway is to pass.
23 And if, after hearing the objections to such report, if any, the board shall

24 be of opinion that such cartway is necessary and right, an order shall be
 25 made establishing the same: *Provided*, that if any owner of land shall
 26 object to the opening of such cartway, the same shall not be opened by the
 27 person or persons desiring the same, until such owner objecting shall be
 28 paid all the damages to be sustained by the opening thereof, and in case
 29 the parties cannot agree on the amount of damages, the same shall be as-
 30 certained by a jury as in other cases, and the damages be paid on final
 31 decision, or a sufficient sum deposited with the county clerk for that
 32 purpose, the petitioner or petitioners, their heirs and assigns shall have
 33 the right to open such cartway, and the same shall be kept open for public
 34 use: *Provided*, that if such cartway shall not be opened by the petitioner
 35 or petitioners, their heirs or assigns, the full width established, within two
 36 years from the time of making the order for the location of the same, such
 37 order shall be regarded as rescinded: *And, provided also*, that if such peti-
 38 tioner or petitioners, their heirs or assigns, shall fail to keep such cartway in
 39 sufficient repair for use as such, or shall suffer the same to become useless,
 40 or when such road or cartway shall no longer be necessary, then the right
 41 of way thereto shall revert to the owner or owners of the freehold. And
 42 the board may, upon the petition of such owner or owners, enter an order
 43 vacating such cartway. An appeal may be taken from the final order of
 44 such board, either in establishing or vacating such cartway, within such
 45 time and upon such terms as the board may direct.

§ 17. Whenever any person or persons desire a change or relocation of any
 2 State or county road now located, notice of such intended application shall
 3 be given by putting up advertisements, in writing, at least one in each
 4 road district through which said road shall pass, and on the court house
 5 door, twenty days previous to session of the county board to which applica-
 6 tion shall be made; and on the petition of thirty-five qualified voters living
 7 immediately in the vicinity of such road, the board shall appoint three
 8 viewers to examine and make the necessary relocation. They shall carefully

9 view the road as located and the ground for the proposed route, and being
 10 of the opinion that the public good requires an alteration, in view of ob-
 11 taining a more suitable place to erect a bridge over a stream, wind a hill,
 12 avoid a swamp, expensive work, or where the road greatly damages an indi-
 13 vidual, and can be varied without material damage to the public, in such
 14 cases alterations may be made; and a majority of said viewers being of that
 15 opinion, they shall cause a survey and relocation to be made, returning to
 16 the county board a plat, with the courses and distances of the road as es-
 17 tablished. But if they consider an alteration not necessary, they shall so
 18 report, and the board may confirm and accept the report, or take such further
 19 action thereon as to them may seem right. In like manner any State road
 20 now established, which may be considered useless or burdensome, on notice,
 21 or petition, view and report to that effect, as required in this section in case
 22 of an alteration, the same may be annulled and vacated.

§ 18. When it shall become necessary to have a State or county road now
 2 located and established, altered, relocated or vacated at a county line, or a
 3 new road laid out, the same being petitioned for and notice given as required
 4 in the preceding section, the same shall be agreed upon by reviewers from
 5 each county, to be appointed by the counties immediately interested; and
 6 no road shall be altered at a county line or elsewhere, unless a majority of
 7 the viewers appointed agree on such change or alteration: *Provided*, that no
 8 application shall be voted upon or viewers appointed, as contemplated in
 9 the preceding sections, unless the petitioners deposit money sufficient to pay
 10 the reviewers in case an unfavorable report be made, to be refunded should
 11 the road be located, altered or vacated as petitioned for. In case of a disa-
 12 greement in the location or alteration of any road crossing a county line,
 13 by the county authorities, either county may appeal to the circuit court of
 14 their county, which court shall hear and determine the case, grant a review,
 15 appoint reviewers, and make such order therein as shall seem right in the
 16 establishment of the road in dispute.

§ 19. In all cases where a petition is presented to the county board
2 praying for a change, alteration, location or vacation of a county road, as
3 provided for in this act, if there shall be remonstrances presented against
4 granting the same, it shall be the duty of said board to give due consideration
5 both to the petition and remonstrance, and grant or refuse the prayer of
6 said petitioners as in their discretion shall be just and proper.

§ 20. All roads shall be surveyed, and a plat, with the courses and
2 distances thereof, returned with the report of the viewers to the board of
3 county commissioners, which shall be recorded and filed. The county board,
4 on the return of the report and plat, shall determine and establish on record
5 the width of the road, making the main leading roads four rods wide, and
6 no other roads less than fifty feet, except where a less width is prayed for
7 in the petition, in which case the board of county commissioners may fix
8 the width at less than fifty feet, but not less than thirty feet.

§ 21. In the location and alteration of all roads it shall be the duty of
2 the viewers to make the same as direct as the ground and circumstances
3 will allow, particularly the main leading roads. Previous to entering upon
4 their duties, they shall be sworn before some officer authorized to administer
5 oaths, that they will faithfully, impartially and to the best of their judgment
6 discharge the duties incumbent on them as road viewers, under the law
7 and appointment of the board.

§ 22. County surveyors may act as road viewers in their respective
2 counties, without further qualification, and may administer the proper oath of
3 office to other road viewers who may be associated with them, or other-
4 wise.

§ 23. In cases where a public road or cartway shall have been or may be
2 authorized by law to be laid out, or constructed, in any county in this
3 State not under township organization, and the same is required to pass
4 over land belonging to any company, corporation or individual, and the
5 owner or owners are incapable in law of contracting, or do not agree with

6 the commissioner, superintendent or supervisor authorized to construct the
7 said road, on the amount of damages relating to said owner or owners,
8 by reason of the opening and construction of said road, it shall be lawful
9 for said commissioner, supervisor or superintendent to make application to
10 the nearest justice of the peace, in the precinct where said land is situated,
11 for a jury to assess such damages. Said justice shall thereupon issue his
12 summons directed to any constable of said county, commanding him to
13 summon such owners to appear before him at a time and place to be specified
14 in said summons, not less than five nor more than fifty days from the
15 date thereof, for the purpose of having such damage assessed. Said summons
16 shall be under the hand of said justice, and shall be served as now, or
17 hereafter may be provided by law, for the service of summons in civil
18 actions before justices of the peace. At the same time said justice shall
19 issue a venire to said constable, commanding him to summon a jury of six
20 freeholders of said county, to appear before him on the day when said
21 summons is returnable, to assess the said damages. On the return day of
22 said summons (unless good cause is shown for a continuance) the said
23 justice shall proceed to impanel said jury, who shall be sworn to faithfully
24 and impartially assess and report the damages which such owner or owners
25 may sustain by reason of the construction of said road. The said jury
26 shall hear any competent evidence in regard to said damages offered by
27 either party, and the impaneling of said jury, and the proceedings before
28 said justice and jury shall be in all respects as in other civil cases before
29 justices of the peace, except that upon demand of either party the said
30 jury shall personally examine the land damaged. The same jury may
31 assess the damages of any and all of the owners of lands over which the
32 said road shall pass, if agreed upon by the parties. The jury shall return
33 to said justice, a written verdict, specifying the amount of damages to
34 be paid to the owner or owners, and the justice shall enter the same,
35 together with the other proceedings, upon his docket, and shall also ente-

36 judgment upon his docket. In case the owner or owners of such lands is a
 37 minor, a lunatic or insane person, the summons shall also include the name
 38 of the guardian or conservator, if there be one. If the owner is a non-resi-
 39 dent of the county, then the said justice, upon the return of said
 40 summons "not found" shall continue the said cause, for not more than
 41 thirty days, and shall post three notices in three of the most public places
 42 in said precinct, and one upon the door of the court house of said county,
 43 which notice shall give the time and place when the assessment herein-
 44 before provided shall be made, and shall be posted at least twenty days
 45 before the time fixed for said assessment. Said justice shall also forward a
 46 copy of said notice, by mail, to said owner or owners, if his or their
 47 residence be known to him. Appeals may be taken to the circuit court
 48 from the assessment of juries, and the judgment entered thereon, by either
 49 party, in the same manner as appeals are, or may be taken from
 50 justices of the peace in civil cases. All cases of public roads under the
 51 provisions of this act, shall be docketed "The county of.....vs.....
 52 (the owner or owners of the land)," and whenever the county board shall
 53 desire to take an appeal, the chairman or presiding officer of said county
 54 board shall execute the bond for and on behalf of the county. In case of
 55 cartways, or private roads, all cases shall be docketed, the petitioners as
 56 plaintiffs, and the owner or owners of the land as defendant, and the
 57 plaintiffs shall execute bond on appeal. Upon payment or tender of the
 58 amount of damages awarded by the verdict of the jury to the owner or
 59 owners of land damaged, the guardian, if such owner is a minor, the con-
 60 servator if such person is an insane person, or to the county treasurer,
 61 if the owner is a non-resident of the county, or incapable in law, to receive
 62 said money, the said road may be opened by the proper authority, and the
 63 title of the land vested in the public for the uses specified in the petition:
 64 *Provided*, that in case of an appeal, the opening and construction of the
 65 road shall not be delayed thereby, nor shall the title of the land vested i

66 the public, for the use specified in the petition, until payment or tender
 67 shall be made, as above provided, of the amount of damages which shall
 68 be awarded by the final judgment of the court. The costs of all proceed-
 69 ings before the justice shall be borne by the county in case of a public
 70 road, and by the person petitioning, in case of a private road or cartway.
 71 If the owner of the land appeal, and the assessment made by the jury be
 72 not increased in the circuit court, then such owner shall pay all costs of
 73 appeal. If the county, or petitioner for a cartway appeal from any assess-
 74 ment by a jury before a justice of the peace, and the county, or such
 75 petitioner, do not reduce said assessment, the county or such petitioner
 76 shall pay all costs of appeal: *Provided*, that it shall be in the power of the
 77 county board or petitioner, in case of a cartway, after final judgment, in
 78 case of a public road or cartway, to abandon all proceedings in and about
 79 said road or cartway, if they, or he, deem the damages too great.

§ 24. If any person shall obstruct any public or private road by felling a
 2 tree or trees across the same, or by encroaching upon or fencing up the
 3 same (except for the purpose of raising a hedge, in which case not more than
 4 one-fourth of the width of the road shall be occupied for such purpose), or
 5 by placing any other obstruction, or depositing any garbage or other offensive
 6 matter therein, he shall forfeit for any such offense a sum not exceeding
 7 \$10, and a sum not exceeding \$3 for every day he shall suffer such obstruc-
 8 tion to remain, after he shall have been ordered to remove the same by any
 9 supervisor, county commissioner or justice of the peace; and if any person
 10 shall purposely destroy or injure any bridge or causeway, or remove any of
 11 the timber or planks thereof, or destroy or deface any guide board, post or
 12 mile stone, or any notice put up by order of the county board, on any
 13 public or private road, or dig any drain or ditch across a public or private
 14 road, such person so offending shall be indicted or sued before a justice of
 15 the peace, and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than \$5 nor
 16 more than \$100, except bridges, which shall be double the value thereof, and

17 for burning a bridge, to be punished agreeably to the criminal code:
18 *Provided, however,* that this section shall not be construed to extend to any
19 person who shall lawfully cut down any timber for rails, firewood or other
20 purposes, and who shall immediately remove the same out of the road, nor
21 to any person through whose land a road shall run, who shall dig a ditch
22 or drain across such road and keep the same in good repair.

§ 25. If any person or persons shall obstruct any public or private road
2 in the manner provided in section 24 of this act, the penalty provided for
3 in said section may be recovered either by an indictment or in an action of
4 debt, before any justice of the peace of the county in which the offense was
5 committed, which action may be brought upon the complaint on information
6 of any person who may complain, for the use and benefit of the county.

§ 26. If any person shall impair any public or private road by plowing or
2 turning a current of water so as to saturate or wash the same, he shall
3 forfeit and pay a fine, for the first offense \$5, and for the second offense
4 \$10; and at that rate for every additional offense; which fines shall be collected
5 either before a justice of the peace or by indictment in the circuit court, as
6 now provided by law.

§ 27. If any person shall ride, lead or drive any wagon, carriage, dray,
2 cart or other vehicle or conveyance, or any horse, mare, mule or ox or other
3 animal, over, on or across any public bridge, or any bridge used by the
4 public, within the limits of this State, faster than a walk, he shall forfeit
5 and pay for each offense the sum of \$5, which penalty shall be collected,
6 either before a justice of the peace or by indictment in the circuit court,
7 as is provided by the last preceding section: *Provided,* that this act shall
8 not apply to bridges of less than twenty-four feet span.

§ 28. The county boards of the several counties in this State, not under
2 township organization, shall have and are hereby vested with general super-
3 intendence over the public roads within their respective counties, and are

4 hereby authorized to cause new roads to be located and made, and to alter
5 or vacate public roads within their respective counties, in the manner in this
6 act provided and pointed out.

§ 29. The county board in counties not under township organization, of
2 each county, shall at their December session, or as soon thereafter as may be
3 in each and every year, lay out and divide their respective counties into
4 such road districts as they may deem convenient and proper, defining
5 accurately the boundaries of said districts; and they shall appoint one
6 supervisor in each district, who shall serve one year and continue in office
7 until a successor shall be appointed: *Provided*, that the county boards of
8 all counties not under township organization shall, at their first meeting
9 after the passage of this act, appoint supervisors and divide their respective
10 counties into road districts, as contemplated in this section.

§ 30. It shall be the duty of the county clerk in counties not under
2 township organization to make out and deliver to the sheriff, written
3 notices to all supervisors as aforesaid, within ten days after such
4 appointment has been made, informing them of their said appointment,
5 describing the bounds of their respective districts, and the roads therein;
6 and the said sheriff shall immediately deliver the said notices to the
7 persons to whom the same shall be directed, respectively; and if any such
8 supervisor shall refuse to accept his said appointment, the sheriff shall
9 return the said notice to the clerk who issued the same, noting such refusal
10 on the back thereof. But if the said supervisor shall agree to accept the
11 same, such supervisor shall, within fifteen days thereafter, return to
12 the county clerk a list of the names of all persons residing within the
13 road district liable to be taxed for road purposes; and the said sheriff
14 shall notify the said clerk of such acceptance. And the said sheriff shall,
15 in all cases, make return of acceptance or refusal within twenty days
16 after the delivery to him of the notice, aforesaid. For any failure on the
17 part of the clerk to make out and deliver to the sheriff any one of the

18 notices required by this section he shall be fined in the sum of \$10; and
19 the sheriff shall incur the same penalty for a failure to deliver any one
20 of said notices, in the manner and within the periods herein prescribed:
21 *Provided*, that the supervisors shall not be required to make such return
22 of tax payers, unless the county board shall so order, at a regular meeting
23 of the said board: *Provided further*, that any board of county commissioners
24 are hereby authorized and empowered to open and keep in good repair
25 all public highways in their respective counties, and to build and keep in
26 repair all bridges, either by taxation in whole or in part, or by labor in
27 part and taxation in part, as they may elect.

§ 31. When any person shall refuse to accept the appointment as
2 supervisor, or after having accepted the same, shall fail to perform the
3 duties thereof, he shall be fined \$5, to be appropriated to road purposes:
4 *Provided*, that the county board may excuse any supervisor from the
5 payment of said fine, upon being satisfied that such person ought not to
6 have been appointed. The county board shall have power, at any time, to
7 remove from office any supervisor who shall fail or refuse to perform his
8 duty, and all vacancies shall be filled at the session of the board at which
9 any removal shall be made, or vacancy occur.

§ 32. It shall be the duty of such supervisor to cause all public roads within
2 his district to be kept well cleared, smooth and in good repair, causing all
3 stumps to be cut low, so as to afford at all times a free and safe passage to
4 wagons and other carriages along said road; to prevent thistles, burdock,
5 cockle burs, gypsum and all other noxious weeds from growing upon the
6 public highways, and to extirpate the same, so far as practicable; to cause
7 bridges and causeways to be made wherever the same shall be necessary,
8 and to keep the same in repair, and cause to be erected and kept in
9 repair, at the forks or crossing place of every public road, a post and guide
10 boards, with plain inscriptions thereon, in letters and figures, giving the

11 direction and distances to the most noted places to which said roads may
12 lead.

§ 33. Whenever any public road shall be obstructed by falling timber, or
2 in any other manner, and when any bridge or causeway shall be destroyed,
3 or become impassable or dangerous to travelers, it shall be the duty of the
4 supervisor to cause such obstruction to be removed, and to have such bridges
5 or causeways rebuilt or repaired; and for that purpose he shall call out the
6 persons bound to labor on the roads in his district, or as many of them as
7 may be necessary; but if the persons bound to perform such labor in his
8 district shall have previously performed the number of days' work required
9 by this act, or if the labor due from such persons shall not be sufficient, he
10 shall then proceed to hire as many laborers and teams as may be necessary
11 to remove such obstruction or repair such damages: *Provided*, that the cost
12 thereof shall not exceed \$10; and if the cost of such work shall be estimated
13 by said supervisor to exceed \$10, then he shall report such obstruction or
14 damage to any one or more of the county commissioners, whose duty it shall
15 be immediately to cause such obstruction to be removed, or such bridge or
16 causeway to be rebuilt or repaired, as the case may be, either by ordering
17 the supervisor to hire laborers and teams for that purpose, or making a
18 contract with some fit person or persons as they may deem best; and all
19 moneys required to carry any of the provisions of this section into effect
20 shall be paid out of the county treasury, on the order of the county board.

§ 34. The county boards of the several counties in this State not under
2 township organization, shall at the December session annually, fix and cause
3 to be entered upon the records of their boards, a certain number of days
4 not exceeding five, nor less than two, that each and every able-bodied man
5 between the ages of twenty one and fifty years shall labor upon some public
6 road within the county during the year. And the said board may, in their
7 discretion, order the supervisors of the several districts to apply not
8 exceeding one half of such labor tax to the destruction of noxious weeds

9 growing upon the public highway in their respective districts; and it shall
10 be the duty of the county clerk to certify the number of days fixed, as
11 aforesaid, and all orders of the county board, in the notice to each super-
12 visor appointed in the county.

§ 35. The county board in counties not under township organization, in
2 addition to the work required in the foregoing section (34), shall at the Septem-
3 ber session, annually, assess a road tax of not more than twenty-five cents
4 on each one hundred dollars worth of taxable property, real and personal,
5 or either, within their counties; and a column in the tax books shall
6 designate the amount of such road tax due from each person, from whom
7 the same is to be collected; which tax shall be collected by the collector as
8 other county revenue, and paid into the treasury in like manner; and the
9 county board shall appropriate the same on roads and bridges within the
10 road district from which said taxes may be collected, or so much of it as
11 the supervisor of said district shall deem necessary to keep the roads and
12 bridges of such road district in good repair; and all overplus, if there be
13 any, shall be paid into the county treasury. The county board shall also,
14 at the same time, assess a road and bridge tax of not more than twenty-five
15 cents on each one hundred dollars worth of taxable property, real or
16 personal, or either, within their counties; which road and bridge tax shall
17 be extended, collected and paid into the county treasury in the same manner
18 as is provided for the assessment and collection of road tax by this section.
19 The county board shall appropriate the road and bridge tax to the building
20 and repairing of bridges and the purchase of necessary tools, implements
21 and machinery for working the roads, to be distributed to the various road
22 districts by the county board.

§ 36. It shall be the duty of each supervisor, after having been notified
2 of his appointment, as provided in section 30 of this act, to fix upon a day,
3 or days, for working the roads in his district. The supervisor shall have
4 the power to distribute the road labor of his district to different times

5 during the year. He shall notify each person subject to road labor in his
6 district of the number of days' labor due from such person for the year; of
7 the day or days fixed on by him for working the roads; the number of
8 days' labor such person is at the time required to perform; the place, day
9 and hour of meeting to commence such labor, and what kind of tools to
10 bring; which notice shall be given by the supervisor verbally, or by written
11 or printed notice, or by a person appointed by the supervisor to give such
12 notice; in which latter case the notice shall be written or printed and
13 signed by the supervisor. Such notice shall be given at least three days
14 before commencing such road labor. Any person neglecting or failing to
15 attend at the time and place indicated in the notice, and to do and perform
16 the number of days' work due from him on the roads as may be stated in
17 such notice—after having been notified as above required—either by him-
18 self, or a substitute equally as able as himself, shall be accounted a
19 delinquent road laborer, and shall pay to the supervisor the sum of one
20 dollar and fifty cents for each day he may be delinquent in such road
21 labor. If any person, while discharging his road labor, be idle, or do not
22 work diligently, or be turbulent, or interrupt or hinder other hands, or
23 disobey the supervisor, power is hereby given, and it shall be the duty of
24 the supervisor, to discharge such person from the road, and for the residue of
25 the time with which he is chargeable he shall pay to the road supervisor
26 the rate of one dollar and fifty cents per day. If any person, owing road
27 labor shall fail to perform the same, after he shall have been notified, as
28 provided by this act, or who has been discharged by the supervisor for
29 cause mentioned in this act, and shall neglect or refuse to pay the amount
30 required to be paid by this act for non performance of such road labor, he
31 shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$50, and not less than double the
32 amount which shall appear to be due from him for such road labor. It
33 shall be the duty of the road supervisor, within six days after default has
34 been made by such delinquent road laborer, to make complaint, under oath,

35 before any justice of the peace in his county, against such person, as a
 36 delinquent road laborer—unless good reason be shown why such complaint
 37 should not be made—and such justice of the peace shall thereupon issue
 38 his warrant to any constable of his county against such delinquent road
 39 laborer, and shall, upon his arrest, proceed to hear and determine the cause
 40 according to law: *Provided*, that such delinquent road laborer may be
 41 discharged from custody upon paying the costs of suit and entering into
 42 bond, with a good and sufficient security, in double the amount of such
 43 fine, to be approved by the justice of the peace, conditioned that such
 44 delinquent road laborer shall, within thirty days from the date thereof,
 45 discharge such fine in money, or in road labor under the direction of the
 46 supervisor. All moneys collected under the provisions of this act shall be
 47 paid to the supervisor, and reported by the supervisor to the county board,
 48 and shall be applied, by order of the county board, in the road districts
 49 entitled thereto.

§ 37. The number of days in which labor shall be performed being fixed
 2 upon and certified to the supervisor, he shall notify each person in his
 3 district, subject to road labor, of the time when and place where to attend
 4 and work as required, and the proper tools to bring; such labor to be per-
 5 formed by the principal or a substitute equally able as himself, working
 6 at least eight hours per day; and if such person shall spend the day in
 7 idleness, be turbulent or disorderly, or disobey the supervisor, he may be
 8 discharged from the road, and the supervisor shall collect from him at the
 9 rate of \$1.50 per day for the balance of the time for which labor is due:
 10 *Provided*, that all money collected by supervisors shall be disbursed on some
 11 road within their district.

§ 38. When any city, town or village has, or may become, incorporated
 2 under a special law, or under a general law authorizing cities, towns and
 3 villages to become incorporated, no requisition in labor or money from the
 4 citizens thereof on property within said corporation, shall be required to

5 improve roads in the county different from the grant in the charter, but
 6 they shall be required to work and pay a tax to improve the streets and
 7 roads, and such improvements as shall be specified in the charter, or within
 8 the limits of the incorporation, so long as the charter or incorporation shall
 9 remain in full force. In all towns and villages not incorporated, the citizens
 10 thereof shall contribute in labor and by tax, when assessed by the county
 11 board of the county, in improving the streets of the town or village
 12 and the public roads of the road district, including the same, under the
 13 supervisor.

§ 39. The supervisors may sue, in the name of the county, for all labor
 2 or money due under the provisions of this act, from each person residing
 3 within their respective districts, which labor or money remains unpaid after
 4 ~~4~~⁵ notice shall have been given, and a failure to settle the same, as provided
 5 in the foregoing sections; and having collected the same, they shall without
 6 unnecessary delay, disburse the money to the best advantage on the public
 7 roads in the districts to which said labor or money properly belong. In
 8 all cases the supervisor shall be a competent witness in suits brought as
 9 above stated. An appeal may be taken to the circuit court by either party,
 10 as in other appeals from justices of the peace.

§ 40. Supervisors are hereby authorized to bring suits before any justice
 2 of the peace of the county to recover any and all sums due for road labor,
 3 fines, forfeitures, or other penalties imposed by this act, which are intended
 4 to come into the hands of such supervisors for road purposes, and to
 5 collect, disburse, and account for the same, suing in the name of the
 6 county.

§ 41. All suits, actions and proceedings necessary to be had on any right
 2 or cause of action for failure to perform road labor, or pay fines,
 3 forfeitures, or other penalties imposed by this act, or to enforce any con-
 4 tract or promise in reference to the opening or repairing of public roads,
 5 shall be had in the corporate name of the county wherein the right of

6 action occurred: *Provided*, that no suit shall be dismissed, on account of
 7 informality in the name of the plaintiff, but the court may, on application
 8 permit the record to be so amended as to place the name of the proper
 9 plaintiff on record.

§ 42. Every supervisor shall collect all labor tax or other dues, and close
 2 the work by the first Monday of December, annually; all grading shall be
 3 done before the first of September in each year, and no new road work, not
 4 absolutely necessary, shall be commenced after that date.

§ 43. At the December session, annually, of the county board, each
 2 supervisor shall make, under oath, a report showing the whole number of
 3 days work that has been done in his district during the year, by whom
 4 done, the amount of money by him received, from whom received, and on
 5 what account received, due on roads, the amount paid out by him in
 6 constructing roads, with the vouchers accompanying; at which session he
 7 shall make a settlement with the board, and if a balance should appear in
 8 his hands, the same shall be disbursed in the district or added to the
 9 general road fund, as the county board shall order.

§ 44. The supervisors of the road districts are hereby authorized to enter
 2 upon any land adjacent to any highway in their respective districts for the
 3 purpose of opening any ditch, whenever it shall be necessary to open a
 4 watercourse from any highway to the natural watercourses; and to dig,
 5 open and clean ditches upon said land for the purpose of carrying off the
 6 water from said highways; or to drain any slough or pond on said highways:
 7 *Provided*, that unless the owner of such land, or his agents, shall first con-
 8 sent to the cutting of such ditches, the supervisor shall apply to any justice
 9 of the peace of the county in which such road is situated for a summons,
 10 directed to any constable of said county, commanding him to summons the
 11 said owner to appear before the said justice, at a time and place specified
 12 in such summons, not less than five nor more than fifteen days from the
 13 date thereof, for the purpose of having the damages assessed which such

owner may sustain by reason of the digging or opening of such ditches or drains. The said summons shall be under the hand of such justice, and be served in the same manner as summons is now served in civil actions before justices of the peace. On the return of such summons, a venire, if required by either party, shall be issued for a jury, as in other cases, which jury shall assess such damages, and render a verdict therefor, which shall be final and conclusive of the amount of damages sustained by such person, and the amount so awarded shall be paid out of the county treasury, on the order of the commissioners. And the supervisor shall be warranted, and he is hereby empowered to enter such lands, and dig, open and clean such drains, ditches and watercourses, as aforesaid, for the purposes contemplated in this act; and he is further authorized to use and employ the road labor and money of his district for such purposes: *Provided*, that in case the owner of said lands is a non-resident, service may be had by leaving a copy with the occupant or agent, or by notice in the same manner as prescribed in proceedings for opening roads.

§ 45. Supervisors are hereby authorized to hire teams to do the necessary hauling, plowing, and scraping or grading, to contract for material for building bridges, causeways, erecting guide-boards, for repairing graders, scrapers, plows and other implements, and repairing roads in discharge of labor tax due; and so far as funds shall come into their possession, procuring said teams, materials, implements and work on the best possible terms; but all contracts made under this section, exceeding in amount \$10, shall be first approved, or ordered by the county board: *Provided*, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the supervisors from expending within their road districts the road labor, or money collected in lieu thereof.

§ 46. Any supervisor who neglects to keep the roads in his district in good repair, agreeably to the provisions of this act, or fails to perform any other duty herein required, shall be liable to indictment, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not less than \$5 and not exceeding \$50, to

5 be expended on some road within the district of such supervisor.

§ 47. It shall be the duty of the supervisors to take good care of the
2 graders, scrapers, plows and all other implements belonging to the county
3 in their charge; and not to lend the same unless to aid in constructing public
4 roads within the county. Any person who shall violate the provisions of
5 this section shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than \$3 or more than
6 \$10.

§ 48. Each and every supervisor shall call out his hands and do a portion,
2 at least one-half, of the labor due, by the first of July in each year, in
3 putting the roads in good repair, and grading the same where most needed.
4 All poll tax not worked out on or before the first day of July, annually,
5 shall thereafter only be worked out in destroying noxious weeds growing
6 upon the public highways, under the direction of the supervisor. Super-
7 visors may appoint one or more persons to warn out hands, and make an
8 allowance therefor out of the poll tax due from such person.

§ 40. Every person able to work on the public roads, shall work the
2 whole number of days which has been assessed by the county board; but
3 every such person may elect to commute for the same or any part thereof,
4 at the rate of one dollar per day; in which case such commutation money
5 shall be paid to the supervisor of the road district in which the person
6 commuting shall reside, and shall be paid at the time that he shall be
7 notified to appear and work out said poll tax.

§ 50. Sheriffs, county clerks, surveyors, viewers and supervisors, shall be
2 allowed a fair and reasonable compensation for discharging the duties re-
3 quired of them by this act, to be paid out of the county treasury on the
4 allowance and order of the county board.

§ 51. All power, jurisdiction and control is hereby given to the county
2 boards of the several counties, of and concerning the State roads, located
3 directly by the State, and all other roads, and the same shall be opened,

4 improved and kept in repair as county roads, subject to alteration, change
5 and re-location, as hereinbefore pointed out.

§ 52. The county boards of the several counties of this State shall have
2 the supervision and control of all roads and public highways within their
3 respective counties, and it shall be their duty to keep the same in
4 good repair and to improve them so far as practicable. Whenever the
5 available means at their disposal will permit, they shall construct permanent
6 roads, beginning where most needed. The work on all roads shall be done
7 timely and in accordance with the best known methods of road making by
8 proper grading and thorough drainage by tile or otherwise, as may be
9 expedient, and by the application of gravel, rock or other material. The
10 county board shall make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to
11 carry this act into proper effect.

§ 53. In addition to the notices now required by law, in proceedings
2 for locating, laying out and opening public roads, similar notices shall be
3 served upon any railroad company, across or along-side of whose railroad
4 it may be proposed to locate a public road: *Provided*, that this act shall
5 not apply to the proceedings for opening streets in cities, towns and
6 villages.

§ 54. The notices, as required by this act, shall be served upon the
2 station agent of any such railroad company nearest the proposed location
3 of such projected public road.

§ 55. Any tax or moneys collected by the sheriffs and county collectors,
2 or to be collected by said sheriffs and county collectors of the various
3 counties, for road and bridge purposes, under the provisions of an act
4 entitled "An act to provide for the organization of road districts, the
5 election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges,
6 in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and
7 parts of acts therein named," approved May 4, 1887, and in force July 1,
8 1887, shall be paid into the county treasury by said sheriffs and county

9 collectors, and the county boards shall distribute the same to the super-
10 visors of the various road districts from which it was, or may be collected,
11 as near as may be, to be by them expended in improving the roads in their
12 respective districts.

§ 56. The clerks of the various road districts, in counties not under
2 township organization, shall immediately after the passage of this act,
3 deliver to the county clerks of their respective counties, all records, books
4 and papers pertaining to road matters in their respective road districts; and
5 such records, books and papers shall thereupon become a part of the
6 records in the offices of said county clerks. The said clerks of said road
7 districts shall at the same time pay to the county treasurers of their
8 respective counties all moneys in their hands as ex officio treasurers of the
9 commissioners of highways.

§ 57. That an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of
2 road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to
3 roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to
4 repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved May 4, 1887, and
5 in force July 1, 1887, and also all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent
6 herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed: *Provided*, that the repeal
7 of said act shall not affect any suit or proceedings pending, nor any tax
8 levied by the commissioners of highways, but such tax shall be collected
9 and paid into the county treasury as provided in section 55 of this act.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 6.

First amendment—Amend the title to the bill as follows:

Strike out after the word “organization” the words “and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named” and insert in lieu thereof the words, “and to provide for the adoption of the same.”

Second amendment—Amend section 57 as follows:

Strike out all the words in the section and insert in lieu thereof the following words: “That at any election for county commissioners that may be holden in the several counties in this State not under township organization, the qualified voters in any such county may vote for or against the adoption of this act.”

Third amendment—Amend by adding the following sections:

Section 58. The county board in any such county not under township organization, on petition of fifty or more legal voters of said county, at any election for county commissioners, shall cause to be submitted to the voters of the county the question of the adoption of this act by ballot, to be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, “For adoption of road law,” or “Against adoption of road law,” to be canvassed and returned in like manner as votes for county officers.

Section 59. The county clerk shall enter an abstract of the returns of said election, to be made out and certified as in elections for county officers, record the same at length upon the records of the county, and shall certify the same to the Auditor of Public Accounts.

Section 60. If it shall appear by the returns of said election that a majority of the legal voters of said county are for the adoption of this act, then the county so voting in favor of its adoption shall be governed by and be

subject to the provisions of this act on and after the first Tuesday of April next succeeding: *Provided*, that a majority of the voters voting at such election shall be taken and deemed a majority of the voters of said county.

Section 61. This act shall not be construed to repeal or in any way affect the operation of the existing law in counties not under township organization, unless this act be adopted in the manner herein set forth and provided.

Fourth amendment—Amend section 29 by striking out all after the word “appointed” in line 7 of the printed bill.

Fifth amendment—Amend section 55 by inserting after the word “counties” in line 3 of the printed bill the following: “Voting to adopt the provisions of this act as hereinafter provided.”

Sixth amendment—Amend section 56 by striking out the word “passage” in line 2 of the printed bill, and insert the word “adoption” by any county not under township organization.

1. Introduced by Mr. Anderson, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to Committee on Live Stock.

A BILL

For an act to extirpate and prevent the spread of contagious diseases among swine.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That it shall be the duty of the State Board of Live Stock Commissioners to cause to be investigated by the State Veterinarian, or some Assistant State Veterinarian, any and all outbreaks coming to their knowledge, of contagious diseases among swine in this State, and to use all proper means to extirpate and to prevent the spread thereof; and for this purpose, they shall be authorized to conduct such tests as shall be deemed advisable to determine the true character and nature of any dangerously contagious disease among swine.

§ 2. Whenever, upon investigation, so called "swine plague" or any other dangerously contagious or infectious disease is found to exist among swine, the State Veterinarian, or Assistant State Veterinarian, making such investigation, shall place the diseased and exposed hogs, and the premises occupied thereby in quarantine, under such rules as shall be prescribed by the State Board of Live Stock Commissioners, and it shall be the duty of the owner, or person in charge, of such quarantined hogs to comply therewith and to fully carry out the instructions of said Board, looking to the prevention of the further spread of such disease.

§ 3. In investigating any and all outbreaks of contagious diseases among
2 hogs, the veterinarian making the investigation shall make post-mortem
3 examinations; and, when deemed advisable, the Board may order a micro-
4 scopical examination to be made, and for this purpose, the State Veterin-
5 arian, or any Assistant State Veterinarian, directed by the Board to make
6 such investigation, shall have the power to slaughter animals affected with
7 such contagious disease. A full report of each investigation, as soon as
8 completed, shall be filed with the Board, and shall contain a statement of
9 the facts surrounding the outbreak, the conditions found to exist, the
10 general and specific symptoms of the disease, result of microscopical exami-
11 nation, when such is made, diagnosis, treatment and means of prevention
12 advisable. The Board shall annually compile and classify such reports, and
13 submit them in a report of their actions to the Governor, and twenty
14 thousand copies of such report shall be published in pamphlet form, and
15 distributed among the swine growers of the State.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of any person owning, or having in charge,
2 swine which he suspects, or has any reason to believe, are infected with any
3 contagious disease, or of any other person having knowledge, or reason to
4 suspect the existence of such disease, to immediately notify said Board of
5 Commissioners, or some member thereof by communication to said Board, of
6 the existence of such disease. It shall be the duty of any person owning, or
7 having in charge hogs affected with any contagious disease, to cause the car-
8 casses of all hogs that die from such disease to be burned or buried to the
9 depth of at least four feet, within twenty-four hours after death, and it shall
10 be unlawful for any person to sell, or in any way dispose of such carcasses
11 except by burning or burial, as above indicated, or to sell, or in any way
12 dispose of any live hog affected with, or showing symptoms of, a contagious
13 disease, or to remove, or permit the removal of such diseased hogs, or the
14 carcasses of such as die from such contagious disease, from his premises,
15 and it shall be unlawful for any one to engage in the traffic of the carcasses

16 of hogs that die from such contagious disease, or to go from one premises
 17 to another in search of such carcasses with a view of purchasing the same,
 . 18 or to transport the same along the public highway.

§ 5. Any person who, knowing that any contagious, or infectious
 2 disease, exists among his hogs, shall conceal such fact, or shall sell the
 3 animal, or animals, so diseased, or shall remove such diseased or infected
 4 animals, from his premises to the premises of another, or shall drive, lead,
 5 or ship, the same by any car or steamboat to any other place, in or out of
 6 this State, and any person, or persons, who shall knowingly buy, receive,
 7 sell, convey, or engage in the traffic of such diseased hogs, or the carcasses
 8 thereof, and any person who shall violate any quarantine regulations
 9 established, or the quarantine rules prescribed, under the provisions of this
 10 act, or in any manner violate any of its provisions, shall for each, either,
 11 any and all acts above mentioned in this section, be guilty of a misde-
 12 meanor, and, on conviction thereof, or of any one of said acts, shall be
 13 fined in the sum not less than \$25, nor more than \$200, and imprisoned in
 14 the county jail until the fine and costs are paid.

§ 6. Whenever quarantine is established in accordance with the
 2 provisions of section 2 of this act, valid notice of the same may be given
 3 by leaving with the owner or occupant of any premises in person, or
 4 delivering to any member of his family, or any employe over the age of
 . 5 ten years found on the premises so quarantined, notice thereof, written, or
 6 printed, or partly written and partly printed, and, at the same time,
 7 explaining the contents thereof. Such quarantine shall be sufficiently
 8 proven in any court by the production of a true copy of such notice of
 9 quarantine with a return thereon, of the service of the same, in the manner
 10 above required. All fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall
 11 be paid into the county treasury of the county in which the suit is tried
 12 by the person collecting the same, in the manner now provided by law, to
 13 be used for county purposes; and it shall be the duty of the State's

14 Attorneys in their respective counties to prosecute for all violations of this
15 act.

§ 7. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act, there is
2 hereby appropriated from any funds in the State treasury not otherwise
3 appropriated, fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per annum, or so much as
4 shall be needed thereof, to be paid on itemized vouchers certified by the
5 Board, and approved by the Governor.

1. Introduced by Mr. Anthony, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to Committee on State Institutions.

A BILL

For an act creating the Illinois Asylum for the Chronic Insane, and making an appropriation therefor.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That there be and is hereby created and established the Illinois Asylum for the Chronic Insane, which shall possess all the corporate and other powers, and be subject to all the rules, regulations, and conditions expressed in an act entitled "An act to regulate the State charitable institutions and the State reform school, and to improve their organization and increase their efficiency," approved April 15, 1875, and the object of said asylum shall be the same as set forth in the first part of section three of said act, but the power of the trustees, when appointed, to discharge patients from the said Asylum for the Chronic Insane shall be limited as follows: they shall have authority to order discharges for either of the following causes, namely: because the person adjudged to be insane is not insane, or because he has recovered from the attack of insanity, or because he has so far improved as to be capable of caring for himself, or because the friends of the patient request his discharge. and, in the judgment of the superintendent, no evil consequence is likely to follow such discharge, but for no other reason, and especially not for the reason that he is believed to be incurable and harmless, and the room occupied by him is wanted for some other patient.

§ 2. Upon the taking effect of this act, the State Commissioners of Public Charities are directed and required to select a site for the said asylum at such place as shall, in their judgment, be at the same time most economical to the state and best adapted to the wants of the institution, having regard, in the selection, to elevation, drainage and sewerage, an abundant and never failing supply of living water, facility of access from all parts of the State, the quality of the soil, the price asked for the land, and the cost of building materials and of labor; but the said commissioners shall neither ask nor accept, on their own account, or on account of the State, any gift or gifts, in money, freights, lands, or valuable property, as a consideration for the location or choice of site, and a violation of this provision shall be deemed a high misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or by both at the discretion of any court in which conviction of the same may be obtained and had.

§ 3. The said commissioners are directed and required to cause to be prepared suitable plans and specifications by a competent architect, (for which not more than two per cent. shall be allowed, payable in installments, as the work progresses) which shall be submitted to the Governor for his approval. Said plans shall be accompanied by specifications and by a detailed estimate of the quantity, quality, and description of all materials and labor required for the erection and full completion of said buildings, according to said plans.

§ 4. Whenever the said plans and specifications shall have been approved and adopted, the Commissioners of Public Charities shall advertise for sealed bids for the construction of the building or buildings herein authorized; and not less than thirty days after the publication of the said advertisement, on a day and at an hour to be therein specified, in the city of Chicago, or at the place where the said institution shall be located, in the presence of the bidders, or of so many of them as may be present, the bids shall for the first time be opened, and the contract for building shall be

9 let to the lowest and best bidder, but the right to reject any and all bids
10 is hereby reserved and granted to the said commissioners: *Provided*, that
11 no contract shall be made and no expense incurred for any building or
12 buildings requiring for the completion of the same a larger outlay than is
13 provided for in the appropriation made in this act.

§ 5. All bids shall show the estimated cost of the work to be done, of
2 each description, in detail; and the commissioners shall have the right and
3 power to accept bids for particular portions of the work, if for the advan-
4 tage of the State.

§ 6. The contract to be made with the successful bidder shall be accom-
2 panied by a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the Governor,
3 before accepted, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract.
4 The said contract shall provide for the appointment of a superintendent of
5 construction, who shall carefully and accurately measure the work done
6 and the materials upon the ground, at least once in every month, and for
7 the payment of the contractor upon the aforesaid measurement; and for the
8 withholding of ten per cent. of the value of the work done and of the
9 materials on hand, until the completion of the building, and for the forfeit-
10 ure of a stipulated sum per diem for every day that the completion of the
11 work shall be delayed, after the time specified in the contract for its com-
12 pletion; and for the full protection of all persons who may furnish labor or ma-
13 terials for the construction of said building or buildings, by withholding pay-
14 ment from the contractor, and by paying the parties to whom any moneys are
15 due for service or materials as aforesaid, directly for all work done or
16 materials furnished by them, in case of notice given to the commissioners
17 that any such party apprehends or fears that he will not receive the money
18 due; and for the settlement of all disputed questions as to the value of
19 alterations and extras, at the time of final settlement, by arbitration, as
20 follows: one arbitrator to be chosen by the commissioners, one by the con-
21 tractor, and one by the Governor; and for the power and privilege of the

22 commissioners, under the contract, to order changes in the plans at their
23 discretion, and to refuse to accept any work which may be done, if not
24 fully in accordance with the letter and spirit of the plans and specifications,
25 and all work not accepted shall be replaced at the expense of the contrac-
26 tor; and for a deduction of the contract price of all alterations ordered by
27 the commissioners, which may and do diminish the cost of said building
28 or buildings.

§ 7. The said contract shall be signed by the president of the board of
2 State Commissioners of Public Charities, on behalf of the board, after a
3 vote authorizing him so to sign has been entered upon the minutes, and
4 it shall be attested by the county, signature of the secretary of the board
5 and by the seal of the said asylum.

§ 8. The total cost for the erection and full completion, according to the
2 plans and specifications adopted, of land, buildings, furniture and fixtures,
3 including heating, lighting, water supply and sewerage, is limited to five
4 hundred dollars for each and every patient to be cared for in said asylum;
5 and no plans shall be adopted, which in the judgment of the commissioners
6 will not enable them to finish and make ready for occupancy by patients
7 the said building or buildings within the amount of the appropriation
8 herein made and within the aforesaid limit of cost per capita.

§ 9. For the purpose of carrying the provisions of this act into effect,
2 an appropriation of three hundred thousand dollars is hereby made, pay-
3 able out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, as
4 hereinafter provided, the intention of this appropriation being to provide
5 for the proper care and accommodation of not less than six hundred chronic
6 insane patients, or three hundred of each sex.

§ 10. No commissioner, trustee or other officer of the Asylum for the
2 Chronic Insane shall be directly or indirectly interested in any contract for
3 the erection of said asylum; and if any such commissioner, trustee or other
4 officer shall be so interested, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor and

5 on conviction thereof shall be fined any sum not exceeding ten thousand
6 dollars.

§ 11. Before making payment for the land for whose purchase provision
2 is made in this act, the seller shall furnish to the commissioners an abstract
3 of title, which shall be submitted by them to the Attorney General for
4 examination, and to the Governor for his approval, and no money shall be
5 paid for the said land without a perfect conveyance of title in fee simple
6 to the State of Illinois by a warranty deed.

§ 12. Whenever the building or buildings authorized by this act to be
2 erected shall have been completed and delivered to the Commissioners of
3 Public Charities, and by them accepted, the said commissioners shall so
4 inform the Governor, and the Governor shall thereupon appoint three
5 trustees for the said asylum, in accordance with the provisions of an act
6 entitled "An act to regulate the State Charitable Institutions," etc., ap-
7 proved April 15, 1875, to whom the premises and buildings, with all other
8 property belonging to the said asylum, shall be delivered by the said com-
9 missioners; and the trustees so appointed shall choose a medical superin-
10 tendent for the institution, who shall be a competent physician, of known
11 experience and skill in the care and management of the insane; and before
12 any patient or patients shall be transferred to the said asylum from any of
13 the State hospitals for the insane, the several counties of this State having
14 insane inmates of their respective almshouses shall be entitled to send
15 thereto as many of such insane inmates respectively as may be included in
16 their several quotas, as shall be determined by the State Commissioners of
17 Public Charities, in accordance with and in proportion to the population of
18 each county as ascertained in the Eleventh United States Census.

§ 13. The Commissioners of Public Charities when acting as commission-
2 ers for the construction of the Asylum for the Chronic Insane, shall receive
3 their actual and necessary traveling expenses, as certified by them under
4 oath, and a per diem of five dollars for each day actually employed in the

5 discharge of the duties imposed upon them in this act, to be paid out of
6 the appropriation herein made.

§ 14. The moneys herein appropriated shall be paid to the parties to
2 whom they may become due and payable, directly from the treasury of
3 the State, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts; and the
4 Auditor is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrants for moneys
5 due under this act, upon the order of the Commissioners of Public
6 Charities, accompanied by vouchers approved by the Governor.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Beals January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act to regulate the charges of stock yards and enforce the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person, company
3 or corporation owning or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State,
4 where stock is bought and sold, unloaded or reloaded, to charge or collect
5 a greater rate of yardage than twenty cents per head for cattle, horses or
6 mules, eight cents per head for any such stock under one year of age, five
7 cents per head for hogs or sheep, nor more than seventy-five per cent addi-
8 tion to the current market wholesale price for corn, hay, straw or other
9 material supplied by them for feeding or bedding such animals, such sale
10 to be by actual standard weight and of good merchantable quality.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any such person, company or corporation to
2 make any charges for watering or furnishing water to such stock or for
3 counting such stock into or out of any yard, pen, box car or stable, or to
4 make any shift or device by which any additional cost or charge can be
5 made for the keeping, care, custody or control of said stock as mentioned
6 in section one of this act, or make any charge for yarding where stock is
7 unloaded and reloaded without being sold.

§ 3. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this
2 act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor more than
3 two hundred dollars for such offense, to be recovered in an action of debt

4 in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, the amount so recovered
5 to be paid into the treasury of the county in which the offense occurs and
6 placed by the county treasurer to the credit of the general revenue fund
7 of such county, but no recovery shall be had in any case for any offense
8 committed more than sixty days prior to the commencement of this action.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of such county wherein
2 any provision or provisions of this act have been violated to institute and
3 prosecute any and all suits upon the affidavit of the person or persons ag-
4 grieved, and in case of conviction the court shall assess in addition to the
5 penalty provided in section three of this act a reasonable compensation for
6 the services of the State's Attorney.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Beals, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title and ordered printed January 13, and referred to the Committee on Licenses.
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A BILL

For an act licensing and regulating the business of undertakers in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That it shall not be lawful for any person, other than a registered undertaker, to open or conduct any place or office for the business of undertaker, unless such person shall be, or shall employ and place in charge of said place or office, a registered undertaker within the meaning of this act.

§ 2. Any person in order to be registered within the meaning of this act must have made an application as hereinafter mentioned to the State Board of Undertakers, and shall have received from said board a certificate of registration. All persons who are actually engaged in the business of undertakers at the time this act goes into effect shall be entitled to an undertaker's license, and the renewal thereof yearly so long as they shall continuously remain in business.

§ 3. All persons who shall pass a satisfactory examination before the State Board of Undertakers as to their qualifications as embalmers by arterial injections, and such other scientific means as such board shall see fit to make examination upon, as well as to such other scientific or mechanical or practical means as such board shall deem best to examine upon, and comply with

6 all the other requirements of this act shall be entitled to a diploma from
 7 over the seal of the said board of undertakers, and attested by the signature
 8 of the president and secretary thereof, and such diploma when issued in
 9 pursuance of this act shall be to the holder thereof a license to practice the
 10 art of embalming in all its branches: *Provided*, that any failure to pass the
 11 examination provided for in this section shall not prevent the applicant from
 12 obtaining the license provided for by section 2 of this act, if he is otherwise
 13 entitled thereto.

§ 4. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint
 2 five persons, who shall constitute a board of undertakers; one shall be of the
 3 State Board of Health, and three shall be from among the undertakers of
 4 the State with practical experience in the business of undertaking and
 5 scientific embalming, and one shall be a chemist, teaching chemistry in any
 6 of the public institutions in the State. The persons so appointed shall hold
 7 their office for the term of five years: *Provided*, that the term of office of
 8 the first five appointed shall be so arranged that the term of one shall expire
 9 on the 31st day of December of each year, and vacancies so created, as well
 10 as the vacancies otherwise occurring, shall be filled by the Governor, with
 11 the advice and consent of the Senate: *And, provided, also*, that appointments
 12 made when the Senate is not in session may be confirmed at its next annual
 13 session.

§ 5. The State Board shall within thirty days after its appointment meet
 2 and organize by the election of a president and secretary from its own mem-
 3 bers, who shall be elected for the term of one year, and shall perform the
 4 duties prescribed by the board. It shall be the duty of the board to provide
 5 itself with an official seal, to grant undertakers' licenses to all such undertakers
 6 as shall make application therefor in proper form, and be entitled thereto
 7 under the provisions of this act, to examine all applications of scientific
 8 embalmers for diplomas when such application is presented in proper form
 9 to grant and issue in due form as provided in this act diplomas to all such

10 persons as upon examination shall be found to be entitled thereto; to cause
 11 the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions, and to report annually
 12 to the Governor. Such report shall furnish a record of the proceedings of
 13 said board for the year, of all undertakers and scientific embalmers registered
 14 under this act. The board shall hold a meeting for the examination of
 15 applicants for registration and for the transaction of such other business as
 16 pertains to its duties, at least once in three months, and at least one of
 17 said meetings in every year shall be held in the City of Chicago and in the
 18 City of Springfield, and it shall give thirty days public notice of the time
 19 and place of said meeting whenever held. It shall keep a book of registration
 20 in which shall be entered the names and places of business of the persons
 21 registering under this act, and it shall be the duty of the board to furnish
 22 all commissions of the Board of Health and other officers of the Board of
 23 Health with the names of persons registered under this act. It shall have
 24 power to make by-laws for the proper fulfillment of its duties under this
 25 act, and shall establish rules for the disinfection and arrangement of human
 26 bodies dead from contagious diseases.

27 The board shall hold meetings for the transaction of such business as may
 28 come before it, including the examination of applicants for scientific em-
 29 balmers and to grant diplomas at least once in every three months. Three
 30 members of such board shall constitute a quorum.

31 The board shall establish rules for governing the reception and transporta-
 32 tion by railroads operating their lines within the limits of the State of Illi-
 33 nois of human bodies dead from contagious diseases.

§ 6. Small-pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, cholera and yellow fever
 2 shall be regarded as contagious diseases within the meaning of this act.

§ 7. Every person claiming to be entitled to a license as undertaker under
 2 the provisions of section 2 of this act, who shall, within thirty days from
 3 the time this act takes effect, forward to the Board of Undertakers satisfac-
 4 tory proof, supported by affidavits of other undertakers, that he was actively

engaged in the undertaking business for himself in this State when this act went into effect, shall, upon the payment of the fee hereinafter mentioned, be granted an undertaker's license: *Provided*, that all such persons as fail to make application for an undertaker's license, as provided for in this section, shall, in order to be entitled to continue in the business, pass an examination for scientific embalmers and diplomas as provided for in this act: *And provided further*, that every person holding a license as undertaker as provided for by this section, who desires to continue in that occupation, shall annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such business, on such date as the Board of Undertakers shall determine, procure a renewal of such license, which shall be issued in like manner and upon like evidence as the original license.

§ 8. Every person applying for a license under section 7 of this act shall, before such license is granted, pay the sum of \$5.00, and a like sum for every renewal thereof; and by every applicant for a diploma as scientific embalmer shall be paid the sum of \$10.00, and the sum of \$5.00 yearly for renewal of same: *Provided*, that in case such applicant shall fail to pass a satisfactory examination his money shall be refunded.

§ 9. The secretary of the board shall be paid such salary as the board may determine, and shall also receive all other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his duties. The other members of the board shall receive the sum of \$5.00 for each day actually employed in this service, and all actual necessary expenses incurred in the performance thereof. Such fees and salary shall be paid out of the fees and penalties received by the board under the provisions of this act, and no part shall be paid out of the State treasury. All monies received by the board in excess of the salary fees and other expenses above provided for shall be held by the secretary of the board as a special fund to pay the contingent expenses of the board, he giving such bonds as the board shall from time to time require. In its

12 annual report to the Governor, the board shall render an account of all
13 monies received and disbursed by them pursuant to this act.

§ 10. No person shall use or manufacture, buy or sell for use, any em-
2 balming fluid, mixture or compound used for embalming or preserving the
3 dead, of a less strength as an antiseptic than a compound consisting of one
4 part of corrosive sublimate to one thousand parts of water: *Provided*, that
5 nothing herein contained shall be construed in any way to prevent the im-
6 mediate relatives of persons who have died of other than contagious dis-
7 eases from caring for their dead as they may like.

§ 11. No person not being, or having in his employ, a registered under-
2 taker within the meaning of this act, or any person or corporation who
3 shall violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be liable to prosecution
4 before any court of competent jurisdiction, upon information or indictment,
5 and upon conviction may be fined not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$100.00
6 for each and every offense. The penalties collected under the provisions of
7 this act shall inure one-half to the Board of Undertakers and the remainder
8 to the school fund of the county in which suit is prosecuted and the judg-
9 ment obtained.

§ 12. Persons holding scientific embalmers' diplomas under the provisions
2 of this act shall, at all times, when called upon by the supervisor of any
3 township, the mayor or commissioner of health, or the health officer of any
4 city, to take charge of the remains of persons who have died of any con-
5 tagious or infectious diseases, forthwith to arterially embalm such bodies by
6 the use of fluids or compounds of the strength prescribed by this act, and
7 to use such other means assigned as the best skill of the profession indi-
8 cates to be the surest means of destroying the living germs of such conta-
9 gious or infectious diseases and their spores: *Provided*, that for such service
10 such scientific embalmer shall be paid a reasonable fee by the county or
11 city, as the case may be.

§ 13. All persons holding diplomas as scientific embalmers shall be exempt
2 from serving as jurors, judges or clerks of election.

§ 14. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall, on con-
2 viction thereof, be fined not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$100.00, in the
3 discretion of the court, and for the second offense his license shall be re-
4 voked; and no certificate of burial shall be granted to any person after his
5 license has been revoked; and no person shall have the right to register as
6 a scientific embalmer or undertaker, or do business in any person's name,
7 and no certificate of burial shall be granted to any one but a registered
8 undertaker and embalmer in cases of contagious diseases in cities of over
9 twenty-five thousand inhabitants.

§ 15. All suits for recovery of the penalties prescribed by this act shall
2 be prosecuted in the name of the People of the State of Illinois in any court
3 having jurisdiction; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the
4 county where such offense is committed to prosecute all persons violating
5 the provisions of this act, upon proper complaint being made by the Board
6 of Undertakers or other persons.

1. Introduced by Mr. Callahan, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to revise the laws in relation to elections and to provide for filling vacancies.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That there shall be elected by general ticket on
3 the Tuesday next after the first Monday preceding the expiration of the
4 term of office of each President of the United States, as many electors of
5 President and Vice President of the United States as this State may be en-
6 titled to elect, which election shall be conducted, and returns thereof made,
7 as hereinafter provided: *Provided,* that if Congress shall hereafter fix a
8 different day for such election, then the election for electors shall be held
9 on such day as shall be fixed by Congress.

§ 2. The county clerks of the several counties shall, within eight days
2 next after holding an election for electors of President and Vice President
3 of the United States, make three copies of the abstract of votes for electors
4 and transmit by mail one of said copies to the Governor, another to the
5 Secretary of State, and retain the third in his office, to be sent for by the
6 Governor in case both the others should be mislaid or lost. Within twenty
7 days after holding such election, and sooner if all the returns are received
8 by either the Governor or the Secretary of State. Auditor of Public Accounts
9 and Treasurer, or any two of them, shall, in the presence of the Governor,
10 proceed to open, and canvass said election returns, and to declare the per-

sons having the highest number of votes elected: but should any two or more persons be returned with an equal, and the highest, votes, the said Secretary of State shall cause a notice of the same to be published, which notice shall name some day and place, not less than five days from the time of the publication of said notice upon which the said Secretary, Auditor and Treasurer will decide, by lot, which of said persons, so equal and highest, is elected. And upon the day and at the place so appointed, in said notice, the said Secretary, Auditor and Treasurer, or any two of them, shall, in the presence of the Governor, decide, by lot, which of the two persons so equal and highest shall be elected.

§ 3 The Governor shall cause the result of said election to be published and shall transmit by mail to the persons elected certificates of their election.

§ 4. The electors chosen as aforesaid shall meet at the seat of government of this State at the time appointed by the laws of the United States, and give their votes in the manner therein provided, and perform such duties as are, or may be, required by law. Each elector shall receive for every twenty miles necessary travel in going to the seat of government to give his vote, and returning to his residence, the sum of three dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. Mileage shall be computed by the most usual route.

§ 5. In case any person duly declared elected an elector of President and Vice President of the United States shall fail to attend at the seat of government of this State at or before the hour of twelve o'clock, at noon of the day on which his vote is required to be given, it shall be the duty of the electors of President and Vice President of the United States, attending at that time and place, to appoint a person or persons to fill such vacancy or vacancies: *Provided*, that should the person or persons chosen by the people as aforesaid arrive at the place aforesaid before the votes for President and Vice President are actually given, the person or persons appointed

10 to fill such vacancy shall not act as elector of President and Vice Presi-
11 dent.

§ 6. Representatives in Congress shall be elected on Tuesday after the first
2 Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
3 and ninety-two, and every two years thereafter; but if Congress shall fix a
4 different day, then such election shall be held on the day so fixed by Congress.

§ 7. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of
2 Public Accounts and Attorney General shall be elected on Tuesday next
3 after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thousand
4 eight hundred and ninety-two and every four years thereafter.

§ 8. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be elected on Tuesday
2 next after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thous-
3 and eight hundred and ninety-four and every four years thereafter.

§ 9. The State Treasurer shall be elected on Tuesday next after the first
2 Monday in November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
3 and ninety-two, and every two years thereafter.

§ 10. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall be elected as follows, to wit:
2 In the first, second, third, sixth and seventh districts, on the first Monday
3 in June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-
4 seven and every nine years thereafter. In the fourth district on the first
5 Monday in June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
6 ninety-four and every nine years thereafter. In the fifth district on the first
7 Monday in June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
8 ninety-one and every nine years thereafter.

§ 11. A Clerk of the Supreme Court shall be elected on the first Monday
2 in June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six
3 and every six years thereafter.

§ 12. The Judges of the Circuit Court shall be elected on the first Monday
2 in the month of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
3 and ninety-one, and every six years thereafter.

§ 13. The Judges of the Superior Court of Cook county shall be elected as
2 follows: One on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the year

3 of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and every six years
 4 thereafter; one on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the
 5 year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and every six
 6 years thereafter; one on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in
 7 the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and every
 8 six years thereafter.

§ 14. Three Trustees of the University of Illinois shall be elected on
 2 Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in the year of our Lord
 3 one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and every two years there-
 4 after.

§ 15. State Senators shall be elected as follows, to-wit: In districts bearing
 2 even numbers, on Tuesday next after the first Monday in the year of our
 3 Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and every four years
 4 thereafter. In districts having odd numbers on Tuesday next after the first
 5 Monday in November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
 6 and ninety-four, and every four years thereafter.

§ 16. Members of the House of Representatives shall be elected on Tues-
 2 day next after the first Monday in November in the year of our Lord one
 3 thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and every two years thereafter.

§ 17. County Judges and County Clerks shall be elected on Tuesday next
 2 after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thousand
 3 eight hundred and ninety-four, and every four years thereafter, and shall
 4 enter upon the duties of their office on the first Monday in December after
 5 their election.

§ 18. Sheriffs and Coronors shall be elected on Tuesday next after the
 2 first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight
 3 hundred and ninety-four, and every four years thereafter, and shall enter
 4 upon the duties of their offices on the first Monday in December after their
 5 election.

§ 19. A Clerk of the Circuit Court, a County Surveyor and a States
 2 Attorney shall be elected in each county, and in the County of Cook a
 3 Clerk of the Superior Court of Cook County, on Tuesday next after the
 4 first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight
 5 hundred and ninety-two, and every four years thereafter, and shall enter
 6 upon the duties of their offices on the first Monday in December after their
 7 election.

§ 20. The Clerk of the Criminal Court of Cook County, shall be elected
 2 on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the year of our
 3 Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and every four years
 4 thereafter.

§ 21. A County Treasurer and a County Superintendent of Schools shall
 2 be elected in each county on Tuesday next after the first Monday in
 3 January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-
 4 four, and every four years thereafter, and shall enter upon the duties of
 5 their offices on the first Monday in December next after their election.

§ 22. There shall be elected in each Congressional district, on Tuesday
 2 next after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one
 3 thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and every four years thereafter,
 4 one member of the State Board of Equalization.

§ 23. In counties having a population of sixty thousand or more there
 2 shall be elected on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the
 3 year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and every
 4 four years thereafter one Recorder of deeds.

§ 24. In counties not under township organization there shall be elected
 2 on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the year of our
 3 Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and every four years
 4 thereafter a County Treasurer who shall be *ex-officio* County Assessor and
 5 who shall receive all fees as treasurer and assessor as provided by law. No
 6 person so elected shall be eligible to re-election to said office for four years

7 after the expiration of the term for which he shall have been so elected.

§ 25. In counties not under township organization there shall be elected
2 on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the year of our
3 Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, one member of the Board
4 of County Commissioners. and every year thereafter one such officer shall
5 be elected in each of said counties to hold such office for the term of three
6 years.

§ 26. In counties not under township organization the election precincts
2 shall remain as now established until changed by the Board of County
3 Commissioners, but said board may from time to time change the boundaries
4 of election precincts and establish new ones. In counties under township
5 organization each town shall constitute an election district unless changed
6 by the County Board as provided in section twenty-seven of this act.

§ 27. The County Board in each county shall at its regular (or special)
2 meeting in July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
3 ninety-one, divide its election precincts that contain more than three
4 hundred voters into election districts so that each district shall contain as
5 near as practicable three hundred voters, and not more in any case than
6 three hundred and fifty voters. Said districts shall be composed of con-
7 tiguous territory and in as compact a form as can be for the convenience of
8 the electors voting therein. Such election districts shall be described by
9 metes and bounds and numbered. As often as it shall appear by the
10 number of votes cast at the general election held in November of any year
11 that any election district or undivided election precinct contains more than
12 three hundred voters the County Board, in which such district or precinct
13 shall be situated, shall at its regular (or special) meeting in July next after
14 such November election, redivide or readjust the election districts, or divide
15 such election precincts or districts so that no district or undivided election
16 precinct shall contain more than three hundred voters. If said division or
17 readjustment is not made at said July meeting it may be made at an

18 adjourned or special meeting to be held in the month of August thereafter.
 19 The County Board in every case shall fix and establish the places for
 20 holding elections, and all general and special elections shall be held at the
 21 places so fixed. The said polling places shall be on the ground floor, in the
 22 front room, the entrance to which is from a public highway or public street,
 23 which is at least forty feet wide and as near the center of the voting
 24 population of the district as is practicable and for the convenience of the
 25 greatest number of electors to vote thereat, and in no case shall an election
 26 be held in any room used or occupied as a saloon, dram shop, billiard hall,
 27 bowling alley or as a place of resort for idlers and disreputable persons or
 28 in any room connecting therewith by open doors or hallways. No person
 29 shall be permitted to vote at any election except in the election district in
 30 which he resides.

§ 28. The persons authorized by law, or appointed in pursuance of any town
 2 or city ordinance to act as registry judges of elections, in any town, city, ward,
 3 precinct, or election district in this State, shall constitute a board of registry
 4 for their respective towns, cities, wards, precincts or districts, and shall meet on
 5 Tuesday three weeks preceding any State election at 9 o'clock A. M. and pro-
 6 ceed to make a list as heretofore prescribed, of all persons qualified and entitled
 7 to vote at the ensuing election, in the election district of which they are judges,
 8 which list, when completed, shall constitute and be known as the register of
 9 electors of said election district. In election districts which be wholly within
 10 the limits of an incorporated city, a register of electors shall be made for all
 11 elections whether general, special, local or municipal, in the same manner as
 12 herein provided in the case of State elections.

§ 29. Said registers shall each contain a list of all persons qualifieed and
 2 entitled to vote in said election district, alphabetically arranged according
 3 to their respective surnames, so as to show in one column the name at full
 4 length, and in another column, in cities, the residence by the num' er of the
 5 dwelling, if there be a number, and the name of the street or other location

6 of the dwelling place of each person. It shall be the duty of said board to
7 enter in said lists the names of all persons residing in their election districts
8 which appear on the poll list kept in each district at the last preceding elec-
9 tion, in cities, the number of the dwelling and name of the street or other
10 location of the same shall be known to or can be ascertained by such board,
11 and for this purpose the members of said board are authorized to take from
12 the office in which they are filed, the poll lists made and filed by the judges
13 or inspectors of such election district at the election next held prior to the
14 making of such register. In making such lists the board shall enter thereon,
15 in addition to the names on the poll list, the names of all other persons
16 who are well known to them to be electors in said district, and the names of
17 all persons on the poll list who have died or removed from the district shall
18 be omitted from the register. The board shall complete, as far as practicable,
19 the said register on the day of their meeting aforesaid and shall make two copies
20 thereof and certify the register and each copy thereof to be a true list of the
21 voters in the said election district as far as known. Within two days thereafter
22 the said original lists, together with the list taken from the office as afore-
23 said shall be filed by the said board in the office of the town clerk in the
24 town in which said election district may lie; but in counties not under town-
25 ship organization said lists shall be filed with the judges of election of the
26 proper districts, or if such election district is in a city then such register
27 shall be filed in the office of the city clerk of said city, and one copy of said
28 list shall be kept by one of said judges and carefully preserved by him for
29 the use of said board on the day or days hereinafter mentioned for the re-
30 vision and correction of the same. One copy of said list shall immediately
31 after its completion be posted in some conspicuous place where the last pre-
32 ceding election in said district was held, and be accessible to any elector
33 who may desire to examine the same or to make copies thereof. Any person
34 who shall take down or deface any list so posted shall be deemed guilty of
35 a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of fifty dollars or by impris-

36 onment in the county jail for a term of sixty days, or both, in the discretion
37 of the court before whom such person shall be convicted.

§ 29. In case a new election district shall be formed by the organization
2 of a new town or by the division of any town, precinct or ward, or by the
3 incorporation of any city, town or village, the judges or inspectors of elec-
4 tions in the new district thus formed may make their registry of elections
5 on the day prescribed in this act, in such manner as a majority of them
6 may direct, and for that purpose may make a list, or cause to be made a cer-
7 tified copy of the poll list or lists of the districts in which such new district
8 is situated, or they may dispense with such list or lists and proceed to make
9 a register of electors from the best means at their command. Such lists shall
10 only embrace the names of such persons as are known to them to be elect-
11 ors in such district, and they shall be posted up and copies thereof made
12 as prescribed in section twenty-eight, and shall be corrected in the same man-
13 ner that other lists are corrected.

§ 30. The said board shall again meet on Tuesday of the week preceding
2 the said elections, in their respective election districts, at the place desig-
3 nated for holding elections therein, for the purpose of revising, correcting
4 and completing said lists, and for this purpose, in cities, they shall meet at
5 eight o'clock in the morning and remain in session till nine o'clock in the
6 evening. In other districts they shall meet at nine o'clock in the morning
7 and remain in session until four o'clock in the afternoon.

§ 31. The proceedings of said board shall be open and all persons entitled
2 to vote in said district shall be entitled to be heard by said board, in
3 relation to corrections or additions to said register. One of the lists so
4 kept by the judges, as aforesaid, shall be used by them on the day or days
5 of making corrections or additions, for the purpose of completing the registry
6 for such district.

§ 32. It shall be the duty of said board, at their meeting for revising
2 and correcting said lists, to erase therefrom the name of any person inserted
3 therein who shall be proved by the oath of two legal voters of said district

4 to the satisfaction of said board to be non-resident of said district or not
5 entitled to vote in said district at the election there next to be held. Any
6 elector residing in said district and entitled to vote therein may appear
7 before said board and require his name to be recorded in said alphabetical
8 lists. Any person so requiring his name to be so entered on said lists shall
9 make the same statement as to the street and number thereof, and where
10 he resides required by this act, of persons offering their votes at elections;
11 and shall be subject to the same penalties for refusing to give such infor-
12 mation, or for giving the same falsely, and shall also be subject to challenge
13 by the judges or either of them, or by any other elector whose name
14 appears on said alphabetical lists, and the same oaths may be administered
15 by the judges as are or may be provided in case of persons offering to vote
16 at an election. In case no challenge is made of any person requiring his name
17 to be entered on said alphabetical list, or in case of challenge, if such
18 person shall make oath to such facts as would entitle him to vote at an
19 election in case of challenge, then the name of such person shall be added
20 to the alphabetical poll list of the last preceding year.

§ 33. After said lists have been fully completed, the said board shall
2 within three days thereafter cause two copies of the same to be made, each
3 of which shall be certified by them to be a correct list of the votes of their
4 district: one of which shall be filed in the office of the town clerk of towns,
5 and in the office of the city clerk in cities; and one of which copies shall be
6 delivered to said judges or inspectors. It shall be the duty of said judges
7 so receiving such lists, carefully to preserve the said list for their use on
8 election day, and to designate two of their number, at the opening of the
9 polls, to check the name of every elector voting in such district whose name
10 is on the register. No vote shall be received at any State election in this
11 State, if the name of the person offering to vote be not on the register
12 made on the Tuesday preceding the election, unless the person offering to
13 vote shall furnish to the judges of the election his affidavit in writing

14 stating therein that he is a resident of said election district and entitled
15 to vote therein at such election, and prove by the oath of a householder
16 and registered voter of the district in which he offers to vote, that he knows
17 such person to be a resident of the district, and if in a city, giving the
18 residence of such person within the district. The oath may be administered
19 by one of the judges of the election at the poll where the vote shall be
20 offered, or by any other person authorized to administer oaths, but no person
21 shall receive any compensation for administering such oath. Such oath
22 shall be preserved and filed in the office of the town or city clerk, or, in
23 case there be no clerk, then said oath shall be filed with and preserved by
24 the judges of the election district. Any person may be challenged, and the
25 same oaths shall be put as now are or hereafter may be prescribed by law.

§ 34. The clerks at each poll, shall enter on the poll list kept by them, in
2 columns prepared for that purpose, opposite the name of each person voting,
3 the same statement or minute heretofore required of the board in making
4 the registry; but such entry is not to be made by them if the registry
5 contains correctly the name and residence of such voter, and in all cases
6 said clerks shall enter in a column opposite the name of each person not
7 registered, the words "not registered." In cities every elector at the time
8 of offering his vote shall truly state the street on which he resides, and if
9 the house, lodging or tenement in which he resides is numbered, the number
10 thereof, and the clerks of the polls, in case the name of such elector is not
11 registered shall truly enter in the appropriate column of the poll list, opposite
12 the name of the elector, the street in which the elector resides and the
13 number in case the house, lodging or tenement where he resides is num-
14 bered, and if the same is not numbered then the clerks shall enter "not
15 numbered" in the column of the poll list for entering the number. In case
16 of refusal to make the statement as aforesaid, the vote of such an elector
17 shall not be received. Any person who shall wilfully make any false
18 statement in relation thereto shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and

19 shall upon conviction be punished with a fine of fifty dollars, or imprison-
20 ment in the county jail ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment,
21 as the court shall adjudge.

§ 35. After the canvass of the votes one of the said poll lists and said
2 register so kept and checked, as aforesaid, shall be attached together, and
3 on the following day filed in the office of the town clerk in towns, and of
4 the city clerk in cities, or in case there be no such clerk then said poll lists
5 and register shall be filed with and preserved by the judges to be used by the
6 board of registry in making the list of voters at the next State election; the
7 other of said poll lists and registers so kept and checked shall be returned to
8 the office of the county clerk in the county in which said district may be at
9 the same time the returns of the election are made.

§ 36. The register shall, at all times, be open to public inspection, at the
2 office of the authorities in which they shall be deposited, without charge.

§ 37. The members of the board of registration shall each receive two dollars
2 per day for each day actually employed in making, correcting and completing
3 the registry, not exceeding two days, to be paid at the time and in the
4 manner in which they are paid their other fees.

§ 38. The said board shall have and exercise the same power in preserving
2 order at their meetings under this act as are given to judges of elections for
3 preserving order on election day; and vacancies in said board shall be filled
4 in the same manner that vacancies are filled at elections.

§ 39. Any person who shall cause his name to be registered in more than
2 one election district, or shall cause his name to be registered knowing that
3 he is not a qualified voter in the district where such registry is made, or
4 who shall falsely personate any registered voter, and any person causing,
5 aiding or abetting any person in any manner in either of said acts shall be
6 punished for each and every offense by imprisonment in the State prison
7 for a term not less than one year. All intentional false swearing before
8 said board of registration shall be deemed willful and corrupt perjury and

9 punished as such. If any member or officer of said board shall wilfully
10 violate any of the provisions of this act, or be guilty of any fraud in the
11 execution of the duties of his office, he shall be punished for each and
12 every such offense by imprisonment in the State prison for a term not less
13 than one year.

§ 40. In counties not under township organization the county board shall
2 at its regular (or at a special) meeting in July in each year appoint in each
3 election precinct or district (where judges have not been elected therein)
4 three capable and discreet electors to be judges of elections and who shall
5 possess the qualifications required by this act for judges. They shall hold
6 their office for one year, and until their successors are duly appointed or
7 elected. The county board may, at any time, fill vacancies in said office.
8 No more than two persons of the same political party shall be appointed
9 judges of the same precinct or election district.

§ 41. In counties under township organization when a town is not divided
2 into election districts the supervisor, assessor and collector thereof shall be
3 judges of elections in such town. When the township is divided into
4 election districts the county board shall at its regular (or at a special)
5 meeting in July in each year, appoint in each election district (when judges
6 have not been elected therein) three capable and discreet electors to be
7 judges of elections, and who shall possess the qualifications required by this
8 act for such judges. They shall hold their office for one year and until
9 their successors are duly appointed or elected. The town supervisor,
10 assessor and collector shall be appointed as such judges in the district in
11 which they respectively reside. The county board may fill vacancies in
12 said office at any time. No more than two persons of the same political
13 party shall be appointed judges in the same election district, except when it
14 shall happen that the said supervisor, assessor and collector all reside in the
15 same election district.

§ 42. Every person appointed, elected or chosen judge of elections shall

2 be of fair character, approved integrity, well informed, who can read, write
3 and speak the English language, and has resided in the election district in
4 which he is to serve for one year next preceding the election and is
5 entitled to vote therein at such election.

§ 43. Immediately on the appointment of such judges the county clerk
2 shall make out and deliver to the sheriff a notice thereof directed to each
3 person so appointed, and the sheriff shall, within 20 days after the receipt
4 of such notices, deliver the same to the several judges so appointed.

§ 44. The judges so appointed shall continue to be judges of all general
[2 and special elections held within their respective precincts or districts until
3 other judges shall be appointed in like manner.

§ 45. If, at the time for opening any election, any person appointed,
2 elected or constituted a judge of elections shall not be present or will not
3 act, or take the oath to act in such capacity, the judge or judges present
4 may appoint some other qualified elector to act in his place. If there be no
5 judge of election present, or being present refuses to act, such electors of
6 the precinct or district as may then be present at the place of election may
7 fill the places of such judges by election from their number. The judges
8 so elected shall have the same power and be subjected to the same penalties
9 as other judges of election.

§ 45. The judges of election shall choose three persons having similar
2 qualifications with themselves to act as poll clerks of elections and who
3 may continue to act as such during the pleasure of the judges. No more
4 than two persons of the same political party shall be so chosen as such poll
5 clerks for the same election district or precinct. The judges of election
6 shall choose two persons having similar qualifications with themselves to act
7 as ballot clerks of election who may continue to act as such during the
8 pleasure of the judges. They shall not both belong to the same political
9 party.

§ 46. Before opening the polls to receive votes the judges and clerks of

2 the election shall severally subscribe and take an oath or affirmation in the
3 following form, to wit: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support
4 the constitution of the United States and of the State of Illinois, and that
5 I will faithfully discharge the duties of judge (or clerk) of this election
6 according to the best of my ability, and that I have resided in this election
7 district one year next preceding this election and that I am entitled to vote
8 at this election."

§ 47. In case there shall be no officer present at the opening of an election
2 authorized to administer oaths it shall be lawful for the judges of election
3 to administer the oath or affirmation to each other and to the clerks of
4 the election, and the person administering such oath or affirmation shall
5 cause an entry thereof to be made and subscribed by him and prefixed to
6 each poll book.

§ 48. The county board shall provide a sufficient number of ballot boxes
2 with secure locks and keys, at the expense of the county, for the several
3 election precincts and districts. There shall be an opening in the lid of each
4 ballot box, not longer than is sufficient to admit a single folded ballot to be
5 inserted therein at one time, through which each ballot voted shall be put
6 into the box. The ballot boxes shall be delivered to, and kept by, the judges
7 of election and by them delivered over to their successors in office.

§ 49. The county clerk shall provide at the expense of the county, proper
2 poll books, and all other necessary election blanks for each precinct and
3 election district in his county, and cause a suitable number thereof to be
4 delivered to the judges of election in each precinct or election district in
5 his county at least ten days before any election is to be held.

§ 50. The county board may appoint one or more constables to attend
2 each place of holding elections within the county and preserve order dur-
3 ing the election. If no constable is appointed by the county board to attend
4 any place of holding election, or if others shall be necessary to preserve
5 order, the judges of election may appoint one or more constables for that

6 purpose. The judges of election may appoint any suitable person to act as
7 a special constable during the election. Constables serving at such elections
8 shall be paid out of the county treasury not exceeding two dollars for each
9 day's service.

§ 51. Any constable attending such election may call to his aid a sufficient
2 number of citizens to arrest any disorderly person, or suppress any riot or
3 disorder during the election. Whoever conducts himself in a riotous or dis-
4 orderly manner at any election, and persists in such conduct after being
5 warned to desist, may be arrested without a warrant.

§ 52. At least thirty days previous to any general election, and at least
2 twenty days previous to any special election, except in cases otherwise pro-
3 vided for, the county clerk in counties not under township organization shall
4 make out and deliver to the sheriff of his county, or in counties under town-
5 ship organization to the several supervisors of his county, three notices
6 thereof for each precinct or election district in which the election in such
7 county is to be held. The notice may be substantially as follows:

8 "Notice is hereby given that on (give date) at (give the place of holding
9 the election and the name of the precinct or district) in the county of (name
10 of county) an election will be held for (give title of the several offices to be
11 filled) which election will be opened at eight o'clock in the morning and
12 continue open until o'clock in the evening of that day.

13 "Dated at this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand
14 eight hundred and A. B., County Clerk."

15 The said sheriff or supervisors to whom the notices are delivered shall
16 post up in three public places in each precinct or district, the three notices
17 therefor, at least fifteen days before the time of holding a general election
18 and at least eight days before the time of holding a special election.

§ 53. The polls shall be opened at the hour of eight o'clock in the morn-
2 ing and continue open until seven o'clock in the evening of the same day,
3 at which time the polls shall be closed. If the judges shall not attend at

4 the hour of eight o'clock in the morning, or if it shall be necessary for the
 5 electors present to appoint judges to conduct the election as hereinbefore
 6 provided, the polls may, in that case, be opened at any hour before the time
 7 for closing the same shall arrive, as the case may require.

§ 54. Upon opening the polls one of the judges or clerks shall make procla-
 2 mation of the same and at least thirty minutes before the closing of the polls
 3 proclamation shall be made in like manner that the polls will be closed in
 4 half an hour.

§ 55. Before any ballot shall be placed in the ballot box, the ballot box
 2 shall be publicly opened and exhibited and the judges and poll clerks shall
 3 see that no ballot is in such box, after which the box shall be locked and
 4 the key delivered to one of the judges and shall not be again opened until
 5 the close of the polls.

§ 56. Each poll clerk shall keep a list which shall contain a column headed
 2 "number" and another headed "names of voters." The name of each elector
 3 voting shall be entered on each of the poll books by the poll clerks in regu-
 4 lar succession under the proper heading and the number of such vote placed
 5 opposite his name in the column headed "number."

§ 57. The manner of voting shall be by ballot. All ballots cast in elec-
 2 tions for public office in this State shall be printed and distributed at public
 3 expense. The printing of ballots and cards of instruction for the voters in
 4 each county, and the delivery of the same to the clerks and election officers,
 5 as hereinafter provided, shall be a county charge the payment of which shall
 6 provided for in the same manner as the payment of other county expenses,
 7 but the expense of printing and delivering the ballots and cards of instruc-
 8 tion to be used in local elections shall be a charge upon the city, town or
 9 villaue in which such local election shall be held.

§ 58. Any convention or primary meeting, as herinafter defined, held for
 2 the purpose of making nominations to public office, and also voters to the
 3 number hereinafter specified, may now vote candidates for public office within

4 the State. A convention or primary meeting within the meaning of this
 5 act, is an organized assemblage of voters or delegates, representing a political
 6 party which at the last election before the holding of such convention or
 7 primary meeting polled at least one per cent. of the entire vote cast in the
 8 State, county, district or other division for which the nomination is made. A
 9 committee appointed by any such convention or primary meeting may also
 10 make nominations to public office when authorized to do so by resolution
 11 duly passed by the convention or primary meeting at which such committee
 12 was appointed.

§ 59. All nominations made by such convention, primary meeting or com-
 2 mittees, shall be certified as follows: The certificate of nomination, which
 3 shall be in writing, shall contain the name of the office for which each person
 4 is nominated, the name and residence of each such person, and if in a city the
 5 street, number of residence and place of business, if any, and shall designate
 6 in not more than five words the party which such convention, primary meeting
 7 or committee represents. It shall be signed by the chairman and secretary of
 8 such convention, primary meeting or committee, who shall add to their
 9 signatures their respective places of residence, and make oath before an officer
 10 qualified to administer the same, that the affiants were such officers of such
 11 convention, primary meeting or committee, and that said certificates and
 12 the statements therein contained are true to the best of their knowledge and
 13 belief. A certificate that oath has been administered shall be made and
 14 signed by the officer before whom the same was taken and attached to such
 15 certificate of nomination. When the nomination is made by a committee the
 16 certificate of nomination shall also contain a copy of the resolution passed at
 17 the convention or primary which authorized the committee to make such
 18 nomination.

§ 60. Certificates of nomination of candidates for offices to be filled by the
 2 voters of the entire State, or of any division or district greater than a county,
 3 and for all members of congress, State senators and members of the house of

4 representatives, shall be filed with the Secretary of State. All other certificates
5 of nomination shall be filed with the county clerks of the respective counties
6 wherein the officers are to be elected.

§ 61. Candidates for public office may be nominated otherwise than by a
2 convention, primary meeting or committee in the manner following: A cer-
3 tificate of nomination containing the name or names of a candidate, or
4 candidates for an office, or offices to be filed with such information as is
5 required to be given in certificates provided for in section fifty-nine of this
6 act, except that said certificate shall designate in not more than five words,
7 instead of the party, the political or other name which the signers shall
8 select, shall be signed by voters residing within the district or political
9 division in and for which the officer, or officers are to be elected, to the
10 number of at least one thousand when the nomination is for an office to be
11 filled by the voters of the entire State, of at least two hundred and fifty
12 voters. When the nomination is for an office to be filled by the voters of
13 any district or political division less than the State and not less than a
14 county or a senatorial district wholly within a county, of not less than two
15 per cent. of the legal voters residing within any district or political division
16 less than a county or a senatorial district wholly within a county, to be
17 determined by the votes cast within such district or political division at the
18 last general election held therein. The signatures to a certificate of
19 nomination need not all be appended to one paper. The certificate may
20 designate and appoint upon the face thereof, one or more persons who for
21 the purposes set forth in section seventy-two of this act shall represent the
22 signers of said certificate. Each voter signing a certificate of nomination
23 shall add to his signature his place of residence, and shall before an officer
24 duly authorized to take acknowledgments, acknowledge his signature and
25 make oath that he is a voter and has truly stated his residence. Such certificate
26 when executed and acknowledged as above prescribed, may be filed as
27 prescribed in section sixty of this act, in the same manner and with the

2 same effect as a certificate of nomination made by a party convention.
3 primary meeting or committee.

§ 62. No certificate of nomination shall contain the names of more candi-
2 dates for any office than there are persons to be elected to such office. No
3 person shall sign more than one certificate of nomination for any office to
4 be filed at the same election.

§ 63. The Secretary of State shall cause to be preserved in his office all
2 certificates of nomination filed therein under the provisions of this act; and
3 each county clerk shall cause to be preserved in his office all certificates of
4 nomination filed therein under the provisions of this act. All such
5 certificates shall be open to public inspection under proper regulations to be
6 made by the officers with whom the same are filed.

§ 64. When nominations are made by a convention, primary meeting or
2 committee as provided for in section fifty-nine of this act, the certificates of
3 nomination to be filed with the Secretary of State shall be filed not more
4 than forty nor less than twenty-five days before the day fixed by law for
5 the election of the persons in nomination; and the certificates of nomina-
6 tion herein directed to be filed with the county clerk, shall be filed not
7 more than forty, nor less than fifteen days before the election. Certificates
8 of nomination otherwise than by a convention, primary meeting or committee
9 made according to the provisions of section sixty-one of this act shall, when
10 required to be filed with the Secretary of State, be filed not more than
11 forty, nor less than fifteen days before the election, and when required to
12 be filed with the county clerk shall be filed not more than thirty nor less
13 than ten days before the election.

§ 65. The Secretary of State shall immediately upon the expiration of the
2 time within which certificates of nomination may be filed with him, certify to
3 the county clerk of each county within which any of the voters may, by law,
4 vote for a candidate or candidates named in the certificate, the name and de-
5 scription of each of such candidates, together with the other details mentioned
6 in the certificate of nomination so filed with the Secretary of State.

166 At least six days before an election, a full copy of the office of the county clerk of each county shall cause to be published in not less than two nor more than four newspapers within the county a list of all nominations to office, certified to him under the provisions of this act. Such publication shall contain the home and residence, and if in a city, the street, number of residence and place of business, if any, and the party or other designation of each candidate. In case of municipal elections such publication of the names of candidates for municipal offices shall be made in newspapers which are published within the municipality where the election is to be held; one of such publications shall be made in a newspaper which advocates the principles of the political party that at the last preceding election cast the largest number of votes in the State, and another of such publications shall be made in a newspaper which advocates the principles of the political party that at the last preceding election cast the next largest number of votes in the State. In making additional publications the county clerk shall keep in view the object of giving information, so far as possible, to the voters of all political parties; and in no event shall such additional publications be made in two newspapers representing the same political party. The county clerk shall make such publications daily in counties where daily newspaper are published, but if there be no daily newspapers published within the county, one publication in each newspaper shall be sufficient. Should the county clerk find it impracticable to make the publication six days before the election day in counties where no daily newspaper is published, he shall make the same at the earliest possible day thereafter.

§ 67. The county clerk of each county shall, at least six days before election day, send to the town clerk of each town, and to the aldermen of each ward in any city therein, printed lists, at least five and not more than ten copies for each election district in such town or ward, containing the name and residence, and if in a city the street, number of residence and place of business, if any, and party or other designation of each candidate nominated, as hereinbefore provided, to be voted for by the voters of the respective

8 towns or wards. Such lists shall at least three days before the day of elec-
 9 tion be conspicuously posted by such town clerk or aldermen in two or more
 10 public places in each election district of each town or ward, one of which
 11 shall be at the place where such election is to be held. The provisions of
 12 this section shall not apply to any city wherein the publication required by
 13 section sixty-six of this act shall be made in two or more daily newspapers
 14 published in such city.

§ 68. Whenever any person nominated for public office as in this act pro-
 2 vided shall, at least thirteen days before the day of election, if he shall have
 3 been nominated as provided in section fifty-nine of this act, or at least ten
 4 days before the day of election if he shall have been nominated as provided
 5 in section sixty-one of this act, notify the officer with whom the original cer-
 6 tificate of his nomination was filed, in a writing signed by him and duly
 7 acknowledged, that he declines such nomination, the same shall be void and
 8 his name shall not be printed on the ballots. The officer to whom such noti-
 9 fication is given shall forthwith inform, by mail or otherwise, one or more of
 10 the persons whose names are attached to the original certificate of nomi-
 11 nation, that such nomination has been declined.

§ 69. All certificates of nomination which are in apparent conformity with
 2 the provisions of this act shall be deemed to be valid unless objection thereto
 3 shall be made in writing within five days after the filing of the same. In
 4 case such objection is made notice shall forthwith be mailed to all candidates
 5 who may be affected thereby, addressed to them at their respective places of
 6 residence as given in the certificate of nomination. The officer with whom
 7 the original certificate was filed shall, in the first instance, pass upon the
 8 validity of such objection, and his decision shall be final unless an order
 9 shall be made in the matter by a court of competent jurisdiction or by some
 10 judge thereof at chambers on or before the Wednesday next preceding the
 11 election. Such order may be made summarily upon application of any party
 12 interested and upon such notice as the court or judge may require.

§ 70 Should any person so nominated die before election day, or decline
 2 the nomination as in this act provided, or should any certificate of nomina-
 3 tion be insufficient or inoperative the vacancy or vacancies thus occasioned
 4 may be filled in the manner required for original nominations. If the ori-
 5 ginal nomination was made by a party convention which had delegated to a
 6 committee the power to fill vacancies such committee may upon the occur-
 7 ring of such vacancies, proceed to fill the same. The chairman and secretary
 8 of such committee shall thereupon make and file with the proper officer a
 9 certificate setting forth the cause of the vacancy, the name of the person
 10 nominated, the office for which he was nominated, the name of the person
 11 for whom the new nominee is to be substituted, the fact that the committee
 12 was authorized to fill vacancies, and such further information as is required
 13 to be given in an original certificate of nomination. The certificate so made
 14 shall be executed, acknowledged and sworn to in the manner prescribed for
 15 the original certificate of nomination, and shall upon being filed at least eight
 16 days before the day of the election, have the same force and effect as an orig-
 17 inal certificate of nomination. When such certificate shall be filed with the
 18 Secretary of State he shall, in certifying the nominations to the various county
 19 clerks, insert the name of the person who has thus been nominated to fill a
 20 vacancy, in place of the name of the original nominee, and in the event that
 21 he has already sent forward his certificate, he shall forthwith certify to the
 22 county clerks of the proper counties, the name and description of the person
 23 so nominated to fill a vacancy, the office he is nominated for, together with the
 24 other details mentioned in the certificate of nomination so filed with the Secre-
 25 tary of State and the name of the person for whom such nominee is sub-
 26 stituted.

§ 71. Whenever a proposed constitutional amendment, or other question
 2 is to be submitted to the people of the State for a popular vote, the
 3 Secretary of State shall duly, and not less than fifteen days before election,
 4 certify the same to the county clerk of each county in the State and the

5 clerk of each county shall include the nomination or question to be sub-
 6 mitted, substantially as it will appear on the ballot to be used on election
 7 day, in the publication provided for by section sixty-six of this act.

§ 72. Except as in this act is otherwise provided, it shall be the duty of
 2 the county clerk of each county to provide printed ballots for every election
 3 of public officers in which voters or any of the voters within the county
 4 participated, and to cause to be printed on the appropriate ballot the name
 5 of every candidate whose nomination has been certified to, or filed with the
 6 county clerk in the manner provided for in this act; he shall also provide
 7 for every such election printed ballots containing only the names of the
 8 officers to be filled at the election. Sample ballots printed on paper of a
 9 different color from the official ballots but in the form of those to be used
 10 on election day, each containing the names of the candidates which are to
 11 be printed on the appropriate official ballots, shall be printed and in
 12 possession of the county clerk, or other officers or boards charged with the
 13 duty of preparing such ballots seven days before the day of election, subject
 14 to public inspection. The official ballots shall be printed and in possession
 15 of the county clerk, or such other officers or boards, at least four days before
 16 election and subject also to inspection by the candidates and their agents.

§ 73. Each ballot shall have a perforated line running across the top so
 2 as to have the space thereon above said line one inch in width, and upon
 3 the portion above the line, which shall be known as the "stub" nothing
 4 shall be printed except the printed number hereinafter mentioned. Upon
 5 each ballot shall be printed the name of the office or position for which the
 6 name is to be filled, and the name of the county or district, and
 7 except on the ballot for the election of the members of the candidates, the names
 8 of candidates in any or all of the offices for which the name of such candidates therefor
 9 respectively (not more for any office than one elector is entitled to vote for)
 10 as may have been certified therefor in the certificates of nomination herein
 11 before provided for in sections fifty-nine and sixty-one of this act, bearing

12 the same political or other name. But no name or names of any candidate
13 or candidates shall be placed upon a ticket put in nomination by certificate
14 as provided for in section sixty-one of this act, except the name specified in
15 said certificate of nomination without the written approval of the person or
16 persons designated and appointed in said certificate as provided in that
17 section, and such approval shall be made at least twelve days before
18 election. Besides the kind of ballots containing only the names of the
19 offices to be filled at the election as required by section seventy-two of this
20 act, there shall be as many separate kinds of ballots as there are different
21 political parties represented by certificates as provided in section fifty-nine
22 of this act and as there are different political or other names represented
23 by certificates as provided in section sixty-one of this act. There shall also
24 be as many different kinds of ballots as may be required to comply with the
25 directions heretofore authorized of the person or persons designated and
26 appointed as provided in section sixty-one of this act upon certificates of
27 nomination. When nominations are made by convention, primary meeting or
28 committees as prescribed by section fifty-nine of this act, and candidates
29 are not named for all the places on the ballot, the places for which nomi-
30 nations are not made shall be left blank with the name of the office only
31 printed on the ballot. All ballots for the same polling place shall be of the
32 same length. Each ballot shall be six inches wide and of such length below
33 the stub as to allow three-eighths of an inch in the length of the ballot for
34 the name of each office and the same space for the name of each candidate
35 therefor, for whom one elector may be entitled to vote. The names of
36 offices and candidates shall be in a single column, except the names of
37 candidates for presidential electors, which shall be in two columns. The
38 stubs of each kind of ballots for each election district shall be numbered
39 consecutively by printed numbers thereon. On the back of each ballot shall
40 be printed in type known as great primer Roman condensed capitals "Official
41 ballot for," and after the word "for" shall follow the designation of

42 the polling place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the election
 43 and a fac simile of the signature of the county clerk. The ballot shall
 44 contain no caption or other indorsement except as in this section provided.
 45 Each county clerk shall use precisely the same quality and tint of paper,
 46 kind of type, and quality and tint of plain black ink for all ballots provided
 47 by him to be used at one election. Whenever candidates are to be voted
 48 for only by the voters of a particular district, town, village, city or county,
 49 the name of such candidates shall not be printed on any other ballots than
 50 those provided for the use of such district, town, village, city or county
 51 respectively. The ballots shall be of such form and so printed that they
 52 may be folded in the middle lengthwise and then crosswise in such a way
 53 that the stub of each ballot can be removed without unfolding the ballot
 54 or exposing any of its contents, and that when so folded the whole of the
 55 indorsement shall be visible. There shall be but one ballot box at each
 56 polling place for receiving all ballots cast for candidates for offices.

§ 74. The county clerk of each county or other public officer or boards
 2 charged by this act with the duty of printing and providing ballots, shall
 3 provide for each election district in the county two hundred ballots of each
 4 kind for every fifty voters registered at the last preceding election in the
 5 district. If there is no registry in the districts, such ballots shall be
 6 provided to the number of two hundred of each kind for every fifty
 7 voters who voted at the last election in the district. When a district shall
 8 be divided or the boundaries changed the county clerk or such other public
 9 officers or boards must ascertain as nearly as possible the number of voters
 10 in the new district or districts and provide therefor a sufficient number of
 11 ballots in the above proportion.

§ 75. Whenever it shall appear by affidavit that an error or omission has
 2 occurred in the publication of the names or description of the candidates
 3 nominated for office or in the printing of the sample or official ballots the
 4 supreme court or any justice thereof, or any circuit or judge thereof within

5 whose district such error or omission has occurred, may upon the appli-
6 cation of any candidate or elector within such district by order require the
7 county clerk or other public officers or boards charged with the duty in
8 respect to which such error or omission has occurred to correct such error
9 or show cause why the same should not be corrected. The county clerk
10 or such other public officers or boards shall also upon his or their own
11 motion correct without delay any patent error in the ballots which he or
12 they may discover, or which shall be brought to his or their attention, and
13 which can be corrected without interfering with the timely distribution of
14 the ballots as hereinafter provided.

§ 76. The county clerks of the various counties in the State shall prior
2 to an election cause to be delivered to each of the town clerks, in counties
3 under township organization, and to one of the judges of election in each
4 election district in counties not under township organization, the proper
5 number of ballots provided for the use of the voters of said towns or
6 election districts at such election. Such ballots shall be sent in sealed
7 packages, one package of each kind for each election district, with marks
8 on the outside of each package clearly stating the polling place for which
9 it is intended, together with the number of ballots inclosed. They shall be
10 delivered to the town clerks in counties under township organization and to
11 a judge of each election district in counties not under township organization
12 on Saturday before election day. Ballots to be used in cities should be
13 delivered at the time and in the manner above provided to the city clerks
14 of the respective cities. Receipts for ballots thus delivered shall be given
15 by the town or city clerks or judges of election who secures them and filed
16 with the county clerk, who shall keep a record of the time when and the
17 names in which each of said packages was sent. The town and city clerks
18 and judges of election receiving such packages shall at the opening of the
19 polls on election day cause the same to be delivered with the seals unbroken
20 to the judges or inspector of election of the various election districts as

21 designated on the outside of the packages respectively, and shall take
22 receipt therefor from said judges or inspectors of election, which shall be
23 placed on file in their respective offices.

§ 77. If the ballots to be furnished to any town or city clerk or judge
2 of election shall not be delivered at the time above mentioned, or if
3 after the delivery they shall be destroyed or stolen it shall be the duty of
4 said town or city clerk or judge of election to cause other ballots to be pre-
5 pared as nearly in the form prescribed in section sixty-three as practicable
6 but without the indorsement, and upon the receipt of ballots thus prepared
7 from said clerk (or judge of election in counties not under township organ-
8 ization) accompanied by a statement under oath that the same have been so
9 prepared and furnished by him, and that the original ballots have so failed
10 to be received, or have been so destroyed or stolen, the judges or inspectors
11 of election shall cause the ballots so substituted to be used at the election.
12 If from any cause neither the official ballots nor ballots prepared by the
13 town or city clerk, or judges of election in counties not under township
14 organization as herein prescribed shall be ready for distribution at any
15 polling place, or if the supply of ballots shall be exhausted before the polls
16 are closed, unofficial ballots printed or written made as nearly as possible in
17 the form of the official ballots may be used.

18 Whenever a candidate for any office whose name is printed on the
19 official ballot shall have died, shall be or become ineligible, or shall have
20 withdrawn before election day, voters may use unofficial ballots in voting to
21 fill the office for which such deceased, ineligible or withdrawn candidate
22 was nominated, and the name of the deceased, ineligible or withdrawn
23 candidate shall be considered as having been erased from the official ballot,
24 but such unofficial ballot shall contain only the name of the person voted
25 for in lieu of the deceased, ineligible or withdrawn candidate and under
26 the designation of the office for which such person is a candidate.

§ 78. All officers upon whom is imposed by law the duty of designating

2 or providing polling places, shall provide in each polling place so designated
 3 or provide a sufficient number of voting booths, which shall be furnished
 4 with such supplies and conveniences, including shelves, pens, penholders,
 5 ink, blotting paper, pencils and muscilage, as will enable the voter to prepare
 6 his ballot for voting, and in which voters may prepare their ballots screened
 7 from all observation as to the manner they do so, and a guard rail shall be
 8 so constructed and placed that only such persons as are inside said rail can
 9 approach within six feet of the ballot box, and of such voting booths. The
 10 arrangements shall be such that the voting booths can only be reached by
 11 passing within said guard rail. They shall be within plain view of the
 12 election officers, and both they and the ballot boxes shall be in plain view
 13 of those just outside the guard rail. Each of said booths shall have four
 14 sides inclosed, one side in front to open and shut as a door swinging
 15 outward. Each side of each booth shall be six feet high and the door shall
 16 extend to within two feet of the floor. Each booth shall be at least three
 17 feet square and shall contain a shelf at least one foot wide at a convenient
 18 height for writing. No person other than the election officers and the
 19 challengers allowed by law, and those admitted for the purpose of voting as
 20 hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within said guard rail, except by
 21 authority of the election officers to keep order and enforce the law, and
 22 except in the contingency mentioned in the first sentence of section eighty-three
 23 of this act. The number of such voting booths shall not be less than one
 24 for every fifty voters who voted at the last preceding election in the district.
 25 The expense of providing booths and guard rails, and all other things
 26 required by this act, shall be paid in the same manner as other election
 27 expenses.

§ 79. It shall be the duty of the ballot clerks to deliver ballots to the
 2 qualified voters, and they shall at all times be under the supervision of the
 3 judges of election. The ballots shall be kept in plain view of the polling
 4 places, and as near as possible to the place where the ballot box is situated.

5 At the opening of the polls the judges of election shall open the packages
6 containing the ballots and place the ballots in charge of the ballot clerk .
7 Each qualified voter before receiving his ballots from the ballot clerks shall
8 announce his name to the election officers. His name shall be noted by the
9 poll clerks, and each voter's name shall be numbered consecutively by the
10 poll clerks with the number upon the stubs of the ballots delivered to him
11 and in the order of the respective applications to the ballot clerks for
12 ballots. The ballot clerks shall thereupon deliver to the voter, and the
13 voter shall receive and take with him into booth one of each kind
14 of ballots which shall have been furnished for use at such polling place. But
15 before any voter shall receive said ballots, and in the presence and view of
16 the voter, each of said ballot clerks or a ballot clerk and a judge shall write his
17 initials upon the stub of each of said ballots, but the stub of all ballots delivered
18 to one voter at one time shall have the initials of the same persons thereon. When
19 any person shall make application for ballots, his right to vote at that poll
20 and election may be challenged, and such proceedings shall thereupon be
21 had as the law prescribes or shall prescribe in case of challenges. If the
22 person so applying is not entitled to vote, no ballot shall be delivered to
23 him. Any person may also be challenged when he shall offer his ballot to
24 the judges. A reasonable number of challengers representing each political
25 party shall be permitted to remain just outside the guard rail where they
26 can plainly see what is done within the polling place, except within said
27 booths. The said polling place shall be so arranged that any part thereof
28 except the inside of said booths may be in full view of such challengers.

§ 80. On receiving his ballots, the voter shall forthwith and with-
2 out leaving the inclosed space retire alone to one of the voting
3 booths or compartments, and shall prepare his ballots. The voter may write
4 or paste upon his ballots the name of any person for whom he desires to
5 vote for any office. All pasters shall be of white paper and must be printed
6 with type uniform with that required by this act to be used upon the

7 ballots, and shall be printed in plain black ink. A paster shall be so attached
8 to the ballot that when the ballot is folded no portion of such paster shall be
9 visible. In preparing his ballot any voter shall be at liberty to use or copy
10 any unofficial sample ballot to assist him in preparing the official ballot. After
11 preparing his ballot and before leaving the booth the voter shall fold all
12 the ballots delivered to him in the middle lengthwise and then crosswise,
13 but in such a way that the contents of the ballot shall be concealed and
14 the stubs can be removed without exposing the contents of any of the
15 ballots, and shall keep the same so folded until he has delivered the same
16 to the election officers as in this section provided. He shall then vote in
17 the manner provided by law forthwith and before leaving the inclosed
18 space, but before his vote shall be received, the voter's name and the number
19 on the stubs of his ballot shall be called out, and the number on such stubs
20 shall correspond with the number noted against his name by the poll
21 clerks as hereinbefore provided. The judges of election shall remove the
22 stub from each ballot voted, in plain view of the voter and without unfolding
23 or disclosing the contents of the ballot, before the same is deposited in the
24 ballot box. The voter shall thereupon deliver to the judges of election the
25 ballots not voted by him but folded in precisely the same manner as the
26 ballots voted, and the judges or inspectors of election shall remove
27 from each ballot its stub and the unvoted ballots shall be deposited in a
28 box prepared for that purpose, and which shall be kept locked until after
29 the canvass of the votes, and after all the votes are canvassed all ballots
30 which were so deposited in such box shall be turned by the judges of
31 election without any examination of their contents. When an unofficial
32 ballot shall be used in the cases provided in the last two sentences of section
33 seventy-seven of this act, the person using it shall, before voting the
34 same, retire to one of the voting booths or compartments, when he shall
35 prepare such ballot for voting.

§ 81. Not more than one person shall be permitted to occupy the same

2 voting booth at the same time except as provided for in section eighty-three
 3 of this act and no person shall remain in or occupy any such booth or com-
 4 partment more than five minutes when all the other booths or compartments
 5 are occupied. No person who has once voted, other than an election officer,
 6 or a challenger, shall be permitted to re-enter said inclosed space during said
 7 election except to aid another in preparing his ballot as hereinafter provided,
 8 and no voter, with such officer or challenger shall be permitted to remain in
 9 said inclosed space longer than is necessary for him to procure, prepare and
 10 deposit his ballot, as hereinbefore provided. It shall be the duty of the board
 12 of judges to see that the provisions of this section are properly observed.

§ 82. If any voter spoils a ballot he may obtain one other full set upon
 2 returning to the ballot clerks the set of ballots containing the spoiled ballots.
 3 In obtaining a set of ballots to replace a spoiled set the name of the voter
 4 shall be given and his number noted in the manner hereinbefore provided
 5 when the voter's original application is made to the ballot clerks. The bal-
 6 lots thus returned shall be canceled and together with those not distributed
 7 to voters shall be preserved; and with the record of ballots delivered to
 8 voters by the ballot clerks and the stubs of the ballots so delivered shall be
 9 secured in a package and sent to the county clerk or other public officers or
 10 boards by whom such ballots were prepared on the day after the election.
 11 The ballot clerks shall also at the same time file with the county clerks of
 12 their respective counties, or other public officers or boards by whom such
 13 ballots were prepared, a statement in writing showing the number of ballots
 14 of each kind voted, the number of ballots of each kind delivered to
 15 voters, the number of spoiled ballots of each kind, and the number of
 16 ballots of each kind not delivered to voters, and the number of detached
 17 stubs returned, identifying and specifying the same. Any ballot clerk who
 18 shall fail to thus account fully and particularly for all official ballots placed
 19 in his charge shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 83. Any voter who declares under oath to the judges or inspectors of
 2 election that by reason of physical disability or of his inability to read

3 the English language he is unable to prepare his ballot without assistance,
 4 shall be permitted to bring with him into such booth a person of his own
 5 selection who may retire with such voter to the booth and assist him in the
 6 preparation of his ballot. The poll clerks shall make a memorandum on
 7 the poll list of every instance when an oath is administered to a voter as
 8 herein provided, stating briefly which facts were sworn to, the name of the
 9 affiant, and the home of the person who aided the voter in preparing his
 10 ballot. No voter shall divulge to any one within the polling place the name
 11 of any candidate for whom he intends to vote. Nor shall he ask for, or
 12 receive the assistance of any person within the polling places in the prepara-
 13 tion of his ballot except as prescribed in this section. No person who
 14 assists a voter in the preparation of his ballot, as herein provided, shall in
 15 any manner request, or persuade, or induce or seek to induce such voter to
 16 vote any particular ticket, or for any particular candidate or candidates; nor
 17 shall such person reveal to another the home of any candidate for whom
 18 the voter has voted, or anything that took place while he was assisting said
 19 voter in preparing said ballot for voting.

§ 84. No judge of election shall deposit in a ballot box, or permit any
 2 other person to deposit in a ballot box, on election day, any ballot which
 3 is not properly inclosed or upon the stub of which the initials of the ballot
 4 clerks or of a ballot clerk and a judge or inspector of election did not appear
 5 when presented to be voted except in the cases provided for in section seventy-
 6 seven of this act.

§ 85. The county clerk of each county or other public officers or boards
 2 charged with the duty of providing the ballots, shall cause to be printed
 3 and furnished, as hereinafter provided, on cards, in English, and in such other
 4 languages as he or they may deem necessary, instructions for the guidance
 5 of voters in preparing their ballots. Further, such cards, each printed in all
 6 the languages so determined upon, shall be furnished to the judges or in-
 7 spectors of election of each election district in the same manner and at the
 8 same time as the printed official ballots. The board of judges of elections

9 shall post one of each of said cards in each booth provided for the prepar-
 10 ation of ballots and not less than three of said cards elsewhere in and
 11 about the polling place on the day of election. Said cards shall be
 12 printed in large, clear type and shall contain full instructions to voters as to
 13 what should be done. (1) To obtain ballots for voting. (2) To prepare the
 14 ballots for deposit in the ballot boxes. (3) To obtain a new ballot in the place
 15 of one spoiled by accident or mistake; said cards shall also contain a copy
 16 of sections eighty-seven, eighty eight and ninety of this act.

§ 86. The votes for the several candidates shall be canvassed in the order
 2 in which they appear upon the several ballots. No ballots that have not
 3 the printed official indorsement shall be counted except such as are voted
 4 in accordance with section seventy-seven of this act. All ballots that are
 5 defective in whole or in part shall be marked "defective" and preserved and
 6 filed as provided in section eighty-two of this act.

§ 87. No person shall falsely make, or make oath to, or fraudulently
 2 deface, or fraudulently destroy any certificate of nomination, or any part
 3 thereof; or file or receive for filing any certificate of nomination knowing
 4 the same or any part thereof to be falsely made; or suppress any certificate
 5 of nomination which has been duly filed or any part thereof; or forge or
 6 falsely make the official indorsement of any ballot. Every person violating
 7 any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a felony and
 8 upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the peniten-
 9 tiary not less than one year and not more than five years.

§ 88. No person shall during the election remove or destroy any of the
 2 supplies or other conveniences placed in the booths for the purpose of
 3 enabling the voter to prepare his ballot, nor shall any person prior to or on
 4 the day of election deface or destroy any list of candidates posted in
 5 accordance with the provisions of this act. No person shall, during an
 6 election, remove, tear down or deface the cards printed for the instruction

7 of voters. Every person willfully violating any of the provisions of this sec-
8 tion shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 89. Every public officer upon whom any duty is imposed by this act
2 who violates his said duty or who neglects or omits to perform the same,
3 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall
4 be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not exceed-
5 ing one year or by a fine not less than one hundred dollars and not more
6 than one thousand dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

7 Any person having charge of official ballots who shall destroy, conceal
8 or suppress them, except as in this act permitted shall be guilty of a felony,
9 and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the
10 penitentiary not less than one year nor more than five years.

11 Any person who has undertaken to deliver official ballots to any city,
12 town or village clerk or to any judge of elections, and neglects or refuses
13 to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall
14 be imprisoned in the county jail not less than three months nor more than
15 one year, or fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one
16 hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

17 Any election officer or challenger who shall reveal to another person
18 the name of any candidate for whom a voter has voted, or who shall
19 communicate to another his opinion, belief or impression as to how or for
20 whom a voter has voted, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon con-
21 viction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for
22 not less than one month nor more than one year, or fined not less than
23 twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by both such
24 fine and imprisonment.

§ 90. No person shall do any electioneering on election day within any
2 polling place, or in any public street or room, or in a public manner within
3 one hundred and fifty feet of any polling place. No person shall remove any
4 official ballot from any polling place before the polls are closed. No person

5 shall show his ballot after it is prepared for voting in such a way as to
6 reveal the contents, nor shall any person solicit the voter to show the same;
7 nor shall any person, other than judges of election, receive from any voter
8 a ballot prepared for voting. No voter shall receive an official ballot from
9 any other person than one of the ballot clerks having charge of the ballots,
10 nor shall any person other than such ballot clerks deliver an official ballot
11 to such voter. No voter shall place any mark upon his ballot by means of
12 which it can be identified as the ballot voted by him. Every voter who
13 does not vote or deliver in the manner hereinbefore and in section eighty
14 of this act provided the ballots received by him from the ballot clerks,
15 shall, before leaving the polling place or going outside the guard rail return
16 each such ballots to the ballot clerks. Whoever shall violate any of the
17 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. But nothing
18 herein contained shall prevent any person from receiving or delivering an
19 unofficial sample ballot, or from receiving, delivering and voting an unofficial
20 ballot in the contingencies provided against by section seventy-seven of
21 this act.

§ 91. Any person entitled to vote at a general election in this State, shall,
2 on the day of such election, be entitled to absent himself from any service
3 or employment in which he is then engaged or employed for a period of
4 two hours between the time of opening and closing the polls; and such voter
5 shall not, because of so absenting himself, be liable to any penalty, nor
6 shall any deduction be made on account of such absence from his usual
7 salary or wages: *Provided*, however, that application for such leave of
8 absence shall be made prior to the day of election. The employer may
9 specify the hours during which such employe may absent himself as afore-
10 said. Any person or corporation who shall refuse to an employe the
11 privilege hereby conferred, or shall subject an employe to a penalty or
12 reduction of wages because of the exercise of such privilege, or who shall

13 directly or indirectly violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed
14 guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 92. All ballots to be used in cities, villages and incorporated towns,
2 adopting an act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result
3 thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State, approved
4 June 19, 1885, shall be prepared by the board of election commissioners of
5 such city, village or incorporated town from the certificates of nomination
6 on file in the office of the county clerk of the county in which such city
7 village, or incorporated town is situate. Such ballots, in sealed packages,
8 indorsed as hereinbefore provided, shall be distributed among the election
9 districts in such city, village or incorporated town, by said boards of election
10 commissioners respectively instead of by the city clerk, and receipts taken
11 therefor and filed in the office of said boards respectively, and instead of a
12 fac simile of the signature of the county clerk upon the back, they shall
13 contain a fac simile of the signature of the chairman of board of election
14 commissioners.

§ 93. The provisions of this act shall apply to town and village elections,
2 except in the following particulars: Whenever the word clerk is used in
3 this act it shall be construed as referring to the town clerk when the subject
4 matter applies to town elections and to the village clerk when it applies to
5 village elections. Nominations for town and village officers shall be made
6 and certified substantially as hereinbefore provided, but certificates thereof
7 shall be filed with the clerk not less than five days before the day of elec-
8 tion. When nominations are made for town and village offices in the manner
9 set forth in section sixty-one of this act the number of signatures to the
10 certificate need not exceed twenty-five. Nominations for town and village
11 offices need not be published in the newspapers, but the clerks shall cause
12 printed lists to be posted as prescribed in section sixty-seven of this act, on
13 the day before the election is to be held. Whenever it shall be necessary to
14 fill a vacancy the same shall be filled at least three days before election day

15 in the manner prescribed in this act. The clerk shall provide all ballots and
16 cards of instruction to be used at the election, and the same shall be a charge
17 upon the town or village, the payment of which shall be provided for in the
18 same manner as the payment of other town or village expenses. The ballots
19 shall be substantially in the form of the ballots provided for in this act, but it
20 shall not be necessary to print any indorsement thereon. Names of candi-
21 dates not certified at least three days before election shall not be placed on said
22 ballots. The number of ballots to be provided shall be the same as provided
23 for in section seventy-four of this act. The clerk shall deliver, or cause to be
24 delivered, the ballots and cards of instruction in sealed packages to the judges
25 at the opening of the polls on election day, and shall perform such other duties
26 devolved by this act upon county clerks as may be applicable to town and vil-
27 lage elections. Ballot clerks shall not serve at such elections, but all the duties
28 hereinbefore devolved upon ballot clerks shall, at town and vil-
29 lage elections be performed by the town or village boards or other officers
30 acting as judges and clerks of election. The officers who are now required
31 by law to act as judges and clerks of election at town meetings and village
32 elections shall continue to act as such judges and clerks of election under
33 the provisions of this act. The judges of election shall appoint one or more
34 of their number to take charge of the ballots and deliver the same to the
35 qualified voters, and the person or persons thus appointed, or some other of
36 the election officers shall place his or their initials upon the stub above the
37 perforated line in the manner prescribed in section seventy-nine of this act.

§ 94. County clerks shall receive a reasonable compensation for their ser-
2 vices in carrying out the provisions of this act, to be fixed by the county
3 boards of their respective counties. Town and village clerks shall be allowed
4 for their services in carrying out the provisions of this act, for each day ac-
5 tually employed, the same compensation allowed them by law for services
6 upon the town or village board, besides their disbursements.

§ 95. Sunday shall be included in all computations of time under the provisions of this act.

§ 96. This act shall not apply to the election of public officers when determined otherwise than by ballot, nor to elections for school officers when no other officers are to be chosen at the same election.

§ 97. After the opening of the polls no adjournment shall be had nor shall any recess be taken until all votes cast at such election shall have been counted and the result publicly announced.

§ 98. Immediately upon closing the polls the judges of election shall proceed to canvass the votes polled. They shall first count the whole number of ballots in the box. If two or more ballots are folded together, so as to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots so folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots, in the same condition as near or may be in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots shall be found to exceed the number of names entered on each of the poll lists, the ballots shall be replaced in the ballot box and the box well shaken and again opened, and one of the judges of election shall publicly draw out and destroy so many ballots unopened as shall be equal to such excess, and the number of ballots agreeing with the poll lists, or being made to agree, the board shall then proceed to count the ballot. The judges of election shall open and read the ballots, and each poll clerk shall carefully and correctly mark down upon the tally lists the votes each candidate has received in a separate column prepared for that purpose with the name of such candidate at the head of such column, and the office designated by the votes, such candidate shall fill. The votes shall be canvassed in the room or place where the election is held, and the judges shall not allow the ballot box, or any of the ballots, or either of the poll lists, to be removed or carried from such room or place until the canvass of the votes is completed, and the returns carefully enveloped and sealed up as provided by law.

§ 99. If more persons are designated for any office on any ballot than
 2 there are candidates to be elected to such office, or if more votes or parts
 3 of votes are designated on any ballot for representatives or judges of the
 4 circuit court than one voter is entitled to cast, such part of the ballot shall
 5 not be counted.

§ 100. All ballots counted by the judges of election shall, after being
 2 read be strung on a strong thread, in the order in which they have been
 3 read, and shall then be carefully enveloped and sealed up by the judges,
 4 who shall direct the same to the officer to whom by law they are required
 5 to return the poll books, and shall be delivered, together with the poll
 6 books, to such officer who shall carefully preserve said ballots for six
 7 months, and at the expiration of that time he shall destroy the same by
 8 burning, and without unsealing or opening the package in which they are
 9 concealed: *Provided*, that if any contest of election shall be pending at such
 10 time in which such ballots may be required as evidence, the same shall not
 11 be destroyed until such contest is finally determined.

§ 101. In all cases of contested elections the parties contesting the same
 2 shall have the right to have the said package of ballots opened, and said
 3 ballots referred to by witnesses for the purpose of such contest. But said
 4 ballots shall only be so examined and referred to in the presence of the officer
 5 having the custody thereof.

§ 102. When the votes shall have been examined and counted, the clerks shall
 2 set down in their poll books the name of every person voted for, written at
 3 full length, the office for which such person received such votes, and the
 4 number he did receive, the number being expressed in words at full length;
 5 such entry to be made, as nearly as circumstances will admit, in the fol-
 6 lowing form, to-wit:

7 At an election held at.....in.....in the county
 8 of.....and State of Illinois, on the.....day of.....
 9 in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and.....the fol-

10 following named persons received the number of votes annexed to their
11 respective names, for the following described offices, to-wit: (name of
12 candidate) had (number of votes) for (title of office), (and in the same
13 manner for any other person voted for.) Certified by us.

14	A	B.	} Judges of election.
15	C	D.	
16	E	F.	

17 Attest: G. H. }
18 I. J. } Clerks of election.

§. 103. One of the lists of voters with such certificate written thereon, and one of the tally papers footed up so as to show the correct number of votes cast for each person voted for, shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up and put into the hands of one of the judges of election, who shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, deliver the same to the county clerk, or his deputy, at the office of said county clerk, who shall safely keep the same. Another of the lists of voters, with such certificate written thereon, and another of the tally papers footed up as aforesaid, shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up and duly directed to the Secretary of State, and, by another of the judges of election, deposited in the postoffice, within six hours after the completion of the canvass of the votes cast at such election, which poll book and tally list shall be filed and kept by the Secretary of State for one year, and certified copies thereof shall be evidence in all courts, proceedings and election contests. Another of the lists of voters, with such certificate written thereon, and another of the tally papers footed up as aforesaid, shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up and delivered by the third one of the judges, without delay, in counties under township organization to the town clerk of the town in which the district may be; and in counties not under township organization they shall be retained by one of the judges of election and safely kept by said town clerk and judge, for the use and inspection of the voters of such district, until the next general election. Before said returns are sealed up, as aforesaid, the judges shall compare said tally

23 papers, footings and certificates, and see that they are correct and duplicates
24 of each other, and certify to the correctness of the same.

§ 104. The judges and clerks of election shall be allowed the sum of three
2 dollars each per day for their services in attending each election; and the
3 judge who carries the said returns to the county clerk shall also receive five
4 cents per mile each way.

§ 105. Every person having resided in this State one year, in the county
2 ninety days, and in the election district thirty days next preceding any elec-
3 tion therein, who was an elector in this State on the first day of April in the
4 year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, or obtained a
5 certificate of naturalization before any court of record in this State prior to
6 the first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
7 and seventy, or who shall be a male citizen of the United States above the
8 age of twenty-one years shall be entitled to vote at such election.

§ 106. Every honorably discharged soldier or sailor who shall have been an
2 inmate of any soldier's and sailor's home within the State of Illinois for
3 ninety days or longer, and who shall have been a citizen of the United States
4 and resided in this State one year, and in the county where any such home
5 is located ninety days, and in the election district thirty days next preceding
6 any election, shall be entitled to vote in the election district in which any
7 such home, of which he is an inmate, is located: *Provided*, that he shall
8 declare upon oath, if required to do so by any officer of election in said
9 district, that it was his *bona fide* intention at the time he entered said home
11 to become a resident thereof.

§ 107. A permanent abode is necessary to constitute a residence within the
2 meaning of section one hundred and five of this act.

§ 108. Whenever at any general or special election in any precinct, election
2 district, village, town or ward, any person offering to vote is not personally
3 known to the judges of election to have the qualifications mentioned in the
4 three preceding sections, if his vote is challenged by a legal voter at such

5 election, he shall make and subscribe an affidavit in the following form which
 6 shall be retained by the judges of election and returned by them with the
 7 pole books :

8 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
 9 County of..... } ss.

10 I, , do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the
 11 United States or that "I was an elector on the first day of April, A. D. 1848,"
 12 or "that I obtained a certificate of naturalization from a court of record in
 13 this State prior to the first day of January, A. D. 1870;" that I have resided
 14 in this State one year, in this county ninety days, and in this election district
 15 thirty days next pre-eding this election; that I now re-side at (here give the
 16 particular house or residence, and if in a town or city the street and number)
 17 in this election district, that I am twenty-one years of age and have not
 18 voted at this election so help me God (or this I do solemnly and sincerely
 19 affirm as the case may be.)

20
 21 Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day of.....,
 22 A. D. 18....

§ 109. In addition to such affidavit the person so challenged shall produce
 2 a witness personally known by the judges of election and resident in the
 3 precinct, election district or ward, or who shall be proved by some legal
 4 voter of such precinct, district or ward, known to the judges to be such,
 5 who shall take an oath in the form following: I do solemnly swear (or
 6 affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct, (district or ward,) and
 7 entitled to vote at this election, that I have been a resident of this State
 8 for one year last past and am well acquainted with whose vote
 9 is now offered; that he is an actual and *bona fide* resident of this precinct,
 10 (district or ward,) and has resided herein thirty days and as I verily believe
 11 in this county ninety days, and in this State one year next preceding this
 12 election.

13
 14

14 Subscribed and sworn to before me thisday ofA. D. 189..

§ 110. The oath in each case may be administered by either of the judges
2 of election or by any officer resident in the precinct, election district or
3 ward authorized by law to administer oaths.

§ 111. No pauper or inmate of any county poor house, insane asylum or hospital
2 in this State by virtue of his abode at such county poor house, insane
3 asylum or hospital be deemed a resident or legal voter in the town, city,
4 village, election district or precinct in which such county poor house, insane
5 asylum or hospital may be situated; but every such person shall be deemed
6 a resident of the town, city, village, election district or precinct in which
7 he resided next prior to becoming an inmate of such county poor house
8 insane asylum or hospital.

§ 112. No person who has been legally convicted of any crime, the punishment
2 of which is confinement in the penitentiary, or who shall be convicted and
3 sentenced under section eighty-three of this act, shall be permitted to vote
4 at any election, unless he shall be restored to the right to vote by pardon
5 or by the expiration of his disfranchisement under section eighty-three of
6 this act.

CANVASSING RETURNS.

§ 113. Within seven days after the close of the election, the county clerks of
2 the respective counties, with the assistance of two justices of the peace of
3 the county, shall open the returns and make abstracts of the votes in the
4 following manner, as the case may require: Of votes for Governor and
5 Lieutenant Governor, on one sheet; of votes for other State officers, on
6 another sheet; of votes for presidential electors, on another sheet; of votes
7 for representatives in Congress, on another sheet; of votes for judges of the
8 supreme court, on another sheet; of votes for clerks of the supreme court,
9 on another sheet; of votes for judges of the circuit court, on another sheet;
10 of votes for senators and representatives to the general assembly, on another
11 sheet; of votes for members of the State Board of Equalization, on another

12 sheet; of votes for trustees of the University of Illinois, on another sheet;
13 of votes for county officers, on another sheet. The foregoing abstracts shall
14 be preserved by the county clerk in his office.

§ 114. The county clerk shall make out a certificate of election to each
2 of the persons having the highest number of votes for the several county
3 officers, and deliver such certificate to the person entitled to it, on his
4 application.

§ 115. When two or more persons receive an equal, and the highest
2 number of votes for an office to be filled by the county alone, the
3 county clerk shall issue a notice to such persons of such tie vote, and
4 require them to appear at his office, on a day named in the notice, within
5 ten days from the day of election, and determine by lot which of them is
6 to be declared elected.

§ 116. On the day appointed, the clerk and other canvassers, or, in case
2 of their absence, the State's attorney or sheriff, shall attend, and the parties
3 interested shall appear and determine by lot which of them is to be declared
4 elected, and the clerk shall issue his certificate of election to the person
5 thus declared elected.

§ 117. It shall be the duty of the county clerk, on the receipt of the
2 election returns of any general or special election, to make out his certificate,
3 stating the compensation to which the judges and clerks of each election
4 may be entitled for their services, and lay the same before the county board,
5 at its next session; and said board shall order the compensation aforesaid
6 to be paid out of the county treasury.

§ 118. Immediately after the completion of the abstract of votes, the
2 county clerk shall envelope and seal up a copy of the abstracts of votes for
3 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public
4 Accounts, Treasurer, Attorney General and Superintendent of Public Instruc-
5 tion, and endorse upon it in substance, "Abstracts of votes for State officers
6 from county," and address it, "The Speaker of the House of Repre-

7 sentatives." The county clerk shall, at the same time, envelope and seal up
 8 a copy of each of the abstracts of votes for other officers, and endorse the
 9 same so as to show the contents of the package, and direct the same to the
 10 Secretary of State. The several packages shall then be placed in one envelope
 11 and addressed to the Secretary of State.

§ 119. Such abstracts shall be transmitted to the Secretary of State, by
 2 mail, or, in case it shall be necessary, by special messenger.

§ 120. The Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer and Attorney General,
 2 or any two of them, in the presence of the Governor, shall proceed within
 3 twenty days after the election, and sooner, if all the returns are received, to
 4 canvass the votes given for representatives to Congress, judges of the supreme
 5 court, clerks of the supreme court, judges of circuit court, senators, represent-
 6 atives to the general assembly and members of the State Board of Equaliza-
 7 tion, respectively; and the persons having the highest number of votes for
 8 the respective offices shall be declared duly elected; but if it appears that
 9 more than the number of persons to be elected have the highest and an
 10 equal number of votes for the same office, the Secretary of State, in the
 11 presence of the other officers and the Governor, shall decide by lot which of
 12 such persons shall be elected, and to each person duly elected the Governor
 13 shall give a certificate of election or commission, as the case may require
 14 and shall cause proclamation to be made of the result of the canvass.

OFFENCES.

§ 121. No spirituous, malt, vinous or intoxicating liquor shall be sold or
 2 given away at retail nor shall any saloon or barroom, or place where such
 3 liquor is so sold or given away, be opened upon any general or special election
 4 day within one mile of the place of holding an election. Whoever violates
 5 the provisions of this section shall be fined in a sum not less than twenty-
 6 five nor more than one hundred dollars. It shall be the duty of the sheriff,
 7 coroner, constables and other officers of the county, and magistrates, to see
 8 that the provisions of this section are enforced.

§ 122. If any person whose vote is challenged, or any witness sworn under
 2 the provision of this act, shall knowingly, willfully and corruptly swear
 3 falsely, he shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction thereof
 4 shall be punished accordingly.

§ 123. Whoever unlawfully votes more than once at any election, or offers
 2 to vote after having once voted at such election, or, know ing that he is not
 3 a qualified voter at an election, willfully votes at such election, shall, on
 4 conviction thereof be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars or
 5 imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year. or both, in the discre-
 6 tion of the court.

§ 124. Whoever willfully aids or abets any one not legally qualified to vote
 2 at an election, in voting, or attempting to vote, at such election, or fraudu-
 3 lently or deceitfully changes a ballot with intent to deprive any elector of
 4 voting for such person as he intended to vote for, or endeavors to procure
 5 the vote of any elector, or the influence of any person over an elector at any
 6 election, for himself, or for or against any person by means of a promise
 7 of a favor or by means of violence, or threats of violence, or
 8 threats of withdrawing custom or dealing in business or trade, or
 9 enforcing the collection of a debt, or bringing a suit or criminal
 10 prosecution, or any other threat of injury to be inflicted by him or his means;
 11 or by offering a reward or bribe, or by treating to or giving spirituous, malt
 12 or other liquors, either directly or indirectly influences, or attempts to influ-
 13 ence any voter in giving or withholding his vote at an election or by bribery
 14 or by any corrupt or unlawful means prevents, or attempts to prevent, any
 15 elector from attending or voting at any election, or gives, or offers to give,
 16 any valuable thing or bribe to any judge or clerk of election, as a consider-
 17 ation for some act done, or omitted to be done, contrary to his official duty
 18 in relation to such election, shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum
 19 not exceeding one thousand dollars and imprisoned in the county jail not
 20 exceeding one year, or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of
 21 the court. Any judge or clerk of election who shall receive, request or de-

mand any bribe or reward forbidden by this act, shall upon conviction be liable to the same penalties as are prescribed in this act for giving, or offering to give, such bribe.

§ 125. Any person who shall solicit, request, demand or receive directly or indirectly any money, intoxicating liquor or other thing of value, or the promise thereof, either to influence his vote, or to be used, or under the pretence of being used to procure the vote of any other person or persons, or to be used at any poll or other place prior to or on the day of an election for or against any candidate for office, or for or against any measure or question to be voted upon at such election, shall be deemed guilty of the infamous crime of bribery in elections, and upon conviction thereof in any court of record, shall be sentenced to disfranchisement by the judge of such court for a term of not less than five nor more than fifteen years, and to the county jail not less than three months nor more than one year, and to pay the cost of prosecution and stand committed to the county jail until such costs shall be fully paid. That for a conviction of a second offence under this section, the first being alleged and proven, such second offender shall be by the sentence of the court forever thereafter disfranchised and deprived of the right to vote at an election in this State, and be imprisoned in the county jail not less than one year, and be committed to jail in default of payment of costs of prosecution until such costs are fully paid. Prosecutions may be had under this section by indictment in the circuit court, or by information in the county courts, and the effect of a sentence of disfranchisement in either of said courts, both having jurisdiction of offences hereunder shall be to deprive such persons sentenced of the right to vote at any general or special election, or town meeting, within this State for the period of time fixed by the court where such person shall be convicted under this section. Any candidate or other person paying, furnishing or promising to pay or furnish or bribing such person, with money, intoxicating liquor or other thing of value, or the promise thereof, shall be a competent witness

28 and compelled to testify in prosecution under this section; but shall not be
 29 convicted upon any testimony given by him on such trial. Solicitation by
 30 any person of a loan of money, or the purchase of anything of value, or of
 31 liquor by the drink or treat to influence or effect his vote, or any other
 32 subterfuge, shall be deemed a violation hereof.

33 Second—Any person who shall have been legally convicted and disfran-
 34 chised by a court of competent jurisdiction who shall before the expiration
 35 of his term of disfranchisement vote or offer to vote at any general or special
 36 election, or town meeting within this State, shall, upon indictment and
 37 conviction thereof in a court of competent jurisdiction, be confined in the
 38 penitentiary for a term of years not less than one, nor more than ten years.

§ 126. Whoever is disorderly at any election shall be fined in any sum
 2 not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

§ 127. Whoever bets or wagers any money, property or other valuable thing
 2 upon the result of any election which may be held under the constitution
 3 or laws of this State, or bets or wagers money, property or other valuable
 4 thing, upon the number of votes which may be given to any person at an
 5 election, or upon who will receive the greatest number of votes at an
 6 election, or agrees to pay any other person any money, property or other
 7 valuable thing, in the event that an election shall result in one way, or in
 8 the event that any person shall or shall not be elected, or shall receive a
 9 greater number of votes than others, upon conviction thereof he shall be
 10 fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the
 11 county jail not exceeding one year, or both in the discretion of the court.

§ 128. If any judge of any election shall permit a person to vote whose
 2 vote is challenged, without the proof required in this act; or

3 Second—Shall knowingly and willfully permit a person to testify as a
 4 witness contrary to the provisions of this act; or

5 Third—Shall knowingly permit a person to vote who is not qualified
 6 according to law; or

7 Fourth—Shall knowingly receive and count more than one vote from the
8 same person at the same election for the same office, except as allowed by
9 law; or

10 Fifth—Shall refuse to receive the vote of a qualified elector at such
11 election, who will make the affidavit and proof required by this act; or

12 Sixth—Shall be guilty of any fraud, corruption, partiality or manifest
13 misbehavior; or

14 Seventh—Shall open or unfold any ballot when the same is presented
15 to be deposited in the ballot box; or

16 Eighth—Shall willfully neglect to perform any of the duties required
17 of him by this act, shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not exceed-
18 ing one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding
19 one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

§ 129. If any judge or clerk of election shall willfully or corruptly ascer-
2 tain by comparison of the poll book with the ballot, or shall allow any
3 other person to ascertain, by such comparison or otherwise, or shall willfully
4 publish or reveal how any elector voted at an election, he shall, on conviction
5 thereof, be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned
6 in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

§ 130. If any person shall willfully or corruptly ascertain or publish or
2 reveal how any elector voted at an election, he shall, on conviction thereof,
3 be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in
4 the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the
5 court.

§ 131. If any clerk of an election shall willfully neglect to perform any
2 duty required of him as clerk of election, or shall be guilty of fraud,
3 corruption or misbehavior as such clerk, he shall, on conviction thereof, be
4 fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the
5 county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the
6 court.

§ 132. If any judge, clerk or messenger, after having been deputed by
 2 the judges of election to carry the poll books, tally lists and votes of
 3 such election to the place where, by law, they are required to be canvassed,
 4 willfully or negligently fails to deliver such poll books, tally lists or ballots
 5 within the time prescribed by law, with the seal unbroken, he shall, upon
 6 conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, or
 7 imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the
 8 discretion of the court.

§ 133. If the county clerk willfully neglects or refuses to perform any
 2 duty required of him by this act, he shall, upon conviction, be fined in
 3 a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and shall be liable to the person
 4 injured by reason of such neglect or refusal, in an amount not exceeding
 5 five hundred dollars, to be recovered in an action on the case.

§ 134. If any county clerk or justice of the peace shall be guilty of
 2 any fraud, corruption or misbehavior, in canvassing the votes or making
 3 any abstract of votes, or issuing any certificate of election, he shall, on
 4 conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, or
 5 imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the
 6 discretion of the court.

§ 135. Whoever shall willfully and wrongfully take or carry away from
 2 the place where it has been deposited for safe keeping, or deface, mutilate
 3 or change any poll book, ballot or tally list, or any name or figure therein,
 4 shall, on conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars,
 5 or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the
 6 discretion of the court.

§ 136. If any supervisor, county commissioner or member of any county
 2 board shall willfully refuse, neglect, or fail to do any act or perform any
 3 duty required of him by the election laws of this State, he shall be
 4 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, fined not exceeding

5 five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six
6 months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

7 If any person shall do any of the acts called mislemeanors in this act,
8 or shall do any act prohibited in this act, or neglect to do any act
9 required by this act, and for which no penalty has been hereinbefore
10 provided, such person, shall, on conviction, be fined not less than ten
11 dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

§ 137. The Legislature in joint meeting shall hear and determine cases
2 of contested elections of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of
3 State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public
4 Instruction, and Attorney General. The meeting of the two houses to
5 decide upon such elections shall be held in the hall of the House of
6 Representatives, and the Speaker of the House shall preside.

§ 138. The Senate and House of Representatives shall severally hear
2 and determine contests of the election of their respective members.

§ 139. The supreme court shall hear and determine contests of the
2 election of judges of the supreme court, clerks of the supreme court,
3 judges of the circuit court, judges of the superior court of Cook county,
4 members of the State Board of Equalization; but no judge of the supreme
5 court shall sit upon the hearing of any case in which he is a party.

§ 140. The circuit courts of the respective counties shall hear and
2 determine contests of the election of the judges of the county court of
3 their counties, and in regard to the removal of county seats, and in
4 regard to any other subjects that may by law be submitted to a vote of
5 the people.

§ 141. The county court shall hear and determine contests of election of
2 all other county, township and precinct officers, and all other officers for the
3 contesting of whose election no provision is made.

§ 142. When any elector shall desire to contest the election of Governor,
 2 Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts,
 3 Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction or Attorney General, he
 4 shall, within ten days after the result of the election shall have been
 5 determined, present a petition to the general assembly, setting forth the
 6 points on which he will contest such election, and praying for leave to
 7 produce his proof.

§ 143. The general assembly shall appoint a joint committee to take the
 2 testimony on the part of the petitioner, and the person whose place is
 3 contested.

§ 144. The committee so appointed shall have power to send for witnesses,
 2 and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, issue
 3 commissions under the hand of its chairman, to any officer authorized to
 4 take depositions in other cases, to take the deposition of witnesses upon the
 5 points set forth in the petition, at such time and place as the commission
 6 shall direct.

§ 145. Reasonable notice shall be given by the party in whose favor the
 2 deposition is to be taken, to the opposite party, of the time and place of
 3 taking the same.

§ 146. No testimony shall be taken except upon the point set forth in the
 2 petition.

§ 147. The committee shall report the facts to the house, and a day shall
 2 be fixed by a joint resolution, for the meeting of the two houses to decide
 3 upon the same, in which decision the yeas and nays shall be taken and
 4 entered upon the journal.

§ 148. The election of any member declared duly elected to a seat in the
 2 senate or house of representatives, of the General Assembly, may be
 3 contested by any qualified voter of the county or district to be represented
 4 by such senator or representative.

§ 149. The contestant shall, within thirty days after the result of the

2 election shall have been determined, serve on the person whose election he
 3 will contest, a notice of his intention to contest such election, expressing the
 4 points on which the same will be contested; and shall also, on or before
 5 the next session of the General Assembly, deliver a copy of such notice to
 6 the Secretary of State. In case the person, whose election is contested, is
 7 absent, or cannot be found, service may be had by leaving a copy of such
 8 notice at his usual place of residence.

§ 150. Whenever a notice shall have been given, of intention to contest
 2 an election, as provided in the preceding section, either party may proceed
 3 to take testimony of any witnesses before any judge, justice of the peace,
 4 clerk of a court, master in chancery, or notary public, on giving to the
 5 adverse party or his attorney ten days' notice of the time and place of
 6 taking the same, and one day in addition thereto (Sunday inclusive) for
 7 every fifty miles travel from the place of residence of such party to the
 8 place where such deposition is to be taken. If the party entitled to notice
 9 resides in the county where the deposition is to be taken, five days' notice shall
 10 be sufficient.

§ 151. The officer before whom depositions are taken shall have power to
 2 compel the production of papers, and the attendance of witnesses; and the
 3 same proceedings may be had to compel the attendance of witnesses as are
 4 provided in the cases of taking depositions to be used in courts of law and
 5 equity.

§ 152. A copy of the notice to take depositions, with proof of the service
 2 thereof, with the deposition, shall be sealed up and transmitted by mail, or
 3 otherwise, to the Secretary of State, with an endorsement thereon, showing
 4 the names of the contesting parties, the office contested, and the nature of
 5 the papers.

§ 153. The Secretary of State shall deliver the copy of the notice deposited
 2 with him by the contestant, and the depositions unopened, to the presiding
 3 officer of the branch of the General Assembly to which the contest relates,
 4 on or before the second day of its session next after the receipt of the same;

5 and the presiding officer shall immediately give notice to his house that
6 such papers are in his possession.

§ 154. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to abridge the right
2 of either branch of the General Assembly to grant commissions to take
3 depositions, or to send for and examine any witnesses it may desire to hear
4 on such trial.

§ 155. The election of any person declared elected to any office, other
2 than Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public
3 Accounts, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney-General,
4 Senator or Representative, may be contested by any elector of the State,
5 judicial division, district, county, town or precinct in and for which the
6 person is declared elected.

§ 156. The person desiring to contest such election shall, within thirty
2 days after the person whose election is contested is declared elected, file
3 with the clerk of the proper court a statement, in writing, setting forth the
4 points on which he will contest the election, which statement shall be
5 verified by affidavit in the same manner as bills in chancery may be
6 verified.

§ 157. Upon the filing of such statement, summons shall issue against the
2 person whose office is contested, and he may be served with process, or
3 notified to appear in the same manner as is provided in cases in chancery.

§ 158. Evidence may be taken in the same manner and upon like notice
2 as in cases in chancery.

§ 159. The case shall be tried in like manner as cases in chancery.

§ 160. Any five electors of the county may contest an election upon any
2 subject which may by law be submitted to a vote of the people of the
3 county, upon filing in the circuit court, within thirty days after the
4 result of the election shall have been determined, a written statement in
5 like form as in other cases of contested elections in the circuit court. The
6 county shall be made defendant, and—

§ 161. Any five electors of the county may contest an election upon any
 2 subject which may by law be submitted to a vote of the people of the
 3 county upon filing in the circuit court within thirty days after the result
 4 of the election shall have been determined a written statement in like form
 5 as in other cases of contested elections in the circuit court. The county shall
 6 be made defendant and process shall be served as in other suits against the
 7 county, and like proceedings shall be had as in other cases of contested elec-
 8 tions before such court.

§ 162. In case the county board shall fail or refuse properly to defend
 2 such contest, the court shall allow any one or more electors of the county to ap-
 3 pear and defend, in which case the electors so defending shall be liable for the
 4 costs in case the judgment of the court shall be in favor of the contestants.

§ 163. The judgment of the court, in cases of contested elections, shall
 2 confirm or annul the election according to the right of the matter; or in
 3 case the contest is in relation to the election of some person to an office, shall
 4 declare as elected the person who shall appear to be duly elected.

§ 164. If it appears that two or more persons have, or would have had, if
 2 the legal ballots cast or intended to be cast for them had been counted, the
 3 highest and an equal number of votes for the same office, the persons receiv-
 4 ing such votes shall decide by lot, in such manner as the court shall direct,
 5 which of them shall be declared duly elected; and the judgment shall be
 6 entered accordingly.

§ 165. A certified copy of the judgment of the court shall have the same
 2 effect as to the result of the election as if it had been so declared by the
 3 canvassers.

§ 166. When the person whose election is contested is found to have re-
 2 ceived the highest number of legal votes, but the election is declared null
 3 by reason of legal disqualifications on his part, or for other causes, the person
 4 receiving the next highest number of votes shall not be declared elected, but
 5 the election shall be declared void.

§ 167. In all cases of contested elections in the circuit or county courts, appeals may be taken to the supreme court, in the same manner, and upon like conditions as is provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit courts.

RESIGNATIONS AND VACANCIES.

§ 168. Resignations of elective officers shall be made to the officer, court or county board authorized by law to fill a vacancy in such office by appointment, or to order an election to fill such vacancy.

§ 169. Every elective office shall become vacant on the happening of either of the following events, before the expiration of the term of such office:

First—The death of the incumbent.

Second—His resignation.

Third—His becoming insane.

Fourth—His ceasing to be an inhabitant of the State, or, if the office is local, his ceasing to be an inhabitant of the district, county, town or precinct for which he was elected.

Fifth—His conviction of an infamous crime, or of any offense involving a violation of official oath.

Sixth—His removal from office.

Seventh—His refusal or neglect to take his oath of office, or to give or renew his official bond, or to deposit or file such oath or bond, within the time prescribed by law.

Eighth—The decision of a competent tribunal declaring his election void.]

§ 170. Whenever it is alleged that a vacancy in any office exists, the officer, court or county board whose duty it is to fill the vacancy by appointment, or to order an election to fill such vacancy, shall have power to determine whether or not the facts occasioning such vacancy exists.

§ 171. In case of vacancies in the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the officer performing the duties of the office of Governor, or if there is no such officer, the Secretary of State, shall issue a proclamation appoint-

ing a day for a special election to fill such vacancies and shall issue a writ of election to the county clerks of the several counties in the State, and shall also, when necessary, call a special session of the General Assembly to canvass the votes cast at such election; but if such vacancies shall occur not more than ninety days before a general election for members of the legislature, the vacancies shall be filled at such general election; in which case no special session of the General Assembly to canvass the votes shall be deemed necessary.

§ 172. When a vacancy shall occur in the office of Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Treasurer, Attorney General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, or member of the State Board of Equalization, the Governor shall fill the same by appointment, and the appointee shall hold his office during the remainder of the term, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

§ 173. When a vacancy shall occur in the office of Senator or Representative in the General Assembly, it shall be the duty of the county clerk of the county in which the member whose office is vacant resided, to notify the Governor of such vacancy. Whereupon the Governor shall issue a writ of election to the county clerk, or clerks of the county or counties in which the vacancy is to be filled, fixing a day upon which an election shall be held to fill such vacancy; but unless the General Assembly shall be in session at the time the vacancy occurs, or there shall be a session between the time at which the vacancy occurs and the next succeeding general election, no special election shall be ordered to fill such vacancy.

§ 174. When any vacancy shall occur in the office of Representative in Congress from this State, the Governor shall issue a writ of election to the county clerks of the several counties in the district where the vacancy exists, appointing a day to hold a special election to fill such vacancy.

§ 175. When a vacancy shall occur in the office of judge of the supreme court, judge of the circuit court, judge of the superior court of Cook county

3 or judge of the county court, the clerk of the court in which the vacancy
 4 exists shall notify the Governor of such vacancy. If such vacancy shall
 5 occur within one year before the expiration of the term of the office made
 6 vacant, the Governor shall fill such vacancy by appointment, but if the un-
 7 expired term exceeds one year the Governor shall issue a writ of election as
 8 in other cases of vacancies to be filled by election.

§ 176. When a vacancy shall occur in the office of clerk of the supreme
 2 court, or in the office of the clerk of the superior court, or clerk of the cir-
 3 cuit court of any of the counties in this State, and the unexpired term of
 4 such clerk shall exceed one year, it shall be the duty of the court, or, if in
 5 vacation, of the judge or judges of the court in which such vacancy may
 6 occur, to appoint a clerk *pro tempore*, and such appointee shall qualify in the
 7 same manner, and give bond as required by law of the clerk of the court to
 8 which he is appointed, to be approved by the court, or, if in vacation, by the
 9 judge or judges making the appointment; and thereupon such appointee shall
 10 be authorized to perform all duties and receive all emoluments allowed by
 11 law to the duly elected clerk of such court, and shall hold such office until
 12 an election can be held to fill the same, as provided by the act to which this
 13 is an amendment, and until the person so elected shall have qualified ac-
 14 cording to law. Whenever an appointment shall be made, as provided by this
 15 act, it shall be the duty of the court, or the judge or judges making such
 16 appointment, to notify the Governor forthwith of the vacancy filled by such
 17 appointment; and upon receiving such notice it shall be the duty of the Gov-
 18 ernor, as soon thereafter as may be practicable, to issue a writ of election as
 19 in other cases of vacancies to be filled by election, in the same manner as
 20 if no appointment had been made; and when any such vacancy shall occur,
 21 and the unexpired term does not exceed one year, such vacancy shall be filled
 22 by appointment by the court to which such office appertains, or by the judge
 23 or judges thereof. [As amended by act approved February 9, 1874. In force
 24 July 1, 1874. R. S. 1874, p. 467.]

§ 177. When a vacancy shall occur in the office of county commissioner,
 2 State's attorney, sheriff, coroner, county clerk, recorder of deeds, county trea-
 3 surer, county surveyor, justice of the peace, constable, or other county or pre-
 4 cinct officer not otherwise provided for by law, within one year before the
 5 expiration of the term of such vacant office, the vacancy shall be filled by
 6 appointment by the county board of the county in which the vacancy exists;
 7 but if such unexpired term exceeds one year, the county clerk, or, in case of
 8 a vacancy in his office, the chairman of the county board, shall issue an order
 9 appointing a day for an election to fill such vacancy, and cause notice thereof
 10 to be given as in other cases of election.

§ 178. The provisions of this act shall apply, as far as practicable, to all
 2 elections in the State, whether general, special, local or municipal, except so
 3 far as they are modified or contravened by other legal enactments.

§ 179. The following acts, and parts of acts, are hereby repealed: "An act
 2 in regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices,
 3 Approved April 3, 1872." "An act for the registry of electors and to prevent
 4 fraudulent voting. Approved February 15, 1865." "An act to prevent illegal
 5 voting by paupers and others in this State. Approved May 25, 1877." "An
 6 act to amend section one of an act to consolidate the offices of county
 7 treasurers and county assessors in counties not under township organiza-
 8 tion. Approved May 2, 1873." "An act to enable inmates of soldiers' and
 9 sailors' homes within the State of Illinois to vote at elections. Ap-
 10 proved June 16, 1887." And all other acts inconsistent with the provisions
 11 of this act: *Provided*, that this section shall not be construed so as to
 12 affect any rights or causes of action that have accrued, or that may accrue,
 13 before this act shall be in force. Nor shall it be construed as a repeal
 14 of "An act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result
 15 thereof in cities, villages, and incorporated towns in this State," approved
 16 June 19, 1885.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Callahan, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title and ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Judicial Department and Practice,

A BILL

For an act to revise the laws in relation to the Supreme Court.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That for the election of judges of the supreme
3 court the State shall be divided into seven districts, as follows:

4 First District—The counties of St. Clair, Clinton, Washington, Jefferson,
5 Wayne, Edwards, Wabash, White, Hamilton, Franklin, Perry, Randolph,
6 Monroe, Jackson, Williamson, Saline, Gallatin, Hardin, Pope, Union, John-
7 son, Alexander, Pulaski and Massac.

8 Second District—The counties of Madison, Bond, Marion, Clay, Richland,
9 Lawrence, Crawford, Jasper, Effingham, Fayette, Montgomery, Macoupin,
10 Shelby, Cumberland, Clark, Green, Jersey, Calhoun and Christian.

11 Third District—The counties of Sangamon, Macon, Logan, DeWitt, Piatt,
12 Douglas, Champaign, Vermilion, McLean, Livingston, Ford, Iroquois, Coles,
13 Edgar, Moultrie and Tazewell.

14 Fourth District—The counties of Fulton, McDonough, Hancock, Schuyler,
15 Brown, Adams, Pike, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Cass and Scott.

16 Fifth District—The counties of Knox, Warren, Henderson, Mercer, Henry,
17 Stark, Peoria, Marshall, Putnam, Bureau, LaSalle, Grundy and Woodford.

18 Sixth District—The counties of Whiteside, Carroll, JoDaviess, Stephenson,
19 Winnebago, Boone, McHenry, Kane, Kendall, DeKalb, Lee, Ogle and Rock
20 Island.

21 Seventh District—The counties of Lake, Cook, Will, Kankakee and Du Page.

§ 2. The terms of the supreme court shall be begun and held in the city
2 of Springfield on the first Tuesdays of January, April, July and October of
3 each year.

§ 3. If there shall not be a quorum of the justices of the said supreme
2 court present on the first day of any term, the court shall stand adjourned
3 from day to day, until a quorum shall attend; and if from any cause the
4 supreme court shall not sit on any day in a term after it shall have opened,
5 there shall be no discontinuance, but as soon as the cause is removed the
6 court shall proceed to business until the end of the term, or until the busi-
7 ness depending before it shall be disposed of.

§ 4. If the said supreme court shall not sit in any term, or shall not con-
2 tinue to sit the whole term, or before the end of the term shall not have
3 heard and determined all motions and causes depending in said court, all
4 motions and causes depending and undetermined shall stand continued until
5 the next succeeding term.

§ 5. The several judges of the supreme court, before entering upon the
2 duties of their office, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affir-
3 mation :

4 “I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of
5 the United States and the constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I
6 will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of judge of the supreme
7 court of the State of Illinois, according to the best of my ability;” which
8 oath or affirmation may be administered by any person authorized to admin-
9 ister oaths—a certificate whereof shall be affixed thereto by the person
10 administering the oath; and the oath or affirmation so certified shall be
11 filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

§ 6. The supreme court shall be vested with all power and authority
2 necessary or proper to carry into complete execution all its judgments,
3 decrees and determinations in all matters within its jurisdiction, according

4 to the rules and principles of the common law, and of the laws of this
5 State.

§ 7. It may issue writs of *mandamus*, *habeas corpus*, *certiorari*, error, and
2 *supersedeas*, and all other writs now prohibited by law, which may be necessary
3 to enforce the due administration of justice in all matters within its juris-
4 diction.

§ 8. Its process shall run in the name of the People of the State of
2 Illinois, bear test in the name of the chief justice, be signed by the clerk
3 of the supreme court, dated when issued, sealed with the seal of the court
4 and made returnable according to law, or such rules or orders as may be
5 prescribed by the court.

§ 9. Any process which may be issued from the supreme court, or any
2 justice thereof, or the clerk, according to law, shall be executed by the
3 officer or person to whom it is directed, in any county or place in this
4 State in the usual manner that process is or may be required to be executed
5 and returned.

§ 10. The sheriff of Sangamon county shall attend upon the sittings of
2 the supreme court, either in person or by deputy, and perform such duties
4 under the order and direction of the court as are usually performed by such
5 officer, and such as the court shall from time to time require.

§ 11. The supreme court may, from time to time, institute such rules of
2 practice and prescribe such forms of process to be used, and for the keeping
3 of the dockets, records, and proceedings for the regulation of said court as
4 shall be deemed most conducive to the due administration of justice, except
5 as otherwise provided by law.

§ 12. The judgments and decrees of the supreme court shall be final and
2 conclusive on all parties properly before the court.

§ 13. The judges of the supreme court, or any four of them, may enter
2 orders and judgments in vacation in all cases which have been argued or
3 submitted to the court during any term thereof, and which shall have been
4 taken under advisement.

§ 14. Whenever any judgment shall have been rendered in the supreme court, which upon further consideration is found to have been erroneously entered up, the judges are authorized during vacation, to change the same without ordering a rehearing thereof, by entering a proper judgment in said cause; and in case a *procedendo* shall have been issued in such cause, the judges may recall the same, and by order of any of the judges, all proceedings taken by reason of such *procedendo* shall be vacated and set aside: *Provided*, that all such judgments shall be corrected within six months from the adjournment of the term at which they may have been rendered.

§ 15. In the decision of cases submitted to the supreme court, the opinions of the judges shall be delivered in writing and filed with the other papers. Such opinions shall be spread at large upon the records of the court.

§ 16. The judges of the supreme court shall appoint a librarian, and prescribe his or her duties, and fix his compensation, not exceeding \$—— per quarter, to be paid as other expenses of the supreme court are paid. Such librarian, before entering upon the duties of his, or her, office shall give bond, payable to the People of the State of Illinois, in the penal sum of one thousand dollars, with sureties to be approved by two of the judges of the court, conditioned for the preservation of the books belonging to the library in his, or her, charge, and for the faithful performance of his, or her, duties as such librarian.

§ 17. Section one of "An act to revise the laws in relation to the supreme court," approved March 23, 1874, and section one of "An act to fix the time of holding the supreme court," approved June 4, 1879, and all other acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act, or of any section thereof, are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Carmody, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act fixing eight (8) hours of labor as a legal day's work.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That eight hours of labor shall constitute a day's work for all manual labor, in mining, mechanical trades and occupations, arts and other employments, except in agricultural employments, such as the care of cattle, tilling of the land, and all occupations directly connected with the field or farm; but such exceptions shall not apply to the manufacture of agricultural machinery or the care of cattle used for car service, mercantile or distributing purposes.

§ 2. In the event of accident to property or plant, which necessitates immediate attention, and where delay would entail loss, the hours may be extended without incurring the penalties of this act.

§ 3. Where there exists a scarcity of laborers to perform the work required within the eight hours, the penalties of this act shall not be incurred, provided the employer or employers shall file with the county court of the county in which a scarcity of laborers exists, a statement showing the facts and praying for a day of hearing on which arguments may be made in open court; on the filing of said statements and fixing of date of hearing, the court shall order to be published in two of the leading newspapers in said

8 county, if as many are published in said county, and if not, in two news-
 9 papers generally read in said county or district, in and for which change of
 10 hours as asked, notifying all whom it may concern that on the day fixed
 11 the county court of said county, said application will be heard praying for the
 12 temporary suspension of the eight hour law in certain mines, factories or
 13 workshops, and notifying those who have objections to offer, to present the
 14 same. If, after hearing the evidence, the opinion of the court is that a
 15 scarcity of laborers does exist, he shall, to meet the reasonable demands of
 16 said employer of labor, order the temporary suspension of the eight hour
 17 law in such mine, factory or workshop as the case may require.

§ 4. The term of suspension of law shall not exceed six calendar months,
 2 and any further suspension of the law may be obtained as provided for in
 3 section 2.

§ 5. If during the term of suspension of the eight hour law it should
 2 become apparent that a number of men or women are out of employment,
 3 they may sign a petition to the county court stating that they are out of
 4 employment, and that they have offered their services to an employer of
 5 labor, whose mine, factory or workshop is operating under a suspension of
 6 the eight hour law, and that they have been refused employment, that the
 7 names attached to such petition are equal in number to five per cent of
 8 those employed at such trade or calling in said factory, workshop or mine,
 9 and that they are willing to work on the conditions in force in said work-
 10 shop, factory or mine that they are competent to fill the positions applied
 11 for, that they are of good character and residents of the county for sixty
 12 days previous to the signing of said petition, and do not know of their own
 13 knowledge of any good and sufficient reason why they should be unem-
 14 ployed; on the filing of which the court shall cite to appear before him
 15 the employer or employers, agent or agents of factory, workshop or mine
 16 working under a suspension of the eight hour law, to show cause why the

17 eight hour law should not go into immediate operation, as to him and his
18 factory, etc. After hearing the evidence presented, the county court may,
19 at his discretion, fix the date when said factory, workshop or mine shall re-
20 commence operating under the eight hour law, and from such decision there
21 shall be no appeal.

§ 6. Any citizen, resident or voter of the county in which this law is
2 violated, may enter an action by the payment of the regular fees in such
3 court, and the filing of bonds necessary to guarantee costs, such fees and
4 costs as may or may not be allowed, at the discretion of the court.

§ 7. A failure to appear in court in cases under this law shall, after proper
2 service has been proven and sworn to, subject the delinquent to a penalty
3 for contempt of court not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) for each and
4 every offense, at the discretion of the court.

§ 8. Willful violation of the eight hour law shall be deemed an offense,
2 to which both the offending parties, employer and employe, may be made
3 defendants, and shall, on charges being proven, subject them to a fine of
4 not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) for each and every offense.

§ 9. A failure to pay fine or fines imposed under the law may subject
2 such delinquent to a term in the county jail not to exceed six months, at
3 discretion of the court.

§ 10. All moneys received in fines under this law, after costs have been
2 deducted, shall be paid over to the county authorities and used for the re-
3 lief of the poor, under the direction of the county board.

§ 11. Where the business is so pressing in the county court in which
2 charges are filed as not to permit an immediate hearing, the judge of a
3 neighboring county may be called in by the county judge of the county in
4 which the offense has been committed, to hear such complaint.

§ 12. Nothing in this law shall curtail the hours a factory, mine or work-
shop may be in active operation; providing sufficient hands are employed
to secure against a violation of the eight hour law.

§ 13. All laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Cherry January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to regulate the charges of stock yards and enforce the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person, company or corporation owning or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State where stock is bought and sold, unloaded or reloaded, to charge or collect a greater rate of yardage than twenty cents per head for cattle, horses or mules, five cents per head for hogs or sheep, nor more than seventy-five per cent addition to the current market wholesale price for corn, hay, straw or other material supplied by them for feeding or bedding such animals. Such sales to be by actual standard weight and of good merchantable quality.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any such person, company or corporation to make any charges for watering, or furnishing water, to such stock, or for counting such stock into or out of any yard, pen, box car, or stable, or to make any shift or device by which any additional cost or charges can be made for the keeping, care, custody or control of said stock as mentioned in section one of this act, or make any charge for yarding when stock is unloaded and reloaded without being sold.

§ 3. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for each offense, to be recovered in an action of debt in

4 the name of the People of the State of Illinois, the amount so recovered to
5 be paid into the treasury of the county in which the offense occurs, and
6 be placed by the county treasurer to the credit of the general revenue fund
7 of such county, but no recovery shall be had in any case for any offense
8 committed more than sixty days prior to the commencement of the action.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of such county wherein
2 any provision or provisions of this act have been violated to institute and
3 prosecute any and all suits, upon the affidavit of the person or persons ag-
4 grieved, and in case of conviction the court shall assess in addition to the
5 penalty provided in section three of this act, a reasonable compensation for
6 the services of the State's Attorney.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Craig, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title and ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act for the protection and relief of railroad employes, forbidding certain rules, regulations and contracts and agreements and declaring them unlawful, and fixing the penalty for the violation thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That all rules, regulations or orders made by any railroad corporation in this State for the purpose of relieving themselves of the liability by reason of their own negligence or that of a fellow servant or co-employe is hereby declared null and void.

§ 2. That any contract or agreement entered into by a railroad corporation owning or operating a railroad in this State, and any laborers, servants or employes, the object of which is to relieve such corporation from liability by reason of such negligence of the fellow servant or defective machinery, car or attachments, and all such contracts or agreements are hereby declared null and void.

§ 3. It shall be unlawful for any railroad corporation owning or operating any railroad in this State to make or enter into any contract or agreement with any person about to engage in their service in which or by the terms of which such employe, in any manner, directly or indirectly, promises or agrees to hold such corporation harmless on account of any injury he may receive by reason of the cars so owned or operated, or being run or

7 operated by such corporation, being defective, or negligence of a fellow ser-
8 vant or co-employee, any such contract or agreement is hereby declared null
9 and void.

§ 4. It shall be unlawful for any railroad corporation owning or
2 operating a road in this State to compel any employe to join any
3 association whatsoever, or to withhold any part of the employe's wages or
4 his salary for the payments of dues or assessments in any society or organ-
5 ization whatsoever, and no employe shall be discharged because he refuses
6 or neglects to become a member of any society or organization, and if any
7 employe is discharged he may at any time within ten days after receiving
8 a notice of his discharge demand the reason of such discharge, and said rail-
9 way or railroad corporation thereupon shall discharge employe be furnished
10 with reason of discharge in writing, and any violation of this section shall
11 constitute a good and sufficient cause for damages, to be recovered in a suit
12 at law.

§ 5. It shall be unlawful for any corporation to use or operate any
2 car or locomotive that is defective, or any car or locomotive upon which the
3 machinery or attachments thereto belonging are in any manner defective.
4 If the employe of any such corporation shall receive any injury by reason
5 of such defect in any car or locomotive, or the machinery or attachments
6 thereto belonging, owned and operated or being run and operated by such
7 corporation, such corporation shall be deemed to have had knowledge of
8 such defect before and at the time such injury is so sustained, and when
9 the fact of such defect shall be made to appear in the trial of any action
10 in the courts of this State brought by such employe, or his legal represent-
11 ative, against any railroad corporation for damages on account of such injury
12 so received, the same shall be prima facie evidence of negligence on the part
13 of such corporation.

§ 6. If any railroad corporation in this State shall compel or require
2 any servant or employe to labor on Sunday, such servant or employe

3 shall be paid for such labor twice the amount that regularly is paid by such
4 corporation to such servant or employes, or if any railroad corporation shall
5 compel or require any laborer or servant or employe to work more than ten
6 hours out of every twenty-four, said corporation shall pay such servant, laborer
7 or employe for such extra hour or hours employed over the ten hours, one-half
8 as much more as paid per hour for the ten hours employed: *Provided*, this
9 act shall not be construed so as to include servants or employes actually
10 engaged in running trains or as station agents.

§ 7. That when any railroad corporation owned or operated shall promul-
2 gate any rule or require any servant or employe to sign an agreement that
3 said servant or employe shall give ten days notice before he shall leave the
4 service of such company, then said railroad corporation shall give said ser-
5 vant or employe a like notice before he shall be discharged, and in case of
6 refusal or neglect so to do said servant or employe shall recover said ten
7 days wages in any court of competent jurisdiction, and in addition thereto
8 said corporation shall be liable for the penalties hereinafter fixed by this act.

§ 8. That any railroad corporation in this State that shall violate the pro-
2 visions of sections 4, 5 and 6 shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$200,
3 to be recovered before any justice of the peace, for the first offense, and for
4 the second offense they may be indicted by the grand jury and fined in any
5 sum not less than \$500, in the discretion of the court, and any superior offi-
6 cer directing such violation shall be fined the same as said corporation.



1. Introduced by Mr. Craig, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act to define the liabilities of railroads, corporations in relation to co-employees.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* If any servant or employe of any railroad cor-
3 poration owning, leasing or offering any railroad in this State, while in the
4 discharge of the duties as such servant or employe, in the performance of
5 some duty assigned to him by his superior, shall receive an injury on ac-
6 count of or by reason of the carelessness or negligence of a fellow servant
7 or co-employe, such corporations shall be liable to such servant or em-
8 ploye for the damages sustained by him by reason of the carelessness or
9 negligence of such fellow servant or employe.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Craig, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act repealing an act in relation to verdicts of juries in civil cases.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That sections one, two and three (1, 2, 3) of an act
3 entitled, "An act in relation to verdicts of juries in civil cases," in force
4 July 1, 1887, be and the same is hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Sherwood Dixon, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title and ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section four (4) of article VIII of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved May 21, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented in the General Assembly,* That section 4 of article VIII of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved May 21, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. When a district lies partly in two or more counties the directors thereof shall ascertain as nearly as practicable the amount to be raised by special tax for school purposes, and shall prepare one certificate thereof for each county in which such district may lie, and deliver all of the said certificates to the township treasurer, who receives the tax money of such district, who shall return one each of such certificates to the county clerk of each county within which such district shall lie. On the first Monday of October, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, annually, the county clerk of each of such counties shall ascertain the total equalized valuation of all the taxable property in that part of such district as shall lie in his county and certify the amount thereof to the county clerk of each of the other counties in which such district may lie; and from the aggregate of such equal-

13 ized valuation and from the certificate of the amount so required to be levied
14 such clerks shall ascertain the rate per cent required to produce in such
15 district the amount of such levy, and at that rate shall extend the special
16 tax to be levied for school purposes in that part of such district lying in
17 their respective counties.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL No. 18.

Adopted by the House of Representatives April 21, 1891, ordered printed
April 21, 1891.

In line 8 of the original bill, strike out the word "one" and substitute
the word "on."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Sherwood Dixon, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act concerning compensation of trustees.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That where a trustee or trustees shall hereafter act
3 under any power or appointment given or created by any will, testament
4 or codicil, and in such will, testament or codicil shall be contained no pro-
5 vision respecting the compensation to be allowed or paid such trustee or
6 trustees, a reasonable compensation may be charged and allowed, demanded
7 and collected, therefor.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL No. 19.

Amendment to House Bill No. 19. Adopted by the House of Representatives March 26, 1891; ordered printed March 27, 1891.

Amend by inserting after the word "codicil," in line 4 of section 1 of the printed bill, the following words: "Except in case of trusts for charitable, religious or educational purposes."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon, of Lee, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read first time January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.
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A BILL

For an act to be entitled “An act to repeal sections fifty-two (52), fifty-three (53) and fifty-four (54) of an act entitled ‘An act in regard to practice in courts of record,’” approved February 22, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and to amend section fifty-one (51) of the same act, as amended by an act approved January 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, entitled “An act to amend section fifty-one (51) of an act entitled ‘An act in regard to practice in courts of record,’ approved February 22, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.”

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections fifty-two (52), fifty-three (53) and fifty-four (54) of an act entitled “An act in regard to practice in courts of record,” approved February 22, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the same are hereby repealed.

§ 2. That section fifty-one (51) of the above named act, as amended by an act entitled “An act to amend section fifty-one (51) of an act in regard to practice in courts of record,” approved January 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 51. The judge shall charge the jury as to any proposition of law upon which he is requested to charge in behalf of any party to the cause. If he state the testimony, he shall not express any opinion upon issues of

4 fact arising in the case; and he shall inform the jury that they are the ex-
5 clusive judges of all questions of fact. No oral charge shall be given unless
6 it be taken down by a competent stenographer, who shall transcribe the
7 same in long hand whenever requested by the presiding judge, or any party
8 to the cause.

1. Introduced by Mr. Duncan, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act entitled "An act to create a board of commissioners for the purpose of securing for use in the common schools of the State of Illinois, a series of text books, defining the duties of certain officers therein named with reference thereto, making appropriations therefor, defining certain felonies and misdemeanors, providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, repealing all laws in conflict therewith, and declaring an emergency."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the Governor of the State of Illinois, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the President of the State Normal University at Normal, Illinois, the Principal of the Normal University at Carbondale, Illinois, and the Regent of the State University at Champaign, Illinois, shall constitute a board of commissioners for the purpose of making a selection or procuring the compilation, for use in the common schools of the State of Illinois, of a series of text books in the following branches of study, namely: Spelling, reading, arithmetic, geography, English grammar, physiology, history of the United States, and a graded series of writing books. The matter contained in the readers shall consist of lessons commencing with the simplest expression of the language, and, by regular gradation advancing to and including the highest styles of composition both in poetry and prose: *Provided*, that none of said text books shall contain any-

15 thing of a partisan or sectarian character: *And provided further*, that the
 16 foregoing books shall be at least equal in size and quality as to matter of
 17 material, style of binding and mechanical execution, to the following text
 18 books now in general use: The speller to McGuffey's revised spelling-
 19 book, the reader to McGuffey's revised readers, the arithmetic to White's
 20 series of arithmetics, the geography to the Eclectic series of geographies,
 21 the grammar to Harvey's grammar, the physiology to Dalton's physiology,
 22 the history to Barnes' brief history, and the writing books to the Eclectic
 23 copy-books.

§ 2. The said board of commissioners shall, immediately upon the taking
 2 effect of this act, advertise for twenty-one consecutive days in two daily papers
 3 published in this State having the largest circulation, and in one newspaper
 4 of general circulation in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Cincinnati
 5 and St. Louis, that at time and place to be fixed by said notice, and not
 6 later than six months after the first publication thereof, said board will re-
 7 ceive sealed proposals on the following:

8 First—From publishers of school text books, for furnishing books to the
 9 township treasurers, and treasurers of special districts of the State of Illi-
 10 nois for use in the common schools of this State, as provided for in this act,
 11 for a term of five years, stating specially in such bid the price at which each
 12 book will be furnished, and accompanying each bid with a specimen copy of
 13 each and all books proposed to be furnished in such bid.

14 Second—From authors of school text books, who have manuscripts of books
 15 not published, for prices at which they will sell their manuscripts, together
 16 with the copyright of such books, for use in the public schools of the State
 17 of Illinois.

18 Third—From persons who are willing to undertake the compilation of a
 19 book, or books, or a series of books, as provided for in section one (1) of this
 20 act, the price at which they are willing to undertake such compilation of
 21 any such, or all of such books, to the acceptance and satisfaction of the

22 said board of commissioners: *Provided*, that any and all bids by publishers,
 23 herein provided for, must be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of
 24 fifty thousand dollars, with resident freehold surety, to the acceptance and
 25 satisfaction of the Governor of this State, conditioned that if any contract
 26 be awarded to any bidder hereunder, such bidder will enter into a contract
 27 to perform the conditions of his bid to the acceptance and satisfaction of
 28 said board: *And provided further*, that no bid shall be considered unless
 29 the same be accompanied by the affidavit of the bidder that he is in no wise,
 30 directly or indirectly, connected with any other publisher or firm bidding at
 31 the same time, and that he is not a party to any contract, syndicate or
 32 scheme whereby the benefits of competition are denied to the people of this
 33 State: *And be it further provided*, that if any competent author or authors
 34 shall compile any one or more books of the first order of excellence, and
 35 shall offer the same as a free gift to the people of this State, together with
 36 the copyright of the same and the right to manufacture and sell such works
 37 in the State of Illinois for use in the public schools, it shall be the duty of
 38 such board of commissioners to pay no money for any manuscript or copy-
 39 right for such book or books on the subject treated of in the manuscript so
 40 donated; and such board shall have the right to reject any and all such
 41 bids, and at their option such board shall have the right to reject any as
 42 to a part of such books, and to accept the same as to the residue thereof.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of such board to meet at the time and place
 2 mentioned in such notice, and open and examine all sealed proposals received
 3 pursuant to the notice, provided for in section two (2) of this act, and it shall
 4 be the further duty of such board to make a full, complete and thorough
 5 investigation of all such bids or proposals, and to ascertain under which of
 6 said proposals or propositions the school books could be furnished to the
 7 people of this State, for use in the common schools, at the lowest price,
 8 taking into consideration the size and quality as to matter, material, style of
 9 binding and mechanical execution of such books: *Provided always*, that such

board shall not in any case contract with any author, publisher or publishers, for books which shall be sold to patrons for use in the public schools of this State, at prices above or in excess of the following, which price shall include all cost and charges for the transportation and delivery to the several county school superintendents in this State, namely:

For a spelling book, ten (10) cents.

For a first reader, ten (10) cents.

For a second reader, fifteen (15) cents.

For a third reader, twenty-five (25) cents.

For a fourth reader, thirty (30) cents.

For a fifth reader, forty (40) cents.

For an arithmetic, intermediate, thirty-five (35) cents.

For an arithmetic, complete, forty-five (45) cents.

For a geography, elementary, thirty (30) cents.

For a geography complete, seventy-five (75) cents.

For an English grammar, elementary, twenty-five (25) cents.

For an English grammar, complete, forty (40) cents.

For a physiology, thirty-five (35) cents.

For a history of the United States, sixty (60) cents.

For copy books, each, five (5) cents.

§ 4. If, upon examination of such proposals, it shall be the opinion of such board of commissioners that such books can be furnished cheaper to the patrons for use in the common schools in the State by procuring and causing to be published the manuscripts of any or all such books, it shall be their duty to procure such manuscripts and to advertise for sealed proposals for publishing the same in like manner, as hereinbefore provided, and under the same conditions and restrictions. And such contract may be let for the publication of all such books, or for any one or more of such books, or for any one or more of such books separately; and it shall be the

10 further duty of such board of commissioners to provide in the contract for the
11 publication of any such manuscript for the payment by the publishers of the
12 compensation agreed upon between such board and the author or owner of
13 any such manuscript, together with the cost or expense of copyrighting the
14 same.

§ 5. It shall be a part of the terms and conditions of every contract made
2 in pursuance of this act, that the State of Illinois shall not be liable to any
3 contractor hereunder for any sum whatever; but that all such contractors
4 shall receive their pay and compensation solely and exclusively from the
5 proceeds of the sale of the books, as provided for in this act.

§ 6. As soon as such board shall have entered into any such contract for
2 the furnishing of books for use in the public schools of this State, pursu-
3 ant to the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the Governor to
4 issue his proclamation announcing such fact to the people of this State.

§ 7. When such proclamation shall have been duly issued, it shall be the
2 duty of the treasurer of each and every school corporation in this State,
3 within thirty days thereafter, and at such other times as books may be
4 needed for use in their respective corporations, to certify to the county school
5 superintendent of their respective counties the number of school text books
6 provided for in such contract, required by the children for use in the schools
7 of their several school corporations. Such county school superintendent
8 shall forthwith make such requisition for books as the schools in the said
9 several counties may require, upon the State Superintendent of Public In-
10 struction, and that said State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall
11 immediately hereafter make a requisition for said books upon the contractor,
12 who shall within ninety days ship the books so ordered directly to the
13 county school superintendents of the several counties of this State. Upon
14 the receipt of such books it shall be the duty of such county school super-
15 intendents to immediately notify the treasurers of all the public school cor-
16 porations of their respective counties of the receipt of such books. It shall

17 then be the duty of such treasurers to immediately procure and take charge
 18 and custody of all the books assigned to their several corporations, receipt-
 19 ing therefor to the said county school superintendent; and upon the receipt
 20 of such by the treasurers they shall furnish them on demand to the school
 21 patrons or school children of their respective corporations at the price fixed
 22 therefor by the contract entered into between the said board of commission-
 23 ers and said contractor; and it shall be the duty of such school officers to
 24 sell such books for cash only; and if they shall sell or dispose of any books
 25 other than for the cash price therefor, they shall be held personally liable
 26 upon their official bond for the price of such book or books: *Provided*, that
 27 any patron or pupil of any school or schools other than the public schools,
 28 and also any child between the ages of six and twenty-one years of age, or
 29 parent, guardian or teacher of such child shall have the right to purchase
 30 and receive the books, and at prices herein named, by payment of the cash
 31 price thereof to the school superintendent of any county in this State, and
 32 it is hereby made his duty to make requisition upon the contractor for any
 33 and all books so ordered and paid for by such person or persons.

§ 8. At the expiration of three months after the receipt of the books by
 2 the county school superintendent, and every three months thereafter, it shall
 3 be the duty of such treasurer receiving and chargeable with books under the
 4 provisions of this act to make a full and complete report to the county school
 5 superintendent of the number of books sold and the amount of money re-
 6 ceived therefor, and the number of books on hand; and at the time of
 7 making such report he shall pay over to the county superintendent all
 8 moneys received by him, or with which he is chargeable, from the sales of
 9 books in his hands, which report shall be duly verified by the oath of the
 10 party making it.

§ 9. If, at the expiration of ten days from the time required by this act
 2 for the making of such report of any school superintendent chargeable with
 3 books under this act, any such officer shall have failed, neglected or re-

4 fused to make such report, to turn over any moneys with which he is charge-
5 able, it shall be the duty of the county school superintendent, within fif-
6 teen days, to enter suit upon his official bond for an accounting and recovery
7 of any moneys due from him on account of such books with which he is
8 chargeable.

§ 10. It shall be the duty of the several county school superintendents of
2 this State, within thirty days from the issuing of the proclamation by the
3 Governor, as hereinbefore provided for, and of every county school superin-
5 tendent hereafter elected, before he enters upon his official duty, to enter
6 into a special bond, with at least two freehold securities of such county,
7 payable to the State of Illinois, conditioned that they will faithfully and
8 honestly perform all the duties required of them by this act, and account
9 for and pay over all moneys that come into their hands, pursuant to the
10 provisions of this act, in a penal sum which shall be equal in amount to one
11 hundred dollars for every one thousand inhabitants of their respective
12 counties, as shown by the last census immediately preceding the giving of
13 such bond, to be approved by the board of supervisors of their respective
14 counties; and upon the failure of any county school superintendent to give
15 such bond, his office shall immediately become vacant, and the board of
16 supervisors of his county shall immediately appoint some competent and
17 suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of his office.

§ 11. It shall be the duty of each county school superintendent in this
2 State, within ten days after the quarterly reports of the treasurers, as here-
3 inbefore provided for, to make a full, true and complete and detailed re-
4 port to the contractor, of all books sold by the several treasurers of his
5 county, and of the number of books in the hands of treasurers of each school
6 corporation, which report shall be accompanied by all cash received by him
7 from the school officials from sales of books by them sold, and which report
8 shall be duly verified by him, and a duplicate thereof shall be filed in the
9 office of the county clerk of his county. Upon the failure of any county

10 school superintendent to make the report and to transmit the cash, as re-
11 quired by this section, a right of action shall immediately accrue to the con-
12 tractor against the said school superintendent and the sureties upon the bond,
13 provided for in this act, for an accounting and recovery of any moneys re-
14 ceived and not transmitted by him, and for any damages which may have
15 resulted from his neglect or failure to comply with the provisions of this
16 act.

§ 12. Any treasurer charged with the sale of any books, under the pro-
2 visions of this act, who shall, directly or indirectly, demand or receive any
3 money for any books in excess of the contract price, as hereinbefore pro-
4 vided for, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction
5 thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than one hun-
6 dred dollars, to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail for a
7 term not exceeding sixty days.

§ 13. Any county school superintendent or treasurer of any township or
2 special district in this State who shall fraudulently fail or refuse at the ex-
3 piration of the term for which he was elected or appointed, or at any time
4 during his term, when legally required by the proper person or authority,
5 to account for and deliver and pay over to such person or persons as may
6 be lawfully entitled to receive the same, all moneys or school books which
7 may come into his hands by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall be
8 deemed guilty of embezzlement, and upon conviction thereof shall be im-
9 prisoned in the State prison for any period not more than five years nor
10 less than one year, and fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dol-
11 lars, and rendered incapable of holding any office of trust or profit for any
12 determinate period.

§ 14. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any
2 funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of
3 paying the cost and expenses incident to the giving of the notices herein

4 provided for, and carrying out the provisions of this act. All laws and
5 parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

§ 15. Whereas an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this
2 act, therefore it shall be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Duncan, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section two hundred thirty-seven (237) of an act entitled,
“An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence,
approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section two hundred thirty-seven (237) of an
3 act entitled, “An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence,”
4 approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby
5 amended so as to read as follows:

Section 237. Rape is the carnal knowledge of a female, forcibly and
2 against her will. Every male person of the age of sixteen years and
3 upwards, who shall have carnal knowledge of any unmarried female person
4 under the age of sixteen years, either with or without her consent, shall
5 be adjudged to be guilty of the crime of rape: *Provided,* that every male
6 person of the age of fourteen years and upwards, who shall have carnal
7 knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will, shall be guilty of the
8 crime of rape. Every person convicted of the crime of rape shall be im-
9 prisoned in the penitentiary for a term not less than one year and may
10 extend to life.

Jan 1881

ROBERT N. G. G. G.

37th Avenue

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1. Introduced by Mr. Eddy, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title and ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Insurance

A BILL

For an act to regulate the liabilities of fire insurance companies.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That in all suits brought upon policies of insurance
3 against loss or damage by fire, hereafter issued or renewed, the defendant
4 shall not be permitted to deny that the property insured thereby was worth
5 at the time of the issuing of the policy the full amount insured therein on
6 said property; and in case of a total loss of the property insured, the meas-
7 ure of damage shall be the amount for which the same was insured less
8 whatever depreciation in value below the amount for which the property
9 is insured, the property may have sustained between the time of issuing the
10 policy and the time of the loss, and the burden of proving such deprecia-
11 tion shall be upon the defendant; and in case of a partial loss the measure
12 of damage shall be that portion of the value of the whole property insured
13 as ascertained in the manner hereinafter prescribed, which the part injured
14 or destroyed bears to the whole property insured.

§ 2. When fire insurance policies shall be hereafter issued or renewed by
2 more than one company upon the same property, and suit shall be brought
3 upon any of said policies, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that
4 the property insured was worth the aggregate of the several amounts for
5 which it was insured at the time the policy was issued or renewed thereon,
6 unless fraud is shown on the part of the insured in obtaining such addi-

7 tional insurance, and in such suit the measure of damage shall be as provided
8 in section one (1) of this act: *Provided*, that whatever depreciation in value
9 below the amount for which the property is insured may be shown, as pro-
10 vided in section one (1) of this act, shall be deducted from the amount in-
11 sured in each policy in the proportion which the amount insured in each
12 such policy bears to the aggregate of all the amounts so insured on such
13 property.

§ 3. This act shall apply only to real property injured.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Eddy January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act for taxing and licensing persons, corporations and companies doing express business on any railroad in this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly.* That each and every person, corporation or company, whether residing, organized or incorporated in or out of this State, doing express business on any railroad in this State, shall make an annual report to the Auditor of State on or before the 15th day of January, 1892, and in like time in each year thereafter, which report shall state the number and location of their offices in this State, the railroads over which they conduct their business, and the number of miles in this State they do express business, together with a statement of the proper person or officer, stating the gross amount of their receipts in this State from every source of their business received during the year ending the preceding 31st day of December, at the close of that day, which report, with the statement of the gross amount of money so received, shall be verified by the proper person or officer as to its truth.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful, after the 15th day of January, 1892, for any person, corporation or company to carry on the business of receiving, forwarding or delivering goods, packages or parcels by express for hire without first making the report as herein required, and procuring from the Auditor

5 a certificate of authority or license, and it shall be a condition precedent to
6 the issuing or the renewal of the annual certificate or license by the Auditor
7 that the person, corporation or company making the statement shall pay into
8 the State treasury the sum of two per cent on the gross amount received by
9 said person, corporation or company within this State for the year included
10 in the report provided for in section one of this act, which said sum may be
11 recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction at the suit of the State.
12 It shall be and is made the duty of the State Treasurer to give his receipt
13 in duplicate for all moneys paid into the State treasury under this act, and
14 the Auditor, on the presentation of such receipt from the Treasurer, shall
15 issue an annual certificate or license to such person, corporation or company
16 doing business in said State.

§ 3. Any person, corporation or company violating the provisions of this
2 act shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than one hundred dollars and
3 not exceeding one thousand dollars for each violation. Violations of the
4 provisions of this act may be prosecuted in the name of the People of the
5 State of Illinois, and it is made the duty of the State's Attorney of each
6 county in the State to prosecute for all violations of this act, either by action
7 of debt for the penalties incurred, or by information or indictment.

§ 4. Any person, corporation or company doing business in this State
2 shall cause a certified copy of their license to be posted in a conspicuous
3 place in every office where they have an agent doing business in this State.

§ 5. Any person, corporation or company doing express business in this
2 State on any railroad shall not be permitted to carry on said business unless
3 the provisions of this act shall be complied with.

§ 6. The money received under this act shall be placed in the revenue
2 fund for State purposes.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Edmands, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Education.
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A BILL

For an act concerning compulsory education and to repeal an act entitled,
“An act concerning the education of children,” approved May 24, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That every person having under his or her control a
3 child between the ages of seven and fourteen years, shall annually cause
4 such child to attend, for at least sixteen weeks, at least eight weeks of
5 which attendance shall be consecutive, some reputable and competent day
6 school either public or private, wherein shall be taught in the English
7 language, reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, geography and history of
8 the United States, which term shall commence with the beginning of the
9 first term of the common school in this State: *Provided*, if such child has
10 already attained, considering its age, such proficiency in such branches as
11 a child of like age would be expected to attain by attendance on the pub-
12 lic school of the district of the residence of such child, or such child is
13 physically or mentally in such condition as not to be benefitted thereby,
14 such attendance shall not be required.

§ 2. For every violation of this act the person offending shall forfeit for
2 the use of schools a sum not less than one nor more than twenty dollars,
3 to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the
4 directors of schools or board of education of the city, town or district of

5 the residence of such child. And upon complaint of any legal voter, such
6 director or board shall investigate the case and in their discretion prose-
7 cute or not.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the board of education in every town or
2 city, and of every board of school directors in school districts in this State,
3 to see that the provisions of this act are complied with, make proper com-
4 plaints of and prosecute for violations of this act. It shall also be their
5 duty to cause the arrest of children of such school age who habitually,
6 during such school terms and in usual school hours, haunt public places
7 and have no lawful occupation, and also truant children who absent them-
8 selves from school without leave, by complaint to a justice of the peace
9 of the city or town in which such child resides. Upon such complaint
10 such magistrate shall issue his warrant to any constable of said county for
11 the arrest of such child, and a summons to the person having the control
12 of such child, requiring him or her forthwith to show cause why such child
13 shall not be committed to the care of the proper teacher of the public
14 school of the proper district. And upon the hearing, if said child shall be
15 found subject to thus attend school under the provisions of the first section
16 of this act, or is truant, said magistrate shall order and direct that such
17 child be placed in charge of the teacher having charge of the public school
18 which the said child is by law entitled to attend, and tax the cost of such
19 proceeding to the person having such control. And it shall be the duty of
20 such teacher to assign such child to the proper classes and to attend them
21 in such studies as they are fitted to pursue.

§ 4. That the act entitled, "An act concerning the education of children,"
2 approved May 24, 1889, be and the same is hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Edwards January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act in reference to stock yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, freight, grain, hay and other articles furnished, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That if any corporation organized or doing business in this State, under any act of incorporation or general law now in force, or which may hereafter be enacted in reference to stock yards, shall charge, collect, demand or receive more than is allowed by this act, or more than a fair and reasonable amount of toll or compensation for the transportation of any freight, of any description, or live stock, or for the use and transportation of any car upon its track, or any of the branches thereof, or for receiving, handling or delivering any freight or live stock, or for hotel bills, feeding, carrying, yardage, hay or grain furnished, and anything done by reason of the powers giving such corporation by the act of incorporation thereof, the same shall be deemed guilty of extortion, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 for the first offense, and for the second offense, not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000: *Provided*, that in all cases under this act either parties shall have the right of trial by jury.

§ 2. If any such corporation shall in reference to stock yards aforesaid,

2 make any unjust discrimination in the rates, or charges of toll, or compensa-
3 tion for the transportation of freight or live stock, or for receiving, handling,
4 feeding, furnishing feed or carrying any stock or for doing anything by
5 reason of the powers given such corporation by act of incorporation, the
6 same shall be deemed guilty of having violated the provisions of this act,
7 and upon conviction thereof, shall be dealt with as provided for in the
8 foregoing section.

§ 3. If any such corporations in reference to stock yards shall charge,
2 collect or receive of, or from any person or corporation, for the transporta-
3 tion of live stock or freight, or for receiving, handling, storing, yardage,
4 feeding, or carrying the same, or for doing anything by reason of the
5 powers given such corporation by act of incorporation, a greater amount of
6 toll, or compensation, or fees than is at the same time charged, collected or
7 received from any person or corporation, for the same or like service, all
8 such discriminating rates, charges, collections, or receipts, whether made
9 directly or by means of any rebate, drawback, or shift or evasion, shall be
10 deemed or taken against such corporation in reference to stock yards as con-
11 clusive evidence of unjust discrimination.

§ 4. Any stock yards doing business in this State, incorporated under
2 the laws of this State, shall not have or receive for yardage, more than
3 fifteen (15) cents a head for cattle, four (4) cents a head for hogs, and three
4 (3) cents a head for sheep, or more than fifty (50) per centum additional for
5 the current market wholesale price of hay, straw, corn, or other articles sup-
6 plied by them for the sustenance of such animals, and that such sales shall
7 be made by actual weights: *And provided further*, that in every case prop-
8 erly certified weighing tickets shall be furnished to the owner or agents of
9 such animals with each supply of such hay, straw, corn, or other grain.

§ 5. It shall not be lawful for any corporation in this State doing busi-
2 ness as a stock yards to prohibit any person or persons, or their agents,
3 from selling dead animals to any persons they may see fit, and for that pur-

pose, all persons shall have the privilege of entering said yards, and shall have the privilege of removing any dead animal therefrom, subject however to any reasonable rule which said company may adopt, and for a violation of this act said company shall be liable to the penalty mentioned in section one of this act.

§ 6. The fines hereinbefore provided for may be recovered in an action of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and there may be several counts joined in the same declaration as to the extortion and unjust discrimination. If, upon the trial of any cause instituted under this act, the jury shall find for the people, they shall assess, and return with their verdict, the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant at any sum as hereinbefore provided, and the court shall render judgment accordingly; and if the jury shall find for the people, and that the defendant has been convicted one or more times for the violation of the provisions of this act, they shall return such finding with their verdict and shall assess and return with their verdict the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant as provided in the first section of this act, and the court shall render judgment accordingly.

§ 7. If any such corporation, in reference to stock yards, shall in violation of any of the provisions of this act, ask, demand, charge or receive of any person or corporation any extortionate charge or charges for the transportation of any car, or property, or live stock, or for receiving, handling, transferring, feeding, storing or delivering any freights or live stock, or shall make any unjust discrimination against any person or corporation in its charges therefor, or furnish inferior, unsuitable or insufficient food or drink to any live stock intrusted to its care, or shall neglect or fail to suitably and properly care for any such live stock, or furnish less amount or inferior quality of food to such live stock then represented, contracted or charged for, the person or corporation so offended against, or owning such live stock, or to whom the same may be consigned, may, for each offense,

13 recover of such corporation, in reference to stock yards, in any form of
14 actions, three times of the amount of damages sustained by the party ag-
15 grieved, together with costs of suit and a reasonable attorney's fee, to be
16 fixed by the court where the same was heard, on appeal or otherwise, and
17 taxed as part of the cost of the case.

§ 8. If any such corporation, in reference to stock yards, shall furnish
2 inferior, unsuitable or insufficient food or drink to any live stock intrusted
3 to its care, or shall neglect or fail to suitably and properly care for
4 any such live stock, or shall furnish a less amount or inferior quality
5 of food to such live stock than represented, contracted or charged for
6 the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon convic-
7 tion thereof, shall be fined as provided in the first section of this act.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the railroad and warehouse commission to
2 personally investigate and ascertain whether the provisions of this act are
3 violated by any corporations in this State in reference to stock yards, and
4 to visit the numerous stock yards incorporated under any law of this State
5 for that purpose, as often as practicable; and whenever the facts in any
6 manner ascertained by said commission, shall, in their judgment, warrant
7 such prosecution, it shall be the duty of said commission to immediately
8 cause suits to be commenced and prosecuted against any such corporations,
9 in reference to stock yards, which may violate the provisions of this act.
10 Such suits and prosecutions shall be instituted in the county where such
11 stock yards are located, and such railroad and warehouse commission are
12 hereby authorized, when the facts of the case presented to them shall, in
13 their judgment, warrant the commencement of such action to employ coun-
14 sel to assist the Attorney General in conducting such suits on behalf of the
15 State. No such suits commenced by said commission shall be dismissed
16 except the said railroad and warehouse commission and the Attorney Gen-
17 eral shall consent thereto.

§ 10. In all cases, under the provisions of this act, the rules of evidence
2 shall be the same as in other civil actions, except as hereinbefore otherwise
3 provided. and all fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall be
4 paid into the county treasury of the county in which the suit was tried, by
5 the person collecting the same, in the manner now provided by law,
6 to be used for county purposes.

1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title a first time January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the punishment of persons, co-partnerships, or corporations forming pools, trusts and combines, and mode of procedure, and rules of evidence in such cases.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* If any corporation organized under the laws of
3 this or any other State or country, for transacting or conducting any kind
4 of business in this State, or any partnership or individual or other asso-
5 ciation of persons whosoever, shall create, enter into, become a member of
6 or a party to any pool, trust, agreement, combination, confederation or
7 understanding with any other corporation, partnership, individual, or any
8 other person, or associate of persons, to regulate or fix the price of any
9 article of merchandise or commodity, or shall enter into, become a member
10 of or a party to any pool, agreement, contract, combination or confederation
11 to fix or limit the amount or quantity of any article, commodity or mer-
12 chandise to be manufactured, mined, produced or sold in this State, shall
13 be deemed and adjudged guilty of a conspiracy to defraud, and be subject
14 to indictment and punishment as provided in this act.

§ 2. It shall not be lawful for any corporation to issue or to own trust
2 certificates, or for any corporation, agent, officer or employes, or the direct-

3 ors or stockholders of any corporation, to enter into any combination, con-
4 tract or agreement with any person or persons, corporation or corporations,
5 or with any stockholder or director thereof, the purpose and effect of which
6 combination, contract or agreement shall be to place the management or
7 control of such combination or combinations, or the manufactured product
8 thereof, in the hands of any trustee or trustees, with the intent to limit or
9 fix the price or lessen the production and sale of any article of commerce,
10 use or consumption, or to prevent, restrict or diminish the manufacture or
11 output of any such article.

§ 3. If a corporation or a company, firm or association shall be found
2 guilty of a violation of this act, it shall be punished by a fine in any sum
3 not less than five hundred dollars (\$500), nor more than two thousand dol-
4 lars (\$2,000), for the first offense; and for the second offense not less than
5 two thousand dollars (\$2,000), nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000);
6 and for the third offense not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), nor
7 more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); and for every subsequent offense
8 and conviction thereof, shall be liable to a fine of fifteen thousand dollars
9 (\$15,000): *Provided*, that in all cases under this act either party shall have
10 the right of trial by jury.

§ 4. Any president, manager, director or other officer or agent or receiver
2 of any corporation, company, firm or association, or any member of any
3 company, firm or association, or any individual, found guilty of a violation
4 of the first section of this act, may be punished by a fine of not less than
5 two hundred dollars (\$200), nor to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or
6 be punished by confinement in the county jail not to exceed one year, or
7 both, in the discretion of the court before which such conviction may be
8 had.

§ 5. Any contract or agreement in violation of any provision of the pre-
2 ceding sections of this act shall be absolutely void.

§ 6. Any purchaser of any article or commodity from any individual,
2 company or corporation transacting business contrary to any provision of
2 the preceding sections of this act shall not be liable for the price or pay-
3 ment of such article or commodity, and may plead this act as a defense
4 to any suit for such price or payment.

§ 7. The fines hereinbefore provided for may be recovered in an action of
2 debt, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois. If, upon the trial
3 of any cause instituted under this act to recover the penalties as provided
4 for in section three, the jury shall find for the people, and that the defend-
5 ant has been before convicted of a violation of the provisions of this act,
6 they shall return such finding with their verdict, stating the number of
7 times they find defendant so convicted, and shall assess and return with
8 their verdict the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant in
9 accordance with said section three: *Provided*, that in all cases under the
10 provisions of this act, a preponderance of evidence in favor of the people
11 shall be sufficient to authorize a verdict and judgment for the people.

§ 8. It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorneys in their respective
2 jurisdictions, and the attorney-general, to enforce the foregoing provisions of
3 this act, and any prosecuting attorney of any county, securing a conviction
4 under the provisions of this act, shall be entitled to such fee or salary as
5 by law he is allowed for such prosecution. When there is a conviction
6 under this act the informer shall be entitled to one-fifth of the fine recovered,
7 which shall be paid him when the same is collected. All fines recovered under
8 the provisions of this act, shall be paid into the county treasury of the
9 county in which the suit is tried, by the person collecting the same, in the
10 manner now provided for by law, to be used for county purposes.

§ 9. Whereas, great injustice is being done to the people of this State by
2 the formation of trusts and combines, therefore an emergency exists, and
3 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 27.

Amendments to House Bill No. 27 adopted by the House April 14, 1891, and ordered printed.

First amendment—Amend by striking out of line eight (8) of section one (1) of the printed bill, the word “associate” and inserting in the place thereof the word ‘association.”

Second amendment—Amend by inserting after the word “State” in line twelve (12) of section one (1) of the printed bill the following words: “such corporation, partnership or individual or other association of persons.”

Third amendment—Amend by striking out all of section nine (9) of the original bill.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Mr. Forsythe, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial affairs.
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A BILL

For an act to provide for the payment of wages in lawful money, and to prohibit the truck system and to prevent deductions from wages except for lawful money actually advanced.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person, company, corporation or association now engaged or hereafter to be engaged in any mining or manufacturing business in this State, to engage in or be interested in, directly or indirectly, in keeping of a truck store or controlling of any store, shop or scheme, for the furnishing of supplies, tools, clothing, provisions or groceries to his, its or their employes while so engaged in mining or manufacturing.

§ 2. Every person, company, corporation or association found guilty of violating section one (1) of this act, either by himself, its or their agents, servants or employes or partners, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor for each and every day such business is done in violation of said section, and on conviction will be liable to a fine for each offense of not less than fifty (50) nor more than two hundred (200) dollars to be recovered in the name of the people for the use of the school fund, and any person having knowledge of the fact that said section has been violated, may make complaint and cause summons or warrant to be issued, and if conviction follows and fine

10 be paid, such person shall be entitled to one-half the fine, when collected.
11 to be paid by order of court to such person.

§ 3. It shall be unlawful for any person, company, corporation or association,
2 tion, employing workmen in this State, to make deductions from the wages
3 of his, its or their workmen except for lawful money, checks or drafts
4 actually advanced without discount, and except such sums as may be law-
5 fully garnisheed in the hands of such employer by process of a court, and
6 except such sum as may be agreed upon between employer and employe
7 which may be deducted for hospital or relief fund for sick or injured
8 employes.

§ 4. Any deductions made from the wages of any workman in this State,
2 except as provided in section three (3) of this act, may be recovered in any
3 appropriate action before any court of competent jurisdiction, together with
4 such reasonable attorney's fees as the court in its discretion shall think
5 proper, and no offset or counterclaim of any kind shall be allowed in such
6 action or proceeding.

§ 5. All attempts to evade or avoid the provisions of this act by con-
2 tract or otherwise shall be deemed a violation thereof, and for every viola-
3 tion in addition to the civil remedy provided for in section four (4), there
4 shall on conviction be a fine imposed of not less than fifty (50) nor more
5 than two hundred (200) dollars for each offense.

§ 6. Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to include the business
2 of farmers or farm laborers or servants.

§ 7. "Truck" means the payment of wages otherwise than in lawful
2 money or otherwise than to the full amount earned by the employe.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 28.

Adopted by the House of Representatives April 21, 1891, and ordered printed April 21, 1891.

1. Amend lines 5 and 6, section 1, by striking out the words "or controlling of any store."

2. Amend after the word "people," in line 7, section 22, of the printed bill by inserting thereafter "of the State of Illinois."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Graham January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to prevent trusts, pools, combinations and syndicates, and to punish the same by fines and penalties.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all trusts, pools, combinations or syndicates
3 formed for the purpose of controlling the price and output of any commodity
4 and thereby preventing free competition in the natural course of supply and
5 demand, which alone ought to govern prices, and that all such contracts,
6 agreements, understanding, and combinations made, entered into or know-
7 ingly assented to by and between any parties capable of making a contract
8 or agreement which would be valid at law or in equity, the purpose or intent
9 or object of which shall be to limit, control, or in any manner to restrict or
10 regulate the amount of product or quality of any article or commodity to
11 be raised or produced by mining, manufacture, agriculture, labor or service,
12 or any other branch of business, or to enhance, control or regulate the price
13 thereof, or in any manner prevent or restrict free competition in the pro-
14 duction or sale of any such article or commodity in this State, shall be utterly
15 illegal in law and in equity, and void, and any such contract, agreement,
16 understanding and combination shall constitute a criminal conspiracy, and
17 any person who, for himself personally, or as a member, agent or officer of
18 any corporation, association for business purposes of any kind in the State

19 of Illinois, or in conjunction with citizens of any other State or foreign nation,
20 for entering into, or knowingly consent to any such void and illegal con-
21 tracts, agreements or understanding or combination, shall be deemed a crim-
22 inal conspiracy, and on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than one
23 thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for the
24 first offense; and for the second offense not less than eight thousand dollars
25 (\$8,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or imprisonment in the
26 penitentiary, or both, at the discretion of the court. All fines assessed or
27 collected under this act shall be turned into the treasury in the county for
28 the benefit of such county where such fine is assessed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Graham, of Warren County, January 13, 1891.
 - 2 Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act in reference to stock yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, grain, hay, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That if any corporation in this State under any
3 act of incorporation or general law now in force, or which may hereafter
4 be inserted, in reference to stock yards, shall charge, collect, demand or
5 receive more than is allowed by this act for feeding, yardage and watering,
6 hay or grain furnished, and anything done by reason of the powers given
7 such corporations by the act of incorporation thereof, the same shall be
8 deemed guilty of extortion, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in
9 any sum not less than four hundred dollars (\$400) nor more than eight
10 hundred dollars (\$800) for the first offense, and for the second offense not
11 less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than two thousand dollars
12 (\$2,000) or imprisonment in the penitentiary not less than one year nor
13 more than two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. All fines
14 assessed and collected under this act shall be turned into the treasury in
15 such county for the benefit of such county where such fine is assessed and
16 collected.

§ 2. If any such corporation shall, in reference to stock yards afore-
 2 said, make any unjust discrimination in rates of feed, yardage or watering
 3 for live stock, as provided for in this act, the same shall be guilty of hav-
 4 ing violated the provisions of this act, and upon conviction thereof, shall be
 5 dealt with as provided for in section one of this act.

§ 3. If any such corporation in reference to stock yards shall charge,
 2 collect or receive, whether made directly or by means of any rebate, draw-
 3 back or other shift or evasion, shall be deemed and taken against such
 4 corporation in reference to stock yards, as conclusive evidence of unjust
 5 discrimination.

§ 4. Any stock yards company doing business in this State shall not
 2 charge, collect or receive for yardage more than twenty cents (20) per head
 3 for horses and mules, fifteen cents (15) per head for cattle over ten
 4 months old, and eight cents (8) per head for cattle under ten months old,
 5 and five cents (5) per head for sheep and hogs; water free; nor more than
 6 seventy (70) percentum additional to the current market price wholesale, for
 7 hay, straw, corn or other articles supplied by them for the sustenance of
 8 such animals; and any violation of the provisions of this act, shall be dealt
 9 with according to the provisions of section one of this act.

§ 5. It shall not be lawful for any corporation in this State doing busi-
 2 ness as stock yards company, to permit any person or persons termed
 3 docker, or shrinker, or any other person after sale is made of any live
 4 stock, to deduct shrink, or by means of shifts or evasions or any device,
 5 directly or indirectly, to take from the actual weight or price of any such
 6 animal or animals, without the consent of the bonified owner of such ani-
 7 mals, and any violation of the provisions of this act, and on conviction
 8 thereof shall be dealt with as provided in section one of this act.

§ 6. It shall not be lawful for any corporation in this State doing busi-
 2 ness as stock yards company to prohibit any person or persons or their
 3 agents from selling dead animals to any establishment engaged in rendering

4 the same, and for that purpose the owner or agent of such establishment
5 shall have the privilege of entering said yards and removing any dead ani-
6 mals therefrom, subject, however, to any reasonable rules which said stock
7 yards company may adopt for the sanitary regulation of the yards: *Pro*
8 *vided*, that in so doing, they shall not violate any ordinance of any town,
9 city or village where said stock yards may be situated; and for a violation of
10 this section said stock yards company shall be liable to the penalties
11 provided in section one of this act.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners
2 to personally investigate and ascertain whether the provisions of this act is
3 violated by any stock yards company in this State, and to visit the various
4 stock yards incorporated under any law of the State, for the purpose, as
5 often as practicable; and when the facts in any manner ascertained by said
6 commissioners shall in their judgment warrant such prosecution, to cause
7 suits to be commenced against such stock yards which may violate the pro-
8 visions of this act; such suits and prosecution shall be instituted in the
9 county where such stock yards are located; such Railroad and Warehouse
10 Commissioners are hereby authorized, when the facts of the case is pre-
11 sented to them, shall in their judgment warrant of such action, to employ
12 counsel to assist the Attorney General in conducting such suits on behalf
13 of the State. No such suits commenced by said Railroad and Warehouse
14 Commissioners shall be dismissed, except the said Railroad and Warehouse
15 Commissioners and the Attorney General shall consent thereto.

§ 8 Nothing in this act shall hinder any person or persons from prosecut-
2 ing any stock yards company organized under any law of this State, who
3 violate the provisions of this act, and for which such penalties be inflicted
4 as set forth in section one of this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Green, of Alexander county, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the registration of legal voters, and to regulate the manner of voting and holding elections, and the ascertaining and declaring the result thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That there shall be a general registration of the legal voters of this State in the month of October, A. D. 1892, in the manner and at the time hereinafter provided, and every two years thereafter.

§ 2. There shall be a board of registry in each precinct, consisting of the three judges of election of that precinct; and they shall have the clerical aid of the election clerks as hereinafter provided.

§ 3. On the first Tuesday in the month of October, 1892, and every two years thereafter, the board of registry of each precinct shall meet at the usual place of voting in such precinct, with the election clerks thereof, and make a new registration of the legal voters of the precinct.

§ 4. The judges of election of each precinct at their first meeting in October, as herein provided, shall appoint one of their number to be chairman of the board of registry, and shall appoint as election clerks two qualified voters of such precinct, one from each of the two parties that cast the largest vote in the State at the last preceding general election; and if the chairman of the county central committee of either of the two parties

7 that cast the largest vote in the State at the last preceding general elec-
8 tion shall prior to the meeting in October aforesaid designate to a majority
9 of the said judges a member of such party as election clerk, the person so
10 designated shall be appointed to be one of such election clerks.

§ 5. The judges of election of each precinct shall meet at 8 o'clock A. M.
2 and as soon as practicable thereafter shall organize the board of registry by
3 electing one of their number chairman of the board, and by the appoint-
4 ment of two clerks, in the manner provided herein and shall remain in ses-
5 sion for the purpose of registering legal voters continuously until 9 o'clock
6 P. M., except from half-past eleven o'clock A. M. to half-past twelve o'clock
7 P. M., and from half-past five o'clock P. M. to six o'clock P. M.

§ 6. At their first meeting in October the judges of election as soon as
2 the board of registry is organized shall proceed to make the new registry
3 of legal voters, and they may use the poll books of the precinct for the last
4 preceding general election to aid them in forming the new register; and
5 they shall only put upon the new register the names of such persons as are
6 personally known to a majority of the judges to be legal voters in such
7 precinct, except such persons as shall personally appear before the board
8 and prove by competent evidence that they respectively have all the quali-
9 fications necessary to constitute them respectively legal voters in such
10 precinct; and the list of the names of voters so made shall, when completed,
11 be known as the register of legal voters of the precinct.

§ 7. The board of registry shall hold their second meeting on the last
2 Tuesday in October for the purpose of correcting and completing the register
3 of voters of the precinct, and shall remain in session two days if necessary
4 and during the same hours as at their first meeting; and at their second
5 meeting the board shall only place on the register of voters the names of
6 such persons as personally come before them and are personally known to
7 a majority of the judges to be legal voters in such precinct, or who shall
8 be proven by competent evidence to be such legal voters: *Provided*, that if

9 it shall appear by competent evidence that any legal voter, who has not
10 been registered, is sick or temporarily absent from the State, the name of
11 such voter shall be placed upon the register, and if any person possessing
12 all the qualifications of a legal voter except that he is not 21 years of age,
13 shall apply to the board to be registered, and it shall be proven by com-
14 petent evidence that he will reach the age of 21 years before the next
15 ensuing election, his name shall be placed on the register.

§ 8. The register of legal voters so prepared by the said board of registry
2 shall contain the christian name and the surname of each legal voter, or
3 the name by which he is generally known, written in full, his age, his
4 occupation, and place of business or employment, and his place of residence
5 on the day of the first meeting of the board for the purpose of registration;
6 and in villages and cities the register shall contain the street on which he
7 resides, and if the houses are numbered in such villages or cities, the num-
8 ber of the house in which he resided on the first day of the registration
9 aforesaid.

§ 9. In the intermediate years between the years of general registration
2 the board of registry shall only meet on the fourth Tuesday of October, and
3 may sit two days, if necessary, for the purpose of registering all legal voters
4 who apply for registration, and who are personally known to a majority of
5 the judges to be legal voters, or shall be proven by competent evidence
6 to the satisfaction of a majority of the judges to be legal voters; and if
7 any person possessing all the qualifications of a legal voter in the precinct,
8 except that he is not 21 years of age, and can prove by competent evidence
9 to the satisfaction of a majority of the judges that he will reach the age
10 of 21 years before the next ensuing election, he shall be registered.

§ 10. The judges of election shall not receive the ballot or count the vote
2 of any one whose name does not appear upon the said register as a quali-
3 fied voter.

§ 11. The Secretary of State shall provide blank registers in proper form

2 for the registration of voters under this act, and shall, on or before the first
3 day of September, 1892, and every two years thereafter, furnish to the county
4 clerk of each county two of said registers for each precinct in such county;
5 and the county clerk of each county shall furnish to the judges of election
6 in each precinct two copies of the blank registers on or before the 15th of
7 September, 1892, and every two years thereafter.

§ 12. One register of voters shall be made by each election clerk, and at
2 least three times during each day that the board of registry is in session,
3 the two registers shall be carefully compared and all errors and omissions
4 corrected, if there be any errors or omissions, and at the close of the second
5 meeting of the board of registry the register of voters shall be certified to
6 be correct by the three judges of election and two election clerks.

§ 13. The chairman of the board of registry shall keep in his possession
2 one copy of said register, and shall deliver the other copy thereof immedi-
3 ately after the registry is completed to the county clerk, and each copy shall
4 be subject to inspection by any qualified voter of the precinct.

§ 14. The names of legal voters to be placed upon said registers shall be
2 alphabetically arranged, according to their respective surnames, so as to
3 show in proper columns the name, age, occupation, place of business or of
4 employment and place of residence of each voter.

§ 15. The registers of voters made in October, 1892, and every two years
2 thereafter, shall be preserved by the chairman of each board of registry and
3 by the county clerk for three years after the completion thereof.

§ 16. That the members of the board of registration shall each receive
2 \$2.00 per day for each day actually employed in the making and completion
3 of the registry, not exceeding four days, to be paid to them at the time and
4 in the manner in which they are paid their other fees.

§ 17. Any person who shall cause his name to be registered in more than
2 one election district, or who shall cause his name to be registered, knowing
3 that he is not a qualified voter in the district where said registry is made, or

4 who shall falsely perjure any registered voter, and any person causing,
5 aiding or abetting any person, in any manner in either of said acts, shall
6 be punished, for each and every offense, by imprisonment in the state prison
7 for not less than one year. All intentional false swearing before said board
8 of registration shall be deemed willful and corrupt perjury, and, on conviction,
9 punished as such. If any member or officer of said board shall willfully
10 violate any of the provisions of this act or be guilty of any fraud in the
11 execution of the duties of his office, he shall be punished for each and every
12 offense by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than one year.

§ 18: That all ballots cast in elections for national, State, district and
2 county officers in this State after the first day of July, in the year eighteen
3 hundred and ninety-one, except in elections for town officers and in road
4 districts, and all ballots cast in municipal elections in cities after that
5 date, shall be printed and distributed at public expense, as hereinafter provided.
6 The printing of the ballots and cards of instructions to voters, hereinafter
7 described, shall in municipal elections in cities and villages be paid
8 for by the several cities and villages, respectively, and in all other elections
9 the printing of ballots and cards of instructions for the voters in each
10 county, and the delivery of them to the several cities and villages and precincts,
11 shall be paid for by the several counties, respectively. The term
12 "State election," as used in this act, shall apply to any election held for
13 the choice of a national, State, judicial, district or county officer, whether
14 for a full term or for the filling of a vacancy. The term "city election"
15 shall apply to any municipal election so held in a city or village.

16 Any convention of delegates, and any caucus or meeting of qualified
17 voters, as hereinafter defined, and individual voters to the number and in
18 manner hereinafter specified, may nominate candidates for public office,
19 whose names shall be placed upon the ballots to be furnished as herein
20 provided.

21 Any convention of delegates, caucus or meeting representing a political
 22 party which, at the State election next preceding, polled at least three per
 23 cent. of the entire vote cast in the State, in the electoral district or division
 24 thereof for which the nomination is made, may for the State, or for the
 25 division or district for which the convention or meeting or any convention
 26 of delegates who have been selected in caucus called and held in accord-
 27 ance with a statute of this State providing therefor, as the case may be, by
 28 causing a certificate of nomination to be duly filed, make one such nomination
 29 for each office therein to be filled at the election; but in the case of nom-
 30 inations for representatives in the General Assembly, two or more candi-
 31 dates may be named in the certificate of nomination. Every such certificate
 32 of nomination shall state such facts as may be required as above for its
 33 acceptance, and as are required in section .. of this act; shall be signed by
 34 the presiding officer and by the secretary of the convention or caucus, who
 35 shall add thereto their places of residence; and shall be sworn by them to
 36 be true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate of the
 37 oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination.

§ 19. Nominations of candidates for any offices to be filled by the voters
 2 of the State at large may also be made by nomination papers, signed in the
 3 aggregate for each candidate by not less than one thousand qualified voters
 4 of the State. Nominations of candidates for congressional districts, or other
 5 divisions of the State, may be made by nomination papers, signed in the
 6 aggregate for each candidate by qualified voters of each district or division
 7 not less in number than one for each two hundred persons who voted at
 8 the next preceding election in each district or division, but in no case less
 9 than ten. In the case of an election to be held in a town or ward to the
 10 number of five shall be sufficient for the nomination of a candidate who is
 11 to be voted for only in such town, precinct or ward. Each voter signing a
 12 nomination paper shall add to his signature his place of residence, and each
 13 voter may subscribe to one nomination for each office to be filled, and no

14 more. The nomination papers shall, before being filed, be respectively sub-
 15 mitted to the chairman of the board of registry of voters of the voting pre-
 16 cinct in which the signers purport to be qualified voters, and each chair-
 17 man of the board of registry to whom the same is submitted shall forthwith
 18 certify thereon what number of the signatures are names of qualified voters
 19 in the city, voting precinct or town for which he is chairman of the board
 20 of registry, and one of the signers for each such separate paper shall swear
 21 that the statements therein are true to the best of his knowledge and be-
 22 lief, and the certificate of such oath shall be annexed.

§ 20. All certificates of nomination or nomination papers shall, besides
 2 containing the names of candidates, specify as to each:

3 First—The office to which he is nominated.

4 Second—The party or political principle which he represents, expressed
 5 in not more than five (5) words.

6 Third—His place of residence, with the street and number thereon, if
 7 any.

8 In the case of electors for president and vice-president of the United
 9 States, the names of the candidates for president and vice-president may
 10 be added to the party or political appellation.

§ 21. Certificates of nomination and nomination papers, for the
 2 nomination of candidates for offices to be filled by the electors
 3 of the entire State, or any division or district greater than a county,
 4 shall be filed with the Secretary of the State at least twenty days
 5 previous to the day of the election for which the candidates are nomi-
 6 nated. All other certificates for the nomination of candidates shall be filed
 7 with the county clerk of the respective counties at least twenty days previ-
 8 ous to the day of such election: *Provided*, that certificates and papers for
 9 the nomination of candidates for the offices of mayor and of alderman in
 10 cities shall be filed with the city clerks of the respective cities at least
 11 ten days previous to the day of such election, and for the nomination of

12 candidates for all other city offices at least six days previous to the day of
13 such election.

§ 22. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may
2 cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination, by request in writing,
3 signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowl-
4 edgements of deeds, and filed with the Secretary of State ten days, or with
5 the proper county clerk eight days, or with the proper city clerk at least
6 five days, as the case may be, previous to the day of election, and no name
7 so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots. No nomination published
8 and posted, as herein provided, shall be subsequently omitted as invalid.
9 All certificates of nomination and nomination papers, when filed, shall
10 be open under proper regulations to public inspection, and the Secretary of
11 State and the several county clerks, and the several city clerks, shall
12 preserve the same in their respective offices not less than five years.

§ 23. In case a candidate who has been duly nominated under the pro-
2 visions of section .. of this act die before election day or decline the nomi-
3 nation as in this act provided, or should any certificates be insufficient or
4 inoperative, the vacancy or vacancies thus occasioned may be filled by the
5 political party or other persons making the original nomination, in the man-
6 ner required for original nominations, or if the time is insufficient therefor,
7 then the vacancy may be filled, if the nomination was by a convention or
8 caucus, in such manner as the convention or caucus has previously pro-
9 vided for such purpose, or in case of no such previous provision then by a
10 regularly elected general or executive committee representing the political
11 party or persons holding such convention or caucus. The certificates of
12 nomination made for supplying such vacancy shall state in addition to the
13 other facts required by section .. of this act, the name of the original nom-
14 inee, the date of his death or declination of the nomination, and the meas-
15 ures taken in accordance with the above requirements for filling the vacancy,
16 and it shall be signed and sworn to by the presiding officer and secretary of the

17 convention or caucus, or by the chairman and secretary of the duly authorized
 18 committee, as the case may be. When such certificate is filed with the Sec-
 19 retary of State he shall, in certifying nominations to the various county
 20 clerks, insert the name of the person who has been thus nominated to fill a
 21 vacancy in place of that of the original nominee, and in the event that he
 22 has already sent forward his certificate, he shall forthwith certify to the
 23 clerks of the proper counties the name and description of the person so
 24 nominated to fill a vacancy, the office he is nominated for, together with
 25 the other details mentioned in the certificates of nomination filed with the
 26 Secretary of State. The name so supplied for the vacancy shall, if the bal-
 27 lots for the office are not already printed, be placed on the ballots instead
 28 of the original nomination; or if the ballots have been printed, new bal-
 29 lots, whenever practicable, be furnished.

§ 24. Not less than ten days before an election to fill any public office,
 2 the Secretary of State shall certify to the county clerk of each county,
 3 within which any of the electors may by law vote for candidates for such
 4 office, the name and the description of each person nominated for such office,
 5 as specified in the certificates of nomination, filed with Secretary of State.

§ 25. Every general ballot which shall be printed in accordance with the
 2 provisions of this act shall contain the names and party or political designa-
 3 tion of all candidates whose nominations for any offices specified in the
 4 ballot have been duly made and not withdrawn in accordance herewith,
 5 and shall contain no other names. Except that in the case of electors for
 6 president and vice-president of the United States, the names of candidates
 7 for president and vice-president may added to the party or political designa-
 8 tion. The names of candidates for each office shall be arranged under the
 9 designation of office in alphabetical order according to surnames, but the
 10 names of the candidates for the offices of electors of president and vice-
 11 president shall be arranged in groups as presented in the several certificates
 12 of nomination or nomination papers. There shall be left at the end of the

list of candidates for each different office, except electors for president and vice-president, as many blank spaces as there are persons to be elected to such office, in which the voter may insert the name of any person not printed on the ballot for whom he desires to vote for such office. Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment is submitted to the vote of the people, such question shall be printed upon the ballot after the list of candidates. The ballots shall be of plain white paper, in weight not less than that of ordinary printing paper, and each columns of names thereon with the necessary margin shall not be more than five nor less than four and a half inches in width, and not more than twelve and a half nor less than eleven and one-half inches in length. The names of candidates shall be printed at right angles with the length of the ballot in capital letters not less than one-eighth nor more than one-quarter of an inch in height, and no name of any person appearing upon any ballot as a candidate for any office shall be repeated thereon with respect to the same office. The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate by a cross (x) mark in a sufficient margin at the right of the name of each candidate, his choice of candidates, and his answer to the question submitted, and on the ballot may be printed such words as will enable the voter to do this, as "vote for three, one and one-half votes," "yes," "no," and the like, and on the back and outside, when folded, shall be printed "official ballot for," followed by the designation of the polling place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the election, and a fac simile of the signature of the clerk who has caused the ballot to be printed.

§ 26. All ballots when printed shall be folded as heretofore provided and fastened together in convenient numbers in books or blocks, in such manner that each ballot may be detached and removed separately. A record of the number of ballots printed and furnished to each polling place shall be kept and preserved by the clerk who has them printed.

Whenever the Secretary of State has duly certified to any county clerk

any question to be submitted to a vote of the people, the county clerk shall prepare and distribute ballots of such form as will enable the voters to vote upon the question so presented in the manner herein provided. The county clerk shall also prepare the necessary ballots whenever any question is required by law to be submitted to the vote of the voters of any locality.

§ 27. The county clerk of each county shall provide for each election precinct in the county two hundred ballots of each kind to be voted in the precinct for every fifty or fraction of fifty voters registered at the last preceding election in the precinct.

§ 28. Before the opening of the polls the county clerk of the county, and in the case of a city election the city clerk, shall cause to be delivered to the judges of election of each election precinct which is within the county or city, as the case may be, and in which the election is to be held, at the polling place of the precinct, the proper amount of ballots of each kind to be used in such precinct or town.

§ 29. The county clerk of each county, and the several city clerks, in case of city elections, shall prepare full instructions for the guidance of voters at each election as to obtaining ballots, as to the manner of marking them, and the method of gaining assistance, and as to obtaining new ballots in place of those accidentally spoiled, and they shall respectively cause the same, together with copies of sections thirty-three, thirty-four and thirty-five of this act to be printed in large clear type on separate cards, to be called cards of instruction.

§ 30. The board of election judges shall cause not less than one of such cards to be posted in each place or compartment provided for the preparation of ballots, and not less than four of such cards to be posted in and about the polling places upon the day of election. The county clerks and the several city clerks, in case of city elections, of each county shall, five days at least prior to the day of an election therein, cause to be conspicuously posted, in one or more public places in each voting precinct of such

8 county, a specimen ballot containing the names, residences, and party or
9 political appellations of all candidates nominated, as herein provided, and
10 to be voted for in such precinct, substantially in the form of the general
11 ballot to be so used therein, and he shall likewise cause to be published,
12 prior to the day of such election, in at least two newspapers, if there be so
13 many published in such county representing the political parties which cast
14 at the preceding election the largest and next largest number of votes, a
15 list of all the nominations made, as herein provided, and to be voted for at
16 such election, so far as may be, in the form in which they shall appear
17 upon the general ballot.

§ 31. Two clerks of election in addition to those provided for in this act
2 in each voting precinct, in cities and towns divided into voting precincts,
3 and the provisions of law relative to judges and clerks of election, shall be
4 applicable to such additional officers. Two of the clerks acting in each vot-
5 ing precinct shall be detailed to act as ballot clerks. In towns not divided
6 into voting precincts, two clerks shall be appointed in accordance with the
7 provisions of law applicable to such officers in towns so divided, and the two
8 clerks thus serving shall act as ballot clerks. The two ballot clerks detailed
9 and appointed as above in each voting precinct and town shall have the
10 charge of the ballots therein, and shall furnish them to the voter in the
11 manner hereinafter set forth.

§ 32. The officers in each city and voting precinct whose duty it is to
2 designate and appoint polling places therein shall cause the same to be suit-
3 ably provided with a sufficient number of voting shelves and compartments
4 at or in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots, so that in the
5 marking thereof they may be screened from the observation of others, and
6 a guard-rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as
7 are inside such rail can approach within six feet of the ballot boxes and of
8 such voting shelves and compartments. The arrangement shall be such that
9 neither the ballot boxes nor the voting shelves or compartments shall be

10 hidden from view of those just outside said guard-rail. The number of such
11 voting shelves or compartments shall not be less than one for every fifty
12 voters qualified to vote at such voting places, and not less than three in a
13 precinct thereof ; no person other than the election officers and voters ad-
14 mitted, as hereinbefore provided, shall be permitted within said guard-rail,
15 except by authority of the election officers for the purpose of keeping order
16 or enforcing the law. Each voting shelf or compartment shall be kept pro-
17 vided with proper supplies and conveniences for marking the ballots.

§ 33. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and, if requested
2 to do so, his residence, to one of the ballot clerks, who shall thereupon an-
3 nounce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear and audible,
4 and if such name is found on the register of voters by the officer having
5 charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat the said name, and the voter shall
6 be allowed to enter the space enclosed by the guard-rail, as above provided.
7 The ballot clerk shall give him one, and only one, ballot, and his name
8 shall immediately be checked on the registry list. Besides the election
9 officers, not more than four voters in excess of the number of voting shelves
10 or compartments provided shall be allowed in said enclosed space at one
11 time.

§ 34. On receipt of his ballot, the voter shall forthwith, and without
2 leaving the enclosed space, retire alone to one of the voting shelves or
3 compartments so provided, and shall prepare his ballot, by marking in the
4 appropriate margin or place a cross (x) opposite the name of the candidate
5 of his choice for each office to be filled, or by filling in the name of
6 the candidate of his choice in a blank space on said ticket, making
7 a cross (x) opposite thereto, and in case of a question submitted to the vote
8 of the people, by marking in the appropriate margin or place a cross (x)
9 against the answer which he desires to give, or by crossing out therefrom
10 parts of the ballot in such manner that the remaining part shall express
11 his vote upon the question submitted. Before leaving the voting shelf or

12 compartment the voter shall fold his ballot in such manner as to conceal
13 the marks thereon. He shall then vote forthwith in the manner now pro-
14 vided by law, except that the number corresponding to the number of the
15 voter on the poll books shall not be endorsed on the back of his ballot.
16 He shall mark and deposit his ballot without undue delay, and shall quit
17 said enclosed space as soon as he has voted. No voter shall be allowed to
18 occupy a voting shelf or compartment already occupied by another, nor re-
19 main within said enclosed space more than ten minutes, nor to occupy a
20 voting shelf or compartment more than five minutes, in case all of said
21 voting shelves or compartments are in use and other voters waiting to
22 occupy the same. No voter, not an election officer, shall after having voted,
23 be allowed to re-enter said enclosed space during said election. No person
24 shall take or remove any ballot from the polling place before the close of
25 the polls. No voter shall vote, or offer to vote, any ballot except such as he
26 has received from the clerks of election in charge of the ballots. Any voter
27 who shall, by accident or mistake, spoil his ballot, may, on returning said
28 spoiled ballot, receive another in place thereof.

§ 35. Any voter who declares that he cannot read, or that, by blindness
2 or physical disability, he is unable to mark his ballot, shall, upon request,
3 receive the assistance of one or two of the judges or clerks of election in the
4 marking thereof, and such officer or officers shall certify on the outside
5 thereof that it was so marked with his or their assistance, and shall there-
6 after give no information regarding the same. The judges of election may,
7 in their discretion, require such declaration of disability to be made by the
8 voter under oath before one of them, and they are hereby qualified to ad-
9 minister the same.

§ 36. If the voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected
2 to an office, or if for any reason it is impossible to determine the voter's
3 choice for any office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such
4 office. No ballot without the official endorsement shall be allowed to be

5 deposited in the ballot box, and none but ballots provided in accordance
6 with the provisions of this act shall be counted. Ballots not counted shall
7 be marked "defective" on the back thereof, and shall be preserved.

§ 37. No person whatever shall do any electioneering on election day
2 within any polling place, or within one hundred feet of any polling place.
3 Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section shall be punished by a
4 fine of not less than five dollars (\$5) nor more than one hundred dollars
5 (\$100.)

§ 38. A voter who shall, except as herein otherwise provided, allow his
2 ballot to be seen by any person with an apparent intention of letting it be
3 known how he is about to vote, or who shall make a false statement as to
5 his inability to mark his ballot, or any person who shall interfere, or attempt
6 to interfere with any voter when inside said enclosed space, or when mark-
7 ing his ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to
8 show how he marks, or has marked, his ballot, shall be punished by a fine
9 of not less than five dollare (\$5) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100),
10 and election judges shall see that the offender is duly brought before the
11 proper court.

§ 39. Any person who shall, prior to an election, wilfully destroy or
2 deface any list of candidates posted in accordance with the provisions of
3 this act, or who, during an election, shall wilfully deface, tear down, re-
4 move or destroy any card of instructions or specimen ballot printed and
5 posted for the instruction of voters, or who shall, during an election, wil-
6 fully remove or destroy any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to
7 enable a voter to prepare his ballot, or shall wilfully hinder the voting of
8 others, shall be punished by fine not less than five dollars (\$5), nor more
9 than one hundred dollars (\$100).

§ 40. Any person who shall falsely make, or wilfully destroy any certifi-
2 cate of nomination, or nomination papers, or any part thereof, or any letter
3 of withdrawal, or file any certificate of nomination or nomination paper

4 knowing the same, or any part thereof, to be falsely made, or suppress any
5 certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or any part thereof, which
6 has been duly filed, or forge, or falsely make the official endorsement on
7 any ballot, or wilfully destroy or deface any ballot, or wilfully delay the
8 delivery of any ballots, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one
9 thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment in the county jail not more
10 than one year, or by both such fine or imprisonment.

§ 41. Any public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by this act, who
2 shall wilfully neglect to perform such duty, or who shall wilfully perform
3 it in such a way as to hinder the object of this act, shall be punished by
4 a fine of not less than five dollars (\$5), nor more than one thousand dollars
5 \$1,000), or by imprisonment in jail for not more than one year, or by both
6 such fine and imprisonment.

7 An act entitled an act for the registry of electors, and to prevent
8 fraudulent voting, approved February 15, 1865, is hereby repealed.

9 This act shall not apply to any city, village or town which has adopted
10 the act entitled: "An act regulating the holding of elections and declaring
11 the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State,"
12 approved June 12, 1885.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, of Iroquois, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to regulate the charges of stock yards operating or doing business in this State and to regulate the charges for hay, grain and other articles of feed furnished by such yards, with penalties to enforce the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person or company or corporation owning or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State where stock is purchased, bought or sold, unloaded or reloaded, to charge or collect a greater sum than fifteen (15) cents per head yardage for cattle; twenty (20) cents per head for horses and mules; ten (10) cents per head for any cattle under the age of one year; five (5) cents per head for hogs, and four (4) cents per head for sheep, nor charge more than fifty (50) per cent more than market price for corn, hay or straw furnished or other material furnished or supplied by them for feeding or bedding such animals; such sale to be actual weight or measure, according to weight and measures required to be given by the laws of the State of Illinois.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for such person, company or corporation to make any charge for watering or furnishing water to such stock or for counting such stock into or out of any yard, pen, car or stable, or to make any shift or device by which any additional costs can be made for keeping, care or control of said stock as mentioned in section one of this act, or make any charge

6 for yardage when stock is unloaded and reloaded without being sold.

§ 3. It shall not be lawful for any corporation doing business as a stock
2 yard in this State to prohibit any person or persons or their agents from
3 selling dead animals to any person they may see fit, and for that purpose
4 all persons shall have the privilege of removing any dead animal therefrom.
5 subject, however, to any reasonable rule which said company may adopt,
6 and for a violation of this act said company shall be liable to the penalty
7 mentioned in the fourth section of this act.

§ 4. If any stock yard company doing business in this State shall charge
2 any more yardage than provided for in section one of this act or shall fail
3 to give weights and measures in accordance with the provisions of this act
4 for hay, straw or grain furnished shall be deemed guilty of extortion
5 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty
6 dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and for the
7 second offense not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thou-
8 sand dollars: *Provided*, that in all cases under this act either party shall
9 have the right of trial by jury.

§ 5. The fines hereinbefore provided for may be recovered in an action of
2 debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and there may be
3 several counts joined in the same declaration as to extortion and to unjust
4 discrimination. If, upon trial of any cause instituted under this act, the
5 jury shall find for the people, they shall assess and return with their ver-
6 dict the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant of any sum
7 as before provided, and the court shall render judgment accordingly. If the
8 jury shall find for the people and that the defendant has been convicted of
9 one or more times violating the provisions of this act they shall return such
10 finding with their verdict, and shall assess and return with their verdict
11 the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant, according to the
12 preceding sections of this act, and the court shall render judgment accord-
13 ingly.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of each county wherein
2 any provision or provisions of this law have been violated to institute and
3 prosecute any and all suits upon the written complaint of any person or
4 persons aggrieved.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, of Iroquois, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 288 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, as amended by subsequent acts, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section 288 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, and as amended by subsequent acts, in force July 1, 1881, be amended to read as follows:

Section 288. Every county clerk, assessor, collector or other officer who shall in any case willfully refuse or neglect to perform any duty enjoined upon him by this act, or who shall consent to or connive at any evasion of its provisions whereby any proceeding required by this act shall be prevented or hindered, or whereby any property required to be listed for taxation shall be unlawfully exempted, or the same to be entered upon the tax list at less than its fair cash value, shall, for every such offense, willful refusal or neglect, be liable, on the complaint of any person, for the sum of five hundred dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt on the bond hereinafter provided for, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction; and said sum of money, when recovered, shall be paid, one-fourth to the person making the complaint and three-fourths into the county treasury, and such officer may be removed from his office at the

14 discretion of the court. Every assessor before entering upon the duties of
 15 his office shall execute a bond with two or more securities, to be approved
 16 by the county board of supervisors and town clerk of his town, as the case
 17 may require, in four times the amount of the assessor's compensation for
 18 the previous year in the same county, town or district, conditioned for the
 19 faithful performance of his duties as such assessor. Said bond shall be sub-
 20 stantially in the following form, to-wit: "Know all men by these presents,
 21 that we, A. B. of the....of...., in the county of...., in the State of Illi-
 22 nois, as town (or district) assessor, and C. D. and E. F. of the said county
 23 and State, as securities, are held and firmly bound unto the People of the
 24 State of Illinois in the penal sum of \$...., for the payment of which, well
 25 and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors and adminis-
 26 trators firmly by these presents. Signed and sealed this....day of....A.D.
 27 18.. The conditions of the foregoing bond are such that if the above bound
 28 A. B. shall perform all the duties required to be performed by him as assessor
 29 of the taxes for the year 18.., in the town (or district) of...., in the county
 30 of...., Illinois, in the time and manner prescribed by law, and shall have
 31 delivered to the county clerk all schedules and statements of personal prop-
 32 erty as provided by section 91 of this act, and when said schedules and
 33 statements shall have been kept by the county clerk two years, as prescribed
 34 in section 91 of this act, then to be void, otherwise to remain in full force.

35 A. B. [Seal.]

36 C. D. [Seal.]

37 E. F. [Seal.]

38 The bondsmen, as above provided for, shall have the same right to surren-
 39 der the principals as provided by law for official bondsmen in other cases.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, of Iroquois, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read first by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Building and Loan Associations.
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A BILL

To amend sections 1, 5, 6 and 8 of an act entitled "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such association," in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That sections 1, 5, 6 and 8 of an act entitled "An
3 act to enable association of persons to become a body corporate to raise
4 funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," in force
5 July 1, 1879, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:
6 That whenever any number of persons not less than five, may desire to
7 become incorporated as a mutual building, farming, loan and homestead
8 association, for the purpose of building and improving homestead, buying
9 and improving farms and stock thereon and loaning money to the members
10 thereof only, they shall make a statement to that effect, under their hands
11 and seals, duly acknowledged before some officer in the manner provided
12 for the acknowledgement of deeds. Such statement shall set forth the name
13 of the proposed corporation, its capital stock, its location and the duration
14 of the corporation; which statement shall be filed in the office of the Secre-
15 tary of State. The Secretary of State shall thereupon issue to such persons
16 a license as commissioners, to open books for subscriptions to the capital

17 stock of said corporation, at such time and place as they may determine;
18 but no license shall be issued to two associations having the same name.

Section 5. The corporate powers shall be exercised by a board of directors: *Provided*, the number of directors shall not be increased or diminished, nor their term of office changed, without the consent of the owners of two-thirds of the shares of stock. The officers of the company shall consist of a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, to be elected at the annual meeting of the board of directors, as may be provided for in the charter and by-laws of the association: *Provided*, that only such officers of said association that are necessarily employed in the business thereof be entitled to compensation, and in such amount as may be provided for in the charter or by-laws of such association: and *Provided*, that the treasurer shall give bond and security to be approved by the board of directors.

Section 6. The shares of stock shall be one hundred dollars (\$100) each, and shall be deemed personal property transferable upon the books of the company, in such manner as may be provided by the by-laws, and subscriptions therefor shall be made payable to the corporation, and shall be payable in such periodical installments, and at such time or times as shall be determined by the charter and by-laws; but no periodical payment to be made exceeding twenty-four dollars (\$24) per annum on each share, except at the option of the subscriber; and every share of stock shall be subject to a lien for the payment of unpaid installments and other charges incurred thereon under the provisions of the charter and by-laws, and the by-laws may prescribe the form and manner of enforcing such lien. New shares of stock may be issued in lieu of shares withdrawn or forfeited, and the stock may be issued in one or in successive series, as may be prescribed in the charter and by-laws, and in such amount (not to exceed the total capital stock) as the board of directors may determine, and any stockholder wishing to withdraw from the said corporation shall have power to do so by

17 giving thirty days notice of his or her intention to withdraw, when he or
18 she shall be entitled to receive the amount paid in by him or her, and such
19 interest thereon or such proportion of the profits thereon as the by-laws
20 may determine, less all fines and other charges: *Provided*, that at no time
21 shall more than one-half of the funds of the treasury of the corporation be
22 applicable to the demands of withdrawing stockholders without the consent
23 of the board of directors, and that no stockholder shall be entitled to
24 withdraw whose stock is held in pledge for security.

25 Upon the death of a stockholder his or her legal representatives shall be
26 entitled to receive the full amount paid in by him or her on all shares not
27 borrowed upon or pledged to the association as collateral security, and legal
28 interest thereon, first deducting all charges that may be due on the stock;
29 but no fines shall be charged to a deceased member's account from and after
30 his or her decease, unless the legal representatives of such decedent assumes
31 the future payment of the dues on the stock.

Section 8. The board of directors shall hold such stated meetings, not less
2 frequently than once a month, as may be provided by the by-laws, at which
3 the money in the treasury, if one hundred dollars or more, shall be offered
4 for loan in open meeting; and the stockholders who shall bid the highest
5 premium, for the preference or priority of loan, shall be entitled to receive
6 one hundred dollars, for each share of stock held by said stockholder; the
7 said premium bid may be deducted from the loan in one amount, or may
8 be paid in such proportionate amounts or installments, and at such times
9 during the existence of the share of stock borrowed upon, as may be
10 designated by the by-laws of the respective associations, or the president or
11 secretary may loan said money subject to the approval of the board of
12 directors as provided by the by-laws: *Provided*, that no loan shall be made
13 by said corporation except to its own members, nor in any sum in excess
14 of the amount of stock held by such members borrowing; *And provided*,
15 that such stockholder may borrow such fractional part of one hundred

16 dollars as the by-laws may provide. Good and ample real estate security
17 unencumbered, except by prior loans of such association, shall be given by
18 the borrower, to secure the repayment of the loan: *Provided, however, that*
19 the stock of such association may be received as security, to the amount
20 of the withdrawal value of such stock.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Headen, of Shelby, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.
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A BILL

For an act to amend sections one and two of an "Act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That sections one and two of "An act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. A commission, to be composed of three legal voters in this State, which shall be styled "The Railroad and Warehouse Commission," shall be elected by the people of this State, at the general election in November, 1892, and every two years thereafter. The term of office of the members of said commission shall commence on the second Monday in January, following their election, and continue until their successors shall be elected and qualified.

Section 2. No person shall be eligible as such commisssoner who, at the time of entering upon the duties of such office, is in any way connected with any railroad company or warehouse, or who is directly or indirectly interested in any stock, bond or other property of, or is in the employment of any railroad company or warehouseman; and no person elected as such commissioner shall, during the term of his office, become interested in any

7 stock, bond or other property of any railroad company or warehouse, or in
8 any manner be employed by, or connected with, any railroad company or
9 warehouse.

10 The Governor shall have power to remove any such commissioner at any
11 time for a failure to perform any of the duties imposed by this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hunter of Winnebago, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Building, Loan and Homestead Associations.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled, "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," in force July 1, 1879, and as amended by an act in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly.* That an act entitled, "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," in force July 1, 1879, and as amended by an act in force July 1, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 15. The secretary of every such association shall within sixty (60) days after the close of the fiscal year of such association, file with the Auditor of Public Accounts, and also with the county clerk in the county where such is located, a statement under oath of its receipts and expenditures for the year in detail, and its assets and liabilities in detail, the number of shares issued and withdrawn in each series of stock, also the number of shares in force in each series of stock, and the number of shares loaned upon in each series of stock, the installments paid per share and profits per share and value per share of each series of stock. Such statement shall also be verified and attested to, by at least three members of such association not officers thereof. And any secretary of any such association who

12 shall willfully and knowingly make any false or untrue statement or account
13 to the Auditor of Public Accounts or county clerk, in pursuance of the
14 provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of perjury and shall be pun-
15 ished accordingly.

§ 16. Any officer, director or agent of any such association who shall
2 willfully neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act shall be
3 subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two
4 hundred dollars for each offense. The same may be recovered on complaint
5 before any court of competent jurisdiction, for the benefit of the county
6 wherein said offending association is located.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hunter of Knox, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section six of "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section six of an act entitled, "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. Such judges with like privileges of Circuit Judges may interchange with each other and with the judges of circuit courts, and may hold court for each other and perform each other's duties when they find it necessary or convenient. And the Chief Justice of the State may assign any of said judges of the circuit or city courts, when they are not occupied in holding court in their own circuit or city, to hold court in any other circuit or city court in the State, when there may arise a necessity therefor. .

Section 2. Whereas an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Johnston, of Peoria, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section eighty of an act entitled "An act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts and to provide for the practice thereof, to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section eighty of an act entitled "An act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, to fix the time for holding the same and to repeal an act therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 80. Peoria, on the first Monday of January, the first Monday of November, the fourth Monday of March, the fourth Monday of May, and the fourth Monday of August.

§ 2. Whereas, in consequence of the condition of the legal business of said county of Peoria, a term of said county court is required in the month of May, A.D. 1891, and an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Jones, of Sangamon, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Apportionment.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one of an act entitled "An act to divide the State of Illinois, exclusive of the County of Cook, into judicial circuits," approved June 2, 1877, and in force July 1, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act to divide the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook, into judicial circuits," approved June 2, 1877, and in force July 1, 1877. be, and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows: That in lieu of the circuit courts provided for in section thirteen (13) of article six (6) of the constitution, and now existing, the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook, be, and the same is hereby divided into judicial circuits as follows:

First Circuit.—The counties of Franklin, Saline, Williamson, Jackson, Union, Johnson, Pope, Hardin, Massac, Pulaski and Alexander.

Second Circuit.—The Counties of Cumberland, Effingham, Clay, Jasper, Richland, Lawrence, Crawford, Jefferson, Wayne, Edwards, Wabash, White, Hamilton and Gallatin.

Third Circuit.—The counties of Bond, Madison, St. Clair, Marion, Clinton, Washington, Randolph, Monroe and Perry.

Fourth Circuit.—The counties of Vermilion, Edgar, Clark, Coles, Douglas, Champaign, Piatt, Moultrie and Macon.

18 Fifth Circuit.—The counties of Macoupin, Montgomery, Fayette and
19 Shelby.

20 Sixth Circuit.—The counties of Hancock, Adams, Fulton, McDonough,
21 Schuyler, Brown and Pike.

22 Seventh Circuit.—The counties of DeWitt, Logan, Menard, Mason, Cass,
23 Morgan, Scott, Greene, Jersey and Calhoun.

24 Eighth Circuit.—The counties of Putnam, Marshall, Woodford, Taze-
25 well, Peoria and Stark.

26 Ninth Circuit.—The counties of Bureau, LaSalle, Will and Grundy.

27 Tenth Circuit.—The counties of Rock Island, Mercer, Henry, Hender-
28 son, Warren and Knox.

29 Eleventh Circuit.—The counties of McLean, Ford, Kankakee, Iroquois
30 and Livingston.

31 Twelfth Circuit.—The counties of Boone, DeKalb, McHenry, Lake, Kane,
32 DuPage and Kendall.

33 Thirteenth Circuit.—The counties of JoDaviess, Stepenson, Winnebago,
34 Carroll, Whiteside, Ogle and Lee.

35 Fourteenth Circuit.—The counties of Sangamon and Christian.

§ 2. Whereas, an election will take place for circuit judges on the first
2 day of next June, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take
3 effect and be in force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Keller, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to provide for compiling, illustrating, electrotyping, printing, binding, copyrighting and distributing a State series of school text books, and appropriating money therefor.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Regent of the University of Illinois, the President of the Normal University at Normal, the President of the Southern Normal University at Carbondale, and the Adjutor of the De LaSalle Institute at Chicago shall be, and are hereby declared to be a State text book board, of which the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be chairman. They shall meet on the second Monday of July, A. D. 1891, and thereafter they shall hold stated meetings at such time and place as they may determine. At any time the chairman or any two members may call a special meeting of the board. Three members shall constitute a quorum, and may do and perform all the duties required to be done and performed by them by this act of the General Assembly. They shall transact all business at stated or special meetings, and shall cause to be kept a record of its proceedings.

§ 2. The State text book board shall, within the period of one year from the time of its first meeting, compile or cause to be compiled, for use in the public schools of the State, a series of school text books of the following

4 description, viz.: Reading, four books; speller, one book; arithmetic, two
 5 books; grammar, two books; geography, two books; history of the United
 6 States, one book; physiology and hygiene, one book; together with designs
 7 for all cuts and engravings to be used in said series of text books, and
 8 shall secure copyrights to all the books that shall be compiled under
 9 the provisions of this act and shall protect said copyrights from all in-
 10 fringements.

§ 3. The State text book board may employ well qualified persons to com-
 2 pile the books mentioned in section two of this act, and shall fix the re-
 3 muneration for the services rendered: *Provided*, that, if any competent
 4 author shall compile any one or more works, of the first order of excellence
 5 and shall offer the same as a free gift to the people of the State, together
 6 with the copyright of the same, and the exclusive right to manufacture and
 7 sell such books within the State of Illinois, it shall be the duty of the
 8 State text book board to accept such gift and to expend no money for the
 9 purpose of compiling works relating to the subjects treated of in the books
 10 thus donated.

§ 4. The foregoing books shall be equal in size and quality as to mat-
 2 ter, illustrations and material to the following text books, to-wit: The speller
 3 to Eclectic speller; the first, second, third and fourth readers to McGuffey's
 4 first, second, third and fourth readers; the first and second grammars to
 5 Harvey's first and second grammars; the two books of arithmetic to Ray's
 6 new elementary and Ray's new practical arithmetic; the two books of geog-
 7 raphy to the new Eclectic Elementary and new Eclectic complete Geography;
 8 the one book of history to Eclectic United States history, and the
 9 one book of physiology and hygiene to Eclectic physiology and hygiene.

§ 5. The text of the books, furnished under this act to the public schools
 2 of this State, shall be subject to revision not oftener than once in each
 3 period of five years from the adoption, and only then in case the State text
 4 book board so direct.

§ 6. Whenever the State series of school text books shall have been com-
 2 piled and agreed upon by the State text book board, the Superintendent of
 3 Public Instruction shall issue an order requiring the uniform use of said
 4 books in the common schools of the State; but said order for the uniform
 5 use of said books shall not take effect till the expiration of at least one
 6 year from the time of completion of the electrotype plates of said books;
 7 but nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent any school district
 8 from adopting any one or more of the State series before the expiration of
 9 that time whenever one or more books shall have been published.

§ 7. Whenever the State series of school text books shall have been com-
 2 piled, copyrighted and approved by the State text book board, as to all
 3 matters relating to types, size, illustrations, quality of binding and other
 4 material, and the number of books necessary to supply the common schools
 5 of the State for at least two years, then they shall submit the same to the
 6 commissioners of State contracts, who shall proceed under the act then in
 7 force relating to State contracts to contract for and have manufactured
 8 said series of school text books or any addition thereof: *Provided*, that the
 9 cost to the State for paper, printing, engraving, illustrating and completing
 10 said books shall not exceed, for the:

- 11 Speller, 8 cents.
- 12 First reader, 6 cents.
- 13 Second reader, 10 cents.
- 14 Third reader, 13 cents.
- 15 Fourth reader, 15 cents.
- 16 First grammar, 13 cents.
- 17 Second grammar, 22 cents.
- 18 Physiology, 27 cents.
- 19 First arithmetic, 12 cents.
- 20 Second arithmetic, 16 cents.
- 21 First geography, 18 cents.

22 Second geography, 42 cents.

23 Book of history, 33 cents.

24 And for other books than these in this section named, a proportional
 25 price and no more shall be paid by the State: *And provided further*, that
 26 the State shall furnish the paper, and the books when completed according
 27 to contract shall be received by the Secretary of State: *And it is further*
 28 *provided*, the retail fixed by the State text book board shall be so fixed not
 29 to exceed the maximum retail price, provided in section eight of this act,
 30 that the difference in the cost of manufacturing said text books and the
 31 retail price of the same shall afford an average discount to dealers
 32 of 15 per cent.

§ 8. The State series of text books provided in this act shall be retailed
 2 to the pupils and patrons of the public schools at not to exceed the follow-
 3 ing prices:

4 Speller, 10 cents.

5 First reader, 10 cents.

6 Second reader, 15 cents.

7 Third reader, 20 cents.

8 Fourth reader, 25 cents.

9 First grammar, 25 cents.

10 Second grammar, 35 cents.

11 First arithmetic, 20 cents.

12 Second arithmetic, 25 cents.

13 First geography, 30 cents.

14 Second geography, 60 cents.

15 Book of history, 50 cents.

16 Physiology and hygiene, 40 cents.

§ 9. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have by the time
 2 the State's series of text books shall have been compiled, caused the
 3 county superintendent of schools in each county to make an estimate of the

4 number of each State text book necessary to supply the public schools of
 5 his county for two years, and from the estimates submitted to him by the
 6 county superintendent of schools the Superintendent of Public Instruction
 7 shall estimate the number of each State text books necessary to be printed
 8 under the first contract for printing for use in the public schools of the
 9 State for two years, and on or before the first day of June of each year
 10 thereafter shall submit to the State text book board, as the basis of future
 11 contracts for manufacturing subsequent editions of said State text books,
 12 an estimate of the number of books necessary to supply the public schools
 13 of the State for the ensuing year.

§ 10. The school books published under the provisions of this act shall
 2 be furnished to the children of the public schools at the cost of printing,
 3 publishing and distributing the same; said cost to be ascertained and fixe d
 4 by the State text book board as soon as possible after the contract for pub-
 5 lishing books has been awarded, but shall not exceed the maximum price
 6 fixed in section eight of this act.

§ 11. The process for the distribution of the text books shall be as fol-
 2 lows: The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall cause the county
 3 superintendent of schools in each county to furnish a list of retail dealers
 4 in the county who may desire to retail to the pspils and patrons of the
 5 public schools the State series of text books: *Provided, however, that in all*
 7 *cases such retail dealer shall make and subscribe to the following agree-*
 8 *ment: In consideration of receiving for sale the series of text books or any*
 9 *part thereof published by the State of Illinois, I hereby agree that I will*
 10 *not sell the same to any person or persons for the purpose of being sold*
 11 *again, or to any person or persons beyond the limits of the State of Illinois;*
 12 *and that I will not sell said series of State text books or any part or por-*
 13 *tion thereof at a price exceeding the price to the pupils or patrons fixed by*
 14 *the State text book board, and will keep a list of such prices, conspicuously*
 15 *posted in my place of business. Said agreement shall be endorsed by the*

16 county superintendent of schools in the following words: I hereby certify
 17 that A. B. is a regular retail dealer in school books in.....county, Illinois.

18 C.....D.....

19 County superintendent of schools.

20 When such agreement has been filed with the Superintendent of Public
 21 Instruction the retail dealer making such agreement may make such order
 22 for State text books as may be necessary for his trade on the Superintendent
 23 of Public Instruction, which order shall be accompanied by cash in payment
 24 for the same, at the price fixed by the State text book board as the cost
 25 price at Springfield, less discount, and in no case shall private checks be
 26 received as cash: *Provided, further*, that if the books are to be sent by mail
 27 the cost of postage shall also accompany the order, and if ordered shipped
 28 by freight or express, parties ordering books shall pay cost of carriage at
 29 point of destination. *And it is provided, further*, that any dealer who shall
 30 fail to comply with the terms of his agreement or shall fail to comply with
 31 any reasonable request for information, by the county superintendent of
 32 schools or Superintendent of Public Instruction relating to State text books,
 33 shall forfeit his right to any further purchase of said books from the State.

§ 12. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall, on receiving an
 2 order from any authorized dealer, make requisition for the same on the
 3 Secretary of State, who shall ship the books to such dealer as shall have
 4 been designated in such requisition. The Superintendent of Public Instruc-
 5 tion shall report to the Auditor of Public Accounts, on or before the fifth
 6 day of every month, the number of books sold by him during the preced-
 7 ing month, and pay the moneys received for the same into the State treas-
 8 ury. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State on or before the fifth
 9 day of every month to report to the Auditor of Public Accounts, the num-
 10 ber and value of all books shipped by him on the requisition of the Super-
 11 intendent of Public Instruction, and the number and value of books on
 12 hand.

§ 13. All moneys received from the sale of the State series of text books shall be kept by the State Treasurer as a separate and distinct fund to be known as the "State text book fund," which said fund shall be subject to draft by the Secretary of State, for all moneys needed for manufacturing any edition of any book of the State series over and above those manufactured under the original contract.

§ 14. Within one year after the State text books are printed and furnished to the Secretary of State, and for the period of fifteen years thereafter, no text books shall be used in the public schools of this State other than the State text books prepared under the provisions of this act: *Provided*, that this act shall not be construed to prevent pupils who have advanced beyond the studies embraced in said books, from using other books, or to prevent a revision of the text of said books at the expiration of five years after their introduction.

§ 15. The State text book board shall promulgate by circulation such rules and regulations as they may deem necessary for intelligently carrying out the provisions of this act, in relation to the distribution of school books together with such information as would be beneficial to the people of the State, school officers and retail book dealers.

§ 16. The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purpose of compiling, or causing to be compiled, the series of text books for the public schools, as set forth in section two of this act. The appropriation provided for in this section shall be subject to the order of the State text book board, and upon such approval the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of said demands, and the State Treasurer is authorized to pay the same.

§ 17. The sum of two hundred thousand dollars, or as much thereof as is necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds not otherwise appropriated, to pay the cost of paper and manufacturing the text books provided

4 for in section two of this act. The appropriation provided for in this sec-
5 tion shall be subject to the order of the Secretary of State: *Provided*, that
6 all text books for the manufacture of which demands are made upon the
7 appropriation provided for in this section, shall have been approved by the
8 State text book board as to size, style or printing, engravings, illustrations
9 and binding, and upon order of the Secretary of State, with the certificate
10 of such approval, the Auditor of Public Accounts, is hereby authorized to
11 draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of said demands,
12 and the State Treasurer is authorized to pay the same.

§ 18. The Superintendent of Public Instruction is hereby authorized to
2 employ any assistance necessary to the carrying out of the provisions of this
3 act. And the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby directed and author-
4 ized to draw his warrant for a sum not to exceed two thousand dollars
5 annually, on the general fund of the State, for the payment of such assist-
6 ance: *And provided further*, that the State text book board shall be reim-
7 bursed for their legitimate expenses in attending meetings of the board
8 and the Auditor of Public Accounts is authorized to draw his warrant for
9 the same, upon the approval of the Governor, on the general fund of the
10 State.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman, of Sangamon, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act for the better regulation of fire insurance.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That hereafter all fire insurance companies doing business in this State, whether foreign or domestic, whenever they issue a policy of insurance for one year or a term of years, and specify an amount therein as the value of the property insured, and thereafter charge or receive premiums on said amount until a total or partial loss occurs, then such valuation specified in the policy shall be conclusively deemed and taken as the liquidated and fixed value of the property insured, any clause or condition contained in the policy to the contrary notwithstanding, and the loss, whether total or partial, shall be adjusted by the company according to such fixed valuation.

§ 2. All laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed,

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1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman of Cook, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.
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A BILL

For an act to protect associations and unions of workingmen in their labels, trade marks, and forms of advertising.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, Whenever any association or union of workingmen have adopted, or shall hereafter adopt, for their protection, any label, trade mark, or form of advertisement announcing that goods to which such label, trade mark, or form of advertisement, shall be attached, were manufactured by a member or members of such association or union, it shall be unlawful for any person or corporation to counterfeit or imitate such label, trade mark, or form of advertisement. Every person violating this section shall upon conviction be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three months or more than one year, or by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred, or both.

§ 2. Every person who shall use any counterfeit or imitation of any label, trade mark, or form of advertisement of any such union or association, knowing the same to be a counterfeit or imitation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than three months nor more than one year, or by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or both.

§ 3. Every such association or union that has heretofore adopted, or shall hereafter adopt a label, trade mark or form of advertisement as aforesaid, may file the same for record in the office of the Secretary of State, by leaving two copies, counterparts or fac-similes thereof with the Secretary of State; said secretary shall deliver to such association or union so filing the same, a duly attested certificate of the record of the same, for which he shall receive a fee of one dollar. Such certificate of record shall in all suits and prosecutions under this act be sufficient proof of the adoption of such label, trade mark, or form of advertisement, and of the right of said association or union to adopt the same.

§ 4. Every such association or union adopting a label, trade mark, or form of advertisement as aforesaid, may proceed by suit to enjoin the manufacture, use, display; or sale of any such counterfeits or imitations; and all courts having jurisdiction thereof shall grant injunctions to restrain such manufacture, use, display, or sale, and shall award the complainant in such suit, such damages, resulting from such wrongful manufacture, use, display or sale, as may by said court be deemed just and reasonable, and shall require the defendants to pay to such association or union the profits derived from such wrongful manufacture, use, display or sale; and said court shall also order that all such counterfeits or imitations in the possession or under the control of any defendant in such case be delivered to an officer of the court, or to the complainant, to be destroyed.

§ 5. Every person who shall use or display the genuine label, trade mark, or form of advertisement of any such association or union, in any manner not authorized by such union or association, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not less than three months nor more than one year, or by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or both. In all cases where such association or union is not incorporated, suits under this act may be commenced and prosecuted by an officer or member of

9 such association or union on behalf of, and for the use of, such association
10 or union.

§ 6. Any person or persons who shall in any way use the name or seal
2 of any such association or union, or officer thereof, in and about the sale
3 of goods or otherwise, not being authorized to so use the same, shall be
4 guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail of
5 not less than three months nor more than one year, or by a fine of not less
6 than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or both.

§ 7. The fines provided for in this act may be enforced before a justice
2 of the peace in all cases where the party complaining shall so elect, and in
3 case of conviction before such justice of the peace the offender shall stand
4 committed to the county jail until the fine and costs are fully paid, under
5 the provisions of section 8, article IX, of "An act to revise the law in
6 regard to criminal jurisprudence," in force July 1, 1874, or otherwise.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Merritt January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to provide for holding elections in this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the board of supervisors in counties having
3 township organization, and the board of county commissioners in counties
4 not under township organization, shall at their first session after the taking
5 effect of this act, divide the townships in their respective counties into
6 election precincts and establish the boundaries of the same. Said board of
7 supervisors and board of county commissioners shall in their respective
8 counties designate at least one place of holding elections in each township,
9 and every township in which only one place of holding elections is desig-
10 nated shall constitute a precinct. There shall be but one voting place in a
11 precinct, and each precinct shall contain as nearly as practicable 400
12 electors, based on the number of votes cast at the last election for presi-
13 dential electors, but no precinct shall contain more than 450 electors. If at
14 any election hereafter 450 or more votes shall be cast at any voting place it
15 shall be the duty of the chairman of the election board in such precinct to
16 report the same to the board of supervisors or to the board of county com-
17 missioners, as the case may be, who shall at their next regular meeting
18 divide such precinct, so that the new precincts formed thereof shall contain
19 an equal or nearly equal number of electors, but no precinct shall contain

20 more than 450 electors, and shall report such division to the clerk of the
 21 county court of such county and to the Governor of the State, together
 22 with the estimated number of votes in each of the new precincts. If the
 23 board of supervisors or the board of county commissioners, as the case may
 24 be, shall fail to act as herein directed, any qualified voter of the county
 25 may apply for a writ of mandamus to compel a performance of this duty.

§ 2. The county board in each county shall at a regular, or at a special
 2 meeting in the month of July, 1891, divide its election precincts which con-
 3 tain 450 or more electors, so that each new precinct shall contain as near as
 4 may be 400 electors, and may change the boundaries of any precinct or may
 5 consolidate two or more precincts into one precinct whenever the public
 6 good or public convenience require it: *Provided*, that no such change or
 7 consolidation shall be made after the July meeting of such county board
 8 next preceding an election: *And provided further*, that no such change,
 9 division or consolidation shall be valid without giving due notice at least one
 10 month before any election, by publication one time in two daily newspapers
 11 and two times in two-weekly newspapers published in said county at the
 12 county seat thereof, representing the two political parties which cast re-
 13 spectively the highest and next highest number of votes in the State at the
 14 last preceding general election, and also by posters put up in four of the
 15 most conspicuous places in each precinct concerned in such proposed
 16 change.

§ 3. The county boards in every case shall fix and establish the places
 2 for holding elections in their respective counties, and all general and
 3 special elections shall be held at the places so fixed. The said polling places
 4 shall, in all cases, be upon the ground floor, in the front room, the en-
 5 trance to which is from a highway or public street which is at least forty
 6 feet wide, and as near the center of the voting population of the precinct
 7 as is practicable and for the convenience of the greatest number of electors
 8 to vote thereat, and in no case shall an election be held in any room used

9 or occupied as a saloon, dramshop, billiard hall, bowling alley, or as a
10 place of resort for idlers and disreputable persons, or any room connecting
11 therewith by open doors or hallways. No person shall be permitted to
12 vote at any election except in the precinct in which he resides.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the county boards in their respective counties
2 at the July meeting, 1891, and at the July meeting in each year thereafter,
3 to select three electors in each election precinct who shall have the qualifi-
4 cations hereinafter prescribed, to act as judges of election in each precinct,
5 and the county board shall at the time of making such appointments des-
6 ignate one of the judges of election as chairman of the board of election
7 in each voting precinct. Not more than two of such judges shall be mem-
8 bers of any one political party or organization, and one of them shall be
9 chosen from the party which cast the next to the highest number of votes
10 at the last preceding general election in the State: *Provided*, that if the
11 chairman of the county central committee of each or either of the two
12 parties which cast respectively the highest and next highest number of
13 votes at the last preceding general election in the State shall within three
14 weeks prior to the July meeting of the county board designate a member
15 of such party for the position of judge of election, having the prescribed
16 qualifications, he shall be appointed, and the two judges so chosen by the
17 chairman of such committees, acting with the chairman chosen by the
18 county board, shall constitute the board of election. No person shall be
19 eligible as a member of this board of election who has anything of value
20 wagered or bet on the result of such election, or who is father, father-in-
21 law, son, son-in-law, brother, brother-in-law, uncle, nephew, or first cousin
22 of any candidate at such election, and no person shall be eligible for such
23 position unless he be of fair character, approved integrity, well informed,
24 and able to speak, read and write the English language, and shall have re-
25 sided in the precinct in which he is to serve at least one year next preced-

ing the election at which he is to serve, and is entitled to vote therein at such election.

§ 5. Immediately on the appointment of such judges of election, the county board shall make out and deliver to the sheriff of the county a notice of such appointment directed to each person so appointed, and the sheriff shall within twenty days after the receipt of such notices deliver the same to the judges so appointed.

§ 6. The judges of election so appointed shall be and continue judges of all general and special elections held within their respective precincts for one year from the time of their appointment and until their successors are appointed; and if at the time for opening an election, any so appointed judge shall fail to appear, or will not act in such capacity, or if from any other cause there shall be a vacancy in said board of election, the judge or judges present may appoint some other qualified elector of the same political party as the absentee, to act in his place. If there be no judge of election present, or if he refuse to act, such electors of the precinct as may then be present at the place of election may fill the places of such judges of election from their number as nearly as possible in conformity with the provisions hereof.

§ 7. The judges of election shall choose two persons having qualifications similar to their own to act as clerks of elections: *Provided*, that if four or more days prior to such election the chairman of the county central committee of each or either of the two parties casting respectively the highest and next highest number of votes in the State at the last preceding general election shall nominate a member of such party as clerk of election, such nominee shall be appointed.

§ 8. The county clerk shall provide at the expense of the county, proper blank poll books and other necessary election blanks for each precinct in his county, and cause a suitable number thereof to be delivered to the judges of election at least ten days before any election is to be held. The

5 poll books herein provided for shall contain one column headed "Names of
6 Voters" and an additional column headed "Number of Votes," and also
7 forms of election returns with the proper captions, forms of oaths and forms
8 of certificates and tally papers necessary to be used in all elections here-
9 after to be held in this State.

§ 9. Before the election shall be opened the judges shall each make oath
2 to support the constitution of the United States and of this State, to faith-
3 fully and impartially discharge the duties assigned them by law; that they
4 will not knowingly permit any person to vote who is not qualified, and not
5 knowingly refuse the vote of any qualified elector, or cause any delay to
6 persons offering to vote further than is necessary to procure satisfactory
7 information of such person's qualifications as an elector; that they will not
8 disclose or communicate to any person how any elector voted or how any
9 ballot was folded, marked or stamped, and that they are now and for one
10 year next preceding have continued to be bona fide residents and house-
11 holders of the township in which such precinct is located; that they have
12 nothing of value wagered or bet on the result of such election; that they
13 are not candidates at such election and are not related to any person to be
14 voted for at said election within the degree of relationship named in sec-
15 tion four of this act, which oath shall be in writing or printed, and shall
16 be subscribed and executed before some person authorized by law to ad-
17 minister oaths, which officer shall attach thereto his jurat, and such oath
18 shall then be attached to the poll book and with it returned to the county
19 clerk's office as hereinafter provided, which oath shall be in the following
20 form:

21 STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
22 COUNTY,) ss.

23 I do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that I will support
24 the constitution of the United States and of this State; that I will faith-
25 fully and impartially discharge the duties as inspector or judge of election

§ 11. The chairman of such board, before the reception of any votes, shall administer an oath to the clerks of the election that they will faithfully discharge their duties as such. After the organization of the board of elections the chairman may administer all necessary oaths which may be required in the discharge of its duties, and all oaths shall be written or printed, and shall be signed by the persons making such oaths in the presence of such board of elections, and the persons administering such oaths shall affix his jurat thereto, and such affidavit shall be attached to and returned with the poll lists to the office of the county clerk. The oaths herein prescribed for the clerk of elections shall be in the following form, namely:

20

§ 13. The polls shall be opened at the hour of six o'clock in the morning,
2 and continue open until four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at
3 which time the polls shall be closed, but if the judges shall not attend at
4 the hour of six o'clock in the morning, or if it shall be necessary for the
5 electors present to appoint judges to conduct the election, as hereinbefore
6 prescribed, the polls may, in that case, be opened at any hour before the

7 time for closing the same shall arrive, as the case may require. At the
 8 time the polls are opened the judges of election shall publicly open the
 9 ballot boxes, carefully examine them and see that there are no ballots or
 10 other thing in them before the voting begins, and the chairman shall then
 11 securely lock both locks of each box, giving one of the keys of each box
 12 to one of the judges of election who is opposed to him in politics, and
 13 retaining the other key of each box himself, and such boxes shall not be
 14 again opened until the polls are closed, and the judges are ready to imme-
 15 diately proceed with the counting.

§ 14. Before receiving any ballot at such election the chairman of the
 02 judges of election, or some other sworn officer designated by him, shall in
 3 a loud and audible voice make proclamation that such election is now open,
 4 and 30 minutes before the closing of such election he shall make proclama-
 5 tion in like manner that the polls will close in half an hour, and when the
 6 time for closing the polls arrives he shall again in like manner make proc-
 7 lamation that the polls are now closed, and a minute of such proclamations
 8 shall be entered on the tally papers by the clerks, after which entry no
 9 more votes shall be received.

§ 15. After the opening of the polls no adjournment shall be had, nor
 2 shall any recess be taken, until all the votes cast at such election shall have
 3 been counted, and the result publicly announced.

§ 16. The county board may appoint one or more constables to attend
 2 each place of holding elections and preserve order during the election; if no
 3 constable is appointed by the county board to attend any place of holding
 4 election, or if others shall be necessary to preserve order, the judges of
 5 election may appoint one or more constables for that purpose.

§ 17. The judges of election may appoint any suitable person to act as a
 2 special constable during the election. Constables serving at such elections
 3 shall be paid out of the county treasury, not exceeding two dollars per day
 4 for each day's service.

§ 18. Any constable attending such election may call to his aid a sufficient
 2 number of citizens to arrest any disorderly person, or suppress any riot or
 3 disorder during the election. Whoever conducts himself in a riotous or dis-
 4 orderly manner at any election, and persists in such conduct, after being
 5 warned to desist, may be arrested without a warrant.

§ 19. At least thirty days previous to any general election, and at least
 2 twenty days previous to any special election, except in cases otherwise pro-
 3 vided for, the county clerk, in counties not under township organization,
 4 shall make out and deliver to the sheriff of his county, or in counties under
 5 township organization, to the several supervisors of his county, three notices
 6 thereof for each precinct or district in which the election in such county is
 7 to be held. The notice may be substantially as follows:

8 Notice is hereby given, that on (give the date), at (give the place of hold-
 9 ing the election and the name of the precinct or district), in the county of
 10 (name of county), an election will be held for (give the title of the several
 12 offices to be filled), which election will be opened at eight o'clock in the
 13 morning and continue open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of that
 14 day.

15 Dated at, this day of, in the
 16 year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and

17 A. B., County Clerk.

§ 20. The said sheriff or supervisor, to whom the notices are delivered,
 2 shall post up in three of the most public places in each precinct the three
 3 notices therefor, at least fifteen days before the time of holding a general
 4 election, and at least eight days before the time of holding a special
 5 election.

§ 21. The Governor of the State, and two qualified electors by him ap-
 2 pointed, one from each of the two political parties that cast the largest num-
 3 ber of votes in the State at the last preceding general election, shall con-
 4 stitute a State board of election commissioners. Such appointments shall be

5 made at least thirty days prior to each general election, and if, prior to
6 that time, the chairman of the State central committee of either of such
7 parties shall nominate in writing, a member of his own party for such ap-
8 pointment, the Governor of the State shall appoint such nominee. In ca s
9 of death or disability of either appointee, the Governor of the State shall
10 notify the chairman of the State central committee of such appointee's
11 political party, and such chairman may, within three days thereafter, recom-
12 mend a successor, who shall thereupon be appointed: *Provided*, that if such
13 chairman shall fail to make recommendations of appointment within the
14 time specified, the Governor of the State shall make such appointment of
15 his own selection from such political party. It shall be the duty of said
16 board to prepare and distribute ballots and stamps for election of all officers
17 for whom all the electors of the State are entitled to vote, at the expense
18 of the State, in compliance with the provisions of this law. The members
19 of such board shall serve without compensation.

§ 22. In each county in the State, the clerk of the county court and two
2 persons by him appointed, one from each of the two political parties that
3 cast respectively the highest and next highest number of votes in the
4 State at the last preceding general election, shall constitute a county board
5 of election commissioners. Said appointments shall be made in all respects
6 as appointments to the State board of election commissioners are required
7 to be made by the Governor of the State, except that the privilege of nom-
8 ination shall belong to the chairmen of the county central committees of
9 the two parties aforesaid. It shall be the duty of such board to prepare
10 and distribute ballots for election of all officers to be voted for in such
11 county other than those who are to be voted for by all the electors of the
12 State, in compliance with the provisions of this act, and at the expense of
13 the county. The members of such board shall serve without compensation.

§ 23. The said board of election commissioners shall cause to be printed
2 on the respective ballots the names of the candidates nominated by the

3 conventions of any party that cast one per cent. of the total vote of the
4 State at the last preceding general election, as certified to said board by
5 the presiding officer and secretary of such convention, or in case of primary
6 election, by the chairman and secretary of any county or township commit-
7 tee; and also the names of any candidates for any office when petitioned
8 so to do by electors qualified to vote for such candidates, as follows: For
9 a State officer or any officer for whom all the electors of the State are en-
10 titled to vote, five hundred petitioners; for a representative in congress
11 from any congressional district, two hundred petitioners; for a county offi-
12 cer, member of the general assembly, circuit judge or prosecuting attor-
13 ney, twenty-five petitioners; for an officer of a township, ward or other di-
14 vision less than a county, twenty petitioners. The signatures to such peti-
15 tion need not be appended to one paper, but no petitioner shall be counted,
16 except his residence and postoffice address be designated. Such petition
17 shall state the name and residence of each of such candidates; that he is
18 legally qualified to hold such office; that the subscribers desire and are le-
19 gally qualified to vote for such candidates; and may designate a brief
20 name or title of the party or principle which said candidates represent, to-
21 gether with any simple figure or device by which they shall be designated
22 on the ballot. The certificate of nomination by a convention or primary
23 election shall be in writing, and shall contain the name of each person
24 nominated, his residence and the office for which he was nominated, and
25 shall designate a title for the party or principle which such convention or
26 primary election represents, together with any simple figure or device by
27 which its lists of candidates may be designated on the ballots; said certifi-
28 cate shall be signed by the presiding officer and secretary of such conven-
29 tion, or by the chairman and secretary of the county, city or township com-
30 mittee, who shall add to their signatures their respective places of resi-
31 dence, and acknowledge the same before an officer duly authorized to take
32 acknowledgements of deeds. If the certificate of nomination of any State

33 convention shall request that the figure or device selected by such conven-
34 tion be used to designate the candidates of such party on the ballots for
35 all elections throughout the State such figure or device shall be so used
36 until changed by request of a subsequent State convention of the same
37 party. Such device may be the figure of a star, an eagle, a plow, or some
38 such appropriate symbol, but the coat of arms or seal of the State or of
39 the United States, the national flag, or any other emblem common to the
40 people at large shall not be used as such device. A certificate of such ac-
41 knowledgement shall be appended to such instrument. In case of death,
42 resignation or removal of any candidate subsequent to nomination, unless a
43 supplemental certificate or petition of nomination be filed, the chairman of
44 the State, county, city or township committee shall fill such vacancy. In
45 case of a division in any party, and claim by two or more factions to
46 the same party name, or title, or figure, or device, the board of election
47 commissioners shall give the preference of name to the convention held at
48 the time and place designated in the call of the regularly constituted party
49 authorities, and if the other faction shall present no other party name,
50 title or device, the board of election commissioners shall select a name or
51 title, and place the same before the list of candidates of said faction on the
52 ballot, and select some suitable device to designate its candidates. If two
53 or more conventions be called by authorities claimed to be the rightful au-
54 thorities of any party, the proper board of election commissioners shall
55 select some suitable devices to distinguish one faction from the other,
56 and print the ballots accordingly: *Provided, however,* that if any political
57 party entitled to nominate by convention shall in any case fail to do so,
58 the names of all nominees by petition for any office who shall be desig-
59 nated in their petitions as members of and candidates of such party, shall
60 be printed under the device and title of such party on the ballots, as if
61 nominated by convention. Certificates and petitions of nomination of can-
62 didates for offices to be voted for by the electors of the entire State shall

63 be filed with the Governor of the State. Certificates and petitions of nomina-
 64 tion of candidates for offices to be voted for by electors of any district or
 65 division of the State exclusively shall be filed with the clerks of the county
 66 courts of the counties or county included in or including such district or
 67 division.

§ 24. If any certificate or petition of nomination shall contain the name
 2 of more than one candidate for any office to be filled, neither name shall
 3 be printed as a candidate for such office. If any person shall join in nom-
 4 inating by petition more than one nominee for any office to be filled, such
 5 person shall not be counted as a petitioner for either nomination.

§ 25. The Governor of the State and county clerks shall cause to be pre-
 2 served in their respective offices all certificates and petitions of nominations
 3 filed therein under the provisions of this act for six months after the elec-
 4 tion for which such nominations were made.

§ 26. Certificates and petitions of nomination filed with the Governor of
 2 the State, shall be filed not more than sixty days, and not less than twenty
 3 days before the day fixed by the law for the election of the persons in nom-
 4 ination. Certificates and petitions of nomination herein directed to be filed
 5 with the clerk of a county shall be filed not more than sixty and not less
 6 than fifteen days before election.

§ 27. Not less than eighteen days before an election of the State to fill
 2 any public office for which all the electors are entitled to vote, the Gov-
 3 ernor of the State shall certify to the county clerk of each county the
 4 name and place of residence of each person nominated for such office, as
 5 specified in the certificates and petitions of nominations filed with the
 6 Governor of the State, and shall designate therein the device under which
 7 the group or list of candidates of each party will be printed, and the order
 8 in which they will be arranged.

§ 28. At least seven days before an election to fill any public office at
 2 which the electors of any county are entitled to vote, the county clerk of

3 such county shall cause to be published in at least two weekly newspapers
 4 within the county, at the county seat, the nominations to office certified to
 5 him by the Governor of the State, and also those filed with the county
 6 clerk. He shall make three publications in each of such newspapers before
 7 election; one of such publications in each newspaper shall be upon the last
 8 day upon which such newspaper is issued before election. Such publica-
 9 tions shall be made in two newspapers representing the political parties that
 10 at the last preceding general election cast the largest number of votes in
 11 the State, if such papers there be: *Provided*, that in all cities where a
 12 daily paper is printed and published such notice shall also be published
 13 three times in two daily papers representing such political parties, if such
 14 there be. The lists of nominations published by the county clerk shall be
 15 arranged, as far as practicable, in the order and form in which they will be
 16 printed upon the ballots and shall designate the devices under which the
 17 group or list of candidates of each party will be printed.

§ 29. The Governor of the State shall not certify the name of a can-
 2 didate whose certificate of nomination shall have been filed in his office,
 3 who shall have notified him in a writing signed and executed with the for-
 4 malities prescribed for the execution of an instrument to entitle it to re-
 5 cord that he will not accept the nomination contained in the certificate or
 6 petition of nomination. The county clerk shall not include in the publica-
 7 tion to be made according to section twenty-seven hereof, the name of any
 8 candidate whose certificate or petition of nomination shall have been filed
 9 in his office who shall have notified him in like manner that he will not
 10 accept the nomination. The names of such candidates shall not be included
 11 in the names of the candidates to be printed in the ballots as hereinafter
 12 provided.

§ 30. Whenever a proposed constitutional amendment or other question
 2 is to be submitted to the people of the State for popular vote, the Secre-
 3 tary of State shall duly, and not less than thirty days before election, cer-

4 tify the same to the clerk of each county in the State, and the clerk of
 5 each county shall include the same in the publication provided for in sec-
 6 tion twenty-seven in this act.

§ 31. The board of election commissioners shall cause the names of all
 2 candidates of their respective jurisdictions to be printed on one ballot, all
 3 nominations of any party or group of petitioners being placed under the
 4 title and device of such party or petitioners as designated by them in
 5 their certificate or petition, or, if none be designated, under some suitable
 6 title and device. The ballots shall be of uniform size and of the same
 7 quality and color of paper, and sufficiently thick that the printing can not
 8 be distinguished from the back. All ballots prepared by the State Board
 9 of Election Commissioners shall be printed on red tinted paper and put up
 10 in blocks of one hundred each. All ballots prepared by the county boards
 11 of election commissioners shall be printed on white paper and put up in
 12 blocks of one hundred each. If the same device for designating candidates
 13 be selected by two parties or groups of petitioners, it shall be given to the
 14 one which first selected it, and a suitable device shall be selected for the
 15 other. The arrangement of the ballots shall, in general, conform as nearly
 16 as possible to the plan hereinafter given, and the device named and list of
 17 candidates of the democratic party shall be placed in the first column on
 18 the left-hand side of said ballot, of the republican party in the second col-
 19 umn, of the prohibition party in the third column, and of any other party
 20 in such order as the board of election commissioners shall decide.

21		Device.		Device.		Device.
22	Dem.	Democratic	Rep.	Republican	Prohib.	Prohibition
23		Ticket.		Ticket.		Ticket.
24		For		For		For
25	Dem.	Governor,	Rep.	Governor,	Prohib.	Governor,
26		Carter		Richard J.		Joseph D.
27		Harrison.		Oglesby.		Hughes.
28		For Lieut.		For Lieut.		For Lieut.
29	Dem.	Governor,	Rep.	Governor,	Prohib.	Governor,
30		William R.		Ira J.		Robert
31		Myers.		Chase.		Gale.

§ 32. In case of the death, removal or resignation of any candidate after
 2 the printing of such ballots and before such election, it shall be lawful for
 3 the chairman of the State, district or county political organization of which
 4 such candidate was a member to make a nomination to fill such vacancy,
 5 and to provide the election board of each precinct in which such candidate
 6 is to be voted for with a number of pasters containing only the name of
 7 such candidate at least equal to the number of ballots provided each pre-
 8 cinct, but no pasters shall be given to or received by any one except such
 9 election board and such chairman, and it shall be the duty of the polling
 10 clerks to put one of such pasters, in a careful and proper manner and in
 11 the proper place, on each ticket before they shall sign their initials
 12 thereon.

§ 33. If the printer of such ballots, or any person employed in printing
 2 the same, shall give or deliver, or knowingly permit to be taken, any of
 3 said ballots by any person other than a member of the board of election
 4 commissioners, for which such ballots are being printed, or shall print or
 5 cause or permit to be printed any ballot in any other form than the one
 6 prescribed by this act, or with any other names thereon, or with the names
 7 spelled or with the names or devices thereon arranged in any other way
 8 than that authorized and directed by the said board of election commis-
 9 sioners, he shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction thereof shall be im-
 10 prisoned in the State penitentiary not less than three nor more than ten
 11 years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 34. It shall be the duty of each county clerk to appear in person, or
 2 by specially authorized deputy bearing credentials given under the seal of
 3 the county court, at the office of the Governor of the State not more than
 4 fourteen nor less than ten days prior to each general election, and the State
 5 board of election commissioners shall thereupon deliver to said clerk ten
 6 ballots for every five voters and fraction thereof in each precinct of his
 7 county at the last presidential election, or if a new precinct has been estab-

lished in such county, ten ballots for every five voters of the estimated vote as reported by the county boards: *Provided, however,* that if it shall be made to appear by the affidavit of such clerk that any precinct has so increased in population as to have fifty per cent. more voters than at the last presidential election, or at the time of estimate by the county boards, the State board of election commissioners shall deliver to him two ballots for every voter so declared by him, under oath, to be resident in said precinct. The ballots shall, in the presence of the clerk, be wrapped and tied in packages, plainly marked, one for each precinct, and securely sealed with wax, and the clerk shall give his receipt for the same. And for the safe sealing of such ballots such board shall provide itself with a seal of such design as it may deem proper. The same design shall not be used for any two consecutive elections. The State board of election commissioners shall also provide and inclose in each of said sealed packages three stamps bearing a cross (x) or such other device as they may select, together with ink-pads or other necessary apparatus ready for use. The State board of election commissioners shall, from time to time, certify to the Auditor of State the necessary expenses of the preparation and distribution of the State ballots and stamps, and the Auditor shall audit and issue his warrants for the same, which shall be paid out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

§ 35. An allowance shall be made to the clerk by the county board of five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the office of the Governor of the State, but in case said clerk of any county shall fail to appear at the office of the Governor of the State by the close of the tenth day prior to election, the State board of election commissioners shall forthwith dispatch a special messenger to such county with the ballots for the county, which messenger, before receiving such ballots, shall take and subscribe to an oath, to be administered to him by the Secretary of State, which oath shall be filed with the said board of election commissioners, and shall be in the words following:

11 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
 12 County of } ss.

13 I., swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will
 14 take charge of the election ballots delivered to me by the State board of
 15 election commissioners for the county of, and will safely deliver said
 16 ballots in sealed packages, and in the same condition as received by me, to
 17 the clerk of said county at the earliest time that I can reach the county
 18 seat of said county. So help me God.

19
 20 Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of...., 18..

21
 22 And in such case said messenger shall be allowed three dollars per day

23 for the time necessarily employed, and three cents per mile for the distance
 24 necessarily traveled by him, which allowance shall be certified to the treas-
 25 urer of such county, and deducted from the first moneys thereafter accru-
 26 ing to such clerk payable by the treasurer. The amount so deducted shall
 27 be remitted by the county treasurer to the Treasurer of State.

§ 36. If any member of the board of election commissioners shall give or
 2 deliver to any other person any of said ballots, or shall permit any of them
 3 to be taken away, except as herein provided, he or they shall be guilty of
 4 a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State
 5 penitentiary for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
 6 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 37. If any person shall take or remove in any manner, feloniously or
 2 with the consent or permission of the custodian for the time, from any
 3 place where they may lawfully be under this act, any of such ballots or
 4 stamps, or be found in custody or possession of such ballots or stamps (ex-
 5 cept as an official or custodian under this act, or while within the polling
 6 place for the purpose of voting); or if any such custodian or official shall
 7 consent to, or permit, any of such ballots or stamps to be removed or car-

8 ried away from the place where they may lawfully be by any person, ex-
9 cept an official or custodian under this act whose duty it is to receive the
10 same, such person, custodian or official shall be deemed guilty of a felony,
11 and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary
12 at hard labor for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
13 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 38. It shall be the duty of each chairman of boards of election com-
2 missioners, or in case he cannot attend, some other member of the election
3 board authorized in writing by the chairman, to appear at the office of the
4 clerk of the county court of his county not more than three nor less than
5 two days before each election, and the county board of election commis-
6 sioners shall deliver to him the sealed package of ballots and the stamps
7 provided for his precinct by the State board of election commissioners, and
8 also ten of the local ballots printed under the direction of the county
9 board of election commissioners for each five or fraction thereof of the
10 number of votes cast at such precinct at the last presidential election; or
11 if a new precinct for each five or fraction of five voters, as estimated by
12 the county boards: *Provided, however,* that in case it be made to appear by
13 affidavit of such chairman that the number of voters in his precinct has
14 increased more than fifty per cent. since the last presidential election or es-
15 timate by the county boards, there shall be delivered to him two ballots
16 for each voter so declared under oath by him to reside in the precinct.
17 The local ballots shall be wrapped and tied in packages and securely sealed
18 with wax in the presence of said chairman or his representative, who shall
19 receipt for the same; and for the safe sealing of such ballots the county
20 board of election commissioners shall provide themselves with a seal of
21 such design as they may deem proper, but the same design shall not be
22 used at any two consecutive elections, and said packages shall not be
23 opened until delivered to the election board of the respective voting pre-
24 cincts to which they are directed, and said boards shall be fully organized

25 and ready for the reception of votes, as in this act provided.

§ 39. At the opening of the polls, after the organization of, and in the
 2 presence of the election board, the chairman shall open the packages of
 3 ballots in such a manner as to preserve the seals intact. He shall then de-
 4 liver to the poll clerk of the opposite political party from his own, twenty-
 5 five each of the State and local ballots, and to the other poll clerk the
 6 stamps for marking the ballots. The poll clerks shall at once proceed to
 7 write their initials, in ink, on the lower left-hand corner of the back of
 8 each of said ballots, in their ordinary handwriting, and without any dis-
 9 tinguishing mark of any kind. As each successive elector calls for a ballot
 10 the poll clerks shall deliver to him the first signed of the twenty-five bal-
 11 lots of each kind; and the chairman shall immediately deliver to the poll
 12 clerks another ballot of each kind, which the poll clerk shall at once coun-
 13 tersign, as before, and add to the ballots already countersigned, so that
 14 it shall be delivered for voting after all of those theretofore countersigned.

§ 40. The county board of election commissioners of each county shall
 2 cause to be printed in large type on cards eighteen inches by twenty-four
 3 inches in size, in English and such other language as they deem necessary,
 4 instructions for the guidance of electors in preparing their ballots, and upon
 5 which shall be printed samples of the several tickets to be voted, in large
 6 type. They shall furnish twelve of such cards in each of the languages de-
 7 termined upon by them to each of the precinct chairman at the same time
 8 they deliver to him the ballots for his precinct. Each chairman shall cause
 9 to be posted one of each of said cards in each place or compartment pro-
 10 vided for the preparation of ballots, and one of each kind of such cards at
 11 or near to the outer end of the chute leading to the polling place, and not
 12 nearer than fifty feet of the polling place, and not less than three of each
 13 of such cards. Said cards shall contain full instructions to the voters as
 14 to what must be done:

15 First—To obtain ballots for voting.

16 Second—To prepare the ballots for voting.

17 Third—To obtain a new ballot in place of one accidentally defaced, multi-
 18 lated or spoiled; also copies of sections forty-seven, fifty-four, sixty-one,
 19 sixty-two, sixty-five and sixty-six of this act.

§ 41. In case any precinct chairman or his representative shall fail to ap-
 2 pear at the office of the county clerk by the close of the second day prior to
 3 any election, the county board of election commissioners shall forthwith
 4 dispatch a special messenger to his precinct with the ballots and stamps for
 5 such precinct. Such messenger shall be allowed two dollars for his time
 6 and five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled by him, and
 7 shall promptly report to such clerk and file with him the receipt of the
 8 person to whom he delivered such ballots and stamp, and his affidavit stat-
 9 ing when and to whom he delivered such ballots and stamps and such
 10 chairman shall receive no compensation for his services at such election.

§ 42. Any chairman who shall wilfully or negligently fail to appear at
 2 the clerk's office, in person or by representative as herein provided, shall be
 3 guilty of misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than ten
 4 dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and shall thereafter be incom-
 5 petent to serve as chairman.

§ 43. If by any accident or casualty the ballots delivered to any clerk,
 2 chairman or other messenger shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be the duty
 3 of such person in custody to report the loss at once to the board of elec-
 4 tion commissioners, from which the same were obtained, and make affidavit
 5 of the circumstances of the loss, whereupon such board shall at once re-
 6 supply such person. In case such person in custody fails or refuses to
 7 report and make proof of the loss, any qualified elector may do so, and
 8 thereupon such board shall at once send a new supply by special messenger
 9 as provided in other cases. In case, for any reason, there should be found
 10 no ballots or other necessary means or contrivances for voting at the open-
 11 ing of the polls, it shall be the duty of the election board to secure the

12 same as speedily as possible, and, if necessary, such board may have ballots
 13 printed: *Provided, however,* that such ballots shall conform as nearly as
 14 possible to the genuine ballots, and the printing and the care of the same
 15 shall be under the same provisions and penalties as the printing and care
 16 of the other ballots prescribed in this act.

§ 44. The various boards of election commissioners shall preserve the
 2 ballots that are left over in their hands after supplying the precincts as
 3 herinbefore provided, until six o'clock P. M. of the day of election, and shall
 4 then count and destroy, by totally consuming by fire, all of such ballots
 5 but one, which shall be securely pasted in the election record immediately
 6 preceding the place where the vote is to be recorded. They shall also cause
 7 to be entered below such ballot the number of ballots printed by them,
 8 the number delivered to each messenger and the number destroyed by
 9 them.

§ 45. It shall be the duty of the county boards in each county, before
 2 each election, to provide for and secure in each precinct of the county a
 3 suitable room in which to hold the election, and to have placed therein a
 4 railing separating the part of the room to be occupied by the election board
 5 from the remainder of the room, and also three booths or compartments in
 6 which electors shall mark their ballots, screened from observation, each con-
 7 taining a counter or shelf. Booths shall be so constructed and arranged
 8 that all the members of the election board can see whether more than one
 9 voter enters any one of such booths at one time. The portion of the room
 10 set apart for the election board shall include a window at which the voter
 11 shall appear for challenge, and such voter shall immediately announce his
 12 full and true name to the challengers. The county boards shall also provide
 13 for each precinct a chute or passage with a railing, rope or wire on each
 14 side, commencing fifty feet away from, and leading to such polling place,
 15 passing such window for challenge, and thence to the entrance of the
 16 room in which the election is held. The expenses of such preparation shall

17 be defrayed as other county expenses by the county. No election shall
 18 be held in a room in which spirituous, vinous or malt liquors are kept or
 19 sold.

§ 46. One challenger and one poll book holder, appointed and designated
 2 by each party organization, shall be entitled to stand at the sides of the
 3 chute near the entrance window. No other person shall re-
 4 main within fifty feet of the same, except for the purpose of offering his
 5 vote; and voters shall approach and enter the chute in the order in which
 6 they appear for the purpose of voting. If any person offering to vote shall
 7 be challenged by one of such challengers or by any member of the election
 8 board he shall stand aside and shall not be entitled to vote unless he
 9 makes affidavit in writing that he is a qualified and legal voter of the pre-
 10 cinct, and in such affidavit sets forth his name, residence, occupation, place
 11 or places of residence during the six months prior to the election, with the
 12 date of any removal within that time, and the names of two persons who
 13 have personal knowledge of his residence in the precinct thirty days and
 14 in the county ninety days. He shall then be allowed to vote, unless the
 15 challenger or some qualified voter of the precinct make affidavit in writing
 16 that he knows or is informed and verily believes that the person offering
 17 to vote is not a legal voter in the precinct; and if the affidavit be on in-
 18 formation and belief, he shall set forth the names of the person or persons
 19 from whom such information was obtained, and the person offering to vote
 20 shall not thereafter be allowed to vote, except one qualified voter of the
 21 precinct, who has been a resident householder in the precinct for at least
 22 one year next preceding such election, shall make affidavit or affirmation in
 23 writing that of his personal knowledge such person offering to vote is a
 24 legal voter at the precinct: *Provided*, that if such person so offering to vote
 25 be challenged solely or for the additional reason that he is not a citizen of
 26 the United States, then such person so challenged for such reason shall
 27 take and subscribe the following oath:

28 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I have resided
 29 in the United States one year, and have declared my intention of becom-
 30 ing a citizen thereof in conformity with the laws thereof.

31 The other affidavits herein referred to shall be in the following form:

32 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am a citizen of
 33 the United States; that I am now over the age of twenty-one years, to the
 34 best of my information and belief; and that I have been a bona fide resi-
 35 dent of this State for one year immediately preceding this election; that I
 36 have resided in the county ninety days, and in the precinct thirty days,
 37 and that I am now a bona fide resident of this precinct; that I am gener-
 38 ally known by the name in which I now desire to vote, which is;
 39 that I have not voted and will not vote in any other precinct in this elec-
 40 tion; that my occupation is; that my present residence is
 41 (if in the city or town give the street or number), and that during the
 42 last six months prior to this election I have resided at, I have
 43 removed from to on the following date, and
 44 that and have personal knowledge of my residence
 45 in the precinct thirty days and in the county ninety days.

46 I swear that I am informed and believe that, now offering to
 47 vote, is not a legal voter in this precinct, and that I obtained such infor-
 48 mation from and

49 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am a qualified
 50 voter in this precinct; that I have been a resident householder in this pre-
 51 cinct for one year, next preceding this election; that, who now
 52 desires to vote, has resided in this State for one year immediately preced-
 53 ing this election; that he has resided in this county ninety days, and in
 54 this precinct thirty days, at; that he is now a bona fide resi-
 55 dent of this precinct and a legal voter therein. These facts I know of my
 56 own personal knowledge.

§ 47. If at any time during the election any qualified elector shall make

2 affidavit before the chairman of the precinct election board that any per-
 3 son who has voted is an illegal voter in such precinct, the person accused
 4 shall at once be arrested by the election sheriffs and by them delivered to
 5 the civil authorities. Immediately after the close of the election the chair-
 6 man shall deliver such affidavit to some justice of the peace in the town-
 7 ship, who shall proceed thereon as if the affidavit had been made before
 8 him.

§ 48. Whoever shall knowingly or wilfully make a false affidavit, under
 2 any of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

§ 49. No person entitled to vote at any general, national, State or county
 2 election, shall be employed on the day on which such election shall be held,
 3 in any manufacturing, mining, mechanical or mercantile establishment or
 4 any railroad corporation in this State during the period of four hours after
 5 the opening of any election in the county in which such person is entitled
 6 to vote, except as to works of necessity, in which works of necessity every
 7 employe shall be given some period of four hours between the opening and
 8 closing of the polls on said day; and any circuit or county court may en-
 9 force the provisions of this section in term time or in vacation by mandate
 10 or otherwise, upon the application of any voter. Every officer of any cor-
 11 poration, owner, superintendent, overseer or foreman, who employs or per-
 12 mits to be employed any person in violation of this section, shall be guilty
 13 of a misdemeanor, and fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred
 14 dollars.

§ 50. When a voter shall have been passed by the challengers, or shall
 2 have been sworn in, he shall be admitted to the election room: *Provided*,
 3 *however*, that not more than three voters shall be allowed in the room at
 4 one time. On entering the room the voter shall announce his name to the
 5 poll clerks, who shall check the same off of the registered list. The clerk
 6 holding the ballots shall deliver to him one State and one local ballot, and
 7 the other clerk shall thereupon deliver to him a stamp, and both poll clerks,

8 on request, shall give explanation of the manner of voting; if deemed
 9 necessary, by unanimous consent of the board, an interpreter may be
 10 called. The voter shall then, and without leaving the room, go alone into
 11 any of the booths which may be unoccupied and indicate the candidate for
 12 whom he desires to vote by stamping the square immediately preceding
 13 their names, and indicate his preference on any question of constitutional
 14 amendments or other special matter by stamping in front of the words
 15 "yes" or "no" under such questions: *Provided, however,* that if he shall de-
 16 sire to vote for all candidates of one party or group of petitioners, and none
 17 other, he may place the stamp on the square preceding the title under which
 18 the candidates of such party or group of petitioners are printed, and the
 19 vote shall then be counted for all the candidates under that title, unless
 20 the name of one or more candidates under another title shall also be
 21 stamped, in which case the names of the candidates so stamped shall be
 22 counted. In voting for representatives to the General Assembly, if the
 23 voter intends to give more than one vote to any candidate, he shall express his
 24 intention on the face of the ballot, in words or figures, which may be done
 25 in either of the following forms: A B, C D, E F, which shall be held to
 26 mean one vote for each candidate named; or A B $1\frac{1}{2}$ votes, C D $1\frac{1}{2}$ votes;
 27 or A B 2 votes, C D 1 vote; or A B 3 votes. Before leaving the booth or
 28 compartment, the voter shall fold his ballots separately, so that no part of
 29 the faces thereof shall be exposed, and so that the initials of the poll
 30 clerks shall be exposed, and on leaving the booth or compartment shall re-
 31 turn the stamp to the poll clerk and deliver the ballots to the chairman,
 32 or to the judge who may temporarily be authorized to act for him, who
 33 shall forthwith, in the presence of the voter and of the election board, de-
 34 posit the same in the respective ballot boxes, the State ballot in the red
 35 ballot box and the local ballot in the white ballot box; and the ballot clerks
 36 shall write the word "voted" after the name of the voter on the poll lists:
 37 *Provided, however,* that if any elector shall show his ballot, or any part

38 thereof, to any other person, after the same shall have been marked, so as
 39 to disclose any of the candidates voted for, such ballot shall not be de-
 40 posited in the ballot box. A minute of such occurrence shall be made on
 41 the poll list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote thereafter. The
 42 voter shall then leave the room, but no voter to whom a ballot and stamp,
 43 or either, have been delivered shall be permitted to leave the room without
 44 voting the ballots or returning them to the poll clerk, or without returning
 45 the stamp to the poll clerk from whom he received it. Any voter who
 46 shall attempt to leave the room with a ballot or stamp in his pos-
 47 session shall be at once arrested on demand of any member of the election
 48 board.

§ 51. Not more than one person shall be permitted to occupy any booth
 2 at one time; and no person shall remain in or occupy a booth longer than
 3 may be necessary to prepare his ballot, and in no event longer than five
 4 minutes. Not more than three persons other than the election officers shall
 5 be permitted to enter or be in the election room at any one time, and no
 6 voter, or person offering to vote, shall hold any conversation or communica-
 7 tion with any other person than a member of the election board while in
 8 the election room.

§ 52. Any person who shall, by accident or mistake, spoil, deface or muti-
 2 late his ballot, may, on returning the same to the poll clerks and satisfying
 3 them that such spoiling, defacing or mutilation was not intentional, receive
 4 another in place thereof, and such clerks shall make a minute of the fact
 5 on the poll lists at the time, and the mutilated ballot shall then be de-
 6 stroyed by the elector in the presence of the board.

§ 53. Any elector who declares that by reason of physical disability or
 2 inability to read the English language, he is unable to mark his ballot,
 3 may declare his choice of candidates to the poll clerks, who, in the pres-
 4 ence of the elector and in the presence of each other, shall prepare the bal-
 5 lots for voting in the manner hereinbefore provided, and on request shall
 6 read over to such elector the names of the candidates as marked. Any one

7 making a false declaration under the provisions of this section shall, upon
 8 conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five dollars and be dis-
 9 franchised for a period of five years, and any poll clerk or poll clerks who
 10 shall deceive any elector in selecting or marking any ballot, or mark the
 11 same in any other way than as requested by said elector, shall be guilty of
 12 felony, and on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not
 13 less than two nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any de-
 14 terminate period not less than five years.

§ 54. No precinct chairman, or judge, acting as chairman, shall deposit
 2 any ballot upon which the initials of the poll clerks, as hereinbefore pro-
 3 vided for, do not appear, or any ballot on which appears externally any
 4 distinguishing mark, defacement or mutilation.

§ 55. Any person who shall remove or attempt to remove a ballot or
 2 stamp from the election room, or having in his possession outside the elec-
 3 tion room any ballot or stamp, either genuine or counterfeit, during the
 4 election, shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction, shall be imprisoned in
 5 the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years, and be dis-
 6 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 56. Immediately on closing the polls, the board shall count all the bal-
 2 lots remaining unvoted, record the number of the same on the tally sheets,
 3 and destroy all of such ballots by totally consuming by fire.

§ 57. The board shall then proceed to canvass the votes, beginning first
 2 with the State ballots and completing them before proceeding with the
 3 local ballots, by laying each ballot upon the table, placing all the
 4 "scratched" and "straight" tickets in separate piles (to facilitate counting)
 5 in the order in which it is taken from the ballot-box, and the chairman and
 6 the judge of election, differing in politics from the chairman, shall view the
 7 ballots as the names of the person voted for are read therefrom. In the
 8 canvass of the votes any ballot which is not endorsed with the initials of
 9 the poll clerks, as provided in this act, and any ballot which shall bear any

10 distinguishing mark or mutilation shall be void and shall not be counted,
11 and any bulot or part of a ballot from which it is impossible to determine
12 the elector's choice of candidates, shall not be counted as to the candidate
13 or candidates affected thereby.

§ 58. All the ballots counted by the judges of election shall, after being
2 read, be strung upon a strong thread or twine, in the order in which they
3 have been read, and shall then be carefully enveloped and sealed up by the
4 judges, who shall direct the same to the officer to whom by law they are
5 required to return the poll books, and shall be delivered, together with
6 the poll books, to such officer, who shall carefully preserve said ballots
7 for sixty days and at the expiration of that time shall destroy them by
8 burning, without the package being previously opened: *Provided*, if any
9 contest of election shall be pending at such time in which such ballots may
10 be required as evidence, the same shall not be destroyed till such contest
11 is finally determined.

§ 59. In all cases of contested elections, the parties contesting the same
2 shall have the right to have the said package of ballots opened, and said
3 ballots referred to by witnesses, for the purpose of such contest. But said
4 ballots shall only be so examined and referred to in the presence of the of-
5 ficer having the custody thereof.

§ 60. Any person who shall (1) falsely make or fraudulently deface or
2 fraudulently destroy any certificate or petition of nomination, or any part
3 thereof; (2) file any certificate or petition of nomination, knowing the same
4 or any part thereof, to be falsely made; or (3) suppress any petition or cer-
5 tificate of nomination which has been duly filed, or any part thereof; or (4)
6 forge or falsely make the official endorsement of any ballot; or (5) print, or
7 cause to be printed, any imitation ballot or circulate the same; or (6) con-
8 spire with others to do any of said acts, or induce, or attempt to induce,
9 any other person to do any of said acts, whether or not said acts, or any
10 of them, be committed, or attempted to be committed, shall be deemed

11 guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by im-
12 prisonment in the State penitentiary not less than two nor more than five
13 years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
14 years.

§ 61. Any clerk, judge or other messenger entrusted with the custody of
2 ballots, who shall open any of the packages in which the ballots are con-
3 tained, or permit any of them to be opened, or destroy any of such ballots,
4 or permit them to be destroyed; or give or deliver any such packages or
5 ballots to any person not lawfully entitled to receive them, as herein pro-
6 vided; or conspire to procure, or in any way aid, abet or connive at rob-
7 bery, loss or destruction of any such ballots or packages, shall be guilty of
8 a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State
9 prison for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be disfranchised
10 for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 62. If any person not herein authorized so to do shall enter or attempt
2 to enter the election room, or enter or attempt to enter within the railing
3 leading from the challenge window to the entrance of the election room
4 without first having been passed by the challengers, or having been sworn
5 in, as hereinbefore provided, or shall remain within fifty feet of the polling
6 place, contrary to the provisions hereinbefore made, he shall be guilty of a
7 misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be fined not more than five hun-
8 dred dollars.

§ 63. If any person shall induce, or attempt to induce, any elector to
2 write, paste, or otherwise place on his ballot the name of any person or any
3 sign or device of any kind as a distinguishing mark by which to indicate
4 to any other person how such elector has voted, or shall enter into or at-
5 tempt to form any agreement or conspiracy with any other person to in-
6 duce or attempt to induce electors, or any elector, to so place any distin-
7 guishing name or mark on his ballot, whether or not said act be committed
8 or attempted to be committed, such person so offending shall be guilty of

9 felony, and, on conviction, be imprisoned not more than five nor less than
10 two years in the State's prison.

§ 64. If any person, being a member of an election board or otherwise
2 entitled to the inspection of the ballots, shall reveal to and other person
3 how any elector has voted, or what other candidates were voted for on any
4 ballot bearing a name not printed thereon by the board of election commis-
5 sioners, or give any information concerning the appearance of any ballot
6 voted, such persons so offending shall be guilty of a felony, and, on con-
7 viction, shall be imprisoned not less than two years nor more than five
8 years in the State's prison, and be disfranchised for any determinate period
9 not less than ten years.

§ 65. If any person shall induce or attempt to induce any member of an
2 election board to violate any of the provisions of section sixty-three, whether
3 or not such member of the election board shall violate or attempt to violate
4 any of the provisions of this act, such person so offending shall be guilty
5 of a felony, and, on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the State's prison
6 not less than two years nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for
7 any determinate period not less than ten years. It shall be the duty of
8 each chairman to distinctly read this and the preceding section to the
9 election board at the opening of the polls, and each member thereof shall
10 thereupon take an oath that he has not violated and will not violate the
11 provisions of said section.

§ 66. Any person who shall, during the election, remove or destroy any
of the supplies or other conveniences placed in the booths as aforesaid or
3 deliver to the voter for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his
4 ballot, or shall, during an election, remove, tear down or deface the cards
5 printed for the instruction of the voters, or shall, during an election, de-
6 stroy or remove any booth, railing or other convenience provided for such
7 election, or shall induce or attempt to induce any person to commit any of
8 such acts, whether or not any of such acts are committed or attempted to

9 be committed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be
10 punished by imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one
11 year and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
12 years.

§ 67. No officer of election shall disclose to any person the name of any
2 candidate for whom any elector has voted. No officer of election shall do
3 any electioneering on election day. No person whatever shall do any
4 electioneering on election day within any polling place, or within fifty feet
5 of any polling place. No person shall apply or receive any ballot in any
6 polling place other than that in which he is entitled to vote. No person
7 shall show his ballot after it is marked to any person in such a way as to
8 reveal the contents thereof or the name of any candidate or candidates for
9 whom he has marked his vote; nor shall any person examine a ballot
10 which any elector has prepared for voting or solicit the elector to show the
11 same. No person, except the chairman of election, or judge who may be
12 temporarily acting for him, shall receive from any voter a ballot prepared
13 by him for voting. No voter shall receive a ballot from any person other
14 than one of the poll clerks; nor shall any person other than a poll clerk
15 deliver a ballot to an elector to be voted. No voter shall deliver any ballot
16 to a judge to be voted, except the one he receives from the poll clerk. No
17 voter shall place any mark upon his ballot, or suffer or permit any other
18 person to do so, by which it may be afterward identified as the one voted
19 by him. Whoever shall violate any provisions of this section shall be
20 deemed guilty of a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by impris-
21 onment for not less than six months nor more than one year, and by fine
22 of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars,
23 and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 68. Any public officer, upon whom any duty is imposed by this act,
2 who shall wilfully neglect or omit to perform such duties, or do any act
3 prohibited herein, for which punishment is not otherwise herein provided,

4 shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction, shall be punished
5 by imprisonment in the State's prison for not less than six months nor
6 more than three years, or by a fine of not more than three thousand dol-
7 lars, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and be disfranchised for
8 any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 69. Whenever any constitutional amendment or other question is re-
2 quired by law to be submitted to popular vote, if all the electors of the
3 State are entitled to vote on such question, the State board of election
4 commissioners shall cause a brief statement of the same to be printed on
5 the State ballots, and the words "yes" or "no" under the same, so that the
6 elector may indicate his preference by stamping at the place designated in
7 front of either word. If the question is required by law to be voted on by
8 the electors of any district or division of the State, the board or boards of
9 election commissioners of the county or counties, including or included in
10 such division or district, shall cause similar provision to be made on the
11 local ballots. In case any elector shall not indicate his preference by stamp-
12 ing in front of either word, the ballot as to such question shall be void
13 and shall not be counted.

§ 70. All affidavits provided in this act to be used on the day of election
2 at the several polling places shall, at the close of the count, be placed in a
3 strong paper bag, or envelope, by the election board and securely sealed by
4 them, each member endorsing his name on the back of such bag or envelope.
5 Such bag or envelope shall be delivered within three days after the elec-
6 tion, by the chairman, to the clerk of the county court of the county,
7 whose duty it shall be to carefully preserve the same, and deliver it, with
8 the seal unbroken, to the foreman of the grand jury when next in session.
9 It shall be the duty of such grand jury to inquire into the truth or falsity
10 of such affidavits.

§ 71. When any township or county holds an election at a time other
2 than the time of a general election, such election shall be held in conform-

3 ity with the provisions of this act, and all county and local officers who are
4 required to perform any duties in connection with the general election shall
5 perform the same duties in connection with such special or local election,
6 subject to the same provisions and penalties herein prescribed in case of
7 general elections.

§ 72. When any town or city shall hold an election at any time other
2 than a time of a general election, such election shall be held in conformity
3 with the provisions of this act, except the duties herein required of the
4 county clerk shall be performed by the town or city clerk, the duties herein
5 required of the board of county commissioners shall be performed by the
6 town trustees or city council, the duties of the county sheriff shall be per-
7 formed by the town marshal or chief of police, and the rights of nomina-
8 tion of election officers by political parties shall be exercised by the chair-
9 man of the town or city committees of such parties, if any such there be.
10 Town and city officers are hereby required to perform the various duties
11 herein prescribed for the county officers in whose stead they act, subject to
12 the same penalties and provisions herein prescribed as to such county offi-
13 cers.

§ 73. All laws or parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act
2 are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Merritt, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act concerning the education of children.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That every person having under his control any child between the ages of seven years and fourteen years shall cause such child to attend for at least sixteen weeks in each and every year some public or private day school: *Provided, however,* that this act shall not apply to any child that has otherwise been instructed for a like period of time in the branches commonly taught in the public schools, or that such child has already acquired the branches of learning commonly taught in the public schools or whose mental or physical condition, as declared by some competent physician is such as to render his or her attendance at school inexpedient, impracticable or unnecessary. Every person who shall violate the provisions of this section of this act shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than three dollars nor more than twenty dollars for each and every offense.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the board of education of every city and district having such boards to appoint, and the boards of directors in every other district may appoint, one or more persons who shall be designated as truant officers, whose duty it shall be to carefully and discreetly to make inquiries into and concerning all supposed violations of this act, and to enter complaint in writing before some court of competent jurisdiction against all persons who shall appear upon such inquiry to be guilty. It shall also be

8 the duty of such officer, acting discreetly, to apprehend, upon view, all chil-
9 dren of school-going age under this act who habitually frequent and loiter
10 about public places and have no lawful occupation, and place such children,
11 when so apprehended, in charge of the teacher of the public school which
12 such children are by law entitled to attend, or in such private school as the
13 parent or other person having the control of such child may designate; and
14 it shall be the duty of such teacher to assign all such children to classes
15 and to instruct them in such studies as they are found upon examination to
16 be fitted to pursue; it shall also be the duty of such officers to apprehend
17 all truant children who habitually absent themselves from school without
18 permission and to return them to the public school which they are by law
19 entitled to attend, or to such private school as the person having control of
20 such children may designate; and it shall be the duty of such officers to re-
21 port all such apprehensions in writing to the clerk of the board of educa-
22 tion or board of school directors, as the case may be, without unreasonable
23 delay.

24 The persons appointed as such truant officers shall be entitled to such
25 compensation for services under this act as shall be determined by the boards
26 appointing them, and which compensation shall be paid out of the district
27 school fund. In every school district where no truant officer has been ap-
28 pointed, it is hereby made the duty of the board of directors of such dis-
29 trict to prosecute all offenses occurring under this act, and for the neglect
30 so to prosecute within ten days after written notice has been served on each
31 member of such board, shall subject each of them, or such of them as have
32 been served with a notice to a fine of not less than three dollars nor more
33 than five dollars, to be sued for by any tax-paying citizen residing within
34 the school district where the violation of this act occurred.

§ 3. Every child who shall have attended school for the period required
2 by this act in each year shall be entitled to have, upon request, a certificate
3 stating the fact, under the hand of the teacher whose school he or she shall

4 have attended, and which certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts
5 therein stated.

§ 4. Every person having control of a child under this act, who, with in-
2 tent to evade its provisions, shall make a willful, false statement concern-
3 ing the age of or the time such child has attended school or concerning such
4 instruction at home, shall for such offense be fined in any sum not less than
5 three dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

§ 5. The fines provided for by this act shall, when collected, be paid over
2 by the officers collecting the same to the proper school treasury of the city
3 or township in which the person convicted resides, to be applied and ac-
4 counted for by such treasurers the same as are other moneys raised for
5 school purposes, and shall be placed by him to the credit of the city or dis-
6 trict in which the person resided at the time of conviction.

§ 6. All prosecutions under this act shall be commenced and carried on
2 by the authorities of such board in the name of the People of the State of
3 Illinois.

§ 7. An act entitled "An act concerning the education of children," ap-
2 proved May 24, 1889, in force July 1, 1889, be and the same is hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Merritt, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read first by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to provide for the punishment of persons who shall wilfully and falsely sell, give or make for publication libelous statements to the publishers, proprietors, editors, reporters or employes of any newspaper in this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That any person or persons who shall wilfully and falsely sell, give or make any statement to any proprietor, publisher, editor, reporter or other employe of any newspaper published in this State for publication, purporting to be a statement of fact, which statement if published or printed would be a libel, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined, upon conviction, in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) or confined in the county jail for a term not exceeding one (1) year, or both.

1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to provide for compiling, illustrating, electrotyping, printing, binding, copyrighting and distributing a State series of school text books, and appropriating money therefor.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the
3 Regent of the University of Illinois, the President of the Normal Univer-
4 sity at Normal, the President of the Southern Normal University at Car-
5 bondale, and the Secretary of State shall be, and are hereby
6 declared to be a State text book board, of which the Superintendent
7 of Public Instruction shall be chairman. They shall meet on the
8 second Monday of July, A. D. 1891, and thereafter they shall hold stated
9 meetings at such time and place as they may determine. At any time the
10 chairman or any two members may call a special meeting of the board.
11 Three members shall constitute a quorum, and may do and perform all the
12 duties required to be done and performed by them by this act of the Gen-
13 eral Assembly. They shall transact all business at stated or special meetings,
14 and shall cause to be kept a record of its proceedings.

§ 2. The State text book board shall, within the period of one year from
2 the time of its first meeting, compile or cause to be compiled, for use in the
3 public schools of the State, a series of school text books of the following

4 description, viz.: Reading, four books; speller, one book; arithmetic, two
 5 books; grammar, two books; geography, two books; history of the United
 6 States, one book; physiology and hygiene, including a system of gymnastic
 7 exercises and special instructions as to the nature of alcoholic drinks and nar-
 8 cotics, and their effect upon the human system, one book; together with designs
 9 for all cuts and engravings to be used in said series of text books, and
 10 shall secure copyrights to all the books that shall be compiled under
 11 the provisions of this act and shall protect said copyrights from all in-
 12 fringements.

§ 3. The State text book board may employ well qualified persons to com-
 2 pile the books mentioned in section two of this act, and shall fix the re-
 3 muneratation for the services rendered: *Provided*, that, if any competent
 4 author shall compile any one or more works, of the first order of excellence
 5 and shall offer the same as a free gift to the people of the State, together
 6 with the copyright of the same, and the exclusive right to manufacture and
 7 sell such books within the State of Illinois, it shall be the duty of the
 8 State text book board to accept such gift and to expend no money for the
 9 purpose of compiling works relating to the subjects treated of in the books
 10 thus donated.

§ 4. The foregoing books shall be equal in size and quality as to mat-
 2 ter, illustrations and material to the following text books, to-wit: The speller
 3 to Eclectic speller; the first, second, third and fourth readers to McGuffey's
 4 first, second, third and fourth readers; the first and second grammars to
 5 Harvey's first and second grammars; the two books of arithmetic to Ray's
 6 new elementary and Ray's new practical arithmetic; the two books of geog-
 7 raphy to the new Eclectic Elementary and new Eclectic complete Geography;
 8 the one book of history to Eclectic United States history, and the
 9 one book of physiology and hygiene to Eclectic physiology and hygiene.

§ 5. The text of the books, furnished under this act to the public schools
 2 of this State, shall be subject to revision not oftener than once in each
 3 period of five years from the adoption, and only then in case the State text
 4 book board so direct.

§ 6. Whenever the State series of school text books shall have been com-
 2 piled and agreed upon by the State text book board, the Superintendent of
 3 Public Instruction shall issue an order requiring the uniform use of said
 4 books in the common schools of the State; but said order for the uniform
 5 use of said books shall not take effect till the expiration of at least one
 6 year from the time of completion of the electrotpe plates of said books;
 7 but nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent any school district
 8 from adopting any one or more of the State series before the expiration of
 9 that time whenever one or more books shall have been published.

§ 7. Whenever the State series of school text books shall have been com-
 2 piled, copyrighted and approved by the State text book board, as to all
 3 matters relating to types, size, illustrations, quality of binding and other
 4 material, and the number of books necessary to supply the common schools
 5 of the State for at least two years, then they shall submit the same to the
 6 commissioners of State contracts, who shall proceed under the act then in
 7 force relating to State contracts to contract for and have manufactured
 8 said series of school text books or any addition thereof: *Provided*, that the
 9 cost to the State for paper, printing, engraving, illustrating and completing
 10 said books shall not exceed, for the:

- 11 Speller, 7½ cents.
- 12 First reader, 6¼ cents.
- 13 Second reader, 10 cents.
- 14 Third reader, 13 cents.
- 15 Fourth reader, 15 cents.
- 16 First grammar, 13 cents.
- 17 Second grammar, 21 cents.
- 18 Physiology, 26 1-5 cents.
- 19 First arithmetic, 12 cents.
- 20 Second arithmetic, 15 cents.
- 21 First geography, 19 cents.

22 Second geography, 42 cents.

23 Book of history, 33 cents.

24 And for other books than these in this section named, a proportional
 25 price and no more shall be paid by the State: *And provided further*, that
 26 the State shall furnish the paper, and the books when completed according
 27 to contract shall be received by the Secretary of State: *And it is further*
 28 *provided*, the retail fixed by the State text book board shall be so fixed not
 29 to exceed the maximum retail price, provided in section eight of this act,
 30 that the difference in the cost of manufacturing said text books and the
 31 retail price of the same shall afford an average discount to dealers
 32 of 15 per cent.

§ 8. The State series of text books provided in this act shall be retailed
 2 to the pupils and patrons of the public schools at not to exceed the follow-
 3 ing prices:

4 Speller, 10 cents.

5 First reader, 10 cents.

6 Second reader, 15 cents.

7 Third reader, 20 cents.

8 Fourth reader, 25 cents.

9 First grammar, 25 cents.

10 Second grammar, 35 cents.

11 First arithmetic, 20 cents.

12 Second arithmetic, 25 cents.

13 First geography, 30 cents.

14 Second geography, 60 cents.

15 Book of history, 50 cents.

16 Physiology and hygiene, 40 cents.

§ 9. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have by the time
 2 the State's series of text books shall have been compiled, caused the
 3 county superintendent of schools in each county to make an estimate of the

4 number of each State text book necessary to supply the public schools of
5 his county for two years, and from the estimates submitted to him by the
6 county superintendent of schools the Superintendent of Public Instruction
7 shall estimate the number of each State text books necessary to be printed
8 under the first contract for printing for use in the public schools of the
9 State for two years, and on or before the first day of June of each year
10 thereafter shall submit to the State text book board, as the basis of future
11 contracts for manufacturing subsequent editions of said State text books,
12 an estimate of the number of books necessary to supply the public schools
13 of the State for the ensuing school year.

§ 10. The school books published under the provisions of this act shall
2 be furnished to the children of the public schools at the cost of printing,
3 publishing and distributing the same; said cost to be ascertained and fixed
4 by the State text book board as soon as possible after the contract for pub-
5 lishing books has been awarded, but shall not exceed the maximum price
6 fixed in section eight of this act.

§ 11. The process for the distribution of the text books shall be as fol-
2 lows: The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall cause the county
3 superintendent of schools in each county to furnish a list of retail dealers
4 in the county who may desire to retail to the pupils and patrons of the
5 public schools the State series of text books: *Provided, however,* that in all
7 cases such retail dealer shall make and subscribe to the following agree-
8 ment: In consideration of receiving for sale the series of text books or any
9 part thereof published by the State of Illinois, I hereby agree that I will
10 not sell the same to any person or persons for the purpose of being sold
11 again, or to any person or persons beyond the limits of the State of Illinois;
12 and that I will not sell said series of State text books or any part or por-
13 tion thereof at a price exceeding the price to the pupils or patrons fixed by
14 the State text book board, and will keep a list of such prices, conspicuously
15 posted in my place of business. Said agreement shall be endorsed by the

16 county superintendent of schools in the following words: I hereby certify
 17 that A. B. is a regular retail dealer in school books in.....county, Illinois.
 18 C.....D.....

19 County superintendent of schools.

20 When such agreement has been filed with the Superintendent of Public
 21 Instruction the retail dealer making such agreement may make such order
 22 for State text books as may be necessary for his trade on the Superintendent
 23 of Public Instruction, which order shall be accompanied by cash in payment
 24 for the same, at the price fixed by the State text book board as the cost
 25 price at Springfield, less discount, and in no case shall private checks be
 26 received as cash: *Provided, further*, that if the books are to be sent by mail
 27 the cost of postage shall also accompany the order, and if ordered shipped
 28 by freight or express, parties ordering books shall pay cost of carriage at
 29 point of destination. *And it is provided, further*, that any dealer who shall
 30 fail to comply with the terms of his agreement or shall fail to comply with
 31 any reasonable request for information, by the county superintendent of
 32 schools or Superintendent of Public Instruction relating to State text books,
 33 shall forfeit his right to any further purchase of said books from the State.

§ 12. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall, on receiving an
 2 order from any authorized dealer, make requisition for the same on the
 3 Secretary of State, who shall ship the books to such dealer as shall have
 4 been designated in such requisition. The Superintendent of Public Instruc-
 5 tion shall report to the Auditor of Public Accounts, on or before the fifth
 6 day of every month, the number of books sold by him during the preced-
 7 ing month, and pay the moneys received for the same into the State treas-
 8 ury. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State on or before the fifth
 9 day of every month to report to the Auditor of Public Accounts, the num-
 10 ber and value of all books shipped by him on the requisition of the Super-
 11 intendent of Public Instruction, and the number and value of books on
 12 hand.

§ 13. All moneys received from the sale of the State series of text books shall be kept by the State Treasurer as a separate and distinct fund to be known as the "State text book fund," which said fund shall be subject to draft by the Secretary of State, for all moneys needed for manufacturing any edition of any book of the State series over and above those manufactured under the original contract.

§ 14. Within one year after the State text books are printed and furnished to the Secretary of State, and for the period of fifteen years thereafter, no text books shall be used in the public schools of this State other than the State text books prepared under the provisions of this act: *Provided*, that this act shall not be construed to prevent pupils who have advanced beyond the studies embraced in said books, from using other books, or to prevent a revision of the text of said books at the expiration of five years after their introduction.

§ 15. The State text book board shall promulgate by circulation such rules and regulations as they may deem necessary for intelligently carrying out the provisions of this act, in relation to the distribution of school books together with such information as would be beneficial to the people of the State, school officers and retail book dealers.

§ 16. The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purpose of compiling, or causing to be compiled, the series of text books for the public schools, as set forth in section two of this act. The appropriation provided for in this section shall be subject to the order of the State text book board, and upon such approval the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of said demands, and the State Treasurer is authorized to pay the same.

§ 17. The sum of two hundred thousand dollars, or as much thereof as is necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money not otherwise appropriated, to pay the cost of paper and manufacturing the text books provided

4 for in section two of this act. The appropriation provided for in this sec-
5 tion shall be subject to the order of the Secretary of State: *Provided*, that
6 all text books for the manufacture of which demands are made upon the
7 appropriation provided for in this section, shall have been approved by the
8 State text book board as to size, style or printing, engravings, illustrations
9 and binding, and upon order of the Secretary of State, with the certificate
10 of such approval, the Auditor of Public Accounts, is hereby authorized to
11 draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of said demands,
12 and the State Treasurer is authorized to pay the same.

§ 18. The Superintendent of Public Instruction is hereby authorized to
2 employ any assistance necessary to the carrying out of the provisions of this
3 act. And the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby directed and author-
4 ized to draw his warrant for a sum not to exceed two thousand dollars
5 annually, on the general fund of the State, for the payment of such assist-
6 ance: *And provided further*, that the State text book board shall be reim-
7 bursed for their legitimate expenses in attending meetings of the board
8 and the Auditor of Public Accounts is authorized to draw his warrant for
9 the same, upon the approval of the Governor, on the general fund of the
10 State.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the appointment of a clerk for the court of claims, and to fix the term of office and the compensation for the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be the duty of the members of the court of claims, at their next regular session after the passage of this act, to proceed to elect a clerk.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of said clerk to attend each session of the court, to take charge of and be responsible for all papers belonging to said court, and when the court is not in session to prepare the docket for the next session.

§ 3. The said clerk shall be elected for the term of four years, and shall receive as compensation for his services the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read first by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Public Charities.
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A BILL

For an act making further provision for the insane of the State of Illinois now unprovided for, by increasing the capacity of the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That the following amounts be and are hereby
3 appropriated to the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee,
4 for the purposes hereinafter named, and for no other:

5 To provide buildings for 300 additional patients, one hundred and fifty
6 thousand dollars, (\$150,000).

7 For furniture for 300 additional patients, twelve thousand dollars
8 (\$12,000).

9 For 10-inch water main, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars,
10 (\$2,160).

11 For additional stock barn, three thousand dollars, (\$3,000).

12 For kitchen fixtures and machinery, one thousand two hundred dollars,
13 (\$1,200).

14 For electric light, three thousand five hundred dollars, (\$3,500).

15 For additional steam engine, seven thousand dollars. (\$7,000).

16 For laundry machinery, five thousand two hundred and twenty-five dol-
17 lars, (\$5,225).

18 For ordinary expenses for an average of 150 patients for one year,
 19 twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars, (\$22,500).

§ 2. The additional buildings herein provided for shall be two stories in
 2 height, and shall correspond in construction to the detached wards already
 3 erected at the said institution. They shall be of brick or stone, and shall
 4 have slate roofs, and floors of stone or tile in all bath rooms, water-closets,
 5 sculleries, kitchens, etc. They shall also, if heated by furnaces, have fire-
 6 proof walls around and above all such furnaces. Buildings shall be com-
 7 pleted, supplied with heating apparatus, and made ready to be furnished
 8 and occupied by not less than 300 patients, within the sum of one hundred
 9 and fifty thousand dollars, (\$150,000). The plans for said building shall be
 10 submitted by the trustees to the Governor, and to the State Board of Pub-
 11 lic Charities, and approved by the Governor and State Board of Public
 12 Charities before any steps are taken toward their erection, and no expense
 13 shall be incurred in excess of the amounts hereby appropriated, but full
 14 and complete provision for 300 patients shall be made within the amounts
 15 above made.

§ 3. The trustees shall not contract for or begin the erection of any
 2 building or buildings which cannot be fully completed within the amount
 3 of the present appropriations; but they may use any unexpended balances
 4 of appropriations heretofore made or herein specified, for the better accom-
 5 plishment of the purposes of this act, namely: to make the earliest and
 6 fullest provision for the insane of this State which may be expedient and
 7 possible.

§ 4. When the buildings herein provided for are ready for occupation,
 2 the superintendent of the hospital shall receive patients, and the trustees
 3 shall certify at the beginning of each quarter to the Governor the number
 4 of patients at that date present in the new buildings, and payment shall
 5 be made from the twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars, (\$22,500) here-
 6 in appropriated, at the rate of one hundred and fifty dollars, (\$150) per-

7 annum for the total number of patients actually present at the beginning
8 of each quarter, and only so much of the appropriation for ordinary ex-
9 penses herein made shall be used as is required for the maintenance of the
10 patients actually present, as above.

§ 5. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
2 trustees or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided
3 by law.

1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Charities.

A BILL

For an act making appropriations for the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That the following amounts be and are hereby ap-
3 propriated to the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee, for
4 the purposes hereinafter named, and for no other:

5 For improvement of grounds, and for additional stock and farm imple-
6 ments, three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum.

7 For furniture and fixtures ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

8 For painting inside and outside, seven thousand five hundred dollars
9 (\$7,500).

10 For shop building, with machinery, for patients' work, ten thousand dol-
11 lars (\$10,000).

12 For covering for steam pipes, six thousand dollars (\$6,000).

13 For projections for outside water-closets, fifteen thousand six hundred
14 and twenty-one dollars and twenty cents (\$15,621.20).

15 For land drain and repair of sewer, and of old and worn out plumbing,
16 four thousand five hundred dollars (\$4,500).

17 For concrete walks, three thousand six hundred and ninety dollars
18 (\$3,690).

19 For addition to bath house, five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

20 For building for soap making and rendering, three thousand five hun-
21 dred dollars (\$3,500).

22 For fire apparatus, one thousand three hundred and sixteen dollars
23 (\$1,316).

24 For addition to farm ward, nine hundred and three dollars (\$903).

25 For finishing off dining rooms in basements of number 1 south, number
26 7 south, and relief south, two thousand eight hundred and fifty-six dollars
27 and fifty-five cents (\$2,856.55).

28 For artesian well, three thousand dollars (\$3,000).

29 For furnaces to heat relief south, and numbers 1 and 3 and 4 and 6
30 south, and infirmary north, twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000).

31 For duplicate steam pump at water-works, six thousand five hundred
32 dollars (\$6,500).

33 For roofing corridor with flagging, three thousand five hundred and
34 forty dollars (\$3,540).

35 For tiling for kitchens, sculleries, bath rooms and water-closets now
36 having wood floors, two thousand seven hundred and eighteen dollars
37 (\$2,718).

38 To provide increased accommodations for officers and employes, ten thou-
39 sand dollars (\$10,000).

40 For addition to ice house, one thousand and ninety dollars (\$1,090).

41 For repair of railroad side-track to hospital, two thousand five hundred
42 and sixty dollars and fifty cents (\$2,560.50).

43 For tower clock and bell, two thousand dollars (\$2,000).

§ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
2 trustees or their order only on the terms now provided by law, and it is

3 hereby provided that the sums appropriated for the improvements herein,
4 shall be the full amounts for the objects specified, and the trustees shall
5 not contract for any portion of the above improvements, or expend any por-
6 tion of the appropriations hereby made, unless the said appropria-
7 tions are sufficient to complete all the said improvements and finish the
8 same.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act placing under control of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners all stock yards in this State, and making it their duty to classify the same and fix reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation, feed and care of live stock therein, brought or held for sale, and to make schedules of such rates so fixed evidence, and to prevent extortion and discrimination and to provide for penalties and their recovery for the violation of this act.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois. represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all stock yards for the reception and care of
3 live stock, for the purpose of placing the same on sale, now organized under
4 any general or special law of this State, or that may hereafter be organized,
5 shall be and are hereby placed under the control of the Railroad and Ware-
6 house Commissioners for the purposes as hereinafter provided.

§ 2. The Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners are hereby directed to
2 classify the stock yards of this State and to make for each stock yard cor-
3 poration doing business in this State, as soon as practicable, a schedule of
4 reasonable maximum rates and charges for the transportation, receiving,
5 handling, storing, yarding, feeding, weighing and watering and the carrying
6 of any live stock by such corporation, and such schedules shall, in all suits

7 brought against such stock yards corporation wherein there is anything in-
8 volved as to the charges of such stock yards corporation for the transporta-
9 tion, receiving, handling, storing, yarding, feeding or carrying, weighing
10 and watering any live stock or unjust discrimination in relation thereto, be
11 deemed and taken in all courts of this State as *prima facie* evidence that
12 the rates therein fixed are reasonable and maximum rates of charges for the
13 transportation, receiving, handling, storing, yardage, feeding or carrying,
14 weighing and watering of any such live stock by such stock yard corporation
15 for which said schedules may have been respectively prepared. Said com-
16 missioners shall, from time to time, as often as circumstances may require,
17 change and revise said schedule. When any such schedule shall have been made,
18 changed or revised as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of said commissioners
19 to have the same printed by the State printer, under the contract for State
20 printing, and said commissioner shall furnish two (2) copies of the same to
21 the president, general superintendent, secretary or person managing such
22 stock yard corporation doing business in this State. All such schedules
23 hereafter made shall be received and held in all suits as *prima facie* as
24 schedules of such commissioners, without further proof than the production
25 of the schedules desired to be used as evidence, with the certificate of the
26 Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners that the same is a true copy of a
27 schedule prepared by them for the stock yard company or corporation
28 therein named. Such Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners shall have
29 access to all books and papers of said stock yard companies for the purpose
30 of making such classification and establish rates of charges.

§ 3. If any such corporation shall, in reference to stock yards aforesaid,
2 make any discrimination in its rates, or charges of toll or compensation for
3 the transportation of freight or live stock, or for receiving, yarding, hand-
4 ling, feeding, furnishing feed or carrying, weighing or watering any stock,
5 or for doing anything in relation to the feed and care of live stock by
6 reason of the powers given such corporation by the act of incorporation

7 thereof, the same shall be deemed guilty of violating the provisions of this
8 act, and upon conviction thereof, shall be dealt with as hereinafter provided.

§ 4. Any stock yard company doing business in this State, incorporated
2 under the laws of this State shall not receive any greater sum for yardage,
3 receiving, handling, storing, feeding, weighing or watering or carrying of
4 the same than the maximum rates which shall be fixed in the schedules of
5 the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and the charging or receiving
6 by any such company of any greater rates therefor than those fixed in said
7 schedules shall be deemed extortionate charges.

§ 5. If any such corporation with reference to stock yards shall furnish
2 inferior or unsuitable feed or drink, or shall neglect any live stock entrusted
3 to its care, or shall fail or neglect to suitably and properly care for any
4 such live stock, or shall furnish a less amount or inferior quality of food to
5 such live stock than represented, constructed or charged for, such corpora-
6 tion shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof,
7 shall be fined as hereinafter provided in this act.

§ 6. Any such stock yard corporation guilty of a violation of any of the
2 foregoing provisions of this act shall be fined in a sum not less than one
3 hundred (\$100) dollars nor more than five hundred (\$500) dollars for each and
4 every offense, to be recovered in an action of debt in the name of the People
5 of the State of Illinois: *Provided*, that in all cases under this act, either party
6 shall have the right to a trial by jury: *Provided, further*, that any number
7 of counts may be joined in one declaration as to extortion or unjust dis-
8 crimination or the violation of any of the provisions of this act.

§ 7. If any such stock yard company shall, in violation of any provision
2 of this act, ask, demand, charge or receive from any person or corporation
3 any extortionate charges for the yardage, receiving, handling, storing, feeding,
4 or carrying of any live stock, or shall make any unjust discrimination against
5 any person or corporation in its charges therefor, the person or corporation
6 so offended against may recover against such stock yard corporation in an
7 action of debt three times the amount of the damages sustained by the

8 party aggrieved, together with costs of suit and a reasonable attorney's fee,
9 to be fixed by the court where the same is heard, on appeal or otherwise,
10 to be taxed as a part of the costs of the case: *Provided*, such suit shall be
11 brought within sixty (60) days after the right of action has accrued.

§ 8. It shall be the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners to
2 personally investigate and ascertain whether the provisions of this act are
3 violated by any stock yard corporation in this State, and to visit the various
4 stock yards for that purpose as often as practicable, and whenever the fact
5 is in any manner ascertained by said commissioners, shall in their judgment
6 warrant such prosecution, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to im-
7 mediately cause suit to be commenced and prosecuted against any stock
8 yard corporation which may violate the provisions of this act. Such suits
9 and prosecutions may be instituted in any county in this State where such
10 stock yards are situated.

§ 9. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of any county in this
2 State, upon request of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, to com-
3 mence and prosecute any violations for the penalties fixed in section six (6)
4 of this act.

§ 10. In all cases under the provisions of this act, the rules of evidence
2 shall be the same as in other civil actions, except as herein above otherwise
3 provided. All fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall be paid
4 into the county treasury of the county in which the suit is tried by the
5 person collecting the same in the manner now provided by law, to be used
6 for county purposes. Suits commenced under the provisions of this act shall
7 have precedence over all other business, except criminal business and pros-
8 ecutions for extortion and unjust discrimination by railroads and ware-
9 housemen.

§ 11. The term stock yard corporation contained in this act shall be

2 deemed and taken to mean all corporations, companies or individuals now
3 owning or operating or which may hereafter own or operate any stock yard
4 in this State, and the provisions of this act shall apply to all persons, firms
5 and companies, and to all associations of persons, whether incorporated or
6 otherwise, that shall do the business of stock yards.

1. Introduced by Mr. Parkhurst, January 13, 1891.
2. Read first by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

For an act to amend section seventeen of "An act to revise the law in relation to promisory notes, bonds, due bills and other instruments in writing," approved March 18, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by act approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That section seventeen of an act entitled, "An act
3 to revise the law in relation to promisory notes, bonds, due bills and other
4 instruments in writing," approved March 18, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, and
5 as amended by act, approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, be and the
6 same is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 HOLIDAYS--MATURITY OF NEGOTIABLE PAPER.

8 The following days to-wit--The first day of January, commonly called
9 New Years day; the twenty-second day of February; the thirtieth day of
10 May; the fourth day of July; the twenty-fifth day of December, commonly
11 called Christmas day; the first Monday in September to be known as Labor
12 day; and any day appointed or recommended by the Governor of this State,
13 or by the President of the United States as a day of fast or thanksgiving,
14 are hereby declared to be legal holidays, and shall, for all purposes
15 whatsoever, as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, the
16 maturity and protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of
17 exchange, bank checks and promisory notes, or other negotiable or commer-

18 cial paper or instruments, be treated and considered as is the first day of
19 the week, commonly called Sunday. When any of such holidays fall upon
20 Sunday the Monday next following shall be held and considered such
21 holiday. All notes, bills, drafts, checks or other evidence of indebtedness
22 falling due or maturing on either of said days, shall be deemed as due or
23 maturing on the day previous, and when two (2) or more of these days
24 come together, or immediately succeeding each other, then such instruments,
25 paper or indebtedness shall be deemed as due, or having matured on the
26 day previous to the first of such days.

1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act concerning elections, providing penalties for the violation of the same, and repealing all laws in conflict therewith.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That in counties not under township organization
3 the election precincts shall remain as now established until changed by
4 the board of county commissioners. In counties under township organiza-
5 tion each town shall constitute an election precinct.
6 The county board of each county in the State shall, at its regular (or at
7 a special) meeting in the month of July, 1891, respectively divide its election
8 precincts which contain more than two hundred and fifty voters into elec-
9 tion districts, so that each district shall contain as near as may be practic-
10 able two hundred voters, and not more in any case than two hundred and
11 fifty voters. Said districts shall be composed of contiguous territory, and in
12 as compact a form as can be for the convenience of the voters therein. The
13 several county boards in establishing said districts, shall describe them by
14 metes and bounds and number them. If at any general election hereafter
15 held more than one hundred and fifty votes shall be cast in any district or
16 undivided election precinct, it shall be the duty of the inspector hereinafter
17 provided for in such district or undivided election precinct to report the same to
18 the county board of county in which such district or undivided election precinct

19 is situated, who shall at their regular (or at a special) meeting in July follow-
 20 ing said election, redivide or adjust the election district or divide such election
 21 precinct, so that no district or undivided election precinct shall contain more
 22 than the number of voters above specified. If said division or re-adjust-
 23 ment is not made at said July meeting, it may be made at an adjourned or
 24 special meeting of said county board, to be held in the month of August
 25 next thereafter; and if such board shall fail to act as herein directed, any
 26 qualified voter of the county may apply for a writ or mandamus to compel
 27 a performance of the duty.

§ 3. The county board of any county may change the boundaries of any
 2 election district, or in counties not under township organization of any elec-
 3 tion precinct within such county, or divide any precinct into two or more
 4 election districts, or consolidate two or more election districts into one, or
 5 change any place of holding elections whenever public convenience or the
 6 public good may require it; but no such change shall be made after the
 7 August meeting of said board: *Provided*, that no district or undivided elec-
 8 tion precinct shall contain more than two hundred and fifty voters.

§ 4. Whenever any change is made in any election district or election
 - 2 precinct as provided in this act, or a change in any place of holding elec-
 3 tions, the county board shall cause due notice to be given at least one
 4 month before any election, by publication in two newspapers, if there be so
 5 many published in said county, representing the two political parties which
 6 cast the highest number of votes in the county at the last general election,
 7 and by posters put up in four of the most public places in each district or
 8 precinct affected by such change: *Provided*, that if there is no newspaper
 9 published in such county, then such notice shall only be given by posting
 10 up posters as above specified.

§ 5. The county boards in every county shall fix and establish the places
 2 for holding the elections in its respective counties, and all general and
 3 special elections shall be held at the places so fixed. The said polling places

4 shall in all cases be upon the ground floor, in the front room, the entrance
 5 to which is from a highway or public street at least fifty feet wide, and as
 6 near the center of the voting population of the district or undivided elec-
 7 tion precinct as practicable, and for the convenience of the greatest number
 8 of electors to vote thereat, and in no case shall an election be held in any
 9 room used or occupied as a saloon, dram shop, billiard hall, bowling alley,
 10 or as a place of resort for idlers and disreputable persons, or any room con-
 11 necting therewith by open door or hallways.

§ 6. In counties not under township organization the county board shall,
 2 at its regular (or at a special) meeting in July in each year, appoint in each
 3 election district or precinct one inspector of elections, who shall be of fair
 4 character, approved integrity, well informed, who can read, write and speak
 5 the English language, and has resided in the election district or undivided
 6 precinct in which he is to serve, for one year next preceding the election,
 7 and is entitled to vote therein.

§ 7. In counties under township organization the supervisor shall be the
 2 inspector of election in the district or undivided town in which he resides.
 3 When the townships are divided into two or more election districts the in-
 4 spectors of election for the district or districts in which no supervisor re-
 5 sides shall be appointed by the county board, and possess the same qualifi-
 6 cations as provided for in counties not under township organization.

§ 8. The inspectors of elections shall, prior to the opening of the polls in
 2 such district or undivided precinct, appoint as judges of election two electors
 3 of such precinct possessing the qualifications required of inspectors, who are
 4 members of different political parties and of the parties which cast the high-
 5 est number of votes in the county at the preceding general election: *Pro-*
 6 *vided*, that if at least one week or more prior to such election the chairman
 7 of the county central committee of either of the two parties that cast the
 8 largest number of votes in the county at the last general election shall des-
 9 ignate a member of such party as judge, having the qualifications as above

10 described, he shall be appointed, and such judges, together with the inspector,
 11 shall constitute a board of election. No person shall be eligible as a mem-
 12 ber of the board of election who has anything of value bet or wagered on
 13 the result of such election, or who is a candidate to be voted for at such
 14 election, or who is a father, father-in-law, son, son-in-law, grandfather, grand-
 15 son, brother, brother-in-law, uncle, nephew or first cousin of any candidate
 16 to be voted for at such election. If at any time before or during an election
 17 it shall be made to appear to any inspector, by the affidavit of two or more
 18 qualified electors of the district, that either of the judges is disqualified
 19 under the provisions of this act, he shall at once remove such judge and fill
 20 the place with a qualified person of the same political party as the judge
 21 removed; and in case such disqualified judge shall take the oath of office
 22 hereinafter prescribed the inspector shall place the oath and affidavit before
 23 the next grand jury of the county.

§ 9. If any member of a board of election shall fail to appear at the hour
 2 appointed for the opening of the poll, the remainder of the board shall se-
 3 lect a member of his political party to serve in his stead: *Provided*, that if
 4 the qualified electors of his party present at the polls shall nominate a qual-
 5 ified person for such vacancy, such nominee shall be appointed. If none of
 6 the members of the board of election shall appear at the hour appointed for
 7 opening the polls, the qualified voters present shall elect a board *viva voce*,
 8 as nearly as possible in conformity with the provisions of this act.

§ 10. Such board of election shall appoint as poll clerks two qualified
 2 electors of such district or precinct, one from each of the two parties that
 3 cast the largest vote in the county at the last general election: *Provided*,
 4 that if four days or more prior to such election the chairman of the county
 5 central committee of either of the two parties that cast the largest number
 6 of votes in the county at the last general election shall designate a member
 7 of such party as poll clerk, such nominee shall be appointed.

§ 11. The county clerk of each county in the State shall make out and

2 cause to be delivered to the inspectors of the several districts or undivided
 3 election precincts in their respective counties a suitable number of blank
 4 forms of poll books, containing one column headed "Names of voters," and
 5 an additional column headed "Number of voters," and also forms of election
 6 returns, with the proper captions, forms of oath, and the forms of certifi-
 7 cates and tally papers necessary to be used in all general elections hereafter
 8 held in this State.

§ 12. Before any election shall be opened the inspector and judges shall
 2 each make an oath to support the constitution of the United States and of
 3 this State, to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties assigned by
 4 law, that they will not knowingly permit any person to vote who is not
 5 qualified, and not knowingly refuse the qualified vote of any elector or cause
 6 any delay to any persons offering to vote further than is necessary to pro-
 7 cure satisfactory information of the qualifications of such person as a voter,
 8 that they will not disclose or communicate to any person how any elector
 9 voted, or how any ballot was folded or marked, and that they are now, and
 10 for one year next preceding, have continued to be bona fide residents and
 11 freeholders for at least one year of the district in which such election is
 12 held, and that they have nothing of value bet or wagered upon the result
 13 of said election, and that they are not related to any person to be voted for
 14 at said election within the degrees named in this act, which oath shall be
 15 in writing or printed, and shall be subscribed and executed before some
 16 person authorized by law to administer oaths, which officer shall attach
 17 thereto his jurat, and such oath shall then be attached to the poll book and
 18 with it returned to the county clerk as hereinafter provided.

19 Which oath shall be in the following form:

20 STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
 21 COUNTY, } ss.

22 I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of the

23 United States and of this State; that I will faithfully and impartially dis-
 24 charge the duties of inspector and judge of election assigned by law; that I
 25 will not knowingly permit any person to vote who is not qualified and will
 26 not knowingly refuse the vote of any qualified elector or cause any delay
 27 to persons offering to vote further than is necessary to procure satisfactory
 28 information of the qualification of such person as an elector; that I am now
 29 and have been continuously for one year next preceding this date a bona
 30 fide resident of this election district or precinct in which I am to serve as
 31 a member of the board of election, and that I will not disclose or commu-
 32 nicate to any person how any elector has voted at such election, or how any
 33 ballot has been folded or marked; that I have nothing of value bet or
 34 wagered upon the result of said election and am not a candidate at this
 35 election, and am not related to any person to be voted for at this election
 36 within the degrees named in the election law.

37 Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of

38 If no person present be authorized by law to administer the oath of office,
 39 the inspector shall administer the same to the judges, and one of such
 40 judges shall then administer said oath to the inspector.

§ 13. The inspector shall be chairman of such board, and before the re-
 2 ception of any votes, shall administer an oath to the clerks of the election
 3 that they will faithfully discharge their duties as such, which oath shall be
 4 in the following form:

5 STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
 6County.) ss.

7 I do hereby solemnly swear or affirm that I will faithfully and honestly
 8 discharge my duties as clerk of this election, and that I will not disclose or
 9 communicate to any person how any elector voted, or how any ballot was
 10 folded or marked.

11 Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of.....

§ 14. After the organization of the board of election the inspector may

2 administer all necessary oaths which may be required in the discharge of
 3 its duties, and all oaths shall be written or printed, and shall be signed by
 4 the person making such oaths in the presence of such board of elections,
 5 and the person administering such oaths shall take his jurat thereto, and
 6 said affidavit shall be returned with the poll lists to the office of the county
 7 clerk.

§ 15. The county board of each county shall provide at the expense of
 2 the county one ballot box for the reception of ballots hereinafter provided
 3 for, for each election district or undivided election precinct; each ballot box
 4 shall have at least two locks of different kinds and combinations, so that the
 5 key of one will not unlock the other, and be otherwise so constructed as to
 6 contribute towards the prevention of frauds.

§ 16. An opening shall be made in the lid of each box sufficient only for
 2 a single ballot; and at the time the election is opened the inspector and
 3 judges shall see that there was no ballots in the box before the voting begins,
 4 and shall thereupon securely lock the box, and give one key to one of the
 5 judges who is in politics apposed to the inspector, the inspector retaining
 6 the other key; and the same shall not be again opened until the polls are
 7 closed, and the board is ready to immediately proceed with the counting.

§ 17. The election shall be opened in the forenoon at the hour of eight
 2 o'clock, and continued open until four o'clock of the afternoon, after which
 3 the board may close the election at any time, when all the electors have
 4 voted, or when fifteen minutes have passed without a vote having been
 5 tendered; but the polls shall in no case, be kept open after six o'clock of
 6 the afternoon; and the polls shall not be closed after four o'clock and
 7 before six o'clock except by the unanimous consent of all the members of
 8 the election board; but whenever the polls are closed, proclamation must be
 9 made of the fact of such closing by the inspector, to the people outside, in
 10 a loud and audible tone of voice, and a minute of such proclamation, and
 11 of the time when the same was made, must be entered on the tally papers

12 by the clerks, and after such minute has been made no more votes shall
 13 be received: *Provided*, that upon the petition of twenty legal voters and
 14 householders of any precinct in the State, presented to the board of county
 15 commissioners at their September session next preceding any election in the
 16 county in which such precinct or precincts are situated, petitioning said board
 17 for the opening of the election at the hour of six o'clock in the forenoon,
 18 it is made the duty of the board of commissioners to grant and enter of
 19 record the prayer of such precinct petitioners; and it is made the further
 20 duty of the board to direct the county clerk of the county to publish in
 21 two newspapers of general circulation published in said county, representing
 22 the leading national political parties opposed to each other, for three suc-
 23 cessive weeks, a notice setting out fully the name of the precinct or pre-
 24 cincts, and the township, town or city in which such precinct or precincts
 25 are situated, so petitioning for the opening of the polls at six o'clock in the
 26 forenoon, and the board shall enter of record an order requiring the polls
 27 of every such precinct to be opened accordingly: *Provided, further*, that when an
 28 election district or undivided precinct lies wholly or in part in any city or
 29 incorporated town having a population of one thousand or more, as shown
 30 by the last United States census, the polls shall be opened at six o'clock in
 31 the forenoon on the day of such election and closed at six o'clock in the
 32 afternoon of said day.

§ 18. Each elector shall vote, by ballot, in the district or precinct where-
 2 in he resides. Any person who having been a resident of Illinois shall have
 3 absented himself from the State for a period of six months or more, or who
 4 shall have gone into any other State or sovereignty with the intention of
 5 voting therein, or during any absence in another State or sovereignty shall
 6 have voted therein, and also any person who shall not have been a *bona*
 7 *fide* resident of this State for one year, and of the election precinct or dis-
 8 trict in which he resides at least ninety days before any election shall be-
 9 fore being entitled to vote at any election in this State, register a notice of

his intention to become a qualified elector therein, in the office of the county clerk of the county in which he resides. Whoever shall be absent from the State for a period of six months or more on business of the State or United States, shall, at the time he offers to vote, produce a certificate from the county clerk that his name has continuously, since his departure from the State, on such business, been upon the tax books of said county for the purpose of taxation, during his absence from the State, and that he is still a tax payer in said county; and failing to produce such certificate such person shall not be permitted to vote. Such registration shall be made at least three months prior to any such election, and the notice shall state such person's name, age and place of residence (by which shall be understood his lodging place) and the notice shall be in the form following, and sworn to before such clerk:

STATE OF ILLINOIS, /
 } ss.
 County,

I the subscriber hereto hereby declare my intention to become a qualified elector under the laws of Illinois; that I was years of age on my last birthday; that my lodging place is now (here insert exact location), and I am a *bona fide* resident of the precinct in which I lodge: *Provided*, that the provisions of this section respecting such registration notice shall not apply to any voter, who, six months or more previous to any election, shall have registered with said clerk a notice declaring his intention to hold his residence in this State during a contemplated absence, and that during such absence he will not exercise the right of suffrage elsewhere, and which notice shall be as follows, and shall be sworn to before said clerk:

STATE OF ILLINOIS, /
 } ss.
 County,

I, the subscriber hereto, a qualified voter of (here insert the name of his precinct, ward, township, town and city), in said county, in-

40 tending to absent myself, do hereby declare my purpose to hold my resi-
41 dence as a voter in said State, and that I will not exercise the right of
42 suffrage elsewhere during my absence.

43 On the filing of any notice as provided for in this section, it shall be the
44 duty of such clerk to enter the name and residence of said elector and date
45 of the filing of said notice in a book furnished for said purpose, to be open at
46 all times to the inspection of the public, and safely preserve said original
47 notice and deliver a certified copy of the same to the elector so registering,
48 and on demand of any challenger or member of the election board, such
49 elector shall be requested to produce the same before being allowed to vote.
50 No person shall register for any other person, or in the name of any other
51 person, or present the copy of the register for any other person at a polling
52 place, or induce, hire or advise any other person not to register who may
53 be required to register as above. Any person violating the provisions of
54 this section, or who shall vote or attempt to vote, without having been
55 registered when required to do so as above, shall be guilty of a felony, and
56 upon conviction, shall be imprisoned in the State prison for not less than
57 one nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any determinate
58 period. No elector shall be at any cost or charge for such registration or
59 certificate thereof; and the clerk shall be allowed twenty-five cents, and no
60 more, for each registration and certificate thereof, to be in full for all
61 services connected therewith, which allowance shall be made out of the
62 county treasury by the county board, on itemized statements sworn to by
63 clerk.

§ 19. Before receiving the ballot of any elector, the board of election
2 shall cause to be proclaimed that such election is opened.

§ 20. It shall be the duty of the sheriff of each county to appoint, five
2 days prior to each election, two special deputies for each district or precinct
3 in the county to be known as election sheriffs who shall attend the polling
4 places in their respective precincts from the opening of the polls to the

5 conclusion of the count. It shall be their duty to preserve order at the
6 polls and enforce the provisions of the election law, under the direction of
7 the election board, and make arrests on the demand of a member of the
8 board, or on affidavit, as hereinafter provided. One of such election sheriffs
9 shall be chosen from each of the two parties that cast the largest number
10 of votes in the State at the last general election; and if at least five days
11 prior to such election the chairman of the county central committee of
12 either of such parties shall nominate a member of his party for election
13 sheriff in any district or precinct, such nominee shall be appointed. If any
14 election sheriff shall fail to appear at the opening of the polls, the member
15 or members of the election board of his political party shall appoint a per-
16 son to act in his place. Compensation of one dollar and fifty cents per day
17 shall be allowed to each election sheriff by the board of county commis-
18 sioners, but no such election sheriff shall be allowed for more than one
19 day's services at any election. No other peace officers of the State, or any
20 division thereof, shall be allowed within fifty feet of the polls except to
21 serve process of courts or to vote, unless summoned by the election sheriffs.

§ 21. In each county in the State the county clerk, county judge and
2 State's attorney shall constitute the county board of election commissioners
3 and shall serve without compensation.

§ 22. Any convention of delegates and any meeting of qualified voters, as
4 hereinafter defined, and individual voters to the number and in the manner
5 hereinafter specified may nominate candidates for public office whose names
6 shall be placed upon the ballots to be furnished as herein provided. Any
7 convention of delegates representing a political party which at the election
8 next preceding polled at least three per cent. of the entire vote cast in the
9 State or in any judicial, congressional or senatorial district or county for
10 which the nomination is made, or any convention of delegates who have
11 been selected in accordance with a special statute providing therefor, and
12 any convention representing three per cent. of the votes cast as aforesaid

11 in judicial, congressional or senatorial district or county for which the con-
 12 vention is held, by causing a certificate of nomination to be duly filed.
 13 make one such nomination for each office therein to be filled at the elec-
 14 tion. Every such certificate of nomination shall state such facts as may be
 15 required as above for its acceptance, and as are required by this act, shall
 16 be signed by the presiding officer and by the secretary of the convention,
 17 who shall add thereto their places of residence and shall be sworn by them
 18 to be true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate of the
 19 oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination.

§ 23. Nominations of candidates for any offices to be filled by the voters
 2 of the State at large may be made by the nomination papers, signed in the
 3 aggregate for each candidate by not less than two thousand qualified voters
 4 of the State. Nominations of candidates for any offices to be filled by the
 5 voters of any judicial, congressional or senatorial district or county of the
 6 State may be made by nomination papers signed in the aggregate for each
 7 candidate by qualified voters of such district or county, not less in number
 8 than one for every hundred persons who voted at the next preceding
 9 annual election in such district or county, but in no case less than fifty.
 10 In the case of a first election in a district or county newly established, the
 11 number of fifty shall be so sufficient. Each voter signing a nomination
 12 paper shall add to his signature his place of residence, and each voter may
 13 subscribe to one nomination for each office to be filled and no more. The
 14 nomination papers shall before being filed be respectively submitted to the
 15 inspector of elections in the precinct or district in which the signers pur-
 16 port to be qualified voters, and each inspector to whom the same is sub-
 17 mitted shall forthwith certify thereon what number of the signatures are
 18 names of qualified voters in the precinct or district for which he is an in-
 19 spector, and in the district or county for which the nomination is made.

§ 24. All certificates of nomination and nomination papers shall, besides

2 containing the names of candidates, specify as to each (1) the office for
 3 which he is nominated; (2) the party or political principle which he repre-
 4 sents, expressed in not more than three words; (3) his place of residence,
 5 with street and number thereon, if any. In the case of electors of presi-
 6 dent and vice-president of the United States, the names of the candidates
 7 for president and vice-president may be added to the party or political
 8 appellation.

§ 25. Certificates of nomination and nomination papers for the nomina-
 2 tion of candidates for State, judicial and congressional offices and candidates
 3 for presidential electors, for members for the State Board of Equalization,
 4 and for the General Assembly, shall be filed with the Secretary of State at
 5 least thirty days previous to the day of the election for which the candi-
 6 dates are nominated, and the Secretary of State shall at least sixteen days
 7 before any election for which such candidates are nominated notify the
 8 county clerk of each county in which such election is to be held of the
 9 names and political designations of such candidates. All certificates of
 10 nomination and nomination papers for county offices, shall be filed with the
 11 county clerk of such county at least twenty days before the day of the
 12 election for which the candidates are nominated.

§ 26. The certificates of nomination and nomination papers being so filed
 2 and being in apparent conformity with the provisions of this act, shall be
 3 deemed to be valid, unless objection thereto is duly made in writing. Such
 4 objections or other questions arising in relation thereto in the case of
 5 nominations of State officers, shall be considered by the Secretary of State
 6 and the Auditor and Attorney General, and the decision of the majority of
 7 these officers shall be final. Such objections or questions arising in the case
 8 of the nomination for judicial or congressional offices or members of the
 9 State Board of Equalization and the General Assembly shall be considered
 10 by the State central committee of the party making such nominations, and
 11 their decision shall be final; but if no such State central committee exists,

12 then such objection or questions shall be considered by the Secretary of
 13 State, the Auditor and Attorney General, as in case of nominations for
 14 State offices. Such objections or questions arising in the case of nomina-
 15 tions for county offices, shall be considered by the county board of election
 16 commissioners, and the decision of a majority of these officers shall be final.
 17 In case such objection is made notice shall forthwith be mailed to the can-
 18 didates affected thereby, addressed to their residences as given in the cer-
 19 tificates of nomination or nomination papers.

§ 27. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may
 2 cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination, by request in writing,
 3 signed by him, and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take
 4 acknowledgements of deeds, and filed with the Secretary of State if for a
 5 State office, twenty days, or with the proper county, town, village or city
 6 clerk, twelve days, as the case may be, previous to the day of election, and
 7 no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots. No nomination
 8 published and posted as herein provided shall be subsequently omitted as
 9 invalid.

§ 28. All certificates of nomination and nomination papers when filed
 2 shall be open under proper regulations to public inspection, and the Secre-
 3 tary of State and the several clerks shall preserve the same in their respect-
 4 ive offices not less than one year.

§ 29. At least seven days before an election to fill any public office at
 2 which the electors of any county are entitled to vote, the county board of
 3 election commissioners of such county shall cause to be published in at least
 4 two newspapers within the county, the nominations to office, certified to the
 5 county clerk by the Secretary of State, and also those filed with the county
 6 clerk. No less than two publications shall be made in each of such news-
 7 papers before election; one of such publications in each newspaper shall be
 8 upon the last day upon which such newspaper is issued before election.
 9 Such publications shall be made in two newspapers representing the politi-

10 cal parties that at the last preceding general election cast the largest number of
11 votes in the State, if such papers there be: *Provided*, the lists of nomina-
12 tions published by the county clerks shall be arranged, as far as practicable,
13 in the order and form in which they will be printed upon the ballots.

§ 30. Whenever a proposed constitutional amendment or other question is to
2 be submitted to the people of the State for popular vote, the Secretary of
3 State shall duly, and not less than thirty days before election, certify
4 the same to the clerk of each county in the State, and the county board of
5 election commissioners of each county shall include the same in the publica-
6 tion provided for in section 30 in this act.

§ 31. In case of the death- removal or resignation of any candidate after
2 the printing of such ballots and before such election, it shall be lawful for
3 the chairman of the State, district or county political organization of which
4 such candidate was a member, to make a nomination to fill such vacancy,
5 and to provide the election board of each precinct in which such candidate
6 is to be voted for with a number of pasters containing only the name of
7 such candidate at least equal to the number of ballots provided each pre-
8 cinct, but no pasters shall be given to or received by any one except such
9 election board and such chairman, and it shall be the duty of the polling
10 clerks to put one of such pasters, in a careful and proper manner, and in
11 the proper place, on each ticket before they shall sign their initials thereon.

§ 32. All ballots cast hereafter in elections for presidential electors, State,
2 judicial and congressional officers, members of the State Board of Equaliza-
3 tion and the General Assembly and county officers, shall be printed and
4 distributed as hereinafter provided, and at the expense of the respective
5 counties.

§ 33. Every general ballot or ballot intended for the use of voters, which
2 shall be printed in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall contain
3 the names and the party or political designation of all candidates whose
4 nominations for any offices specified in the ballot have been duly made and

5 not withdrawn in accordance herewith, and shall contain no other names.
6 Except that in the case of electors of the president and vice-president of the
7 United States, the names of the candidats for president and vice-president
8 may be added to the party or political designation. The name of the county
9 in which the candidate for State or district office resides, and the name of
10 the town or precinct in which the candidate for any county office resides
11 shall be added to the name of each candidate on ballots. The names of
12 candidates for each office shall be arranged under the designation of the
13 office in alphabetical order according to surnames, except that the names of
14 candidates for the office of electors of president and vice-president shall be
15 arranged in groups as presented in the several certificates of nomination or
16 nomination papers. There shall be left at the end of the list of candidates
17 for each different office, except electors for president and vice-president, as
18 many blank spaces as there are persons to be elected to such office, in
19 which the voter may insert the name of any person not printed on the
20 ballot for whom he desires to vote as candidate for such office. Whenever
21 the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question is submitted
22 to the vote of the people, such questions shall be printed upon the ballot
23 after the list of candidates. The ballots provided for herein shall be pre-
24 pared by the county board of elections commissioners of their respective
25 counties, and shall be of uniform size and shall be printed on white paper
26 sufficiently thick that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back.
27 and shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to
28 designate by a cross mark (x) in a sufficient margin at the right of the
29 name of each candidate, his choice of candidates and his answer to the
30 questions submitted, and on the ballot may be printed such words as will
31 aid the voter to do this: "Vote for one," "vote for three," "yes," "no" and
32 the like. They shall be of sufficient width to contain not only the names
33 of the candidates but also the political designation of each candidate and
34 a blank space on the right of each name, and shall also be ruled so that

35 there may be no difficulty in determining opposite what name a mark is
 36 placed. Before distribution the ballots shall be so folded in marked creases
 37 that their width and length when folded shall be those of the width and
 38 length of a single column of such ballot, on the back of the ballot and
 39 outside when folded shall be printed the words "Official ballot for" followed
 40 by the designation of the polling place for which the ballot is prepared,
 41 the date of the election, and a fac simile of the signature of the officials who
 42 have caused the ballot to be printed.

§ 34. All ballots when printed shall be as hereinbefore provided, and
 2 fastened together in convenient books or blocks of one hundred each, in
 3 such manner that each ballot may be detached and removed separately.

§ 35. If the printer of such ballot or any person employed in printing
 2 the same, shall give or deliver, or knowingly permit to be taken, any of
 3 said ballots, by any person other than a member of the board of election
 4 commissioners, for which such ballots are being printed, or shall print or
 5 cause or permit to be printed any ballot in any other form than the one
 6 prescribed by this act, or with any other names thereon, or with the names
 7 spelled or the names or devices thereon arranged in any other way than
 8 that authorized and directed by the said board or election commissioners,
 9 he shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction thereof shall be imprisoned
 10 in the State penitentiary not less than three nor more than ten years, and
 11 be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 26. The county board of election commissioners of each county shall
 2 cause to be printed in large type on cards, in English and such other lan-
 3 guage as they may deem necessary, instructions for the guidance of electors
 4 in preparing their ballots. They shall furnish twelve of such cards in each
 5 of the languages determined upon by them to each of the election in-
 6 spectors at the same time they deliver to him the ballots for his precinct.
 7 Each inspector shall cause to be posted one of each of said cards in each
 8 place or compartment provided for the preparation of ballots, and one of

39 each kind of cards at or near to the outer end of the chute leading to the
 40 polling place, and not less than three of each of said cards in and about
 41 the polling place at the opening of the polls on the day of election. Said
 42 cards shall contain full instructions to the voters as to what must be done:
 43 First, to obtain ballots for voting; second, to prepare the ballots for voting;
 44 third, to obtain new ballots in place of one accidentally defaced, mutilated
 45 or spoiled.

37. The board whose duty it is hereby made to print the tickets, shall
 46 at least two days prior to any election, deliver to each inspector of election
 47 of each precinct or district within his county, and take his receipt
 48 therefore, a set of instructions and two packages of tickets, each equal to
 49 at least twice the whole number of voters registered in such precinct, which
 50 packages shall be sealed securely with wax and in the presence of said
 51 inspector, and it is made the duty of each inspector of election to call at
 52 the office of the county clerk and get and receipt for the same prior to the
 53 election; and said packages shall not be opened until delivered to the elec-
 54 tion board of the respective voting districts or precincts to which they are
 55 directed, and said board shall be fully organized and ready for the recep-
 56 tion of votes, as in this act provided, and the board whose duty it is to
 57 print shall keep one package of tickets for each precinct, to be used in
 58 cases of emergency. Before doing up any ballots in packages, the officers
 59 whose duty it is hereby made to print shall examine them and see that they
 60 are correct.

38. At any other than a general election the authorized officer or agent
 61 of any political party or caucus, association, league or other organization
 62 of voters, and any individual who has printed or caused to be printed any
 63 ballot for use at any polling place, shall deliver the same the presiding
 64 judge of elections previous to the opening of the election, and such ballots
 65 shall be treated and handled in all respects by the ballot clerks as in any
 66 general election, except that any voter at such election shall be entitled to

8 receive from the ballot clerks upon request one of each and every kind of
9 ballot delivered to the ballot clerks for distribution, and after preparing his
10 ballot shall return to the ballot clerk all ballots not used by him, whether
11 the same have been defaced or torn by him or not, and no voter at any
12 election shall take with him from the polling place any ballot whatever on
13 the day of election.

§ 39. In case any inspector or his representative shall fail to appear at
2 the office of the county clerk by the close of the second day prior to any
3 election, the county board of election commissioners shall forthwith dispatch
4 a special messenger to his precinct with the ballots for such precinct or
5 district. Such messenger shall be allowed two dollars for his time and
6 five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled by him, and shall
7 promptly report to such clerk and file with him the receipt of the person
8 to whom he delivered such ballots, and his affidavit stating when and to
9 whom he delivered such ballots, and such inspector shall receive no com-
10 pensation for his services at such election.

§ 40. Any inspector who shall wilfully or negligently fail to appear at
2 the clerk's office, in person, or by representative, as herein provided, shall
3 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than
4 ten dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, and shall thereafter be in-
5 competent to serve as inspector.

§ 41. If by any accident or casualty the ballots delivered to any clerk,
2 inspector, or other messenger shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be the duty
3 of such person in custody to report the loss at once to the board of election
4 commissioners, from which the same were obtained, and make affidavit of
5 the circumstances of the loss, whereupon such board shall at once re-supply
6 such person. In case such person in custody fails or refuses to report and
7 make proof of the loss, any qualified elector may do so, and thereupon such
8 board shall at once send a new supply by special messenger as provided in
9 other cases. In case, for any reason, there should be found no ballots or
10 other necessary means or contrivances for voting at the opening of the polls,

11 it shall be duty of the election board to secure the same as speedily as
12 possible, and, if necessary, such board may have ballots printed: *Provided*,
13 *however*, that such ballots shall conform as nearly as possible to the genuine
14 ballots, and the printing and the care of the same shall be under the same
15 provisions and penalties as the printing and care of the other ballots pre-
16 scribed in this act.

§ 42. The various boards of election commissioners shall preserve the
2 ballots that are left over in their hands after supplying the precincts as
3 hereinbefore provided, until six o'clock P. M. of the day of election,
4 and shall then count and destroy, by totally consuming by fire, all of such
5 ballots but one, which shall be securely pasted in the election record imme-
6 diately preceding the place where the vote is to be recorded. They shall
7 also cause to be entered below such ballot the number of ballots printed
8 by them, the number delivered to each messenger, and the number destroyed
9 by them.

§ 43. It shall be the duty of the county boards in each county, before
2 each election, to provide for and secure in each precinct or election district
3 of the county a suitable room in which to hold the election, and to have
4 placed therein a railing separating the part of the room to be occupied by
5 the election board from the remainder of the room, and also three booths
6 or compartments in which electors shall mark their ballots, secured from
7 observation, each containing a counter or shelf. Booths shall be so con-
8 structed and arranged that all the members of the election board can see
9 whether more than one voter enters any one of such booths at one time
10 The portion of the room set apart for the election board shall include a
11 window at which the voter shall appear for challenge, and such voter shall
12 immediately announce his full and true name to the challengers.

13 The board of county commissioners shall also provide for each precinct a
14 chute or passage with a railing, rope or wire on each side, commencing
15 twenty-five feet away from and leading to such polling place, passing such

16 window for challenging, and thence to the entrance of the room in which
17 the election is held. No person other than the election officers and voters
18 admitted as hereinafter provided shall be permitted within said rail except
19 by authoirty of the election officers for the purpose of keeping order and
20 enforcing the law.

21 Each voting shelf or compartment shall be kept provided with proper sup-
22 plies and conveniences for marking ballots. The expenses of such prepara-
23 tion shall be defrayed as other expenses of the county board.

§ 44. One challenger and one poll book holder, appointed and designated
2 by each party organization, shall be entitled to stand at the sides of the
3 chute near the challenge window. No other person shall remain within
4 fifty feet of the same, except for the purpose of offering his vote; and voters
5 shall approach and enter the chute in the order in which they appear for
6 the purpose of voting. If any person offering to vote shall be challenged
7 by one of such challengers or by any member of the election board, he shall
8 stand aside and shall not be entitled to vote unless he makes affidavit in
9 writing that he is a qualified and legal voter of the precinct, and in such
10 affidavit sets forth his name, residence, occupation, place or places of resi-
11 dence during the six months prior to the election, with the date of any re-
12 moval within that time, and the names of two persons who have personal
13 knowledge of his residence in the precinct thirty days, and the township
14 sixty days, and shall, in case he be a person required by this act to be
15 registered, also produce the necessary certificate of registration provided for
16 in this act. He shall then be allowed to vote, unless the challenger or
17 some qualified voter of the precinct make affidavit in writing that he knows
18 or is informed and verily believes that the person offering to vote is not a
19 legal voter in the precinct. And if the affidavit be on information and be-
20 lief, he shall set forth the names of the person or persons from whom such
21 information was obtained, and the person offering to vote shall not there-
22 after be allowed to vote, except one qualified voter of the precinct, who has

23 been a freeholder and resident householder in the precinct for at least one
 24 year, or a resident householder for two years next preceding such election,
 25 shall make affidavit or affirmation in writing that of his personal knowledge
 26 such person offering to vote is a legal voter at the precinct.

27 The affidavits herein referred to shall be in the following form:

28 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am a citizen of
 29 the United States; that I am now over the age of twenty-one years, to the
 30 best of my information and belief; and that I have been a *bona fide* resident
 31 of this State for twelve months immediately preceding this election; that I
 32 have resided in the township sixty days, and in the precinct thirty days,
 33 and that I am now a *bona fide* resident of this precinct; that I am generally
 34 known by the name in which I now desire to vote, which is ; that I
 35 have not voted and will not vote in any other precinct in this election;
 36 that my occupation is ; that my present residence ; (if in the
 37 city or town give the street or number), and that during the last six months
 38 prior to this election I have resided at I have removed from to
 39 on the following date and that and have personal
 40 knowledge of my residence in the precinct thirty days, and the township
 41 sixty days. I swear that I am informed and believe that now offer-
 42 ing to vote, is not a legal voter in this precinct, and that I obtained such
 43 information from and

44 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am a qualified
 45 voter in this precinct; that I have been a freeholder and resident house-
 46 holder in this precinct for one year, or a resident householder for two
 47 years next preceding this election; that who now desires to vote, has
 48 resided in this State for six months immediately preceding this election;
 49 that he has resided in this township sixty days, and in this precinct thirty
 50 days, at ; that he is now a *bona fide* resident of this precinct and a
 51 legal voter therein. These facts I know of my own personal knowledge.

§ 45. If at any time during the election any qualified elector shall make

2 affidavit before the inspector that any person who has voted is an illegal
3 voter in such precinct, the person accused shall at once be arrested by the
4 election sheriffs and by them delivered to the civil authorities. Immedi-
5 ately after the close of the election the inspector shall deliver such affidavit
6 to some justice of the peace in the township, who shall proceed thereon
7 as if the affidavit had been made before him.

§ 46. Whoever shall knowingly or wilfully make a false affidavit, under
2 any of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

§ 47. No person entitled to vote at any general, national, State or
2 county election, shall be employed upon the day on which such election
3 shall be held in any manufacturing, mining, mechanical or mercantile estab-
4 lishment, or any railroad corporation in this State during the period of
5 four hours after the opening of any election in the county in which such
6 person is entitled to vote, except as to works of necessity, in which works
7 of necessity every employe shall be given some period of four hours between
8 the opening and the closing of the polls on said day, and any county court
9 may enforce the provisions of this section in term time or in vacation by
10 mandate or otherwise, upon the application of any voter. Every officer of
11 any corporation, owner, superintendent, overseer or foreman who employs or
12 permits to be employed any person in violation of this section, shall be
13 guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not less than fifty nor more than five
14 hundred dollars.

§ 48. When a voter shall have been passed by the challengers, or shall
2 have been sworn in, he shall be admitted to the election room: *Provided*,
3 *however*, that not more than three voters shall be allowed in the room at
4 one time. On entering the room the voter shall announce his name to the
5 poll clerks, who shall register it. One of the clerks shall then deliver to
6 him one ballot, and both poll clerks, on request, shall give explanation of
7 the manner of voting; if deemed necessary by unanimous consent of the
8 board, an interpreter may be called. The voter shall then, and without

9 leaving the room, go alone into any of the booths which may be unoccu-
10 pied, and indicate the candidates for whom he desires to vote by making a
11 cross mark (x) in the square immediately preceding their names, and indi-
12 cate his preference on any question of constitutional amendments or other
13 special matter in like manner. Before leaving the booth or compartment,
14 the voter shall fold his ballot in the same manner in which he received it,
15 so that no part of the face thereof shall be exposed, and so that the official
16 signature of the board of election commissioners shall appear on the out-
17 side thereof, and on leaving the booth or compartment shall deliver the
18 ballot to the inspector, or to the judge who may temporarily be authorized
19 to act for him, who shall forthwith, in the presence of the voter and of
20 the election board, number and deposit the same in ballot box and the
21 word "voted" after the name of voter on the poll lists: *Provided, however,*
22 *that if any elector shall show his ballot or any part thereof to any other*
23 *person, after the same shall have been marked, so as to disclose any of the*
24 *candidates voted for, such ballot shall not be deposited in the ballot box.*
25 *A minute of such occurrence shall be made on the poll list, and such per-*
26 *son shall not be allowed to vote thereafter. The voter shall then leave the*
27 *room, but no voter to whom a ballot has been delivered shall be permitted*
28 *to leave the room without voting the ballot or returning it to the poll*
29 *clerks. Any voter who shall attempt to leave the room with a ballot in*
30 *his possession shall be at once arrested on demand of any member of the*
31 *election board.*

§ 49. Not more than one person shall be permitted to occupy any booth
2 at one time, and no person shall remain in or occupy a booth longer than
3 may be necessary to prepare his ballot, and in no event longer than five
4 minutes. Not more than three persons other than the election officers shall
5 be permitted to enter or be in the election room at any one time, and no
6 voter or person offering to vote, shall hold any conversation or communica-
7 tion with any other person than a member of the election board while in

8 the election room.

§ 50. Any person who shall by accident or mistake spoil, deface or mutilate his ballot, may, on returning the same to the poll clerks and satisfying them that such spoiling, defacing or mutilation was not intentional, receive another in place thereof, and such clerks shall make a minute of the fact at the time, and the mutilated ballot shall then be destroyed by the elector in the presence of the board.

§ 51. Any elector who declares that by reason of physical disability or inability to read the English language, he is unable to make his ballot, may declare his choice of candidates to the poll clerks, who in the presence of the elector and in the presence of each other, shall prepare the ballots for voting in the manner hereinbefore provided, and on request shall read over to such elector the names of the candidates as marked. Anyone making a false declaration under the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five dollars and be disfranchised for a period of five years, and any poll clerk or poll clerks who shall deceive any elector in selecting or marking any ballot, or mark the same in any other way than as requested by said elector, shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than two nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than five years.

§ 52. No inspector of election or judge acting for an inspector shall deposit any ballot upon which appears externally any distinguishing mark, defacement or mutilation.

§ 53. Any person who shall remove or attempt to remove a ballot from the election room, or having in his possession outside the election room any ballot, either genuine or counterfeit, during the election, shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

7 In voting for Representatives in the General Assembly, if the voter in-
 8 tends to give more than one vote to any candidate, he shall make an x in
 9 the place provided for that purpose, opposite the name of the candidate for
 10 whom he intends to vote, and place to the left of said mark in figures the
 11 number of votes he intends to give such candidate. If no number is made
 12 by the voter opposite the name of a candidate for the General Assembly,
 13 but one vote shall be counted for such candidate. For example: A B, of
 14 Decatur, x; C D, of Lincoln, x; E F, of Macon, x, shall mean one vote
 15 each for A B, C D and E F; and A B, of Decatur, $1\frac{1}{2}$ x; C D, of Lincoln,
 16 $1\frac{1}{2}$ x, shall mean one and one-half votes for A B and C D; and A B, of
 17 Decatur, x; C D, of Lincoln, 2 x, shall mean one vote for A B and two
 18 votes for C D; and A B, of Decatur, 3 x, shall mean three votes for A B.

19 After the opening of the polls no adjournment shall be had, nor shall
 20 any recess be taken until all the votes cast at such election shall have been
 21 counted and the result publicly announced. During the balloting the in-
 22 spector and judges of election may interchange duties as their convenience
 23 may require, and any one of the judges may relieve one of the clerks, but
 24 in no case shall two of the judges be acting as clerks of election at the same
 25 time. After the polls have been closed the judges of election shall allow in
 26 the polling place at least one and not more than two legal voters of the
 27 precinct or district, each of the three principal parties contesting at the
 28 election to be chosen by the parties respectively to watch the canvassing
 29 and counting of the ballots and the making up of the returns of the elec-
 30 tion, and such persons may remain with the election judges and clerks un-
 31 til the votes are all canvassed, the election returns made up and the result
 32 declared. No ballot shall be removed from the ballot box in any precinct
 33 or district while the polls are open, and the ballot box shall not be opened
 34 except that in order to make room for the deposit of all ballots, the pre-
 35 siding judge of election may, in the presence of all the election officers,
 36 open the box and pack and press down the ballots therein. The judges of

election shall then in an open and public manner proceed to count the votes. The ballots shall be kept in open view after being taken from the box until they are placed on a string and sealed up as hereafter required. The judges shall first ascertain whether two or more ballots are folded together so as to appear to have been cast by the same person. If so, and one or more of such ballots does not appear to have the name of any voter written upon it, or them, such ballots shall be laid aside, and the one upon which the name of a voter is written shall be returned to the ballots cast. The ballots shall then be counted one by one, and if the remaining ballots shall be found to exceed the number of persons who voted, the judges shall take out the ballots, if any, upon which no name of a voter is written and lay them aside; if the number of ballots still exceed the number of persons who voted, the judges shall take out the ballots, if any, upon which no number is marked by the inspector of elections. If the number of ballots still exceeds the number of persons who voted, the ballots shall be replaced in the ballot box and one of the judges shall openly withdraw from the ballot box a number of ballots equal to the excess of the ballots in the box over the number of persons who voted. The ballots so laid aside and those withdrawn from the box shall then be carefully sealed up in a package and marked and directed as the ballots that are counted are sealed, marked and directed. The board of election officers shall then proceed to count the remaining votes, and when the judges of election shall open and read ballots each clerk shall carefully and correctly mark down upon the tally lists the votes each candidate has received in a separate column prepared for that purpose with the name of such candidate at the head of such column and the office designated by the votes such candidate shall fill. The votes shall be canvassed in the room or place where the election is held, and the judges shall not allow the ballot box, or any of the ballots, or either of the poll lists, or either of the tally papers to be removed or carried away from such room or place until the canvass of the votes is completed and the

67 returns carefully enveloped and sealed up as provided by law. Whenever
 68 any proposition or question is submitted to a vote of the people, the votes
 69 for and against such proposition shall be counted, canvassed and returned
 70 in the same manner as the votes for candidates for an office and the clerks
 71 keeping the poll lists and tally sheets shall carefully and correctly set
 72 down all the votes for and against the proposition or question, as well as
 73 the number of votes which are blank upon the question. The total number
 74 of ballots cast, the names of the persons voted for, the number of votes
 75 received for each person, and the title of the office for which he has been
 76 nominated, together with the number of blank votes, for each office shall
 77 be entered in words at length in the poll lists, such entry to be made as
 78 nearly as circumstances will admit, in the following form to-wit:

79 At an election held at in, in the county of and State
 80 of Illinois on the .. day of, in the year of our Lord, one thousand
 81 eight hundred and .., the following named persons received the number of
 82 votes annexed to their respective names for the following described offices,
 83 to-wit: (name of candidate) had (number of votes) for (title of office), (and
 84 in the same manner for any other person voted for). Certified by us.

85	Attest:	K L. }		A B. }
86		G H. }	Clerks of Election.	C D. }
				E F. }

87 All the ballots counted by the judges of election shall, after being read
 88 be strung upon a strong thread or twine, in the order in which they have
 89 been read, and shall then be carefully enveloped and sealed up by the
 90 judges, who shall direct the same to the officers to whom by law they are
 91 required to return the poll books, and shall be delivered, together with the
 92 poll books, to such officer, who shall carefully preserve said ballots for six
 93 months, and at the expiration of that time shall destroy them by burning
 94 without the package being previously opened: *Provided*, if any contest of
 95 election shall be pending at such time, in which such ballots may be re-
 96 quired as evidence, the same shall not be destroyed till such contest is

97 finally determined. In all cases of contested elections the parties contest-
98 ing the same shall have the right to have the said package of ballots
99 opened and said ballots referred to by witnesses for the purpose of such
100 contest. But said ballots shall only be so examined and referred to in the
101 presence of the officer having the custody thereof. The judges and clerks
102 of election shall each and all sign each page of such poll lists at the bot-
103 tom and each page of each tally sheet at the bottom in addition to sign-
104 ing the certificate to the tally lists, and after all the poll lists and tally
105 sheets and certificates have been properly signed, one of such poll lists
106 and one of such tally lists shall be sealed up together in each of their dif-
107 ferent packages or envelopes and fastened with sealing wax or other ad-
108 hesive materials. Each of the judges shall in a separate place write his
109 name across the flaps of each envelope or place where the package could
110 be opened without mutilation; and one of the lists of voters with such
111 certificate written thereon, and one of the tally papers footed up so as to
112 show the correct number of votes cast for each person voted for, shall be
113 carefully enveloped and sealed up and put into the hands of one of the
114 judges of election, who shall within two days thereafter deliver the same
115 to the county clerk, or his deputy, at the office of said county
116 clerk, who shall safely keep the same. Another of the lists of voters, with
117 such certificate written thereon, and another of the tally paper footed up
118 as aforesaid, shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up, and together with
119 the mutilated or defaced ballots returned by voters to the ballot clerks
120 and the ballots registered by the judges from the ballot box before com-
121 mencing to count the votes for candidates, and the ballots on a string
122 which have been counted and canvassed by the election officers for the
123 various candidates, and any ballots which have been entirely rejected by
124 the judges in making the count of the votes shall be put into the ballot
125 box and the ballot box shall be carefully closed and locked and the keys
126 withdrawn from the locks. The judges of election shall then write their

127 names on a paper and paste the same over the orifice in the ballot box
128 where the ballots entered, and the inspector of elections shall write the
129 initials of his name on another paper and paste the same over the key-
130 holes in the locks on the ballot box in such a manner that if an opening
131 was made into either the orifice or the keyhole the writing on such paper
132 would be in whole or in part defaced. In counties under township organ-
133 ization the ballot box shall then be returned to the town clerk, there to
134 remain until another election; and in counties not under township organ-
135 ization such ballot box shall remain with and be kept by the inspector of
136 election. Before being placed in the ballot box the mutilated and defaced
137 ballots returned to the poll clerks shall be carefully counted by such
138 clerks and carefully sealed up and a certificate made on the back of the
139 package stating the contents thereof and the number of such ballots, and
140 the like action shall be taken with the ballots rejected before counting the
141 ballots, the ballots counted and the ballots rejected during the counting,
142 each being sealed up in separate packages and each package endorsed by
143 the judges of election as other election returns. The ballot clerks shall
144 carefully count the ballots delivered to them by the presiding judge of
145 election, which remain in their hands at the close of the polls unused, and
146 seal the same up and make a certificate on the sealed package, stating the
147 contents thereof, and the number unused, and sign the same and deliver
148 the said package to the judge of election who carries the returns to the
149 county clerk, and such judge shall deliver the said package to the county
150 clerk and take his receipt therefor.

151 Before any of the returns are sealed up, as by this act required, the
152 judges shall carefully compare the poll lists, tally lists and returns,
153 and see that they are correct and duplicates of each other, and certify to
154 the correctness of the same. The inspector, judges and clerks of election
155 for the time spent by them in their business in holding an election
156 and counting and canvassing the votes and making the returns, shall each

157 receive two dollars per day for their services, and the inspector of elec-
158 tions shall receive two dollars in addition for the extra services required
159 of him, and the judge who carries the said returns to the county clerk
160 shall also receive five cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled by
161 him in carrying said returns and returning to his home; all such sums
162 shall be paid out of the county treasury on the order of the county board.

§ 54. Any person who shall (1) falsely make or fraudulently deface or
2 fraudulently destroy any certificate or petition of nomination, or any part
3 thereof; (2) file any certificate or petition of nomination, knowing the same,
4 or any part thereof, to be falsely made; or (3) suppress any petition or cer-
5 tificate of nomination which has been duly filed, or any part thereof; or (4)
6 forge or falsely make the official indorsement of any ballot; or (5) print or
7 cause to be printed, any imitation ballot, or circulate the same; or (6) con-
8 spire with others to do any of said acts, or induce or attempt to induce,
9 any other person to do any of said acts, whether or not said acts or any of
10 them, be committed, or attempted to be committed, shall be deemed guilty
11 of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprison-
12 ment in the State Penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years,
13 and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 55. Any clerk, inspector, or other messenger entrusted with the custody
2 of ballots who shall open any of the packages in which the ballots are con-
3 tained, or permit any of them to be opened, or destroy any of such ballots
4 or permit them to be destroyed; or give or deliver any such packages or
5 ballots to any person not lawfully entitled to receive them, as herein pro-
6 vided; or conspire to procure, or in any way aid, abet or connive at any
7 robbery, loss or destruction of any such ballots or packages, shall be guilty
8 of a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the
9 State prison for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
10 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 56. If any person not herein authorized so to do shall enter or attempt

2 to enter the election room, or enter or attempt to enter within the railing
3 leading from the challenge window to the entrance of the election room
4 without first having been passed by the challengers, or having been sworn
5 in as hereinbefore provided, or shall remain within twenty-five feet of the
6 polling place, contrary to the provisions hereinbefore made he shall be
7 guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be fined not more than
8 five hundred dollars.

§ 57. If any person shall induce, or attempt to induce, any elector, to
2 write, paste, or otherwise place on his ballot the name of any person or any
3 sign or device of any kind as a distinguishing mark by which to indicate to
4 any other person how such elector has voted, or shall enter into or attempt
5 to form any agreement or conspiracy with any other person to induce or
6 attempt to induce electors, or any elector, to so place any distinguishing
7 name or mark on his ballot whether or not said act be committed or at-
8 tempted to be committed, such persons so offending shall be guilty of
9 felony, and, upon conviction, be imprisoned not more than five nor less than
10 two years in the State prison.

§ 58. If any person being a member of an election board or otherwise en-
2 titled to (the) inspection of the ballots, shall reveal to any other person
3 how any elector has voted, or what other candidates were voted for on any
4 ballot bearing a name not printed thereon by the board of election com-
5 missioners, or give any information concerning the appearance of any ballot
6 voted, such persons so offending shall be guilty of a felony, and on con-
7 viction, shall be imprisoned not less than two years nor more than five years
8 in the State's prison, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not
9 less than ten years.

§ 59. If any person shall induce or attempt to induce any member of an
2 election board to violate any of the provisions of this act, whether or not
3 such member of the election board shall violate or attempt to violate any
4 of the provisions of this act, such person so offending shall be guilty of a

5 felony, and, on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the State's prison not less
6 than two years nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any
7 determinate period, not less than ten years. It shall be the duty of each
8 inspector to distinctly read this and the preceding section to the election
9 board at the opening of the polls, and each member thereof shall thereupon
10 take an oath that he has not violated and will not violate the provisions
11 of said section.

§ 60. Any person who shall, during the election, remove or destroy any
2 of the supplies or other conveniences placed in the booths as aforesaid, or
3 delivered to the voter for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his
4 ballot, or shall during any election remove, tear down or deface the cards
5 printed for the instruction of the voters, or shall during an election, destroy,
6 or remove any booth, railing or other convenience provided for such elec-
7 tion, or shall induce or attempt to induce any person to commit any of such
8 acts, whether or not any of such acts are committed or attempted to be
9 committed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be
10 punished by imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one
11 year, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
12 years.

§ 61. No officer of election shall disclose to any person the name of any
2 candidate for whom any elector has voted. No officer of election shall do
3 any electioneering on election day. No person whatever shall do any
4 electioneering on election day within any polling place or within twenty-
5 five feet of any polling place. No person shall apply for or receive any
6 ballot in any polling place other than that in which he is entitled to vote.
7 No person shall show his ballot after it is marked to any person in such a
8 way as to reveal the contents thereof, or the name of any candidate or
9 candidates for whom he has marked his vote; nor shall any person examine
10 a ballot which any elector has prepared for voting or solicit the elector to
11 show the same. No person except the inspector of election, or judge who

12 may be temporarily acting for him, shall receive from any voter a ballot
13 prepared by him for voting. No voter shall receive a ballot from any person
14 other than one of the poll clerks; nor shall any person other than a poll
15 clerk deliver a ballot to an inspector to be voted. No voter shall deliver
16 any ballot to an inspector to be voted, except the one he receives from the
17 poll clerk. No voter shall place any mark upon his ballot, or suffer or
18 permit any other person to do so, by which it may be afterwards identified
19 as the one voted by him. Whoever shall violate any provision of this sec-
20 tion shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and on conviction shall be punished
21 by imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one year, and
22 by fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred
23 dollars, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
24 years.

§ 62. Any public officer, upon whom any duty is imposed by this act,
2 who shall wilfully neglect or omit to perform such duties, or do any act
3 prohibited herein for which punishment is not otherwise provided herein,
4 shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by
5 imprisonment in the State prison for not less than six months nor more
6 than three years, or by fine of not more than three thousand dollars, or by
7 both such fine and imprisonment, and be disfranchised for any determinate
8 period not less than ten years.

§ 63. Whenever any constitutional amendment or other question is re-
2 quired by law to be submitted to popular vote, if all the electors of the
3 State are entitled to vote on such question, the county board of election
4 commissioners shall cause a brief statement of the same to be printed on
5 the ballots, and the words "yes" and "no" under the same, so that the
6 elector may indicate his preference by marking at the place designated in
7 front of either word. If the question is required by law to be voted on by
8 the electors of any district or division of the State, the board or boards of
9 election commissioners of the county or counties, including or included in

10 such division or district, shall cause similar provision to be made on the
11 local ballots. In case any elector shall not indicate his preference by mark-
12 ing in front of either word the ballot as to such question shall be void and
13 shall not be counted.

§ 64. All affidavits provided in this act to be used on the day of election
2 at the several polling places shall at the close of the count be placed in a
3 strong paper bag or envelope by the election board, and securely sealed by
4 them, each member endorsing his name on the back of such bag or envelope.
5 Such bag or envelope shall be delivered within three days after the election
6 by the inspector to the clerk of the county court of the county, whose duty
7 it shall be to carefully preserve the same, and deliver it, with the seal un-
8 broken, to the foreman of the grand jury when next in session. It shall
9 be the duty of such grand jury to inquire into the truth or falsity of such
10 affidavits.

§ 65. When any county holds an election at a time other than the time
2 of a general election such election shall be held in conformity with the
3 provisions of this act.

§ 66. All election days shall be legal holidays throughout the district or
2 municipality in which the election is held.

§ 67. All acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled, "An act to establish a board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled,
3 "An act to establish a board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners,
4 and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force
5 July 1, 1871, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That there shall be elected at the general election, to be held
2 in the several precincts and counties of this State, on the Tuesday next
3 after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand
4 eight hundred and ninety-two, and at each general election every two years
5 thereafter, three commissioners, to be known as the "Railroad and Ware-
6 house Commissioners," who shall hold their offices for two years, and until
7 their successors are elected and qualified.

Section 2. No person shall be qualified as such commissioner who is at
2 the time of his election in any way connected with any railroad company
3 or warehouse, or who is directly or indirectly interested in any stock, bond,

4 or other property of, or is in the employment of any railroad company or
5 warehouseman; and no person elected as such commissioner shall during
6 the term of his office become interested in any stock, bond or other property
7 of any railroad company or warehouse, or in any manner be employed by
8 or connected with any railroad company or warehouse.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 53.

Amendments to House Bill No. 53, adopted by the House of Representatives,
February 25, 1891; ordered printed February 25, 1891.

Mr. Green, from the Committee on Elections, begs leave to make the following report:

To the Honorable, the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

The Committee on Elections, to whom was referred House bill No. 53 being a bill for an act to amend sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1 1871, respectfully beg leave to report the same back with amendments thereto.

1. Amend by striking out the words, "and at each general election every
2 two years thereafter," in lines four (4) and five (5) of section one (1) in
3 printed bill.

4 2. Amend by striking out all of said section one (1) after the word
5 "commissioners," in the sixth (6th) line of said section and substituting
6 therefor the following: "One of whom shall hold his office for the term of
7 two years, one for the term of four years, and one for the term of six years from the
8 first day of January, A. D., 1893, and a successor to each of said commissioners
9 shall be elected at the general election to be held in the State next preceding the
10 expiration of his term of office, who shall hold his office for the term of six years

11 and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. At the first meeting
12 of the commissioners first elected as above provided, they shall draw lots for
13 their respective terms of office for two, four and six years."

14 3. Amend by striking out the word "qualified" and substitute therefor
15 the word "eligible" in line one (1) of section two (2) in the printed bill.

16 4. Amend by adding after the word "warehouse" in line eight (8) of sec-
17 tion two (2) the words "or be actively engaged in any other business or oc-
18 cupation."

19 5. Amend by striking out the word "election" in line 2 of section 2 and
20 insert the words "entering upon the duties of his office."

21 And recommend that the amendments be adopted and that the bill as
22 amended do pass.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.
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A BILL

For an act concerning elections and nominating conventions, to maintain political purity, and prescribing the punishment for any violation thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That any person being a candidate for nomination to any office of profit or trust under the constitution or laws of this State, or of the United States, before any convention held by any political party, or at any primary election, who loans, pays or gives, or promises to loan, pay or give, any money or other thing of value to any delegate or elector, or any other person, for the purpose of securing the vote or influence of such delegate, elector or person for his nomination, and whoever hires or otherwise employs for consideration any person to work for the nomination of any person to any office, or to work for the selection of any delegate to be chosen at any party convention or primary election, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not more than five hundred dollars, and disfranchised and rendered incapable of holding any office of profit or trust within this State for any determinate period, and if nominated shall be ineligible to hold such office.

§ 2. Whoever, being a candidate for any office, loans or gives, directly or indirectly, or offers or promises to loan or give any money or other thing of value to any elector for the purpose of influencing or retaining the vote of such elector, or to induce such elector to work or labor for the election of

5 such candidate, or to refrain from working or laboring for the election of
 6 any other candidate, or to any person, to secure or to retain the influence
 7 or vote of such elector in his behalf as such candidate, or to be used by
 8 such person in any way to influence the vote of any elector, or of electors
 9 generally, for himself or any candidate or ticket, and whoever hires or
 10 otherwise employs for consideration any person to work at the polls on
 11 election day for the election of any candidate to be voted for at such elec-
 12 tion, shall be fined in any sum not more than one thousand nor less than
 13 three hundred dollars, and shall be disfranchised and rendered incapable
 14 of holding any office of profit or trust within this State for any determin-
 15 ate period, and a violation of any provision of this section by any person
 16 elected to such office shall render his election void, and if he has taken the
 17 office, upon conviction shall operate as a vacation of the same.

§ 3. That any person who shall give or offer to give, directly or indi-
 2 rectly, any money, property or other thing of value, to any elector to in-
 3 fluence his vote at any regular election held in this State pursuant to law,
 4 or who shall, at any such election, solicit, furnish or receive any money or
 5 other means for such purpose, or who shall aid, advise, counsel or suggest
 6 to any person, or to persons generally, to use or procure any money or
 7 other means to be used to induce, hire, or buy any person or persons to
 8 vote or refrain from voting for any candidate or candidates or to remain
 9 away from the polls at any election, whether or not any such person shall
 10 act or attempt to act upon any such counsel, advice or suggestion, shall be
 11 guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any
 12 sum not less than twenty-five dollars and not more than one hundred dol-
 13 lars, and imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten days nor more
 14 than six months, and disfranchised and rendered incapable of holding any
 15 office of trust or profit for any determinate period not less than ten years,
 16 or imprisoned in the State's prison at hard labor not less than one nor

17 more than five years, and disfranchised and rendered incapable of holding
18 any office of profit or trust for the period aforesaid.

§ 4. That any person who shall, directly or indirectly, give, offer or promise to give to any elector any money, property or other thing of value for the purpose of preventing, influencing, inducing or procuring such elector to refrain from voting or to remain away from the polls at any election held under the laws of this State, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars or more than five hundred dollars, and disfranchised and rendered incapable of holding any office of trust or profit for any determinate period not less than ten years, to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail for any period not to exceed six months.

§ 5. At any election held under and pursuant to any law of this State, it shall be a ground of challenge that any person offering to vote has used or attempted to use money or other means to buy, hire or induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate or candidates, or has advised, counseled or suggested bribery of any elector or electors at any such election, whether the same has been acted on or not; or has sold or offered to sell his vote for any candidate or candidates, at any such election. And when so challenged, such elector shall not be permitted to vote until he has taken and subscribed the following:

10 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
11 COUNTY. } ss.

12 I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have not used or
13 attempted to use any money or other means to buy, hire or induce any
14 person or persons to vote or refrain from voting, or to remain away from
15 the polls at this election; and that I have not counseled, advised, suggested
16 or procured any person or persons to bribe any elector or electors to vote
17 for any candidate or candidates, or to refrain from voting, or to remain
18 away from the polls at this election, and that I have not sold or offered to

19 sell my vote, either directly or indirectly, or solicited, received or offered to
 20 receive any money or other thing of value for my vote at this election.

21 Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 18..

22

.....

§ 6. Whoever shall willfully or knowingly make a false affidavit under
 2 this act shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. All affidavits
 3 made under the preceding sections shall be filed with the board of election
 4 and preserved by such board in the manner as other similar affidavits and
 5 papers are preserved.

§ 7. Any person not duly authorized by law who shall, during the pro-
 2 gress of any election in this State, or after the closing of the polls and
 3 before the ballots are counted and result ascertained, or within six months
 4 thereafter, break open or violate the seals or locks of any ballot-box, paper
 5 envelope or bag in which ballots have been deposited at or after such elec-
 6 tion, or who shall obtain possession of such ballot box, paper envelope or
 7 bag containing such ballots, and cancel, withhold or destroy the same, or
 8 who shall fraudulently or forcibly add to or diminish the number of ballots
 9 legally deposited therein, or who shall fraudulently make any erasure or
 10 alteration of any kind upon any tally-sheet, poll-book, list of voters or elec-
 11 tion return deposited therein, shall be fined in any sum not more than one
 12 thousand nor less than five hundred dollars, and imprisoned in the State
 13 prison not more than ten nor less than two years, and disfranchised and
 14 rendered incapable of holding any office of profit or trust in this State for
 15 any determinate period.

§ 8. All acts, or parts of acts, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Partridge, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to revise the law relating to the commitment and detention of
Lunatics.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the word insane, in this act, shall be construed to mean any person who, by reason of unsoundness of mind, is incapable of managing and caring for his own estate, or is dangerous to himself or others if permitted to go at large, or is in such condition of mind or body as to be a fit subject for care and treatment in a hospital or asylum for the insane: *Provided,* that no person idiotic from birth, or whose mental development was arrested by disease or physical injury occurring prior to the age of puberty, and no person who is afflicted with simple epilepsy shall be regarded as insane, unless the manifestation of abnormal excitability, violence or homicidal or suicidal impulses are such as to render his confinement in a hospital or asylum for the insane a proper precaution to prevent him from injuring himself or others.

§ 2. Except as hereinafter provided, from and after the passage of this act, no insane person, or person supposed to be insane, but who shall not have been legally adjudged to be insane, shall, by reason of his insanity or supposed insanity, be restrained of his liberty: *Provided,* that this section shall not be construed to forbid the temporary detention of an alleged

6 lunatic, for a reasonable time, not exceeding ten days, pending a judicial
7 investigation of his mental condition.

§ 3. When any person shall be, or be supposed to be, insane, any reputa-
2 ble citizen of the county in which such patient resides or is found, may file
3 with the clerk of the county court of said county a statement, in writing,
4 under oath, setting forth that the person named is insane and unsafe to be
5 at large, or suffering under mental derangement, and that the welfare of
6 himself or others requires his restraint or commitment to some hospital or
7 asylum for the insane; the said statement must be accompanied by the
8 names of the witnesses (one of whom at least must be a physician having
9 personal knowledge of the case), by whom the truth of the allegations
10 therein contained may be substantiated and proved.

§ 4. Upon the filing of the statement aforesaid, unless the person alleged
2 to be insane shall be brought before the court without a writ, or unless an
3 affidavit of some credible person shall be filed setting forth that, in the
4 opinion of the affiant, the physical or mental condition of the said person is
5 such, stating the same, as to render it manifestly improper that he be brought
6 before the court, the judge of the county shall direct the clerk to issue a
7 writ, directed to the sheriff or to any constable or to the person having cus-
8 tody or charge of the person alleged to be insane, commanding him to be
9 brought before the court at such time and place as the judge may appoint
10 for the hearing and determining of the matter; and in no case shall such
11 hearing take place until the person alleged to be insane shall have been
12 notified as the court shall direct.

§ 5. Inquests in lunacy shall be by jury or by commission, at the discre-
2 tion of the court: *Provided*, that such inquests shall always be by jury
3 when a jury shall be demanded by the person alleged to be insane or by
4 any person acting in his interest.

§ 6. Where no jury is demanded and the circumstances of the case are
2 such that there appears to the judge to be no occasion for the impaneling

§ of a jury, or that a trial by jury would for any reason be inexpedient or
improper, the judge shall appoint a commission of two qualified physicians,
to be chosen by himself, on account of their known competency and integ-
rity, who shall make a personal examination of the patient and file with the
clerk of the court a report, in writing, verified by affidavit, of the result of
their inquiries, together with their conclusions and recommendations. The
commissioners herein provided for shall have power to administer oaths and
take sworn testimony.

§ 7. In all cases of inquest by jury, one of the jurors, at least, must be
a qualified physician, and the proceedings shall conform, in all respects, as
nearly as may be, to the ordinary practice of the county court. The rights
of the person whose mental condition is inquired into shall be the same as
those of any defendant in a civil suit.

§ 8. Inquests in lunacy may be in open court, or in chambers, or at the
home of the person alleged to be insane, at the discretion of the court; the
judge shall have the right to be present and preside at such inquest, and
to have the patient brought before him, or to make a personal examination
of the patient at the patient's residence, as may be most convenient,
humane and proper; but, in case of inquest by jury, the judge shall pre-
side, and the presence of the patient shall be indispensable, and no pro-
ceedings can be had in his absence. The judge shall require all persons
other than the patient, his friends, witnesses, and counsel, to withdraw from
the court room during such inquest.

§ 9. The medical member or members of the jury or commission, as the
case may be, shall furnish to the court, in writing, answers to such inter-
rogatories as may be contained in a form to be prescribed by the State
Commissioners of Public Charities, and shall certify that the same are cor-
rect, to the best of their knowledge and belief.

§ 10. The court may, if not satisfied with the finding of the jury or

2 commission, set the same aside, and dismiss the proceedings or order an-
3 other inquest.

§ 11. Upon the return of the finding of the jury or commission, the court
2 shall cause the same to be recorded at large, and shall enter the proper
3 order for the disposition of the person alleged to be insane; such order
4 may discharge the patient, with or without conditions, or remand him to
5 the custody of his friends, or commit him to some hospital or asylum for
6 the insane, public or private, or to a county insane asylum or insane de-
7 partment of a county alms house, within the limits of this State. But
8 whatever order may be made in the case shall stand and continue to be
9 binding upon all persons whom it may concern, until rescinded, reversed,
10 or otherwise legally superseded or set aside.

§ 12. If any person alleged to be insane, whose mental condition shall
2 be sought to be determined under the provisions of this act, shall be pos-
3 sessed of any estate, real or personal, it shall be lawful for the person fil-
4 ing an application for an inquest in lunacy in his case to make at the same
5 time application for the appointment of a conservator of such alleged
6 lunatic, and it shall be lawful for the court, if the said alleged lunatic
7 shall be adjudged to be insane, to make an appointment of a conservator,
8 upon the said judgment, subject to all the provisions contained in chapter
9 86 of the Revised Statutes, entitled: "Lunatics, idiots, drunkards and
10 spendthrifts." And every note, bill, bond, or other contract by any person
11 adjudged to be insane under the provisions of this act shall be void as
12 against the said lunatic and his estate; but the person making any contract
13 with such lunatic shall be bound thereby.

§ 13. Jurisdiction over the persons of insane persons not charged with
2 crime is vested exclusively in the county courts.

§ 14. Each county judge shall keep a separate docket of proceedings in
2 inquisitions of lunacy, upon which shall be made such entries as will, to-
3 gether with the papers filed, preserve a perfect record of each case. The

4 original statements and applications for inquest, writs and returns made
5 hereto, and reports of commissions or verdicts of juries, shall be filed with
6 the clerk of the court, and a copy of the finding, whether the person
7 alleged to be insane be found to be insane or sane, and, if found to be in-
8 sane, a copy of the medical certificate also shall be in each case furnished
9 to the State Commissioners of Public Charities.

§ 15. All insane persons admitted to any State hospital or asylum for the
2 insane, shall be maintained and treated, while in the institution, at the
3 expense of the State; but the cost of clothing, transportation, and other
4 incidental expenses not constituting any part of the maintenance or treat-
5 ment, shall be defrayed at their own expense, or that of their friends, or
6 that of the county from which they were admitted.

§ 16. It shall be the duty of the county judge, at the time of each inquest
2 in lunacy held in his court, to inquire into the pecuniary condition of the
3 person alleged to be insane and that of the relatives who are bound by law to
4 maintain him. Patients committed to any State hospital or asylum for the
5 insane shall be designated as private or county patients. Private patients
6 are such as are of sufficient pecuniary ability to pay for their own clothing
7 and incidental expenses while in the institution, and all others shall be entered
8 upon the docket as county patients.

§ 17. Upon the entry of an order of commitment of any insane person to
2 a hospital or asylum for the insane, the clerk of the county court shall
3 make application, to the superintendent of the institution to which such
4 insane person is ordered to be committed, for his admission, and shall send
5 with the said application a copy of the finding of the jury or commission,
6 and of the medical certificate provided for in section 9 of this act. The
7 superintendent of any State hospital or asylum for the insane, upon re-
8 ceiving any such application, shall immediately inform the clerk whether
9 the patient can be received, and, if so, at what time; and if not, he shall

10 state the reason why, whereupon the judge may enter any new order in
11 the case which may be requisite and proper.

§ 18. For the conveyance of any patient to a hospital or asylum for the
2 insane, the clerk shall issue a warrant, in duplicate, directed to the sheriff
3 or any suitable person, preferring some relative of the insane person, when
4 desired, commanding him to apprehend such insane person and deliver him
5 to the superintendent. When necessary, the clerk may authorize the em-
6 ployment of one or more assistants; but no female patient shall thus be
7 taken to the hospital or asylum by any person not her husband, father,
8 brother or son, without the attendance of some other female of reputable
9 character and mature age. Upon receiving the patient, the superintendent
10 shall indorse upon the warrant his receipt, naming the person or persons
11 from whom the patient was received, and one copy of the warrant, so in-
12 dorsed, shall be returned to the clerk, to be filed with the other papers re-
13 lating to the case, but the other shall be left with the superintendent, and
14 the person delivering the patient shall indorse thereon that he has so
15 delivered him, and said duplicate warrant shall be evidence of the facts set
16 forth therein and in said indorsement.

§ 19. No private patient shall be received into any State hospital or asy-
2 lum for the insane unless, at or before the time of his admission, there
3 shall have been filed with the superintendent a bond, with two good and
4 sufficient sureties, approved by the county judge, executed to the trustees
5 of the institution, and conditioned that the obligors shall find the patient
6 in suitable and sufficient clothing, while he may remain in the institution,
7 and promptly pay for any articles of clothing furnished or other necessary
8 incidental expenses incurred by the institution on account of said patient,
9 and remove him when required by the trustees; and, in case of failure
10 upon the part of the trustees to recover upon any bond so approved by the
11 county judge, the county shall become liable to the institution for the
12 amount due from the said obligors.

§ 20. Every patient admitted into any public or private hospital or asylum for the insane shall have all reasonable opportunities and facilities for communication with his friends, and shall be permitted to write and send letters, provided they contain nothing of an immoral or personally offensive character; and letters written by any patient to any member of the board of trustees, or of the State Commissioners of Public Charities, or to any State or county official, shall be forwarded unopened.

§ 21. No patient shall be placed in restraint or seclusion, in any hospital or asylum for the insane in the State, except by the order of the physician in charge; all such orders shall be entered upon a record kept for that purpose, which shall show the reason for the order in each case, and which shall be subject to inspection by the State Commissioners of Public Charities.

§ 22. Authority to discharge patients from either of the State institutions for the insane is vested in the trustees, but may be delegated, by a formal vote, to the superintendent, under such regulations as they may see fit to adopt. Discharges may be made for either of the following causes, namely: Because the person adjudged to be insane is not insane, or because he has recovered from the attack of insanity, or because he has so far improved as to be capable of caring for himself, or because the friends of the patient request his discharge, and in the judgment of the superintendent no evil consequence is likely to follow such discharge, or because there is no prospect of further improvement under treatment, and the room occupied by an incurable and harmless patient is needed for the admission of others who are unsafe to be at large or probably curable. Authority is also vested in the trustees to release patients on parole for any term not exceeding three months; and, if not returned to the institution within that period, a new order of commitment from the county judge shall be necessary in order to the readmission of any such paroled patient to the institution: *Provided*, that the court may make such order upon the old verdict, if satisfied that

18 the patient in question is still insane. But no patient who is violent,
 19 dangerous, or more than usually troublesome or filthy, shall be discharged
 20 from any State institution and sent back to any county farm, alms house,
 21 or insane department thereof. And no patient shall be discharged until at
 22 least ten days after notice shall have been given to the judge of the county
 23 court having jurisdiction in the case, in order to enable the said judge to
 24 make some proper order as to the disposition of the said patient, when so
 25 discharged, which order shall be entered of record, and a copy thereof fur-
 26 nished to the superintendent, and to the State Commissioners of Public
 27 Charities.

§ 23. No person shall be discharged from a State hospital or asylum for
 2 the insane without suitable clothing and a sum of money, not exceeding
 3 twenty dollars, sufficient to defray his expenses home, which shall be charged
 4 to the patient, if a private patient, and if a county patient, to the county,
 5 and collected as other debts due the institution are collected.

§ 24. Every person confined as insane shall be entitled to the benefit of
 2 the writ of *habeas corpus*, and the question of insanity shall be decided at
 3 the hearing, and if the judge shall decide that the person is insane, such
 4 decision shall be no bar to the issuing of the writ a second time whenever
 5 it shall be alleged that such a person has been restored to reason.

§ 25. Whenever notice shall have been given to the judge of any county
 2 court that any patient committed to any hospital or asylum in this State,
 3 under the order of said court, has been discharged cured, upon receipt of
 4 such notice signed by the superintendent, the judge shall enter an order re-
 5 storing the patient in question to all his rights as a citizen, and, if a
 6 conservator of his estate shall have been appointed, the said conservator
 7 shall be removed. At any time, subsequent to the discharge of any patient,
 8 the judge of the county court may hear evidence tending to show that said
 9 patient has been restored to reason, and, if satisfied of his recovery, may

10 make and enter a similar order, and thereafter the said patient shall not be
11 liable to be again committed to any hospital or asylum for the insane with-
12 out a new inquest in his case.

§ 26. If any patient shall escape from the hospital it shall be the duty of
2 any sheriff or officer of the peace in any county in which he may be found
3 to apprehend and detain him, and to report the same to the county judge
3 of said county, who shall return him to the institution at the expense of
4 the county from which he was committed.

§ 27. In the event of the sudden or mysterious death of any inmate of
2 any public or private hospital or asylum for the insane, a coroner's inquest
3 shall be held, as provided by law in other cases. Notice of the death of a
4 patient and of the cause thereof, shall, in all cases, be given to the judge
5 of the court having jurisdiction over said patient, and the fact of his death,
6 with the time, place and alleged cause, shall be entered upon the docket.

§ 28. Any person who shall conspire to commit any person to any hospital
2 or asylum for the insane unlawfully or improperly, or any person who shall
3 receive and detain any insane person contrary to the provisions of this act,
4 or any person who shall maltreat any insane person, or any person who shall
5 violate any provision contained in this act, shall be deemed guilty of a mis-
6 demeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not exceeding one
7 thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, at the dis-
8 cretion of the court in which such conviction is had.

§ 29. The costs of proceedings in inquests of lunacy, in case of county
2 patients, shall be defrayed from the county treasury; but in case of private
3 patients, if the person alleged to be insane is found to be insane, it shall be
4 paid by his guardian or conservator or relatives, out of his estate, as the
5 court may direct. In all cases where the person alleged to be insane is
6 found not to be insane, the court may, in its discretion, require that the
7 costs shall be paid by the person who filed the statement provided for in
8 section 3 of this act, and award judgment against him therefor. The fees

9 paid for jury service, attendance of witnesses and execution of legal process
 10 shall be the same which are allowed by law for similar service in other cases.
 11 For services as commissioner to make inquests in lunacy the sum of five
 12 dollars per day, and the actual and necessary traveling expenses, shall be
 13 allowed and paid to each person so employed. But when any person having
 14 a residence in this State shall be adjudged to be insane by the county court
 15 of any county of which he is not a resident, the judge of the county court
 16 in the county in which the said person resides shall be furnished with a
 17 transcript of the record and finding in the case, and thereupon the said
 18 county shall become liable for the cost of proceedings and for the cost of
 19 clothing, transportation and other incidental expenses of such patient while
 20 in the institution.

§ 30. Nothing in this act shall be construed to apply to insane persons,
 2 or persons supposed to be insane, who are in custody on a criminal charge.

§ 31. Insane convicts in the State penitentiaries may be committed to the
 2 asylum for insane criminals, without formal inquest, on the certificate of
 3 the penitentiary physician.

§ 32. Insane persons not residents of this State shall not be received or
 2 detained in any private institution for the insane of this State unless com-
 3 mitted thereto in accordance with the laws of the State or territory of which
 4 they are residents, or with the laws of this State.

§ 33. The administration and enforcement of the laws relating to the in-
 2 sane of this State and their treatment, in or out of hospitals or asylums for
 3 the insane, is entrusted to the State Commissioners of Public Charities, who
 4 shall have power, from time to time, with the approval of the Governor and
 5 Attorney General, to make rules and regulations on the following matters,
 6 so far as the same are not inconsistent with any laws of this State:

7 1. The licensing of all houses or places in which any person can be law-
 8 fully detained as insane or of unsound mind, and the withdrawal of licenses

9 granted by them, for cause shown, with the approval of the Governor and
10 Attorney General.

11 2. Regulation of the forms to be observed relating to the commitment,
12 transfer of custody and discharge of lunatics not in conflict with the pro-
13 visions of this act.

14 3. The visitation and inspection of all houses or places in which any per-
15 sons are detained as insane and of all persons detained therein.

16 4. Reports and information to be furnished by the managers or trustees
17 and medical superintendents of all houses or places subject to the provisions
18 of this act, and by the boards of auxiliary visitors herein provided for.

19 In case it shall, in the judgment of the State Commissioners of Public
20 Charities, become necessary to institute prosecutions under this act, they are
21 hereby authorized to call upon the Attorney General and upon the district
22 attorneys of the several counties for any aid and assistance which may be
23 requisite, and the said officers are hereby directed and required to render
24 such assistance upon their application.

§ 34. The State Commissioners of Public Charities shall have power to
2 appoint boards of auxiliary visitors of all houses or places licensed under
3 this act, and also of all county alms houses, jails and other houses or places
4 in which any person of unsound mind is or may be detained; one such
5 board shall be appointed in every county in the State, to be composed of
6 not less than three persons, one or more of whom may be women. The
7 board may remove visitors and fill vacancies; at least once a year members
8 who have failed to act for a year past shall be removed. No compensation
9 or allowance for expenses whatever shall be allowed or paid to such
10 visitors. It shall be the duty of any and all persons in charge of each and
11 every alms house or jail, or of any house or place within the county in which
12 any person of unsound mind is detained, to admit any or all of the visitors
13 appointed for said county, into every part of such institution, and to render
14 them every facility within their power, to enable them to make, in a

15 thorough manner, their visit, inspection, and examination, which are hereby
16 declared to be for a public purpose, and to be made with a view to the pub-
17 lic welfare. The boards herein authorized shall make such inspection and
18 report as the State Commissioners of Public Charities may prescribe and
19 require.

§ 35. The State Commissioners of Public Charities shall keep a record of
2 the names of all persons adjudged to be insane, and of the orders respect-
3 ing them by the judges of the county court, copies of which orders shall be
4 furnished by the county clerk, upon their application.

§ 36. The commissioners of State contracts shall cause to be printed, in
2 pamphlet form, a sufficient number of copies of this act, with the orders of
3 the Commissioners of Public Charities, approved by the Governor and
4 Attorney General, and the blank forms of procedure under the act, for the
5 information of county officials and of the public.

§ 37. An act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the com-
2 mitment and detention of lunatics," approved March 21, 1874, and contained
3 in chapter 85 of the Revised Statutes, for which the present act is a substi-
4 tute, and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of
5 this act, are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey of St. Clair, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to repeal an act to amend section 46 of division 1 of an act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence, approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, which was approved June 16, 1887, in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the amendment of section 46 of division 1 of
3 an act to revise the law in relation to the criminal jurisprudence, approved
4 March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, which was approved June 16, 1887, in
5 force July 1, 1887, be and the same is hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey of St. Clair, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, and referred to the Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 41 of the Revised Statutes of 1874 in regard to practice in courts of record.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section forty-one of an act entitled, "An act in regard to the practice in courts of record," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 41. In all cases, in any court of record in this State, if neither party shall demand the case to be tried by a jury, both matters of law and fact may be tried by the court; and upon such trial either party may within such time as the court may require, submit to the court written propositions to be held as law in the decision of the case, upon which the court shall write "refused" or "held," as it shall be of opinion is the law, or modify the same, to which opinion either party may except, and thereupon the court shall render judgment, which shall have the same force and effect as if the same had been tried by the court and jury.

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
361	Feb. 12	Edmunds.....	Act to amend section 6 of act to encourage the propagation and cultivation of fishes in the waters of the State as amended by act approved June 3, 1889.....	Tabled April 16.
362	Feb. 12	Ellsworth	Act to amend act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of deer, wild fowls and birds, providing for the absolute protection of quail for two years and imposing penalty for its violation....	Tabled April 24.
363	Feb. 12	Ellsworth	Act to prohibit the running of slop or other offal of any distillery, brewery, starch factory or glucose factory, and other substance into any stream, creek, lake or pond in the State.....	On second reading.....
364	Feb. 12	Erickson.....	Act to amend section 125 of act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes as amended by act approved June 2, 1881.....	On second reading.....
365	Feb. 12	Faires.....	Act to amend the revenue law.....	Revenue.....
366	Feb. 12	Ferns.....	Act to amend sections 3 and 7 of article 7 of act to revise the law in relation to township organization as amended by act approved June 27, 1885.....	Reported to Senate.....
367	Feb. 12	Frentress.....	Act relating to bonds.....	On second reading.....
368	Feb. 12	Geher.....	Act to amend sections 25 and 26 of chapter 108—penitentiary—so as to read as follows	Tabled May 26.....
369	Feb. 12	Griggs	Act to amend sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 of act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate the practice of dentistry	On third reading
370	Feb. 12	Hutchings.	Act to prevent illegal naturalization ...	Tabled April 24.....
371	Feb. 12	Kern.....	Act to amend section 14 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages	Recommitted to Municipal Corporations
372	Feb. 12	Moore.....	Act to amend section 1 of act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties	Tabled April 24.....
373	Feb. 12	Paddock.....	Act to protect persons and property from danger at the crossings and junctions of railroads by providing a method to compel the interlocking of the same.....	Judiciary.....
374	Feb. 12	Miller	Act to amend section 85 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages	Tabled May 1.....

No.	When Introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
375	Feb. 12	Van Praag.....	Act prescribing the period in each year during which, and the terms under which, racing may take place upon the grounds of associations incorporated under the laws of this state, for the purpose of improving the breed of horses, and suspending the operation of certain sections of the criminal code.....	Tabled April 17.....
376	Feb. 12	Weedon.....	Act to amend section 6 of an act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state of Illinois, exclusive of Cook county, as amended by act approved May 7, 1887.....	Judicial Department and practice.....
377	Feb. 12	Weedon.....	Act to provide for printing and distributing of ballot at public expense and for the nomination of candidates for public offices, and enforce the secrecy of the ballot.....	Elections.....
378	Feb. 17	O'Donnell.....	Act to amend act to amend sec. 2, of act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution and from distress for rent...	Judiciary.....
379	Feb. 17	O'Donnell.....	Act to amend act to amend sec. 3 of act to prevent the prostitution of females.....	Reported to Senate.....
380	Feb. 18	Berry.....	Act to amend sec. 17 of act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases and fix the duties of constables and to repeal acts therein named as amended by act approved and in force May 30, 1881.....	Judicial Department and Practice.....
381	Feb. 18	Bowlin.....	Act allowing farmers the ownership of one dog free of taxation.....	Tabled May 12.....
382	Feb. 18	Bryan.....	Act requiring the speaker of the house of representatives of the general assembly to appoint and announce his committees within two weeks after his election as speaker, and amending sec. 4 of an act to provide for the election and appointment of the officers of the general assembly and fix their compensation.....	Tabled May 12.....
383	Feb. 18	Callahan.....	Act to authorize county courts to appoint short-hand reporters in certain cases and provide for the compensation of such reporters.....	On second reading.....
384	Feb. 18	Dearborn.....	Act making appropriations to the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin.....	Tabled June 9.....
385	Feb. 18	Dearborn.....	Act making appropriation for the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin.....	Tabled June 9.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
386	Feb. 18	Ellsworth.....	Act making an appropriation to the estate of Alexander Bruce, deceased, in payment of claim of said estate for work and material furnished by the said Alexander Bruce, now deceased, in the construction and completion of the lock and dam at Copperas Creek.....	Tabled June 2.....
387	Feb. 18	Ellsworth.....	Act requiring the procurement of license by life insurance agents, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.	On second reading.....
388	Feb. 18	Erickson.....	Act to amend section 56 of act to provide for fees of certain officers therein named in counties of the third class.	On second reading.....
389	Feb. 18	Frentress.....	Act in relation to the receivers of corporations and to fix the compensation thereof.....	Tabled May 1.....
390	Feb. 18	Hamilton	Act to amend act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Farm Drainage
391	Feb. 18	Hamilton	Act to amend section 16, art. 1, of act to revise the law in relation to township organization	On second reading.....
392	Feb. 18	Hawley.....	Act making appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin.	Public Charities.....
393	Feb. 18	Headon	Act to fix the minimum salaries of clerks of courts of record, sheriffs, and county treasurers and the clerk or deputy hire allowed such officers.	Tabled April 16.....
394	Feb. 18	Lyman of Cook	Act to make an appropriation to pay Michael F. Bowler \$1,800 for damages sustained by reason of the quarantine and slaughter of dairy cows by the board of Live Stock Commissioners	Tabled April 28
395	Feb. 18	McInerney.....	Act for the relief of sane persons confined in insane asylums in the State, by placing the inmates of insane asylums under the protection of the laws by securing to them their postal rights.....	On second reading.....
396	Feb. 18	McInerney	Act to amend section 6 of act of 1874 as amended May 18, 1877, by prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors to minors under any circumstances.....	Tabled May 14.....
397	Feb. 18	McKitrick	Act to amend act to provide for the exercise of the right of eminent domain	On second reading.....
398	Feb. 18	Moyers	Act to amend sections 33, 48, 49, 50, 53, 54, 106 and 107, and to repeal sections 108, 109, and 110 of an act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes.....	Tabled April 24.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
399	Feb. 18	Myers of Henderson	Act to amend section 6 of act approved June 3, 1889, act to amend sections 1 to 6 inclusive and section 15 of act to encourage the propagation and cultivation and to secure the protection of fishes in all waters in the State and to provide for the enforcement of the provisions of this act.....	Tabled May 12.....
400	Feb. 18	Nohe.....	Act to amend act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes	Tabled April 16.....
401	Feb. 18	Paddock.....	Act to amend section 1 of act in regard to the dangers incident to railroad crossings on the same level	Tabled May 19.....
402	Feb. 18	Patton	Act to amend act to amend act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of the state with reference thereto	Tabled May 5.....
403	Feb. 18	Patton	Act to provide for the payment by the county of Cook of further compensation to the judges of the circuit and superior courts, and to provide for the compensation of the state's attorney of said county.....	Fees and Salaries.....
404	Feb. 18	Patton	Act to amend act to provide for and fix the salary of the judges of the supreme court.....	Tabled May 5.....
405	Feb. 18	Picker.....	Act making appropriation to the Illinois Firemen's Association who are disabled while in the actual discharge of their duties as firemen and for the relief of the families of such firemen as may die from injuries sustained while in the actual discharge of such duty	Tabled May 20.....
406	Feb. 18	Ramsay of St. Clair...	Act declaring it a misdemeanor on the part of employers to require as a condition of employment the surrender of any right of citizenship....	On second reading.....
407	Feb. 18	Scaife	Act to amend section 1 and 2 of chapter 70, act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful act, neglect or default	Judiciary
408	Feb. 18	Scaife	Act to amend section 7 of act to revise the law in relation to sheriffs.....	Judiciary
409	Feb. 18	Scaife	Act in relation to employment and furnishing armed men to others	Ordered engrossed May 25.....
410	Feb. 18	Stringer.....	Act to equalize the assessment of real estate.....	Revenue.
411	Feb. 18	Stringer.....	Act to amend section 47 of act concerning fees and salaries.....	Tabled April 21.....
412	Feb. 18	Talbot.....	Act to regulate the inter-charge of traffic by railroad corporations and defining the duties of said corporations with respect thereto.....	Tabled April 29

No.	When introduced.	By Whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
413	Feb. 18	Vinton.....	Act to provide for the participation of the State of Illinois in the World's Columbian Exposition authorized by act of Congress, to be held in Chicago in 1893, and for an appropriation to pay the cost and expense of the same.....	On second reading.....
414	Feb. 18	Weedon.....	Act to amend section 2 of act to authorize the judges of circuit courts to appoint shorthand reporters for the taking and preservation of evidence, and to provide for their compensation.....	On second reading.....
415	Feb. 18	Whithead....	Act to increase the number of the judges of the superior court of Cook county.....	Tabled May 13.....
416	Feb. 18	Wiwi.....	Act to compel railroad companies to pay full value for all stock killed or injured by their engines, etc.....	Tabled June 4.....
417	Feb. 19	Berry	Act to provide for the burial of indigent or friendless union soldiers, sailors or marines of the late war....	Passed Senate June 11..
418	Feb. 20	Hunter of Winnebago.....	Act to amend section 19 of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, as amended by act approved June 10, 1887.....	Passed Senate June 12..
419	Feb. 20	Morris.....	Act to provide for a state reform school for girls.....	Tabled May 27.....
420	Feb. 20	Hambaugh....	Act to prohibit any railroad company from obstructing any railroad crossing by leaving any car, locomotive or train standing on its track where the same intersects or crosses the track of any other railroad company.	Tabled June 4.....
421	Feb. 20	Reid of Gallatin	Act to amend sections 1 and 8 of act to incorporate and govern accident life insurance companies doing business in the state.....	Insurance
422	Feb. 20	Burns	Act to amend article 3 of act to regulate the holding of elections and declaring the results in cities, villages and incorporated towns, by adding certain sections thereto to be known as sections 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36.....	On second reading.....
423	Feb. 20	Erickson.....	Act for enlarging the capitol grounds and procuring a site on which to erect a memorial hall and state library, to be known as Lincoln Hall.	Public Buildings and Grounds.....
424	Feb. 20	Lyman of Cook	Act to protect the public from imposition in relation to canned or preserved food.....	On second reading

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
425	Feb. 20	Berry	Act to amend act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence by adding thereto sections numbered 237 $\frac{1}{4}$ and 237 $\frac{1}{2}$	Tabled May 1.....
426	Feb. 20	Curtiss.....	Act exempting pharmacists from jury duty in certain cases.....	On second reading.....
427	Feb. 20	Armstrong	Act to amend section 1 of act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds, as amended by an act approved June 1, 1889.....	Tabled April 16.....
428	Feb. 20	Partridge.....	Act to protect fish.....	On second reading.....
429	Feb. 20	Callahan.....	Act to amend section 62 of chap. 79 of the Revised Statutes, entitled Justices and Constables, as amended by act to amend said section 62, approved June 13, 1887.....	Ordered to lie on table April 1.....
430	Feb. 20	Paddock	Act to amend section 1 of act in relation to the crossing of one railroad by another and to prevent danger to life and property from grade crossings.....	On second reading.....
431	Feb. 20	Prince	Act to amend section 4 of act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property.....	Judiciary.....
432	Feb. 23	Jones	Act to secure uniformity of school text books in the several counties of the state and to regulate the price of the same.....	Education
433	Feb. 24	O'Donnell.....	Act to authorize corporations not for pecuniary profit to manage, care and provide for children who may be abandoned, neglected, destitute or subjected to perverted training.....	On second reading.....
434	Feb. 24	Conway.....	Act to provide for the assessment and taxation of the property of telegraph companies in the state of Illinois and to repeal sections 53, 54 and 55 of the Revised Statutes	Tabled April 16.....
435	Feb. 24	McInerney	Act to amend act to provide for the appointment, qualification and duties of notaries public and certifying their official acts.....	Tabled April 24.....
436	Feb. 25	Armstrong	Act to cause a just and equitable distribution of school taxes in counties where a railroad indebtedness exists	On second reading.....
437	Feb. 25	Armstrong	Act to protect owners of mares from breeding to diseased or weak eyed stallions or jacks	Tabled May 26.....
438	Feb. 25	Brooks.....	Act to regulate the rental and fix the charges allowed for the use of telephones, and fixing a penalty for its violation	Corporations

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
439	Feb. 25	Dixon of Lee..	Act concerning appeals and writs of error from orders granting new trials and in arrest of judgment	Tabled April 28
440	Feb. 25	Edwards.....	Act to amend sec. 217 of an act for the assessment of property and levy and collection of taxes.....	On second reading.....
441	Feb. 25	Ellsworth.....	Act to amend section 1 of act to provide for the election of commissioners of highways in towns under township organization and legalize the election and official acts of such as were elected in 1874 and 1875 and fix the compensation of treasurer of such commissioners.....	Tabled May 5.....
442	Feb. 25	Hawle	Act to amend section 36 of act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this state with reference thereto; as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, and as otherwise amended	Tabled May 5.....
443	Feb. 25	Hawley	Act to amend section 1 of Art. XV of act to revise the law in relation to township organization.....	On second reading.....
444	Feb. 25	Hayes.....	Act to amend sections 1, 2 and 3 of act to regulate primary elections of voluntary political associations, and to prevent fraud therein, and to add two sections to be designated as sections 4½ and 25½.....	On second reading.....
445	Feb. 25	Hutchings.....	Act to create and maintain a state pension agent for the state, and prescribe his duties.....	Appropriations
446	Feb. 25	May.....	Act to punish minors for fraudulently procuring intoxicating liquors.....	Tabled May 1.....
447	Feb. 25	Nohe.....	Act concerning the form and validity of insurance contracts.....	Tabled May 12.....
448	Feb. 25	O'Connell.....	Act to amend act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence...	Tabled April 28
449	Feb. 25	Parker.....	Act to amend section 3 of an act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the state of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook, as amended by act approved June 30, 1889.....	Passed Senate June 11..
450	Feb. 25	Talbot	Act to appropriate \$2,500 to erect a monument on the battle field of "Stillman Run," to commemorate the memory of the men who fell there in the Black Hawk war of 1832.....	Appropriations
451	Feb. 25	Taubeneck	Act to amend section 34 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Tabled April 24.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
452	Feb. 25	Tyler.....	Act making appropriations for the State Board of Agriculture and county and other agricultural fairs.....	Tabled April 21.....
453	Feb. 25	Whitehead	Act to provide for the division of incorporated towns.....	Municipal Corporations.
454	Feb. 25	Wilkinson	Act to amend sections 2 and 3 of act to indemnify the owners of sheep killed by dogs.....	Ordered to lie on table April 2.....
455	Feb. 26	Barton.....	Act in relation to arbitration between employers and employees.....	On second reading.....
456	Feb. 26	Brown.....	Act to amend section 6 of act to encourage the propagation and cultivation and to secure the protection of fishes in all waters of this state, and to provide for the enforcement of the provisions of this act.....	Tabled April 16.....
457	Feb. 26	Brown	Act to amend section 31, chapter 80, of act to revise the law in relation to landlords and tenants.....	Tabled April 23
458	Feb. 26	Picker	Act to amend act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors in counties under township organization.....	Tabled May 12.....
459	Feb. 25	Duncan	Act to amend section 50 of act to establish and maintain a system of free schools.....	Education.....
460	Feb. 25	Burke.....	Act making appropriations for the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary at Chicago.....	On second reading.....
461	Feb. 26	Dawdy.....	Act to amend section 20, chapter 53 of the Revised Statutes of 1874, as amended by act approved May 25, 1877.....	On second reading.....
462	Feb. 26	O'Connell.....	Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois State Normal University at Normal, Ill.....	Tabled May 27.....
463	Feb. 26	Townsend.....	Act in relation to liens.....	Tabled May 8.....
464	Feb. 26	McKittrick	Act to amend 13 A, section 2, of act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors.....	On first reading.....
465	Feb. 26	Neal.....	Act to entitle women to vote at any elections held for the purpose of choosing any officer under the general or special, or school laws of this state	Tabled April 24.

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
466	Mar. 3	Berry.....	Act to amend act to revise the law in relation to divorce by adding thereto two additional sections, to be known as sections 21 and 22.....	Judiciary.....
467	Mar. 3	Berry.....	Act to define and establish the liability of corporations for injuries by and to their fellow servants.....	Judiciary.....
468	Mar. 3	Boyer.....	Act to encourage the breeding and improvement of trotting and pacing horses; for the prevention and punishment of fraudulent entries and practices in contests of speed, prescribing penalties therefor, and declaring an emergency.....	Judiciary.....
469	Mar. 3	Brown.....	Act to amend secs. 30 and 31 of chap. 121, an act in relation to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
470	Mar. 3	Callahan.....	Act to amend section 12 of act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this state with reference thereto.....	Tabled May 5.....
471	Mar. 3	Callahan.....	Act to amend section 7 of act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named.....	Ordered to lie on table April 1.....
472	Mar. 3	Callahan.....	Act to amend section 16 of act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named.....	Tabled April 28.....
473	Mar. 3	Ellsworth.....	Act to provide for a credit on mortgages on real estate for the amount of taxes paid on such real estate, <i>pro rata</i> according to the amount of such mortgage, and exempting the same from further assessment and taxation.....	Revenue.....
474	Mar. 3	Frentress.....	Act to amend secs. 62 and 65 of act in relation to fencing and operating railroads, as amended by act in force July 1, 1889.....	Tabled April 23.....
475	Mar. 3	Lyman of Sangamon..	Act appropriating certain moneys for payment of premiums for live stock exhibits made by citizens of Illinois at the World's Columbian Exposition, to be held in Chicago in 1893..	World's Columbian Exposition.....
476	Mar. 3	Morris.....	Act to authorize the appointment of a commission to investigate and report to the legislature the most humane and approved method of carrying into effect the sentence of death in capital cases, and whether the death penalty is necessary for the proper protection of society....	Tabled May 26.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
477	Mar. 3	Picker.....	Act to amend the revenue law in counties under township organization.....	Tabled May 1.....
478	Mar. 3	Townsend.	Act to give incorporated cities, villages and towns the right to regulate horse, dummy and cable car companies, and to prescribe their compensation.....	Tabled May 1.....
479	Mar. 3	Vinton.	Act to protect associations and unions of workmen in their labels, trade marks and forms of advertising....	Tabled May 13.....
480	Mar. 3	Warder.....	Act to amend act to establish appellate courts, as amended by act approved June 27, 1885.....	Tabled April 24.....
481	Mar. 3	Warder	Act to provide for the appointment of a reporter of the decisions of the appellate courts, to fix his compensation, to regulate the reporting of said decisions, to fix the price of said reports, to provide for the purchase of certain copies thereof by the state, and for their distribution.	Appropriations.....
482	Mar. 4	Bowlin.	Act exempting all regularly registered pharmacists from serving on juries.	Tabled April 23
483	Mar. 4	Hunter of Winnebago..	Act to prevent adulteration in the manufacture and sale of vinegar....	Horticulture.
484	Mar. 4	Merritt.....	Act to provide for a deficiency in the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Public Instruction.	Reported to Governor May 7.....
485	Mar. 4	Ramsay of St. Clair.....	Act to require railroad companies to stop at least one passenger train daily each way at all stations on their road of over 700 population....	Tabled April 29
486	Mar. 4	Thieman.	Act requiring milk dealers to give bonds and to make reports of business done, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof.	Live Stock and Dairying.
487	Mar. 4	McInerney....	Act to regulate the sale of railroad tickets and protect the purchasers thereof.....	Ordered to lie on table April 10.....
488	Mar. 7	Denham	Act to regulate the rate of passenger traffic on railroads in the state of Illinois.....	Tabled June 4.....
489	Mar. 7	Parsons.....	Act to amend section 10 of act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of this state with reference thereto.....	On second reading
490	Mar. 10	Berry	Act to regulate the heating of steam railroad passenger cars.....	Railroads.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
491	Mar. 10	Bowlin	Act requiring the male convicts of the penitentiaries of this state, not otherwise employed, to work on the public roads.	Tabled May 26.....
492	Mar. 10	Brown	Act in reference to stock yards, regulating their charges for yardage, freight, grain, hay, straw, watering and caring for stock consigned to them, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof.	Joint Committee of Corporations and Live Stock and Dairying...
493	Mar. 10	Callahan	Act to amend section 1 of article 9 of act to incorporate cities and villages.	On second reading.....
494	Mar. 10	Eddy.....	Act to amend section 14 of an act to regulate public warehouses and the warehousing and inspection of grain and to give effect to a title 13 of the constitution of this state.....	Tabled May 19.....
495	Mar. 10	Eddy.....	Act to amend section 7 of article 16 of an act to establish and maintain a system of free schools	Tabled May 26.....
496	Mar. 10	Eddy.....	Act to make an appropriation for a training school building for the practice department of the Illinois State Normal University	Tabled May 27.....
497	Mar. 10	Ellsworth.....	Act to amend section 18 of an act to revise the law in relation to paupers.	On second reading. ...
498	Mar. 10	Farrell.....	Act to amend sections 1, 3 and 5 of an act relating to justices of the peace in the city of Chicago, and to add thereto two sections to be known as sections 6 and 7.....	Municipal Corporations.
499	Mar. 10	Hamilton	Act to amend section 29 of act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes and to repeal certain acts therein named.....	Tabled April 17.....
500	Mar. 10	Kenney	Act to regulate the disposal of money received from the granting of dram shop license	Municipal Corporations.
501	Mar. 10	Nohe.....	Act to regulate the business of mercantile agencies doing business in the state.....	Tabled May 1.....
502	Mar. 10	Payne.....	Act to enable cities to establish and maintain public hospitals.....	Reported to Governor June 12
503	Mar. 10	Ramsey of St. Clair	Act to amend act in regard to practice in courts of record, by inserting an additional section to be numbered 5½.....	On second reading.....

No.	When introduced.	By whom introduced.	Abstract of Title of Bill.	Disposition.
594	Mar. 10	Shirley.....	Act to amend section 3 of an act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this state with reference thereto, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874.....	Fees and Salaries.....
595	Mar. 10	Watson.....	Act to require corporation to pay their employes once each week, with certain exceptions.....	Tabled April 21.....
596	Mar. 10	Whitehead.....	Act to amend Section 1 of Article 11 of act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages.....	Municipal Corporations.
597	Mar. 10	Whitehead.....	Act to prohibit the shipment of calves less than four weeks old.....	Live Stock and Dairying
598	Mar. 10	Zeigler.....	Act to amend act to amend section 31 of act in relation to fencing and operating railroads.....	Railroads.....
599	Mar. 17	Brooks.....	Act regulating sleeping cars owned and operated by railroad corporations, and rates charge for the use of the same.....	Railroads.....
510	Mar. 17	Callahan.....	Act to appropriate \$5,000 for the National Emancipation Monument Association fund.....	Ordered to lie on table April 1.....
511	Mar. 17	Dawdy.....	Act to provide for the selection of depositories of state funds, the depositing by the state treasurer of the funds of the state therein, and the receiving and disbursement of interest accruing from funds so deposited ...	Ordered engrossed June 9.....
512	Mar. 17	Donnelly.....	Act for taxing and licensing corporations and companies doing express business on any railroad in this state.	On second reading.....
513	Mar. 17	Eddy.....	Act to amend and revise the laws relating to building, loan and homestead associations, to provide for the inspection and supervision of the same, and to define their powers and duties.....	Tabled April 17.....
514	Mar. 17	Eddy.....	Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Soldiers' Orphans' Home.	Tabled May 28.....
515	Mar. 17	Eddy.....	Act to amend an act for the regulation of pawbrokers.....	Municipal Corporations.
516	Mar. 17	O'Connell.....	Act to provide that the railroad and warehouse commission may keep and use a common seal for the authentication of its acts, records and proceedings.....	On second reading.....
517	Mar. 17	Stringer.....	Act to authorize the formation of hard road, and the construction of gravel, rock and macadam or other hard roads by special assessments.....	On second reading.....

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey of Clinton, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section three of an act entitled, "An act in regard to the descent of property," approved April 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section three of an act entitled, "An act in regard to the descent of property," approved April 6, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. An illegitimate child whose parents have intermarried, and whose father has acknowledged him or her as a child, and in all cases where the decedent in his life-time has been adjudged to be the father of such child by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall be considered legitimate.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey of Clinton, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Live Stock.
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A BILL

For an act to regulate the charges of stock yards and commissions on sale therein, and enforce the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That it shall be unlawful for any person, company or corporation owning or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State where stock is bought and sold, unloaded or reloaded, to charge or collect a greater rate of yardage than fifteen cents per head for cattle, horses or mules, eight cents per head for any such stock under one year of age, five cents per head for hogs, four cents per head for sheep, nor more than fifty per cent. addition to the current market wholesale price for corn, hay, straw or other material supplied by them for feeding or bedding such animals. Such sales to be conducted by actual standard weight and of good merchantable quality.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, company or corporation to demand or receive as commissions or charges any sum in excess of the following rates on any sale of stock made in or for a stock yard, namely: on sales of hogs or sheep, per car load lots single deck car, five dollars, and per car load lots double deck car, eight dollars; on sales of cattle in car loads of twenty-four or over, seven dollars per car load; in less number twenty-five cents per head; on sales of veal calves in single car load lots,

8 six dollars; in double deck car loads, ten dollars; in less number twenty-
9 five cents per head.

§ 3. It shall be unlawful for any such person, company or corporation
2 to make any charges for watering or furnishing water to such stock, or for
3 counting such stock into or out of any yard, pen, box, car or stable, or to
4 make any shift or device by which any additional cost or charges can be
5 made for the keeping, care, custody or control of said stock as mentioned
6 in section one of this act, or make any charge for yarding when stock is
7 unloaded and reloaded without being sold.

§ 4. It shall not be lawful for any person, company or corporation own-
2 ing or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State to prohibit any
3 owner or owners of dead animals in said yard from selling the same, and
4 for that purpose any owner or owners or their agent or agents, employe
5 or employes shall have the right of entering such yard or yards and
6 removing said dead animals therefrom, subject however to such reason-
7 able rule or rules as said person, company or corporation may adopt for
8 the sanitary regulation of said yard or yards: *Provided*, that any such
9 rule or rules must be made subject to such sanitary laws as may be in
10 force by the State or any municipal corporation having jurisdiction of
11 said yard or yards.

§ 5. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of
2 this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor
3 more than two hundred dollars for each offense, to be recovered in an
4 action of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, the
5 amount so recovered to be paid into the treasury of the county in which
6 the offense occurs and be placed by the county treasurer to the credit
7 of the general revenue fund of such county, but no recovery shall be
8 had in any case for any offense committed more than sixty days prior
9 to the commencement of the action.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the State's attorney of such county

2 wherein any provision or provisions of this act have been violated to
3 institute and prosecute any and all suits upon the affidavit of the per-
4 son or persons aggrieved; and in case of conviction the court shall assess
5 in addition to the penalty provided in section four of this act, a reason-
6 able compensation for the services of the State's attorney.

1. Introduced by Ramsay, of Clinton.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to secure to all children the benefit of an elementary education.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That every person having control of a child
3 between the ages of eight (8) and fourteen (14) years shall annually cause
4 such child to attend for at least sixteen (16) weeks, some public or private
5 school, wherein is taught English reading and writing, arithmetic, history
6 of the United States and geography.

§ 2. For every neglect of such duty, the person offending shall forfeit to
2 the use of the public schools of the city or district in which such child
3 resides, a sum not less than ten (10) nor more than fifty (50) dollars.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of every board of school directors or board of
2 education to report in writing to the State's attorney of their county on or
3 before the first day of July of every year the violation, if any, in their
4 district of the provisions of section one of this act during the year then
5 ending, and if violated, by whom and the names of witnesses by whom
6 such violation may be proven, and it shall be the duty of such State's
7 attorney to bring suit as hereinafter provided.

§ 4. For every neglect of duty under section three of this act, the
2 individual members of said board offending shall forfeit and pay the sum
3 of ten (10) dollars to the use of the public schools of the city or the dis-
4 trict in which the offender resides.

§ 5. Any fine or penalty mentioned in this act may be sued for and
2 recovered before any court of record or justice of the peace of the
3 proper county, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois for the
4 use of the public schools of the district in which said child resides.

§ 6. It shall be a good defense to any suit brought under sections one
2 and two of this act that such child has already acquired the branches
3 of learning in section one mentioned, or that said child has during said
4 time and for said period received private instructions in said branches,
5 or that the physical or mental condition of such child is such as to
6 render such attendance inexpedient.

§ 7. An act entitled, "An act concerning the education of children,"
2 approved May 24, 1889, in force July 1, 1889, is hereby repealed, and whereas,
3 the enforcement of the said act has given rise to a great discord and
4 dissensions among large numbers of worthy citizens of this State, therefore
5 an emergency exists that this act should take effect immediately, therefore
6 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Reed January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act in relation to cemeteries.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all cemetery associations, or companies incor-
3 porated for cemetery purposes, by any general or special law of this State,
4 may acquire by purchase, gift or device, and may hold, own and convey for
5 burial purposes only, so much land as may be necessary for use as a ceme-
6 tary or burial place for the dead.

§ 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect
2 and be in force from and after its passage,

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1. Introduced by Mr. Stoker of Marion, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 86 of an act entitled, "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section 86 of an act entitled, "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 86. In counties under township organization the assessor, clerk and supervisor of the town, shall meet on the fourth Monday of June for the purpose of revising the assessment of property in such town. And on the application of any person considering himself aggrieved, or who shall complain that the property of another is assessed too low, they shall revise the assessment and correct the same as shall appear to them just. No complaint that another is assessed too low shall be acted upon until the person so assessed or his agent shall be notified in writing of such complaint if a resident of the county. Any two of such officers meeting are authorized to act, and they may adjourn from day to day upon notifying those present of the date to which they adjourn, until they shall have finished the hearing of all cases presented to them.

Property assessed after the fourth Monday of June and all other property whereof the owner or his agent has made application to the town board to have the assessment on the same revised as provided by this section, and

17 has given notice in writing to said board that he will appeal from its
18 decision to the county board, shall be subject to complaint to the county
19 board, and the county board shall revise and correct the assessment on the
20 same upon application of the owner or his agent, as provided by section 97
21 of this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Taubeneck, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 3, 4, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 66, 76, 91, 125 and 163 of an act entitled, "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That* sections 3, 4, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 66, 76, 91, 125 and 163 of an act entitled, "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows:

Section three. Personal property shall be valued as follows:

2 First—All personal property, except as herein otherwise directed, shall
3 be valued at its fair cash value.

4 Second—Every credit for a sum certain (with the exception of credits
5 secured by mortgage on lands or lots, located in the State of Illinois, such
6 credits shall be assessed as part of the real estate) payable either in money
7 or labor, shall be valued at a fair cash value for the sum so payable; if for
8 any article of property, or for labor or service of any kind, it shall be valued
9 at the current price of such property, labor or service.

10 Third—Annuities and royalties shall be valued at their then present
11 total value.

Fourth The capital stock of all companies and associations now or hereafter created under the laws of this State, (except those required to be assessed by the local assessors, as hereinafter provided) shall be so valued by the State Board of Equalization as to ascertain and determine respectively the fair cash value of such capital stock, including the franchise over and above the assessed value of the tangible property of such company or association, said board shall adopt such rules and principles of ascertaining the fair cash value of such capital stock as to it may seem equitable and just; and such rules and principles, when adopted, if not inconsistent with this act shall be as binding and of the same effect as if contained in this act, subject however to such a change, alteration or amendment as may be found from time to time to be necessary by said board: *Provided* that in all cases where the tangible property or capital stock of any such company or association is assessed under this act, the shares of capital stock of any such company or association shall not be assessed or taxed in this State.

This clause shall not apply to the capital stock or shares of capital stock of banks organized under the general banking laws of this State: *Provided* further that companies and associations organized for purely manufacturing purposes or for printing or for publishing of newspapers, or for the improving and breeding of stock shall be assessed by the local assessors in like manner as the property of individuals is required to be assessed.

Section four. Real property shall be valued as follows:

First—Each tract or lot of real property shall be valued at its fair cash value, estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale.

Credits or money secured by mortgages on lands or lots located in this State shall be assessed as part of such real estate as hereinafter provided.

Second—Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such a price as they would bring at a fair voluntary sale for cash.

Third—When a building or structure is located on the right of way of any canal, railroad or other company leased or granted for a term of years

10 to another, the same shall be valued at such a price as such building or
11 structure, lease or grant would sell for at a fair voluntary sale for cash.

12 Fourth—In valuing any real property on which there is a coal or other
13 mine, or stone or other quarry, the same shall be valued at such a price as
14 such property, including the mine or quarry would sell at a fair voluntary
15 sale for cash.

Section twenty-one. Where a deed for real estate is held for the payment
2 of a sum of money on land or lots located in this State, such sum so
3 secured shall be held to be part of the real property and shall be assessed
4 as part of such real estate.

Section twenty-seven. The board of county commissioners in counties not
2 under township organization or the board of supervisors in counties under
3 township organization shall provide each assessor and his deputy or deputies
4 with a rubber stamp on which shall be the following words; first the name
5 of the county, second the name of the district, township or city, third the
6 ward assessed, fourth the year for which it is assessed. In making these
7 stamps the board may abbreviate as follows: Co. for county, Tp. for town-
8 ship and Asd. for assessed.

Section twenty-eight. Every person, company, corporation or other assoc-
2 iation in listing promissory notes, bonds or other written evidence for the
3 payment of money, shall make out and enter on the schedule a full, true
4 and complete statement of all promissory notes, bonds or other written
5 evidence for the payment of money owned, possessed or controlled by such
6 person, company, corporation or other association on the first day of May
7 of the year for which the assessment is being made and which are assessable
8 for taxation in this State.

9 Such statement shall show the amount of each promissory note, bond or
10 other written evidence for the payment of money, the date thereof, the
11 time when due, the name of the payor and also the fair cash value thereof.

12 The assessor when listing and assessing such promissory notes, bonds or

13 other written evidence for the payment of money, shall affix his stamp on
14 the back of each promissory note, bond or other written evidence for the
15 payment of money and such stamp shall be prima facie evidence that such
16 promissory note, bond or other written evidence for the payment of money,
17 has been assessed.

Section twenty-nine. If any person, company, corporation or other assoc-
2 iation assigns or transfers any promissory note, bond or other written
3 evidence for the payment of money which are assessable for taxation in
4 this State to any person, company, corporation or other association in any
5 other State in the United States or to any foreign State or nation for the
6 purpose of evading assessment and taxation he shall be fined in any sum
7 not less than twenty nor more than two hundred dollars to be recovered by
8 any common informer in any court of competent jurisdiction, one-half to be
9 paid to such informer and the balance to be paid into the county treasury.

10 If any assessor, his deputy or deputies or any other person affixes such
11 stamp on the back of any promissory note, bond or other written evidence
12 for the payment of money without listing or having the same listed on the
13 schedule in the proper place and in the proper manner shall be deemed
14 guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be fined in any sum
15 not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, to be recovered
16 by any common informer in any court of competent jurisdiction, one-half
17 of such fine to be paid to the informer and the balance into the county
18 treasury.

19 Be it further provided that all promissory notes, bonds or other written
20 evidence for the payment of money subject to the assessment and taxation
21 as credits by this act, not bearing the assessor's stamp on the back thereof
22 and not being entered and listed on the assessor's schedule in the proper
23 manner and place as provided in this act, shall be debared from collection:
24 *Provided further* that no person, company, corporation or other association

25 shall after the passage of this act be allowed to deduct any debts from the
26 amount of their credits.

Section thirty. Every bank (other than national bank), banker, broker or
2 stock jobber shall at the time fixed by this act for listing personal property
3 make out and furnish the assessor a sworn statement showing:

4 First—The amount of money on hand or in transit.

5 Second—The amount of funds in the hands of other banks, bankers,
6 brokers, or others, subject to draft.

7 Third—The amount of checks or other cash items, the amount thereof not
8 being included in either of the preceding items.

9 Fourth—The amount of greenbacks, or other non-taxable currency on hand,
10 or in transit.

11 Fifth—The amount of bills receivable, discounted or purchased, and other
12 credits due or to become due (with the exception of credits secured by mort-
13 gage on lands or lots located in this State) including accounts receivable
14 and interest accrued but not due and interest due and unpaid.

15 Sixth—The amount of bonds and stocks of every kind, and shares of capital
16 stock of joint stock of other corporations or companies held as an invest-
17 ment or in any way representing assets.

18 Seventh—All other property appertaining to said business, other than real
19 estate, (which real estate shall be listed and assessed as other real estate is
20 listed and assessed under this act).

21 Eighth—The amount of all deposits made with them by other parties.

22 Ninth—The amount of bonds or other securities exempt by law from tax-
23 ation, specifying the amount and kind of each, the same being included in
24 in the preceding sixth item.

25 The aggregate amount of the first, second, third and fourth items in said
26 statement shall be listed as money.

27 The amount of the seventh item shall be listed the same as other similar
8 personal property is listed in this act.

29 The aggregate amount of the fourth and eighth items shall be deducted
 30 from the aggregate amount of the first, second and third items of said state-
 31 ment and the amount of the remainder, if any, shall be listed as money.

32 The aggregate amount of the ninth item shall be deducted from the aggre-
 33 gate amount of the sixth item of such statement, and the remainder shall be
 34 listed as bonds or stocks.

Section sixty-six. The county clerk shall make up for the several towns
 2 or districts in his county, in books to be provided for that purpose, the list
 3 of lands and lots to be assessed for taxes.

4 Where a whole section, half section, quarter section, or a half quarter sec-
 5 tion belongs to one owner it shall at the request of the owner or his agent
 6 be listed as one tract, and when all lots in the same block belong to one
 7 owner, they shall at the request of the owner, or his agent, be listed as a
 8 block.

9 When several adjoining lots in the same block belong to one owner they
 10 shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, be included in one descrip-
 11 tion: *Provided*, that when any tract or parcel of real estate is situated in
 12 more than one town, or in more than one school, road or other district, or is
 13 situated and assessed in any drainage district, for drainage purposes, the
 14 portion thereof in each town or district shall be listed separately; and the
 15 lands in any drainage district shall be listed corresponding as near as may
 16 be to the respective subdivisions and descriptions in the latest assessment
 17 roll of such drainage district.

18 Such clerk shall enter in the proper column, opposite of the respective
 19 tracts or lots, the name of the owner thereof, so far as he shall be able to
 20 ascertain the same.

21 Said book shall contain the following columns:

22 First—A column in which shall be shown the number of acres or lots
 23 improved, and the value thereof.

24 Second—One in which the number of acres or lots not improved, and the
25 value thereof.

26 Third—One in which shall be shown the total value.

27 Fourth—One in which shall be shown the amount of unpaid mortgage in-
28 debtedness on each tract or lot.

29 Fifth—One in which shall be shown the amount of the difference between
30 the indebtedness and the total value of the tract or lot, and such other
31 columns as may be required.

Section seventy-six. Assessors shall, between the first day of May and the
2 first day of July of each year, actually view and determine, as nearly as
3 practicable, the fair cash value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxa-
4 tion and set down in the proper column in the book furnished him, the
5 value of each tract or lot improved, the value of each tract or lot not im-
6 proved, and the total value, the amount of unpaid mortgage indebtedness
7 and the difference between the total value and amount of unpaid mortgage
8 indebtedness.

9 He shall also set down in separate columns the number of acres in wheat,
10 in corn, in oats, in meadow, and other field products; also the number of
11 acres in inclosed pastures, in orchard, and in woodlands (whether improved
12 or not) in the year for which the assessment is being made.

Section ninety-one. The assessor shall at the same time deliver to the
2 county clerk all the schedules and statements of personal property which
3 shall have been received by him indorsed with the name of the person
4 whose property is listed, and arranged in alphabetical order, and the clerk
5 shall preserve the same in his office for five years thereafter.

Section one hundred and twenty-five. The respective county clerks shall
2 cause the collectors' books to be properly ruled for the several classes of
3 property, providing for each class three columns for values—the first to show
4 the assessed valuation, the second to show the valuation as corrected and
5 equalized by the county board, and the third to show the valuation as

6 equalized or assessed by the State Board of Equalization.

7 Said book to contain proper columns for the extension of the several kinds
8 of taxes and the total amount of the same: *Provided*, that in preparing the
9 collectors' books for real estate there shall be added after the column con-
10 taining the total amount of taxes, special columns, giving the amount of
11 unpaid mortgage indebtedness on such tract or lot, the pro rata amount of
12 taxes thereon in the same proportion the mortgage indebtedness bears to the
13 total equalized assessed value of such tract or lot.

Section one hundred and sixty-three. Whenever any person shall pay the
2 taxes charged on any property, the collector shall enter such payment in his
3 book and give a receipt therefor specifying for whom paid, the amount
4 paid, what year paid for and the property and the value thereof on
5 which the same was paid according to its description in the collector's
6 books, in whole or in part of such description as the case may be, and such
7 entry and receipt shall bear the genuine signature of the collector or his
8 deputy receiving such payment; and whenever it shall appear that any re-
9 ceipt for the payment of taxes shall be lost or destroyed, the entry so made
10 may be read in evidence in lieu thereof.

11 The collector shall enter the name of the owner, or the person paying tax,
12 opposite each tract or lot of land when he collects the tax thereon, and the
13 postoffice address of the person paying such tax: *Provided*, that in case
14 there is a mortgage indebtedness on such tract or lot the collector shall give
15 the mortgagor of such tract or lot, or his agent, an extra receipt for the
16 amount of the mortgagee's pro rata share of taxes; if there should be two
17 or more mortgages of one tract or lot, the collector shall give the mortgagor
18 a separate receipt for each such mortgagee's pro rata share of taxes on such
19 tract or lot: *Provided further*, that such collector's receipt shall be re-
20 ceived by the mortgagee or mortgagees from the mortgagor, in payment of
21 interest or principal, or interest and principal, of such mortgage indebted-
22 ness.

1. Introduced by Mr. Tice, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Revenue Committee.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled “An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes,” approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections 26 and 27 of Chapter 120 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows:

“Section 26. That whenever the assessor shall be of opinion that the person listing property for himself or for any other person, company or corporation, has not made a full, fair and complete schedule of such property, he may examine such person under oath in regard to the amount of the property he is required to schedule, and for that purpose he is authorized to administer oaths; and if such person shall refuse to answer under oath and a full discovery make, the assessor may list the property of such person or his principle, according the best information he can obtain from the registry list of notes and credits hereinafter provided for, and otherwise. If the person so examined shall swear falsely, he shall be guilty of perjury, and punished accordingly. All notes, bonds, bills, or other evidences of indebtedness held by any person, company, or corporation given after the taking effect of this act shall be listed and registered in the office of the county clerk of the county in which such evidences of

15 indebtedness were executed, within sixty days of the time of their execution,
16 and it is hereby made the duty of such county clerk to keep a proper
17 book of entry or registry for that purpose, in which he shall register such
18 evidences of indebtedness, giving the date, names of payee and payer, the
19 amount, rate of interest, and time of payment, and shall stamp or indorse
20 his certificate of such registry on the back of such evidence of indebtedness;
21 for the entry or registry of such evidence of indebtedness such county
22 clerk shall be paid the sum of ten cents, to be paid by the person present-
23 ing the same for registry. And such books of entry or registry shall at all
24 times be accessible to the assessor to examine the same for the purpose of
25 gaining information regarding the taxable property of any person, company,
26 or corporation.

27 In case of the failure, neglect, or refusal of any holder or owner of any
28 such evidence of indebtedness to present the same for registry within sixty
29 days from the date of the execution thereof the legal holder or owner
30 thereof shall forfeit all right to enforce the collection thereof in any court
31 in this State. After the expiration of sixty days and within the next thirty
32 days the maker of any such evidence of indebtedness may apply to the
33 county clerk and have the same registered as above provided, and shall
34 be entitled to have the same deducted from the amount of his taxable
35 property, both real and personal. But in case of the failure to have such
36 evidence of indebtedness registered by either the legal holder or maker
37 as above set forth, the maker thereof shall not be entitled to have the
38 amount of the same allowed as credits against the amount of his taxable
39 property, as provided in the following section. In giving credits on account
40 of indebtedness the same rule, as to value, shall be applied as when such
41 evidence of indebtedness are listed for taxation in the hands of the legal
42 holder or owner."

"Section 27. In making up the amount of real and personal property
2 which any person is required to list for himself, or for any other person,

3 company, or corporation, he shall be entitled to deduct from the gross
4 amount assessed against such real and personal property, the amount of all
5 *bona fide* debts owing by such person, company, or corporation, for a
6 consideration received: *Provided*, the evidence of such indebtedness shall
7 have been registered as provided in section 26 of this act; but no acknowl-
8 edgment of indebtedness not founded on actual consideration, believed when
9 received to have been adequate, and no such acknowledgment made for
10 the purpose of being so deducted, shall be considered a debt within the
11 meaning of this section; and so much only of any liability, as surety for
12 others, shall be deducted as the person making out the statement believes
13 he is legally and equitably bound, and will be compelled to pay on
14 account of the inability or insolvency of the principal debtor; and if there
15 are other sureties who are able to contribute, then only so much as the
16 surety in whose behalf the statement is made will be bound to contribute:
17 *Provided*, that nothing in this section shall be so construed as to apply to
18 any bank, company, or corporation exercising banking powers and privileges.
19 The assessor may also examine under oath the person being assessed as to
20 any actual existing indebtedness he may claim to be owing by him."



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1. Introduced by Mr. Weedon, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 13, 1891, and referred to Committee on Finance.
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A BILL

For an act to amend sections four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an act entitled
“An act in relation to the rate of interest,” approved May 24, 1879, in
force July 1, 1879.

RATE OF INTEREST.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section four (4) of said act shall be amended.
3 as follows:
4 In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to stipulate or
5 agree that six (6) per cent per annum, or any less sum of interest shall be
6 taken or paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100), of money loaned or in
7 any manner due and owing from any person or corporation in this State,
8 and after that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter
9 time except as herein provided in the different sections of the aforesaid act,
10 and that this section as thus amended shall go into effect immediately up-
11 on its passage, and such part or parts of said section four (4) as are hereby
12 changed shall be and is hereby repealed.

PENALTY.

- 1 That section six (6) of said act shall be amended as follows:
- 2 If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to receive a

3 greater rate of interest than six (6) per cent upon any contract, verbal or
4 written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole of said interest
5 so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled only to recover the prin-
6 cipal sum due to such person or corporation.

7 And all contracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall
8 provide for interest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified
9 on account of non-payment at maturity, shall be deemed usurious, and only
10 the principal sum thereon shall be recoverable. That this section as thus
11 amended shall go into effect immediately upon its passage, and such part
12 or parts of said section six (6) as are hereby changed shall be and is hereby
13 repealed.

14 That section eight (8) of said act shall be amended as follows:

15 When any written contract whenever payable shall be made in this State
16 or between citizens or corporations of this State, or a citizen or corporation
17 of this State and a citizen or corporation of any other State, territory or
18 country (or shall be secured by mortgage or trust deed on lands in this
19 State) such contract may bear any rate of interest allowed by law to be
20 taken or contracted for by persons or corporations in this State, or which
21 is or may be allowed by law on any contract for money due or owing in
22 this State: *Provided, however,* that such rate of interest shall not exceed six
23 (6) per cent per annum.

24 And if any such person or corporation shall contract to receive a greater
25 rate of interest or discount than six (6) per cent upon any such contract,
26 such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole of said interest so con-
27 tracted to be received, and shall be entitled only to recover the principal
28 sum due to such person or corporation.

29 That this section as thus amended shall go into effect immediately upon
30 its passage, and such part or parts of said section eight (8) as are hereby
31 changed shall be and is hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. White, of Tazewell.
 2. Read by title and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section forty-five (45) of an act entitled: "An act to provide for and regulate the fees of jurors on inquests," approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section forty-five (45) of an act entitled "An
3 act to provide for and regulate fees and salaries," be amended so as to read
4 as follows:

Section 45. The fee of each juror attending an inquest held over a dead
2 body shall be one dollar per day, payable out of the county treasury, upon
3 the certificate of the coroner or acting coroner of the county wherein the
4 inquest was held.

1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead, January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on State Institutions.

A BILL

For an act to establish the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane, and to regulate the commitment of insane persons thereto.

ESTABLISHMENT.—NAME.—GENERAL STATUTES APPLICABLE.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That there is hereby established a State hospital for the care and treatment of the insane upon the principle of medicine known as homœopathic, to be known as "The Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane." The provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate the State charitable institutions and the State reform school and to improve their organization and increase their efficiency," approved April 15, 1875, and all general statutes governing State hospitals for the insane, their trustees, officers and employes, are hereby made applicable to the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane, its trustees, officers and employes, except as otherwise provided in this act.

APPROPRIATION.

§ 2. For the purchase and location of a site for said hospital and the construction of the appropriate buildings to accommodate 500 patients, with all necessary heating, lighting, ventilating, water supply and drainage appliances and all necessary furniture, and furnishings and maintenance until the appropriations of the next general assembly are available, there is

6 hereby appropriated four hundred thousand dollars, (\$400,000,) to be paid as
 7 herein provided, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated. The
 8 moneys herein appropriated shall be paid from the State Treasury to the
 9 parties to whom they may become due on the warrants of the Auditor of
 10 Public Accounts; and the Auditor is hereby authorized and required to
 11 draw said warrants for money due under this act upon the order of the
 12 board of trustees of said hospital, accompanied by vouchers approved by
 13 the Governor as now required by law.

TRUSTEES.

§ 3. The government of said hospital shall be vested in a board of three
 2 trustees, which shall be a corporation by the name of "The Illinois Western
 3 Hospital for the Insane." Within ten days after this act shall be in force
 4 the Governor shall appoint, by and with the consent of the senate, three
 5 persons to be trustees of said hospital to hold office respectively, one until
 6 the first day of March, 1893, one until the first day of March, 1895, and one
 7 until the first day of March, 1897. Their successors shall be appointed in
 8 the same manner and shall each serve for six years, so that one appoint-
 9 ment shall be made every second year, and in every case a trustee shall
 10 hold office until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. All
 11 appointments, including the original appointments, made by the Governor
 12 when the senate is not in session shall be valid until an appointment is
 13 confirmed by the senate. Until the first day of March, 1893, all three trus-
 14 tees shall be men. Thereafter appointments shall be so made that two
 15 trustees shall be men and one trustee may be a woman.

SUPERINTENDENT. —WOMAN ASSISTANT.

§ 4. Said hospital shall be under the immediate management and control
 2 of a superintendent, to be appointed and removed by said board of trustees
 3 at pleasure, whose salary shall be fixed from time to time, by said board.
 4 Said superintendent shall be a graduate in medicine and surgery from some
 5 reputable medical college, and of acknowledged skill in his profession. He

6 shall be a physician of that school of medicine known as homœopathic. He
 7 shall appoint all subordinate officers and employes, with the assent of the
 8 board of trustees, and may discharge any subordinate for cause, by a
 9 written order stating such cause, and delivered when practicable to such
 10 subordinate.

11 It shall be the duty of the superintendent of said hospital, to appoint
 12 a competent assistant woman physician, who is a graduate of some legally
 13 incorporated medical college, to perform such medical duties in and about
 14 the care and treatment of the women insane as such superintendent shall
 15 direct.

COMMITMENT TO HOSPITAL.

§ 5. In making commitment of an insane person, the court, judge, or
 2 other officer, whose duty it is to make the commitment, shall inquire of all
 3 applicants for the commitment of such insane person whether it is their
 4 desire that such person should be treated upon the principle of medicine
 5 known as homœopathic and when such applicants answer in the affirmative,
 6 such insane person shall be committed to the Illinois Western Hospital for
 7 the Insane in preference to any other hospital: *Provided*, that he can be
 8 received at said hospital; and any insane person who may be now or here-
 9 after an inmate of a lunatic hospital in this State, and who desires the
 10 special treatment above mentioned, or for whom such treatment may be
 11 desired by the patient's family, or by any person upon whose application
 12 such insane person was committed to any State lunatic hospital, may be
 13 transferred by the Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities to the
 14 Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane, whenever such patient can be
 15 received at said hospital.

SELECTION OF SITE.

§ 6. Said trustees, as soon as possible after their appointment and quali-
 2 fication shall select a site for said hospital in that part of the State west of
 3 the Illinois river, at such place as shall be best adapted to the wants of the

4 institution, and most economical to the State, having regard in the
 5 selection to elevation, water supply, drainage, facility of access, quality of
 6 soil and price asked for the land, but said trustees shall neither ask nor
 7 accept on account of the State or on their own account any gifts in money,
 8 freights, lands, or other property as the consideration for the location of a
 9 site. A violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, punishable
 10 by fine, or by imprisonment, or by both, at the discretion of any court in
 11 which conviction of the same may be obtained. Said site shall contain not
 12 less than 240 acres and not more than 640 acres, adjoining or seporate.
 13 When the trustees have selected a site and agreed with the owner or
 14 owners upon a price at which the State may purchase it, they shall
 15 report their action to the Governor and such selection shall take effect
 16 only when confirmed by the Governor.

TITLE.

§ 7. Before making payment for the lands for whose purchase provision
 2 is made in this act, the seller or sellers shall furnish to the trustees an
 3 abstract of title, which shall be submitted by the trustees to the Attorney
 4 General for examination and to the Governor for his approval and no
 5 moneys shall be paid for the said lands without a perfect conveyance
 6 of title, in fee simple to the State of Illinois by a warranty deed.

PLANS.

§ 8. The said trustees are directed and required to cause to be pre-
 2 pared suitable plans and specifications by a competent architect, (for
 3 which not more than two per cent. shall be allowed payable in install-
 4 ments as the work progresses) which shall be submitted to the Governor
 5 for his approval; but no plan shall be adopted by the trustees which
 6 shall not first have been approved by the Governor and the Board of
 7 State Commissioners of Public Charities. Said plans shall include small
 8 separate pavilion or cottage buildings. Said plans shall be accompanied
 9 by specifications and by a detailed estimate of the amount, quality and

10 description of all materials and labor required for the erection and full
11 completion of the buildings according to said plans.

ADVERTISING FOR BIDS.

§ 9. Whenever the said plans and specifications shall have been ap-
2 proved and adopted, the trustees shall cause to be inserted in at least
3 two of the daily or weekly newspapers in each of the following cities,
4 to-wit: In Chicago, St. Louis and Indianapolis, and the city or town at
5 or near which the said institution shall be permanently located, an ad-
6 vertisement for sealed bids for the construction of the building herein
7 authorized; and they shall furnish a printed copy of this act and of the
8 specifications, to all parties applying therefor; and all parties interested,
9 who may desire it, shall have free and full access to the plans with the
10 privilege of taking notes and making memoranda. And the said trustees
11 shall answer all inquires addressed to them upon the subject of the
12 proposed building or buildings to the best of their ability and belief.

OPENING OF BIDS.

§ 10. Not less than thirty days after the publication of the said proposals
2 for bids, on a day and at an hour to be specified in the said advertisement,
3 at the place where the said institution shall be located in the presence of
4 the bidders, or so many of the bidders as may be present, the bids received
5 shall be opened for the first time, and the contract for building shall be let
6 to the lowest and best bidder: *Provided*, that no contracts shall be made
7 and no expense incurred for any building or buildings, requiring for the
8 completion of the same a greater expense than is provided for in the appro-
9 priation made in this act: and, *Provided* further, that no bid shall be
10 accepted which is not accompanied by a good and sufficient bond, in the
11 penal sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by at least three good and suffi-
12 cient sureties, conditioned as a guaranty for the responsibility and good
13 faith of the bidder and that he will enter into contract and give bond as
14 provided in this act in case his bid is accepted.

CONTRACT.—HOW MADE.

§ 11. The contract to be made with the successful bidder shall be
2 accompanied by a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the Governor
3 before it is accepted; conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract;
4 and the said contract shall provide for the appointment of a superintendent
5 of construction, who shall not receive more than five dollars a day for his
6 services, and who shall carefully and accurately measure the work done and
7 the materials upon the ground at least once in every month, and for the
8 payment of the contractor upon the aforesaid measurement, and for the
9 withholding of fifteen per cent of the value of the work done and materials
10 on hand until the completion of the buildings, and for a forfeiture of
11 a stipulated sum per diem for every day that the completion of the work
12 shall be delayed after the time specified for its completion, in the contract;
13 and for the full protection of all persons who may furnish labor or materials
14 for the construction of said hospital buildings, by withholding payment
15 from the contractor, and by paying the parties to whom any moneys are due
16 for service or materials as aforesaid directly for all work done or material
17 furnished by them, in case of notice given to the trustees that any such party
18 apprehends or fears that he will not receive the money due; and for the
19 settlement of all disputed questions as to the value of alterations and extras,
20 by arbitration, at the time of final settlement as follows: One arbitrator
21 to be chosen by the trustees, one by the contractor, and one by the Governor
22 of the State, all three of the said arbitrators to be practical mechanics and
23 builders; and for the power and privilege of the trustees, under the contract,
24 to order changes in the plans, at their discretion, and to refuse to accept
25 any work which may be done, not fully in accordance with the letter and
26 spirit of the plans and specifications; and all work not accepted shall be
27 replaced at the expense of the contractor; and for a deduction from the
28 contract price of all alterations ordered by the trustees which may and do
29 diminish the cost of all buildings. They may also make such other pro-

visions and conditions in the said contract not hereinabove specified, as may seem to them necessary or expedient, consistent with the letter and spirit of this section. In no event shall the State be liable for a greater amount of money than is appropriated.

HOW SIGNED.

§ 12. The said contract shall be signed by the president of the board of trustees on behalf of the board, after a vote authorizing him so to sign shall have been entered upon the minutes of the board, and it shall be attested by the counter signature of the secretary of the board and by the seal of the institution. It shall be drawn in triplicate and one copy of the same shall be deposited in the office of the Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities.

WHAT BIDS SHOULD SHOW.

§ 13. All bids shall show the estimated cost of work to be done of each description, in detail; and the trustees shall have the right and power at their discretion, to accept bids for particular portions of the work, if for the advantage of the State, and all measurements and accounts, as the work progresses shall show in detail the amount and character of the work for which payment is made.

OFFICERS NOT TO BE INTERESTED.

§ 14. No trustee or officer of the said institution shall be in any way interested in any contract for the erection of said buildings, or furnishing any material for said buildings; and if any such trustee or officer shall be so interested, he shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor and on conviction thereof be fined in any sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead January 13, 1891.
2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to dower," approved March 4, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to dower," approved March 4, 1874, be amended by adding three additional sections to said act as follows:

"Section 48. The owner in fee of any real estate, when any married woman or married man has an inchoate right of dower therein, may, by bill in chancery, in any court having chancery jurisdiction, in the county where such land or a portion thereof lies, make application to such court to set off and assign to such husband or wife so having such inchoate right of dower, one-third part of such real estate, and in which portion so set off and assigned, such husband or wife so entitled to such inchoate right of dower shall have an estate during his or her life, commencing with the death of the husband or wife of the person having such right of dower. And when such dower is so assigned and set off, the remaining two-thirds of such real estate shall immediately become free, clear and relieved from all claim of dower of such husband or wife having such inchoate right. The person so having such inchoate right of dower shall be made party defendant to such bill, and may be summoned in the same manner as defend-

ants to other suits in chancery, and such court shall have power and shall proceed to determine the rights of the parties as in other chancery cases, and to assign and set off one-third part of said premises to the person having such inchoate right, and for that purpose shall appoint commissioners of the character as required in cases of dower where consummate, and such commissioners shall take in substance the following oath:

“I do solemnly swear that I will fairly and impartially allot and set off to (A. B., wife or husband of C. D.) out of the lands and tenements described in the order of the court for that purpose, one-third part thereof to be held and enjoyed by said (A. B.) after the death of said (C. D.) for and during (his or her) natural life.’

“After which said commissioners shall go upon the premises and if the same are susceptible of division without manifest prejudice to the parties in interest, shall set off and allot to such defendant one-third part of said premises by metes and bounds according to quality and quantity. Such dower need not be assigned in each tract separately, but may be allotted in a body out of one or more of the tracts of land, when the same can be done without prejudice to the interest of any person interested in the premises.

“The commissioners shall make report in writing, showing what they have done, and the value of the whole of said premises, and if they have made division, describing the premises allotted by metes and bounds, or other proper description, and the allotment so made, if approved by the court, shall give the person so having such inchoate right of dower a contingent life estate therein, which shall become vested only on condition that such person shall survive his or her wife or husband, upon whose death such inchoate right would have become consummate. The rights and duties of such surviving person in the premises so allotted shall be the same and not otherwise, as if said premises had been assigned and allotted to her or him after the death of her or his spouse.

“Section 49. If such commissioners shall find they cannot divide such

2 real estate without damage or great injury to the whole, they shall so re-
3 port to the court, and also report the valuation of the entire premises, and
4 thereupon the court shall determine and assess the present worth of such
5 dower interest, based upon such valuation, and may for that purpose ascer-
6 tain the respective ages of the husband and wife, and ascertain the expect-
7 ation of life of each, and may for that purpose consult mortality tables
8 commonly in use by life insurance companies, or hear and receive other evi-
9 dence pertaining thereto, which amount, when so ascertained and deter-
10 mined by said court, shall be a lien upon said premises until paid, and for
11 the payment of which said premises may be sold under the order of the
12 court if not paid within ten days after such decree.

“Section 50. Either the person so having such inchoate right of dower, or
2 the owner of the fee, may at any time after the commencement of such sui
3 and prior to the approval by the court of the report made by such commis-
4 sioners, elect to have the present worth of such dower appraised by the court
5 as provided in the last previous section, in lieu of the allotment and as-
6 signment thereof out of said premises, which election shall be in writing
7 and filed in said cause, and shall be entered and recorded with the fina
8 decree determining the amount thereof, and thereupon such court shall as-
9 sess the same and the amount so ascertained shall be a lien and be en-
10 forced as in last section.”

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1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.
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A BILL

For an act to provide for printing and distributing ballots at the public expense and to regulate voting at State and city elections.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That all ballots cast in elections for national, State district and county officers in cities and towns after the first day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and all ballots cast in municipal elections in cities after that date, shall be printed and distributed at public expense, as hereinafter provided. The printing of all ballots and cards of instructions to voters, shall in municipal elections in cities be paid for by the several cities, respectively, and in all other elections the printing of ballots and cards of instructions for the electors in each county, and the delivery of them to the several cities and towns shall be paid for by the county. The term "State election," as used in this act, shall apply to any election held for the choice of a national, State, district or county officer, whether for a full term or for the filling of a vacancy. The term "city election" shall apply to any municipal election so held in a city.

§ 2. The convention of delegates, and any caucus or meeting of qualified voters, as hereinafter defined, and individual voters to the number and in manner hereinafter specified, may nominate candidates for public office, whose names shall be placed upon the ballots to be furnished as herein provided.

§ 3. Any convention of delegates representing a political party which, at the election next preceding, polled at least three per cent. of the entire vote cast in the State, in the electoral district or division thereof for which the nomination is made, may for the State, or for the division or district for which the convention or caucus is held, as the case may be, by causing a certificate of nomination to be duly filed, make one such nomination for each office therein to be filed at the election. Every such certificate of nomination shall state such facts as may be required as above for its acceptance, and as are required in section five (5) of this act; and shall be signed by the presiding officer and by the secretary of the convention or caucus, who shall add thereto their places of residence; and shall be sworn by them to be true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate of the oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination.

§ 4. Nominations of candidates for any offices to be filled by the voters of the State at large may also be made by nomination papers, signed in the aggregate for each candidate by not less than one thousand qualified voters of the State. Nominations of candidates for electoral districts or divisions of the State, may be made by nomination papers, signed in the aggregate for each candidate by qualified voters of each district or division not less in number than one for each one hundred persons who voted at the next preceding annual election in each district or division, but in no case less than fifty. In the case of a first election to be held in a town or ward newly established the number of fifty shall be sufficient for the nomination of a candidate who is to be voted for only in such town or ward; and in the case of a first election in a district or division newly established other than a town or ward, the number of fifty shall be sufficient. Each voter signing a nomination paper shall add to his signature his place of residence, and each voter may subscribe to one nomination for each office to be filled, and no more. The nomination papers shall, before being filed, be respectively submitted to the registrars of votes of the cities or town

18 in which the signers purport to be qualified voters, and each registrar to
 19 whom the same is submitted shall forthwith certify thereon what number
 20 of the signatures are names of qualified voters in the city or town for which
 21 he is registrar, and one of the signers for each separate paper shall
 22 swear that the statements therein are true to the best of his knowledge and
 23 belief, and the certificate of such oath shall be annexed.

§ 5. All certificates of nomination or nomination papers shall, besides
 2 containing the names of candidates, specify as to each:

3 First—The office to which he is nominated.

4 Second—The party or political principle which he represents, expressed
 5 in not more than five words.

6 Third—His place of residence, with the street and number thereon, if
 7 any.

8 In the case of electors for president and vice-president of the United
 9 States, the names of the candidates for president and vice-president may
 10 be added to the party or political appellation.

§ 6. Certificates of nomination and nomination papers, for the
 2 nomination of candidates for offices to be filled by the electors
 3 of the entire State, or any division or district greater than a county,
 4 shall be filed with the Secretary of State at least twenty days pre
 5 vious to the day of the election for which the candidates are nomi
 6 nated. All other certificates for the nomination of candidates shall be filed
 7 with the county clerk of the respective counties at least fifteen days previ
 8 ous to the day of such election.

§ 7. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may
 2 cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by request in writing,
 3 signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take ac
 4 knowledgements of deeds, and filed with the Secretary of State ten days,
 5 or with the proper county clerk eight days, as the case may be, previous to
 6 the day of election, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the

7 ballots. No nomination published and posted as herein provided shall be
8 subsequently omitted as invalid.

§ 8. All certificates of nomination and nomination papers, when filed,
2 shall be open under proper regulations to public inspection, and the Secre-
3 tary of State and the several county clerks shall preserve the same in their
4 respective offices not less than five years.

§ 9. Not less than ten days before the election to fill any public office,
2 the Secretary of State shall certify to the county clerk of each county,
3 within which any of the electors may by law vote for candidates for such
4 office, the name and the description of each person nominated for such office,
5 as specified in the certificates of nomination, filed with Secretary of State.

§ 10. Every general ballot which shall be printed in accordance with the
2 provisions of this act shall contain the names, residences and party or politi-
3 cal designation of all candidates whose nominations for any offices specified in
4 the ballot have been duly made and not withdrawn in accordance herewith,
5 and shall contain no other name. Except that in the case of electors for
6 president and vice-president of the United States, the names of candidates
7 for president and vice-president may be added to the party or political desig-
8 nation. The names of candidates nominated by each party shall be grouped
9 together upon the proper ballot, and each group shall be designated by
10 the name of the political party by which the candidate composing
11 said group were placed in nomination as described in the certificates of
12 nomination. Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment is sub-
13 mitted to the vote of the people, such question shall be printed upon the
14 ballot after the list of candidates. The ballots shall be so printed as to give
15 to each voter a clear opportunity to designate by a cross (x) mark in a suffi-
16 cient margin at the right of the name of each candidate, his choice of can-
17 didates, and his answer to the question submitted, and on the ballot may
18 be printed such words as will enable the voter to do this, as "vote for
19 one," "vote for three," "yes," "no," and the like, and on the back

20 and outside, when folded, shall be printed "official ballot
21 for," followed by the designation of the polling place for which the bal-
22 lot is prepared, the date of the election, and a fac simile of the signature
23 of the clerk who has caused the ballot to be printed. Except as otherwise
24 herein provided, ballots shall be printed in accordance with the existing
25 provisions of the law.

§ 11. Whenever the Secretary of State has duly certified to any county clerk
2 any question to be submitted to a vote of the people, the county clerk shall
3 prepare and distribute ballots of such form as will enable the voters to vote
4 upon the question so presented in the manner herein provided. The county
5 clerk shall also prepare the necessary ballots whenever any question is re-
6 quired by law to be submitted to the vote of the voters of any locality.

§ 12. The county clerk of each county shall provide for each election
2 precinct in the county two hundred ballots of each kind to be voted in the
3 precinct for every fifty or fraction of fifty voters registered at the last pre-
4 ceding election in the precinct.

§ 13. Before the opening of the polls the county clerk of the county, shall
2 cause to be delivered to the judges of election of each election precinct or
3 town which is within the county, and in which the election is to be held,
4 at the polling place of the precinct or town, the proper amount of ballots
5 of each kind to be used in such precinct or town.

§ 14. The county clerk of each county shall prepare full instructions for
2 the guidance of voters at each election as to obtaining ballots, as to the
3 manner of marking them, and the method of gaining assistance, and as to
4 obtaining new ballots in place of those accidentally spoiled, and they shall
5 respectively cause the same, together with copies of sections twenty-two,
6 twenty-three, twenty-four and twenty-five of this act to be printed in large
7 clear type on separate cards, to be called cards of instruction.

§ 15. The board of election judges shall cause not less than one of such
2 cards to be posted in each place or compartment provided for the prepara-

tion of ballots, and not less than four of such cards to be posted in and about the polling places upon the day of election. The county clerks of each county shall, five days at least prior to the day of an election therein, cause to be conspicuously posted, in one or more public places in each voting precinct or town of such county, a specimen ballot containing the names, residences, and party or political appellations of all candidates nominated, as herein provided, and to be voted for in such precinct or town, substantially in the form of the general ballot to be so used therein, and he shall likewise cause to be published prior to the day of such election, in at least two newspapers, if there be so many published in such county representing the political parties which cast at the preceding election the largest and next largest number of votes, a list of all the nominations made, as herein provided, and to be voted for at such election, so far as may be, in the form in which they shall appear upon the general ballot.

§ 16. Two clerks of election in addition to those now provided for by law shall be appointed in each voting precinct, in cities and towns divided into voting precincts, and the provisions of law relative to judges and clerks of election, shall be applicable to such additional officers. Two of the clerks acting in each voting precinct shall be detailed to act as ballot clerks. In towns not divided into voting precincts, two clerks shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions of law applicable to such officers in towns so divided, and the two clerks thus serving shall act as ballot clerks. The two ballot clerks detailed and appointed as above in each voting precinct and town shall have the charge of the ballots therein, and shall furnish them to the voter in the manner hereinafter set forth.

§ 17. The officers in each city and town whose duty it is to designate and appoint polling places therein shall cause the same to be suitably provided with a sufficient number of voting shelves and compartments at or in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots, so that in the marking thereof they may be screened from the observation of others, and

6 a guard-rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as
7 are inside such rail can approach within six feet of the ballot boxes and of
8 such voting shelves and compartments. The arrangement shall be such that
9 neither the ballot boxes nor the voting shelves or compartments shall be hid-
10 den from view of those just outside the said guard-rail. The number of such
11 voting shelves or compartments shall not be less than one for every fifty
12 voters qualified to vote at such voting places, and not less than three in any
13 town or precinct thereof; no persons other than the election officers and voters
14 admitted, as hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within said guard-rail,
15 except by authority of the election officers for the purpose of keeping order
16 or enforcing the law. Each voting shelf or compartment shall be kept pro-
17 vided with proper supplies and conveniences for marking the ballots.

§ 18. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and, if requested
2 to do so, his residence, to one of the ballot clerks, who shall thereupon an-
3 nounce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear and audible,
4 and if such name is found on the register of electors by the officer having
5 charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat the said name, and the voter shall
6 be allowed to enter the space enclosed by the guard-rail, as above provided.
7 The ballot clerk shall give him one, and only one, ballot, and his name
8 shall immediately be checked on the registry list. Besides the election
9 officers, not more than four voters in excess of the number of voting shelves
10 or compartments provided shall be allowed in said enclosed space at one
11 time.

§ 19. On receipt of his ballot, the voter shall forthwith, and without
2 leaving the enclosed space, retire alone to one of the voting shelves or
3 compartments so provided, and shall prepare his ballot, by marking in the
4 appropriate margin or place a cross (x) opposite the name of the candidate
5 of his choice for each office to be filled, or by filling in the name of
6 the candidate of his choice in a blank space on said ticket, making
7 a cross (x) opposite thereto, and in case of a question submitted to the vote

8 of the people, by marking in the appropriate margin or place a cross (x)
 9 against the answer which he desires to give, or by crossing out therefrom
 10 parts of the ballot in such manner that the remaining part shall express
 11 his vote upon the question submitted. Before leaving the voting shelf or
 12 compartment the voter shall fold his ballot in such a manner as to conceal
 13 the marks thereon. He shall then vote forthwith in the manner now pro-
 14 vided by law, except that the number corresponding to the number of the
 15 voter on the poll books shall not be endorsed on the back of his ballot.
 16 Any voter who desires to vote for an entire group may mark a cross (x) as
 17 above described, against the political designation of such group, and shall
 18 then be deemed to have voted for all persons named in such group, whose
 19 name shall not have been erased. He shall mark and deposit his ballot without
 20 undue delay, and shall quit said enclosed space as soon as he has voted.
 21 No voter shall be allowed to occupy a voting shelf or compartment already
 22 occupied by another, nor remain within said enclosed space more than ten
 23 minutes, nor to occupy a voting shelf or compartment more than five min-
 24 utes, in case all of said voting shelves or compartments are in use and
 25 other voters waiting to occupy the same.

26 No voter, not an election officer, shall, after having voted, be allowed to
 27 re-enter said enclosed space during said election. No person shall take
 28 or remove any ballot from the polling place before the close of the
 29 polls. No voter shall vote, or offer to vote, any ballot except such as he
 30 has received from the clerks of election in charge of the ballots. Any voter
 31 who shall, by accident or mistake, spoil his ballot, may, on returning said
 32 spoiled ballot, receive another in place thereof.

§ 20. Any voter who declares that he cannot read, or that, by blindness or
 2 other physical disability, he is unable to mark his ballot, shall, upon request,
 3 receive the assistance of one or two of the judges or clerks of election in the
 4 marking thereof, and such officer or officers shall certify on the outside
 5 thereof that it was so marked with his or their assistance, and shall there-

6 after give no information regarding the same. The judges of election may,
7 in their discretion, require such declaration of disability to be made by the
8 voter under oath before one of them, and they are hereby qualified to ad-
9 minister the same.

§ 21. If a voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected
2 to an office, or if for any reason it is impossible to determine the voter's
3 choice for any office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such
4 office. No ballot without the official endorsement shall be allowed to be
5 deposited in the ballot box, and none but ballots provided in accordance
6 with the provisions of this act shall be counted. Ballots not counted shall
7 be marked "defective" on the back thereof, and shall be preserved.

§ 22. No person whatever shall do any electioneering on election day
2 within any polling place, or within one hundred feet of any polling place.
3 Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section shall be punished by a
4 fine of not less than five dollars (\$5) nor more than one hundred dollars
5 (\$100.)

§ 23. A voter who shall, except as herein otherwise provided, allow his
2 ballot to be seen by any person with an apparent intention of letting it be
3 known how he is about to vote, or who shall make a false statement as to
5 his inability to mark his ballot, or any person who shall interfere, or attempt
6 to interfere with any voter when inside said enclosed space, or when mark-
7 ing his ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to
8 show how he marks, or has marked, his ballot, shall be punished by a fine
9 of not less than five dollars (\$5) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100),
10 and election judges shall see that the offender is duly brought before the
11 proper court.

§ 24. Any person who shall, prior to an election, wilfully destroy or
2 deface any list of candidates posted in accordance with the provisions of
3 this act, or who, during an election, shall wilfully deface, tear down, re-
4 move or destroy any card of instructions or specimen ballots printed and

5 posted for the instruction of voters, or who shall, during an election, wil-
6 fully remove or destroy any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to
7 enable a voter to prepare his ballot, or shall wilfully hinder the voting of
8 others, shall be punished by fine not less than five dollars (\$5), nor more
9 than one hundred dollars (\$100).

§ 25. Any person who shall falsely make, or wilfully destroy any certifi-
2 cate of nomination, or nomination papers, or any part thereof, or any letter
3 of withdrawal, or file any certificate of nomination or nomination paper
4 knowing the same, or any part thereof, to be falsely made, or suppress any
5 certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or any part thereof, which
6 has been duly filed, or forge, or falsely make the official endorsement on
7 any ballot, or wilfully destroy or deface any ballot, or wilfully delay the
8 delivery of any ballots, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one
9 thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment in the county jail not more
10 than one year, or by both such fine or imprisonment.

§ 26. Any public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by this act, who
2 shall wilfully neglect to perform such duty, or who shall wilfully perform
3 it in such a way as to hinder the object of this act, shall be punished by
4 a fine of not less than five dollars (\$5), nor more than one thousand dollars
5 (\$1,000), or by imprisonment in jail for not more than one year, or by both
6 such fine and imprisonment.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wilke, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section three (3) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section three (3) of an act entitled "Act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act approved May 11, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. The number of directors shall not be less than nine nor more than fifteen, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum to do business, to be elected from the corporators by ballot, of whom one-third shall be elected for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for three years, until their successors are elected and qualified. At all subsequent elections, except to fill vacancies, one-third of said board of directors shall be elected for three years, said election to be held at the annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January in each year: *Provided*, that any company now incorporated and doing business under this act may at any time so change their mode of electing their board of directors, at an annual meeting, as to be in conformity with this act. In the election of the first board of directors each corporator shall

14 be entitled to one vote. At every subsequent election every person insured
15 shall be entitled to as many votes as there are directors to be elected, and
16 an equal additional number for each \$500.00 that he may be insured in the
17 company and may cast the same in person or by proxy, distributing them
18 among the same or a less number of directors to be elected, or accumulating
19 them upon one candidate as he may think fit: *Provided*, that any twelve
20 members of any company now incorporated and doing business under this
21 act may at any time petition the secretary of the company to submit the
22 question to the members thereof, for or against abolishing proxy voting.
23 Upon the receipt of such a petition, the secretary of the company shall give
24 notice in writing to every member thereof, at least ten days before the elec-
25 tion, that at the next annual meeting of the company the question will be
26 submitted to them to vote for or against abolishing proxy voting, which
27 vote shall be by ballot. If the majority of votes cast at such an election
28 are in favor of abolishing proxy voting, then at all subsequent elections all
29 votes shall be cast in person.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wilson, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to amend division III of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, by adding to the same three additional sections to be known as sections twenty (20), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22).

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That division III of an act entitled "An act to
3 revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27,
4 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be, and the same is hereby amended, by
5 adding to said division III, three sections, to be known as sections twenty,
6 twenty-one and twenty-two, and to read as follows:

Section 20. The person or persons offered as bail shall file with the court,
2 judge, justice of the peace or officer taking such bail, a schedule under
3 oath setting forth by proper description property owned by him or her.

Section 21. Whenever a schedule taken or made in pursuance of the pre-
2 ceding section shall be filed in the office of a clerk of a court of record in a
3 county where the person or persons so offered as bail shall reside, it shall be
4 the duty of the clerk of such court to record the same at large upon the
5 records of such court, and to make a proper index thereof in the indices
6 kept in his office, and thereupon the same shall constitute a lien upon the
7 real estate of the person so taken as bail situated in such county and de-

8 scribed in such schedule, until said bail shall have been discharged by an
9 order of the court in which were had the proceedings upon account of
10 which such bail was taken.

Section 22. Whenever bail shall be taken in pursuance of this act or of
2 the act of which this is an amendment, and such bail shall have been
3 satisfied by acquittal or discharge of the principal or for any reason it is
4 proper that such bail should be released, the court before or in which such
5 proceedings were had or may be pending shall enter an order discharging
6 or releasing such bail, and thereupon the lien created under the provisions
7 of this act shall be deemed fully released. Such order or a certified copy
8 thereof may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court where such
9 schedule may have been filed, and shall operate to release the lien created
10 thereby.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Van Praag, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title, January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Licenses.

A BILL

For an act to amend section six (6) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section six (6) of an act entitled "An act to
3 provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of
4 intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be
5 hereby amended so that the same will read as follows:

"Section 6. Whoever by himself or his agent or servant, (knowingly)
2 sell or give intoxicating liquors to any minor without the written order of
3 his parent, guardian, or family physician, or to any person intoxicated,
4 shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more
5 than one hundred dollars (\$100), or imprisoned in the county jail not less
6 than ten nor more than thirty days, or both, according to the nature of the
7 offense: *Provided*, this act shall not affect any prosecution pending at the
8 time this act takes effect, but in every such prosecution the accused shall
9 upon conviction be punished in the same manner in all respects as if this
10 act had not been passed."

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1. Introduced January 13, 1891.
 2. Read first by title January 13, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to require owners of threshing and other machines to guard against accidents."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section two (2) of an act entitled "An act to require owners of threshing and other machines to guard against accidents," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2. Any person owning or running any machine as mentioned in section 1 of this act without complying with the requirements of the aforesaid section, shall be held liable to the person damaged for any damage which may be sustained by such person by reason of such neglect, and no action shall be maintained, nor shall any legal liability exist for services rendered by or with any such machine when it shall be made to appear that the first section of this act has not been complied with and the defendant has sustained injury by reason thereof."

1. Introduced by Mr. Anderson, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the management of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That the government and control of the peniten-
3 tiaries of the State of Illinois and of the prisoners sentenced to said peni-
4 tentiaries, as hereafter provided, shall be vested in the Penitentiary Com-
5 missioners of the State, acting as a single board of commissioners for that
6 purpose, and the Governor shall be ex-officio a member of said board.

§ 2. Said Board of Penitentiary Commissioners shall have authority to
2 designate one of the penitentiaries of the State as a reformatory prison, and
3 shall make such transfers of convicts from one penitentiary to the other as
4 will separate, as far as possible, such convicts as are susceptible of reforma-
5 tion from hardened or incorrigible convicts, and shall direct the treatment
6 of convicts in said reformatory prison by such system of government, labor
7 and discipline, not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this State,
8 as may be deemed best adapted to secure their reformation.

§ 3. Every sentence to the penitentiary of a person convicted of a felony
2 except for murder, who shall not previously have been convicted of a felony
3 and served a term in some penal institution, may be, if the court decree it
4 best, a general sentence of imprisonment in such reformatory prison. The

5 term of imprisonment of any person so convicted and sentenced may be
6 terminated by such board of commissioners, but such imprisonment shall
7 not exceed the maximum term provided by law for the crime of which the
8 prisoner was convicted, and no such prisoner shall be released until after
9 he shall have served at least the minimum term provided by law for the
10 crime of which he was convicted.

§ 4. Every clerk of any court by which a criminal shall be sentenced to
2 said institution, whenever the term of such sentence is not fixed by the
3 court, shall furnish the officer taking such criminal in charge, with a record
4 containing a copy of the indictment, the name and residence of the judge
5 presiding at the trial, of the jurors, and of the witnesses sworn at the trial,
6 a statement of all facts which the presiding judge may deem necessary for
7 the full comprehension of the case, and his reason for, and a copy of the
8 sentence inflicted.

§ 5. The board of commissioners shall, subject to the approval of the
2 Governor, make such rules and regulations for the government of such
3 prison as shall best promote the reformation of the convicts therein, as
4 may from time to time appear to be necessary or promotive of the pur-
5 poses of this act. They shall make provision for the separation or the
6 classification of the prisoners into different grades, with promotion or
7 degradation, according to merit, for their employment and instruction in
8 the usual branches of industry, for their education, and for the conditional
9 or absolute release of prisoners sentenced under this act, and arrest and
10 return to custody within the institution, but in no case shall any prisoner
11 be released, either conditionally or absolutely, before the expiration of his
12 sentence, unless there is, in the judgment of the commissioners, reasonable
13 ground to believe that he will, if released, live without violation of law,
14 and that his release is not incompatible with the welfare of society. In
15 order that good behavior may be properly rewarded, the board shall pro-
16 vide, by rules and regulations, for a correct daily record of the conduct of

17 each prisoner, and his fidelity and diligence in the performance of his duty.
18 At the expiration of the sentence, the Governor may, upon the recommenda-
19 tion of the commissioners and warden, or twenty reputable citizens, certi-
20 fied to be such by the county judge of the county from which said prisoner
21 was sentenced, issue certificates of restoration to citizenship.

§ 6. The said board of commissioners shall establish rules and regula-
2 tions, under which prisoners sentenced under this act may be allowed to
3 go upon parole outside of said prison, subject at any time to be taken back
4 within the enclosure of said institution, upon the written order of said
5 board, certified by its secretary, which order, when entered upon the
6 records of said board, shall be a sufficient warrant for all officers named
7 therein, to return to actual custody any conditionally released or so paroled
8 prisoner, and it is hereby made the duty of all officers to execute said order
9 the same as any criminal process.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of said board of commissioners to adopt such
2 rules concerning all prisoners committed to their custody as shall prevent
3 them from returning to criminal courses, best secure their self-support, and
4 accomplish their reformation. When any prisoner shall be received into
5 any penitentiary upon direct sentence thereto, the warden shall cause to be
6 entered in a register the date of such admission, the name and age, nativity,
7 nationality, with such other facts as can be ascertained of parentage,
8 and of such early social influences as seem to indicate the constitutional
9 and acquired defects and tendencies of the prisoner, and based upon these
10 an estimate of the then present condition of the prisoner, and the best prob-
11 able plan of treatment. And the physician of the penitentiary shall care-
12 fully examine each prisoner when received, and shall enter in a register to
13 be kept by him the name, nativity or race, the weight, stature and former
14 occupation and family history of each prisoner, also a statement of the
15 condition of the heart and lungs and other leading organs, the rate of the
16 pulse and respiration, the measure of the chest and abdomen, and any ex-

17 isting disease or deformity, acquired or inherited. Upon the warden's reg-
18 ister shall be entered from time to time minutes of observed improvement,
19 or deterioration of character, and notes as to methods and treatment em-
20 ployed, also all orders or alterations affecting the standing or situation of
21 such prisoner, and any subsequent facts or personal history which may be
22 brought, officially, to the knowledge of the warden bearing upon the ques-
23 tion of the final release of the prisoner, or his being suffered to go out on
24 parole. And it is hereby provided that any prisoner violating the condi-
25 tions of his parole or conditional release (by whatever name) as affixed by
26 the commissioners, when by a formal order, entered in the commissioners'
27 proceedings, he is declared delinquent, shall thereafter be treated as an
28 escaped prisoner, and shall be liable, when arrested, to serve out the unex-
29 pired period of the maximum possible imprisonment. Any prisoner at large
30 upon parole or conditional release sentenced anew to the penitentiary shall
31 be subject to serve the second sentence, after the first sentence is served, or
32 annulled, to commence from date of termination of his liabilities on the
33 first or former sentence.

§ 8. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this
2 act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Burton, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act entitled "An act to compel the payment of all wages in money."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly.* That it shall be unlawful to pay any laborer or em-
3 ploye his wages in anything except lawful money of the United States.

§ 2. All persons or corporations violating this act shall be punished by a
2 fine not less than fifty dollars, and not more than two hundred dollars, by
3 prosecution in any justice court, or circuit court, or county court, on com-
4 plaint therein made by any person.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Boyer January, 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section seven of an act entitled "An act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties composing the various judicial circuits in the State of Illinois exclusive of the county of Cook," approved May 24, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section seven of an act entitled "An act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook," approved May 24, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 7. Sixth Circuit—In the county of Adams, on the third Monday of January, and fourth Monday March, and on the third Monday of May, and on the third Monday of June, and third Monday of September, and on the fourth Monday of October; in the county of Hancock, on the first Mondays of March, June and October; in the county of McDonough, on the first Tuesday of February, the second Tuesday in May, and the second Tuesday of September: *Provided*, that the May term shall be devoted exclusively to the trial of chancery causes, and the trial or transaction of any business in civil and criminal cases not requiring a jury, and no jury shall be impanelled for said May term. In the county of Brown, on the fourth Tuesday in February, and the first Tuesday in October; in the county of Fulton, on the second Monday in March, the second Monday in

13 "June, and the second Monday in November: *Provided*, that the June term
14 "shall be devoted exclusively to the trial of chancery causes, and the trial or
15 "transaction of any business in civil and criminal cases not requiring a jury,
16 "and no jury shall be impanelled for said June term, except upon the
17 "order of the court. In the county of Pike, on the first Tuesday of April,
18 "and the first Tuesday of November. In the county of Schuyler, on the
19 "fourth Tuesday in April, and the third Tuesday in October: *Provided*,
20 "that all suits commenced for, and all process made returnable to any term
21 "of court under the law to which this act is amendatory, shall be treated
22 "and held to be commenced for and returnable to the next succeeding term
23 "of court under this act, and all suits and process shall stand as though
24 "the same had been made returnable to such succeeding term of court."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Boyer, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read first by title, January 13, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to amend section six of "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section six of an act entitled, "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. Such judges with like privileges as circuit judges may interchange with each other and with the judges of circuit courts and may hold court for each other and perform each other's duties when they find it necessary or convenient. And the chief justice of the State may assign any of said judges of the circuit or city courts, when they are not occupied in holding court in their own circuit or city, to hold court in any other circuit or city court in the State when there may arise a necessity therefor.

§ 2. Whereas an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Brown January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.
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A BILL

For an act to require the United States flag to be placed in all schools within the State of Illinois and providing that patriotic music be sung and instructions in patriotism and loyalty to the country be taught therein.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That from and after the first day of July, 1891, every school within the State of Illinois shall have placed and kept in a conspicuous position in each department thereof at least one United States flag of standard bunting not less than three by five (3x5) feet in size to comply with the law.

§ 2. Every teacher of these schools shall at least twice a week give lessons in the history of the flag and lessons in patriotism and loyalty to the country; and every school that has music or singing therein shall at least twice a week have sung by the scholars of said school some well known national songs such as "America," "Red, White and Blue" or "Star Spangled Banner."

§ 3. It is hereby made the duty of all school boards, trustees, professors, superintendents and teachers to see that this law is fully complied with, and any member of board of directors, or of any board of trustees, or any professor, superintendent or teacher who shall neglect or fail to comply with this law shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished accordingly.

§ 4. Any person or persons who shall wilfully injure, deface or destroy
2 any flags, book or other materials placed in any room or building for the
3 carrying out of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and may
4 be punished accordingly.

1. Introduced by Mr. Craig, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Drainage.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 1, 15, 29, 53, 54, 65 and 132 of an act entitled "An act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts herein named," approved January 30, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That sections one (1), fifteen (15), twenty-nine (29), fifty-three (53), fifty-four (54), and sixty-five (65) of an act entitled "An act to provide for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved June 30, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. That all districts organized under this act shall be known by the corporate name of commissioners of district No....of the.....town ofcounty of.....State of Illinois, and by that name shall be a body politic, and may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, contract and be contracted with, and all other drainage commissioners provided in this act be alike the corporate authorities of their districts.

"Section 15. At the time appointed for the adjourned meeting the commissioners shall meet and examine the map and report of the engineer, if any engineer shall have been employed, and said commissioners *shall not* have power to change the boundaries of such proposed district from the boundaries given in the petition so as to take in land not embraced, except

6 as hereinafter provided, but may exclude lands taken into said proposed
7 district, but may permit additional signatures to be made to the petition by
8 any adult person or persons owning land in, or owning land desired to be
9 taken into such proposed district, to the end that a majority of the adult
10 owners of land in the district as finally to be organized, and who shall
11 be the owners in the aggregate of more than one-third ($\frac{1}{3}$) of such
12 land, or by the owners of the major part of the land, and who constitute
13 one-third ($\frac{1}{3}$) or more of the owners of the land in the proposed district shall
14 have signed the petition, which facts said commissioner shall find, and put
15 such finding in writing, and the same shall be filed, and the clerk shall
16 enter the same in his record, which finding shall be conclusive. And said
17 commissioners may adjourn the meeting provided for in this section not less
18 than five (5) days at a time and more than fifteen (15) days in all, for the
19 purpose of making the necessary examinations and finding, and shall publicly
20 announce the time and place they so adjourned, and if from their own
21 examination and said map and report, if any there be, it shall appear that the
22 lands included in the proposed district will be benefitted for agricultural
23 and sanitary purposes by the construction of a drain, or a combined system
24 of drains, they shall so find, unless they shall find from the evidence of
25 witnesses then introduced that the cost of the proposed work will exceed
26 the benefits to be derived therefrom. And should they find in favor of the
27 petitioner, or should a two-thirds ($\frac{2}{3}$) majority of the owners of land owning
28 more than one half of the land lying in said proposed district still desire the
29 formation of said district, and such desire shall be evinced by a failure to
30 withdraw their signatures from the petition, the commissioners shall enter
31 on record an order in writing organizing said drainage district, and such
32 district shall thereupon be declared fully organized. Each district shall be
33 designated by a number as drainage district No., in township
34 county, and State of Illinois. And when the commissioners shall
35 have organized said district they shall cause a map thereof showing the

36 boundaries thereof to be made, and the same shall be filed with the other
37 papers in the case. The signing of any petition referred to in this act shall
38 be taken as conclusive against the person so signing that they have accepted
39 the provisions of this act as to their assessments of benefits and damages
40 thereunder.

“Section 29. The commissioners shall order the tax to be paid in install-
2 ments in such amounts and at such times as will be convenient for the
3 accomplishment of the proposed work: *Provided*, that no installment tax so
4 levied shall exceed twenty-five (25) per cent. of the assessment for said
5 drainage: *And provided further*, that no installment tax be made payable
6 less than six months apart, which tax so levied shall be, upon confirmation,
7 paid at the time so designated by said commissioners, and shall be a lien
8 upon the lands assessed until paid, and such taxes shall draw interest at the
9 rate of eight (8) per cent. per annum from the time they shall become pay-
10 able till they are paid, and such interest may be collected and enforced as a
11 part of the taxes.”

“Section 53. As soon as a drainage district has been organized containing
2 fifteen (15) or more land owners, it shall be the duty of the county clerk of
3 the county in which the proceedings are instituted, or with the town clerk
4 as the case may be, who shall be *ex-officio* clerk of the commissioners of said
5 district, to give notice by posting written or printed notices in at least five
6 public places in or near said district, that on a day and place therein named
7 and at an hour not later than two (2) o'clock P. M., and not less than ten
8 (10) days from the date of notice, an election will be held for the purpose of
9 electing three (3) drainage commissioners for said district.”

“Section 54. In all elections held for the election of drainage com-
2 missioners, the town clerk and a justice of the peace selected by
3 him then in office shall be the judges of election, and in the absence
4 or refusal of any of them to act, the voters present may choose a
5 person or persons to fill the vacancy or vacancies. The judge shall

6 choose one of their number to act as clerk. Every adult owner of land in
7 the said districts, whether residing within or without said district, shall be
8 a voter, and if a resident of the county, in which such district or any part
9 thereof lies, eligible to the office of drainage commissioner. The election
10 shall open at ten o'clock A. M. and close at four (4) o'clock P. M., unless the
11 judges of election shall determine to hold the polls open longer, but not
12 later than six o'clock P. M. to accommodate the voters. At the close of the
13 election, the judges of election shall canvass the votes, and the three per-
14 sons, or so many as there are vacancies to be filled, having the highest
15 number of votes, shall be declared elected. In case of a tie, the judges
16 shall determine, by lot, who is elected, and they shall also determine, by
17 lot, at the first election, their respective terms of office, one of whom shall
18 serve for one year, one for two years and one for three years, or such parts
19 thereof as may expire upon the election of their successors, respectively, at
20 the annual meeting which shall be held each year on the third Tuesday in
21 November, when there shall be elected one drainage commissioner, to hold
22 his office for three years, and until his successor is chosen and qualified.
23 In case of a vacancy in the office from resignation, death, removal or refusal
24 to serve, the commissioners in office shall fill the office by appointment, until
25 such vacancy shall be filled at an annual election. Within five (5) days
26 after every election of drainage commissioners, the judges of election shall
27 cause the poll book to be delivered to the county clerk or with the town
28 clerk as the case may be, with certificate therein showing the names of
29 those elected drainage commissioners, and the term of each, which poll
30 book shall be filed by the clerk, and be evidence of such election; each
31 commissioner shall, within ten days after his election or appointment, take
32 an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such commissioner,
33 which oath shall be signed by him and filed in the office of said clerk.

“Section 65. Whenever a petition signed by a majority of any number
2 of adult owners of lands assessed for benefits in any special drainage district

3 heretofore or hereafter organized, under any law of this State, and who
4 own in the aggregate at least one-third of such land, shall be presented to
5 the drainage commissioners of such district, representing that any assess-
6 ment or tax has been made against the lands assessed for benefits for the
7 purpose of constructing the work therein, and that the same has been con-
8 firmed, and is unpaid in whole or in part, and that it would promote the
9 interest of the land owners in such district to extend the time of the pay-
10 ment thereof, or any part of the same, stating what part, and the time or
11 times to which they desire such extension made, but not to exceed ten (10)
12 years from the time such levy was confirmed, and asking that such extension
13 be made, and that bonds of the district be issued, not exceeding in amount
14 the amount of the assessment levy or part thereof thus sought to be
15 extended. It shall be the duty of the drainage commissioners of said
16 district to submit said proposition to the adult land owners of said district
17 at a special election to be held in said district, at a time to be fixed by said
18 commissioners, not less than ten (10) days after receiving the said petition,
19 and of which election they shall post five (5) notices in five of the most con-
20 spicuous places in said drainage district, and at which special election the
21 supervisor of the township in which said drainage district is located, or the
22 larger part thereof, and the assessor and collector of said township shall be
23 the judges of the election, and the clerk of the township in which said drainage
24 district is located, or the larger part thereof, shall act as clerk of said elec-
25 tion. The manner of voting shall be by ballot, and shall be for or against
26 the bonds; if a majority be against the bonds the work may be suspended,
27 unless the work can be done by the levy allowed by law for the installments
28 levied; but if the vote is for bonds, the said bonds shall be issued in series
29 not to exceed the levy allowed by law for one year, and it shall be the
30 duty of the commissioners to advertise for three consecutive weeks in some
31 newspaper that they are to issue said bonds, stating when the said bonds
32 will fall due, and the rate of interest, which shall not exceed eight (8) per

33 cent on a hundred dollars (\$100), that they will receive sealed bids, fixing
34 the time and place when the bids shall be opened; and it shall be the duty
35 of the clerk of said board to record the bonds made into the drainage record.
36 No bonds issued under the provisions of this act shall be sold for less than
37 their par value. *And provided*, it shall be unlawful for the commissioners to
38 let any work after the filing of said petition until the same is submitted to
39 a vote of the drainage district, as contemplated by this section.

40 The commissioners provided for in this act shall receive one dollar and
41 fifty cents per day, for the time actually employed in the discharge of the
42 duties of their office. They shall make out their account under oath, and
43 in all districts except special drainage districts their accounts shall be
44 audited and allowed by the board of auditors of the town in which the
45 district is organized; and in special drainage districts their accounts shall
46 be presented to and allowed by the judge of the court in which the district
47 is organized; and the amount allowed by the board of auditors, or court, as
48 the case may be, shall be paid out of the funds of the district for which
49 the services were rendered. The clerk of the commissioners shall receive
50 the same fees as is allowed for like services in other matters connected with
51 his office. If a civil engineer shall be employed he shall receive not to
52 exceed five (\$5) dollars per day for the time actually employed. The treasurer
53 shall receive for his services such sum as may be fixed by the commissioners,
54 not to exceed two per cent of moneys collected by him, and not to exceed
55 one per cent on moneys paid him by other collectors or treasurers, and in
56 no case shall the treasurer receive to exceed five hundred dollars for his
57 services in any one year from any one district. All fees and allowances
58 shall be paid out of the funds of the district for which the services were
59 or may be rendered."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Dawkins January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 14, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.
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A BILL

For an act to provide for the weekly payment of wages by corporations.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* Every manufacturing, mining, quarrying, lumbering,
3 mercantile, railroad, surface, street, electric and elevated railway, (steam sur-
4 face railways excepted), steam railway, steamboat, telegraph, telephone, and
5 municipal corporation, and every incorporated express company and water
6 company, shall pay weekly each and every employe engaged in its business,
7 the wages earned by such employe to within six days of the date of such
8 payment: *Provided, however,* that if at any time of payment any employe
9 shall be absent from his regular place of labor he shall be entitled to said
10 payment at any time thereafter upon demand.

§ 2. Any corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall be
2 liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars and not less than ten dollars,
3 for each violation, to be paid to the People of the State, and which may be
4 recovered in a civil action: *Provided,* an action for such violation is com-
5 menced within thirty days of the date thereof. Any person may bring an
6 action in the name of the People of the State, as plaintiff, against any cor-
7 poration which neglects to comply with the provisions of this act for a period
8 of two weeks, after having been notified in writing by such person that such
9 action will be brought. On the trial of such action, such corporation shall
10 not be allowed to set up any defense for a failure to pay weekly any em-

11 ploye engaged in its business, the wages earned by such employe to within six
12 days of the date of such payment, other than a valid assignment of such wages,
13 or a valid set-off against the same, or the absence of such employe from his
14 regular place of labor at the time of payment of the wages so earned by
15 him, or a breach of contract by such employe, or a denial of the employ-
16 ment. No assignment of future wages payable weekly under the provisions
17 of this act shall be valid if made to the corporation from whom such wages
18 are to come due, or to any person on behalf of such corporation, or if made
19 or procured to be made to any person for the purpose of relieving such cor-
20 poration from the obligations to pay weekly under the provisions of this act.
21 Nor shall any of said corporations require any agreement from any employe,
22 to accept wages at other periods than as provided in section 1 of this act as
23 a condition of employment.

§ 3. The penalties herein provided may be recovered in any court having
2 civil jurisdiction by such in the name of the person bringing the same.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon, of Lee, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to amend section fifty-two (52) of an act entitled "An act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section fifty-two of an act entitled "An act in
3 regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices,"
4 approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be, and the same is hereby amend-
5 ed so as to read as follows:

"Section 52. The manner of voting shall be by ballot. The ballot shall
2 be printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, upon plain
3 paper, with the name of each candidate voted for, and the title of the
4 offices. When the ballot is printed, the same shall be printed upon plain
5 paper, in plain type, in straight lines, with a blank space below each name
6 of a width not less than equal to the width of the line in which the name
7 is printed. No printed ballot bearing the name of any political party shall
8 be printed or circulated which has printed upon it the name of any person
9 as a candidate who is not the nominee of such political party. And any
10 person violating this section, shall, on conviction, be fined not less than ten
11 dollars, and not exceeding one hundred dollars for each offense.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon, of Lee, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.
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A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled “An act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights on railroads in this State, and to punish the same, and prescribe a mode of procedure and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to appeal an act entitled ‘An act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this State for the transportation of freights on said roads,’ approved April 7, 1871,” approved May 2, 1873, in force July 1, 1873, by adding to said act three sections to be known as sections thirteen, fourteen and fifteen.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled “An act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights on railroads in this State, and to punish the same, and prescribe a mode of procedure and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal and act entitled, ‘An act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this State for the transportation of freights on said roads;’ approved April 7, A. D. 1871,” approved May, 2, 1873, and in force July 1, 1873, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition of three additional sections thereof to be known as sections thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, as follows:

“Section 13. In every case where a railroad company doing business in
2 this State, at any station on the line of its road in this State, may own or
3 control a railroad track adjacent to any public or private warehouse or
4 manufactory, and its railroad tracks at such station are connected with the
5 tracks of any other railroad company so that cars can be transferred from
6 such other railroad to such track so adjacent to any public or private ware-
7 house or manufactory, it shall be the duty of such railroad company so
8 owning or controlling such track, to receive from such other railroad
9 company, and, without unreasonable delay, deliver at such public or private
10 warehouse or manufactory, all cars containing property consigned to the
11 owners or persons carrying on business at such warehouse or manufactory;
12 and all empty cars designed to be loaded with freight at such warehouse
13 or manufactory; and without unreasonable delay upon notice to its agent at
14 such station, to take and deliver to such other railroad company at the
15 connection of such railroads at such station, all cars containing property to
16 be shipped over such other railroad by the owners or persons doing
17 business at such warehouse or manufactory.”

“Section 14. The Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners shall make a
2 schedule or reasonable maximum charges for the services required to be
3 rendered under this act, in like manner and with like effect as is now
4 provided by law in other cases of the transportation of freight and cars over
5 railroads in this State; and said commissioners shall see to the enforcement
6 of this act.”

“Section 15. If any railroad company shall fail or neglect to conform to
2 the requirements of this act, or to the schedule of rates established pursuant
3 hereto, it shall be deemed guilty of extortion or unjust discrimination as
4 the case may be, and on conviction shall be punished as now is, or here-
5 after may be provided by law for such offense.”

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1. Introduced by Mr. Duncan, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For a act to amend sections fiify-one (51) and sixty-to (62) and two repeal section sixty-seven (67) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act, and parts of acts, therein named," approved May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the Gen ral Assembly,* That section fifty-one (51) and sixty-two (62) of an
3 act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of road districts, the elec-
4 tion and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in
5 counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act, and parts of
6 acts, therein named," approved May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, be and
7 the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 51. The commissioners of highways shall have charge of the
2 roads and bridges of their respective districts, and it shall be their duty
3 to keep the same in repair and improve them so far as practicable: *Provided,*
4 that county boards in counties not under township organization shall have
5 charge and control of all bridges, the construction of which cost exceeding
6 fifty dollars, and the county board shall, when the interest of the public re-
7 quires it, build such new bridges as cost exceeding that sum. Whenever
8 the available means at the disposal of the highway commissioners will per-

9 mit it they shall construct permanent roads, beginning where most needed.
10 The work on roads shall be done timely, and in accordance with the best
11 known methods of road making, by proper grading and thorough drainage,
12 by tile, or otherwise, as may be expedient, and by the application of gravel,
13 rock or other material.

“Section 62. At the meeting to be held in September the commissioners
2 shall determine what per cent shall be levied on the property of the district
3 for roads and bridges, which levy shall not exceed twenty-five cents on each
4 one hundred dollars.”

§ 2. That section sixty-seven (67) of said act, and all acts, or parts of acts,
2 in conflict herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 8 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property," approved March 26, 1874, also amending said act by adding an additional section thereto, to be designated section 8½.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 8 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property," approved March 26, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended as follows; and also said act be amended by inserting between sections 8 (as amended), and section 9 to be designated as section 8½:

"Section 8. Every mortgagee of personal property, his assignee of record or other legal representative, having received full satisfaction and payment of all such sum or sums of money as are really due to him from the mortgagor, shall, at the request of the mortgagor, his heirs, legal representatives or assigns, enter satisfaction upon the margin of the record of such mortgage in the recorder's office, which shall forever thereafter discharge and release the same, and shall bar all actions, or suits brought or to be brought thereupon. All releases of mortgages and deeds of trust which have heretofore been made in pursuance of this section before this amendment shall be held legal and valid.

"Section 8½. No sale, transfer or assignment of any mortgage or trust

2 deed of real property shall be valid unless such sale, transfer or assignment
3 shall be made by an instrument in writing executed by the mortgagee,
4 trustee or his executor, administrator, heirs or assignee of record, and such
5 instrument may be acknowledged in the same manner as deeds for the
6 conveyance of land, and must be recorded in the county in which the land
7 is situated."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns, January 13, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An act to further define the duties of masters in chancery, and to secure the prompt discharge of such duties," approved April 29, 1873.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 2 of an act entitled "An act to further define the duties of masters in chancery, and to secure the prompt discharge of such duties," approved April 29, 1873, be so amended as to read as follows:

§ 2. Such report shall contain a statement in detail showing the title of each cause of proceeding in said court, in consequence of which such money has come to the hands of such master in chancery, the amount derived from each cause or proceeding, and the names of the persons entitled to such money, and the amount due each; and an itemized account of all notes, bonds, mortgages, trust deeds and other evidence of indebtedness, and on what account and in what cause they were taken, and to whom they belong; and such master in chancery shall produce and exhibit to the court with his report, the money, or a certificate of deposit for the money, and notes, bonds, mortgages, trust deeds and other evidence of indebtedness so itemized, and held by him, and it is hereby made the duty of the court to inspect them; said report shall also show what reason, if any exists, why an

13 order or decree may not be made at the term when such report is submitted
14 without jeopardizing the rights of the parties to such cause or proceeding,
15 for the payment of the whole or a part of such money to the party or
16 parties entitled thereto, and if a part only, how much and to whom; and if
17 at the same or any term subsequent to the submission of such report, an
18 order or decree shall be made as hereinafter provided for the payment or
19 other disposition of said money or any part thereof, or of the notes, bonds,
20 mortgages, trust deeds and evidence of indebtedness, then and in that case
21 the report to be submitted at the term of court next succeeding such order
22 or decree shall show in what manner such order or decree has been executed,
23 or if the same remains unexecuted in whole or in part, the reason therefor.
24 The master in chancery shall take duplicate receipts for all money paid out,
25 or for any notes, bonds, mortgages, trust deeds, or other evidence of indebt-
26 edness, he may be ordered by the court to distribute, and file with his re-
27 port one of said receipts, the other to be retained by him.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Gehrer January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act providing for the inspection of weighing scales at mines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the county inspector of mines shall be made
3 sealer of weights and measures, shall be subject to the call of miners at all
4 times, and shall be elected by the majority vote of the people of that re-
5 spective county

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1. Introduced by Mr. Gehrer January 14, 1891.
 - 2- Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act providing for the gross weight of coal hoisted at mines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all coal shall be weighed before being
3 dumped into screenes or chutes, two thousand pounds to the ton. A correct
4 record shall be kept of the weight of each miner's car, which record shall
5 be kept open at all reasonable times for the inspection of all miners or
6 others pecuniarily interested in the product of such mine. The person
7 authorized to weigh the coal and keep such record, shall before entering
8 upon his duties, make and subscribe to an oath before some magistrate or
9 other officer authorized to administer oaths that he will accurately weigh
10 and carefully keep a true record of coal delivered from mines. This oath
11 shall be kept conspicuously posted at the place of weighing.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Grigsby, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

A BILL

For an act providing for the remission of fees of the clerks of county courts, in certain cases, in counties of the first and second class.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That in all cases, in counties of the first and second class, where, by the death of any person, there shall be left surviving such person a widow or children resident of this State, who are entitled out of said estate to a widow's or child's award, and the entire estate, real and personal, of such deceased person shall not exceed one thousand dollars, and in case of any minor whose estate, real and personal, does not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars and whose father is dead, and in all cases of any idiot, insane person, lunatic or distracted person, drunkard or spendthrift, when such person has a wife or infant child dependent on such person for support, and the entire estate of such person shall not exceed the sum of one thousand dollars, the county judge shall, by an order to be entered of record, remit and release to such estate all of the county clerk's costs now provided for by law.

§ 2. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Grisby, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to give cities, incorporated towns, townships and districts in which free schools are now managed under special acts, authority to elect Boards of Education having the same powers as Boards of Education now elected under the general free school laws of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That any city, incorporated town, township or
3 district having a population of not less than one thousand and not over
4 one hundred thousand inhabitants, in which free schools are now managed
5 under any special act, may by vote of its electors determine to elect, instead
6 of the directors or other governing or managing board, now provided for
7 by such special act, a board of education which shall be elected at the
8 time and in the manner and have the powers now conferred by law upon
9 boards of education of districts not governed by any special act.

§ 2. Upon petition of fifty voters of such city, town, township or district,
2 presented to the board having the control and management of schools in
3 such city, town, township or district, it shall be the duty of such board, at
4 the next ensuing election to be held in such city, town, township or dis-
5 trict, to cause to be submitted to the voters thereof, giving not less
6 than fifteen days notice thereof, by posting not less than five notices in the
7 most public places in such city, town, township or district, the question of
8 "Electing a Board of Education having the powers conferred upon such

9 boards in districts organized under the free school law," which notice may
10 be in the following form to-wit:

11 Public notice is hereby given that on the day of A. D.
12 , an election will be held at , between the hours of M
13 and M. of said day, for the purpose of deciding the question of
14 "Electing a Board of Education having the powers conferred upon such
15 boards in districts organized under the free school law."

16 If it shall appear upon a canvass of the returns of such election that a
17 majority of the votes cast at such elections are "For electing a Board of
18 Education having the powers conferred upon such boards in districts organ-
19 ized under the free school law," then at the time of the next regular
20 election for boards of education under the free school law, there shall be
21 elected a board of education for such district; and should there not be
22 sufficient time to give the notice required by law for such election, then
23 such election may be held on any Saturday thereafter, but all subsequent
24 elections shall be held at the time provided by the free school law.

§ 3. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby
2 repealed.

§ 4. Whereas an emergeecy exists requiring this act to take immediate
2 effect, therefore be it enacted that this act shall be in force from and after
3 its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Laughlin January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title, January 14 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal a certain act therein named.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That the rate of interest upon the loan or forbear-
3 ance of any money, goods, or thing in action, shall be five dollars (\$5) upon
4 one hundred dollars (\$100) for one year, and after that rate for a greater or
5 less sum, or for a longer or a shorter time, except as hereinafter provided.

§ 2. Creditors shall be allowed to receive at the rate of five (5) per centum
2 per annum, for all moneys after they become due on any bond, bill, prom-
3 issory note, or other instrument of writing; on money lent or advanced for
4 the use of another, on money due on the settlement of account from the
5 day of liquidating accounts between the parties and ascertaining the bal-
6 ance, or money received to the use of another, and retained without the
7 owner's knowledge, and on money withheld by an unreasonable and vexa-
8 tious delay of payment.

§ 3. Judgments recovered before any court or magistrate shall draw in-
2 terest at the rate of five (5) per centum per annum from the date of the
3 same until satisfied. When judgment is entered upon any award, report or
4 verdict, interest shall be computed at the rate aforesaid, from the time

5 when made or rendered to the time of rendering judgment upon the same,
6 and made a part of the judgment.

§ 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to stipulate
2 or agree that six (6) per centum per annum, or any less sum of interest,
3 shall be taken and paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100) of money
4 loaned, or in any manner due and owing from any person or corporation
5 to any other person or corporation in this State, and after that rate for a
6 greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as herein pro-
7 vided.

§ 5. No person or corporation shall directly or indirectly accept or re-
2 ceive, in money, goods, discounts, or thing in action, or in any other way,
3 any greater sum or greater value, for the loan, forbearance or discount of
4 any money, goods or thing in action, than as above described.

§ 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to receive a
2 greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per centum, upon any con-
3 tract, verbal or written, such person or corporation, shall forfeit the whole
4 of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled only to
5 recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation; and all con-
6 tracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide for in-
7 terest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified, on account
8 of non-payment at maturity, shall be deemed usurious, and only the prin-
9 cipal sum due thereon shall be recoverable.

§ 7. The defense of usury shall not be allowed in any suit unless the
2 person relying upon such defense shall set up the same by plea, or file in
3 the cause a notice in writing, stating that he intends to defend against the
4 contract sued upon or set off, on the ground that the contract is usurious.

§ 8. When any written contract, wherever payable, shall be made in this
2 State, or between citizens or corporations of this State, or a citizen or cor-
3 poration of any other State, territory, or country, (or shall be secured by
4 mortgage or trust deed on lands in this State), such contract may bear any

5 rate of interest allowed by law on any contract for money due or owing in
 6 this State: *Provided, however,* that such rate of interest shall not exceed six
 7 per centum per annum. And if any such person or corporation shall con-
 8 tract to receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six per centum
 9 upon any such contract, such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole
 10 of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled only
 11 to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation.

§ 9. Whenever, in any statute, act, deed, written or verbal contract, or
 2 in any public or private instrument whatever, any certain rate of inter-
 3 est is or shall be mentioned, and no period of time is stated for which
 4 such rate is to be calculated, interest shall be calculated at the rate of
 5 mentioned, by the year, in the manner as if “per annum,” or “by the year”
 6 had been added to the rate.

§ 10. In all computation of time, and of interests and discounts, a month
 2 shall be considered to mean a calendar month, and year shall consist of twelve
 3 calendar months; and in computations of interest or discount for any number
 4 of days less than a month, a day shall be considered a thirtieth part
 5 of a month, and interest or discount shall be computed for such fractional
 6 parts of a month upon the ratio which such number of days shall be to
 7 thirty.

§ 11. No corporation shall hereafter interpose the defense of usury in any
 2 action.

§ 12. That an act entitled “An act to revise the law in relation to the
 2 rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts there in named,” approved May
 3 24, 1879, and all other laws in any way in conflict herewith, be, and the
 4 same are hereby repealed. This section shall not be construed as reinstat-
 5 ing any law upon the subject of interest heretofore enacted, nor so as to
 6 affect any rights that may have accrued or suits that may be pending when
 7 it shall take effect.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Laughlin January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act to establish reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers on railroads in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That all railroad corporations organized or doing business in this State, under the laws or authority thereof, shall be limited to the rate of compensation for the transportation of passengers which are herein prescribed.

§ 2. All railroads in this State shall be classified according to the gross amount of their respective annual earnings per mile, as follows: Class A shall include all railroads whose gross annual earnings per mile shall be seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) or more; class B shall include all railroads whose gross annual earnings per mile shall be four thousand dollars (\$4,000) or any sum in excess thereof but less than seven thousand dollars (\$7,000), and class C shall include all railroads whose gross annual earnings per mile shall be any sum less than four thousand dollars (\$4,000).

§ 3. All railroad corporations according to their classification as herein prescribed shall be limited to compensation per mile for the transportation of any person, with ordinary baggage, not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight, as follows: Class A, two cents per mile; class B, two and one-half cents per mile, and class C, three cents per mile: *Provided*, That no such

6 corporation shall charge, demand or receive any greater compensation per
7 mile for the transportation of children (12) twelve years of age, or under,
8 than half of the rates above prescribed; and *Provided* also that a charge of
9 ten (10) cents may be added to the fare of any person when the same is
10 paid upon the cars if a ticket might have been procured within a reasonable
11 time before the departure of the train.

§ 4. All railroad corporations shall keep posted in a conspicuous place in
2 their depots a printed copy of this act, together with a table of distances
3 between each and every station of their roads, and also a statement showing
4 the class to which its road belongs.

§ 5. Any railroad corporation which shall charge, demand or receive any
2 greater compensation for the transportation of any passenger than is author-
3 ized by this act, shall be liable to the party aggrieved in the sum of five
4 hundred dollars (\$500), and the same may be recovered, together with all costs
5 of suit, and a reasonable attorney's fee, to be taxed by the court in an action
6 of debt in any court having competent jurisdiction.

§ 6. If any final judgment shall be recovered against any such corpora-
2 tion, under the provisions of section five of this act, a fourth time, such cor-
3 poration shall be deemed to have forfeited all its rights, privileges and
4 franchises, and it shall be the duty of the State's attorney in any circuit
5 or county through or into which its road may run, in this State, to proceed
6 against such railroad corporation so violating any provision of this act, upon
7 information, in the nature of quo warranto, to judgment of ouster and final
8 execution. And in addition to the procedure herein provided, such corpora-
9 tion may be proceeded against in such other manner as may be provided
10 by law.

§ 7. This act shall not be held to apply to any city or street railroad.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman of Sangamon, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.
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A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to protect contractors, sub-contractors and laborers in their claims against railroad companies or corporations, contractors or sub-contractors," approved April 3, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections 1 and 2 of an act entitled "An act to protect contractors, sub-contractors and laborers in their claims against railroad companies or corporations, contractors or sub-contractors," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be so amended as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That all persons who may have furnished, or who shall hereafter furnish to any railroad corporation now existing or hereafter to be organized under the laws of this State, any fuel, ties, materials, supplies or any other article or thing necessary for the construction, maintenance, operation or repair of such roads by contract with said corporation, or who shall have done and performed, or shall hereafter do and perform any work or labor for such construction, maintenance, operation or repair by like contract, shall be entitled to be paid for the same as part of the current expenses of said road; and in order to secure the same, shall have a lien upon all the property real, personal and mixed of said railroad corporation as against such railroad and against all prior recorded mortgages and trust deeds, securing bond or stock indebtedness of said road except to the extent of the actual monies thereof which can be clearly shown to have

14 gone into the building, improvement or repair of said road: *Provided*, suit
15 shall be commenced within six months after such contractor or laborer
16 shall have completed his contract with said railroad corporation. or after
17 such labor shall have been performed or material furnished.

Section 2. Every person who shall hereafter, as sub-contractor, material
2 man, or laborer, furnish to any contractor with any such railroad corpora-
3 tion any fuel, ties, materials, supplies, or any other article or thing, or
4 who shall do and perform any work or labor for such contractor in con-
5 formity with the terms of any contract, express or implied, which such
6 contractor may have made with any such railroad corporation, shall have
7 a lien upon all the property real, personal and mixed of said railroad cor-
8 poration: *Provided* such sub-contractor, material man or laborer shall have
9 complied with the provisions of this act; but the aggregate of all liens
10 hereby authorized shall not in any case exceed the price agreed upon in the
11 original contract to be paid by such corporation to the original contractor:
12 *And provided* further that no such lien shall take priority over any existing
13 lien except that proportion of prior recorded mortgages and trust deeds
14 securing bond or stock indebtedness of the road as is shown not to have
15 gone into into the building, improvement. or repair of the road.

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1. Introduced by Mr. McCrone 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act to enable cities, towns and villages incorporated under any general or special law of this State to fix the rates and charges for the supply of water by any individual, company or corporation to any such city, town or village and the inhabitants thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the corporate authorities of any city, town or
3 village, now or hereafter incorporated under any general or special law of
4 of this State, in which any individual, company or corporation has been,
5 or hereafter may be, authorized by such city, town or village to supply water
6 to such city, town or village and the inhabitants thereof, be and are hereby
7 empowered to prescribe by ordinance maximum rates and charges for the
8 supply of water to be provided by such individual, company or corporation
9 to such city, town or village and the inhabitants thereof, such rates and
10 charges to be just, reasonable and uniform.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 93.

Adopted by the House of Representatives April 21, 1891, ordered printed April 21, 1891:

1. Amend title bill No. 93 by inserting after the word "water" in line 5 of printed bill the word "furnished," and in line 8 strike out the words "to be provided," and insert the word "furnished;" in line 10 by inserting the word "and" after the word "just" and strike out the words "and uniform."

2. Amend by adding to section 1 the following words: "And in case the corporate authorities of any such city, town or village shall fix unjust and unreasonable rates and charges, the same may be reviewed and determined by the circuit court of the county in which such city, town or village may be."

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1. Introduced by Mr. McCrone, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section eighteen (18) of an act entitled, "An act in regard to judgments and decrees, and the manner of enforcing the same by execution, and to provide for the redemption of real estate sold under execution or decree," approved March 22, 1872, (as amended by act approved May 31, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879) and also to amend sections twenty (20) and twenty-one (21) of said act, approved March 22, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section eighteen (18) of an act entitled "An
3 act in regard to judgments and decrees, and the manner of enforcing the
4 same by execution, and to provide for the redemption of real estate sold
5 under execution or decree," approved March 22, 1872, (as amended by act ap-
6 proved May 31, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879,) and also sections twenty (20)
7 and twenty-one (21) of said act, approved March 22, 1872, be and the same
8 are hereby amended so as to read respectively as follows:

Section 18. [Redemption by defendant, etc.] Any defendant, his heirs,
2 administrators, assigns, or any person interested in the premises, through
3 or under the defendant, may within twelve months from said sale redeem
4 the real estate so sold by paying to the purchaser thereof, his executors,
5 administrators, or assigns, or to the sheriff, or master in chancery, or
6 other officer who sold the same, or his successor in office, for the benefit of

7 such purchaser, his executors, administrators or assigns, the sum of money
 8 for which the premises were sold or bid off, with interest thereon at the
 9 rate of six per centum per annum from the term of such sale, whereupon sale
 10 and certificate shall be null and void.

Section 20. [~~Redemption by~~ creditor, etc.] If such redemption is not
 2 made, any decree, or judgment creditor, his executors, administrators, or
 3 assigns, may after the expiration of twelve months, and within fifteen
 4 months after the sale, redeem the premises in the following manner: Such
 5 creditor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, may sue out an execu-
 6 tion, upon his judgment or decree, and place the same in the hands of the
 7 sheriff or other proper officer to execute the same, who shall endorse upon
 8 the back thereof a levy of the premises desired to be redeemed, and the
 9 person desiring to make such redemption shall pay to such officer the
 10 amount for which the premises to be redeemed were sold, with interest
 11 thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum from the date of the sale,
 12 for the use of the purchaser of such premises, his executors, administrators,
 13 or assigns, whereupon such officer shall make and file in the office of the
 14 recorder of the county in which the premises are situated, a certificate of
 15 such redemption, and shall advertise and offer the premises for sale under
 16 said execution as in other cases of sale on execution.

Section 21. [When only redemption money bid.] The creditor, his execu-
 2 tors, administrators, or assigns, having so redeemed, shall be considered as
 3 having bid at such sale the amount of the redemption money so paid by
 4 him, with interest thereon at the rate at six per centum per annum from the
 5 date of such redemption and sale, and if no greater amount is bid at such
 6 sale, the premises shall be struck off to the person making such redemp-
 7 tion, and the officer shall forthwith execute a deed of the premises to him,
 8 and no other redemption shall be allowed.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 94.

Adopted by the House of Representatives April 21, 1891, ordered printed April 21, 1891:

1. Amend line 9 of section 18 of the printed bill by striking out the word "term" and inserting therefor the word "time."
2. Amend line 9 of section 18 of the printed bill by inserting after the word "whereupon" the word "such."
3. Amend section 20 by striking out the words "redemption by creditor, etc.," in line 1 of the printed bill.
4. Amend section 18 by striking out the words "redemption by defendant, etc.," in line 1 of the printed bill.
5. Amend section 21 by striking out the words "when only redemption money bid," in line 1 of the printed bill.
6. Amend line 5 of section 21 of the printed bill by striking out the word "and" after the word "redemption" and inserting therefor the words "to the day of," and after the word "sale" in line 5 insert the words "with the costs of such redemption and sale."

1. Introduced by Mr. Moyers, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to increase the jurisdiction of county courts, to regulate the practice therein, and regulate salaries of judges of county courts.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That the county courts shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts, in all cases, and it is hereby declared to be a court of general jurisdiction.

§ 2. The third Monday of each month shall be the first day of a law and and chancery term at which all cases shall be cognizable, and the regular jury terms of said court shall be on the third Monday of the months in which the jury terms are now held in the respective counties, and there may be a jury at such other term or terms of the circuit court as the judge in his discretion may believe the business of the court requires.

§ 3. The judges of the county court may interchange with each other, and the judges of the county court and the judges of the circuit court may interchange the same as judges of the circuit court may now interchange, and at any regular or special term of the circuit court if the circuit judge is absent, the county judge shall hold said term of the circuit court.

§ 4. The process, pleadings and practice in the county court, in all cases shall be the same as the process, pleadings and practice in the circuit

4 to the salary that the counties may now provide by law for said
5 judges.

§ 12. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act
2 are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act concerning elections, providing penalties for the violation of the same, and repealing all laws in conflict therewith.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the board of supervisors in counties adopting township organization and the board of county commissioners in counties not adopting township organization shall at their first meeting after the taking effect of this act, divide the townships of their respective counties into election precincts and establish the boundaries of the same.

Such board of supervisors and such board of county commissioners shall designate at least one place of holding elections in each township, and every township in which only one place of holding elections is designated shall constitute a precinct. There shall be but one voting place in a precinct. Each precinct shall contain as nearly as practicable two hundred electors, based on the number of votes cast at the last election for presidential electors, but no precinct shall contain more than two hundred and fifty electors. If at any time hereafter two hundred and fifty or more votes shall be cast at any voting place, it shall be the duty of the inspector in such precinct to report the same to the board of supervisors or the board of county commissioners, who shall at their next regular meeting divide such precinct as equally as possible so that the new precincts formed

19 thereof shall each contain two hundred electors as nearly as prac-
 20 ticable, but no precinct shall contain more than two hundred and fifty
 21 electors, and shall report such subdivision to the clerk of the circuit court
 22 of such county and to the Governor of the State, together with the esti-
 23 mated number of votes in each of the new precincts. If such boards shall
 24 fail to act as herein directed, any qualified voter of the county may apply
 25 for a writ of mandamus to compel a performance of this duty.

§ 2. Such board of supervisors and such board of county commissioners
 2 of any county may change the boundaries of any precinct within such
 3 county or divide any precinct into two or more precincts or consolidate
 4 two or more precincts into one or change any place of holding elections
 5 whenever public convenience or the public good may require it: *Provided*,
 6 that no such change, division or consolidation shall be made after the
 7 month of June in each year next preceding an election: *And, provided, further*,
 8 that no such change, division or consolidation shall be valid without giving
 9 due notice at least one month before any election by publication in two
 10 newspapers published in said county representing the two political parties
 11 which cast the highest number of votes in the State at the last general
 12 election, should such papers be published in said county, otherwise the one
 13 or two papers having the greatest circulation in said county, and by posters
 14 put up in four of the most public places in each precinct: *And provided*
 15 *further*, that no precinct shall be enlarged so as to contain more than two
 16 hundred and fifty electors.

§ 3. The board of supervisors or the county commissioners, as the case
 2 may, be in each county of the State, shall at least three months next
 3 preceding any election appoint an inspector of elections in each precinct, in
 4 their respective counties who shall be a qualified elector in such precinct
 5 and who shall have been a free holder and resident house holder therein
 6 for at least one year or house holder for at least two years, next preceding
 7 such election. And it shall be the duty of such inspectors of elections, in

the precincts in which they respectively reside to prior to the opening of the polls in such precinct, to appoint as judges of election two qualified electors of such precinct, who shall have been freeholders and resident householders therein for at least one year or householders for at least two years next preceding said election and who are members of different political parties and of the parties which cast the highest number of votes in the State at the preceding general election: *Provided*, that if at least one week or more prior to such election, the chairman of the county central committee of either of the said two parties shall designate a member of such party as judges having the same qualifications as above prescribed, he shall be appointed and such judges together with the inspector shall constitute a board of election. No person shall be eligible as a member of the board of election who has anything of value bet or wagered on the result of such election or who is a candidate to be voted for at such election, or who is father, father-in-law, son, son-in-law, grand-father, grand-son, brother, brother-in-law, uncle, nephew, first or second cousin of any candidate at such election. If at any time before or during an election, it shall be made to appear to any inspector by the affidavit of two or more qualified electors of the precinct that either of the judges is disqualified under the provisions of this act, he shall at once remove such judge and fill the place with a qualified person of the same political party as the judge removed; and in case such disqualified judge shall have taken the oath of office hereinafter prescribed, the inspector shall place such oath and affidavit before the next grand jury of the county.

§ 4. Whenever such board of supervisors or board of county commissioners shall designate more than one precinct in any township, it shall, at a meeting to be held at least two months preceding any election, appoint in such precinct some qualified voter of such precinct, who shall have been a freeholder and resident householder in such precinct for at least one year, or a resident householder for at least two years next preceding such elec-

tion. Such board of supervisors or board of county commissioners, as the case may be, shall hold a special session one week before each election and shall fill all vacancies that may have occurred in the office of inspector, and shall fill any vacancy occurring thereafter at any regular or called sessions of such boards previous to the election. Such appointed inspector shall, before the time of opening the election in his precinct, appoint two election judges, if the same have not already been appointed, as hereinbefore provided, in the same manner and under the same requirements, and such judges and inspectors shall constitute the board of elections for such precinct. If any member of an election board shall fail to appear at the hour appointed for the opening of the polls, the remainder of the board shall select a member of his political party to serve in his stead: *Provided*, that if the qualified electors of his party present at the polls shall nominate a qualified person for such vacancy, such nominee shall be appointed. If none of the members of an election board shall appear at the hour appointed for opening the polls, the qualified electors present shall elect a board *viva voce* as nearly as possible in conformity with the provisions hereof.

§ 5. Such board of election shall appoint as poll clerks two qualified electors of such precinct, one from each of the two parties that cast the largest vote in the State at the last general election: *Provided*, that if four days or more prior to such election, the chairman of the county central committee of either of the two parties that cast the largest number of votes in the State at the last general election, shall designate a member of such party as poll clerk, such nominee shall be appointed.

§ 6. The clerk of the county court of each county in the State shall make out and cause to be delivered to the inspectors of the several precincts in their respective counties at least ten days previous to any election a suitable number of blank forms of poll books, containing one column headed "Names of voters," and an additional column headed "Number of votes," and also forms of election returns, with the proper captions, forms of oath, and forms

7 of certificates and tally papers necessary to be used in all elections hereafter
8 held in this State.

§ 7. Before any election shall be opened the inspector and judges shall
2 each make an oath to support the constitution of the United States and of
3 this State, to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties assigned by
4 law, that they will not knowingly permit any person to vote who is not
5 qualified, and not knowingly refuse the qualified vote of any elector or cause
6 any delay to persons offering to vote further than is necessary to pro-
7 cure satisfactory information of the qualifications of such person as an elector;
8 that they will not disclose or communicate to any person how any elector
9 voted, or how any ballot was folded, marked, or stamped, and that they are now,
10 and for one year next preceding, have continued to be bona fide residents and
11 freeholders or bona fide householders for at least two years of the township
12 in which such precinct is situated, and that they have nothing of value bet
13 or wagered on the result of said election, and are not candidates at said
14 election, and that they are not related to any person to be voted for at said
15 election within the degrees named in section three of this act, which oath shall
16 be in writing or printed, and shall be subscribed and executed before some
person authorized by law to administer oaths, which officer shall attach
18 thereto his jurat, and such oath shall then be attached to the poll book and
19 with it returned to the county clerk's office of his county as hereinafter
20 provided.

21 Which oath shall be in the following form:

22 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
23 COUNTY, } ss.

24 I do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that I will support the con-
25 stitution of the United States and of this State; that I will faithfully and
26 impartially discharge the duties of inspector and judge of election assigned
27 by law; that I will not knowingly permit any person to vote any person who is
28 not qualified and will not knowingly refuse the vote of any qualified elector

29 or cause any delay to persons offering to vote further than is necessary to
 30 procure satisfactory information of the qualification of such person as an
 31 elector; that I am now and have been continuously for one year next preced-
 32 ing this date a bona fide resident, freeholder (or a bona fide resident
 33 householder for at least two years next preceding this date) of the township
 34 in which the precinct in which I am to act as a member of the election
 35 board is situated, and that I will not disclose or communicate to any person
 36 how any elector has voted at such election, or how any ballot has been folded,
 37 marked or samped; that I have nothing of value bet or wagered upon the
 38 result of said election and am not a candidate at this election, and am not
 39 related to any person to be voted for at this election within the degrees
 40 named in section three of the election law.

41 Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of

42

43 [Seal.]

§ 8. If no person present be authorized by law to administer the oath of
 2 office, the inspector shall administer the same to the judges, and one of such
 3 judges shall then administer said oath to the inspector.

§ 9. The inspector shall be chairman of such board, and before the recep-
 2 tion of any votes, shall administer an oath to the clerks of the election,
 3 that they will faithfully discharge their duties as such. After the organi-
 4 zation of the board of elections the inspector may administer all necessary
 5 oaths which may be required in the discharge of its duties, and all oaths
 6 shall be written or printed, and shall be signed by the persons making
 7 such oaths in the presence of such board of elections, and the person admin-
 8 istering such oaths shall affix his jurat thereto, and said affidavit shall be
 9 attached to and returned with the poll lists to the office of the clerk of the
 10 county court. The oaths herein prescribed for the clerk of elections shall
 11 be in the following form, namely:

14 I do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that I will faithfully
15 and honestly discharge my duties as clerk of the election in
16 precinct and ward, (..... or township) in
17 county, Illinois, and that I will not disclose or communicate
18 to any person how any elector voted, or how any ballot was folded, marked
19 or stamped.

21 Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of

§ 10. The board of supervisors or board of county commissions of each county shall provide at the expense of the county two ballot boxes, one painted red for the reception of the ballots prepared by the State board of election commissioners, and one painted white for the reception of the ballots prepared by the county board of election commissioners, for each precinct. Each ballot box shall have at least two locks of different kinds and combinations, so that the key of one will not unlock the other, and be otherwise so constructed as to contribute toward the prevention of fraud

§ 11. An opening shall be made in the lid of each box sufficient only for a single ballot; and at the time the election is opened the inspector and judges shall see that there are no ballots in the box before the voting begins, and shall thereupon securely lock the box and give the key to one of the judges who is in politics opposed to the inspector, the inspector retaining the other key; and the same shall not be again opened until the polls are closed, and the board is ready to immediately proceed with the counting.

§ 12. The election shall be opened in the forenoon at the hour of seven
2 o'clock, and continue open until seven o'clock of the afternoon, after which
3 the board may close the election at any time when all the electors have

4 voted, or when fifteen minutes have passed without a vote having been
5 tendered. But the polls shall, in no case, be kept open after eight o'clock
6 of the afternoon; and the polls shall not be closed, after four o'clock and
7 before seven o'clock, except by the unanimous consent of all the members
8 of the election board. But whenever the polls are closed, proclamation
9 must be made of the fact of such closing, by the inspector, to the people
10 outside, in a loud and audible tone of voice; and a minute of such procla-
11 mation, and of the time when the same was made, must be entered on the
12 tally-paper by the clerks, and after such minute has been made, no more
13 votes shall be received: *Provided*, that upon the petition of twenty legal
14 voters and householders of any precinct in the State, presented to the
15 board of supervisors, or board of county commissioners of the county, as
16 the case may be, at their meeting next preceding any election in the county
17 in which such precinct or precincts are situate, petitioning said board for
18 the opening of the election at the hour of six o'clock in the forenoon, it is
19 made the duty of such board of supervisors or board of county commis-
20 sioners to grant and enter of record the prayer of such precinct petitioners;
21 and it is made the further duty of such board to direct the clerk of the
22 county court of such county to publish in two newspapers of general
23 circulation, published in said county, representing the leading national
24 parties opposed to each other—should such papers be published in said
25 county, otherwise the one or two papers having the greater circulation in
26 said county—for three successive weeks, a notice setting out fully the name
27 of the precinct or precincts, and the township, town or city in which such
28 precinct or precincts are situate, so petitioning for the opening of the polls
29 at six o'clock in the forenoon; and the board shall enter of record an order
30 requiring the polls of every such precinct to be opened accordingly:
31 *Provided further*, that in all cities and in incorporated towns having a
32 population of one thousand or more, as shown by the last United States
33 census, the polls shall be opened at six o'clock in the forenoon on the day

34 of such election, and closed at seven o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

§ 13. Each elector shall vote by ballot in the precinct wherein he resides. Any person, who, having been a resident of Illinois, shall have absented himself from the State for a period of six months or more, or who shall have gone into any other State or sovereignty with the intention of voting therein, or during any absence in any other State or sovereignty shall have voted therein, and also any person who shall not have been a bona fide resident of this State and of the county in which he resides, at least six months before any election, shall, before being entitled to vote at any election in this State, register a notice to become a qualified elector therein, in the office of the clerk of the county court of the county in which he resides. Whoever shall be absent from the State for a period of six months or more on business of the State or the United States, shall, at the time he offers to vote, present a certificate from the clerk of the county court that his name has continuously, since his departure from the State on such business, been upon the tax duplicate of said county for the purpose of taxation, during his absence from the State, and that he is still a tax payer in said county; and failing to produce such certificate, such person shall not be permitted to vote. Such registration shall be made at least three months prior to any such election, and the notice shall state such person's name, age and place of residence (by which shall be understood his lodging place), and the notice shall be in the form following and sworn to before such clerk:

23 State of Illinois,)
24 County,) ss.

25 I, , the subscriber hereto, hereby declare my intention to
26 become a qualified elector under the laws of Illinois; that I was ... years
27 of age on my last birthday; that my lodging place is now (here insert
28 exact location); and I am a bona fide resident of the precinct in which
29 I lodge: *Provided*, that the provisions of this section respecting such regis-

30 tration and notice shall not apply to any voter who, six months or more
 31 previous to any election, shall have registered with said clerk a notice de-
 32 claring his intention to hold his residence in this State during a contem-
 33 plated absence, and that during such absence he will not exercise the right
 34 of suffrage elsewhere, and which notice shall be as follows, and shall be
 35 sworn to before said clerk:

36 State of Illinois,)
 37 County,) ss.

38 I,, the subscriber hereto, a qualified voter of (here
 39 insert the name of his precinct, ward, township, town and city), in said
 40 county, intending to absent myself, do hereby declare my purpose to hold
 41 my residence as a voter in said State, and that I will not exercise the right
 42 of suffrage elsewhere during my absence.

43
 44

44 On the filing of any notice, as provided for in this section, it shall be
 45 the duty of such clerk to enter the name and residence of said elector and
 46 date of the filing of said notice in a book furnished for said purpose, to be
 47 open at all times to the inspection of the public, and safely preserve said
 48 original notice and deliver a certified copy of the same to the elector so
 49 registering, and on demand of any challenger or member of the election
 50 board, such elector shall be requested to produce the same before being al-
 51 lowed to vote. No person shall register for any other person or in the name
 52 of any other person, or present the copy of the register for any other per-
 53 son at a polling place, or induce, hire or advise any other person not to
 54 register who may be required to register, as above. Any person violating
 55 the provisions of this section, or who shall vote or attempt to vote without
 56 having been registered when required to do so, as above, shall be guilty of
 57 a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned in the State prison for
 57 not less than one nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any
 58 determinate period.

59 No elector shall be at any cost or charge for such registration or certifi-
 60 cate thereof; and the clerk shall be allowed twenty-five cents and no more
 61 for each registration and certificate thereof, to be in full for all services
 62 connected therewith, which allowance shall be made out of the county
 63 treasury by the board of supervisors or the board of county commissioners
 64 of the county, as the case may be, on itemized statements sworn to by said
 65 clerk.

§ 14. Before receiving the ballot of any elector the board of election
 2 shall cause to be proclaimed that such election is opened.

§ 15. It shall be the duty of the sheriff of each county to appoint, five
 2 days prior to each election, two special deputies for each precinct in the
 3 county, to be known as election sheriffs, who shall attend the polling places
 4 in their respective precincts from the opening of the polls to the conclusion
 5 of the count. It shall be their duty to preserve order at the polls and en-
 6 force the provisions of the election law, under the direction of the election
 7 board, and make arrests on the demand of a member of the board or on
 8 affidavit as hereinafter provided. One of such election sheriffs shall be
 9 chosen from each of the two parties that cast the largest number of votes
 10 in the State at the last general election; and if at least five days prior to
 11 such election the chairman of the county central committee of either of such
 12 parties shall nominate a member of his party for election sheriff in any pre-
 13 cinct such nominee shall be appointed. If any election sheriff shall fail to
 14 appear at the opening of the polls, the member or members of such election
 15 board of his political party shall appoint a person to act in his place. Com-
 16 pensation of one dollar and fifty cents per day shall be allowed to
 17 each election sheriff by the board of supervisors or board of county commis-
 18 sioners, as the case may be, but no such election sheriff shall be allowed
 19 for more than one day's service at any election. No other peace officers of
 20 the State, or any division thereof, shall be allowed within fifty feet of the
 21 polls, except to serve process of courts or to vote, unless summoned by the

22 election sheriffs.

§ 16. The Governor of the State and two qualified electors by him appointed, one from each of the two political parties that cast the largest number of votes in the State, at the last preceding general election, shall constitute a State board of election commissioners. Such appointments shall be made at least thirty days prior to each general election, and if prior to that time the chairman of the State central committee of either of such parties shall nominate in writing a member of his own party for such appointment, the Governor of the State shall appoint such nominee. In case of death or disability of either appointee, the Governor of the State shall notify the chairman of the said central committee of such appointee's political party, and such chairman may, within three days thereafter recommend a successor, who shall thereupon be appointed: *Provided*, that if such chairman shall fail to make recommendations of appointment within the time specified, the Governor of the State shall make such appointment his own selection from such political party. It shall be the duty of said board to prepare and distribute ballots and stamps for election of all officers for whom all the electors of the State are entitled to vote, in compliance with the provisions of the election law. The members of such board shall serve without compensation.

§ 17. In each county in the State, the clerk of the circuit court and two persons by him appointed, one from each of the two political parties that cast largest number of votes in the State at the last general election, shall constitute a county board of election commissioners. Said appointments shall be made in all respects as appointments to the State board of election commissioners are required to be made by the Governor of the State, except that the privilege of nomination shall belong to the chairmen of the county central committees of the two parties aforesaid. It shall be the duty of such board to prepare and distribute ballots for election of all officers to be voted for in such county other than those who are to be voted for by

11 all the electors of the State, in compliance with the provisions of this act.

12 The members of such board shall serve without compensation.

§ 18. The said board of election commissioners shall cause to be printed
2 on the respective ballots the names of the candidates nominated by the
3 conventions of any party that cast one per cent. of the total vote of the
4 State at the last preceding general election, as certified to said boards by
5 the presiding officer and secretary of such convention, or in case of primary
6 election, by the chairman and secretary of any county or township commit-
7 tee; and also the names of any candidates for any office when petitioned
8 so to do by electors qualified to vote for such candidates, as follows: For
9 a State officer or any officer for whom all the electors of the State are en-
10 titled to vote, five hundred petitioners; for a representative in congress
11 from any congressional district, two hundred petitioners; for a county offi-
12 cer, member of the General Assembly, circuit judge or prosecuting attor-
13 ney, twenty-five petitioners; for an officer of a township, ward or other di-
14 vision less than a county, twenty petitioners. The signatures to such peti-
15 tion need not be appended to one paper, but no petitioner shall be counted,
16 except his residence and postoffice address be designated. Such petition
17 shall state the name and residence of each of such candidates; that he is
18 legally qualified to hold such office; that the subscribers desire and are le-
19 gally qualified to vote for such candidates; and may designate a brief
20 name or title of the party or principle which said candidates represent, to-
21 gether with any simple figure or device by which they shall be designated
22 on the ballots. The certificate of nomination by a convention or primary
23 election shall be in writing, and shall contain the name of each person
24 nominated, his residence and the office for which he is nominated, and
25 shall designate a title for the party or principle which such convention or
26 primary election represents, together with any simple figure or device by
27 which its lists of candidates may be designated on the ballots; said certifi-
28 cate shall be signed by the presiding officer and secretary of such conven-

tion, or by the chairman and secretary of the county, city or township committee, who shall add to their signatures their respective places of residence, and acknowledge the same before an officer duly authorized to take acknowledgements of deeds. If the certificate of nomination of any State convention shall request that the figure or device selected by such convention be used to designate the candidates of such party on the ballots for all elections throughout the State such figure or device shall be so used until changed by request of a subsequent State convention of the same party. Such device may be the figure of a star, an eagle, a plow, or some such appropriate symbol, but the coat of arms or seal of the State or of the United States, the national flag, or any other emblem common to the people at large shall not be used as such device. A certificate of such acknowledgment shall be appended to such instrument. In case of death, resignation or removal of any candidate subsequent to nomination, unless a supplemental certificate or petition of nomination be filed, the chairman of the State, county, city or township committee shall fill such vacancy. In case of a division in any party, and claim by two or more factions to the same party name, or title, or figure, or device, the board of election commissioners shall give the preference of name to the convention held at the time and place designated in the call of the regularly constituted party authorities, and if the other faction shall present no other party name, title or device, the board of election commissioners shall select a name or title, and place the same before the list of candidates of said faction on the ballot, and select some suitable device to designate its candidates. If two or more conventions be called by authorities claimed to be the rightful authorities of any party, the proper board of election commissioners shall select some suitable devices to distinguish one faction from the other, and print the ballots accordingly: *Provided, however,* that if any political party entitled to nominate by convention shall in any case fail to do so, the names of all nominees by petition for any office who shall be desig-

59 nated in their petitions as members of and candidates of such party, shall
 60 be printed under the device and title of such party on the ballots, as if
 61 nominated by a convention. Certificates and petitions of nomination of can-
 62 didates for offices to be voted for by the electors of the entire State shall
 63 be filed with the Governor of the State. Certificates and petitions of nomina-
 64 tion of candidates for offices to be voted for by electors of any district or
 65 division of the State exclusively shall be filed with the clerks of the county
 66 courts of the counties or county included in or including such district or
 97 division.

§ 19. If any certificate or petition of nomination shall contain the name
 2 of more than one candidate for any office to be filled, neither name shall
 3 be printed as a candidate for such office. If any person shall join in nom-
 4 inating by petition more than one nominee for any office to be filled, such
 5 person shall not be counted as a petitioner for either nomination.

§ 20. The Governor of the State and clerks of the circuit courts shall
 2 cause to be preserved in their respective offices all certificates and petitions
 3 of nominations filed therein under the provisions of this act for six months
 4 after the election for which such nominations were made.

§ 21. Certificates and petitions of nomination filed with the Governor of
 2 the State, shall be filed not more than sixty days, and not less than twenty
 3 days before the day fixed by law for the election of the persons in nom-
 4 ination. Certificates and petitions of nomination herein directed to be filed
 5 with the clerk of the circuit court of the county shall be filed not more
 6 than sixty and not less than fifteen days before election.

§ 22. Not less than eighteen days before an election of the State to fill
 2 any public office for which all the electors are entitled to vote, the Gov-
 3 ernor of the State shall certify to the clerk of the circuit court in each
 4 county the name and place of residence of each person nominated for said
 5 office, as specified in the certificates and petitions of nominations filed
 6 with the Governor of the State, and shall designate therein the device

under which the group or list of candidates of each party will be printed, and the order in which they will be arranged.

§ 23. At least seven days before an election to fill any public office at which the electors of any county are entitled to vote, the clerk of the circuit court of such county shall cause to be published in at least two weekly newspapers within the county, the nominations for office certified to him by the Governor of the State, and also those filed with such clerk of the circuit court. He shall make no less than two publications in each of such newspapers before election; one of such publications in each newspaper shall be upon the last day upon which such newspaper is issued before election. Such publications shall be made in two newspapers representing the political parties that at the last preceding general election cast the largest number of votes in the State, if such papers there be: *Provided*, that in all cities where a daily paper is printed and published such notice shall also be published in two daily papers representing such political parties, if such there be. The lists of nominations published by the clerk of the circuit courts shall be arranged, as far as practicable, in the order and form in which they will be printed upon the ballots and shall designate the devices under which the group or list of candidates of each party will be printed.

§ 24. The Governor of the State shall not certify the name of a candidate whose certificate of nomination shall have been filed in his office, who shall have notified him in a writing signed and executed with the formalities prescribed for the execution of an instrument to entitle it to record that he will not accept the nomination contained in the certificate or petition of nomination. The clerk of the circuit court shall not include in the publication to be made according to section twenty-three hereof, the name of any candidate whose certificate or petition of nomination shall have been filed in his office who shall have notified him in like manner that he will not accept the nomination. The names of such candidates shall not be included

11 in the names of the candidates to be printed in the ballots as hereinafter
12 provided.

§ 25. Whenever a proposed constitutional amendment or other question
2 is to be submitted to the people of the State for popular vote, the Secre-
3 tary of State shall duly, and not less than thirty days before election, cer-
4 tify the same to the clerk of the circuit court of each county in the State,
5 and such clerk of each county shall include the same in the publication
6 provided for in section twenty-three of this act.

§ 26. The board of election commissioners shall cause the names of all
2 candidates of their respective jurisdictions to be printed on one ballot, all
3 nominations of any party or group of petitioners being placed under the
4 title and device of such party or petitioners as designated by them in
5 their certificate or petition, or, if none be designated, under some suitable
6 title and device. The ballots shall be of uniform size and of the same
7 quality and color of paper, and sufficiently thick that the printing can not
8 be distinguished from the back. All ballots prepared by the State board
9 of election commissioners shall be printed on red tinted paper and put
10 in blocks of one hundred each. All ballots prepared by the county boards
11 of election commissioners shall be printed on white paper. If the same
12 device for designating candidates be selected by two parties or groups of
13 petitioners, it shall be given to the one which first selected it, and a suitable
14 device shall be selected for the other. The arrangement of the ballots shall,
15 in general, conform as nearly as possible to the plan hereinafter given, and
16 the device named and list of candidates of the democratic party shall be
17 placed in the first column on the left-hand side of said ballot, of the repub-
18 lican party in the second column, of the prohibition party in the third
19 column, and of any other party in such order as the board of election
20 commissioners shall decide.

[PLAN.]

21	Device.	Device.	Device.
22	Dem. Democratic	Rep. Republican	Prohib. Prohibition
23	Ticket.	Ticket.	Ticket.
24	For	For	For
25	Dem. Governor,	Rep. Governor,	Prohib. Governor.
26	J. R.	Jos.	Carl
27	Williams.	Fifer.	Johann.
28	For Lieut.	For Lieut.	For Lieut.
29	Dem. Governor,	Rep. Governor,	Prohib. Governor,
30	Clayton E.	Robt.	A. F.
31	Crafts.	Bell.	Joy.

§ 27. In case of the death, removal or resignation of any candidate after
 2 the printing of such ballots and before such election, it shall be lawful for
 3 the chairman of the State, district or county political organization of which
 4 such candidate was a member to make a nomination to fill such vacancy,
 5 and to provide the election board of each precinct in which such candidate
 6 is to be voted for with a number of pasters containing only the name of
 7 such candidate at least equal to the number of ballots provided each pre-
 8 cinct, but no pasters shall be given to or received by any one except such
 9 election board and such chairman, and it shall be the duty of the polling
 10 clerks to put one of such pasters, in a careful and proper manner and in
 11 the proper place, on each ticket before they shall sign their initials
 12 thereon.

§ 28. If the printer of such ballots, or any person employed in printing
 2 the same, shall give or deliver, or knowingly permit to be taken, any of
 3 said ballots by any person other than a member of the board of such election
 4 commissioners, for which such ballots are being printed, or shall print or
 5 cause or permit to be printed any ballot in any other form than the one
 6 prescribed by this act, or with any other names thereon, or with the names

7 spelled or with the names or devices thereon arranged in any other way
8 than that authorized and directed by the said board of election commis-
9 sioners, he shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction thereof shall be im-
10 prisoned in the State penitentiary not less than three nor more than ten
11 years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 29. It shall be the duty of clerk of the circuit court of each county
2 in the State to appear in person, or by specially authorized deputy bearing
3 credentials given under the seal of the circuit court, of their counties
4 respectively at the office of the Governor of the State not more than four-
5 teen nor less than ten days prior to each general election, and the State
6 board of election commissioners shall thereupon deliver to said clerk ten
7 ballots for every five voters and fraction thereof in each precinct of his
8 county at the last presidential election, or if a new precinct has been estab-
9 lished in such county, ten ballots for every five voters of the estimated vote
10 as reported by the board of supervisors or board of county commissioners of
11 such county, as the case may be: *Provided, however*, that if it shall be made
12 to appear by the affidavit of such clerk that any precinct has so increased
13 in population as to have fifty per cent. more voters than at the last presi-
14 dential election or at the time of estimate by such board of supervisors or
15 board of county commissioners, the State board of election commissioners
16 shall deliver to him two ballots for every voter so declared by him, under
17 oath, to be resident in said precinct. The ballots shall, in the presence of
18 the clerk, be wrapped and tied in packages, plainly marked, one for each
19 precinct and securely sealed with wax, and the clerk shall give his receipt
20 for the same. And for the safe sealing of such ballots, such board shall
21 provide itself with a seal of such design as it may deem proper. But the
22 same design shall not be used for any two consecutive elections. The State
23 board of election commissioners shall also provide and inclose in each of
24 said sealed packages three stamps bearing a cross (x) or such other device
25 as they may select, together with ink-pads or other necessary apparatus

ready for use. The State board of election commissioners shall from time to time certify to the Auditor of State the necessary expenses of the preparation and distribution of the State ballots and stamps, and the Auditor shall audit and issue his warrants for the same, which shall be paid out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

§ 30. An allowance shall be made to the clerk by the board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may be, of five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the office of the Governor of the State; but in case said clerk of any county shall fail to appear at the office of the Governor of the State by the close of the tenth day prior to election, the State board of election commissioners shall forthwith dispatch a special messenger to such county with the ballots for the county, which messenger, before receiving such ballots, shall take and subscribe to an oath, to be administered to him by the Secretary of State, which oath shall be filed with the said board of election commissioners, and shall be in the words following:

STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
) ss.
County of)

I,, swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will take charge of the election ballots delivered to me by the State board of election commissioners for the county of, and will safely deliver said ballots in sealed packages, and in the same condition as received by me, to the clerk of said county at the earliest time that I can reach the county seat of said county. So help me God.

.....

Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of...., 18..

....., Secretary of State.

And in such case said messenger shall be allowed three dollars per day, for the time necessarily employed, and three cents per mile for the distance

25 necessarily traveled by him, which allowance shall be certified to the treas-
23 urer of such county by the State board of election commissioners and de-
27 ducted from the first moneys thereafter accruing to such clerk payable by
28 the said treasurer. The amount so deducted shall be remitted by the
29 county treasurer to the Treasurer of the State.

§ 31. If any member of the board of election commissioners shall give or
2 deliver to any other person any of said ballots, or shall permit any of them
3 to be taken away, except as herein provided, he or they shall be guilty of
4 a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State
5 penitentiary for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
6 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 32. If any person shall take or remove in any manner, feloniously or
2 with the consent or permission of the custodian for the time, from any
3 place where they may lawfully be under this act, any of such ballots or
4 stamps, or be found in custody or possession of such ballots or stamps (ex-
5 cept as an official or custodian under this act, or while within the polling
6 place for the purpose of voting); or if any such custodian or official shall
7 consent to, or permit, any of such ballots or stamps to be removed or car-
8 ried away from the place where they may lawfully be by any person, ex-
9 cept an official or custodian under this act whose duty it is to receive the
10 same, such person, custodian or official shall be deemed guilty of a felony,
11 and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary
12 at hard labor for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
13 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 33. It shall be the duty of each election inspector, or in case he
2 cannot attend, some other member of the election board authorized
3 in writing by the inspector, to appear at the office of the clerk of
4 the circuit court of his county not more than three nor less than
5 two days before each election, and the county board of election commis-
6 sioners shall deliver to him the sealed package of ballots and the stamps

7 provided for his precinct by the State board of election commissioners, and
8 also ten of the local ballots printed under the direction of the county
9 board of election commissioners for each five or fraction thereof of the
10 number of votes cast at such precinct at the last presidential election; or
11 if a new precinct for each five or fraction of five voters, as estimated by
12 the board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may
13 be: *Provided, however,* that in case it be made to appear by affi-
14 davit of such inspector that the number of voters in his precinct has
15 increased more than fifty per cent. since the last presidential election or es-
16 timate by the county boards, there shall be delivered to him two ballots
17 for each voter so declared under oath by him to reside in the precinct.
18 The local ballots shall be wrapped and tied in packages and securely sealed
19 with wax in the presence of said inspector or his representative, who shall
20 receipt for the same; and for the safe sealing of such ballots the county
21 board of election commissioners shall provide themselves with a seal of
22 such design as they may deem proper, but the same design shall not be
23 used at any two consecutive elections, and said packages shall not be
24 opened until delivered to the election board of the respective voting pre-
25 cincts to which they are directed, and said boards shall be fully organized
26 and ready for the reception of votes, as in this act provided.

§ 34. At the opening of the polls, after the organization of, and in the
2 presence of the election board, the inspector shall open the packages of
3 ballots in such a manner as to preserve the seals intact. He shall then de-
4 liver to the poll clerk of the opposite political party from his own, twenty-
5 five each of the State and local ballots, and to the other poll clerk the
6 stamps for marking the ballots. The poll clerks shall at once proceed to
7 write their initials, in ink, on the lower left-hand corner of the back of
8 each of said ballots, in their ordinary handwriting, and without any dis-
9 tinguishing mark of any kind. As each successive elector calls for a ballot
10 the poll clerks shall deliver to him the first signed of the twenty-five bal-

11 lots of each kind; and the inspector shall immediately deliver to the poll
12 clerks another ballot of each kind, which the poll clerk shall at once coun-
13 tersign, as before, and add to the ballots already countersigned, so that
14 it shall be delivered for voting after all of those heretofore countersigned.

§ 35. The county board of election commissioners of each county shall
2 cause to be printed in large type on cards in English and
3 such other language as they may deem necessary, instructions
4 for the guidance of electors in preparing their ballots.
5 They shall furnish twelve of such cards in each of the languages de-
6 termined by them to each of the election inspectors at the same time
7 they deliver to him the ballots for his precinct. Each inspector shall cause
8 to be posted one of each of said cards at or near the outer end of the chute
9 leading to the polling place, and not nearer than fifty feet of the polling
10 place and not less than three feet of each of said cards, and three
11 samples of each of the State and local ballots in and about the polling
12 place at the opening of the polls on the day of election, which samples
13 shall be printed on different colored paper than the genuine ballots. Such
14 cards shall contain full instructions to the voters as to what must be
15 done:

16 First—To obtain ballots for voting.

17 Second—To prepare the ballots for voting.

18 Third—To obtain a new ballot in case of one accidentally defaced, muti-
19 lated or spoiled; also copies of sections forty-three, fifty, fifty-five, fifty-
20 six, fifty-nine and sixty of this act.

§ 36. In case any inspector or his representative shall fail to ap-
2 pear at the office of the county clerk by the close of the second day prior to
3 any election, the county board of election commissioners shall forthwith
4 dispatch a special messenger to his precinct with the ballots and stamps for
5 such precinct. Such messenger shall be allowed \$2.00 per day for his time
6 and five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled by him, and

7 shall report promptly to such clerk and file the receipt of the
8 person to whom he delivered such ballots and stamp, and his affidavit stat-
9 ing when and to whom he delivered such ballots and stamps, and such
10 inspector shall receive no compensation for his services at said election.

§ 37. Any inspector who shall willfully or negligently fail to appear at
2 the clerk's office, in person or by representative as herein provided, shall be
3 guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than ten
4 dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and shall thereafter be incom-
5 petent to serve as inspector.

§ 38. If by an accident or casualty the ballots delivered to any clerk,
2 inspector or messenger are lost or destroyed, it shall be the duty
3 of such person to report the loss at once to the board of election
4 commissioners, from which the same were obtained, and make affidavit
5 of the circumstances of the loss, whereupon such board shall at once re-
6 supply such person. In case such person in custody fails or refuses to
7 report and make proof of the loss, any qualified elector may do so, and
8 thereupon such board shall at once send a new supply by special messenger,
9 as provided in other cases. In case, for any reason, there should be found
10 no ballots or other necessary means or contrivances for voting at the open-
11 ing of the polls, it shall be the duty of the election board to secure the
12 same as speedily as possible, and, if necessary, such board may have ballots
13 printed: *Provided, however,* that such ballots shall conform as nearly as
14 possible to the genuine ballots, and the printing and the care of the same
15 shall be under the same provisions and penalties as the printing and care
16 of the other ballots prescribed in this act.

§ 39. The various boards of election commissioners shall preserve the
2 ballots that are left over in their hands after supplying the precincts as
3 herinbefore provided, until six o'clock P. M. of the day of election, and shall
4 then count and destroy, by wholly consuming by fire, all of said ballots
5 but one, which shall be securely pasted in the election record immediately

preceding the place where the vote is to be recorded. They shall also cause to be entered below such ballot the number of ballots printed by them, the number delivered to each messenger and the number destroyed by them.

§ 40. It shall be the duty of the board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may be, in each county, before each election, to provide for and secure in each precinct of the county a suitable room in which to hold the election, and to have placed therein a railing separating the part of the room to be occupied by the election board from the remainder of the room, and also three booths or compartments in which electors shall mark their ballots, screened from observation, each containing a counter or shelf. Booths shall be so constructed and arranged that all the members of the election board can see whether more than one voter enters any one of such booths at one time. The portion of the room set apart for the election board shall include a window at which the voter shall appear for challenge, and such voter shall immediately announce his full and true name to the challengers. The board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may be, shall also provide for each precinct a chute or passage with a railing, rope or wire on each side, commencing fifty feet away from and leading to such polling place, passing such window for challenge, and thence to the entrance of the room in which the election is held. The expenses of such preparation shall be defrayed as other county expenses of the county to be authorized by the board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may be. No election shall be held in a room in which spirituous, vinous or malt liquors are kept or sold.

§ 41. One challenger and one poll book holder, appointed and designated by each party organization, shall be entitled to stand at the sides of the chute near the challenge window. No other person shall remain within fifty feet of the same, except for the purpose of offering his

5 vote; and voters shall approach and enter the chute in the order in which
6 they appear for the purpose of voting. If any person offering to vote shall
7 be challenged by one of such challengers or by any member of the election
8 board he shall stand aside and shall not be entitled to vote unless he
9 makes affidavit in writing that he is a qualified and legal voter of the pre-
10 cinct, and in such affidavit sets forth his name, residence, occupation, place
11 or places of residence during the six months prior to the election, with the
12 date of any removal within that time, and the names of two persons who
13 have personal knowledge of his residence in the precinct thirty days and
14 in the township sixty days, and shall, in case he be a person required by
15 this act to be registered, also produce the necessary certificate of regis-
16 tration provided for in this act. He shall then be allowed to vote, unless the
17 challenger or some qualified voter of the precinct make affidavit in writing
18 that he knows or is informed and verily believes that the person offering
19 to vote is not a legal voter in the precinct; and if the affidavit be on in-
20 formation and belief, he shall set forth the names of the person or persons
21 from whom such information was obtained, and the person offering to vote
22 shall not thereafter be allowed to vote, except one qualified voter of the
23 precinct, who has been a free holder and resident householder in the pre-
24 cinct for at least one year, or a resident householder for two years
25 next preceding such election, shall make affidavit or affirmation in writ-
26 ing that of his personal knowledge such person offering to vote is a
27 legal voter at the precinct: *Provided*, that if such person so offering to vote
28 be challenged solely or for the additional reason that he is not a citizen of
29 the United States, then such person so challenged for such reason shall
30 take and subscribe the following oath:

31 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I have resided
32 in the United States one year, and have declared my intention of becom-
33 ing a citizen thereof in conformity with the laws thereof.

34 The other affidavits herein referred to shall be in the following form:

35 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am a citizen of
 36 the United States; that I am now over the age of twenty-one years, to the
 37 best of my information and belief; and that I have been a bona fide resi-
 38 dent of this State for six months immediately preceding this election; that I
 39 have resided in the township sixty days, and in the precinct thirty days,
 40 and that I am now a bona fide resident of this precinct; that I am gener-
 41 ally known by the name in which I now desire to vote, which is ;
 42 that I have not voted and will not vote in any other precinct in this elec-
 43 tion; that my occupation is ; that my present residence is
 44 (if in the city or town give the street or number), and that during the
 45 last six months prior to this election I have resided at I have
 46 removed from to on the following date, and
 47 that and have personal knowledge of my residence
 48 in the precinct thirty days and in the township sixty days.

49 I swear that I am informed and believe that, now offering to
 50 vote, is not a legal voter in this precinct, and that I obtained such infor-
 51 mation from and

52 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am a qualified
 53 voter in this precinct; that I have been a freeholder and resident house-
 54 holder in this precinct for one year, or a resident householder for two years
 55 next preceding this election; that, who now desires to vote, has
 56 resided in this State for six months immediately preceding this election;
 57 that he has resided in this township sixty days, and in this precinct thirty
 58 days, at ; that he is now a bona fide resident of this precinct
 59 and a legal voter therein. These facts I know of my own personal
 60 knowledge.

§ 42. If at any time during the election any qualified elector shall make
 2 affidavit before the inspector that any person who has voted is an illegal
 3 voter in such precinct, the person accused shall at once be arrested by the
 4 election sheriffs and by them delivered to the civil authorities. Immedi-

5 ately after the close of the election the inspector shall deliver such affidavit
6 to some justice of the peace in the township, who shall proceed thereon
7 as if the affidavit had been made before him.

§ 43. Whoever shall knowingly or wilfully make a false affidavit, under
2 any of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

§ 44. No person entitled to vote at any general, national, State or county
2 election, shall be employed on the day on which such election shall be held,
3 in any manufacturing, mining, mechanical or mercantile establishment or
4 any railroad corporation in this State during the period of four hours after
5 the opening of any election in the county in which such person is entitled
6 to vote, except as to works of necessity, in which works of necessity every
7 employe shall be given some period of four hours between the opening and
8 closing of the polls on said day; and any circuit or county court may en-
9 force the provisions of this section in term time or in vacation by mandate
10 or otherwise, upon the application of any voter. Every officer of any cor-
11 poration, owner, superintendent, overseer or foreman, who employs or per-
12 mits to be employed any person in violation of this section, shall be guilty
13 of a misdemeanor, and fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred
14 dollars.

§ 45. When a voter shall have been passed by the challengers, or shall
2 have been sworn in, he shall be admitted to the election room: *Provided,*
3 *however,* that not more than three voters shall be allowed in the room at
4 one time. On entering the room the voter shall announce his name to the
5 poll clerks, who shall registered it. The clerk holding the ballots
6 shall deliver to him one State and one local ballot, and the other clerk
7 shall thereupon deliver to him a stamp, and both poll clerks, on
8 request, shall give explanation of the manner of voting; if deemed
9 necessary, by unanimous consent of the board, an interpreter may be
10 called. The voter shall then, and without leaving the room, go alone into

11 any of the booths which may be unoccupied and indicate the candidate for
 12 whom he desires to vote by stamping the circle immediately preceding
 13 their names, and indicate his preference on any question of constitutional
 14 amendments or other special matter by stamping in front of the words
 15 "yes" or "no" under such questions: *Provided, however,* that if he shall de-
 16 sire to vote for all candidates of one party or group of petitioners, and none
 17 other, he may place the stamp on the square preceding the title under which
 18 the candidates of such party or group of petitioners are printed, and the
 19 vote shall then be voted for all the candidates under that title, unless
 20 the name of one or more candidates under another title shall also be
 21 stamped, in which case the names of the candidates so stamped shall be
 22 counted. Before leaving the booth or compartment, the voter shall fold
 23 his ballots separately, so that no part of the faces thereof shall be
 24 exposed, and so that the initials of the poll clerks shall be exposed,
 25 and on leaving the booth or compartment shall return the stamp
 26 to the poll clerk and deliver the ballots to the inspector, or to the
 27 judge who may temporarily be authorized to act for him, who shall
 28 forthwith, in the presence of the voter and of the election board, deposit
 29 the same in the respective ballot boxes, the State ballot in the red ballot
 30 box and the local ballot in the white ballot box; and the ballot clerks shall
 31 write the word "voted" after the name of the voter on the poll lists:
 32 *Provided, however,* that if any elector shall show his ballot, or any part
 33 thereof, to any other person, after the same shall have been marked, so as
 34 to disclose any of the candidates voted for, such ballot shall not be de-
 35 posited in the ballot box. A minute of such occurrence shall be made on
 36 the poll list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote thereafter. The
 37 voter shall then leave the room, but no voter to whom a ballot and stamp,
 38 or either, have been delivered shall be permitted to leave the room, without
 39 voting the ballots or returning them to the poll clerk, or without returning
 0 the stamp to the poll clerk from whom he received it. Any voter who

41 shall attempt to leave the room with a ballot or stamp in his pos-
 42 session shall be at once arrested on demand of any member of the election
 43 board.

§ 46. Not more than one person shall be permitted to occupy any booth
 2 at one time; and no person shall remain in or occupy a booth longer than
 3 may be necessary to prepare his ballot, and in no event longer than five
 4 minutes. Not more than three persons other than the election officers shall
 5 be permitted to enter or be in the election room at any one time, and no
 6 voter, or person offering to vote, shall hold any conversation or communica-
 7 tion with any other person than a member of the election board while in
 8 the election room.

§ 47. Any person who shall, by accident or mistake, spoil, deface or muti-
 2 late his ballot, may, on returning the same to the poll clerks and satisfying
 3 them that such spoiling, defacing or mutilation was not intentional, receive
 4 another in place thereof, and such clerks shall make a minute of the fact
 5 on the poll lists at the time, and the mutilated ballot shall then be de-
 6 stroyed by the elector in the presence of the board.

§ 48. Any elector who declares that by reason of physical disability or
 2 inability to read the English language, he is unable to mark his ballot,
 3 may declare his choice of candidates to the poll clerks, who, in the pres-
 4 ence of the elector and in the presence of each other, shall prepare the bal-
 5 lots for voting in the manner hereinbefore provided, and on request shall
 6 read over to such elector the names of the candidates as marked. Any one
 7 making a false declaration under the provisions of this section shall, upon
 8 conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five dollars and be dis-
 9 franchised for a period of five years, and any poll clerk or poll clerks who
 10 shall deceive any elector in selecting or marking any ballot, or mark the
 11 same in any other way than as requested by said elector, shall be guilty of
 12 felony, and on conviction shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not
 13 less than two nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any de-

14 terminate period not less than five years.

§ 49. No inspector of election, or judge acting for, shall deposit
 2 any ballot upon which the initials of the poll clerks, as hereinbefore pro-
 03 vided for, does not appear, or any ballot upon which appears externally any
 4 distinguishing mark, defacement or mutilation.

§ 50. Any person who shall remove or attempt to remove a ballot or
 2 stamp from the election room, or having in his possession outside the elec-
 3 tion room any ballot or stamp, either genuine or counterfeit, during the
 4 election, shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction, shall be imprisoned in
 5 the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years, and be dis-
 6 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 51. Immediately on the closing of the polls, the board shall count all the bal-
 2 lots remaining unvoted, record the number of the same on the tally sheets,
 3 and destroy all such ballots by totally consuming by fire.

§ 52. The board shall then proceed to canvass the votes, beginning first
 2 at the State ballots and completing them before proceeding with the local
 3 ballots, by laying each ballot upon the table in the order in which it is
 4 taken from the ballot box, and the inspector and the judge of the election,
 5 differing in politics from the inspector, shall view the ballots as the names
 6 of the persons voted are read therefrom. In the canvass of votes, any bal-
 7 lot which is not endorsed with the initials of the poll clerks, as provided
 8 in this act, and any ballot which shall bear any distinguishing mark or
 9 mutilation, shall be void and shall not be counted, and any ballot or part
 10 of a ballot from which it is impossible to determine the electors' choice of
 11 candidates shall not be counted as to the candidate or candidates affected
 12 thereby: *Provided, however*, that on protest of any member of the board
 13 such ballots and all disputed ballots shall be preserved by the inspector and
 14 at the close of count placed with the seal of the ballot packages in paper
 15 bags, securely sealed and so delivered to the clerk of the county, with noti-
 16 fication to him of the number of ballots so placed in such bags and the

17 condition of the seals of the ballot packages. The poll clerk shall also re-
 18 cord on the tally sheet memoranda of such ballots and the condition of the
 19 seal of the ballot packages, and in any contest of election such ballots and
 20 seals may be submitted in evidence on completing the count and recording
 21 the same on the tally sheet. All the remaining ballots except those marked
 22 mutilated or otherwise defective, as in this section hereinbefore described,
 23 shall be destroyed by the election board by totally consuming by fire be-
 24 fore adjournment, and thereupon the election board shall immediately
 25 make a memorandum of the total vote cast for each candidate and deliver
 26 a copy thereof to each member of such board.

§ 53. Any person who shall (1) falsely make or fraudulently deface or
 2 fraudulently destroy any certificate or petition of nomination, or any part
 3 thereof; (2) file any certificate or petition of nomination, knowing the same
 4 or any part thereof, to be falsely made; or (3) suppress any petition or cer-
 5 tificate of nomination which has been duly filed, or any part thereof; or (4)
 6 forge or falsely make the official endorsement of any ballot; or (5) print, or
 7 cause to be printed, any imitation ballot or circulate the same; or (6) con-
 8 spire with others to do any of said acts, or induce, or attempt to induce,
 9 any other person to do any of said acts, whether or not said acts, or any
 10 of them, be committed, or attempted to be committed, shall be deemed
 11 guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by im-
 12 prisonment in the State penitentiary not less than two nor more than five
 13 years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
 14 years.

§ 54. Any clerk, inspector or other messenger entrusted with the custody of
 2 ballots, who shall open any of the packages in which the ballots are con-
 3 tained, or permit any of them to be opened, or shall destroy any of such ballots,
 4 or permit them to be destroyed; or give or deliver any such packages or
 5 ballots to any person not lawfully entitled to receive them, as herein pro-
 6 vided; or conspire to procure, or in any way aid, abet or connive at rob-

7 bery, loss or destruction of any such ballots or packages, shall be guilty of
 8 a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State
 9 prison for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be disfranchised
 10 for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 55. If any person not herein authorized so to do shall enter or attempt
 2 to enter the election room, or enter or attempt to enter within the railing
 3 leading from the challenge window to the entrance of the election room
 4 without first having been passed by the challengers, or having been sworn
 5 as hereinbefore provided, or shall remain within fifty feet of the polling
 6 place, contrary to the provisions hereinbefore made, he shall be guilty of a
 7 misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be fined not more than five hun-
 8 dred dollars.

§ 56. If any person shall induce, or attempt to induce, any elector to
 2 write, paste, or otherwise place on his ballot the name of any person or any
 3 sign or device of any kind as a distinguishing mark by which to indicate
 4 to any other person how such elector has voted, or shall enter into or at-
 5 tempt to form any agreement or conspiracy with any other person to in-
 6 duce or attempt to induce electors, or any elector, to so place any distin-
 7 guishing name or mark on his ballot, whether or not said act be committed
 8 or attempted to be committed, such person so offending shall be guilty of
 9 felony, and, on conviction, be imprisoned not more than five nor less than
 10 two years in the State's prison.

§ 57. If any person, being a member of an election board or otherwise
 2 entitled to the inspection of the ballots, shall reveal to any other person
 3 how any elector has voted, or what other candidates were voted for on any
 4 ballot bearing a name not printed thereon by the board of election commis-
 5 sioners, or give any information concerning the appearance of any ballot
 6 voted, such persons so offending shall be guilty of a felony, and, on con-
 7 viction, shall be imprisoned not less than two years nor more than five
 8 years in the State's prison, and be disfranchised for any determinate period

9 not less than ten years.

§ 58. If any person shall induce or attempt to induce any member of an
2 election board to violate any of the provisions of section fifty-seven, whether
3 or not such member of the election board shall violate or attempt to violate
4 any of the provisions of this act, such person so offending shall be guilty
5 of a felony, and, on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the State's prison
6 not less than two years nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for
7 any determinate period not less than ten years. It shall be the duty of
8 each inspector to distinctly read this and the preceding section to the
9 election board at the opening of the polls, and each member thereof shall
10 thereupon take an oath that he has not violated and will not violate the
11 provisions of said section.

§ 59. Any person who shall, during the election, remove or destroy any
2 of the supplies or other conveniences placed in the booths as aforesaid, or
3 deliver to the voter for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his
4 ballot, or shall, during an election, remove, tear down or deface the cards
5 printed for the instruction of the voters, or shall, during an election, de-
6 stroy or remove any booth, railing or other convenience provided for such an
7 election, or shall induce or attempt to induce any person to commit any of
8 such acts, whether or not any of such acts are committed or attempted to
9 be committed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be
10 punished by imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one
11 year and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
12 years.

§ 60. No officer of election shall disclose to any person the name of any
2 candidate for whom any elector has voted. No officer of election shall do
3 any electioneering on election day. No person whatever shall do any
4 electioneering on election day within any polling place, or within fifty feet
5 of any polling place. No person shall apply for or receive any ballot in any
6 polling place other than that in which he is entitled to vote. No person

7 shall show his ballot after it is marked to any person in such a way as to
 8 reveal the contents thereof or the name of any candidate or candidates for
 9 whom he has marked his vote; nor shall any person examine a ballot
 10 which any elector has prepared for voting or solicit the elector to show the
 11 same. No person, except the inspector of election, or a judge who may be
 12 temporarily acting for him, shall receive from any voter a ballot prepared
 13 by him for voting. No voter shall receive a ballot from any person other
 14 than one of the poll clerks; nor shall any person other than a poll
 15 clerk deliver a ballot to the inspector to be voted. No voter
 16 shall place any mark upon his ballot, or suffer or permit any other
 17 person to do so, by which it afterward may be identified as the one voted
 18 by him. Whoever shall violate any provisions of this section shall be
 19 deemed guilty of a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by impris-
 20 onment for not less than six months nor more than one year, and by fine
 21 of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars,
 22 and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 61. Any public officer, upon whom any duty is imposed by this act,
 2 who shall wilfully neglect or omit to perform such duties, or do any act
 3 prohibited herein, for which punishment is not otherwise herein provided,
 4 shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction, shall be punished
 5 by imprisonment in the State's prison for not less than six months nor
 6 more than three years, or by a fine of not more than three thousand dol-
 7 lars, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and be disfranchised for
 8 any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 62. Whenever any constitutional amendment or other question is re-
 2 quired by law to be submitted to popular vote, if all the electors of the
 3 State are entitled to vote on such question, the State board of election
 4 commissioners shall cause a brief statement of the same to be printed on
 5 the State ballots, and the words "yes" or "no" under the same, so that the
 6 elector may indicate his preference by stamping at the places designated in

7 front of either word. If the question is required by law to be voted on by
8 the electors of any district or division of the State, the board or boards of
9 election commissioners of the county or counties, including or included in
10 such division or district, shall use similar provision to be made on the
11 local ballot, in case any elector shall not indicate his preference by stamp-
12 ing in front of either word, the ballot as to such question shall be void
13 and shall not be counted.

§ 63. All affidavits in this act to be used on the day of election
2 at the several polling places shall, at the close of the count, be placed in a
3 strong paper bag, or envelope, by the election board and securely sealed by
4 them, each member endorsing his name on the back of such bag or envelope.
5 Such bag or envelope shall be delivered within three days after the elec-
6 tion, by the inspector, to the clerk of the circuit court of the county,
7 whose duty it shall be to carefully preserve the same, and deliver it, with
8 the seal unbroken, to the foreman of the grand jury when next in session.
9 It shall be the duty of the grand jury to inquire into the truth or falsity
10 of such affidavits.

§ 64. When any township or county holds an election at a time other
2 than the time of the general election, such election shall be held in conform
3 ity with the provisions of this act, and all county and local officers who are
4 required to perform any duties in connection with the general election shall
5 perform the same duties in connection with a special or local election,
6 subject to the same provisions and penalties herein prescribed in case of
7 general elections.

§ 65. When any town or city shall hold an election at any time other
2 than at the time of a general election, such election shall be held in
3 conformity with the provisions of this act, except the duties herein
4 required of the clerk of the county court shall be performed by the
5 town or city clerk, the duties herein required of the board of supervisors
6 or county commissioners shall be performed by the village

7 trustees or city council, the duties of the county sheriff shall be per-
8 formed by the town marshal or chief of police, and the rights of nomina-
9 tion of election officers by political parties shall be exercised by the chair-
10 man of the village or city committees of such parties, if any such there be.
11 Village and city officers are hereby required to perform the various duties
12 herein prescribed for the county officers in whose stead they act, subject to
13 the same penalties and provisions herein prescribed as to such county offi-
14 cers.

§ 66. All election days shall be legal holidays throughout the district
2 or municipality in which the election is held.

§ 67. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act
2 are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act in regard to the testimony of accomplices.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly.* Whenever in any investigation before a grand jury
3 or the trial of any person or persons charged with any offense, whatsoever,
4 it shall appear to the court that another person or other persons than the
5 one, or more, charged, is a material and necessary witness in the case, and
6 that his, her or their testimony would tend to criminate himself, herself or their
7 selves, the court may cause an order to be entered of record that such
8 witness or witnesses be released from all liability to be prosecuted or
9 punished on account of any matter to which he, she or they shall be
10 required to testify. And upon such order being entered, such witness or
11 witnesses shall be compelled to testify, and after such testimony being given,
12 such order shall forever after be a bar to any indictment, information, or
13 prosecution against said witness for such matter.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section two of an act entitled "An act to
3 indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs," ap-
4 proved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended
5 so as to read as follows:

§ 2. The county clerk shall charge upon the collector's book against the
2 name of each person reported and returned as the owner or keeper of a dog
3 or dogs, as a license fee, the sum of one dollar for each dog owned or kept
4 by such person, which fee shall be collected at the same time, and in the
5 same manner as taxes upon personal property. In counties not under town-
6 ship organization, the collector shall pay the amount received from the
7 licenses aforesaid to the treasurer of his county, and in counties under
8 township organization the sum so collected in each town shall be paid by
9 the collector to the supervisor of his town, who shall first give to the people
10 of the State of Illinois, for the use of the inhabitants of his town, a bond
11 with at least two sureties, to be approved by the board of supervisors of
12 his county, in double the sum of such license fees in his town, conditioned
13 that he will faithfully pay out said fund as hereinafter provided. Said

14 bond shall be filed and remain in the office of the county clerk of the proper
15 court.

16 This tax or license to be optional with the respective counties of the State.
17 and shall be voted on by the legal voters of such county at any general
18 county or township election on the petition of not less than two hundred
19 bona fide voters of such county, whose prayer shall be presented to board
20 of commissioners or board of supervisors at their meeting next preceding
21 the election at which vote on the question is prayed. Said vote not to be
22 taken in any one county oftener than once in five years, and to remain
23 binding for such time.

24 Whereas, in a number of the counties of the State this tax or license is
25 burdensome to a large proportion of the population, therefore an emergency
26 exists, and this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Laughlin, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read first by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act entitled, "An act to compel the payment of all wages in money."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois. represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful to pay any laborer or
3 employe his wages in anything except lawful money of the United States.

§ 2. All persons or corporations violating this act, shall be punished by
2 a fine not less than fifty dollars, and not more than two hundred dollars,
3 by prosecution in any justice court, or circuit court, or county court, on
4 complaint therein made by any person.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 14, 1891, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act concerning appeals from decrees for an account between partners.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* Whenever any court shall enter an order or decree
3 that an amount be stated between partners, where a bar has been set up
4 by plea or answer to the right to have such account taken, the person
5 against whom said order or decree is entered, shall have the same right of
6 appeal from such order or decree as on a final decree, and all proceedings
7 in such case shall stand in abeyance untill said appeal is determined.

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- 1 Introduced by Mr. Paddock January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A BILL

For an act concerning confessions of judgment.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all confessions of judgment hereafter made
3 shall be made in open court, and at no other time, and any confes-
4 sion of judgment hereafter entered at any time other than in open court
5 shall be absolutely null and void.

§ 2. No confession of judgment shall be entered unless the person against
2 whom the judgment is rendered shall have appeared in person at the time
3 of the rendition of such judgment, or shall have been served with the process
4 of summons of such court where judgment is rendered, at least five days
5 before the day on which judgment is entered.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Judiciary Committee.

A BILL

For an act concerning the rule of evidence in misdemeanors.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* Whenever the defendant in the trial of any
3 misdemeanor or suits to recover penalties, shall be a witness in his own
4 behalf, the rule of evidence shall be to warrant a conviction, that the
5 prosecution has established the charge by a clear preponderance of the
6 evidence, and it shall not be necessary for the prosecution to establish its
7 case beyond a reasonable doubt.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections four (4) and six (6) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 24, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections four (4) and six (6) of "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 24, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to stipulate or agree that six (6) per cent per annum, or any less sum of interest, shall be taken and paid upon every one hundred (\$100) dollars of money loaned, or in any manner due and owing from any person or corporation to any other person or corporation in this State, and after that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as herein provided.

Section 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per centum, upon any contract, verbal or written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation; and all con-

6 tracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide for in-
7 terest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified, on account
8 of non-payment at maturity, shall be deemed usurious, and only the prin-
9 cipal sum due therein shall be collected.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act concerning the education of children," approved May 24, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act concerning the education of children," approved May 24, 1889, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That every person having under his control a child between the ages of seven and fourteen years, shall annually cause such child to attend for at least sixteen weeks, at least eight weeks of which attendance shall be consecutive, some public day school in the city, town or district in which he resides, which time shall commence with the beginning of the first term of the school year, or as soon thereafter as due notice shall be served upon the person having such control, of his duty under this act. For every neglect of such duty the person offending, shall, upon conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction, forfeit to the use of the public schools of such city, town or district a sum not less than one, nor more than twenty dollars, and shall stand committed until such fine and costs are paid. But, if the person so neglecting, shall show to the satisfaction of the board of education or directors, or the court that such child has attended for a like period of time a private day school, or that instruction has otherwise been

15 given for a like period of time to such child in the branches commonly
16 taught in the public school; or that such child has already acquired the
17 branches of learning taught in the public school; or that his physical or
18 mental condition, as declared by a competent physician is such as to render
19 such attendance inexpedient and impracticable. then such penalty shall not
20 be incurred. Such fine shall be paid, when collected, to the school treasurer
21 of such city or township to be accounted for by him as other school money
22 raised for school purposes.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January, 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section seventy-one (71) of an act entitled, "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section seventy-one (71) of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 71. County superintendents elected hereafter shall receive in full for all services rendered by them commissions as follows: Three per cent commission upon the amount of sales of school lands, or of sales of land upon mortgage or sales of real estate taken for debt, including all services therewith. Two per cent commission upon all lands distributed, paid, or loaned out by them for the support of schools. For all other duties required by law to be performed by them four dollars (\$4) a day for such number of days as shall be spent in the actual performance of their duties, not exceeding the number fixed by the county boards in counties in which the boards are given power to fix the number of days by section twenty (20) of this act. The assistants of the county superintendents shall receive such compensation as may be fixed by the county boards. The county

13 superintendents shall present, under oath or affirmation, their itemized bills
14 for their per diem compensation, together with a report of all their acts and
15 doings as such superintendent or assistant, including a list of schools visited,
16 and the dates of visitation to the county board at their annual meeting in
17 September, and as near quarterly thereafter as said board may have regular
18 or special meetings, and after the bills have been audited by the county
19 board, the county clerk shall certify to this upon the bills and transmit
20 them to the auditor of public accounts, who shall, upon the receipt of them,
21 remit in payment thereof to each superintendent his warrant upon the State
22 treasurer for the amount certified to be due him. And the auditor in making
23 his warrant to any county for the amount due it from the State school
24 fund shall deduct from it the several amounts for which warrants have
25 been issued to the county superintendents of said county since the next
26 preceding apportionment of the State school fund.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey, of St. Clair, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Judiciary Committee.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 4 of division 9 of the criminal code of the State of Illinois, in relation to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, and proceedings before them in small offenses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 4 of division 9 of the criminal code of the State of Illinois, in relation to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace and proceedings before them in small offenses, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. The person accused shall be tried by a jury upon the same conditions, and the jury shall be summoned and impanelled in the same manner, as in the civil cases before justices of the peace: *Provided*, it shall not be necessary for the defendant to advance the jury fees.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey, of St. Clair, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 1 of division 9 of the criminal code of the State of Illinois in relation to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, and proceedings before them in small offenses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 1 of division 9 of the criminal code
3 of the State of Illinois in relation to the jurisdiction of justices of the
4 peace, and proceedings before them in small offenses, be and the same is
5 hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Justices of the peace shall have concurrent jurisdiction with
2 the circuit court in all cases of misdemeanors, when the punishment is by
3 imprisonment in the county jail or by fine, provided the fine shall not ex-
4 ceed two hundred dollars (\$200) nor the imprisonment more than 3 months,
5 and also in all cases of assault and battery and affrays, in
6 which the people are plaintiffs, and in cases arising under sections 270 and
7 271 of division 1 of this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Rober January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the furnishing text books to pupils attending the public schools free of charge.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* The Treasurer of State, to aid in carrying out this law, shall have power to reserve from the distributable fund the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), deducting same from school districts in equitable proportion to the amount they are entitled to on the first day of July, 1891, as a fund to pay for text books bought by said board as herein provided.

§ 2. The State Superintendent of Instruction shall from time to time advertise for bids for the furnishing of school books, maps, slates, tablets and other supplies as determined by said board, the time, kind and term of such notice to be fixed by said board, such bids to be opened and acted on by such board, stating fully and explicitly the quantity and quality of said supplies, when such tenders may be offered and the conditions complied with and the time of opening said bids.

§ 3. On the day appointed for the opening of such bids and if in their opinion the prices tendered are reasonable for the work, or supplies, and no combination has affected the price, they shall give the contract to the lowest responsible bidder complying with the conditions called for in the speci-

5 cations; they, however, shall have the power to refuse any and all bids, if in
6 their judgment such a course is proper, and advertise for new bids.

1 4. The Governor of the State, the State Superintendent of Public In-
2 struction and three competent persons, to be appointed by the supreme court
3 of the State, one from each of the grand divisions into which the State is
4 divided, for the purpose of holding term of the supreme court, shall con-
5 stitute a board to decide on the quantity and character of the text books
6 to be furnished and used in the public schools of the State.

§ 5. All text books used in the public schools of this State shall be uni-
2 form throughout the State, and entirely free from sectarianism and from
3 criticisms, attacks and animadversions, on all and any religious teachings,
4 beliefs and practices.

§ 6. A sufficient number of such text books and supplies shall be bought
2 or provided for by said board, to enable this act to be complied with, and
3 shall be paid for by warrants drawn by said board, signed by said superin-
4 tendent and audited by the Auditor of Public Accounts, and paid by the
5 State Treasurer out of funds on hand for such purpose not otherwise
6 appropriated.

§ 7. The Superintendent of Instruction shall keep a set of books contain-
2 ing correct accounts of all transactions in reference to this department.
3 affairs, accounts and doings of said board. He shall be the legal custodian
4 of all school supplies and provide a suitable place for the storage of the
5 same. He shall furnish bonds in the sum of
6 for the faithful discharge of all his duties pertaining to this branch of the
7 public service. He shall publish a catalogue containing cost price of all
8 such supplies, to be used in the public schools. The Superintendent of
9 Instruction shall be empowered to add one per cent to the cost price of
10 supplies furnished to the order of the school trustees, out of which he shall
11 pay all expenses of storage, handling and delivery free on board at the point
12 of shipment.

§ 8. He shall make a monthly report to the Auditor of Public Accounts,
2 and remit all money on hand to the Treasurer on the first day of each
3 month.

§ 9. On and after the first day of January, 1892, it shall be incumbent on
2 educational institutions maintained by the State, or by or out of public
3 funds, to use the books as prescribed by law.

§ 10. Boards of Education, School Directors and those in charge of State
2 Educational Institutions, shall order the number and description of all
3 books required for use in the schools under their control on blanks to be
4 furnished by the Auditor of Public Accounts for that purpose. Orders
5 must be accompanied by money remittance for amount of supplies required.

§ 11. School Directors shall furnish to the pupils attending the public
2 schools, a sufficient number of text books, slates and tablets, free of charge,
3 as adopted by such board, and each pupil shall receive the same number
4 and quality of such text books and supplies, according to the class or grade
5 of such pupil.

§ 12. Any neglect of Directors or Trustees to comply with any of the
2 provisions of this act may, on complaint by any person to any court of
3 record, subject them to removal from office with a penalty of not more
4 than fifty dollars on conviction. The penalties herein provided may be
5 recovered in any court having civil jurisdiction by such in the name of the
6 person suing in the same.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Scaife, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act to secure just compensation to miners.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any owner, agent or
3 operator of any coal mine, whose mines are paid upon the bases of the quan-
4 tity of coal which each shall mine and deliver to said employer, to take any
5 portion of the same by any process of screening, or by any other device,
6 without fully accounting for and crediting the same to the miner from
7 whose output such portion is screened or taken.

§ 2. Any person, owner or agent, operating a coal mine in this State who
2 shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, shall be fined for the first
3 offense not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than fifty dollars, (\$50)
4 for the second offense not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more
5 than (\$200) two hundred dollars, and for the third offense be imprisoned in
6 the county jail not less than six months nor more than one year.

1. Introduced by Mr. Spellman January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the semi-monthly payment of the employes of coal mines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That any person, persons, company or corporation engaged in the business of producing or mining coal, shall pay each and every person, persons or employe semi-monthly, as follows:

For all labor performed from the first to the fifteenth day, inclusive, of each month, on or before the twenty-third day of same month, and for all labor performed from the sixteenth to the thirty-first day, inclusive, of each month, shall be paid for on or before the ninth day of the next succeeding month.

§ 2. Any person, persons, company or corporation violating this act, or any of its provisions, whether as principal, agent or clerk, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) for each and every offense.

1. Introduced by Mr. Spellman January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Charities.

A BILL

For an act authorizing the burial of the body of any honorably discharged ex-union soldier, sailor or marine of this State, who shall hereafter die without leaving means sufficient to defray funeral expenses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be the duty of the county board in each county in this State, to appoint three suitable persons in each township and ward in their respective counties, other than those prescribed by law for the care of paupers, whose duty it shall be to look after and cause to be entered, in a decent and respectable manner, in any cemetery or burial ground within this State, other than those used exclusively for the burial of the pauper dead, at an expense not to exceed forty dollars, the body of any honorable discharged ex-union soldier, sailor or marine, having at any time served in the army or navy of the United States, who shall hereafter die, not leaving means sufficient to defray the necessary funeral expenses. Such persons so appointed shall hold their appointment so long as they serve to the satisfaction of the county board, and whenever a vacancy occurs from any cause, it shall be the duty of the board to fill such vacancy by the appointment of other suitable persons.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the person so appointed in the foregoing section before they assume the charge and expense of any such burial, that

3 they first satisfy themselves by a careful inquiry into and examination of
4 all the circumstances in the case, that the family of such deceased soldier
5 is unable, for want of means, to defray the expenses of such funeral or
6 burial, whereupon, if they find such inability to exist, they shall cause to
7 be buried such soldier, sailor or marine as provided in section 1 of this act
8 and they shall also immediately report the same to the county board of
9 their county, setting forth the fact that they found the family of such
10 deceased soldier in indigent circumstances, and unable to pay the expenses
11 of burial, together with the name, rank and command to which he belonged
12 as a soldier or sailor, the date of death, the place where buried, and his
13 occupation while living; and also an accurately itemized statement of the
14 expenses incurred by reason of such burial, the report to be duly attested
15 by three reputable persons, resident of the township or ward in which the
16 deceased soldier lived, knowing the facts of the indigency and inability of
17 the family to defray said funeral expenses.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the county board, upon receiving the report
2 and statement of expenses provided for in section two of this act, to trans-
3 cribe in a book to be kept for that purpose, all the facts contained in said
4 report respecting said deceased soldier, and shall certify the expenses thus
5 reported to the county clerk, who shall draw his warrant for the same,
6 payable to the person or persons designated by the county board, upon the
7 county treasurer to be paid out of the county fund of said county. It shall
8 also be the duty of the county board, upon the death and burial of any
9 such soldier, sailor or marine, residing within their county at the time of
10 his death, to make application to the proper authorities under the general
11 government for a suitable headstone, as provided by act of Congress, and
12 cause the same to be placed at the head of such deceased soldier's grave.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Stringer January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections one and two of "An act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That sections one and two of "An act to establish
3 a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners," approved April 13, 1871,
4 and in force July 1, 1871, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That at the general election held in November, 1892, and
2 every two years thereafter, there shall be elected by the people of this
3 State, a commission composed of three legal voters of this State, which
4 shall be styled a "railroad and warehouse commission," and said commis-
5 sioners shall hold their offices until their successors are qualified and
6 elected, and their term of office shall commence on the second Monday in
7 January following their election."

"Section 2. No person shall be eligible as such commissioner, who at the
2 time of entering upon the duties of such office is in any way connected with
3 any railroad company, or warehouse, or who is directly or indirectly inter-
4 ested in any stock, bond or other property of, or is in the employment of
5 any railroad company or warehouseman; and no person elected as such

6 commissioner, shall during his term of office become interested in any stock,
7 bond or other property of any railroad company or warehouse or in any
8 manner be employed by or connected with any railroad company or ware-
9 house. The Governor shall have power to remove any such commissioner
10 at any time for a failure to perform any of the duties imposed by this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Stringer January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 15 of "An act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*

02 *in his General Assembly,* That section fifteen of "An act concerning fees and
3 salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference
4 thereto," approved March 29, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and is here-
5 by amended so as to read as follows:

Section 15. For swearing jurors and witnesses or for any services in
2 criminal cases not hereinbefore enumerated, the clerk shall be allowed the
3 same fees as in civil cases; for attendance at the sessions of the circuit
4 court he shall be allowed the same per diem for each day's attendance as
5 the county clerks is allowed for similar attendance on the sessions of the
6 county court; and in all criminal cases when the cost cannot be collected
7 from the defendants on their conviction, or when the defendants shall be
8 acquitted such costs shall be paid from the county treasury: *Provided,* that
09 no such fees shall be paid to said clerk from the county treasury when the
10 fees collected by him during such year shall equal the amount of salary,
11 clerk-hire and necessary expenses allowed him by the board of county com-

12 missioners or board of supervisors: *And provided further*, that no more of
13 such fees shall, in any case, be paid from the county treasury than shall be
14 sufficient, with the fees collected, to make the salary, clerk-hire and neces-
15 sary expenses allowed to said clerk by the county commissioners or
16 supervisors.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Taubeneck January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
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A BILL

For an act to amend sections 1, 3, 7, 24, 27, 36, 37, 39, 44, 51 and 52 of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of the State in reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872; title as amended by an act approved March 28, 1874, as amended by an act approved June 6, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That sections 1, 3, 7, 24, 27, 36, 37, 39, 44, 51 and 52 of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties in the State in reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872; title as amended by an act approved March 28, 1874, as amended by an act approved June 6, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That there shall be allowed and paid an annual salary, in lieu of all other salaries, fees, prerequisites, benefit or compensation in any form whatever, to each of the officers herein named, the following sums, respectively:

To the Governor the sum of \$5,000 together with the use and occupation of the executive mansion.

To the Lieutenant-Governor the sum of \$1,000: *Provided*, that if the powers and duties of the office of Governor shall devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall, during the continuance of

10 such emergency, be entitled to the emoluments thereof as herein provided.

11 To the Secretary of State the sum of \$3,000.

12 To the Auditor of Public Accounts the sum of \$3,000.

13 To the Treasurer the sum of \$3,000.

14 To the Superintendent of Public Instruction the sum of \$3,000.

15 To the Attorney-General the sum of \$3,000.

16 To the Adjutant-General the sum of \$1,200.

Section 3. That each judge of the circuit courts of this State, and each
2 judge of the superior court of Cook county, shall receive and be paid out
3 of the State treasury of this State an annual salary of \$3,000, in lieu of all
4 other compensations, prequisites or benefit in any form whatever: *Provided*,
5 that the provisions of this act shall not prevent the payment of such addi-
6 tional compensation to the judges of the circuit and superior courts of
7 Cook county, out of the treasury of said county, as is or may be provided
8 by law.

Section 7. There shall be allowed to the several State's-Attorneys in this
2 State for services to be rendered by them the following fees and salaries,
3 to-wit: To each State's-Attorney the sum of \$300, which salary shall be paid
4 to them, respectively in quarter yearly installments, on the warrant of the
5 Auditor, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated:
6 *Provided*, that the provisions of this act shall not prevent the payment of
7 such additional compensation to the State's-Attorney of Cook county, out of
8 the treasury of said county, as is or may be provided by law.

Section 24. The county surveyor shall receive for all official services four
2 dollars per day for each day necessarily employed; and in testing scales a
3 reasonable sum for transportation from and to the county seat of the nec-
4 essary apparatus for making the test, when requested by the owner.

Section 27. The fees of the county superintendents of schools shall be as
2 follows: Two per cent commissions upon the amount of sales of school
3 lands, or of sales of land upon mortgage, or sales of real estate taken for

4 debt including all services connected therewith.

5 One per cent commission upon all sums distributed, paid or loaned out by
6 them for the support of schools.

7 For all other duties required by law to be performed by them for such
8 number of days as may be designated by the county board, in counties of
9 the first and second class, the sum of two dollars (\$2) per day, in counties
10 of the third class the county superintendent of schools shall be paid five
11 dollars (\$5) per day: *Provided*, that the entire compensation received by
12 him shall not exceed the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500)
13 per annum.

“Section 36. The following named town officers shall be entitled to
2 compensation at the following rates for each day necessarily devoted by
3 them to the services of the town, in the duties of their respective offices:

4 The town clerk, supervisor and overseer of the poor shall receive for
5 their services one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) dollars per day when attending to town
6 business out of town, one dollar for town business in their town: *Provided*,
7 that the town clerk shall receive fees for the following, and not a per
8 diem: For serving notices of election upon town officers, as required by law,
9 twenty cents each; for filing any paper required by law to be filed in his
10 office, five cents each; for posting up notices, required by law twenty cents
11 each; for recording any order or instruments of writing, authorized by law,
12 five cents for each one hundred words; for copying any record in his office
13 and certifying to the same, five cents for every one hundred words, to be
14 paid by the person applying for the same; for copying by law for posting
15 or publication five cents for each one hundred words to be paid for by the
16 town.

17 The town assessor shall receive for his services as assessor, one dollar and
18 twenty-five cents per day: *Provided*, that in towns of fifty thousand in-
19 habitants and upward, in counties of the third class, the assessor shall
20 receive four dollar per day.

21 The pound master shall be allowed the following fees for his services,
22 to-wit:

23 For taking into the pound and discharging therefrom every horse, ass or
24 mule, and all meat cattle, ten cents each; for every sheep or lamb, three
25 cents each, and for every hog, large or small, five cents each.

26 The officers composing the board of appointment, in case of vacancy, when
27 they shall meet for that purpose, and the officers composing the board of town
28 auditors, shall be entitled to one dollar a day for their services.

29 No justice of the peace or town officer shall be entitled to any fee or com-
30 pensation from any individual elected or chosen to a town office for admin-
31 istering to him the oath of office.

32 Each town or district collector shall be allowed a commission of two per
33 cent. on all moneys collected by him, to be paid out of the respective funds
34 collected: *Provided*, that in any case where the compensation so allowed
35 shall be insufficient, the town or county board may allow an additional
36 compensation or per diem in lieu of other or greater commissions, in which
37 case said additional compensation shall be paid out of the town or county
38 treasury, as the case may require: *And provided further*, that all excess of
39 commissions and fees over twelve hundred dollars shall be paid into the
40 town or district treasury.

Section 37. County commissions and members of county boards in coun-
2 ties not under township organization, while transacting county affairs,
3 shall severally be allowed two dollars per day, for the time necessarily
4 and actually employed in the discharge of their duties, and five
5 cents a mile for all necessary travel, and no other allowance, directly or
6 indirectly for any purpose whatever. All to be paid out of the county
7 treasury.

Section 39. The members of the board of supervisors and the board of
2 commissioners of Cook county shall each receive the sum of two dollars per
3 day for the time actually and necessarily engaged in the discharge of his

4 duties as a member of such board of supervisors, to be paid on the order
5 of the board out of the county treasury, and mileage five cents each way,
6 for necessary travel, and no other allowance or emoluments, directly or
7 indirectly for any purpose whatever.

Section 44. There shall be allowed and paid to grand and petit jurors for
2 their services in attending courts of record, including the county court
3 when sitting for or doing probate business, each the sum of one and one-
4 half dollars per day for necessary attendance at such courts as such jurors,
5 and also five cents per mile each way for necessary travel in going to and
6 returning from the same, to be paid out of the county treasury, except
7 that in cases for the trial of insane persons before the court, jurors shall
8 only receive for their services as jurors for such trials the sum of one
9 dollar per day each.

10 The clerk of the court shall furnish to each of the jurors aforesaid,
11 without fee, whenever he shall be discharged from further service by the
12 court, a certificate of the number of days attendance at the term, or of the
13 number of days attendance at the trial of an insane person, as the case
14 may be, and upon presentation thereof to the county treasury, he shall pay
15 to such jurors the sum as above provided for his said service.

16 The jurors in courts of record, including county courts, when sitting for
17 and doing probate business in counties of the third class, shall receive only
18 for their service the sum of one and one-half dollars per day, and
19 five cents per mile actually traveled going to and coming from place of
20 holding court, but no oftener than once going to and once coming from
21 place of holding court shall be considered in computing the mileage of
22 jurors during the term for which they shall be summoned to serve as jurors.

Section 51. Every county officer hereinbefore mentioned who shall be
2 paid in whole or in part by fees shall collect all the fees of their respective
3 offices at least within sixty (60) days after such fees become due; every
4 officer shall in a book kept for that purpose keep a full, true and minute

5 account of all the fees and emoluments of his office, designating in corres-
6 ponding columns the amount of all fees and emoluments earned, and all
7 payments received on account thereof and showing the name of each person
8 or persons paying fees and the amount received from each person, and shall
9 also keep an account of all expenditures made by him on account of clerk
10 hire, stationery, fuel and other expenses, for keeping which book no fees
11 shall be allowed such officer every such report shall also show the amount
12 of fees due and uncollected together with a statement why such fees have
13 not or could not be collected.

14 Every such officer who shall be paid in whole or in part by fees, shall on
15 the first day of each June and December following make to the chairman
16 of the county board of supervisors in the counties under township organi-
17 zation and to the county judge in other counties until the county board
18 shall be elected therein, and thereafter to said county board in such counties
19 a return in writing of all the fees and emoluments of his office of every
20 name and character which said report shall show the gross amount of the
21 earnings of said office, the total amount of receipts of whatever name or
22 character and all necessary expenses for clerk hire, stationery, fuel and
23 other expenses for the half year ending at the time of such report or the
24 portion thereof during which he shall be entitled to receive the fees herein
25 provided for together with the amount of his salary which shall include
26 any unpaid balance of his salary that may have remained due and uncol-
27 lected at the time of making any previous return to the time of making
28 such report.

29 Such report shall designate the service for which such amounts have been
30 charged or received in such manner that the same may be identified with
31 the account thereof upon the books of such officer, and shall show fully the
32 amount earned and the amount received.

33 Said county board or county judge, as the case may be, shall carefully
34 audit and examine every such report and ascertain the exact balance of

35 such fees, if any, held by such officer after such expenses as said board may
 36 approve and allow, and such salary and unpaid balance of salary from
 37 previous return shall have been deducted from the gross amount shown by
 38 such report to have been paid into or collected by such officer, and shall
 39 order that such officer shall pay over such balance to the county treasurer
 40 whose receipt therefor shall be evidence of the settlement by such officer of
 41 such report; but if there shall appear to be a balance of salary due to such
 42 officer at the time of making such report, and such officer shall have
 43 previously paid into the county treasury any fees collected by him, the
 44 board shall make an order on the county treasurer in favor of such officer
 45 for the balance so fund due to him: *Provided*, the amount of such order
 46 shall not exceed the amount of fees previously paid into the treasury by
 47 such officer.

48 Every such report shall be signed and verified by the affidavit of the
 49 officer making the same, which affidavit shall be substantially of the following
 50 form:

State of Illinois, County.—ss.

51 I do solemnly swear that the foregoing account is in all
 52 respects just and true, according to my best knowledge; and that I have
 53 neither received directly or indirectly, nor directly or indirectly agreed to
 54 receive, or be paid for my own or another's benefit, any other money, article
 55 or consideration than therein stated, nor am I entitled to any fee or
 56 emolument for the period therein mentioned other than those therein
 57 specified.

58 Signed and sworn to before me this day of 189..

59 If there shall be any balance of salary due and unpaid to any such officer
 60 at the time of making the last return at the close of his term of office,
 61 and there be not a sufficient amount of fees collected by such officer
 62 remaining in the county treasury to pay such balance, it shall be paid to
 63 him out of the fees earned by him during his term of office when after-
 64 wards collected by his successor.

55 The officer making such return shall in no case include in his report any
66 change previously reported, but shall make a separate report of all fees and
67 emoluments which shall have been previously returned "not received" and
68 which shall have been paid during the half year previous to making any
69 report, designating them as in other cases and indicating in what half year
70 the same were earned.

71 Any such officer failing or refusing to make such return or to pay any such
72 balance as aforesaid to the county treasurer, or failing or refusing to col-
73 lect the fees of his respective office as soon as such fees become due, unless
74 such officer can show good and sufficient cause why such fees could not be col-
75 lected, shall forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred dollars, to be recov-
76 ered by a common informer in any court of common jurisdiction, one half
77 to be paid to such informer and the balance into the county treasury.

78 Every county officer herein mentioned and his bondsmen shall be held
79 responsible to the people for any loss accruing to the county on account of
80 such officer failing, refusing or neglecting to collect the fees of his office
81 when due, as provided for in this section.

82 It is hereby made the duty of the chairman of the county board of
83 supervisors, or county judge, as the case may be, to whom a return is
84 made as aforesaid, to immediately transmit the aggregate amount of each
85 return to the Secretary of State, to be filed in his office for the use of the
86 General Assembly.

Section 52. The board of supervisors, county court and board of county
2 commissioners in their respective counties shall have full power and
3 authority, at their respective meetings, to inspect and examine the records,
4 fee books or papers of such county officers as are paid in whole or in part
5 by fees, in which fees are charged or recorded, for the purpose of compar-
6 ing the accounts rendered by said officers with their books of entry, and
7 any county officer failing or refusing to deliver said fee books for inspec-
8 tion, as provided in this section, upon being requested so to do, shall for-

9 feet and pay a like sum and in like manner as provided in the preceding
10 section for failing or refusing to make return. All fees, perquisites and
11 emoluments received by said county officers (above the amount of compen-
12 sation fixed by the county board and clerk hire and other necessary ex-
13 penses) shall be paid into the county treasury; and the county treasurer
14 shall keep a book for the purpose of entering all such fees received by him,
15 in which shall be stated and set forth particularly the amount of such fees
16 received, from whom and when received, which books shall be subject to
17 the inspection of the county board, and any officer failing to enter any fees
18 in a book, as required by this act, which he shall receive for any services
19 performed, shall be deemed guilty of a malfeasance in office, and upon con-
20 viction in any court of competent jurisdiction shall be fined in any sum
21 not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, one-half of
22 such sum to go to the complainant and the balance to be paid into the
23 county treasury.

24 If the board of supervisors, county court or county commissioners, as the
25 case may be, fail, refuse or neglect to compel county officers to collect the
26 fees of their respective offices and to make their semi-annual reports, as
27 provided for in section (51) fifty-one, shall, for each and every failure, for-
28 feit and pay the sum of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dol-
29 lars, to be recovered by any common informer in any court of competent
30 jurisdiction, one-half of such sum to be paid to the informer and the
31 balance into the county treasury.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Tice, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 147 and 179 of an "Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the directors or school trustees, of any school
3 district in the State of Illinois shall have power, and it is hereby made
4 their duty to cause to be erected and keep in repair, upon any and
5 all public school houses which may be in their respective school districts,
6 a good and sufficient flag staff with all necessary adjustments, and that they
7 shall provide an American flag, of suitable proportions, which shall be
8 floated from such flag staff during the school hours of every day in which
9 school may be in session in such school house. Such flag staff and adjust-
10 ments and all necessary flags to be paid for from any school moneys which
11 may be held by the township treasurer for the use of any school district
12 in which such expenditure may have been made.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Tyler, January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section thirty of an act entitled, "An act to idemuify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs," approved May 20, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, so as to read as follows:

SECTION 30. [License fee.] The county clerk shall charge upon the collector's book against the name of each person reported and returned as the owner or keeper of a dog or dogs, as a license fee, the sum of one dollar for each dog owned or kept by such person, which fee shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as taxes upon personal property. In counties not under township organization, the collector shall pay the amount received from the licenses aforesaid to the treasurer of his county, and in counties under township organization the sum so collected in each town shall be paid by the collector to the supervisor of his town: *Provided* no supervisor shall be required to give a new bond for such monies, but such supervisors and his securities shall be liable on his bond as supervisor for all such monies to the same extent as they would be for any other monies received by him as supervisor. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Webb January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to publish with the session laws the yea and nay vote on enactments.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the yea and nay vote on all bills which be-
3 come laws and on all bills which make appropriations be published with
4 the session laws.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to authorize the corporate authorities of towns to issue bonds for the completion and improvement of public parks and boulevards, and to provide a tax for the payment of the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That in any town which is now included within the limits of any city in this State, in which a board of park commissioners shall now exist, having authority by law to acquire, hold, improve and maintain land and the appurtenances in trust for the inhabitants of such town, and of a division or part of such city, and for such parties or persons as may succeed to the rights of such inhabitants, and for the public as a public promenade and pleasure ground and ways, but not for any other use or purpose without the consent of a majority, by frontage of the owners of the property fronting the same, and without the power to sell, alienate, mortgage or encumber the same, the corporate authorities of such town (meaning the town supervisor, clerk and assessor thereof), shall have authority, and such corporate authorities of any such town are hereby empowered, upon the written request to that effect of any board of park commissioners or the successors thereof, which shall now exist within any such town, to issue bonds in the name of such town to an amount not exceeding in the aggregate the principal sum of one million dollars, and such bonds, when*

18 so issued by such corporate authorities, shall be delivered to such board of
19 park commissioners, to be by them sold in the manner hereinafter provided,
20 and the proceeds thereof used for the improvement of any land now held,
21 controlled and maintained by any such board of park commissioners, for
22 park and boulevard purposes: *Provided*, that the total indebtedness of such
23 town, including the said sum of one million dollars hereby authorized to be
24 issued shall not exceed five per centum of the value of the taxable property
25 of such town, as ascertained by the last assessment for State and county
26 taxes previous to issue of any such bonds. And such corporate authorities
27 of any such town shall, in addition to the amount of any tax now author-
28 ized by law to be levied and collected for park and boulevard purposes in
29 any such town, ~~levy~~ and collect annually a tax not to exceed two and one-
30 half mills on the dollar upon the taxable property in any such town,
31 according to the valuation of the same as made for the purposes of State
32 and county taxation; such tax to be used and expended by such board of
33 park commissioners in governing, maintaining and improving such parks
34 and boulevards or pleasure ways, and in paying the interest and principal
35 of such bonds and other necessary and incidental expenses incurred in and
36 about the management of any such parks and boulevards. Neither the
37 bonds hereby authorized to be issued for the purposes aforesaid, nor the
38 proceeds thereof, shall be used by such board of park commissioners for any
39 other purpose than the improvement of the lands now held, controlled and
40 maintained by such board of park commissioners.

§ 2. Such bonds shall be issued by the corporate authorities of such town
2 as aforesaid, in the name of said town, upon the request in writing of any
3 such board of park commissioners or a majority of the members thereof.
4 Said bonds shall be signed by the said corporate authorities in the name of
5 said town, and when so signed shall be delivered by such corporate author-
6 ities to such board of park commissioners, who shall, before disposing of the
7 same, endorse upon each one of such bonds a certificate to the effect that

8 such bonds have been issued by the corporate authorities of such town, upon
9 the requisition of such board of park commissioners for the issue of such
10 bonds by the corporate authorities of such town. And such certificate, so
11 to be endorsed upon each one of such bonds, shall be evidence that due
12 requisition for the issue of such bonds has been made by such board of
13 park commissioners upon the corporate authorities of such town as afore-
14 said. Such certificates so to be endorsed upon said bonds shall be signed
15 by the president, treasurer, auditor and secretary of such board of park com-
16 missioners. The said bonds may be of the denomination of twenty-five dol-
17 lars, and of any multiple thereof. They shall bear interest at a rate not
18 exceeding five per centum per annum, to be paid semi-annually, and to be
19 evidenced by coupons thereto attached, and the principal shall be payable
20 at such place and at such time, not exceeding twenty years from the date
21 of the issue of such bonds, as such board of park commissioners may de-
22 termine. Such bonds shall be numbered in regular series and shall be reg-
23 istered upon the records of such board of park commissioners, which registry
24 shall show the number of the bonds, the amount of each bond, when the
25 same is payable, to whom the same shall be payable, and the rate of interest
26 payable thereon: *Provided, however,* that such bonds may be made payable
27 to bearer or to the order of such person or persons as may be named therein,
28 and when any of such bonds shall be made payable to bearer they shall
29 pass by delivery, and provision shall be made by such board of park com-
30 missioners for the second registry of such bonds in the office of such board
31 of park commissioners, at the option of the holder and in his name; and
32 after a second registry of any of such bonds they, together with any bonds
33 made payable to any particular person or persons, shall pass only by en-
34 dorsement and delivery. None of such bonds shall be sold by such board
35 of park commissioners for less than the par value thereof and the accrued
36 interest thereon at the date of sale. And such board of park commissioners
37 are hereby empowered to require of the treasurer of any such board a

38 bond, with security to be approved by the circuit court of the county in
39 which such parks and boulevards or pleasure ways may be located, sufficient
40 in amount and penalty to protect and save harmless any such board of park
41 commissioners from loss of any money or sums of money which may or shall,
42 from time to time, come into the hands of the treasurer of any such board
43 of park commissioners from the sale of any of the bonds issued and sold
44 under and by virtue of the provisions of this act. Any person who shall
45 knowingly violate or aid and abet in the violation of any of the provisions
46 of this act shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement and shall be liable to
47 indictment, trial and punishment as in other cases of embezzlement.

§ 3. For the purpose of providing for the payment of the interest on such
2 bonds as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof,
3 as the same shall mature, any such board of park commissioners are hereby
4 required each year to appropriate from any annual park tax, not heretofore
5 specifically appropriated by law, which may now or hereafter be authorized
6 and directed to be levied upon the taxable property in any such town,
7 whether the same be known as "Boulevard and park tax" or otherwise, a
8 sum sufficient to meet the interest upon such bonds as it may accrue, and
9 to provide a sinking fund for the purpose of paying the principal of such
10 bonds as they shall mature or become due, according to the provisions of
11 this act.

§ 4. Any and all bonds which shall be issued in accordance with the pro-
2 visions of this act shall contain the condition that, upon the expiration of
3 five years after the date of such bonds, and upon the expiration of each
4 successive year thereafter, such board of park commissioners shall, at an
5 open meeting of the board of such park commissioners, select by lot so many
6 and such an amount of such bonds as may be required to absorb the sinking
7 fund hereinbefore provided; and the principal of the bonds so selected shall
8 become due and payable at the date of the next installment of interest
9 maturing on the several bonds, so selected from time to time, and shall cease

10 to bear interest after they severally become due and payable by reason of
11 such selection. Such board of park commissioners, immediately after making
12 such selection, shall make and sign in duplicate a statement of the result
13 thereof, and shall file one copy thereof in the office of the town clerk of
14 such town and the other copy shall be filed in the office of the county clerk
15 of the county in which any such town shall be located; and it is hereby
16 made the duty of such board of park commissioners to pay and discharge
17 the principal of the bonds selected, at the date of the next installment of
18 interest maturing on the bonds so selected from the sinking fund hereinbe-
19 fore provided for that purpose.

§ 5. Any such board of park commissioners is hereby empowered, after
2 the expiration of one year and at any time before five years, from the date
3 of any bonds authorized to be issued according to the provisions of this act,
4 to purchase a sufficient number and amount of such bonds then outstanding
5 as will absorb the annual sinking fund required by the provisions of this
6 act: *Provided*, that such board of park commissioners shall not be author-
7 ized to pay for the bonds authorized by this section to be purchased more
8 than the fair market value thereof at the date of such purchase.

§ 6. Whereas, there is a necessity for the immediate construction of the
2 improvements contemplated in this act, therefore an emergency exists, and
3 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wilson January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act authorizing cities, incorporated towns and villages to furnish their inhabitants with light for private purposes.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That any city incorporated town or village in this State, which has now provided, or may hereafter provide, for the lighting of the streets of such city, incorporated town or village, by itself, may, and it is hereby made lawful for such city, incorporated town or village to furnish light for private purposes to the inhabitants of such city, incorporated town or village upon such terms as may be contracted between such city, incorporated town or village and the inhabitants thereof.*

§ 2. Such cities, incorporated towns and villages may borrow money and levy and collect a general tax in the same manner as other municipal taxes may be levied and collected, for the erection, construction and maintaining of gas works, electric light plant and appurtenances, or other system whereby such light for streets, or individuals, or both, may be secured and maintained, and appropriate money for the same.

§ 3. All the income received by such cities, incorporated towns and villages from such gas, electric or other light works, from the payment of rent for lights shall be kept in a separate fund, and shall first be applied in the payment and discharge of the costs, interest on bonds or money borrowed

5 and used in the erection and construction of such light works and running
6 expenses thereof. And any surplus may be applied in such manner as the
7 common council or board of trustees may direct.

§ 4. Whereas many of the cities embraced in this act are entirely with-
2 out adequate street lights and it is desirable that they be given power to
3 properly light the same in connection with private properties at a nominal
4 cost to the inhabitants thereof therefore an emergency exists that this act
5 should take effect immediately, therefore this act shall take effect and be in
6 force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Sanatary Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to prohibit the manufacture of and sale of adulterated liquors, having as a basis or foundation in whole or in part, alcohol, cologne, spirits, or high wines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That any manufacturer, brewer, rectifier or maker of any apple brandy, peach brandy, grape brandy, wine, rum, gin, or other brandies or cordials or malt liquors out of, or having as a basis or foundation in whole or in part, alcohol, cologne spirits or high wines, by the use of any drug or drugs, or extracts as a flavoring, or in the said manufacture shall use any drug or drugs or other substances for the purpose of making or creating a body, bead or color for such manufactured liquors in imitation of pure apple brandy, peach brandy, grape brandy, wine, rum, gin, or other brandies or cordials or malt liquors shall be liable to indictment, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars and not more than one thousand dollars; for the second offense the party or parties shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars or more than three thousand dollars; for the third offense the party or parties shall be confined in the State penitentiary for a period of not less than one nor more than five years.

§ 2. Any person or persons or corporations who shall sell by wholesale or keep for sale by wholesale any of the liquors, the manufacture of which

3 is prohibited by the first section of this act, shall on conviction be fined
4 in the sum of not less than five hundred dollars for each and every
5 offense, and any person or persons or corporations who shall sell the
6 said liquors by retail, or keep them for sale for retail, or shall give
7 them away, shall be liable to indictment, and on conviction thereof
8 shall pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hun-
9 dred dollars.

§ 3. In case of prosecutions under any of the sections of this act, the
2 court, when in session or vacation, shall, at the request of the State's
3 attorney, appoint a competent expert, who shall make such examinations
4 as will show whether or not the provisions of this act, or any of them,
5 have been violated as charged, and the court shall allow the said expert
6 such compensation as may be reasonable, and the same shall be taxed
7 as part of the cost.

§ 4. All fines collected because of violation of this act shall be paid
2 into the common school fund of the county where the offense was com-
3 mitted.

1. Introduced by Mr. Allison, January 14, 1891.
2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to create a State Board of Commissioners for the purpose of securing for use in common schools of the State of Illinois, of a series of text-books; defining the duties of certain officers therein named, with reference thereto; making appropriations therefor; defining certain felonies and misdemeanors; providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of said act; repealing all laws in conflict therewith, and declaring an emergency.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the State Superintendent of Public Instruc-
3 tion, and the Trustees of the State University, shall constitute a Board of
4 Commissioners for the purpose of making a selection or procuring the com-
5 pilation for use in the common schools of the State of Illinois, of a series
6 of text-books in the following branches of study, namely: Spelling, reading,
7 arithmetic, geography, English grammar, physiology, history of the United
8 States, and a graded series of writing books. The matter contained in the
9 readers shall consist of lessons commencing with the simplest expression of
10 the language, and, by a regular gradation, advancing to and including the
11 highest styles of composition, both in poetry and prose: *Provided,* that
12 none of said text-books shall contain anything of a partisan or sectarian
13 character: *And provided further,* that the foregoing books shall be at least
14 equal in size and quality, as to matter, material, style of binding and

15 mechanical execution, to the following text-books now in general use, namely:
 16 The speller, to Barnes'; the reader, to McGuffey's; the arithmetic, to White's;
 17 the geographies, to Guyot's; the grammar, to Greene's; the physiology, to
 18 Cutter's; the history of the United States, to Barnes'; and the writing-books,
 19 equal to Spencer's.

§ 2. The said Board of Commissioners shall, immediately upon the taking
 2 effect of this act, advertise, for twenty-one consecutive days, in two daily
 3 papers published in this State, having the largest circulation, and in one
 4 newspaper of general circulation in the cities of New York, Philadelphia,
 5 Cincinnati and St. Louis that at a time and place to be fixed by said notice,
 6 and not later than six months after the first publication thereof, said board
 7 will receive sealed proposals on the following:

8 *First*—From publishers of school text-books, for furnishing books to the
 9 school directors and boards of education of the State of Illinois, for use in
 10 the common schools of this State, as provided in this act, for a term of five
 11 years, stating specifically in such bid the price at which each book will be
 12 furnished, and accompanying such bid with specimen copies of each and all
 13 books proposed to be furnished in such bid.

14 *Second* From authors of school text-books, who have manuscripts of books
 15 not published, for prices at which they will sell their manuscripts, together
 16 with the copyright of such books, for use in the public schools in the State
 17 of Illinois.

18 *Third* From persons who are willing to undertake the compilation of a
 19 book or books, or a series of books, as provided for in section one (1) of this
 20 act, the price at which they are willing to undertake such compilation of
 21 any or all of such books, to the acceptance and satisfaction of the said
 22 Board of Commissioners: *Provided*, that any and all bids by publishers,
 23 herein provided for, must be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of
 24 fifty thousand dollars, with resident freehold surety, to the acceptance and

25 satisfaction of the Governor of this State, conditioned that if any contract
 26 be awarded to any bidder hereunder, such bidder will enter into a contract
 27 to perform the conditions of his bid, to the acceptance and satisfaction of
 28 said board: *And provided further*, that no bid shall be considered unless the
 29 same be accompanied by the affidavit of the bidder that he is in no wise,
 30 directly or indirectly, connected with any other publisher or firm who is
 31 now bidding for books, submitted to such board, nor has any pecuniary
 32 interest in any other publisher or firm bidding at the same time, and that
 33 he is not a party to any compact, syndicate, or other scheme, whereby the
 34 benefits of competition are denied to the people of this State: *And be it*
 35 *further provided*, that if any competent author or authors shall compile any
 36 one or more books of the first order of excellence, and shall offer the same
 37 as a free gift to the people of this State, together with the copyright of the
 38 same, and the right to manufacture and sell such works in the State of
 39 Illinois, for use in the public schools, it shall be the duty of such Board of
 40 Commissioners to pay no money for any manuscript or copyright for such
 41 book or books on the subject treated of in the manuscript so donated; and
 42 such board shall have the right to reject any and all bids, and, at their
 43 option, such board shall have the right to reject any bid as to a part of
 44 such books, and to accept the same as to the residue thereof.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of such board to meet at the time and place
 2 mentioned in such notice, and open and examine all sealed proposals re-
 3 ceived pursuant to the notice provided for in section two (2) of this act, and
 4 it shall be the further duty of such board to make a full, complete and
 5 thorough investigation of all such bids or proposals and to ascertain under
 6 which of said proposals or propositions the school books could be furnished
 7 to the people of this State, for use in the common schools, [at the lowest
 8 price, taking into consideration the size and quality as to matter, material
 9 style of binding, mechanical execution of such books: *Provided*, always
 10 that such board shall not in any case contract with any author, publish e

or publishers for the furnishing of any book, manuscript, copyright or books, which shall be sold to patrons for use in the public schools of this State, at a price above or in excess of the following, which prices shall include all cost and charges for transportation and delivery to the several county school superintendents in this State, namely: For a spelling book ten cents, for a First Reader eleven cents (11), for a Second Reader thirteen cents (13), for a Third Reader fifteen cents (15), for a Fourth Reader twenty cents (20), for a Fifth Reader thirty cents (30), for an arithmetic, intermediate, fifteen cents, for an arithmetic, complete, forty cents, for a geography, elementary, thirty-five cents, for a geography, complete, sixty-five cents, for an English grammar, elementary, twenty cents, for an English grammar, complete, thirty-five cents, for a physiology, fifty cents, for a history of the United States, fifty cents, for copy books, each, five cents.

§ 4. If, upon examination of such proposals, it shall be the opinion of such board of commissioners that such books can be furnished cheaper to the patrons for use in the common schools in this State by procuring and causing to be published the manuscript of any or all of such books, it shall be their duty to procure such manuscript and to advertise for sealed proposals for publishing the same in like manner as hereinbefore provided, and under the same conditions and restrictions. And such contract may be let for the publication of all of such books or for any one or more of such books separately; and it shall be the further duty of such board of commissioners to provide in the contract for the publication of any such manuscript, for the payment by the publisher of the compensation agreed upon between such board and the author or owner of any such manuscript for such manuscript, together with the cost or expense of copyrighting the same.

§ 5. It shall be a part of the terms and conditions of every contract made in pursuance of this act that the State of Illinois shall not be liable to any contractor hereunder for any sum whatever, but that all such con-

tractors shall receive their pay and compensation solely and exclusively from the proceeds of the sale of the books, as provided for in this act.

§ 6. As soon as such board shall have entered into any contract for the furnishing of books for use in the public schools of this State, pursuant to the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this State to issue his proclamation announcing such fact to the people of this State.

§ 7. When such proclamation shall have been duly issued, it shall be the duty of the school directors and boards of education of each and every school corporation in this State, within thirty days thereafter, and at such other times as books may be needed for use in the public schools of their respective corporations, to certify to the county superintendent of their respective counties the number of school text-books provided for in such contract required by the children for use in the schools of their several school corporations. Such county superintendent shall forthwith make such requisition for books as the schools in the said several counties may require, upon the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the said State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall immediately thereafter make a requisition for said books upon the contractor, who shall within ninety days ship the books so ordered directly to the county school superintendents of the several counties of this State. Upon the receipt of such books it shall be the duty of such county school superintendents to immediately notify all school directors and boards of education of the school corporations as shown by the last school enumeration of their counties of the receipt of such books. It shall then be the duty of such school directors and boards of education to immediately procure and take charge and custody of all the books assigned to their several school corporations, receipting therefor to the said county school superintendent; and upon the receipt of such books by said school directors and boards of education they shall furnish them on demand to the school patrons or school children of their respective corporations at the price fixed therefor by the contract entered into be-

25 tween said board of commissioners and said contractor; and it shall be the
 26 duty of such school officers to sell such books for cash only: *Provided*,
 27 nevertheless that school directors and boards of education shall have power
 28 to purchase at the expense of the district, or school corporation, a sufficient
 29 number of the text-books used to supply children whose parents are not
 30 able to buy them: *Provided*, that any patron or pupil of any school or
 31 schools other than the public schools, and also any child between the ages of
 32 six and twenty-one years of age, or the parent, or guardian, or teacher of
 33 such child, shall have the right to purchase and receive the books, and at
 34 the prices herein named, by the payment of the cash price thereof to the
 35 school superintendent of any county in this State, and it is hereby made
 36 his duty to make requisition upon the contractor for any and all books so
 37 ordered and paid for by any such person or persons: *And provided further*,
 38 that nothing in this act shall operate to prevent the school directors or
 39 boards of education from devising means and making arrangements for the
 40 sale, exchange or other disposition of such books as may be owned by the
 41 pupils of the schools under their charge at the time of the adoption of
 42 books under the provisions of this act.

§ 8. At the expiration of three months after the receipt of such books by
 2 the county superintendent, and every three months thereafter, it shall be
 3 the duty of the school directors and boards of education receiving and
 4 chargeable with books, under the provisions of this act, to make a full and
 5 complete report, to the county superintendent, of the number of books sold
 6 and the amount of money received therefor, and the number of books on hand;
 7 and, at the time of making such report, they shall pay over to the county
 8 superintendent all the moneys received by them, or with which they are
 9 chargeable, from the sales of books in their hands, which report shall be
 10 duly verified by the school officers required to make the same.

§ 9. It shall be the duty of each county school superintendent in this
 2 State, within ten days after the quarterly reports of the school directors and

3 board of education, as hereinbefore provided for, to make a full, true,
4 complete and detailed report to the contractor of all books sold by the
5 several school directors and boards of education of the county, and of the
6 number of books in the hands of each school corporation, which report shall
7 be accompanied by all cash received by him from the school officers from
8 sales of books by them sold, and which report shall be duly verified by him,
9 and a duplicate thereof shall be filed in the office of the county court of
10 his county. Upon the failure of any county school superintendent to make
11 the report and to transmit the cash, as required by this section, a right of
12 action shall immediately accrue to the contractor, against the said school
13 superintendent, and the sureties upon his official bond, for an accounting,
14 and for the recovery of any moneys received and not transmitted by him,
15 and for any damages which may have resulted from his neglect or failure
16 to comply with the provisions of this act, and any judgment upon any such
17 bond shall include a reasonable fee for the attorney prosecuting such suit.

§ 10. Any school director or member of a board of education charged with
2 the sales of any books, under the provisions of this act, who shall, directly
3 or indirectly, demand or receive any money for any book or books, in excess
4 of the contract price, as hereinbefore provided, shall be deemed guilty of a
5 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not
6 less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense,
7 to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail for a term not
8 exceeding sixty days, for each offense.

§ 11. Any county school superintendent or school director or member of
2 a board of education or school corporation in this State who shall fraudu-
3 lently fail or refuse, at the expiration of the term for which he was
4 elected or appointed, or at any time during such term, when legally
5 required by the proper person or authority, to account for and deliver and
6 pay over to such person or persons, as may be lawfully entitled to receive
7 the same, all moneys or school books which may have come into his hands

8 by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of embezzle-
9 ment, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the State prison
10 for any period not more than five years nor less than one year, and find in
11 any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and rendered incapable of
12 holding any office of trust or profit for any determined period.

§ 12. The sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any
2 funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of
3 paying the costs and expenses incident to the giving of the notices herein
4 provided for and carrying out the provisions of this act. All laws and
5 parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Corlett January 14, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 14, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act entitled "An act to promote the manufacture of domestic sugar within the State of Illinois."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That on and after the passage of this act a bounty
3 of one cent a pound shall be paid for the manufacture of domestic sugar
4 made and manufactured from beets, sorghum or maple grown and raised
5 within this State.

6 The person or persons entitled to bounty under this act shall first present
7 to the supervisor of the town wherein said manufactory is located or where
8 said beets, sorghum or maple is grown, a sworn statement of the amount
9 due him or them under the provisions of this act, and the supervisor of
10 said town shall present the statement so made and sworn to to the county
11 board of supervisors, which bounty on the acceptance and approval of said
13 board shall be paid by the county treasurer out of money provided and
14 appropriated by the State for that purpose.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Boul, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 6, of chapter 47, of eminent domain law of the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 6, of chapter 47, of the eminent domain law of the State of Illinois, be so amended to read as follows:

“Section 6. In cases fixed for hearing of petition in vacation, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in whose office the petition is filed, at the time of issuing the summons or making the publication, to write the names of each of sixty-four disinterested freeholders of the county, on sixty slips of paper, and in presence of two disinterested freeholders, cause to be selected from said sixty-four names twelve of said persons to serve as jurors, such selection to be made by lot and without choice or discrimination; and the said clerk shall thereupon issue venire, directed to the sheriff of the county, commanding him to summon the twelve persons so selected as jurors to appear at the court house in said county, at the time to be named in the venire: *Provided*, that before such venire shall issue the petitioner shall deposit with the clerk of the court sufficient money to pay the expenses of any jury called in vacation.”

1. Introduced by Mr. Boyer, January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act directing and prescribing proceedings in aid of executions by examination of debtor, prevention of frauds, etc.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That* when an execution against the property of a judgment debtor, or one of several debtors in the same judgment, issued to the sheriff of the county where he resides, or if he does not reside in the State, to the sheriff of the county where the judgment was rendered, or a transcript of a justice judgment has been filed, is returned unsatisfied, in whole or in part, the judgment creditor shall be entitled to an order from the judge, either of the county or circuit court of the county to which the execution was issued, requiring such debtor to appear and answer concerning his property before such judge, at a time and place within the county specified in such order.

§ 2. After the issue of an execution against property and upon proof by the affidavit of the judgment creditor, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the judge, either of the county or circuit court in which the debtor resides, or is found, that the judgment debtor has property, not exempt by law, which he fraudulently and unjustly refuses to apply to the satisfaction of the judgment, such judge, may, by order, require the judgment debtor to appear before him, at a time and place in such county, to answer concern-

ing the same, and such proceedings may thereupon be had for the application of the property of the judgment debtor towards the satisfaction of the judgment as are hereinafter prescribed in this act.

§ 3. Instead of the order requiring the attendance of the judgment debtor, as provided in the last two sections of this act, the judge may, upon proof in writing, to his satisfaction, by affidavit of the judgment creditor, or otherwise, that there is danger of the debtor leaving the State, or concealing himself to avoid the examination herein mentioned, issue a warrant requiring the sheriff to arrest and bring before him such debtor; such warrant can only be issued by the judge, either of the county or circuit court, of the county in which the debtor resides, or is found, and the sheriff can execute it only within that county, and in executing it the sheriff shall deliver to the debtor a copy of the warrant and of the affidavit, or affidavits on which the warrant is issued. The debtor when brought before the judge issuing the same, shall be examined on oath, and other witnesses may be examined on oath, on either side, and if it appear in the examination that there is danger of the debtor leaving the State, or that he has property, in excess of the amount exempt by law, which he fraudulently or unjustly refuses to apply to the payment of the judgment, he may be ordered to enter into an obligation, with surety, in such sum as the judge may prescribe, conditioned that he will attend before the judge for examination, from time to time, as shall be directed; and in default of entering into such obligation, he may be committed to the jail of the county, by warrant of the judge, as for contempt.

§ 4. After the return of an execution against the property of a judgment debtor, or one of several debtors in the same judgment, and upon proof, in writing, by affidavit, or otherwise to the satisfaction of the judge before whom the same may be presented, that a person, or corporation has property of such judgment debtor, or is indebted to him, the judge may, by an order, require such person or corporation or any officer or member of the

7 corporation, to appear at a specified time and place within the county in
8 which such person or corporation is served with the order, and answer con-
9 cerning the same. The service of the order shall bind the property in the
10 possession or under the control of such person or corporation from the time
11 of service; and the person or corporation so served with the order shall be
12 liable to the judgment creditor for all property, money and credits in his
13 hands belonging to the judgment debtor, or due to him from such person
14 or corporation, from the time of service. The judge may also, in his dis-
15 cretion, require notice of such proceeding to be given to any party in the
16 action, in such manner as may seem to him proper.

§ 5. No person shall, on any examination pursuant to this act be excused
2 from answering any question, on the ground that his examination will tend
3 to convict him of a fraud; but his answers shall not be used against him in
4 any prosecution for such fraud.

§ 6. Any judge acting under the provisions of this act, may continue his
2 proceedings from time to time until they are completed, and a party or
3 witness may be compelled, by an order of the judge, or by a subpoena, to
4 attend at any time during the pendency of such proceedings, before such
5 judge to testify or be examined. All examinations and answers before the
6 judge must be on oath; and when a corporation answers, the answer must
7 be on the oath of an officer thereof.

§ 7. If a person, party, or witness disobey an order of the judge, duly
2 served, he may be punished as for contempt; and such judge may by
3 attachment, or otherwise, enforce such order and punish for contempt, in
4 like manner as other contempts of court are punished.

§ 8. After the issue of an execution against property, a person indebted
2 to the judgment debtor may pay to the sheriff holding such execution, the
3 amount of his debt, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the
4 same; and the sheriff's receipt shall be a sufficient discharge for the amount

5 so paid, or directed to be credited by the judgment creditor on the
6 execution.

§ 9. The judge may order any property of the judgment debtor, or
2 money due to him him not exempt by law, in the hands of himself or
3 other person, or of a corporation, to be applied towards the satisfaction of
4 the judgment.

§ 10. The judge may, by order, appoint the sheriff of the proper county,
2 or other suitable person, a receiver of the property of the judgment debtor,
3 and, he may also, by order, forbid a transfer, or other disposition of, or
4 any interference with the property of the judgment debtor, not exempt by
5 law.

§ 11. If the sheriff be appointed receiver, he and his sureties shall be
2 liable on his official bond as such receiver; and if another person be
3 appointed such receiver, he shall take an oath and give bond as in other
4 cases.

§ 12. If it appear that the judgment debtor has an interest in real estate
2 in the county in which such proceedings are had, as mortgagor, mortgagee,
3 or otherwise, and his interest can be ascertained as between himself and
4 the person holding the legal estate, or the person having a lien on, or
5 interest in the same, without controversy as to the interest of such person
6 holding such legal estate, or interest therein, or lien on the same, the
7 receiver may be ordered to sell and convey such real estate, or the debtor's
8 interest therein. Such sale shall be conducted, in all respects, in the same
9 manner and with the same effect as is provided in sales of real estate upon
10 execution; and the proceedings of such sale shall, before execution of the
11 deed, be approved by the court in which the judgment was rendered, or by
12 the court in which such proceedings are had.

§ 13. The order mentioned in sections one, two and four of this act, shall
2 be in writing, and signed by the judge making the same, and shall operate

3 as a summons and be served as the same. The examinations herein pro-
4 vided shall be oral, but the judge may allow the judgment creditor, or the
5 other party or parties interested, to make and file a copy of such examina-
6 tion in the said court. The judge shall reduce all of his orders to writing,
7 which together with a minute of his proceedings shall be made out by the
8 clerk of the court, under the seal of said court, and by him filed with the
9 clerk of the court in which the judgment is rendered, or the transcript of
10 the justice is filed, and the clerk of the last named court shall enter on
11 his execution docket, the time of filing the same: *Provided* that when such
12 proceeding is had in the same court rendering the original judgment
13 therein, then no minute of the said proceedings need be made out and
14 filed as hereinbefore prescribed.

§ 14. There shall be allowed to clerks, sheriffs, receivers, witnesses and
2 all others entitled to compensation under this act, such fees as are allowed
3 by law for like services in other cases, to be taxed as costs in the case, and
4 the judge shall enforce by order the collection thereof from such party or
5 parties as ought to pay the same.

§ 15. This act shall be construed in all courts in the most liberal
2 manner for the detection and prevention of fraud, and persons, parties or
3 witnesses examined as hereinbefore mentioned, may be treated as adverse
4 to the judgment creditor, or party calling them, and they may be cross-
5 examined, or contradicted if deemed expedient so to do, for the furtherance
6 of justice and the detection of fraud.

§ 16. This act shall not be taken or understood as repealing any statute
2 now in force in this State concerning the same subject-matter, but as a
3 remedy cumulative thereto.

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- 1 Introduced by Mr. Burns January 15, 1891.
 - 2 Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For "An act to define and establish the liability of railroad corporations, for injuries by and to their fellow servants."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* Whenever any railroad corporation, operating any
3 railroad in this State, shall have in its employ two or more fellow servants,
4 co-employees, or agents who shall be, by the nature of their employment,
5 habitually associated and jointly engaged as such in the same line or branch
6 of railroad service, connected in any manner with the use and operation of
7 its railroad in and about its business as a common carrier of passengers
8 and freight, and of such fellow servants, co-employees, or agents shall be
9 injured or killed by reason or in consequence, wholly or in part, of the
10 wrongful or negligent act or default of another of them, occurring in and
11 about the latter's performance of his part of such branch or line of such
12 railroad service in, or in any manner connected with, such use and opera-
13 tion of said railroad in and about its business as such common carrier of
14 passengers and freight, and such wrongful or negligent act, or default is
15 such as would have entitled the said party injured, or in case of his death
16 his personal representative, for the benefit of his widow and next of kin, to
17 have maintained an act against such railroad corporation, and to have re-
18 covered therein damages in respect of such injuries or death, had the party
19 so injured not been such fellow servant of the party so causing such injury.

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20 then and in every such case such railroad corporation shall be liable to an
21 action for damages for such injury at the suit of such injured servant,
22 employe, or agent, or in case of his death at the suit of his personal
23 representative, as aforesaid, for the benefit of his widow and next of kin,
24 as if the relationship of fellow servant had not existed, between the party
25 so injured or killed and the party so causing his injury or death, and no
26 rule, regulation or contract between such corporation and any servant,
27 employe, or agent thereof shall impair or diminish such liability of such
28 corporation.

§ 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect
2 and be in force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Denham, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.
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A BILL

For an act to amend the road and bridge law in counties not under township organization.

Section 1. For the amendment of section 76, of an act entitled "An act to
2 provide for the organization of roads districts, the election and duties of
3 officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under
4 township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named,"
5 approved May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as amended by an act approved
6 June 5, 1889, in force July 1, 1889, as follows:

7 That all public roads established under the provisions of this act shall be
8 of the width asked for by the petitioners of not less than thirty or more
9 than sixty feet.

10 Any act or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are
11 hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Denham, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.
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A BILL

For an act to amend road and bridge law in counties under township organization.

Section 1. To amend section thirty (30) of an act in regard to roads and
2 bridges in counties under township organization and to repeal an act and
3 parts of acts therein named, as follows:

§ 2. All public roads established under the provision of this act shall be
2 of the width asked for by the petitioners of not less than thirty (30) nor
3 more than sixty (60) feet.

§ 3. Any acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act
2 are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon, January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 40 of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title as amended by act approved March, 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 40 of the above entitled act be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:

"Section 40. For taking and certifying acknowledgement of a deed, mortgage, power of attorney, or other writing, twenty-five cents.

For acknowledgement of chattel mortgage, thirty-five cents, and fifteen cents for each folio over one hundred words for docketing the same.

For administering oath to affidavit, when drawn by justice, thirty-five cents.

For administering oath to affidavit, when not drawn by justice, ten cents.

For taking each bond, thirty-five cents.

For taking bail, fifty cents.

For each certificate required to be made, when not part of any other act, thirty-five cents.

For taking each complaint in writing, under oath, thirty-five cents.

For docketing each suit, twenty-five cents.

- 15 For taking depositions, for each one hundred words, fifteen cents.
- 16 For issuing *dedimus* to take depositions of witnesses, fifty cents.
- 17 For entering verdict of jury, fifteen cents.
- 18 For entering judgments, twenty-five cents.
- 19 For issuing each execution, twenty-five cents.
- 20 For entering continuance, or any other order in the case, fifteen cents.
- 21 For entering each appeal, twenty-five cents.
- 22 For entering satisfaction of judgment, ten cents.
- 23 For entering the award of referees, fifty cents.
- 24 For administering oaths and trial, making all entries in cases of estrays,
- 25 and making and transmitting a certificate thereof to the county clerk, one
- 26 dollar.
- 27 For each marriage ceremony performed, and certificate thereof, two
- 28 dollars.
- 29 For each *mittimus*, thirty-five cents.
- 30 For giving each notice, twenty-five cents.
- 31 For administering oath, five cents.
- 32 For each summons or warrant, twenty-five cents.
- 33 For each subpœna, twenty-five cents.
- 34 For each *venire*, in all cases, twenty-five cents.
- 35 For each *scire facias*, thirty-five cents.
- 36 For issuing each attachment or writ of possession, fifty cents.
- 37 For taking recognizances, and returning the same, fifty cents.
- 38 For transcript in change of venue, fifty cents.
- 39 For transcript of judgment and proceedings in cases of appeal, fifty
- 40 cents.
- 41 For transcript of judgment to obtain lien on real estate, one dollar.
- 42 For the trial of all contested cases, in counties of the first and second
- 43 class, a per diem of two dollars, except in cases of judgment by confession
- 44 or default. In all counties of the first and second class, the fees of justices

45 of the peace, police magistrates, constables, jurors and witnesses in criminal
46 cases, shall be the same as those allowed for similar services in civil cases;
47 and in all criminal cases, where the fees cannot be collected of the party
48 convicted, or where the prosecution fails, the county board shall direct that
49 the cost of the prosecution, or so much thereof as shall seem just and
50 equitable, shall be paid out of the county treasury: *Provided*, that the costs
51 in criminal and *quasi* criminal prosecutions for the violation of an ordinance
52 of an incorporated city or town, where the provisions of the charters of such
53 towns or cities do not prohibit the payment of such costs, may be paid by
54 such city or town, in the discretion of the city council or board of trustees
55 of such incorporated cities or towns."

1. Introduced by Mr. Duncan, January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section two hundred and ten (210) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section two hundred and ten (210) of an act
3 entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collec-
4 tion of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be, and the
5 same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 210. Real property under the provisions of this act may be
2 redeemed at any time before the expiration of two years from the date of
3 sale by payment in legal money of the United States to the county clerk of
4 the proper county, the amount for which the same was sold, and eight per
5 cent thereon if redeemed at any time before the expiration of six months
6 from the day of sale; if between six and twelve months, sixteen per cent;
7 if between twelve and eighteen months, twenty-four per cent, and if between
8 eighteen months and two years, thirty-two per cent on the amount for
9 which the same was sold. The person redeeming shall also pay the amount
10 of all taxes and special assessments accruing after such sale, with eight
11 per cent interest thereon from the day of payment, unless such subsequent
12 tax or special assessment has been paid by or on behalf of the person for

13 whose benefit the redemption is made, and not by the purchaser at the tax
14 sale or his assignee.

15 If the real property of any minor heir, idiot or insane person be sold for
16 non payment of taxes or special assessments, the same may be redeemed a
17 any time after the expiration of one year after such disability be removed
18 upon the terms specified in this section, and the payment of eight per cen
19 per annum on the amount for which the same was sold from and after the
20 expiration of two years from the date of sale, which redemption may b
21 made by themselves or by any person in their behalf.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Evans January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the weighing of
[] coal at the mines, and to repeal a certain act therein named."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 3 of an act entitled "An act to provide
3 for the weighing of coal at the mines, and to repeal an act therein named,"
4 be amended to read as follows:

"Section 3. It shall be lawful for the miners employed in any coal mine
2 in this State to furnish a check weighman at their own expense, whose duty
3 it shall be to balance the scales and see that the coal is properly weighed,
4 and that a correct account of the same is kept, and for this purpose he
5 shall have access at all times to the beam box of said scales and be afforded
6 facilities for the discharge of his duties while the weighing is being per-
7 formed. The agent employed by the miners as aforesaid to act as check
8 weighman shall before entering upon his duties make and subscribe to an
9 oath before some officer duly authorized to administer oaths, that he will
10 faithfully discharge the duties of check weighman; such oath shall be kept
11 conspicuously posted at the place of weighing."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Judiciary Committee.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the construction of the statutes," approved March 5, 1874, by adding an additional clause to be designated as twentieth.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the construction of the statutes," approved March 5, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended by adding a clause to be designated as the twentieth, as follows:

Twentieth—The word "notice" shall mean a verbal notice, unless otherwise expressed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to prevent oppressive garnishment and the transferring of claims for the purpose of depriving debtors of their exemption rights.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* Whoever, whether principal, agent or attorney, with
3 intent thereby to deprive any *bona fide* resident of the State of Illinois of
4 his or her rights, under the statutes of Illinois on the subject of the exemp-
5 tion of property from levy and sale on execution, or in attachment or gar-
6 nishment, sends or causes to be sent out of the State of Illinois any claim
7 for debt to be collected by proceedings in attachment, garnishment, or other
8 *mesne* process, when the creditor, debtor or person, or corporation owing for
9 the earnings intended to be reached by such proceedings in attachment are
10 each and all within the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of Illinois,
11 shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined for each and every claim so sent
12 in any sum not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

§ 2. Whoever, either directly or indirectly, assigns or transfers any claim
2 for debt against a citizen of Illinois, for the purpose of having the same
3 collected by proceedings in attachment, garnishment, or other process, out
4 of the wages or personal earnings of the debtor, in courts outside of the
5 State of Illinois, when the creditor, debtor, person or corporation owing the

6 money intended to be reached by the proceedings in attachment are each
7 and all within the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of Illinois, shall,
8 upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars nor
9 more than fifty dollars for each offense.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO 132.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 25, 1891. ordered printed
May 25, 1891.

1. Amend printed House bill 132 by adding an additional section to be
known as section number 3:

Section 3. And whenever, in any proceeding in any court of this State,
2 to subject the wages due to any person to garnishment, it shall appear that
3 such person is a non-resident of the State of Illinois, that the wages earned
4 by him were earned and payable outside the State of Illinois, the said per
5 son, whose wages are so stopped to be subjected to garnishment, shall be
6 allowed the same exemption as is at the time allowed to him by the law of
7 the State in which he so resides.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hayes, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section three (3) of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 3 of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds, approved May 14, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. No person shall, at any time, within this State, kill or attempt to trap, net, ensnare, destroy or kill any robin, blue-bird, swallow, martin, musquito-hawk, whippoorwill, cuckoo, woodpecker, cat-bird, brown-thresher, red-bird, hanging-bird, buzzard, wren, humming-bird, dove, goldfinch, mocking-bird, bluejay, finch, thrush, lark, cherry-bird, yellow-bird, oriole or bobolink, nor rob or destroy the nests of such birds, or either or any of them; and persons so offending shall, on conviction, be fined the sum of five dollars for each and every bird so killed, and for each and every nest robbed and destroyed: *Provided*, that nothing in this section shall be con-

10 strued to prevent the owner or occupant of lands from destroying any of the
11 birds herein named, on their premises, when deemed necessary by him for
12 the protection of fruits or property, and then only between the first day of
13 May and the first day of October of each and every year.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hunter, of Winnebago, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read first time and ordered printed January 15, 1891.
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A BILL

For an act to provide for the necessary expenses of the State government, incurred or to be incurred, for the public binding, and now unprovided for, until the first day of July, A. D. 1891.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the following sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purpose hereinafter specified, to meet the necessary expenses of the State government, incurred or to be incurred, and now unprovided for, until the first day of July, A. D. 1891, to-wit: The sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for public binding, to be paid upon the certificate of the Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, and approved by the Governor.

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the treasury for the sum herein appropriated, upon presentation of proper vouchers, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of any funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

§ 3. Whereas, the above appropriation is necessary for the transaction of the business of the State, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hunter of Knox, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to tax mortgages or other liens upon real estate, and to relieve encumbered property from double taxation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That a mortgage, deed of trust, or other contract or obligation, by which a debt is secured by a lien upon real estate, the amount of which is fixed and certain, and has been duly recorded, shall, for the purposes of assessment and taxation, be deemed and treated as an interest in the property thereby affected, and the holders of these securities joint owners to be assessed, and the taxes to be paid in the district where the real property is located, and the holders of such securities or liens shall not elsewhere be assessed and taxed, except as hereinafter mentioned. The mortgagor or owner of the fee shall be assessed only for the value of said real estate after deducting mortgagee's interest or other lien, as may be.

§ 2. The owner of the fee of any real estate, claiming any deduction for such incumbrance, shall state to the assessor, under oath, the nature and amount of the incumbrance, and to whom the same is due; the owner of the mortgage or other lien shall also file with the Recorder of Deeds, on or before the first day of May in each year, a statement, under oath, of all his estate liable for taxation hereunder, including the full amount remaining unpaid upon said mortgage or other lien, but if no such statement shall be

8 filed as herein provided, the amount stated in the mortgage or other lien
9 shall be conclusive as to the amount of such interest, except as it may be
10 lessened by the aforesaid oath of the mortgagor; the statement filed with
11 the recorder, if made, and if not made the amount on record, as modified
12 by the oath of the mortgagor, shall be taken as the amount on which to
13 base the assessment. The assessor shall assess the owner of the fee or
14 mortgagor and owner or owners of the mortgage or other lien, separately,
15 and in ratable proportions, as near as may be, to the value of the interest
16 of each, by deducting from the full cash value of the fee the full cash
17 value of the mortgage or other lien, assessing the owner of the fee on the
18 excess, and the owner or owners of the lien upon the value of the lien;
19 but in assessing the amounts, the same scale of assessment or rate per cent.
20 of the true value shall be observed as may be applied in assessing other
21 property, so that each shall pay his *pro rata* share, and the aggregate be the
22 same as if the property had been assessed to one owner, but the mortgagee's
23 interest or other lien, shall not be assessed on an amount greater than the
24 whole value of the land and appurtenances.

§ 3. All taxes assessed as herein provided shall constitute a lien upon
2 the land and the appurtenances thereto, and the provisions of law relating
3 to equalization of assessments and the collection of taxes upon real estate
4 apply to these, and all taxes on real estate, as herein provided, that are
5 invalid for any irregularity may be re-assessed, and no alienation of such
6 real estate shall defeat such re-assessment if made within two years after
7 the tax first assessed was committed to the collector, and no tax for the
8 then current year, on real estate, shall be invalidated, for the reason that
9 a mortgagee's interest therein was not properly assessed, or failure to be
10 assessed.

§ 4. If any part of the taxes duly assessed upon real estate, under the
2 provisions of this act, remain unpaid until the advertising of lands for
3 delinquent taxes, either party may pay the same, one for the other, and if

4 paid by any mortgagee, the mortgagee so paying for the owner of the fee
5 or mortgagor may take from the collector of taxes a certificate to be recorded
6 in the recorder's office, and such sum so paid for taxes other than those
7 assessed to himself, with costs and interest, shall be added to and constitute
8 a part of the principal sum of the mortgage, and in such case the recording
9 of such certificate, as herein provided, within thirty days from its date, shall
10 be notice to all persons of the payment of such sums, and the lien upon the
11 estate therefrom where the taxes so assessed to any mortgagee have been
12 paid by the mortgagor, or those claiming under him, to the collector, as
13 herein provided, he shall have the right to deduct the sum so paid, with the
14 costs, and with interest at the same rate per cent. as named in the mortgage,
15 from the amount due the mortgagee to whom said taxes are assessed:
16 *Provided*, that taxes arising from special assessment for local improvement
17 shall be assessed wholly against the owner of the fee: *And provided, further*,
18 that if any such lien shall be paid by the debtor after the assessment of
19 taxes, or the day named for their, and before the tax levy for that year the
20 amount for such levy may likewise be retained by such debtor, and this
21 shall be computed according to the taxes on the same the preceding year:
22 *Provided*, that any person whose tax shall have been so paid by another
23 shall have the same rights in regard to recovering back taxes illegally
24 assessed that he would have had if the tax had been paid under protest by
25 him in writing.

§ 5. Mortgage liens assessed as real estate, as herein provided, shall be
2 exempt from taxation as personal property, so far as they may be assessed
3 as real estate, but only excess above such amount shall be taxed as now
4 provided by law. Loans on mortgages of real estate or other liens, as herein
5 named, shall not be included for the purpose of taxation in debts due to or
6 from persons to be taxed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Jansen January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 3 of "An act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxication liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That hereafter it shall not be lawful for the cor-
3 porate authorities of any city, town or village in this State, to grant a
4 license for the keeping of a dram shop, except upon the payment in advance,
5 into the treasury of the city, town or village granting the license, such sum
6 as may be determined by the respective authorities of such city, town or
7 village, not less than at the rate of five hundred dollars (\$500), per annum:
8 *Provided,* that in all cases when a license for the sale of malt liquors only
9 is granted, the city, town or village granting such license, may grant
10 the same on the payment in advance, of the sum of not less than at the
11 rate of one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) per annum: *Provided,* that no
12 license shall be granted except on conditions that screens, blinds, curtains,
13 or other obstructions shall be put up so as to obstruct the plain views of
14 the bar from the street or sidewalk: *And provided further,* that the city
15 councils in cities, the board of trustees in towns, and president and board
16 of trustees in villages, may grant permits to pharmacists for the sale of
17 liquors for medicinal, mechanical, sacramental and chemical purposes only,
18 under such restrictions and regulations as may be provided by ordinances.

1. Introduced by Mr. McCrone, January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to promote the science of medicine and surgery in the State of Illinois," approved June 26, 1885, and in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to promote the science of medicine and surgery in the State of Illinois," approved June 26, 1885, and in force July 1, 1885, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That superintendents of penitentiaries, houses of correction and bridewells, wardens of hospitals, insane asylums and poor houses, coroners, sheriffs, jailors, city and county undertakers, and all other State, county, town and city officers in whose custody the body of any deceased person required to be buried at public expense shall be, shall give permission to any physician or surgeon (or licentiate of the State board of health), or to any medical college or school, public or private, of any city, town or county, upon his or their request therefor, to receive and remove free of charge or expense, after having given proper notice to relatives or guardians of the deceased, the bodies of such deceased persons to be buried at public expense, to be by him or them used within the State, for advancement of medical science, preference being given to medical colleges or schools, public or private; said bodies to be distributed to and among the same equitably;

14 the number assigned to each, being in proportion to the students of each
15 college or school: *Provided, however,* that if any person claiming to be, and
16 satisfying the proper authorities that he is of kindred of the deceased, shall
17 ask to have the body for burial, it shall be surrendered for interment: *And*
18 *provided further,* that any medical college or school, public or private, or
19 any officers of the same, that shall receive the bodies of deceased persons
20 for the purpose of scientific study, under the provisions of this act, shall
21 furnish the same to students of medicine and surgery, who may be under
22 their instruction, at a price not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars for each
23 and every such deceased body so furnished: *And provided further,* that the
24 remains of no one an inmate of any hospital, public or private, in this
25 State, shall be so delivered or received unless the consent of such person
26 shall have been given in writing, signed by him or her, and acknowl-
27 edged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and
28 filed with the county clerk of the county in which such person has his or
29 her permanent place of abode."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Morris January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to provide for attorney's fees upon the trial of appeal cases in the circuit, supreme and county courts, when the judgement of such court is for the same or a greater sum than the judgment of the justice of the peace.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That when an appeal shall be taken from the
3 judgment of any justice of the peace, and such appeal is tried de novo in
4 the court to which the same is taken, and a judgment is rendered by such
5 court for the same or a greater sum than the judgment of the justice, then
6 such circuit, superior or county court trying such appeal shall allow to the
7 plaintiff attorney's fees not less than \$10 and no more than \$50, to be taxed
8 as a part of the costs of suit.

1. Introduced by Mr. Morris January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

To amend "An act authorizing cities, incorporated towns and townships to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section one (1) of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887, and as amended by act approved May 25, 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1. Establishment by City—Tax—Funds. .§ 1. That the city council of each incorporated city, whether organized under general law or special charter, shall have power to establish and maintain a public library and reading room for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, and may levy a tax of not to exceed two mills on the dollar, annually, on all the taxable property in the city, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with the general taxes of said city, and to be known as the "library fund:" *Provided*, that the said annual library tax in cities of over ten thousand inhabitants shall not be included in the aggregate amount of

10 taxes as limited by section one (1) of article eight (8) of "An act for the
11 incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, and the amend-
12 atory acts thereto, or by any provision of any special charter under which
13 any city in this State is now organized.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Morris, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to establish the validity of marriages contracted, wherein one or both of the parties were slaves at the time, and to establish the legitimacy of their offspring, as to the right to inherit property.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That all marriages that have been contracted wherein
3 one or both of the parties were slaves at the time, shall be considered
4 equally valid and binding as though the parties thereunto were free and
5 the child or children of such marriages shall be deemed legitimate and
6 place upon exactly the same footing (as to the right to inherit property as
7 well from their brothers, sisters and other relations as from their parents)
8 as any child or children born of parents who were lawfully wedded and not
9 slaves.

10 The provisions of this act shall extend to all marriages entered into
12 between such slaves, whether contracted and entered into within or with-
13 out this State, so far as the right to inherit property within this State is
14 concerned.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL No. 140.

Amendment to House Bill No. 140, recommended by the Committee on Judiciary. Adopted by the House March 27, and ordered printed.

Amend by striking out of line six (6) of the printed bill the word "place" and insert therefor the word "placed."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Moyers January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section eighty-nine of an act entitled "An act in regard to the administration of estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section eighty-nine of an act entitled "An act in regard to the administration of estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 89. Such surviving partner or partners shall have the right to continue in possession of the effects of the partnership, pay its debts out of the same, and settle its business, but said partner or partners shall give bond conditioned for the faithful accounting for the partnership assets in such sum as the judge of the county court may require, but shall proceed thereto without delay, and shall account with the executor or administrator and pay all such balances as may from time to time be payable to him in the right of his testator or intestate. Upon the application of the executor or administrator, the county court may, whenever it may appear necessary, order such surviving partner to render an account to said county court, and in case of neglect or refusal may, after citation, compel the rendition of such account by attachment.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Myers, of Henderson, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an act entitled
“An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal
certain acts therein named,” approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented
in the General Assembly,* That sections four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an act
entitled “An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to
repeal certain acts therein named,” approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1
1879, be and the same are hereby so amended as to read as follows:

“Section 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to
stipulate or agree that seven (7) per cent per annum, or any less sum of
interest shall be taken and paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100.00)
of money loaned, or in any manner due or owing from any person or
corporation to any other person or corporation in this State, and after that
rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as
herein provided.

“Section 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to
receive a greater rate of interest or discount than seven per cent. upon any
contract, verbal or written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the
whole of such interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled
only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation, and

6 all contracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide
7 for interest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified, on ac-
8 count of non-payment at maturity, shall be deemed usurious, and only the
9 principal sum due thereon shall be recoverable.

“Section 8. When any written contract wherever made payable, shall be
2 made in this State, or between citizens or corporations of this State, and a
3 citizen or corporation of any other State, territory or country, or which shall
4 be secured by mortgage or trust deed on lands in this State, such contract
5 may bear any rate of interest allowed by law to be taken or contracted for
6 by persons or corporations in this State, or which is or may be allowed by
7 law, on any contract for money due or owing in this State: *Provided, how-*
8 *ever,* that such rate of interest shall not exceed seven per cent. per annum,
9 and if any such person or corporation shall contract to receive a greater
10 rate of interest or discount than seven per cent. upon any such contract,
11 such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole of said interest so con-
12 tracted to be received, and be entitled only to receive the principal sum due
13 to such person or corporation.”

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1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to liens," approved March 25, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That the act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to liens," approved March 25, 1874, shall be, and is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

"Section 1. Carriage builders, wagon makers, painters and trimmers of carriages and all other persons repairing, renovating, improving or doing any work upon any carriage, wagon, cart, sulky, omnibus, sleigh or other vehicle shall be entitled to and shall have a first lien upon said carriages, wagons, carts, sulkies, omnibuses, sleighs and other vehicles, while the same is in the possession of any such person or persons for all their proper charges in repairing, painting, trimming, improving or otherwise renovating the same, at the request of any person lawfully in possession thereof.

And the lien hereby created shall be paramount to and a prior lien as against that of any execution, writ of attachment, distress, warrant or chattel mortgage, unless the person or persons so repairing, painting,

12 trimming, improving or otherwise renovating said vehicles or vehicle, shall
13 have had prior written notice of the existence of such execution, writ of
14 attachment, distress, warrant or chattel mortgage, before performing the
15 work for which they claim a lien."

1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to authorize proceedings supplementary to an execution.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* Any party to an action at law or in equity who
3 has recovered in any of the courts of this State a judgment decree or order
4 for the payment of money exceeding the sum of twenty-five dollars, and
5 upon which judgment decree or order an execution shall be issued out of
6 any such court being a court of record, and which has been issued either
7 First—To the sheriff of the county where the judgment debtor has, at the
8 time of the commencement of this special proceeding, a place for the regular
9 transaction of business in person; or

10 Second—If the judgment debtor is then a resident of the State, to the
11 sheriff of the county where he resides; or

12 Third—If he is not then a resident of the State, to the sheriff of the
13 county where the judgment was rendered, or a transcript thereof is filed,
14 may have three distinct remedies thereon, to be prosecuted in the same suit
15 in which the judgment was rendered, as follows:

16 I. An order made, or a warrant issued against a judgment debtor after
17 the return of an execution.

18 II. An order made or a warrant issued against a judgment debtor after
19 the issuing and before the return of an execution.

20 III. An order made after the issuing, and either before or after the re-
 21 turn of an execution, against a person who has property of the judgment
 22 debtor or is indebted to him, which may be pursued either alone or simul-
 23 taneously with either of the other two remedies above and herein provided
 24 for.

§ 2. An order made in the course of either of said proceedings can only
 2 be reviewed as follows: An order made by a judge, out of court, may be
 3 vacated or modified by the judge who made it as if it was made in a suit;
 4 or it, or the order of the judge vacating or modifying it, may be vacated or
 5 modified upon motion by the court out of which the execution issued.

§ 3. Either remedy may be pursued before a judge of the court out of
 2 which, or the county judge of the county to which, the execution was issued,
 3 and all orders or warrants may be granted by the judge either in term
 4 time or in vacation.

§ 4. At any time after the return, wholly or partly unsatisfied, of an ex-
 2 ecution against property, issued upon a judgment as prescribed in section 1
 3 of this act, and within seven years from the rendition of such judgment,
 4 the judgment creditor, upon proof of the facts, by affidavit or other compe-
 5 tent written evidence, is entitled to an order requiring the judgment debtor
 6 to attend and be examined concerning his property at a time and place
 7 specified in the order.

§ 5. At any time after the issuing of an execution against property as
 2 prescribed in section 1 of this act, and before the return thereof, the judg-
 3 ment creditor, upon proof by affidavit or other competent written evidence,
 4 that the judgment debtor has property which he unjustly refuses to apply
 5 toward the satisfaction of the judgment, is entitled to an order requiring
 6 the judgment debtor to attend and be examined concerning his property at
 7 a time and place specified in the order.

§ 6. Upon proof entitling a judgment creditor to an order, under either of
 2 the last two sections, and also proof, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of the

3 judge, that there is danger that the judgment debtor will leave the State
4 or conceal himself, and that there is reason to believe that he has property
5 which he unjustly refuses to deliver up for the benefit of the judgment
6 creditor, the judge may, instead of making an order, issue a warrant under
7 his hand, reciting the facts, and requiring the sheriff of any county, where
8 the judgment debtor may be found, to arrest him, and bring him before the
9 same judge, or before another judge, if the case is one where the warrant
10 must be returnable to another judge.

§ 7. Where the fact, specified in the last section, are made to appear as
2 therein stated, at any time after the making of any order, requiring the
3 judgment debtor to attend and be examined, and before the close of his
4 examination, the judge may issue a warrant, as therein provided, and, if
5 necessary, may direct the adjournment, or, if the return day of the order has
6 elapsed, the continuance of the proceedings under the order, until after the
7 return of the warrant, and his decision thereon.

§ 8. A warrant, issued as prescribed in the last two sections may be
2 vacated or modified, as prescribed in section 2 of this act with respect to
3 an order.

§ 9. Where a judgment debtor has been arrested and brought before a
2 judge, by virtue of a warrant, issued as prescribed in this act, and it appears to
3 the satisfaction of the judge from his examination, or other proof that there
4 is danger that he will leave the State or conceal himself, and that he has
5 property, which he has unjustly refused to deliver up for the benefit of the
6 judgment creditor, the judge may make an order, requiring him to give a
7 bond, with one or more sureties in a sum to be fixed and within a time
8 specified in the order, to the effect that he will, from time to time, as the
9 judge directs, attend before the judge, or before a master in chancery as
10 required in the proceedings, and that he will not, until discharged from
11 arrest by virtue of the warrant, dispose of any of his property which is not
12 exempt from sale on execution. If he fails to comply with the order the

13 judge must forthwith, by warrant commit him to prison, there to remain
14 until the close of the examination, or the giving of the required undertaking;
15 except that the judge may require the sheriff to produce him from time to
16 time as required in the course of the proceedings.

§ 10. Upon proof, by affidavit, or other competent written evidence, to the
2 satisfaction of the judge, that an execution against property has been issued, as
3 prescribed in section 1 of this act, and either that it has been returned
4 wholly or partly unsatisfied, or that it has not been returned; and also that
5 any person or corporation has personal property of the judgment debtor, ex-
6 ceeding ten dollars in value, or is indebted to him in a sum exceeding ten
7 dollars, the judgment creditor is entitled to an order requiring that person
8 or corporation to attend and be examined concerning the debtor, or
9 other property at a time and place specified in the order. The judge
10 may, in his discretion, require notice of the subsequent proceedings to be
11 given to the judgment debtor, in such a manner as he deems just. But a
12 receiver shall not be appointed without such a notice, except as otherwise
13 provided in this act.

§ 11. An order requiring a person to attend and be examined, made
2 pursuant to any provision of this act, must require him so to attend and be
3 examined, either before the judge to whom the order is returnable, or before
4 a master in chancery, designated therein. Where the examination is taken
5 before a master in chancery, he must certify, to the judge to whom the order
6 is returnable, all the evidence and the other proceedings taken before
7 him.

§ 12. At any stage of the proceedings, the judge to whom the order is
2 returnable may, in his discretion, make an order, directing that any other
3 examination, or testimony, be taken by, or that a question arising be referred
4 to a master in chancery, designated in the order. When a question is so
5 referred, the master in chancery may be directed to report either the
6 evidence or his conclusions thereon.

§ 13. Upon an examination under this act, each answer of a party or
 2 witness examined must be under oath. A corporation must attend by, and
 3 answer under the oath of, an officer thereof; and the judge may, in his
 4 discretion, specify the officer. Either party may be examined as a witness, in
 5 his own behalf, and may produce and examine other witnesses, as upon the
 6 trial of an action. The judge or master in chancery may adjourn any
 7 proceedings, under this act, from time to time, as he thinks proper.

§ 14. At any time after the commencement of the proceedings authorized
 2 by this act, and before the appointment of a receiver therein, or the
 3 extension of a receivable thereto, the judge, by whom the order or warrant
 4 was granted, or to whom it is returnable, may, in his discretion, upon
 5 proof, by affidavit, to his satisfaction, that a person or corporation is
 6 indebted, to the judgment debtor, and upon such a notice given to
 7 such persons, as he deems just, or without notice, make an order, permitting
 8 the person or corporation, to pay to a sheriff, designated in the order, a
 9 sum, on account of the alleged indebtedness, not exceeding the sum which
 10 will satisfy the execution. A payment thus made is, to the extent thereof, a
 11 discharge of the indebtedness, except as against a transferee from the
 12 judgment debtor, in good faith and for a valuable consideration, of whose
 13 rights the person or corporation had actual or constructive notice, when
 14 the payment was made.

§ 15. Where it appears, from the examination or testimony taken in the
 2 proceedings authorized by this act, that the judgment debtor has, in his
 3 possession or under his control, money or other personal property, belonging
 4 to him, or that one or more articles of personal property, capable of delivery,
 5 his right to the possession whereof is not substantially disputed, are in the
 6 possession or under the control of another person; the judge, by whom the
 7 order or warrant was granted, or to whom it is returnable, may in his
 8 discretion, and upon such a notice, given to such persons as he deems
 9 just, or without notice, make an order directing the judgment debtor, or

10 other person, immediately to pay the money, or deliver the articles of
11 personal property, to a sheriff, designated in the order, unless a receiver has
12 been appointed, or a receivership has been extended to the proceedings, and
13 in that case to the receiver.

16. If the sheriff, to whom money is paid or other property is delivered
2 pursuant to an order made as prescribed in either of the last two sections,
3 does not hold an execution upon the judgment against the property of the
4 judgment debtor, he has the same rights and powers and is subject to the
5 same duties and liabilities with respect to the money or property as if the
6 money had been collected or the property had been levied upon by him by
7 virtue of such an execution, except as otherwise prescribed in the next
8 section.

§ 17. After a receiver has been appointed or a receivership has been ex-
2 tended to the proceedings the judge must, by order, direct the sheriff to
3 pay the money or the proceeds of the property, deducting his fees, to the
4 receiver; or, if the case so requires, to deliver to the receiver the property
5 in his hands. But if it appears to the satisfaction of the judge that an order
6 appointing a receiver or extending a receivership is not necessary he may,
7 by an order reciting that fact, direct the sheriff to apply the money so paid,
8 or the proceeds or the property so delivered, upon an execution in favor of
9 the judgment creditor, issued either before or after the payment or delivery
10 to the sheriff.

§ 18. When money is paid or property is delivered, as prescribed in the
2 last four sections, and afterwards the proceeding is discontinued or dismissed,
3 or the judgment is satisfied, without resorting to that money or property,
4 or a balance of the money, or of the proceeds of the property, or a part of
5 the property remains in the sheriff's hands after satisfying the judgment
6 and the costs and expenses of the proceeding, the judge must make an
7 order directing the sheriff or receiver to pay the money or deliver the prop-
8 erty so remaining in his hands to the judgment debtor or to such other

9 person as appears to be entitled thereto, upon payment of his fees and all
10 other sums legally chargeable against the same.

§ 19. The judge by whom the order or warrant was granted, or to whom it is
2 returnable, may make an injunction order, without security, restraining any per-
3 son or corporation, whether a party or not a party to the proceedings, from mak-
4 ing or suffering any transfer or other disposition of, or interference with, the
5 property of the judgment debtor, or the property or debt concerning which
6 any person is required to attend and be examined until further discretion
7 in the premises. Such an injunction order may be made simultaneously
8 with the order or warrant by which the proceedings are instituted, and
9 upon the same papers, or afterwards upon an affidavit showing sufficient
10 grounds therefor. The judge or the court may, as a condition of granting
11 an application to vacate or modify the injunction order, require the appli-
12 cant to give security in such a sum and in such a manner as justice
13 requires.

§ 20. An injunction order, or an order requiring a person to attend and
2 be examined, made as prescribed in this act, must be served as follows:

3 First—The original order, under the hand of the judge making it, must be
4 exhibited to the person to be served.

5 Second—A copy thereof, and of the affidavit upon which it was made,
6 must be delivered to him.

7 Services upon a corporation is sufficient, if made upon an officer, to whom
8 a copy of a summons must be delivered, where a summons is personally
9 served upon the corporation; unless the officer is specially designated by the
10 judge, as prescribed in section 13 of this act.

§ 21. The sheriff when he arrests a judgment debtor by virtue of a war-
2 rant, issued as prescribed in this act, must deliver to him a copy of the
3 warrant, and of the affidavit upon which it was granted.

§ 22. A proceeding, instituted as prescribed in this act, may be discon-
2 tinued at any time, upon such terms as justice requires, by an order of the

3 judge, made upon the application of the judgment creditor. Where the
 4 judgment creditor unreasonably neglects or delays to proceed, or where it
 5 appears that his judgment has been satisfied, his proceedings may be dis-
 6 missed, upon like terms, by a like order, made upon the application of the
 7 judgment debtor, or of the plaintiff in a judgment creditor's bill against the
 8 debtor, or of a judgment creditor who has instituted either of the proceed-
 9 ings authorized by this act. Where an order appointing a receiver, or
 10 extending a receivership, has been made, in the course of the proceedings
 11 notice of the application for an order specified in this section must be given,
 12 in such a manner as the judge deems proper, to all persons interested in the
 13 receivership, as far as they can conveniently be ascertained.

§ 23. The judge may make an order allowing to the judgment creditor a
 2 fixed sum, as costs, consisting of his witness' fees and other disbursements,
 3 and of a sum, in addition thereto, not exceeding thirty dollars (\$30.00); and
 4 directing the payment thereof, out of any money which has come, or may
 5 come to the hands of the receiver, or of the sheriff; or, within a time
 6 specified in the order, by the judgment debtor, or other person against whom
 7 the proceeding is instituted.

§ 24. Where the judgment debtor, or other person against whom the pro-
 2 ceeding is instituted, has been examined, and property, applicable to the
 3 payment of the judgment, has not been discovered in the course of the
 4 proceeding, the judge may make an order, allowing him a like sum as costs;
 5 and directing the payment thereof, within a time specified in the order, by
 6 the judgment creditor; or, except where it is allowed to the judgment
 7 debtor, out of any money which has come, or may come, to the hands of the
 8 receiver or of the sheriff.

§ 25. A person who refuses, or without sufficient excuse neglects, to obey
 2 an order of a judge or master in chancery, made pursuant to the last two
 3 sections, or to any other provisions of this act, and duly served upon
 4 him, or an oral direction, given directly to him by a judge or master in

5 chancery, in the course of the proceedings; or to attend before a judge or
 6 master in chancery, according to the command of a subpoena, duly served
 7 upon him, may be punished by the judge, or by the court out of which the
 8 execution was issued, as for a contempt.

§ 26. If the judgment debtor, or other person, required to attend and be
 2 examined, as prescribed in this act, or the officer of a corporation, required
 3 to attend in its behalf, is, at the time of the service of the order upon
 4 him, a resident of the State, or then has a place of business within the
 5 State, for the regular transaction of business in person, he cannot be
 6 compelled to attend, pursuant to the order, or any adjournment, at a place
 7 without the county wherein his residence or place of business is situated.

§ 27. A party or a witness, examined in a proceeding, authorized by this
 2 act, is not excused from answering a question, on the ground that his
 3 examination will tend to convict him of the commission of a fraud; or to
 4 prove that he has been a party or privy to, or knowing of a conveyance, assign-
 5 ment, transfer, or other disposition of property for any purpose; or that he
 6 or another party claims to be entitled, as against the judgment creditor, or
 7 a receiver appointed or to be appointed in the proceeding, to hold property
 8 derived from or through the judgment debtor, or to be discharged from the
 9 payment of a debt which was due to the judgment debtor, or person in his
 10 behalf. But an answer cannot be used as evidence against the person so
 11 answering, in a criminal action, or criminal proceeding.

§ 28. Where the execution was issued as prescribed in section one (1) of
 2 this act, a debt due to, or other personal property owned by, one or more
 3 of the defendants not summoned, jointly with the defendants summoned, or
 4 with any of them, may be reached by a proceeding, instituted as prescribed
 5 in this act, and founded upon the judgment.

§ 29. This act does not authorize the seizure of, or other interference
 2 with, any property, debt or money which is expressly exempt by law from
 3 levy and sale by virtue of an execution, distress, warrant, writ of attach-

4 ment, or garnishment; or any money, thing in action or other property,
5 held in trust for a judgment debtor, where the trust has been created by,
6 or the fund so held in trust has proceeded from a person, other than the
7 judgment debtor; or the earnings of the judgment debtor for his personal
8 services, rendered within sixty days, next before the institution of the
9 proceedings; where it is made to appear, by his oath or otherwise, that
10 those earnings are necessary for the use of a family, wholly or partly
11 supported by his labor.

§ 30. At any time after making an order, requiring the judgment debtor,
2 or any other person, to attend and be examined, or issuing a warrant, as
3 prescribed in section one (1) of this act, the judge to whom the order or
4 warrant is returnable may make an order, appointing a receiver of the
5 property of the judgment debtor. At least two days' notice of the applica-
6 tion for the order appointing a receiver, must be given personally to the
7 judgment debtor, unless the judge is satisfied that he cannot, with reasonable
8 diligence, be found within the State, in which case, the order must recite
9 that fact, and may dispense with notice, or may direct notice to be given in
10 any manner which the judge thinks proper. But where the order to attend
11 and be examined, or the warrant, has been served upon the judgment debtor,
12 a receiver may be appointed upon the return day thereof, or at the close of
13 the examination, without further notice to him.

§ 31. The judge must ascertain, if practicable, by the oath of the judg-
2 ment debtor, or otherwise, whether a creditor's bill has been filed against
3 him of a proceeding instituted as prescribed in section one (1) of this act and
4 is pending against the judgment debtor. If either is pending, and a receiver
5 has not been appointed therein, notice of the application for the appoint-
6 ment of a receiver, and of all subsequent proceedings respecting the
7 receivership, must be given, in such a manner as the judge directs, to the
8 judgment creditor prosecuting it.

§ 32. Only one receiver of the property of a judgment debtor shall be

2 appointed. Where a receiver thereof has already been appointed, the judge,
 3 instead of making the order, prescribed in the last section but one, must
 4 make an order, extending the receivership to the proceedings before him.
 5 Such an order gives to the judgment creditor the same rights as if a receiver
 6 was then appointed upon his application; including the right to apply to the
 7 court to control, direct, or remove the receiver, or to subordinate the pro-
 8 ceedings in or by which the receiver was appointed, to those taken under
 9 his judgment.

§ 33. An order appointing a receiver, or extending a receivership, must be
 2 filed for record in the office of the recorder of the county wherein the
 3 judgment roll in the action is filed; or, if the proceeding is founded upon an
 4 execution issued out of a court other than that in which the judgment was
 5 rendered, in the office of the recorder of the county, wherein the transcript
 6 of the judgment is filed.

§ 34. The property of the judgment debtor is vested in a receiver, who
 2 has duly qualified, from the time of filing the order appointing him or ex-
 3 tending his receivership, as the case may be, subject to the following ex-
 4 ceptions:

5 First—Real property is vested in the receiver, only from the time when the
 6 order or a certified copy thereof, as the case may be, is filed with the recorder
 7 of the county where it is situated.

8 Second—Where the judgment debtor, at the time when the order is filed,
 9 resides in another county of the State, his personal property is vested in the
 10 receiver, only from the time when a copy of the order, certified by the clerk
 11 in whose office it is recorded, is filed with the recorder of the county where
 12 he resides.

§ 35. Where the receiver's title to personal property has become vested,
 2 as prescribed in the last section, it also extends back, by relation for the
 3 benefit of the judgment creditor in whose behalf the proceeding was insti-
 4 tuted, as follows:

5 First—Where an order requiring the judgment debtor, to attend and be
6 examined, or a warrant requiring the sheriff to arrest him and bring him
7 before the judge has been served before the appointment of the receiver or
8 the extension of the receivership, the receiver's title extends back so as to
9 include the personal property of the judgment debtor at the time of the
10 service of the order or warrant.

11 Second Where an order or warrant has not been served as specified in the
12 foregoing subdivision, but an order has been made requiring a person to
13 attend and be examined concerning property belonging, or a debt due, to
14 the judgment debtor, the receiver's title extends to the personal property
15 belonging to the judgment debtor which was in the hands or under the
16 control of the person or corporation thus required to attend at the time of
17 the service of the order, and to a debt then due to him from that person
18 or corporation.

19 Third—In every other case where notice of the application for the ap-
20 pointment of the receiver was given to the judgment debtor the receiver's
21 title extends to the personal property of the judgment debtor at the time
22 when the notice was served, either personally or by complying with the
23 requirements of an order prescribing a substitute for personal service.

24 Fourth Where the case is within two or more of the foregoing subdivisions
25 of this section the rule most favorable to the judgment creditor must be
26 adopted. But this section does not affect the title of a purchaser in good
27 faith, without notice, and for a valuable consideration, or the payment of
28 a debt in good faith and without notice.

§ 36. Each recorder must keep in his office a book, indexed to the names
2 of the judgment debtors, styled "Book of orders appointing receivers of
3 judgment debtors." A recorder in whose office an order or certified copy
4 of an order is filed, as prescribed in section 34 or section 35 of this act, must
5 immediately note thereupon the time of filing it, and as soon as practicable
6 must record it in the book so kept by him. He must also, upon request,

7 furnish forthwith to any party or person interested one or more certified
8 copies thereof. For each omission to comply with any provision of this
9 section a recorder shall forfeit to the party aggrieved two hundred and fifty
10 dollars, in addition to all damages sustained by reason of the omission.

§ 37. A receiver, appointed as prescribed in this act, is subject to the
2 direction and control of the court out of which the execution was issued.
3 Where an order has been made extending a receivership to a proceeding
4 founded upon a subsequent judgment the control over and direction of the
5 receiver with respect to that judgment remain in the court to whose control
6 and direction he was originally subject.

§ 38. Nothing herein shall be held to prevent a judgment creditor from
2 pursuing any other remedy for the collection of his judgment now allowed
3 by law.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891; ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to repeal an act entitled "An act to authorize judges of the circuit courts to appoint short-hand reporters for the taking and preservation of evidence and to provide for their compensation."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to authorize the
3 judges of the circuit courts to appoint short-hand reporters for the taking
4 and preservation of evidence and to provide for their compensation,"
5 approved May 31, 1887, and in force July 1, 1887, be, and the same is hereby
6 repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.
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A BILL

For an act to amend sections one (1), two (2) and six (6) of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved June 1, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections one (1), two (2) and six (6) of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by act approved June 1, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hunt, pursue, kill, trap, net or ensnare, or otherwise destroy any wild buck, doe or fawn, or wild turkey, between the fifteenth day of January and the first day of September of each and every year, or any pinnated grouse or prairie chicken between the first day of November and the fifteenth day of September of the succeeding year, or any ruffled grouse, quail, pheasant or partridge between the first day of January and the fifteenth day of October of any year, or any woodcock between the fifteenth day of September and the fifteenth day of July of each succeeding year, or any gray, red, fox or black squirrel be-

10 tween the fifteenth day of December and the first day of June of each suc-
11 ceeding year or any year; and it shall be unlawful to kill, hunt, destroy,
12 snare, entrap, or to attempt to kill, hunt, snare, entrap or otherwise destroy
13 any wild goose, duck, brant or other water fowl at any time between the
14 fifteenth day of April and the fifteenth day of September of any year; and
15 it shall be unlawful to hunt, kill, trap, ensnare, or attempt to hunt, kill,
16 trap, ensnare or otherwise destroy any wild goose, brant, duck, rail or other
17 water fowl between sunset of any day and sunrise of the next succeeding
18 day at any period of the year; and any person so offending shall, for each
19 and every offense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction,
20 shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-
21 five dollars and costs of suit, and shall stand committed to the county jail
22 until such fine and costs are paid: *Provided*, that such imprisonment shall
23 not exceed ten days, and the killing of each bird or animal herein specified
24 shall be deemed a separate offense.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person to buy, sell, expose for sale or
2 have in his possession any of the animals, wild fowl or birds mentioned in
3 section one (1) of this act at any time when the trapping, netting, ensnareing
4 or killing of such animals, wild fowl or birds shall be unlawful, which
5 shall have been entrapped, netted, ensnared or killed contrary to the pro-
6 visions of this act. And it shall further be unlawful for any person, cor-
7 poration or carrier to receive for transportation, to transport, carry or convey
8 any of the aforesaid quail, pinnated grouse, prairie chicken, ruffled grouse,
9 or pheasant, squirrel or wild turkey, that shall have been caught, snared,
10 trapped or killed within the limits of this State contrary to the provisions
11 of this act; and any person, corporation or carrier guilty of violating any
12 of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on con-
13 viction thereof, shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than
14 twenty-five dollars for each and every offense, and shall stand committed to
15 the county jail not exceeding ten days until such fine and costs are paid:

16 *Provided*, that the selling, exposing for sale, having in possession for sale,
17 transporting or carrying and conveying, contrary to the provisions of this
18 section, of each and every animal or bird forbidden herein, shall be deemed
19 a separate offense.

Section 6. No person or persons shall sell or expose for sale, or have in
2 his possession or their possession for the purpose of selling or exposing for
3 sale any of the animals, wild fowl or birds mentioned in section one of this
4 act after the expiration of five days next succeeding the first day of the
5 periods in which it shall be unlawful to kill, trap or ensnare such animals,
6 wild fowl or birds; any person so offending shall, on conviction, be fined and
7 dealt with as specified in section one of this act, and selling or exposing for
8 sale, or having the same in possession for the purpose of selling or exposing
9 for sale any animals or birds mentioned in this act after the expiration of
10 the time mentioned in this act, shall be prima facie evidence of the viola-
11 tion of this act: *Provided*, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to
12 the killing of birds by and for the use of taxidermists for preservation, either
13 in public or private collections, if so preserved.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Picker, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Canals and Rivers.

A BILL

For an act to prevent the unnecessary overflow of land adjacent to creeks or streams from the accumulation of driftwood and to provide for the removal of the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be the duty of any person or persons
3 owning lands bordering on any creek or stream of this State where drift-
4 wood shall accumulate to the detriment of the full flow and free discharge
5 of such creeks or streams not navigable to remove such accumulation of
6 driftwood by or before the first day of October of each year.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the highway commissioners in counties under
2 township organization and of overseers of roads in counties not under
3 township organization, by or before the first day of August of each year to
4 notify in writing such owner or owners of lands bordering on such creeks
5 or streams of such accumulation of such driftwood in such creeks or
6 streams and to remove the same within the time provided by this act for
7 such removal; and if such owner or owners shall fail or refuse to remove
8 such accumulation of driftwood by the time provided for such removal in
9 the first section of this act, then it shall be lawful and it shall be the duty
10 of such highway commissioner or such overseers of roads to have the same
11 removed and to tax the cost of such removal to such land owner or owners,
12 such tax to be collected and applied as other road and bridge taxes, or

19 named shall have first claim upon the assets of such person, firm or corpor-
20 ation, and shall direct the payment of their wages in accordance with the
21 provisions of this act.

§ 2. On the trial of any suit brought by any employe for the recovery
2 of compensation under the provisions of the foregoing section, the defend-
3 ant may be allowed to set up as a defense the attachment of such wages by
4 process of garnishment, or that no money is due to such employe.

5 The defendant may also show that the plaintiff was absent at the time of
6 payment, or that a tender of the full amount due before the commencement
7 of the suit was made, and upon establishing either of said facts, no penalty
8 or costs shall be adjudged against the defendant. No assignment of the
9 wages paid at regular periods under the provisions of this act shall be
10 valid if made to the person, firm or corporation from whom such wages are
11 to become due, or to any person on behalf of such person, firm or corpora-
12 tion, or if made or procured to be made to any person for the purpose of
13 relieving such person, firm or corporation from the obligation to pay every
14 two weeks under the provisions of this act.

15 At the time of the regular payments mentioned in section 1, the persons,
16 firms or corporations mentioned therein shall pay to their employes the
17 sum of all wages earned by them during the period for which payment is
18 made, in the lawful money of the United States, or by check, draft or
19 order, payable in currency on demand and without discount on some bank
20 within ten miles of the place where said wages are earned, and no wages
21 shall be withheld from any employe because of any agreement, expressed
22 or implied requiring notice before leaving employment, or on account of
23 any so-called fines arbitrarily imposed on employes by the employers or
24 their agents. This shall not be held to prevent railroad companies or other
25 persons, firms or corporations employing large numbers of men and who
26 have heretofore, or may hereafter establish hospitals for the accommodation
27 of sick or disabled employes from retaining such per cent. of wages for the

28 support of such hospitals as may be agreed upon between such persons,
29 firms or corporations and their employes.

§ 3. In case any corporation or employer shall demand any deposit of
2 money or its equivalent in property to be made by any employe as a
3 guaranty of good conduct, continued service, or compliance with specific or
4 published rules, or as a surety against breach of trust or loss or damage of
5 property, the same to be forfeited in case of any loss accruing on account
6 of an improper discharge of, or a failure to discharge the duties assumed
7 by said employe, such employer shall pay such employe interest on the
8 sum or value of the deposit made, at the rate of six (6) per cent. per
9 annum, payable semi-annually. If any person, firm or corporation shall,
10 with the purpose and intent of evading any of the provisions of this act
11 compel or coerce an employe, directly or indirectly, or by any form of in-
12 direction, to sign any form of contract by which the provisions of this act,
13 shall be neutralized or evaded, said contract, so far as it attempts to evade
14 this act, shall be void.

§ 4. The State's attorney of any county, or any employe mentioned in
2 section one (1) of this act may bring complaint in the name of the People
3 of the State of Illinois for the use of the person aggrieved against any
4 person, firm or corporation neglecting to comply with the provisions of this
5 act for two weeks after having been notified in writing by such State's
6 attorney or employe that such complaint will be brought. And any person,
7 firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act, upon con-
8 viction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars
9 (\$300) and not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) on each complaint
10 on which conviction is secured. All fines collected for the violation of
11 this law shall be paid into the treasury of the county in which convic-
12 tion is had. All complaints of such violation shall be made within thirty
13 (30) days from the date when such violation of the law is alleged to have
14 taken place.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Webb, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Live Stock.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs," approved May 27, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 2 of an act entitled "An act to in-
3 demnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs,"
4 approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be, and is hereby amended by
5 substituting the words fifty cents for the words one dollar.

1. Introduced by Mr. Weedon January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 47 of an act entitled "An act concerning fees of witnesses" as amended by an act approved June 16, 1887, in force July 1, 1887.

FEES OF WITNESSES.

[In Courts of Record.] Every witness attending in his own county upon
2 trials in the courts of record shall be entitled to receive the sum of one
3 dollar (\$1) for each days attendance, and five (5) cents per mile each way for
4 necessary travel. For attending in a foreign county, going and returning
5 accounting twenty (20) miles for each days travel, for each day one dollar
6 (\$1). Every witness attending for the purpose of having his deposition
7 taken, one dollar (\$1), and the same mileage as provided in this section for
8 witnesses in courts of record: *Provided*, no allowance or charge shall be made for
9 the attendance of witnesses aforesaid unless the witness shall make affidavit of
10 the number of days he or she actually attended, and that such attendance
11 was at the instance of one or both of the parties or his attorney.

12 In criminal cases, where a witness shall be required to attend from a
13 foreign county or State, he or she shall be allowed five (5) cents per mile
14 each way in full of all compensation, except the per diem for actual attend-
15 ance upon such court, which shall be one dollar (\$1) per day for each days

16 necessary attendance, to be paid out of the county treasury where the crime
17 was committed, on the certificate of the clerk of the court where the trial
18 is being had: *Provided*, he or she shall make affidavit of the distance traveled,
19 that it was the usually traveled and most direct route, of the number of
20 days actual attendance and that such attendance was at the instance of the
21 States Attorney or the accused or his attorney, to which shall be added the
22 certificate of the judge, that the amount is reasonable, and that he was a
23 material witness in the case.

24 That every witness attending in his own county upon trials in criminal
25 cases shall be entitled to receive the sum of one dollar (\$1) for each days
26 attendance, and five (5) cents per mile each way for necessary travel, the
27 same to be paid out of the county treasury: *Provided*, no allowance or
28 charge shall be made for the attendance of witnesses aforesaid unless the
29 witness shall make affidavit of the number of days he or she actually
30 attended and that such attendance was at the instance of the prosecution
31 or defense.

1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi January 15, 1891.

2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Live Stock.

A BILL

To amend section 2 of an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That* Section 2 of an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:

The county clerk shall charge upon the collector's book, against the name of each person reporting and returning as the owner or keeper of a dog, as a license fee, the sum of one dollar for each dog owned or kept by such person, which fee shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as taxes upon personal property. In counties not under township organization, the collector shall pay the amount received from the licenses aforesaid to the treasurer of his county, and in counties under township organization the sum so collected in each town shall be paid by the collector to the supervisor of his town, who shall first give to the people of the State of Illinois, for the use of the inhabitants of his town, a bond with at least two sureties, to be approved by the board of supervisors of his county, in double the sum of such license fees in his town, conditioned that he will faithfully pay out of said fund, as hereinafter provided. Said

14 bond shall be filed and remain in the office of the county clerk of the
15 proper county: *Provided*, that every head of a family shall be allowed to
16 own and keep one dog without being liable for the payment of the license
17 fee above provided for.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title, ordered printed January 15, 1891, and referred to Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

Providing for the election of a State Inspector of Food.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That a State inspector of food shall be elected by
3 the people of the State of Illinois, whose term of office shall be for two
4 years time, and whose duty it shall be to examine articles of human food
5 whenever petitioned by at least five residents of the State of Illinois, and
6 whose duty it shall be to bring suit for judgment, according to law, for
7 any violation of the existing laws regarding the adulteration of food.

1. Introduced by Mr. Gill, January 15, 1891.
2. Read by title, ordered printed January 15, 1891, and referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines, and to repeal a certain act therein named," approved June 17, 1887, in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section two of an act entitled "An act to provide for the weighing of coal at mines and to repeal a certain act therein named," approved June 17, 1887, and in force July 1, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. All coal so delivered from such mines shall be carefully weighed upon the scales as above provided, and all screening to be included in such weights and computed as part thereof, and a correct record shall be kept of the weight of each miner's car, which record shall be kept open at all reasonable hours for the inspection of all miners or others pecuniarily interested in the product of such mine. The person designated and authorized to weigh the coal and keep such record shall, before entering upon his duties, make and subscribe to an oath before some magistrate or other officer authorized to administer oaths, that he will accurately weigh and carefully keep a true record of all coal delivered from such mine, and such oath shall be kept conspicuously posted at the place of weighing.

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1. Introduced by Mr. McCrone, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to amend section eighty-seven (87) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section eighty-seven (87) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 87. The personal property of every defendant in a judgment before a justice of the peace, not exempt from execution, shall be bound for the payment of such judgment, from the delivery of the execution issued thereon to the constable; and the real property of such defendant, not exempt from execution, shall be bound, as aforesaid, from the date of the filing of a transcript of the judgment in the clerk's office, as provided in this act: *Provided, however,* that such personal property shall not be so bound unless a transcript containing a copy of such judgment shall have

9 been certified by such justice within ten days after such judgment has been
10 rendered, to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which such
11 judgment was rendered, and recorded by such clerk, in the same manner as
12 transcripts of judgments of justices of the peace.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Bowlin, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, providing for the absolute protection of quail for three years and imposing penalty for its violation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful to kill or attempt to trap, net, ensnare, destroy, or make any attempt to do either, of quail, for three years after the taking of effect of this act.

§ 2. On proof of any violation of this act, the person offending shall be fined not less than five (5) dollars nor more than twenty-five (25) dollars and costs of suit, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fine and costs are paid: *Provided*, that such imprisonment shall not exceed fifteen days.

3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Bowlin, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, by adding an additional section thereto to be designated as Section 11 a.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended by adding an additional section to be designated as Section 11 a.

Section 11 a. Whoever shall have unlawful sexual intercourse with any married woman, not being her husband, shall be fined not exceeding \$200, or confined in the county jail not exceeding one year. For every subsequent offense the man shall be fined not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000, and be confined in the county jail not exceeding one year.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Denham, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section seven (7) of an act entitled "An act concerning bastardy," approved April 3, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section seven (7) of 'An act concerning bastardy,' approved April 3, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows;

Section 7. If upon the trial of the issue aforesaid the jury shall find that the child is not the child of the defendant or alleged father, or that the mother has been pregnant or delivered of a bastard child before the cause in hearing, then the judgment of the court shall be that he be discharged. The woman making the complaint shall pay the costs of the prosecution, and judgment shall be entered therefor and execution may thereupon issue.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Faires, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to repeal section 22 of an act entitled, "An act for the protection of wild game, approved June 9, 1887, and in force July 1, 1887, be repealed and the following to be substituted in lieu thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons
3 for the period of three years from and after the passage of this act, to
4 hunt, pursue, kill, trap, net, destroy or attempt to kill, trap, net, ensnare or
5 otherwise destroy any prairie hen or chicken, ruffed grouse commonly
6 called partridge, pheasant or quail.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Johnston, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to prevent extortion by persons, associations or corporations owning,
controlling or operating sleeping cars.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That any persons, company, association or corporation owning, controlling or operating any sleeping car within this State are hereby defined and declared common carriers, and subject to the same liabilities, and shall be entitled to like privileges pertaining to such common carriers.

§ 2. No such person, persons, company, association or corporation shall, by themselves or agents, or employes, charge, demand or receive from any person a higher rate than one dollar for the sole use and occupation, for any time not exceeding twenty-four hours, of a lower or upper berth in said sleeping car, and two dollars for the sole use and occupation of a section of such sleeping car, comprising a lower and upper berth, for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, or three dollars for the sole use and occupation of a state-room in said sleeping car, for any time not exceeding twenty-four hours.

§ 3. Any such person, persons, company, associations or corporation violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of extortion, and, upon conviction thereof, be fined for the first, offense not less than one

4 hundred dollars nor more than three hundred dollars; for the second offense,
5 not less than three hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars,
6 and for each subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than five hundred dol-
7 lars nor more than five thousand dollars, to be recovered in any court of com-
8 petent jurisdiction, on an action of debt by the passenger aggrieved. One-
9 half of any sum so recovered shall be paid to the prosecutor, and the other
10 half into the county treasury, for the benefit of the common school fund for
11 such county: *Provided*, the prosecution and recovery, or failure so to do, of
12 the fines and penalties herein provided for shall not preclude or bar any
13 passenger from maintaining any action for damages he may have against
14 said person, persons, company, association or corporation for the violation
15 of the provisions of this act.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Laughlin, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For the amendment of power forty-six, of section one, article-five of chapter twenty-four of the revised statutes of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That power forty-six (46), section one (1), of article
3 five (5), of chapter twenty-four (24), of the revised statutes of Illinois on cities,
4 villages and towns, be amended, by providing that city council in cities,
5 and the president and board of trustees in villages, at the regular annual
6 election, on the third Tuesday of April, of city officers, be instructed by a
7 majority of the legal voters cast at such election, to license and regulate,
8 or to prohibit the selling or giving away of any intoxicating, malt, vinous,
9 mixed or fermented liquor, for one municipal year; and to grant or refuse
10 permits to druggists for the sale of liquor for medicinal, mechanical,
11 sacramental and chemical purposes, only, subject to forfeiture and under
12 proper regulations provided by ordinance; and further, be it enacted that
13 the form of ballot shall be "for license and against license" and "for grant-
14 ing permits to druggists" and "against granting permits to druggists," placed
15 on the bottom of the regular tickets containing the names of those voted
16 for for the various city offices.

1. Introduced by Mr. Mitchell January 16, 1891.
2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections one, two and six of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That sections one, two and six of an act entitled
3 "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection
4 of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved
5 May 14, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, be and the same are hereby amended
6 so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hunt,
2 pursue, kill, trap, net or ensnare, or otherwise destroy any wild buck, doe
3 or fawn or wild turkey, between the fifteenth day of January and the
4 fifteenth day of September of each and every year, or any pinnated grouse
5 or prairie chicken between the first day of November and the first day of
6 September of the succeeding year, or any ruffled grouse, quail, pheasant or
7 partridge between the first day of December and the first day of October
8 of each succeeding year or any year; or any woodcock between the fifteenth
9 day of December and the fifteenth day of July of each succeeding or any
10 year; or any gray, red, fox or black squirrel between the fifteenth day of

11 December and the first day of June of each succeeding year or any year.
12 And it shall be unlawful to kill, hunt, destroy, snare, entrap or to attempt
13 to kill, hunt, snare, entrap or otherwise destroy any wild goose, duck,
14 brant, or other water fowl at any time between the fifteenth day of April
15 and the fifteenth day of September of any year; and during the period
16 from the fifteenth day of January to the fifteenth day of April, of each
17 or any year, it shall be unlawful to hunt, kill, trap, ensnare or attempt to
18 hunt, kill, trap, ensnare or otherwise destroy any wild goose, brant, duck,
19 rail or other water fowl, during the days of Sunday, Monday and Tuesday
20 of each or any week or between sunset of any day and sunrise of the next
21 succeeding day at any period of the year; and it shall further be unlawful
22 at any time to hunt, kill, trap or ensnare or to attempt to hunt, kill, trap
23 or ensnare or otherwise destroy any wild goose, brant, duck, or other water
24 fowl, from any fixed or artificial ambush beyond a natural covering of
25 reeds, canes, flags, wild rice or other vegetation above the water of any
26 lake, river, bay or inlet or other water course wholly within this State, or
27 in such part of such stream or water course wholly within this State, or
28 with the aid and use of any device commonly called sneak boat, sink box
29 or other device used for the purpose of concealment in the open waters of
30 this State. And it shall further be unlawful to shoot, kill or destroy, or
31 shoot at any wild goose, duck, brant, or other water fowl with a swivel
32 gun, or from any sail boat or steam boat at any time in any part of the
33 water of any lake, river, bay or inlet, or other water course wholly within
34 this State. And any person so offending shall for each and every offense be
35 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in any
36 sum not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars and costs
37 of suit, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fines and costs
38 are paid: *Provided*, that such imprisonment shall not exceed ten days, and the
39 killing of each bird or animal herein specified shall be deemed a separate
40 offense.

“Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person to buy, sell, or have in possession, any of the animals, wild fowl, or birds mentioned in section one of this act at any time when the trapping, netting or ensnaring of such animals, wild fowl, or birds shall be unlawful, which shall have been entrapped, netted or ensnared contrary to the provisions of this act. And it shall further be unlawful for any person or persons at any time to sell or expose for sale, or to have in his or their possession for the purpose of selling, any quail, pinnated grouse or prairie chicken, ruffled grouse, or pheasant, gray or red fox or black squirrel or wild turkey, that shall have been caught, snared, trapped or killed within the limits of this State; and it shall further be unlawful for any person, corporation or carrier to receive for transportation, to transport, carry or convey any of the aforesaid quail, pinnated grouse or prairie chicken, ruffled grouse or pheasant, squirrel or wild turkey, that shall have been caught, snared, trapped or killed within the limits of this State, knowing the same to have been sold, or to transport, carry or convey the same to any place where it is to be sold or offered for sale, or to any place outside of this State for any purpose; and any person guilty of violating any of the provisions of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars for each and every offense, and shall stand committed to the county jail not exceeding ten days until such fine and costs are paid: *Provided*, that the selling, exposing for sale, having in possession for sale, transporting or carrying and conveying, contrary to the provisions of this section, of each and every animal or bird forbidden herein, shall be deemed a separate offense.

Section 6. No person or person shall sell, or expose for sale, or have in his or their possession for the purpose of selling, or exposing for sale any of the animals, wild fowls or birds mentioned in section one (1) of this act after the expiration of five (5) days next succeeding the first day of the period in which it shall be unlawful to kill, trap or ensnare such animals,

6 wild fowls or birds. Any person so offending shall, on conviction, be fined
7 and dealt with as specified in section one (1) of this act, and selling or ex-
8 posing for sale, or having the same in possession for the purpose of selling
9 or exposing for sale any of the animals or birds mentioned in this section
10 after the expiration of the time mentioned in this section shall be prima
11 facie evidence of the violation of this act: *Provided*, that the provisions of
12 this act shall not apply to the killing of birds by or for the use of taxider-
13 mists for preservation either in public or private collections if so preserved:
14 *Provided further*, that nothing contained in this section shall be construed
15 as modifying or being in conflict with section two of this act, or authoriz-
16 ing or legalizing the sale or exposing for sale, transportation or receiving
17 for transportation, any of the animals, birds or game, as therein prohibited:
18 *And provided, also*, that inhabitants of villages and cities may receive and
19 ship game from other States, and expose and sell the same on the market
20 in said villages and cities, between the first day of October and the first
21 day of February of the following year."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Moore, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to confer the privilege of suffrage, and to hold office in the cities, towns and villages of this State, upon women.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly.* That at every election for municipal or school officers, or for any other municipal purpose, in or for any city, town or village of this State, whether such city, town or village is incorporated under the general law or under any special law or charter, the privilege of voting shall not be denied to any person, nor abridged, on account of sex; and women may vote at such elections, and shall have the right to be voted for, and to hold such municipal and school offices, the same as men, under like restrictions and qualifications.

§ 2. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Morris, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to protect all citizens in their civil and legal rights and fixing a penalty for violation of the same," approved June 10, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, by adding additional sections to be known as sections 3 and 4.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That "An act to protect all citizens in their civil and legal rights and fixing a penalty for violation of the same," approved June 10, 1885, be amended by adding additional sections to be known as sections 3 and 4.

Section 3. Justices of the peace in the county where the offense is committed shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions brought under this act to recover damages, to the extent of the jurisdiction of justices of the peace to recover a money demand in other actions as fixed by law, and either party shall have the right to have the cause tried by jury and to appeal from the judgment of the justice in the same manner as in other civil suits.

Section 4. When such action shall be brought originally before a justice of the peace and an appeal taken from the judgment of the justice to the circuit, supreme or county court, such court to which the appeal is taken shall upon the trial de novo of such appeal, have jurisdiction to render a judgment for a sum exceeding the jurisdiction of the justice in the same manner as though such suit had originally been begun in such circuit,

7 supreme or county court: *Provided*, that the plaintiff shall, within thirty
8 days after the appeal in the court to which it is taken, file his declaration
9 in such cause in the same manner as in original suits, to which the defendant
10 shall plead or demur within ten days after notice of declaration is filed.

11 Where a declaration is filed the appeal shall not be dismissed without
12 the consent of the plaintiff.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 163.

Amendments to House Bill No. 163, adopted by the House of Representatives April 15, 1891, and ordered printed:

Amendment 1—Amend section 4 of the printed bill by striking out of line 8 the word “appeal,” and insert in place thereof the words “transcript is filed.”

Amendment 2—Amend section 4 of the printed bill by striking out of line eight (8) the words “it is” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “the appeal.”

Amendment 3—Amend section four (4) by striking out of lines 9 and 10 all after the word “suits” in line 9, and insert in place thereof the words “and thereupon process shall issue against the defendant and the cause shall proceed in all respects the same as in original actions brought in such court.”

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 16, 1891.
2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, to fix the maximum rate at six per cent., and to repeal certain acts therein named.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That the rate of interest upon the loan or forbearance of any money, goods, or thing in action, shall be four dollars (\$4) upon one hundred dollars (\$100), for one year and after, that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as herein provided.

§ 2. Creditors shall be allowed to receive, at the rate of four (4) per centum per annum, for all moneys after they become due on any bond, bill, promissory note, or other instrument of writing; on money lent or advanced for the use of another; on money due on the settlement of account from the day of liquidating accounts between the parties and ascertaining the balance; on money received to the use of another and retained without the owner's knowledge, and on money withheld by an unreasonable and vexatious delay of payment.

§ 3. Judgments recovered before any court or magistrate shall draw interest at the rate of four (4) per centum per annum from the date of the same until satisfied. When judgment is entered upon any award, report or verdict, interest shall be computed at the rate aforesaid, from the time

5 when made or rendered to the time of rendering judgment upon the same,
6 and made a part of the judgment.

§ 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to stipulate
2 or agree that six (6) per cent. per annum, or any less sum of interest, shall
3 be taken and paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100) of money loaned,
4 or in any manner due and owing from any person or corporation to any
5 other person or corporation in this State, and after that rate for a greater
6 or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as herein provided.

§ 5. No person or corporation shall, directly or indirectly, accept or
2 receive, in money, goods, discounts, or thing in action, or in any other way,
3 any greater sum or greater value, for the loan, forbearance or discount of
4 any money, goods, or thing in action, than as above described.

§ 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to receive a
2 greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per cent. upon any contract,
3 verbal or written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole of such
4 interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled only to recover
5 the principal sum due to such person or corporation. And all contracts
6 executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide for interest or
7 compensation at a greater rate than herein specified, on account of non-
8 payment at maturity, shall be deemed usurious, and only the principal sum
9 due thereon shall be recoverable.

§ 7. The defense of usury shall not be allowed in any suit unless the
2 person relying upon such defense shall set up the same by plea, or file in
3 the cause a notice in writing, stating that he intends to defend against the
4 contract sued upon, or set-off, on the ground that the contract is usurious.

§ 8. When any written contract, whenever payable, shall be made in this
2 State, or between citizens or corporations of this State, or a citizen or cor-
3 poration of this State and a citizen or corporation of any other State,
4 territory or country (or shall be secured by mortgage or trust deed on lands
5 in this State), such contract may bear any rate of interest allowed by law,

6 to be taken or contracted for by persons or corporations in this State, or
 7 which is or may be allowed by law on any contract for money due or owing
 8 in this State: *Provided, however,* that such rate of interest shall not exceed
 9 six (6) per cent. per annum; and if any such person or corporation shall
 10 contract to receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per
 11 cent. upon any such contract, such person or corporation shall forfeit the
 12 whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled
 13 only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation.

§ 9. Whenever, in any statute, act, deed, written or verbal contract, or
 2 in any public or private instrument whatever, any certain rate of interest
 3 is or shall be mentioned, and no period of time is stated for which such
 4 rate is to be calculated, interest shall be calculated at the rate mentioned,
 5 which shall, in no case be greater than six (6) per cent., by the year, in the
 6 same manner as if “per annum” or “by the year” had been added to the
 7 rate.

§ 10. In all computations of time, and of interest and discounts, a month
 2 shall be considered to mean a calendar month, and a year shall consist of
 3 twelve calendar months; and in computations of interest or discounts for
 4 any number of days less than a month, a day shall be considered a thirtieth
 5 part of a month, and interest or discount shall be computed for such frac-
 6 tional parts of a month upon the ratio which such number of days shall
 7 bear to thirty.

§ 11. No corporation shall hereafter interpose the defense of usury in any
 2 action.

§ 12. That an act entitled “An act to revise the law in relation to the
 2 rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named,” approved May
 3 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby repealed. But this
 4 section shall not be construed so as to affect any rights that may have
 5 accrued or suits that may be pending when it shall take effect.

§ II. Whereas, the present rate of interest is excessive, and if not reduced
2 without delay will soon impose heavy burdens on agriculturalists who may
3 require borrowed capital for use in planting the coming season's crops—an
4 emergency exists, and this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

§ III. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Sanitary Affairs.
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A BILL

For an act for amending section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, and providing that physicians shall be allowed to conduct pharmacies or drug stores.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That it shall not be lawful for any person, other than a registered pharmacist, or a physician holding a certificate from the State Board of Health, to retail, compound or dispense drugs, medicines or poisons, or to open or conduct any pharmacy or store for retailing, compounding or dispensing drugs, medicines or poisons, unless such person shall be, or shall employ and place in charge of said pharmacy or store, a registered pharmacist, within the meaning of this act, or a physician holding a certificate as such from the State Board of Health.

§ 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 16, 1891.
2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act amending sections one and two of an act entitled "An act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871, and providing for the election of such commissioners.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That sections one and two of an act entitled "An act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That a commission, which shall be styled "railroad and warehouse commission," shall be established as follows: At the next general election in this State after this act shall take effect there shall be elected three persons as such commissioners, who shall hold their offices for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified, and that the terms of office of such commissioners shall be of two years' duration beginning—

"Section 2. No person shall be qualified as such commissioner who is at the time of his election in any way connected with any railroad company [*829] or warehouse, or who is directly or indirectly interested in any stock, bond or other property of any railroad company or warehouse, or is in the

5 employ of any railroad company or warehouseman; and no person elected
6 as such commissioner shall, during the term of his office, become either
7 directly or indirectly in any way whatsoever interested in any stock, bond
8 or other property or dividends of any railroad company or warehouse, or in
9 any manner be employed by or connected with any railroad company or
10 warehouse."

§ 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Scaife, January 16, 1891.
2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the examination of mine managers, and to regulate their employment.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That in order to secure greater efficiency in the management of coal mines, and a higher standard of qualifications in those who have immediate responsibility for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines, it shall be unlawful, except as hereinafter provided, after the first day of January, 1892, for any person to assume, or attempt to discharge the duties of mine manager, at any coal mine equipped for shipping coal by rail or water, or any mine whose output may be twenty-five or more tons per day, unless he shall hold such a certificate as to his qualification for that position as may be required by this act: *Provided,* that the term mine manager is here intended to mean any person who is charged with the general direction of the underground work, or of both the underground and top work of any coal mine, and who is commonly known and designated as mine boss or foreman or pit boss.

§ 2. The certificates provided for in the first section of this act may be either certificates of competency or certificates of service, and any person may acquire such certificate by appearing before a duly organized and authorized board of examiners, and submitting to such an examination as

5 to his competency or length of service as may be prescribed by this act and
6 the said examiners.

§ 3. For the purpose of determining the fitness of persons for the duties
2 of mine manager, a board of examiners shall be created in each of the
3 mine inspection districts as at present defined, in this State, which shall
4 consist of the State Inspector of mines for said district, one practical coal
5 miner, and one operator or superintendent of a coal mine, all of whom
6 shall be citizens of the State and residents of the district for which the
7 board is created. The inspector shall serve ex-officio, and the said miner,
8 and operator or superintendent of each district board shall be appointed,
9 as soon as practicable after the passage of this act and thereafter every two
10 years, by the State Commissioners of Labor. The members of said boards
11 of examiners shall serve two years, which years shall correspond with the
12 terms of the State Inspectors of mines, except that the members of the board
13 first appointed shall serve from the date of their appointment until the
14 first day of October, 1893. Meetings of said boards shall be held at such
15 times and places within their respective districts, shall be conducted under
16 such rules, conditions and regulations as the members of said boards may
17 deem most efficient for carrying into effect the spirit and intent of this
18 act. Said board shall after each of its several meetings make report of its
19 action, and of its term of service to the State Commissioners of Labor; and
20 the traveling expenses of the members of said board, and the sum of three
21 dollars a day for each day devoted to the service required by this act,
22 which shall not exceed fifteen days in all during any one year, shall be
23 paid to each of the members of said board (save only, and except, to the
24 several State Inspectors of mines) upon vouchers sworn to by them, and
25 approved by the Secretary of the Commissioner's of Labor, and the Gover-
26 nor; and the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his
27 warrant on the Treasurer, payable out of any money in the treasury not

28 otherwise appropriated, in favor of the said two members of each board for
29 the amounts thus shown to be due them.

§ 4. Certificates of qualification or competency shall be conferred by the
2 examining board herein provided for upon any citizen of the United States
3 who shall submit to and satisfactorily pass such an examination as to his
4 fitness for the duties and responsibilities of mine manager as said examiners
5 shall provide; and certificates of service shall be conferred upon any citizen
6 of the United States who shall present satisfactory evidence of having had
7 at least four years practical experience in coal mines, and of having served
8 as mine manager continuously and satisfactorily and for the same person
9 or firm, for the one year next preceding the passage of this act, but the
10 holder of such certificate shall not be eligible to employment by any other
11 person or firm until he shall also have obtained a certificate of competency
12 upon examination. The certificates herein provided for shall be issued by the
13 respective examining boards and be registered in the office of the Commis-
14 sioners of Labor at the Capital, where a record of all certificates issued
15 shall be kept. Such certificates shall contain the full name, age, and place
16 of birth of the recipient, and also the length and nature of his previous
17 service in and about coal mines. All applicants for the certificates herein
18 provided for shall before receiving their examinations pay to the board the
19 sum of one dollar each, and those who receive certificates shall pay an
20 additional sum of two dollars each, all of which fees shall be accounted
21 for by the inspector of mines and covered into the State treasury.

§ 5. After January 1, 1892, no owner, operator or agent of any mine to
2 which this act applies shall employ any mine manager who does not hold
3 either the certificate of competency or service herein provided for, and if
4 any accident shall occur in any mine in which a mine manager shall be
5 employed who has no certificate of competency or service as required by
6 this act, by which any miner shall be killed or injured, he or his heirs
7 shall have right of action against such operator, owner or agent, and shall recover

8 the full value of the damages sustained: *Provided*, that in case no suitable
9 or satisfactory certified mine manager can be obtained by any operator at
10 the date herein specified, such operator may place any competent man in
11 temporary charge of his mine to act as mine manager until such time as
12 a suitable certified manager may be found: *Provided*, that the time be not
13 more than three months from the date aforesaid. Each of said board of
14 examiners shall be furnished by the Secretary of State with the necessary
15 blanks, blank books and stationary. Any violation of the provisions of this
16 act shall be deemed a misdemeanor and be punished accordingly.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Springer, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks and Banking.

A BILL

For an act requiring the inspection of, and semi-annual reports from, each and every private bank in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That each and every private bank doing business in
3 the State of Illinois, shall, from and after the passage of this act, be sub-
4 ject to State inspection by the Auditor of Public Accounts, at such times
5 and in such manner as the the said Auditor may deem advisable, which
6 inspection and examination shall be made at least once in each year here-
7 after.

§ 2. The said Auditor shall have power to appoint a suitable and com-
2 petent person to make said examination, who shall also have power to make
3 a thorough and complete examination into all the affairs of all of said pri-
4 vate banks, and in so doing he may examine any and all of the officers,
5 agents, or employes of said bank on oath, as to the exact condition of said
6 bank, which report shall be forwarded to the Auditor. The person making
7 such examination shall be allowed for his services the sum of ten dollars
8 for each day's necessary work in making such examination, and one dollar
9 for each twenty-five miles travelled in going to and returning from
10 the place where said examination is made, which shall be paid by the bank
11 so examined.

§ 3. That each of said private banks, by its proper officer, shall prepare
2 on January first and July first of each succeeding year, from and after the
3 passage of this act, a complete and correct report, verified by the oath or
4 affirmation of the proper officer of said bank, which report shall exhibit in
5 detail the resources and liabilities, the amount of loans and the securities
6 in the possession of said bank, which report shall be published in some
7 newspaper in the city or town where said bank is operated, or in the near-
8 est paper thereto (in the absence of a paper in the immediate locality of
9 said bank), and said verified report shall be forwarded by said bank to the
10 Auditor to be filed by him in his office for preservation.

§ 4. Any officer of any private bank in this State who shall fail or refuse
2 to comply with the foregoing requirements to furnish a semi-annual report,
3 or permit an inspection of the books of said bank by the Auditor or his
4 assistants; or pay the fees and charges of said examination, as hereinbefore
5 set forth, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction
6 thereof shall subject the offender to a fine of not less than \$500 nor more
7 than \$5,000, or imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year
8 nor more than ten years, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discre-
9 tion of the court.

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1. Introduced by³ Mr. Watson, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 185 of an act entitled, "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved May 3, 1873, in force July 1, 1873.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 185 of an act entitled, "An act for the
3 assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved
4 March 30, 1872, in for July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved May 3,
5 1873, in force July 1, 1873, be amended so as to read as follows:

That all applications for judgment and order of sale for taxes and special
2 assessments on delinquent lands and lots shall be made at the June term of the
3 county court. If from any cause the court shall not be holden at the term at
4 which judgment is prayed the cause shall stand continued, and it shall
5 not be necessary to re-advertise the list or notice required by law to be
6 advertised before judgment and sale but at the next regular term thereafter
7 the court shall hear and determine the matter; and if judgment is rendered
8 the sale shall be made on the Monday specified in the notice as provided in
9 section 182, such Monday to be fixed by the county collector in the notice.
10 If from any cause the collector is prevented from advertising and obtaining
11 judgment at said term it shall be held to be legal to obtain judgment at

12 any subsequent term of said court; but if the failure arises by the county
13 collectors not complying with any of the requirements of this act he shall
14 be held on his official bond for the full amount of all taxes and special
15 assessments charged against him: *Provided*, that any such failure on the
16 part of the county collector shall not be allowed as a valid objection to the
17 collection of any tax or assessment or to a rendition of judgment against
18 any delinquent lands or lots included in the application of the county
19 collector: *And provided further*, that on the application for judgment at
20 such subsequent term it shall not be deemed necessary to set forth or
21 establish the reasons of such failure: *And provided further*, that in counties
22 where probate courts have been or may hereafter be established, such appli-
23 cation for judgment may be made to the May term of the county court.

§ 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect
2 and be in force from and after its passage.

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- 1. Introduced by Mr. Craig, January 16, 1891.
 - 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 14 of an act entitled "An act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale upon execution, and from distress for rent," approved May 24, 1877, and in force July 1, 1877.

Section 14. Whenever any debtor against whom an execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant, has been issued, desires to avail himself or herself of the benefit of this act, he or she shall within ten days after written notice, which may be in the following form:

To you are hereby notified that an execution in favor of and against you has been issued by for the sum of dollars and if you desire to avail yourself of the benefit of the exemption laws you are required to file a schedule of your personal property with me within ten days from this date.

10 Signed
11 of the execution, attachment or distress warrant, make a schedule of all of
12 his or her personal property of every kind and character, including money
13 on hand and debts due and owing to the debtor, and deliver the same to
14 the officer holding the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant,
15 which said schedule shall be subscribed and sworn to by the debtor, and
16 any property owned by the debtor and not included in said schedule shall
17 not be exempt as aforesaid.

18 And also tender to said constable the sum of one dollar as his fees, and
19 also one dollar and fifty cents for the fees of three householders to be summoned
20 as appraisers, and thereupon the officer having the execution, writ of
21 attachment or distress warrant shall summons three householders, who after
22 being duly sworn to fairly and impartially appraise the property of the
23 debtor shall fix a fair valuation upon each article contained in said
24 schedule and the debtor shall then select from such schedule the articles
25 he or she may desire to retain, the aggregate value of which shall not
26 exceed the amount exempted to which he or she may be entitled and
27 deliver the remainder to the officer having the writ, and the officer having
28 such writ is hereby authorized to administer the oaths required herein of
29 the debtor and appraisers.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Vinton January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the exemption from taxation of public highways.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all the public highways used by the public
3 and controlled by the public officers, not to exceed sixty-six feet in width,
4 shall be exempt from taxation.

1. Introduced by Mr. Vinton January 16, 1891.
2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Federal Relations.

A BILL

For an act ceding to the United States of America exclusive jurisdiction over certain structures and lands in the County of Rock Island, State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 in the General Assembly, That exclusive jurisdiction over the following described structures and lands in the County of Rock Island, State of Illinois, be and is hereby ceded to the United States of America, viz.:

5 First—Over that portion of the Rock Island bridge across the Mississippi river connecting the island of Rock Island with the city of Davenport, Iowa, which is south of the middle of the main channel of the said river.

8 Second—Over the whole of the Rock Island wagon bridge which connects the island of Rock Island with the city of Rock Island.

10 Third—Over the plat of ground occupied by the abutments and wagon approach to the Rock Island wagon bridge, and particularly described in the deeds filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Rock Island county, Illinois.

14 Fourth—Over the plat of ground which may be acquired by the United States as a site for a viaduct and approach thereto from the south end of the Rock Island wagon bridge between the island of Rock Island and the city of Rock Island, over the railroad tracks which adjoin the approach to said bridge: *Provided,* that this act shall not be held or construed to add

19 to, diminish or prejudice any rights or privileges now held by any railroad
20 company to use the lands so acquired for the purpose of a railroad track.

§ 2. Be it further enacted, that the structures and lands and other
2 property which may now or hereafter be therein, shall be forever exempted
3 from all State, county and municipal taxation and assessment whatever as
4 long as the same may be held by the United States.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Dearborn, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to authorize cities and villages to acquire, construct and maintain electric plants and gas plants, for the production of electricity and gas, and to produce the same for fuel, heating, lighting and power purposes, and to amend an act entitled "An act for the incorporation of cities and villages."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the city council in cities, and president and
3 the board of trustees in villages shall have power to acquire, locate,
4 construct, complete, extend, rebuild or renew and enlarge electric plants
5 for the production of electricity for lighting and heating purposes and gas
6 plants for the production of gas for fuel, illuminating and power purposes,
7 including the acquisition of all necessary real estate and easements, by con-
8 demnation, or otherwise, and the purchase and putting down all necessary
9 gas mains and pipes in streets, highways and other places, when and where
10 necessary for the proper distribution of such gas, and also the necessary
11 conduits or other means for the distribution of such electricity; and also to
12 manufacture, produce, supply and distribute such gas and electricity for
13 the purposes aforesaid, and to assess and tax all persons, including the city
14 or village, as the case may be, that shall use such gas or electricity or both,
15 such rates of compensation therefor and collect the same, as the city

16 council or the president and board of trustees, as the case may be,
17 shall deem necessary, to pay all reasonable and proper costs, charges
18 and expense of maintaining in a good and efficient condition and re-
19 pair such electric plant or gas plant, as the case may be, and of manufac-
20 turing, producing, supplying and distributing such electricity or gas and
21 collecting such rates.

22 That the acquiring, locating, constructing, completing, extending, rebuild-
23 ing, renewing or enlarging of such electric plant or gas plant, including the
24 acquisition of the necessary real estate and easements, and the purchase of
25 gas mains and pipes and putting them down as aforesaid, for the proper
26 distribution of such electricity to the consumers thereof, may be made by
27 special assessment or special taxation of contiguous property, or by general
28 taxation or both, or otherwise, in the same manner and with like effect as
29 other local improvements in cities and villages are or shall be provided
30 for by law to be made by the corporate authorities thereof and paid for.

31 That such city council and the president and the board of trustees shall
32 have power to provide by ordinance that such electricity or gas used or
33 consumed in any building or any lot or piece of land, shall become a lien
34 and charge on such lot or piece of land and such building, to continue until
35 such electricity or gas shall have been paid for, or such lien otherwise law-
36 fully discharged. And if the city or village, as the case may be, shall so
37 provide, and such lien or charge shall be created as above indicated, then
38 the city or village having such lien may file its bill in equity to enforce
39 and foreclose it, in the same manner and with like effect as if the same
40 were a lien by mortgage lawfully created by the owner or owners of such
41 property in favor of such city or village, as the case may be; and if the
42 city or village shall succeed in its suit, it shall be entitled to a decree for
43 the amount due for such electricity or gas and interest thereon at eight
44 per cent. per annum from the time it should have been paid, together with

45 costs of suit and reasonable solicitor's fee, and for the sale of the property
46 as in case of foreclosure of mortgage.

47 That the city council and president of the board of trustees shall, re-
48 spectively, have power to make all needful and proper ordinances, rules and
49 regulations touching the management and control of such electric plants
50 and gas plants, the manufacturing, producing, distributing, use and con-
51 sumption of such electricity and gas, and keeping such plants in good
52 and efficient condition and repair, and to carry out fully and completely all
53 other powers and authority conferred upon them, respectively, by virtue
54 hereof, whether expressed or implied; and to the end, also, that the object
55 of this act may be fully and completely accomplished or carried into full
56 and complete effect and operation, according to the true intent, meaning
57 and purpose hereof, the language hereof shall be liberally taken and con-
58 strued by all judges and courts.

1. Introduced by Brown, January 16, 1891.
2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of chapter seventy-four (74), of "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 21, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section four (4) be amended by striking out
3 the word and figure eight (8) and inserting in lieu thereof the word
4 and figure six (6).
5 Amend section six (6) by striking out the word and figure eight (8)
6 and inserting in lieu thereof the word and figure six (6).
7 Amend section eight (8) by striking out the word eight and in-
8 serting in lieu thereof the word six.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Geher, January 16, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 16, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act entitled, "An act to provide for an act for the disposition of money
derived from Liquor License."

That all taxes derived from license granted to any person or
2 persons to engage in the sale of malt or intoxicating liquors shall
3 be held in such wards, precincts, towns or counties where such license may
4 be granted, and all monies or taxes so derived shall be appropriated for
5 educational purposes in such wards, precincts, towns or counties and no
6 such monies shall be used for public or State purposes except as herein
7 named, nor shall any ward, precinct, town or county except such as grant
8 liquor license within its limits be entitled to any of the proceeds of such
9 license.

1. Introduced by Mr. Boul, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend rule fifth, of "An act in regard to the descent of property," approved April 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That rule fifth be amended as follows:

"Fifth—If there is no child of the intestate, or decendent of such child,
2 and no parent, brother or sister, or descendant of such parent, brother or
3 sister, and no widow or surviving husband, then such estate shall descend
4 to uncles and aunts, the descendants of uncles and aunts taking the share
5 their parents would have taken if alive."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Brooks, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to make it unlawful for any person to wear the badge or emblems of the grand army of the republic, or to use the same to obtain aid or assistance thereby from any elector of the State of Illinois, and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That it shall be unlawful for any person to wear or use the badge or any of the emblems of the grand army of the republic to obtain aid or assistance thereby from any elector of the State of Illinois, unless he shall have been honorably discharged and be entitled to wear or use the same under the rules and regulations of the grand army of the republic.

§ 2. Any person convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of section one of this act shall be deemed by the court guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars and not more than two hundred dollars.

37th Assem.

HOUSE.

May 1891

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 177.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 8, 1891, ordered printed
May 8, 1891.

1. Strike out the words "elector of the State of Illinois," in line 4 of section one of the printed bill and insert in lieu thereof the word "person."

1. Introduced by Mr. Carson January, 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20 and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an act giving legislative assent to the purpose of the grants made in the act of Congress approved August 30, 1890, entitled an act to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public lands to the more perfect endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts established under the provisions of "An act of Congress approved July 2, 1862, and appropriating to the University of Illinois the moneys granted in said act."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the assent of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois be, and the same is hereby, given to the purpose of the act of the Congress of the United States, approved August 30, 1890, entitled an act to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public lands to the more perfect endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts, established under the provisions of an act of Congress approved July 2, 1862.

§ 2 The sum or sums of money which may have accrued, or may hereafter, before the first day of July, 1893, accrue to the State of Illinois, under the provisions of the act of Congress as aforesaid, are hereby appropriated to the University of Illinois, and whenever any portion of said money shall be received by the State Treasurer it shall immediately be due and payable into the treasury of the said University.

§ 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed
2 to draw his warrant on the treasurer for the sums hereby appropriated, upon
3 the order of the president of the board of trustees of the said University,
4 countersigned by its secretary, and with the corporate seal of the said Uni-
5 versity.

§ 4. Whereas, an emergency exists, this act shall go into effect immedi-
2 ately after its passage.

*2. Introduced by Mr. Craig, January 20, 1891.

2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Farm Drainage.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the dissolution of drainage districts.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That in any case where a drainage district is
3 organized under the "Farm Drainage" act of this State, that the same shall
4 be dissolved by the order of the county court of the county in which the
5 district was organized, on petition signed by the same number of adult
6 owners of lands and owning the same amount of lands that is required by
7 the law to organize such district.

§ 2. That the affidavit of two creditable signers of the petition that they
2 have examined the petition, and that they are acquainted with the locality
3 of the district sought to be dissolved, and that they believe that the petition
4 is signed by a majority of adult owners of land in said district and that
5 said signers are the owners of more than one-third of the lands in said
6 district or by the owners of the major part of the land and who constitutes
7 one-third or more of the owners of the land in the said district, shall be
8 taken as prima facie evidence of the facts set forth in said petition.

§ 3. That the petition shall be filed by petitioners in the county court
2 and shall be heard by the county court at either a probate or a law term,
3 and the court shall be open at all times to hear the same, and that notice
4 shall be given by a summons on the drainage commissioners as in chancery

5 cases ten days before the day fixed for the trial in the summons.

§ 4. That any person interested may appear and contest the allegations
2 in the petition, and if the court shall find that the petition is signed by
3 the requisite number of adult owners owning the requisite amount of land,
4 the court shall order the district to be dissolved: *Provided*, that the disso-
5 lution shall not affect the validity of any indebtedness against the district,
6 but shall preclude the district from making any new debts or making any
7 other ditch or ditches, drain or drains, or doing any act whatsoever, except
8 to assess or collect money necessary to pay debts of the district or to assess
9 and collect money to defray the necessary expenses in defending the district
10 against any suits that may be instituted against the district for any alleged
11 indebtedness or for any and all alleged claims against the district, and any
12 interested party may appeal to the circuit court of the proper county.

§ 5. That if at any time not less than one year after the dissolution of
2 any drainage district as herein provided a like number of land owners
3 within such district shall petition the county court to restore the organiza-
4 tion of such district as it was before such dissolution, the county court
5 shall examine said petition and if he shall find that it is subscribed to by
6 the requisite number of adult land owners within said district he shall
7 enter an order restoring such organization, a certified copy of which order
8 shall be filed with the town clerk in which said district is organized, he
9 shall immediately spread the same on the drainage record and thereafter
10 the organization of such district shall be in all respects the same as if it
11 had not been dissolved.

§ 6. Nothing in this act shall be construed to permit any person to
2 obstruct or in any wise prevent the use or proper workings of ditch or
3 drain, establish in any such district or the repealing of the penalties for
4 injuries done to any ditch or drain.

§ 7. If any such dissolved district owns any property either real or
2 personal it shall be sold by an order of the county court directed to the

3 master in chancery in said county, whose duty it shall be to advertise and
4 sell such property in the manner otherwise provided by law and the proceeds
5 of such sale shall be turned over to the county treasurer to be used in such
6 manner as the county court may direct.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 179.

Adopted by House of Representatives May 11, 1891, ordered printed May 11, 1891.

1. Amend by striking out the words "farm drainage" in line 3 of printed bill, and insert the following: "An act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes and to repeal certain acts therein named,' approved June 27, 1885, in force July 1, 1885."

2. Strike out the words in lines 6 and 7 on first page of printed bill between the word "district" in line 6, and the word "shall" in line 7.

3. Amend by striking out the figures and letters "37th," in the enacting clause of the bill.

1. Introduced by Mr. Denham, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend section seventy-two (72) of "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section seventy-two of "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 72. Township treasurers shall receive in full for their services a compensation to be fixed, prior to their election, by the trustees of schools; school directors or other school officers performing like duties shall receive for their services the sum of one dollar for each regular or special meeting required by law; and they shall not be exempted from road labor or from paying poll tax for road purposes or from military duty.

Section 3. Any act or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Donaldson, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Canals and River Improvements.
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A BILL

For an act concerning the removal of drifts and obstructions in water courses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That owners of land shall remove and keep clear of
3 drifts and all obstructions all creeks and water courses, rivers not included,
4 that pass through their lands, so far as their land goes, and where such
5 creeks is the division line the owners on each side shall clear such creeks
6 jointly so far as said creek touch their lands.

§ 2. Any person or persons violating this act shall upon conviction before
2 any judge or justice of the peace be fined in a sum of not less than five
3 nor more than twenty-five dollars for each offense, said fine when collected
4 to be added to school fund of the township where the person fined resides.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Donaldson, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act exempting soldiers from road labor.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all soldiers that served in the union army in
3 the late rebellion be exempt from pole tax or labor on the public highways.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Donaldson, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License.

A BILL

For an act concerning dram shop license.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That any person or persons keeping a dram shop
3 in this State shall pay into the county treasurer of the county where
4 such dram shop is licensed one-half of the amount of license charged such
5 dram shop.

§ 2. All such sums collected by the county treasurer shall be used as the
2 general county funds.

§ 3. And all laws conflicting with this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved June 1, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved May 14, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved June 1, 1889, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hunt, pursue, kill, trap, net or ensnare, or otherwise destroy any wild- buck, doe or fawn or wild turkey, between the fifteenth day of January and the first day of September of each and every year, or any pinnated grouse or prairie chicken, between the first day of November and the first day of September of the succeeding year, or any ruffled grouse, quail, pheasant or partridge between the first day of January and the first day of November of each succeeding year or any year, or any gray, red, fox or black squirrel between the fifteenth day of December and the first day of June of each succeeding year or any year, or any woodcock between the fifteenth day of Septem-

ber and the fifteenth day of July of each succeeding year or any year, or any dove between the first day of January and the first day of August of each succeeding year or any year; and it shall be unlawful to kill, hunt, destroy, snare, entrap, or attempt to kill, hunt, snare, entrap or otherwise destroy any wild goose, duck, brant or other water fowl at any time between the fifteenth day of April and the fifteenth day of September of any year; and it shall be unlawful to hunt, kill, trap, ensnare, or attempt to hunt, kill, trap, ensnare, or otherwise destroy any wild goose, brant, duck rail or other water fowl between sunset of any day and sunrise of the next succeeding day, at any period of the year; and it shall further be unlawful, at any time, to hunt, kill, trap or ensnare, or to attempt to hunt, kill, trap or ensnare or otherwise destroy any wild goose, brant, duck or other water fowl from any fixed or artificial ambush beyond a natural covering of reeds, canes, flags, wild rice or other vegetation above the water of any lake, river, bay or inlet or other water course wholly within this State, or in such part of such stream or water course wholly within this State, or with the aid and use of any device commonly called sneak boat, sink box or other device used for the purpose of concealment in the open waters of this State; and it shall further be unlawful to shoot, kill or destroy or shoot at any wild goose, duck, brant or other water fowl with a swivel gun, or from any sail boat or steam boat, at any time, in any part of the water of any lake, river, bay or inlet or other water course wholly within this State, or in that part of such stream or water course wholly within this State; and any person so offending shall, for each and every offense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars and costs of suit, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fines and costs are paid: *Provided*, that such imprisonment shall not exceed ten days, and the killing of each bird or animal herein specified shall be deemed a separate offense.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section fifty-seven (57) and section sixty-four (64) of an act entitled "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization, and repeal an act or parts of acts therein named," approved June 23, 1883, in force July 1, 1883.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section fifty-seven (57) and section sixty-four
3 (64) of an act entitled "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties
4 under township organization, and to repeal an act and part of acts therein
5 named," approved June 23, 1883, in force July 1, 1883, be, and the same is
6 amended to read as follows, to-wit:

Section 57. Public roads may be established, altered, widened or
2 vacated on county or township lines, or from one township to another, and
3 in case a railroad right of way or stream of water joins the boundary line
5 of such township or county line, then along the line of such railroad right
6 of way or stream of water in the same manner as other public roads, except
7 that in such cases a copy of the petition shall be posted up in and pre-
8 sented to the commissioners of each town interested, said petition to be as
9 in other cases, and signed by not less than twelve (12) land owners residing
10 in either township or county within three miles of the road to be so altered,
11 condemned, vacated, located or laid out. Whereupon it shall be the duty

12 of the commissioners of the several towns to meet and and act as one body,
13 in the same time and manner as in other cases, in considering the petition,
14 viewing the premises, adjusting damages, and making all orders in reference
15 to such proposed road, alteration, widening, or vacation, and a majority of
16 all such commissioners must concur in all such orders, and a copy of all
17 final orders, and plats and papers shall be filed and recorded in each of the
18 counties and towns interested.

Section 64. All roads heretofore or hereafter laid out upon town or
2 county lines shall be divided, allotted and kept in repair in the manner as
3 hereinbefore directed. Any public road that is or shall be laid out on any
4 county or town line, and in case a railroad right of way or stream of water
5 forms the boundary line of town or county, or crowds the public road off
6 from such town or county line, then the road alongside of such railroad
7 right of way or stream of water, shall be held to be a road on a county
8 or town line, although owing to the typography of the ground along such
9 county or town line, or at the crossing of any stream of water the proper
10 authorities in eatablishing or locating such road may have located a portion
11 of the same to one side of such county or town line or railroad right of
12 way, or stream of water, and the expenses of keeping in repair such road
13 shall be assessed by each town or county interested.

37th Assem.

HOUSE.

May 1891

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL No. 185.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 8, 1891, ordered printed
May 8, 1891.

Amend line 10 of section 57 by striking out the word "three" and insert the word "two."

1. Introduced by Mr. Hayes, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act entitled, "An act to provide for an additional remedy for the protection of game and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds and for the appointment of game wardens and defining the powers and duties of the same," approved June 27, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections 1 and 2 of said act be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That the Governor of the State shall appoint three game wardens, one for each of the three largest cities in the State, whose term of office shall be for two years, or until their successor or successors are appointed; and, also, upon petition of twenty or more citizens of any county in which no game warden shall have been appointed, the Governor shall appoint a game warden for that county. Said game wardens shall receive no salary from the State for their services, but shall receive a portion of the fines and proceeds of sale, as hereinafter provided: *Provided, however,* if the State shall provide a tax on guns, then the proceeds of such tax, less expense of collecting the same, shall be paid to the warden in proportion to the amount collected from the county wherein he is appointed.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of such game warden to prosecute persons and

2 corporations having in their possession game, deer, wild fowl and birds
3 contrary to law, and also to enforce the game laws of this State, and he is
4 authorized to seize and take possession of, on sight, any game, wild fowl or
5 birds he may believe to be in the possession of any person or corporation
6 unlawfully, and, upon such seizure, he shall at once make complaint before
7 a justice of the peace, in the county where such seizure is made, whereupon
8 said justice shall issue a summons against the owner or person or corpora-
9 tion in whose possession such game, deer, wild fowl or bird was found, which
10 summons shall at once be served on said owner or person or corporation,
11 returnable within not less than twelve or more than twenty-four hours from
12 the date thereof; thereupon such further proceeding shall be had in said
13 cause as provided in sections 4, 5 and 6 of this act.

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1. Introduced by Mr. McKittrick, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections three, four, six and fourteen of an act entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to fences," approved March 22, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act entitled, "An act to amend section three, chapter fifty-four, an act to revise the law in relation to fences," approved March 22, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, approved June 1, 1889, in force July 1, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections three, four, six and fourteen of an act entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to fences," approved March 22, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act entitled, "An act to amend section three, chapter fifty-four, an act to revise the law in relation to fences," approved March 22, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, approved June 1, 1889, in force July 1, 1889, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. When two or more persons shall have lands adjoining, each of them shall make and maintain a just proportion of the division fence between them, unless the owner of either of the adjoining lands shall choose to let such land lie uninclosed, and if said fence shall be a hedge fence, then the owner or owners of such hedge shall, during the year after such hedge has attained the age of seven years, cut back or trim such hedge fence to a height not to exceed four feet, and shall at least once in every

8 two years thereafter, cut back or trim such hedge fence to the height of
 9 five feet: *Provided*, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to
 10 any hedge fence protecting either an orchard or building or wind-break not
 11 to exceed thirty rods. If the owner or owners of such hedge fence shall
 12 fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act, on or before the
 13 fifteenth day of June, in the year that said hedge should be cut or trim-
 14 med, any one of the owners of such division fence, having complied with
 15 the provisions of this act, may give the owner or owners, or their agents,
 16 of any such uncut or untrimmed hedge, ten days notice, in writing, to cut
 17 or trim such hedge; and should the owner or owners or their agents, so
 18 notified fail or refuse to comply with said act it shall be lawful for the
 19 person giving said notice to cut or trim or cause to be cut or trimmed, in
 20 accordance with law, and the cost and damage of cutting or trimming such
 21 hedge may be recovered off of the owner or owners of such hedge before a
 22 justice of a peace or any court of competent jurisdiction.

Section 4. When any person shall have chosen to let his land lie unin-
 2 closed, if he shall afterwards inclose the same, or if any owner of land
 3 adjoining upon the inclosure of another shall inclose the same upon the
 4 inclosure of another, he shall refund to the owner of the adjoining lands a
 5 just proportion of the value at that time of any division fence that shall
 6 have been made by such adjoining owner, if the same shall be a ditch or
 7 hedge, and if the same be not a ditch or hedge, he shall immediately build
 8 his proportion of such division fence, or refund to said adjoining owner a
 9 just proportion of the value at that time of such fence.

Section 6. If any person neglects to erect, repair or rebuild a division
 2 fence or portion thereof, which he ought to maintain, any two fence viewers
 3 of the town or precinct, as the case may be, shall, on complaint by the
 4 party aggrieved, after giving due notice to each party, examine such fence
 5 and if they deem the same to be insufficient, they shall so notify the
 6 delinquent party, and direct him to erect, repair or rebuild the same

7 within such time as they deem reasonable.

Section 14. If any person is disposed to remove a division fence or part
2 thereof, owned by him, and suffer his land to lie uninclosed, after having given
3 the adjoining owner one year's notice, in writing, of his intention so to do
4 he may, at any time thereafter, remove the same, unless such adjoining
5 owner shall previously cause the value of said fence to be ascertained by
6 fence viewers, selected as hereinbefore provided, and pay or tender the
7 same to such person.

1. Introduced by Mr. Miller, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and villages to purchase or construct gas and electric works.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all cities, incorporated towns and villages in
3 this State be and are hereby authorized and shall have power to provide
4 for a supply of gas or electricity for municipal purposes, and for the use
5 of the inhabitants of such cities, incorporated towns or villages, by the
6 erection, construction and maintaining a system of gas or electric works, or
7 by uniting with any adjacent city, incorporated town or village in the
8 erection, construction and maintaining of a system of gas or electric works
9 for the joint use of such cities, incorporated towns or villages, or by procur-
10 ing such supply of gas or electricity from any adjacent city, incorporated
11 town or village already having gas or electric works: *Provided,* that all
12 contracts for the erection or construction of such works or any part thereof
13 shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder therefor upon not less than
14 three weeks' public notice of the terms and conditions upon which the con-
15 tract is to be let, having been given by publication in a newspaper published
16 in such city, town or village, or if no newspaper is published therein, then
17 in some newspaper published in the county: *And, provided, further,* that no
18 member of the city council or board of trustees or mayor shall be directly

19 or indirectly interested in any such contract, and in all cases the council or
20 board of trustees, as the case may be, shall have the right to reject any and
21 all bids that may not be satisfactory to them.

§ 2. Such cities, incorporated towns and villages may borrow money and
2 levy and collect a general tax in the same manner as other municipal taxes
3 may be levied and collected, for the erection, construction and maintaining
4 of such gas or electric works, and appropriate money for the same.

§ 3. For the purpose of erecting, constructing, locating, maintaining or
2 supplying such gas or electric works, any such city, incorporated town or
3 village shall have the power to take, hold and acquire and condemn any
4 and all necessary property and real estate for the location, erection, construc-
5 tion and maintenance of such gas or electric works, in the manner provided
6 for the taking and condemning of private property for public use; and may
7 also acquire and hold real estate and other property and rights necessary
8 for the location, erection, construction and maintenance of such gas or elec-
9 tric works, by purchase or otherwise.

§ 4. The common council of such cities, or trustees of such towns or
2 villages, shall have power to make and enforce all needful rules and regu-
3 lations in the erection, construction and management of such gas or electric
4 works, and for the use of gas or electricity supplied by the same. And
5 such cities, towns and villages shall have the right and power to tax, assess
6 and collect from the inhabitants thereof such tax, rent or rates for the use
7 and benefit of gas or electricity used or supplied to them by such gas or
8 electric works as the common council or board of trustees, as the case may
9 be, shall deem just and expedient. And all such taxes, rates or rents shall
10 be a lien upon the premises and real estate upon or for which the same is
11 used or supplied. And such taxes, rates or rents shall be paid or collected
12 and such lien enforced in such manner as the common council or board of
13 trustees, as the case may be, shall by ordinance direct and provide.

§ 5. The expense of erecting, locating and constructing lamp-posts, poles

2 for electric wires or other conductors of electricity, laying gas-mains, pipes,
 3 or laying underground or stretching upon poles, wires or other conductors
 4 of electricity, together with the necessary feeders, service wires and con-
 5 ductors, or such part of such expense as may [be just and lawful, may be
 6 assessed upon and collected from the property and real estate specially
 7 benefited thereby, if any, in such manner as may be provided for the
 8 making of special assessments for other public improvements in such cities,
 9 towns or villages.

§ 6. All the income received by such cities, towns or villages from such
 2 gas or electric works from the payment and collection of such taxes, rent
 3 or rates, shall be kept in a separate fund, and shall first be applied in the
 4 payment and discharge of the cost, interest on bonds or money borrowed
 5 and used in the erection and construction of such gas or electric works and
 6 running expense thereof. And any surplus may be applied in such manner
 7 as the common council or board of trustees may direct.

§ 7. That whenever the corporate authorities of any such city, town or
 2 village shall provide by ordinance for the laying of gas or main pipes, or
 3 the laying or construction of electric wires or other conductors of electricity,
 4 to be paid for by a special assessment to be made under the provisions of
 5 article nine 9) of the act of the General Assembly entitled, "An act to
 6 provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10,
 7 A. D. 1872, such corporate authorities may, in their discretion, provide in
 8 such ordinance, or by an ordinance to be adopted at any time prior to the
 9 issuance of the warrant to the collector for the collection of such assessment,
 10 that the amount of the estimated cost of such improvement shall be provided
 11 for in the following manner, to-wit: That the bonds of the city, town or
 12 village, as the case may be, shall be issued for such portion of the estimated
 13 cost of such improvement as shall be apportioned to the city, town or
 14 village as public benefit, payable at such time or times, within twenty years,
 15 as may be provided by said ordinance; or it may in such ordinance be

16 provided that all or any portion of the amount so apportioned as public
 17 benefits may be made by general taxation in accordance with the provisions
 18 contained in said article nine, and that the portion of said estimated cost
 19 which shall be assessed upon property specially benefited, shall be payable
 20 in such annual installments, not exceeding ten in number, as may in such
 21 ordinance be prescribed: *Provided*, that nothing in this section shall
 22 authorize any city, town or village to issue such bonds to an amount,
 23 including all existing indebtedness, in excess of the charter, statutory or
 24 constitutional limitation of the indebtedness of such city, town or village.

§ 8. Whenever such corporate authorities shall have provided by ordinance
 2 for the making of such improvement in the manner prescribed in section
 3 seven of this act, the first installment of the amount assessed upon property
 4 specially benefited shall be payable immediately upon the issuance, by the
 5 clerk of such city, town or village, of his warrant to the collector; and the
 6 subsequent installments shall be payable annually thereafter, with interest
 7 until paid at such rate as shall be prescribed in such ordinance, not exceed-
 8 ing eight per cent. per annum.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. —.

Amendments to House Bill No. — , adopted by the House of Representatives
 May 7, 1889, ordered printed May 7, 1889.

First—Amend by inserting in the title, between the words “to” and
 2 “contract,” the words “purchase or.”

3 Second—Amend by inserting between the words “villages” and “by,” in
 4 line 5, section 1, of printed bill, the words “by the purchase and maintaining
 5 of or.”

6 Third—Amend by inserting between the words “maintain” and “a,” in line
7 6, section 1, of printed bill, the word “of.”

8 Fourth—Amend by inserting between the words “village” and “in,” in line
9 7, section 1, of printed bill, the words “in the purchase and maintaining
10 of or.”

11 Fifth—Amend by inserting between the words ‘contract’ and “and,” line
12 19, section 1, of printed bill, the words “or in any contract of purchase.”

13 Sixth—Amend by inserting between the words “collected,” and “for,” line
14 3, of section 2, of printed bill, the words “for the purchase and maintaining
15 of or.”

16 Seventh—Amend by inserting between the words ‘propose’ and “of,” in
17 line 1, section 3, of printed bill, the words “of purchasing and maintaining or.”

18 Eighth—Amend by striking out the word “maintain,” in line 1, section 3,
19 of printed bill, and insert the word “maintaining.”

20 Ninth—Amend by inserting between the words “estate” and “for,” line 4,
21 section 3, printed bill, the words “for the purchase of or.”

22 Tenth—Amend by inserting between the words “necessary” and “for,” in
23 line 8, section 3, of printed bill, the words “for the purchase and maintaining
24 of or.”

25 Eleventh—Amend by inserting between the words “regulations” and “in,”
26 in line 3, section 4, of printed bill, the words “in the purchase of or.”

27 Twelfth—Amend by inserting between the words “expense” and “of,” in
28 line 1, section 5, of printed bill, the words “of purchasing or.”

29 Thirteenth—Amend by inserting between the words “electricity and
30 laying,” line 2, of section 5, of printed bill, the words “of purchasing or.”

31 Fourteenth—Amend by inserting between the words “pipes,” in line 2, of
32 section 5, and the word “or,” in line 3, of section 5, of printed bill, the words
33 “or purchasing.”

34 Fifteenth—Amend by inserting between the words “or” and “stretching,”
35 in line 3, section 5, printed bill, the words “purchasing or.”

36 Sixteenth—Amend by inserting between the words “used” and “in,” line
37 5, section 6, printed bill, the words “in the purchase of or.”

38 Seventeenth—Amend by inserting between the words “ordinance” and
39 “for,” line 2 of section 7, printed bill, the words “for the purchasing or.”

40 Eighteenth—Amend by inserting between the word “or,” at the end of
41 line 2, section 7, and the word “the” in line 3, section 7, of printed bill,
42 the words “the purchasing of or.”

43 Nineteenth—Amend by inserting between the words “cost” and “of,” in
44 line 13, section 7, printed bill, the words “of such purchase or.”

45 Twentieth—Amend by inserting between the word “ordinance,” line 1,
46 section 8, and the word “for,” line 2, section 8, of printed bill, the words
47 “for the purchase of or.”

1. Introduced by Mr. Neal, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved May 21, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 11 of article II of "An act to estab-
3 lish and maintain a system of free schools," approved May 21, 1889, and in
4 force July 1, 1889, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
5 follows:

§ 11. County superintendents shall receive in full, for all services ren-
2 dered by them, in the sale of any land they may sell by virtue of their
3 office and for the distribution and loaning of school money, commissions as
4 follows: Three per cent. commission upon the amount of sales of school
5 lands, or sales of lands upon mortgage, or of sales of real estate taken for
6 debt, including all services therewith. Two per cent. commission upon all
7 sums distributed, paid or loaned out by them for the support of schools.

8 For all other duties required by law to be performed by them, the county
9 board shall fix the compensation not exceeding the following: Four dollars
10 a day for such number of days as shall be spent in the actual performance
11 of their duties, not exceeding the number fixed by the county boards in

12 counties in which the boards are given power to fix the number of days by
13 section 9 of this acticle of this act, and one dollar a day for expenses for
14 the number of days actually spent in school visitation: *Provided*, that such
15 compensation shall be fixed by the county board not later than the June
16 meeting of the year in which a county superintendent is to be elected.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act in regard to elevated railways.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That no corporation or corporations shall construct
3 and maintain, in any street or alley in any incorporated city or village, any
4 elevated railway, except by permission of the city council or board of
5 trustees of such city or village, such permission to be granted upon a peti-
6 tion of the owners of the lands representing more than one-half of the
7 entire frontage—between the termini of such proposed elevated railway—of
8 the streets or alleys sought to be used for elevated railway purposes:
9 *Provided,* no such permission shall be granted unless at least ten (10) days
10 public notice of the presentation of such petition shall have been first given
11 by publication in some newspaper published in the city or county where such
12 railway is proposed to be constructed.

§ 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

§ 3. Whereas, an emergency exists for the passage of this act, the same
2 shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to define usury, to provide penalties for violation of same and to repeal all acts or parts of acts conflicting therewith.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That usury is the unlawful charging of a higher
3 rate of interest or discount than the maximum rate established by law.

§ 2. Whoever shall by himself or another, either as principal, attorney,
2 clerk, servant or agent, directly or indirectly, demand or receive any greater
3 per cent. of discount or interest than that established by law as the maxi-
4 mum rate on any money lent for the use of another, on any promissory
5 bond, bill or other instrument of writing, on money due on the settlement
6 of account from the day of liquidating the accounts and ascertaining the
7 balance, on money received for the use of another and retained without the
8 owner's knowledge, on money withheld by an unreasonable and vexatious
9 delay of payment, or shall receive or demand for obtaining for use of another
10 any interest, per cent. or discount over and above such established legal
11 rate, or shall demand, either as agent or principal, any payment whatsoever
12 other than the established legal rate of interest, shall be deemed guilty of
13 usury within the meaning of this act, and shall be fined not less than twenty
14 dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for the first offense,

15 and not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred
16 dollars (\$500) and imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty
17 (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days, at the discretion of the court.

§ 3. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. O'Loughlin, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to fix the compenstion of trustees of schools and to provide for
the payment of the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That trustees of schools be allowed the sum of one
3 dollar and fifty cents per day for all time necessarily spent in the perform-
4 ance of their duties, and the same shall be payable out of any distributable
5 funds in the hands of the township treasurer.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, and ordered printed.
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A BILL

For an act concerning religious corporations.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That any diocesan convention, or any council, synod, presbytery, conference, association, consociation or other general organization for ecclesiastical or religious purposes, existing in any church or religious denomination in this State, and which, according to the polity, canons, customs or usages of such church or denomination is composed of, or represents, several parishes, congregations or particular churches may organize as, or form, a corporation, with perpetual succession in the manner hereinafter provided.

§ 2. Any such convention, council, synod, presbytery, conference, association, consociation or other general organization for ecclesiastical purposes, desiring to organize as, or form, a corporation under this act, may adopt a canon or resolution in which it shall be stated *

First—Its purpose to organize and form a corporation under this act.

Second—The name of such proposed corporation.

Third—The name of the ecclesiastical body, church or denomination so forming such corporation, and the district or territorial limits over which it exercises jurisdiction.

10 Fourth—The official titles of the officers (such as president, trustees or
11 otherwise) by whom the powers of such corporation are to be exercised.

12 Fifth—By whom, and the manner in which, such officers shall be elected,
13 or appointed, and the length of their official terms respectively: *Provided*,
14 that the convention or other ecclesiastical body organizing such corporation
15 may, if it so elects, declare that its diocesan or other chief ecclesiastical
16 officer may, *ex-officio*, be a member and the president of such board of trustees
17 or other body of officers so elected or appointed to exercise the powers of
18 such corporation.

19 Sixth—The names and postoffice address of those appointed or elected as
20 the first board of trustees or other officers.

21 Seventh—A specification of the powers which may be exercised by such
22 board of trustees or other officers not in conflict with the laws of this State.

§ 3. A copy of such resolutions or canon, certified to by the presiding
2 officer of the body passing the same and attested and verified by the affidavit
3 of its clerk or secretary, may be filed in the office of the Secretary of State,
4 and the Secretary of State shall thereupon issue a certificate of incorpora-
5 tion as provided in cases of other incorporated societies and associations,
6 and upon such filing such corporation shall from thenceforth be deemed to
7 be duly formed and organized. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of
8 State to record in a suitable book to be kept for that purpose all such res-
9 olutions or canons, so attested and certified and filed in his office, and to
10 keep a registry of all corporations formed under this act; and the said canon
11 or resolution, together* with the certificate of the Secretary of State, shall
12 be duly recorded in the recorder's office in the county in which said cor-
13 poration is organized.

§ 4. The convention or other body forming or organizing such corpora-
2 tion, and its successors may, by the adoption of canons or resolutions, amend

3 or modify the canon or resolutions under which such corporation was organ-
4 ized in such manner as it may think proper, so only as not to conflict with
5 the laws of this State. Such amendment, attested and certified to as above,
6 shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State before the same shall
7 take effect, and shall be recorded in like manner as the original.

§ 5. Any corporation formed under this act may acquire real and per-
2 sonal property by purchase, gift, grant, devise and bequest, and may own
3 and hold the same for religious, charitable or educational purposes in
4 connection with, or under the auspices of, the ecclesiastical body, church
5 or denomination so forming such corporation; and may, as trustee, also be
6 vested with and hold the title to such property as may be conveyed to or
7 vested in it as trustee for religious, charitable or educational purposes, for
8 the use of any particular parish, church, society or congregation connected
9 with such ecclesiastical body, church or denomination. And any property
10 now held in trust by any person, corporation or trustees for the use and
11 benefit of the religious body or organization forming a corporation under
12 this act, or any of its component parts, may, with the consent of the ben-
13 eficiary, be conveyed to, and the title thereto vested in the corporation so
14 organized under this act as the successor in such trust. In the event of a
15 change in the boundaries of the district or territorial limits over which
16 such corporation exercise jurisdiction, whereby a portion of such district
17 or territorial limits shall be attached to another jurisdiction of the same
18 ecclesiastical body, church or denomination then such corporation may
19 convey any property owned or held by it within such district or territorial
20 limits so attached to such other jurisdiction to any corporation formed
21 under this act in connection with such other jurisdiction.

§ 6. No corporation organized under this act shall have power to contract
2 any debt, or do any act which shall create a lien upon, or in any manner

3 incumber, any property, the title to which shall have been vested in it in
4 trust or otherwise: *Provided*, this act is subject to any limitation or modi-
5 fication which may be hereafter enacted by general law as to the amount
6 of real estate and personal property to be held by the corporations respectively
7 provided for herein for religious or educational purposes.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Picker January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies.

Section 3. The number of directors shall not be less than nine nor more
2 than fifteen, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum to do business,
3 to be elected from the corporators by ballot, of whom one-third shall be
4 elected for one year, one-third for two years and one-third for three years,
5 until their successors are elected and qualified. At all subsequent elections,
6 except to fill vacancies, one-third of said board of directors to be held at
7 the annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the second Tuesday
8 after the first Monday of November, 1891, and each year hereafter: *Provided*,
9 that any company now incorporated and doing business under this act may
10 at any time so change their mode of electing their board of directors at an
11 annual meeting as to be in conformity with act. In the election of the
12 first board of directors each corporator shall be entitled to one vote. At
13 every subsequent election every person insured shall be entitled to one
14 vote at every subsequent election every person insured shall be entitled to
15 as many votes as there are directors to be elected, and equal additional
16 number for each \$500 that he may be insured in the company, and may
17 cast the same in person or by proxy, distributing them among the same or
18 a less number of directors to be elected, or commutating them upon one
19 candidate, as he may think fit.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Picker, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act in regard to the construction of bridges in road districts in counties under and not under township organization, and to repeal sections three (3) and four (4) of an act entitled "An act to protect persons and property from dangers from steam engines on public highways," approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be the duty of the highway commissioners of the several townships under township organization, and the proper authorities not under township organization, to so construct and build bridges over the creeks or streams within their respective districts, that traction engines of ten thousand (10,000) pounds weight may pass in safety over the same.

§ 2. For a failure to construct such bridges the said commissioners in counties under township organization and said authorities not under township organization shall be liable to a fine of not less than ten (10) dollars nor more than one hundred (100) dollars to be recovered before any justice of the peace within which said road districts are located, with cost of suit; the said fine is to go into the road and bridge fund of said road districts.

7 respectively, and to be used accordingly.

§ 3. Sections three (3) and four (4) and all other acts and parts of acts in
2 conflict with the provisions of this act, or any section thereof, are hereby
3 repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Pollock, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to prevent any member of the General Assembly accepting fees from corporations or their agents, and providing a penalty for same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful or any member of either
3 house to accept a fee as an attorney from any incorporation for combination
4 of capitalists, their agents, or trustees, receiving their power to do business
5 from the State, the penalty for the violation of the same shall be punish-
6 ment in the county jail for the period of six (6) months, a fine of five
7 thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court.

1. Introduced by Mr. Tyler, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Finance.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections four, six and eight, of "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections four (4), six (6), and eight (8), of "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to stipulate or agree that seven (7) per cent per annum, or a less sum of interest, shall be taken and paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100) of money loaned, or in any manner due and owing from any person or corporation to any other person or corporation in this State, and after that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as herein provided.

Section 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract or receive a greater rate of interest or discount than seven (7) per cent upon any contract, verbal or written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation; and all contracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide for interest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified on

8 account of non-payment at maturity, shall be deemed usurious, and only
9 the principal sum due thereon shall be recoverable.

Section 8. When any written contract, whenever payable, shall be made in
2 this State, or between citizens or corporations of this State, or a citizen or
3 corporation of this State and a citizen or corporation of any other State,
4 territory or country, (or shall be secured by mortgage or trust deed on lands
5 in this State) such contract may bear any rate of interest allowed by law,
6 to be taken or contracted for by persons or corporations in this State, or
7 which is or may be allowed by law on any contract for money due or owing
8 in this State: *Provided however*, that such rate of interest shall not exceed
9 seven per cent per annum. And if any such person or corporation shall
10 contract to receive a greater rate of interest or discount than seven per
11 cent, upon any such contract, such person or corporation shall forfeit the
12 whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled
13 only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation.

1. Introduced by Mr. Vinton, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on State Institutions.

A BILL

For an act to establish the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane, and to regulate the commitment of insane persons thereto.

ESTABLISHMENT—NAME GENERAL STATUTES APPLICABLE.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That there is hereby established a State hospital for the care and treatment of the insane upon the principle of medicine known as homœopathic, to be known as "The Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane." The provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate the State charitable institutions and the State Reform School, and to improve their organization and increase their efficiency," approved April 15, 1875, and all general statutes governing State hospitals for the insane, their trustees, officers and employes, are hereby made applicable to the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane, its trustees, officers and employes, except as otherwise provided in this act.

APPROPRIATION.

§ 2. For the purchase and location of a site for said hospital, and the construction of the appropriate buildings to accommodate 500 patients, with all necessary heating, lighting, ventilating, water supply and drainage appliances and all necessary furniture, and furnishings and maintenance until the appropriations of the next General Assembly are available, there is hereby appropriated four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000,) to be paid as herein provided, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated. The

8 moneys herein appropriated shall be paid from the State treasury to the
 9 parties to whom they may become due on the warrants of the Auditor of
 10 Public Accounts; and the Auditor is hereby authorized and required to
 11 draw said warrants for money due under this act, upon the order of the
 12 board of trustees of said hospital, accompanied by vouchers approved by the
 13 Governor, as now required by law.

TRUSTEES.

§ 3. The government of said hospital shall be vested in a board of three
 2 trustees, which shall be a corporation by the name of "The Illinois Western
 3 Hospital for the Insane." Within ten days after this act shall be in force,
 4 the Governor shall appoint, by and with the consent of the Senate, three
 5 persons to be trustees of said hospital, to hold office, respectively, one until
 6 the first day of March, 1893, one until the first day of March, 1895, and one
 7 until the first day of March, 1897. Their successors shall be appointed in
 8 the same manner and shall each serve for six years, so that one appoint-
 9 ment shall be made every second year, and in every case a trustee shall
 10 hold office until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. All
 11 appointments, including the original appointments, made by the Governor
 12 when the Senate is not in session, shall be valid until an appointment is
 13 confirmed by the Senate. Until the first day of March, 1893, all three
 14 trustees shall be men. Thereafter appointments shall be so made that two
 15 trustees shall be men and one trustee may be a woman.

SUPERINTENDENT WOMAN ASSISTANT.

§ 4. Said hospital shall be under the immediate management and control
 2 of a superintendent, to be appointed and removed by said board of trustees
 3 at pleasure, whose salary shall be fixed, from time to time, by said board.
 4 Said superintendent shall be a graduate in medicine and surgery from some
 5 reputable medical college, and of acknowledged skill in his profession. He
 6 shall be a physician of that school of medicine known as homœopathic. He
 7 shall appoint all subordinate officers and employes, with the assent of the

8 board of trustees, and may discharge any subordinate for cause, by a
9 written order stating such cause, and delivered, when practicable, to such
10 subordinate.

11 It shall be the duty of the superintendent of said hospital, to appoint a
12 competent assistant woman physician, who is a graduate of some legally
13 incorporated medical college, to perform such medical duties in and about
14 the care and treatment of the women insane, as such superintendent shall
15 direct.

COMMITMENT TO HOSPITAL.

§ 5. In making commitment of an insane person, the court, judge, or
2 other officer, whose duty it is to make the commitment, shall inquire of all
3 applicants for the commitment of such insane person whether it is their
4 desire that such person should be treated upon the principle of medicine
5 known as homœopathic, and when such applicants answer in the affirmative,
6 such insane person shall be committed to the Illinois Western Hospital for
7 Insane, in preference to any other hospital, provided that he can be
8 received at said hospital; and any insane person who may now or hereafter
9 be an inmate of a lunatic hospital in this State, and who desires the special
10 treatment above mentioned, or for whom such treatment may be desired by
11 the patient's family, or by any person upon whose application such insane
12 person was committed to any State lunatic hospital, may be transferred by
13 the Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities, to the Western
14 Hospital for the Insane, whenever such patient can be received at said
15 hospital.

SELECTION OF SITE.

§ 6. Said trustees, as soon as possible after their appointment and quali-
2 fication shall select a site for said hospital in that part of the State west of
3 the Illinois river, at such place as shall be best adapted to the wants of
4 the institution, and most economical to the State, having regard in the
5 selection to elevation, water supply, drainage, facility of access, quality of

6 soil and price asked for the land, but said trustees shall neither ask nor
 7 accept on account of the State or on their own account any gifts in money,
 8 freights, lands, or other property as the consideration for the location of a
 9 site. A violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by
 10 fine, or by imprisonment, or by both, at the discretion of any court in which
 11 conviction of the same may be obtained. Said site shall contain not less
 12 than 240 acres and not more than 640 acres, adjoining or separate. When
 13 the trustees have selected a site and agreed with the owner or owners upon
 14 a price at which the State may purchase it, they shall report their action
 15 to the Governor and such selection shall take effect only when confirmed by
 16 the Governor.

TITLE.

§ 7. Before making payment for the lands for whose purchase provision
 2 is made in this act, the seller or sellers shall furnish to the trustees an
 3 abstract of title, which shall be submitted by the trustees to the Attorney
 4 General for examination and to the Governor for his approval, and no
 5 moneys shall be paid for the said lands without a perfect conveyance of
 6 title, in fee simple to the State of Illinois by a warranty deed.

PLANS.

§ 8. The said trustees are directed and required to cause to be prepared
 2 suitable plans and specifications by a competent architect, (for which not
 3 more than two per cent. shall be allowed payable in installments as the
 4 work progresses) which shall be submitted to the Governor for his approval;
 5 but no plan shall be adopted by the trustees which shall not first have
 6 been approved by the Governor and the Board of State Commissioners of
 7 Public Charities. Said plans shall include small separate pavilion or cot-
 8 tage buildings. Said plans shall be accompanied by specifications and by a
 9 detailed estimate of the amount, quality and description of all materials
 10 and labor required for the erection and full completion of the buildings
 11 according to said plans,

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS.

§ 9. Whenever the said plans and specifications shall have been approved
2 and adopted, the trustees shall cause to be inserted in at least two of the
3 daily or weekly newspapers in each of the following cities, to wit: In Chi-
4 cago, St. Louis and Indianapolis, and the city or town at or near which the
5 said institution shall be permanently located, an advertisement for sealed
6 bids for the construction of the buildings herein authorized; and they shall
7 furnish a printed copy of this act and of the specifications, to all parties
8 applying therefor; and all parties interested, who may desire it, shall have
9 free and full access to the plans with the privilege of taking notes and
10 making memoranda. And the said trustees shall answer all inquiries ad-
11 dressed to them upon the subject of the proposed building or buildings to
12 the best of their ability and belief.

OPENING OF BIDS.

§ 10. Not less than thirty days after the publication of the said proposals
2 for bids, on a day and at an hour to be specified in the said advertise-
3 ment, at the place where the said institution shall be located, in the pres-
4 ence of the bidders, or so many of the bidders as may be present, the bids
5 received shall be opened for the first time, and the contract for building
6 shall be let to the lowest and best bidder: *Provided*, that no contracts shall
7 be made and no expense incurred for any building or buildings requiring
8 for the completion of the same a greater expense than is provided for in
9 the appropriation made in this act: *And provided further*, that no bid shall
10 be accepted which is not accompanied by a good and sufficient bond in the
11 penal sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by at least three good and suffi-
12 cient sureties, conditioned as a guaranty for the responsibility and good
13 faith of the bidder and that he will enter into contract and give bond as
14 provided in this act in case his bid is accepted.

CONTRACT.—HOW MADE.

§ 11. The contract to be made with the successful bidder shall be accom-

2 performed by a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the Governor be-
3 fore it is accepted, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract;
4 and the said contract shall provide for the appointment of a superintendent
5 of construction, who shall not receive more than five dollars a day for his
6 services, and who shall carefully and accurately measure the work done
7 and the materials upon the ground at least once in every month, and for
8 the payment of the contractor upon the aforesaid measurement, and for the
9 withholding of fifteen per cent. of the value of the work done and materials
10 on hand until the completion of the buildings, and for a forfeiture of a
11 stipulated sum per diem for every day that the completion of the work
12 shall be delayed after the time specified for its completion in the contract;
13 and for the full protection of all persons who may furnish labor or materials
14 for the construction of said hospital buildings, by withholding payment
15 from the contractor, and by paying the parties to whom any moneys are
16 due for service or materials as aforesaid directly for all work done or
17 material furnished by them, in case of notice given to the trustees that any
18 such party apprehends or fears that he will not receive the money due; and
19 for the settlement of all disputed questions as to the value of alterations
20 and extras, by arbitration, at the time of final settlement as follows: One
21 arbitrator to be chosen by the trustees; one by the contractor, and one by
22 the Governor of the State, all three of the said arbitrators to be practical
23 mechanics and builders; and for the power and privilege of the trustees,
24 under the contract, to order changes in the plans, at their discretion, and to
25 refuse to accept any work which may be done, not fully in accordance with
26 the letter and spirit of the plans and specifications; and all work not
27 accepted shall be replaced at the expense of the contractor, and for a de-
28 duction from the contract price of all alterations ordered by the trustees
29 which may and do diminish the cost of all buildings. They may also make
30 such other provisions and conditions in the said contract not hereinabove
31 specified, as may seem to them necessary or expedient, consistent with the

32 letter and spirit of this section. In no event shall the State be liable for a
33 greater amount of money than is appropriated.

HOW SIGNED.

§ 12. The said contract shall be signed by the president of the board of
2 trustees on behalf of the board, after a vote authorizing him so to sign,
3 shall have been entered upon the minutes of the board, and it shall be
4 attested by the counter signature of the secretary of the board and by the
5 seal of the institution. It shall be drawn in triplicate and one copy of the
6 same shall be deposited in the office of the Board of State Commissioners
7 of Public Charities.

WHAT BIDS SHOULD SHOW.

§ 13. All bids shall show the estimated cost of the work to be done of
2 each description in detail, and the trustees shall have the right and power
3 at their discretion, to accept bids for particular portions of the work, if for
4 the advantage of the State, and all measurements and accounts as the
5 work progresses shall show in detail the amount and character of the work
6 for which payment is made.

OFFICERS NOT TO BE INTERESTED.

§ 14. No trustee or officer of the said institution shall be in any way
2 interested in any contract for the erection of said buildings, or furnishing
3 any material for said buildings; and if any such trustee or officer shall be
4 so interested he shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor and on con-
5 viction thereof be fined in any sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

1. Introduced by Mr. Weedon, January 20, 1891.
2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 13 of an act entitled "An act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution and from distress for rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That the following personal property owned by the debtor shall be exempt from execution, writ of attachment and distress for rent, viz.: 1st, The necessary wearing apparel, bibles, school books, and family pictures of every person; and 2d, One hundred dollars worth of other property to be selected by the debtor, and in addition, when the debtor is the head of a family and resides with the same, three hundred dollars worth of other property to be selected by the debtor, and that such personal property shall continue so exempt while the family of such person or any of them are actual residents of this State, or while any of them are removing from one place of residence to another in this State: *Provided*, that such selection and exemption shall not be made by the debtor or allowed to him or her from any money, salary or wages due him or her from any person or persons or corporation whatever,

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wilson, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act of the General Assmby of the State of Illinois, entitled "An act to incorporate and to govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies, doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force March 11 and July 1, 1869, by adding thereto additional sections, as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Ass mbly,* That an act of the General Assembly of the State
3 of Illinois, entitled "An act to incorporate and to govern Fire, Marine and
4 Inland Navigation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illi-
5 nois," approved March 11, 1869, in force March 11 and July 1, 1869, be
6 amended by adding thereto additional sections to be known as section 32a
7 and 32b of said act, as follows:

Section 32a. An agent authorized by an insurance company, whose name
2 is borne on the policy, is its agent in all matters of insurance; any notice
3 required to be given to said company or any of its officers, by the insured,
4 may be given to such agent; any application for insurance, or valuation, or
5 description of the property, or of the interest of the insured therein, if
6 drawn by said agent, is conclusive upon the company, but not upon the in-
7 sured, although signed by him; and all acts, proceedings and doings of such
8 agent with the insured, are as binding upon the company as if done and

9 performed by the persons specially empowered or designated therefor by the
10 contract.

Section 32b. All statements of description or value in an application or
2 policy of insurance, are representations and not warranties; erroneous de-
3 scriptions or statements of value or title by the insured, do not prevent his
4 recovering on his policy unless the jury find that the difference between
5 the property as described and as it really existed, contributed to the loss
6 or materially increased the risk; a change in the property insured, or in its
7 use or occupation, or a breach of any of the terms of the policy by the in-
8 sured, do not effect the policy unless they materially increase the risk; nor
9 shall any misrepresentation of the title or interest of the insured in the
10 whole or a part of the property insured, real or personal, unless material or
11 fraudulent, prevent his recovering on his policy to the extent of his insur-
12 able interest.

1. Introduced by Mr. Allison January 21, 1891.
2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act entitled an act to amend section four (4) of "An act to revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics," approved March 21, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
[2 *in the General Assembly,* That section four (4) of an act entitled "An act to
3 revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics,"
4 approved March 21, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby
[5 amended so as to read:

"Section 4. At the time fixed for trial, a jury of six persons, two of
2 whom shall be physicians licensed to practice medicine in this State, and
3 the other four jurors of which none shall have served on any jury in the
4 State within the last past one year, which shall so appear upon the records
5 of the county court where any person is being tried for insanity, shall be
6 impanelled to try the case. The case shall be tried in the presence of the
7 person alleged to be insane, who shall be assisted by counsel, which the
8 county court shall appoint for that purpose if the person alleged to be in-
9 sane is not able to, or has not or will not secure counsel, and may chal-
10 lenge jurors as in civil cases. It shall be the duty of the court to see that
11 the jury hereby authorized is obtained. The court may, for good cause,
12 continue the case from time to time.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 202.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 8, 1891, ordered printed May 8, 1891.

1. Amend section 1, in line 2, after the word or figures "49" in printed bill, of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 31, 1874.

2. —Amend as follows: In the fourth line in section 49, after the word "therein," printed bill, "a regular meeting shall be held on the second Monday of July, annually: *Provided*, that in all counties having a population of 35,000 or more, there shall be a regular meeting on the first Tuesday of May, annually, and at such other time as may be prescribed by the board of supervisors: *Provided, further*, that the chairman of the county board shall have power to call special meetings in case of emergency or public calamity. All laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Boul, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act to amend section forty-nine of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 31, 1874, Revised Statutes, chapter 34.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 49 be so amended as to read as follows:
[Annual and Regular Meeting.] Section 49. The annual meeting of the
2 board of supervisors shall be holden on the second Tuesday of September
3 in each year, at the county seat, and if the court house be convenient, shall
4 be held therein. Regular meetings of the board shall be held on the second
5 Tuesday of July and the third Tuesday of April of each year at the county
6 seat, and at such other times as may be prescribed by the board of super-
7 visors: *Provided*, the chairman of the board shall have power to call special
8 meetings in case of emergency or public calamity.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Edmunds, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 23, of chapter 25, of the revised statutes of Illinois.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That section twenty-three, of chapter twenty-five
3 be amended as follows, that after the words citations in vacation said
4 section shall be made to read as follows, to-wit:

That when any public officer in the State of Illinois shall fail, neglect or
2 refuse to turn over to his successor in office any books, papers, public records
3 or any other property or thing belonging to any such office respectively,
4 it shall be the duty lawful for either the county clerk or circuit clerk in
5 the respective counties to issue a writ of citation on complaint of any county
6 surveyor or incumbent any such said office and as against any party whom-
7 soever that such records, papers, etc., may be found to be in possession of
8 the same, such citation to be returned to either court respectively.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Geher, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act entitled "An act to amend section 46 of chapter 38, criminal code, and to repeal certain parts therein contained."

If any two or more persons conspire and agree together, with the fraudulent and malicious intent wrongfully and wickedly to injure the person, character, business or property of another, or to obtain money or other property by false pretenses, or to do any illegal act injurious to the public health, morals, police, or the administration of public justice, or to commit any felony, they shall be deemed guilty of conspiracy, and every such offender, and every person convicted of conspiracy at common law, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not exceeding one year, or fined not exceeding \$500, or both.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hambaugh, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act to repeal an act entitled, "An act in relation to the poor in Brown county," approved February 24, 1859.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled, "An act in relation to the poor in Brown county," approved February 24, A. D. 1859, be and the same is hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Merritt, January 21, 1891.
2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act amending sections 133, 137, 153, 157, 158, 160, 163, 169, 172, 173, 177, 178, 181, 182, 183, 185, 188, 189 and 191 of the revenue law.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections 136, 137, 156, 157, 158, 160, 163, 168, 172, 173, 177, 178, 181, 182, 183, 185, 188, 189 and 191 are amended as follows, to-wit:

Section 136. To each town or district collector's book, a warrant, under the hand of the county clerk and seal of his office, shall be annexed, commanding such town or district collector to collect from the several persons named in said town or district collector's book, one-half the several sums of taxes therein charged opposite their respective names. [See § 132.]

Section 137. In all cases, the warrant shall authorize the town or district collector, in case any person named in such collector's book shall neglect or refuse to pay one-half his personal property tax, to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person; and it shall require one-half all payments therein specified to be made by such town or district collector on or before the tenth day of April next ensuing. [As amended by act approved May 4, 1873.]

Section 156. In case any person, company or corporation shall refuse or neglect to pay one-half the taxes imposed on him or them, on or before the first day of May, and the other half of such taxes on or before the first day

4 of November, when demanded, it shall be the duty of the collector to levy
 5 the same, together with the costs and charges that may accrue, by distress
 6 and sale of the personal property of the person, company or corporation who
 7 ought to pay the same. [See § 137.]

Section 157. The collector shall give public notice of the time and place
 2 of sale, and of the property to be sold, with the name of the delinquent, at
 3 least five days previous to the day of sale, by advertisements, to be posted
 4 up in at least three public places in the town or district where such sale is
 5 to be made. Such sale shall be by public auction, and, if practicable, no
 6 more property shall be sold then sufficient to pay the proportion of the tax,
 7 costs and charges due. If the property distrained shall be sold for more
 8 than the amount of the taxes and charges due, the surplus shall be re-
 9 turned to the person in whose possession such property was when the dis-
 10 tress was made, if no claim be made to such surplus by any other person.
 11 If any other person shall claim such surplus, on the ground that the prop-
 12 erty sold belonged to him, and such claim be admitted by the person for
 13 whose tax the same was distrained, the surplus shall be paid to such owner.

Sec. 158. In case any person against whom a tax shall be assessed, under the pro-
 2 visions of this act, shall have removed from one town or district to another
 3 town or district in the same county without paying such tax, it shall be
 4 lawful for the collector having the tax books in which such tax is charged
 5 to levy and collect the proportion of such tax then due of the goods and
 6 chattels of the person assessed, in any town or district within said county
 7 to which such person shall have removed, or from property of such person
 8 wherever the same may be found in said county.

Section 160. In case any person against whom taxes have been levied,
 2 under the revenue laws of this State, in any county, town, city or district,
 3 of this State, shall have removed from such county, town, city or district, after
 4 such assessment has been made, and before the collection of the same, the county
 5 clerk, when directed by the county board, shall issue a warrant under his

6 hand and seal of office, directed to any sheriff, coroner or constable of the
7 county, town, city or district to which such person may have removed,
8 commanding such officer to whom the warrant may be directed to make the
9 proportional amount of such tax then due, together with the costs and
10 charges that may accrue, from the personal property of the person owing
11 such tax—distrain and sale of property under this section to be in the
12 same manner as provided in this act for other cases of distrain and sale of
13 property property. The taxes which may be collected under this section shall
14 be disposed of in the manner required by this act with respect to taxes col-
15 lected in any other manner. All other parts of this act providing for
16 cases of failure of officers to pay over taxes, shall apply to all officers col-
17 lecting taxes under this section who fail to pay over and correctly
18 account at the proper time and manner for the taxes collected by them.

Section 163. Whenever any person shall pay the taxes charged on any
2 property within the times specified in this act, the collector shall enter
3 such payment in his book, and give a receipt therefor, specifying for whom
4 paid, the amount paid, and whether such payment is in full or for but one-
5 half of such tax, what year paid for, and the property and value thereof on
6 which the same was paid, according to its description in the collector's
7 books, in whole or in part of such description, as the case may be; and
8 such entry and receipt shall bear the genuine signature of the collector or
9 his deputy receiving such payment; and whenever it shall appear that any
10 receipt for the payment of taxes shall be lost or destroyed, the entry so
11 made may be read in evidence in lieu thereof. The collector shall enter
12 the name of the owner or the person paying tax opposite each tract or lot
13 of land when he collects the tax thereon, and the postoffice address of the
14 person paying such tax. [As amended by an act approved June 2, 1881.]

Section 169. Town and district collectors shall return the tax books and
2 make final settlement for the amount of taxes placed in their hands
3 for collection, and collected by them on or before the tenth day of April

4 next after receiving the tax books: *Provided*, that the county collector may
 5 first notify, in writing, the several town or district collectors upon what
 6 day, within twenty days after the tenth day of April, they shall appear at
 7 his office and make final settlement of the amount of taxes collected by
 8 them; and at the time of making return to the county collector, each town
 9 or district collector in counties under township organization shall make out
 10 and deliver to the county collector a detailed statement, in writing, of the
 11 amount of taxes he has been unable to collect on real estate and from per-
 12 sons charged with personal property taxes, which statement shall show each
 13 kind of tax, the same as in the tax book delivered to him by the county
 14 clerk, and shall show the number of page of the tax book and the number
 15 of the line of the page on which the item appears to be delinquent; and in
 16 case where no taxes have been paid on any one page on the collector's
 17 book, the page footings of the taxes on such page may be copied into such
 18 statement. It shall not be necessary to give in the statement the descrip-
 19 tion of the real property delinquent, nor the names of the owners thereof,
 20 nor the names of the persons delinquent for personal property taxes. The
 21 town or district collector shall add up the delinquent taxes in said state-
 22 ment and make a summary thereof, setting forth the aggregate amount of
 23 each kind of tax, and the total delinquent, in the same manner as in his
 24 warrant, and shall make oath that said statement is true and correct. [As
 25 amended by an act approved May 31, 1881.]

Section 172. Each town or district collector, at the time of returning his
 2 tax book to the county collector, shall make affidavit, to be entered upon
 3 such book and subscribed by the collector, that the taxes charged against
 4 each tract or lot, or assessment of personal property, remain due and un-
 5 paid at the date of making such affidavit in each case where there does not
 6 appear in the proper column the amount of such taxes, or one-half thereof,
 7 as having been paid to such collector, and the date of payment and the
 8 name of any person as having paid the same; which affidavit shall be

9 prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated. [As amended by an act
10 approved May 29, 1879.]

Section 173. Each town or district collector shall particularly note in his
2 returns to the county collector, all cases of personal property tax that he
3 was unable to collect, or which was not yet payable, which can be made
4 from real estate of the persons owing such tax.

Section 177. All real estate upon which one-half the taxes remain due
2 and unpaid on the tenth day of April, annually, and the other half of
3 which taxes remain due and unpaid on the tenth day of November, annually,
4 or at the time the town or district collector makes return of his books to
5 the county collector, shall be deemed delinquent; and one-half of all such
6 due and unpaid taxes shall bear interest after the first day of May and the
7 first day of November, respectively, at the rate of one per cent. per month
8 until paid or forfeited; parts or fractions of a month shall be reckoned as
9 a month. And all such collections on account of interest shall be paid
10 into the county treasury to be used for county purposes. [As amended by
11 an act approved May 31, 1879.]

Section 178. When any special assessment made by any city, town or
2 village, pursuant to its charter, or by any corporate authorities, commission-
3 ers or persons, pursuant to law, remain unpaid in whole or in part, return
4 thereof shall be made to the county collector on or before the tenth day of
5 April next after the same shall have become payable, in like forms as re-
6 turns are made for delinquent land tax. County collectors shall collect,
7 account for and pay over the same to the authorities or persons having
8 authority to receive the same, in like manner as they are required to collect,
9 account for and pay over taxes. The county collector may, upon return of
10 delinquent special assessments to him, transfer the amounts thereof, from
11 such returns to the tax books in his hands, setting down therein, opposite
12 the respective tracts or lots, in proper columns to be prepared for the pur-

pose, the amount assessed against such tract or lot. [As amended by act
approved May 3, 1873.] [See § § 279, 299, 303.]

Section 181. County collectors shall have the same powers, and may proceed in the same manner, for the collection of any tax on real or personal property, as town or district collectors; and if in any town or collection district the office of any town or district collector is or shall become vacant, and such vacancy shall not be filled on or before the tenth day of April next following such vacancy, or if in any town or collection district the books for the collection of taxes, for any reason, have not been or shall not be, delivered to the town or district collector, on or before the tenth day of April in any year, the county clerk shall deliver all such collectors' books to the county collector of such county, having annexed to each of such books a warrant under the hand and official seal of the county clerk, commanding such county collector within the time specified in this act to collect from the several persons named in such books, the several sums of taxes therein charged opposite their respective names, and authorizing him, in case any person named in such collectors' books shall neglect or refuse to pay his personal property tax, or the one-half thereof, within the time specified in this act, to collect the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person. It shall thereupon be the duty of such county collector to collect and pay over all taxes, assessments and other charges shown in such books, and to do all acts required of him by law, in like manner as if such taxes, assessments and other charges had been duly returned delinquent by a town or district collector. The collectors' books so delivered to the county collector, by the county clerks, shall, for all purposes, in all subsequent proceedings, be used in the same manner, and have the same force and effect, as if said books were delivered to the town or district collectors, and duly returned by them, as provided by law. When any injunction restraining the collection of taxes shall be dissolved after the tax books shall have been returned to the county collector, such taxes

29 or the portion thereof upon which such injunction shall have been dissolved,
30 shall be paid to the county collector, who shall have the same power and
31 shall proceed in the same manner for the collection of such taxes as though
32 the same or such portion thereof had never been enjoined. [As amended by
33 an act approved May 29, 1879.]

Section 182. At any time after the first day of May next, after such de-
2 linquent taxes and special assessments on lands and lots shall become due,
3 the collector shall publish an advertisement, giving notice of the intended
4 application for judgment for sale of such delinquent lands and lots, in a
5 newspaper published in his county, if any such there be, and if there be no
6 such paper printed in his county, then in the nearest newspaper in this
7 State to the county seat of such county. Said advertisement shall be once
8 published at least three weeks previous to the term of the county court at
9 which judgment is prayed, and shall contain a list of the delinquent lands
10 and lots upon which so much of the taxes or special assessments remain due
11 and unpaid, the names of owners if known, the total amount due thereon,
12 and the year or years for which the same are due. Said collector shall give
13 notice that he will apply to the county court at the....term thereof, for
14 judgment against said lands and lots for said taxes, special assessments,
15 interest and costs, and for an order to sell said lands and lots for the satis-
16 faction thereof; and shall also give notice that, on the.... Monday next suc-
17 ceeding the day fixed by law for the commencement of such term of the
18 said county court, all the lands and lots for the sale of which an order shall
19 be made, will be exposed to public sale at the building where the county
20 court is held in said county, for the amount of taxes, special assessments,
21 interest and costs due thereon; and the advertisement published according
22 to the provisions of this section shall be deemed to be sufficient notice of
23 the intended application for judgment and of the sale of lands and lots
24 under the order of said court. Where the publisher of any paper that may
25 have been selected by the collector shall be unable or unwilling to publish

26 such advertisement, the collector shall select some other newspaper, having
 27 due regard to the circulation of such paper. As amended by an act ap-
 28 proved May 3, 1873.] [See §§ 185, 187.

Section 183. When it becomes necessary to charge the tax on personal
 2 property against real property, the county collector shall select for that
 3 purpose some particular tract or lots of real property owned by the person
 4 owing such personal property tax; and in his advertisement for judgment
 5 and sale shall designate the particular tract or lots of real property
 6 against which such personal property tax is charged, and in the list filed
 7 for judgment the same facts shall be shown, and the court shall take cog-
 8 nizance thereof, and give judgment against such tract or lots of real prop-
 9 erty for personal property tax, or so much thereof as may be due and remain
 10 unpaid. See § 255.

Section 185. All applications for judgment and order of sale for taxes
 2 and special assessments on delinquent lands and lots, shall be made at the
 3 June and December terms of the county court. If, from any cause, the
 4 court shall not be holden at the term at which judgment is prayed, the
 5 cause shall stand continued; and it shall not be necessary to re-advertise
 6 the list or notice required by law to be advertised before judgment and
 7 sale, but at the next regular term thereafter the court shall hear and de-
 8 termine the matter; and if judgment is rendered, the sale shall be made on
 9 the Monday specified in the notice, as provided in section one hundred and
 10 eighty-two—such Monday to be fixed by the county collector in the notice.
 11 If, for any cause, the collector is prevented from advertising and obtaining
 12 judgment at said term, it shall be held to be legal to obtain judgment at
 13 any subsequent term of said court; but if the failure arises by the county
 14 collector's not complying with any of the requirements of this act, he shall
 15 be held on his official bond for the full amount of all taxes and special
 16 assessments charged against him: *Provided*, that any such failure on the
 17 part of the county collector shall not be allowed as a valid objection to the

18 collection of any tax or assessment, or to a rendition of judgment against
 19 any delinquent lands and lots included in the application of the county
 20 collector: *And provided further*, that on the application for judgment at
 21 such subsequent term, it shall not be deemed necessary to set forth or
 22 establish the reasons of such failure. [As amended by act approved May 3,
 23 1873.]

Section 188. The collector shall transcribe into a book prepared for that
 2 purpose, and known as the tax, judgment, sale, redemption and forfeiture
 3 record, the list of delinquent lands and lots, which shall be made out in
 4 numerical order, and contain all the information necessary to be recorded,
 5 at least five days before the commencement of the term at which applica-
 6 tion for judgment is to be made, which book shall set forth the name of
 7 the owner, if known, the proper description of the land or lot, the year or
 8 years for which the tax or special assessments are due, the valuation on
 9 which the tax is extended, the amount of the consolidated and other taxes
 10 and special assessments, the costs and total amount of charges against such
 11 land or lot. Said book shall also be ruled in columns, so as to show the
 12 amount paid before the rendition of judgment, the amount of judgment,
 13 and a column for remarks, the amount paid before sale and after the ren-
 14 dition of said judgment, the amount of sale, amount of interest or penalty,
 15 amount of costs, amount forfeited to State, date of sale, acres or part sold,
 16 name of purchaser, amount of sale and penalty, taxes of succeeding years,
 17 interest and when paid, interest and costs, total amount of redemption,
 18 date of redemption, when deed executed, by whom redeemed, and a column
 19 for remarks or receipt of redemption money: *Provided*, that the county
 20 collector shall at the June term of said court apply for judgment only as
 21 to one-half of such delinquent taxes, and at the succeeding December term
 22 as to the other half thereof. [See §§ 299, 300.] [As amended by an act
 23 approved May 29, 1879.]

Section 189. Any person owning or claiming lands or lots upon which

judgment is prayed, as provided in this act, may, in person or by agent, pay the taxes, special assessments, interest and costs then due thereon, to the county collector of the county in which the same are situated at any time before sale. [As amended by an act approved May 29, 1879.]

Section 191. The court shall examine said list, and if defense (specifying in writing the particular cause of the objection) be offered by any person interested in any of said lands or lots, to the entry of judgment against the same, the court shall hear and determine the matter in a summary manner, without pleadings, and shall pronounce judgment as the right of the case may be. The court shall give judgment for such taxes and special assessments and penalties as shall appear to be due, and such judgment shall be considered as a several judgment against each tract or lot, or part of a tract or lot, for each kind of tax or special assessment included therein; and the court shall direct the clerk to make out and enter an order for the sale of such real property against which judgment is given, which shall be substantially in the following form:

Whereas, due notice has been given of the intended application for a judgment against said lands and lots, and no sufficient defense having been made or cause shown, why judgment should not be entered against said lands and lots for taxes (special assessments, if any,) interest, penalties and costs due and unpaid thereon for the year or years herein set forth, therefore it is considered by the court that judgment be and is hereby entered against the aforesaid tract or tracts, or lots of land, or parts of tracts or lots, as the case may be, in favor of the People of the State of Illinois, for the sum annexed to each one-half such sum, as the case may be, being the amount, or one half the amount, as the case may be, of taxes (and special assessments, if any,) interest, penalties and costs due severally thereon; and it is ordered by the court that the said several tracts of land, or so much of each of them as shall be sufficient to satisfy the amount, or one-half the amount, as the case may be, of taxes (and special assessments, if any,) inter-

est. penalties and costs annexed to them severally, be sold as the law directs.

Said order shall be signed by the judge. In all judicial proceedings of any kind, for the collection of taxes and special assessments, all amendments may be made which, by law, could be made in any personal action pending in such court, and no assessment of property or charge for any of said taxes shall be considered illegal on account of any irregularity in the tax lists or assessment rolls, or on account of the assessment rolls or tax lists not having been made, completed or returned within the time required by law, or on account of the property having been charged or listed in the assessment or tax list without name, or in any other name than that of the rightful owner, and no error or informality in the proceedings of any of the officers connected with the assessment, levying or collecting of the taxes, not affecting the substantial justice of the tax itself, shall vitiate or in any manner affect the tax or the assessment thereof; and any irregularity or informality in the assessment rolls or tax lists, or in any of the proceedings connected with the assessment or levy of such taxes, or any omission or defective act of any officer or officers connected with the assessment or levying of such taxes, may be, in the discretion of the court, corrected, supplied and made to conform to law by the court, or by the person (in the presence of the court) from whose neglect or default the same was occasioned. [As amended by act approved May 3, 1873.] [See § 88.]

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1. Introduced by Mr. Perrottet, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act by repealing section eleven (11) and section twelve (12) of an act entitled "An act in regard to roads and bridges, in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of an act therein named," approved June 23, 1883, in force July 1, 1883.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section eleven (11) and section twelve (12) of
3 an act entitled "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under
4 township organization and to repeal an act and parts of an act therein
5 named," be and they are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Preston, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Finance.
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A BILL

For an act to amend sections three (3), four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections three (3), four (4), six (6) and eight (8) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the rate of interest and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. Judgments recovered before any court or magistrate shall draw interest at the rate of five (5) per centum per annum, from the date of the same until satisfied. When judgment is entered upon any award, report or verdict, interest shall be computed at the rate aforesaid, from the time when made or rendered to the time of rendering judgment upon the same; and made a part of the judgment.

Section 4. In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to stipulate or agree that six (6) per cent per annum, or any less sum of interest, shall be taken and paid upon every one hundred dollars (\$100) of money loaned, or in any manner due and owing from any person or corporation to any other person or corporation in this State, and after that

6 rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter term, except as
7 herein provided.

Section 6. If any person or corporation in this State shall contract to
2 receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per cent upon any
3 contract, verbal or written, such person or corporation shall forfeit the
4 whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled
5 only to receive the principal sum due to such person or corporation; and all
6 contracts executed after this act shall take effect, which shall provide for
7 interest or compensation at a greater rate than herein specified, on account
8 of non-payment at maturity shall be deemed usurious, and only the prin-
9 cipal sum due thereon shall be recoverable.

Section 8. When any written contract, wherever payable, shall be made
2 in this State, or between citizens or corporations of this State, or a citizen
3 or corporation of this State and a citizen or corporation of any other State,
4 territory or country, or shall be secured by mortgage or trust deed on lands
5 in this State, such contract may bear any rate of interest allowed by law
6 to be taken or contracted for by persons or corporations in this State, or
7 which is or may be allowed by law on any contract for money due or owing
8 in this State: *Provided, however,* that such rate of interest shall not exceed
9 six (6) per cent per annum. And if any such person or corporation shall
10 contract to receive a greater rate of interest or discount than six (6) per
11 cent upon any such contract such person or corporation shall forfeit the
12 whole of said interest so contracted to be received, and shall be entitled
13 only to recover the principal sum due to such person or corporation.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Straight, January 15, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 15, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act to amend section three (3), of article four (4), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section three (3), of article four (4), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 3. To make all such contracts as may be necessary in the exercise of the powers of the town, to construct, establish and maintain public scales, at such place or places, within the town as may be deemed necessary and convenient, and to regulate the use thereof, and such scales when erected shall be under the care and supervision of the commissioners of highway of such township.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Van Praag, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act in regard to ordinances granting privileges to corporations.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the validity of any ordinance passed by a city
3 council or board of trustees of any incorporated city or village, in which
4 privileges are granted to a corporation, may be questioned in any court of
5 general jurisdiction in proceedings brought by the city or village granting
6 the same, or in quo warranto proceedings by the Attorney General of the
7 State, and in no other way.

1. Introduced by Mr. Van Praag January 21, 1891.
2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Licenses.

A BILL

For an act defining beer and regulating the manufacture and sale thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That for the purpose of this act, the words “lager
3 beer” shall be understood to mean that liquor commonly used as a beverage
4 and usually known as “lager beer,” and also as “beer,” and which is made
5 from pure barley, malt and hops, and in no way made out of any other
6 ingredient as a substitute either for barley, malt or for hops, and which
7 “lager beer” or “beer” is free from all artificial coloring matter.

§ 2. That for the purpose of this act certain manufactured liquors, and
2 mixtures and compounds, including such liquors, mixtures and compounds,
3 except the beer described in section 1 of this act, shall be known and des-
4 ignated as “commercial beer,” and all liquors, except as designed in section
5 1, made in imitation or resemblance of such beer, or, when so made, which
6 is calculated or intended to be sold as beer or as a substitute therefor, is
7 hereby designated commercial beer or commercial lager beer, as the manu-
8 facturer or dealer therein may elect.

§ 3. Every manufacturer of commercial beer in any county in this State
2 shall file with the Treasurer of State, a notice of his intention to manufac-
3 ture commercial beer in said county, giving the name of the county wherein
4 such manufactory or brewery is located, and shall keep inventories and

5 books of account of materials used in such manufactory and the products
6 thereof, so manufactured, and shall make reports thereof to the Treasurer
7 of said State, on the first Monday of January, April, July and October of
8 each year, and shall put up such a sign and affix such a number to his fac-
9 tory and conduct his business under such surveillance of the Treas-
10 urer of State as is provided for by this act. Such manufacturer
11 shall give bonds, with sureties, satisfactory to the Treasurer of State, in the
12 penal sum of not less than five thousand dollars; and the sum of said
13 bonds may be increased from time to time and additional sureties required
14 at the discretion of the Treasurer of State, which bond shall be conditioned
15 that the said manufactory shall be conducted and managed as required by
16 this act.

§ 4. All commercial beer shall be when kegged or otherwise packed by
2 the manufacturer thereof, marked, stamped and branded, either as commer-
3 cial beer, or commercial lager beer, with stamps to be furnished at a rea-
4 sonable cost to the manufacturer by the Treasurer of the State, and all
5 sales made by manufacturers and wholesale dealers in commercial beer
6 shall be in original stamped kegs, bottles, or other vessels; and retail deal-
7 ers in commercial beer must sell only from original stamped kegs, bottles,
8 or other vessel. But no stamps shall be required to be used by any retailer
9 upon any keg, bottle or other vessel containing beer by him delivered when
10 sold by him at retail. Every person who knowingly sells or offers for sale
11 or delivers or offers to deliver any commercial beer, in any other form than
12 is properly stamped as required by this section, or who manufactures or
13 stores commercial beer in any keg, vessel, bottle or package contrary to this
14 act, or who falsely brands any keg, bottle, vessel or case, or affixes a stamp
15 thereon contrary to this act, shall be fined for each offense not more than
16 one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not more than two years.

§ 5. Every manufacturer of commercial beer shall securely affix by pasting
2 on each keg, bottle or other vessel containing such liquor manufactured by

3 him, a label to be furnished such manufacturer at a reasonable cost by the
 4 Treasurer of the State, on which shall be printed, besides the number of
 5 the manufactory and the county and State in which it is situated, these word :
 6 “ Notice : The manufacturer of the commercial beer herein contained has
 7 complied with all requirements of law. Every person is cautioned not to
 8 use this (keg, bottle or other vessel, as the case may be) again, or stamp
 9 thereon again, or to remove the contents of this keg, bottle or other vessel,
 10 as the case may be, without destroying said stamp, under the penalty
 11 provided by law in such cases.” Every manufacturer of commercial beer
 12 who neglects to affix such label to any keg, bottle or other vessel contain-
 13 ing commercial beer made by him, or sold, or offered for sale by or for
 14 him, and every person who removes said label so affixed, from any such
 15 keg, bottle or other vessel (except when by this act the same is required to
 16 be destroyed), shall be fined fifty dollars for each keg, bottle or other ves-
 17 sel in respect to which such offense is committed ; and every person who
 18 knowingly purchases or receives for sale any commercial beer which has
 19 not been branded or stamped according to this act, shall be fined fifty dol-
 20 lars for each and every keg, bottle or other vessel of commercial beer so
 21 purchased or received by him.

§ 6. That whenever any stamped keg, bottle or other vessel containing
 2 commercial beer is emptied in whole or in part, it shall be the duty of any
 3 person in whose hands the same is to utterly destroy the stamps thereon,
 4 and any person who willfully neglects or refuses so to do, shall, for each
 5 such offense, be fined not exceeding fifty dollars and imprisoned not less
 6 than ten days nor more than six months. And any person who fraudulently
 7 gives away or accepts from another, or who sells, buys or uses, for packing
 8 commercial beer any such stamped keg, bottle or other vessel, whose stamp
 9 is not so destroyed, shall for each such offense be fined not exceeding one
 10 hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not more than one year.

§ 7. There shall be in the office of the Treasurer of State an analytical

2 chemist and a microscopist, who shall be appointed by the Governor of
3 such State, and receive a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per
4 annum, and such officer shall make all reports relating to his office in
5 writing to the Treasurer of State, and such Treasurer is authorized to decide
6 upon such reports what liquors, extracts, mixtures or compounds submitted
7 for his inspection in contested cases, are beer and what are commercial beer,
8 and his decision shall be final with reference to all matters referred to by
9 this act, except as to criminal prosecutions, in which case his decision shall
10 be prima facia correct. The Treasurer of State may also decide what liquor,
11 extract, mixture or compound made in imitation or semblance of beer or
12 commercial beer, and intended for human consumption contains ingredients
13 deleterious to the public health, and such decision to be made upon reports
14 of such officers herein provided for, or based upon other credible information
15 satisfactory to him, and any manufactory which manufactures any liquors,
16 mixture or compound deleterious to the public health shall be prosecuted
17 by the State's Attorney of the county in which said manufactory is situated
18 as a public nuisance, and abated as such by proper order of the court, and
19 in such prosecution the decision of the Treasurer of State as to whether the
20 product of such manufactory contain such ingredients deleterious to the
21 public heath shall be prima facia correct. And any manufacturer or other
22 person who manufactures or assists in the manufacture of any liquor or
23 compound made in the imitation of beer or of commercial beer which contains
24 ingredients deleterious to the public health shall be held guilty of a misde-
25 meanor and be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor
26 more than two thousand dollars, and by imprisonment not less than thirty
27 days nor more than six months.

§ 8. All kegs, bottles or other vessels of commercial beer that shall be
2 found by any peace officer of this State without stamps or marks thereon as
3 herein provided, and all commercial beer intended for human consumption
4 which contains ingredients adjudged, as hereinbefore provided, to be

5 deleterious to the public health, shall be forfeited to the State, and
6 confiscated by any peace officer thereof, or secured and destroyed by any
7 civil process or legal action or equitable suit necessary to accomplish such
8 end. Any person who shall wilfully remove or deface the stamps marked
9 or branded on any keg, bottle or other vessel containing commercial beer as
10 provided herein, except in cases where the same is required to be so removed
11 and destroyed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a
12 fine of not less than one hundred dollars and not more than two thousand
13 dollars, and by imprisonment of not less than thirty days and not more than
14 six months.

§ 9. Any person, company or incorporation who shall knowingly act as a
2 common carrier for the reception and transportation of any commercial beer
3 which has not been packed and branded and stamped according to the pro-
4 visions of this act, or of any liquor made in imitation or semblance of beer, or
5 of commercial beer, and intended for human consumption, which contain
6 ingredients deleterious to the public health, if a person, shall be deemed guilty
7 of a misdemeanor, and fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than
8 one thousand dollars, and imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve
9 months, or if said common carrier be an incorporation, the persons who com-
10 mitted such offense may be fined as herein provided, and such incorporation
11 may also be prosecuted in a civil action for a penalty to be recovered in the
12 name of the State, in any sum not less than one hundred dollars and not
13 exceeding one thousand dollars for each offense.

§ 10. If any manufacturer or dealer of commercial beer, or any common
2 carrier or other person in any way assisting in the manufacture, sale or trans-
3 portation thereof, shall knowingly omit, neglect or refuse to do, or cause to
4 be done, any of the things required by this act in the carrying on or conducting
5 of his business in relation to such liquor, or shall do anything by this act pro-
6 hibited, if there be no specific penalty or punishment imposed by any other
7 section of this act for the neglecting, omitting or refusing to do, or for the

8 doing or causing to be done the thing required or prohibited, he shall be
9 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined in any sum not less than one
10 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or if the offender be an
11 incorporation, such incorporation shall be liable to a penalty to the State of
12 Illinois in the sum of one thousand dollars for each and every such offense.

§ 11. All fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed by this act may be re-
2 covered in any court having jurisdiction of such civil actions and suits or
3 criminal prosecutions, as the case may be.

§ 12. The Treasurer of State shall make all needful regulations for the
2 carrying into effect this act, and shall charge all persons applying to him for
3 stamps and other papers or things required by him by this act to be furnished
4 at a reasonable cost to the applicant, such cost to be regulated by the
5 Treasurer of State in such a sum as will fairly cover the reasonable expense
6 of his office in carrying the provisions of this law into effect.

§ 13. This act shall go into effect on the ninetieth (90th) day after its
2 passage, and all stock of commercial beer on hand of manufacturers or
3 dealers at the time of taking effect of this act shall be stamped, marked and
4 branded, as provided by this act, under special regulations of the Treasurer
5 of the State; or he may authorize the holder of such stock on hand to prop-
6 erly mark and brand the same as required by this act.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Watson, January —, 1891.
 2. Read by title January —, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act to amend section sixty-one (61) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That so much of section sixty-one of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, as provides for the election of an assessor in each township, be and is hereby repealed.

§ 2. That at the first general election after the passage of this act, and every four years thereafter, in the counties under township organization, an assessor shall be elected for the county, whose salary shall be fixed by the board of supervisors and shall not be changed during his term of office and whose duties shall be the same as assessors in counties not under township organization.

1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi, January 21, 1891.
2. Read by title January 21, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one of an act entitled "An act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution, and from distress for rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one of an act entitled "An act to exempt personal property from attachment and sale on execution, and from distress for rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That the following personal property owned by the debtor, shall be exempt from execution, writ of attachment, and distress for rent, viz: 1st, the necessary wearing apparel, household furniture, bibles, school books, and family pictures of every person; and 2d, one hundred dollars worth of other property, to be selected, when the debtor is the head of a family: *Provided*, that such selections and exemption shall not be made by the debtor, or allowed to him or her from any money, salary or wages due him or her from any person or persons or corporations whatever.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Allen, January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Farm Drainage.
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A BILL

For an act authorizing boards of county commissioners, or other proper officers, of counties of this State adjoining other States, to join with the boards of commissioners or other proper authorities of such other States in the construction and repair of ditches, drains and water courses on, along, across or near to the State line between the State of Illinois and any adjoining State, and to keep the same in repair after construction, and in aid of and supplemental to the laws now in force in this State on that subject.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That when it may be desirable to construct, widen, deepen or straighten any ditch, drain or water course lying on, along, across, or near to the State line between the State of Illinois and any adjoining State, which ditch drain or water course can not be constructed in the best possible manner without affecting the lands in such adjoining State, the board of county commissioners, or other proper officers of the several counties of the State, so adjoining another State, shall have the authority, and such boards of commissioners, or other proper officers, are hereby authorized to join with the county commissioners or the proper authorities of such adjoining counties of other States, in the construction, widening, deepening or straightening such ditches, drains and water courses

13 as aforesaid, and said boards of commissioners, or other proper officers, shall
14 have power, and they are hereby authorized, to jointly enter into contracts
15 with the boards of commissioners, or the proper authorities of such adjoining
16 ing counties in adjoining States, for the construction and improvement
17 aforesaid, each to pay such proportion of the cost of such improvement as
18 shall be determined by and between the said boards of commissioners, or
19 other proper officers of this State and such adjoining State, which shall be
20 equitable and just.

§ 2. Such improvements shall be made by the boards of commissioners,
2 or other proper officers, on petition by the land owners pursuant to the
3 laws in force in this State, and shall be governed by the laws in force in
4 all things ; and this act is supplemental to and in aid of all laws in force in
5 this State for the construction, widening, deepening and straightening of
6 ditches, drains and water courses, so far as the same can be made applic-
7 able, and any ditch, drain or water course so constructed or improved under
8 this act shall be perpetually kept in repair by the law in force in this State
9 for keeping such drains, ditches and water courses in repair ; the said ad-
10 joining county in said adjoining State, contributing its proportionate share
11 for keeping the same in repair according to the proportion paid for the
12 original cost of the same.

§ 3. Whereas, there is an emergency for the immediate taking effect of
2 this act, the same shall be in force from and after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon of Lee, January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section five (5) of article eleven (11) of an act entitled,
“An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages,” approved
April 10, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois. represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section five (5) of article eleven (11) of an act
3 entitled, “An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages,”
4 approved April 10, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby
5 amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5. Whenever any area of contiguous territory, not exceeding two
2 square miles, shall have resident thereon a population of at least two hun-
3 dred inhabitants, and which territory is not included within the limits of
4 any incorporated town, village or city, the same may become incorporated
5 as a village, under this act, in the manner following: Any thirty legal
6 voters resident within the limits of such proposed village may petition the
7 county judge of the county in which they reside, to cause the question to
8 be submitted to the legal voters of such proposed village, whether they
9 will organize as a village under this act. And if the territory described in
10 said petition shall be situated in more than one county, then the petition

11 shall be addressed to the judge of the county court of the county where a
12 greater part of such territory is situated. Such petition shall be addressed
13 to the county judge, contain a definite description of the lands intended to
14 be embraced in such village, the number of inhabitants resident therein,
15 and the name of such proposed village.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Faires, January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 86 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved June 2, 1881, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That section eighty-six (86) of an act entitled "An
3 act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of
4 taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act
5 approved June 2, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, be amended so as to read as
6 follows:

7 Whereas, counties under townshtp organization the assessor, clerk and
8 supervisor of the town shall meet on the fourth Monday of June for the
9 purpose of reviewing the assessment of property in such town, and on the
10 application of any person considering himself aggrieved, or who shall com-
11 plain that the property of another is assessed too low, they shall review the
12 assessment and correct the same as shall appear to them just; but if no
13 complaint is made and the assessment is manifestly too low or too high,
14 the said board of review shall have power to correct the same, notice hav-
15 ing first been given to the party whose assessment is questioned in said
16 town, or to an agent, of such readjustment.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Graham, January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.
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A BILL

For an act to prohibit railroad corporations doing business in this State from issuing free passes to judges of courts of record in this State, States officers, members of the General Assembly, or any other person elected by the people to any position in the State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any railroad corpor-
3 ation organized or doing business in this State under any act of incorpora-
4 tion, or general law of this State, now in force, or which may hereafter be
5 enacted, or any railroad corporation organized or which may hereafter be
6 organized under any law of any other State, and doing business in this
7 State, who shall issue any free pass, complimentary ticket, mileage ticket,
8 or any other device, to carry free of charge over their roads, any judge of
9 court of record in this State, any Governor or other State officials, or mem-
10 bers of the General Assembly of this State, or any other person, elected to
11 any office in this State by a vote of the people thereof, the same shall be
12 deemed guilty of violating the provisions of this act, and upon conviction
13 thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than one thousand dollars
14 (\$1,000) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the first offense,
15 and for the second offense not less than four thousand (\$4,000) dollars nor
16 more than eight thousand (\$8,000) dollars, at the discretion of the court.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any judge of court of record in this State,
2 or any Governor, or other State official, or members of the General As-
3 sembly of this State, or any other official, or any other person elected by a
4 vote of the people of this State, who shall receive free pass, complimentary
5 ticket, or mileage ticket, or any other device, the purport or meaning which
6 means free transportation, without compensation, over any railroad in this
7 State, the same shall be deemed guilty of violating the provisions of this
8 act as set forth in section two, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined
9 in any sum not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hun-
10 dred dollars (\$100) for the first offense, and for the second offense not less
11 than one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than two hundred
12 dollars (\$200), at the discretion of court, the same to be recovered in an
13 action of debt, in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, and when
14 such fines are collected, shall be turned into the county treasury where
15 such judgment is rendered for use of such county.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Kirby January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section seventeen of division thirteen of chapter thirty-eight of the Revised Statutes, entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section seventeen of division thirteen of chapter thirty-eight of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 17. Exceptions may be taken in criminal cases, and bills of exception shall be signed and sealed by the judge and entered of record; and error may be assigned thereon by either the people or the defendant the same as in civil cases: *Provided*, that when such errors are assigned by the people no bond of any kind shall be required; that the State's Attorney of each county shall act for and in behalf of the people in taking such writs of error as he may deem advisable.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Kirby, January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections seventeen and nineteen of division three of chapter thirty-eight of the revised statutes entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That sections seventeen and nineteen of division three of chapter thirty-eight of an act entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 17. When any person who is accused of any criminal offense shall give bail for his appearance, and such person does not appear in accordance with the terms of the recognizance, the court shall declare such recognizance forfeited, and the clerk of the court shall thereupon issue a *scire facias* against such person and his sureties, returnable on the first day of the next term of the court, to show cause why judgment should not be rendered against such person and his sureties for the amount of the recognizance, which *scire facias* shall be served by the sheriff of the county where the court is held, upon such persons and his sureties, by reading the same to the defendants named in such *scire facias*, at least five days before the first day of the term to which the same is returnable; and, in case the

12 person aforesaid cannot be found by the sheriff, he shall make return of
13 that fact to the court. The court shall, thereupon, enter judgment by
14 default against the defendants for the amount of the recognizance, unless
15 defendants shall appear and interpose a defense, and if they appear and
16 defend, then the cause shall be tried in the same manner as other causes
17 of a like nature, after any such recognizance shall be declared forfeited as
18 aforesaid. At any time during the same term of court at which such
19 forfeiture is declared, the court may, in its discretion, set aside such
20 forfeiture. upon the accused being brought or coming into open court, and
21 showing to the court, by affidavit. (to which affidavit counter affidavits may
22 be filed and considered,) that he was unable to appear in court according
23 to the terms of recognizance, by reason of sickness or some other cause
24 which shall satisfy the court that the accused had not been guilty of any
25 laches or negligence: *Provided*, that no such forfeiture of a recognizance
26 shall be set aside until the accused shall pay the costs of such recognizance.

Section 19. If, by the act of God, bail are unable, without their fault, to
2 surrender their principal, they shall, on the hearing on such *scire facias*, be
3 exonerated and discharged by the court, with or without costs, as the court
4 may deem equitable.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman, of Sangamon, January 20, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 20, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled “An act to correct irregularities in assessment of property for taxation and in the equalization of assessments for such purposes,” approved and in force May 29, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section one (1) of an act entitled “An act to correct irregularities in assessment of property for taxation and in the equalization of assessments for such purposes,” approved and in force May 29, 1877, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Section 1. That in any case where the county board of any county shall have failed to complete the equalization of assessments as returned for any year, at the meeting held on the second Monday in August, or shall have failed to act upon a complaint that another is assessed too low at such a meeting, the equalization of such assessment, or action upon such complaint by the county board at any subsequent meeting thereof, is hereby declared legal and valid, and the taxes extended thereon shall be and remain a lien on the property against which they are extended, to the same extent as if such equalization and action upon complaint had been had and taken on the second Monday in August.

1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman, of Sangamon, January 22, 1891.
2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section seventy-four (74), ninety (90), ninety-two (92), ninety-seven (97) and ninety-nine (99) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections seventy-four (74), ninety (90), ninety-two (92), ninety-seven (97) and ninety-nine (99) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 74. Every assessor or deputy assessor before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath required by the constitution, also the county clerk of each respective county shall require of its assessors to make a bond with such security as said clerk may require bond to be given county clerk for sum not less than five hundred dollars (\$500).

Conditions: If assessor performs the duties of his office with fidelity and honor, then bond to become null and void. If assessor fails to make returns when required by law, then said assessor shall pay to said county clerk for the use of his respective county a penalty of five dollars per day for each and every day after said required time for assessor's return.

Section 90. The assessor shall on or before the first day of August of the year for which the assessment is made return his assessment books to the county clerk, verified by his affidavit substantially in the following form:

STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
County.) ss.

I,, assessor of, do solemnly swear that the book to which this is attached contains a correct and full list of all the real property (or "personal property," as the case may be) subject to taxation in so far as I have been able to ascertain the same, and that the assessed value set down in the proper column opposite the several kinds and descriptions of property is in each case the fair cash value of such property, to the best of my knowledge and belief, (where the assessment has been corrected by a town board, except as corrected by the town board) and that the footings of the several columns in said book and tabular statement returned herewith are correct as I verily believe.

Section 92. The several assessment books shall be filed in the office of the county clerk, and there remain open to the inspection of all persons: *Provided*, that the county clerk shall in the month of April deliver to the town clerks of the several towns in the county the assessment books of their respective towns for the previous year, such books to be returned by the town clerks to the county clerk's office before the first of August of the same year.

Section 97. The county board at a meeting to be held for the purpose contemplated in this section on the second Monday in August annually after the return of the assessment books shall

First—Assess all such lands or lots as have been listed by the county clerk and not assessed by the assessors. Said board may make such alterations in the descriptions of real property as it shall deem necessary.

Second—On the application of any person considering himself aggrieved,

8 or who shall complain that the property of another is assessed too low, they
9 shall review the assessment and correct the same as shall appear to be just.
10 No complaint that another is assessed too low shall be acted upon until the
11 person so assessed or his agent shall be notified of such complaint, if a
12 resident of the county.

13 Third—To hear and determine the applications of any person who is
14 assessed on property claimed to be exempt from taxation. If the board
15 shall decide that any such property is not liable to taxation, and the ques-
16 tion as to the liability of such property to taxation has not been previously
17 determined as hereinafter provided, the decision of said board shall not be
18 final, unless approved by the Auditor of Public Accounts, and it shall be
19 the duty of the county clerks in all such cases to make out and forward to
20 the Auditor a full and complete statement of all the facts in the case. If
21 the Auditor is satisfied that such property is not legally liable to taxation,
22 he shall notify the clerk of his approval of the decision of the board, and
23 the said clerk shall correct the assessment accordingly. But if the Auditor
24 is satisfied that such property is liable to taxation, he shall advise the
25 clerk of his objection to the decision of the board, and give notice to said
26 clerk that he will apply to the supreme court in either division, specifying
27 at what term thereof, for an order to set aside and reverse the decision of
28 the county board, upon the receipt of such notice, the clerk shall notify
29 the person making the application aforesaid. It shall be the duty of the
30 Auditor to file in the supreme court a certified statement of the facts certi-
31 fied by the clerks as aforesaid, together with his objections thereto, and
32 the court shall hear and determine the matter as the right of the case may
33 be. If the board shall decide that property so claimed to be exempt is liable
34 to be taxed and the party aggrieved shall at the time pray an appeal, a
35 brief statement in the case shall be made by the clerk and transmitted to
36 the Auditor, who shall present the case to the supreme court in like man-
37 ner as hereinbefore provided. In either case the collection of the tax shall

38 not be delayed thereby, but in case the property is decided to be exempt
39 the tax shall be abated or refunded.

40 Fourth—It shall ascertain whether the valuations in one town or district
41 bear just relations to all the towns or districts in the county, and may in-
42 crease or diminish the aggregate valuation of property in any town or
43 district by adding or deducting such sum upon the hundred as may be
44 necessary to produce a just relation between all the valuations of property
45 in the county, but shall, in no instance, reduce the aggregate valuation of
46 all the towns or districts below the aggregate valuation thereof, as made
47 by the assessors; neither shall it increase the aggregate valuation of all the
48 towns or districts except in such an amount as may be actually necessary
49 and incidental to a proper and just equalization. It may consider lands,
50 town or city lots, personal property and railroad property (except “railroad
51 track” and “rolling stock”) separately, and determine a separate rate per
52 cent. of addition or reduction for each of said classes of property, as may
53 be necessary to a just equalization of the assessed value of said classes of
54 property within the respective towns, and of the same between the several
55 towns or districts in the county. If the county board of any county shall
56 find the aggregate assessment of the county is too high or too low, or is
57 generally so unequal as to render it impracticable to equalize such assess-
58 ment fairly, they may set aside the assessment of the whole county or of
59 any township or townships therein, and order a new assessment, with in-
60 structions to the assessor to increase or diminish the aggregate assessment
61 of such county or township, as the case may be, by such an amount as said
62 board may deem right and just in the premises, and consistent with this
63 act.

Section 98. On or before the tenth (10th) day of August annually it shall
2 be the duty of the county clerks upon the receipt of the assessors’ books
3 to make out and transmit to the Auditor an abstract of the assessment of
4 property showing the number, value and average of each kind of enumer-

ated property, as shown by the assessment; the value of each item of un-
enumerated property, and total value of personal property; the length of
main track, the length of side track and the number, values and average
value of each separate item of railroad property; the number of acres, value
and average value of improved lands; the number of acres, value and aver-
age value of unimproved lands; the total number of acres, total value and
average value per acre of all lands; the number, value and average value
of improved town and city lots; the number, value and average value of
unimproved town or city lots; the total number of lots, total value and
average value of all lots, and the total value of all property; the number
of acres in cultivation of wheat, corn, oats, meadows and other field pro-
ducts, in enclosed pastures, orchards and woodlands, whether enclosed or
not in that year. Said abstracts shall be made out on blanks, which it
shall be the duty of the Auditor to furnish the county clerks for that pur-
pose. The values to be given in said abstracts shall be assessed valuations
except in the case of railroad property denominated "railroad track" and
"rolling stock," the value of which shall be given as returned by the rail-
road company to the county clerk. The county clerk shall at the same
time, and accompanying said abstracts, furnish a detailed statement of the
railroad property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock" re-
ported by each road located in or through their counties. If there are any
roads so located that have not made their reports as required by this act,
the clerk shall report the fact, giving the names of such railroads.

1. Introduced by Mr. McInerney, January 22, 1891.
2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to regulate the rental, and to fix the charges allowed for the use of telephones, and fixing a penalty for its violation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That no individual, company or corporation now or hereafter owning, controlling or operating any telephone line in operation in this State, shall be allowed to charge, collect or receive as rental for the use of such telephones and keeping the same in repair, any sum in excess of the following rates:

In cities or villages having a population of seventy-five thousand (75,000) inhabitants or more, five dollars per month; in cities or villages having a population of less than seventy-five thousand (75,000), four dollars (\$4) per month.

§ 2. When any two cities or villages are connected by wire operated or owned by one individual, company or corporation, the price for the use of any telephone for the purpose of conversation between such cities or villages, shall not exceed ten cents for the first five minutes, and for each additional five minutes no sum exceeding five cents shall be collected or received: *Provided*, that any individual, firm or corporation who has a telephone, and pays rental therefor, as above provided, in each of the cities or villages so connected by wire, shall not be required to pay for connecting the same for the purpose of conversation between such cities or villages:

10 *Provided*, they are not over twenty-five miles (25) apart, as provided above in
11 this section.

§ 3. Any individual, firm or corporation, operator, agent, or other person
2 who shall charge, collect or receive, for the use of any telephone, any sum
3 in excess of the rates fixed by this act or shall refuse to furnish to any
4 responsible party or parties who may apply for such telephone service
5 within thirty (30) days after applications, shall be deemed guilty of misde-
6 meanor, and shall, upon conviction, thereof, be fined in any sum not less
7 than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300)
8 for the first offense, and for the second offense not less than three hundred
9 dollars (\$300) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), and for the third
10 offense not less than nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2000), and for
11 every subsequent offense, and conviction thereof, shall be liable to a fine of
12 five thousand dollars (\$5000): *Provided*, that in all cases under this act,
13 either party shall have the right to trial by jury.

§ 4. The fines hereinbefore provided for may be recovered in any action
2 of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois. Said action may
3 be brought at the instance of the State's attorney, in the county in which
4 the offense was committed, or at the instance of any party aggrieved. If
5 upon the trial of any case instituted under this act, the jury shall find for
6 the People, they shall assess and return with their verdict the amount of
7 the fine to be imposed upon the defendant at any sum not less than one
8 hundred dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, and the court shall
9 render such judgment accordingly. And if the jury shall find for the
10 People, and that the defendant has once before been convicted of violation
11 of this act, they shall return such finding with their verdict, and shall
12 assess and return with their verdict the amount of the fine to be imposed
13 upon the defendant at any sum not less than three hundred dollars or more
14 than five hundred dollars, and the court shall render judgment accordingly,
15 and if the jury shall find for the People and that the defendant has been
16 twice before convicted of violation of the provisions of this act, they shall

17 return such finding with their verdict, and shall assess and return with
18 their verdict the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant at
19 any sum not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand
20 dollars, and, in like manner, for every subsequent offense and conviction
21 such defendant shall be liable to a fine of five thousand dollars (\$5000):
22 *Provided*, that in all cases under the provisions of this act a preponderance
23 of evidence in favor of the People shall be sufficient to authorize a verdict
24 and judgment for the People.

§ 5. In all actions brought under the provisions of this act in which counsel
2 other than the State's attorney shall be employed, by any person aggrieved,
3 to bring and prosecute the same, a reasonable attorney's fee shall be fixed
4 by the court when the case is heard in the court below on appeal or
5 otherwise, which shall be taxed as a part of the costs in the case, and
6 which shall be paid by the defendant in case of conviction.

§ 4. All fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall be paid
2 into the school fund of the county in which the suit is tried, by the person
3 collecting the same, to be used for school purposes; suits commenced under
4 the provisions of this act shall have preference over all other business
5 except criminal business.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Reed of Boone, January 22, 1891.
2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to prevent deception in the sale of dairy products, and to preserve the public health.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That no person, either by himself, his agents or servants, shall render or manufacture out of any animal fat, or animal or vegetable oils not produced from unadulterated milk or cream, any article in imitation or semblance of natural butter or cheese produced from pure, unadulterated milk or cream, nor mix, compound with or add to milk, cream or butter any acids or other deleterious substances, or animal fats, or animal or vegetable oils not produced from milk or cream, so as to produce any article or substance, or any human food in imitation or semblance of natural butter or cheese, unless the same shall be distinctly colored pink, so that it can be readily distinguished from pure butter or cheese.

§ 2. No person, either by himself, his agents or servants, shall sell, expose for sale or have in his possession with intent to sell, any article or compound made in imitation of butter or cheese, and not wholly made from milk or cream, unless the same shall be distinctly colored pink, so that it may readily be distinguished from pure butter or cheese.

§ 3. Any proprietor or keeper of a hotel, restaurant, boarding house, eating saloon or other place where food is furnished to persons paying for

the same, where there is placed upon the table for the use of guests or patrons, any article, substance or compound made in imitation of butter or cheese, and not wholly made from milk or cream, and that is of any other color than pink, shall be deemed as selling and as offering for sale as butter or cheese such article, substance or compound within the meaning of and contrary to the provisions of this act.

§ 4. For the purposes of this act the terms butter and cheese shall be held and understood to mean the products usually known by those names, respectively, and which are made exclusively from milk or cream, or both, and with or without salt or coloring matter or other necessary ingredient.

§ 5. Any person violating any provision of this act shall be fined for each offense not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, to be recovered by indictment in any court having jurisdiction; or the fine alone may be sued for and recovered before any justice of the peace in the county where the offense shall be committed, at the instance of any person, in the name of the people of the State of Illinois or plaintiff.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Scaife, January 22, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 3 of an act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 3 of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the weighing of coal at the mines, and to repeal a certain act therein named," approved June 16, 1887, be, and the same is, hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 3. It shall be lawful for the miners employed in any coal mine in this state to furnish a check-weighman at their own expense, whose duty it shall be to balance the scales and see that the coal is properly weighed, and that a correct account of the same is kept, and for this purpose he shall have access at all times to the beam box of said scales, and be afforded facilities for the discharge of his duties while the weighing is being performed.

"The agent employed by the miners as aforesaid, to act as check-weighman, shall be a citizen of the United States, and shall, before entering upon his duties, make and subscribe to an oath, before some officer duly authorized to administer oaths, that he is duly qualified and will faithfully discharge the duties of check-weighman; such oath shall be kept conspicuously posted at the place of weighing.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Davis, January 21, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.
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A 6000

1. Introduced by Mr. Scaife, January 22, 1891.
2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 4 of an act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 4 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines," as approved June 4, 1889, be and the same is hereby amended by substituting for the words in said section, "Such examiner shall make a daily record of the condition of the mine, in a book kept for that purpose, which shall be open at all times to the examination of the inspector," the following words to-wit: "Such examiner shall mark with chalk, in some conspicuous place on the face of each working room, the number of the month and the day of the month on which his inspection is made, and shall make a daily record of the condition of the mine, in a book kept for that purpose, which shall be open at all times to the examination of the inspector."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Springer, January 22, 1891.
 1. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.
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A BILL

For an an act requiring the use of air brakes and automatic couplers on all freight cars from and after January 1, 1893.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That from and after January 1, 1893, each and every railway corporation in the State of Illinois, or any railway corporation doing business on lines in Illinois as common carriers, shall be required to furnish and operate air brakes and automatic couplers of the most approved pattern on each and every freight car used in said State by any such railway corporation, for any purpose whatever.

§ 2. That the officers of any such railway corporation doing business in Illinois, who shall refuse, neglect or fail to supply and equip said freight cars, as herein required, shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$50 for each car used without said equipments for each and every month so used after January 1, 1893.

1. Introduced by Mr. Talbot, January 22, 1891.
2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to insure the better protection of life and property from steam boiler explosions.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the county supervisors and commissioners throughout the State, shall have power to adopt ordinances within their respective limits to provide for the examination, licensing and regulation of persons having charge of steam boilers under steam pressure, exhausting through an engine, to fix the amount, terms and manner of issuing and revoking licenses to such persons; to provide that it shall not be lawful for any person to exercise within the limits of the respective county supervisors and commissioners of counties, which may adopt such ordinances, the business of operating steam boilers, under steam pressure, exhausting through an engine, without a license; and to provide that any person violating the provisions of such ordinances shall be liable to a penalty for each breach thereof.

§ 2. To require that all persons engaged in such occupation within the jurisdiction of said county supervisors and commissioners of counties so adopting such ordinances, shall submit to an examination by a competent

4 board of examiners to be appointed by such county supervisors and commis-
5 sioners of counties, touching their competency and qualifications in regard to
6 such vocations, with power to such board of examiners to license such
7 persons as may be found capable and trustworthy in that behalf.

1. Introduced by Mr. White of Whiteside, January 22, 1891.
2. Read by title January 22, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 14 of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 14 of an act entitled "An act con-
3 cerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of this State
4 with reference thereto," be and the same is hereby amended to read as
5 follows:

Section 14. For capias, summons, subpœna or other process not herein
2 expressly named, and sealing same; in counties of the first class, thirty-five
3 cents; in counties of the second class, twenty-five cents: *Provided*, that only
4 one subpœna shall be charged for every four witnesses, unless actually
5 made out on request in writing.

6 For filing each paper in the progress of a suit and appertaining to the
7 same, in counties of the first and second class, five cents.

8 For taking appeal bond and issuing supersedeas on appeals from a justice
9 of the peace, in counties of the first class, fifty cents; in counties of the
10 second class, thirty-five cents.

11 For taking bond for costs, approving and filing same, in counties of the
12 first and second class, twenty cents.

13 For filing and opening each deposition, in counties of the first class, ten
14 cents; in counties of the second class, five cents.

15 For docketing suit each time in counties of first class, twenty cents; in
16 counties of the second class, fifteen cents.

17 For entering each motion, order of rule of court for a continuance, de-
18 fault or to plead, or any order actually entered, in counties of the first
19 class, twenty cents; in second class, fifteen cents.

20 For discontinuance, retraxit or non suit, in counties of the first class,
21 twenty cents; in counties of the second class, fifteen cents.

22 For each dedimus to take depositions, in counties of the first class, eighty
23 cents; in counties of the second class, sixty-five cents.

24 For bringing into court any particular record of a suit, matter or thing,
25 not properly before the court, in counties of the first class, fifteen cents; in
26 counties of the second class, ten cents.

27 For calling and swearing each jury, in counties of the first class, twenty-
28 five cents; in counties of the second class, twenty cents.

29 For swearing each witness in court, in counties of the first and second
30 class, five cents.

31 For swearing any person to an affidavit and filing the same, in counties
32 of the first class, fifteen cents; in counties of the second class, ten cents.

33 For receiving and entering the verdict of a jury, in counties of the first
34 class, twenty cents; in second class, fifteen cents.

35 For entering final judgment in each case, in counties of the first and
36 second class, twenty-five cents.

37 For entering each decree in chancery, for every one hundred words, in
38 counties of first class, fifteen cents; in counties of the second class, twelve
39 cents.

40 For indexing each case entered upon records of court, ten cents.

41 For issuing each writ of habeas corpus, certiorari or precedendo, in
42 counties of the first class, fifty cents; in counties of the second class, forty
43 cents.

44 For assessing damages on any bond, note or other instrument for the
45 payment of money by the order of court, and making a report thereof in
46 writing, and filing same, in counties of first class, twenty-five cents; in
47 counties of second class, twenty cents.

48 For entering special bail of record, in counties of first class, twenty-five
49 cents; in counties of second-class, twenty cents.

50 For making list of jurors when requested, in counties of first class, fifteen
51 cents; in counties of second class, ten cents.

52 For swearing a constable to take charge of a jury, in counties of the first
53 and second class, ten cents.

54 For issuing an execution, in counties of the first class, forty cents; in
55 counties of the second class, thirty cents.

56 For docketing the same, in counties of the first and second class, ten
57 cents.

58 For entering sheriff's return of same, in counties of first and second class,
59 ten cents.

60 For attending the sessions of the circuit court, in counties of the first
61 and second class, the sum of three dollars per day for such attendance.

62 For entering satisfaction of judgment, in counties of first and second
63 class, fifteen cents.

64 For entering satisfaction of cost bill, five cents, in counties of the first
65 and second class.

66 For entering the report of commissioners, of referees, or the award of
67 arbitrators, and all other special entries, for every one hundred words, in
68 counties of the first class, twelve cents; in counties of second class, ten
69 cents.

70 For each certificate and seal, other than on process of court, in counties
71 of the first class, thirty-five cents; and thirty cents in counties of the second
72 class.

73 For taking attachment bond, injunction bond, or bond in case of appeal

74 to supreme court, in counties of first class, fifty cents; in counties of the
75 second class, forty cents.

76 In counties of first and second class, for entering appearance of plaintiff
77 by himself or attorney, fifteen cents, and for entering appearance of de-
78 fendant, by himself or attorney, fifteen cents—to be charged but once in
79 each cause.

80 For each attachment for a witness or other person, in counties of the
81 first class, thirty-five cents; in counties of second class, thirty cents.

82 For each venire facias or jury warrant, when actually made out, in
83 counties of first class, thirty-five cents; in counties of second class, twenty-
84 five cents.

85 For making bill of costs and entering same of record in fee book, being
86 one charge, in counties of first class, thirty cents; in counties of second
87 class, twenty-five cents.

88 For copy of the same, when required by either party, in counties of
89 first class, twenty cents; in counties of second class, fifteen cents.

90 For making up a complete record of proceedings and judgment, when
91 directed by the court, for every one hundred words, in counties of first
92 class, fifteen cents; in counties of second class, ten cents.

93 For making copies of bills, answers, declarations, pleadings, judgments
94 or other proceedings, for every one hundred words, in counties of first
95 class, twelve cents; in counties of second class, ten cents.

96 For certifying and sealing same, when required in writing, in counties
97 of first class, thirty cents; in counties of second class, twenty-five cents.

98 For each commission, scire facias, as other special writ or process, and
99 sealing the same, for every one hundred words, in counties of first class,
100 fifteen cents; in counties of second class, ten cents.

101 For taking depositions when requested and certifying to and sealing the
102 same, for every one hundred words, in counties of first class, fifteen cents;
103 in counties of second class, twelve cents.

104 For taking each recognizance in court and entering the same of record,
105 in counties of first class, fifty cents; in counties of second class, forty
106 cents.

107 For arraigning prisoner at the bar, in counties of the first class, fifty
108 cents; in counties of the second class, forty cents.

109 For entering judgment of conviction, in counties of first class, fifty cents;
110 in counties of second class, forty cents.

111 For a copy of indictment, when requested, for every one hundred words,
112 in counties of first class, twelve cents; in counties of second class, ten
113 cents.

114 For entering the discharge of a recognizance, in counties of first class,
115 twenty cents; in counties of second class, fifteen cents.

116 For swearing person to declaration of intention to become a citizen, and
117 filing the same, in counties of the first and second class, twenty-five cents.

118 For copy of same with certificate and seal, in all counties of first and
119 second class, twenty-five cents.

120 For making entry of record of naturalization, and for a copy thereof, or
121 either, in all counties of first and second class, fifty cents.

122 For taking acknowledgment of deed or other instrument of writing with
123 seal, in counties of first and second class, twenty-five cents.

124 For recording any deed or other instrument in writing, for every one
125 hundred words, in counties of first class, ten cents; in counties of second
126 class, eight cents; and a certificate, to be made by the recorder, of the
127 recording a deed or other writing, and the date of recording the same
128 signed by the clerk, shall be deemed sufficient evidence of the recording
129 thereof, and for which, including indexing said instrument, there shall be
130 charged a fee of twenty-five cents in all counties of first and second class.

131 For copies of records, the same fees as for recording.

132 For indexing each suit in court, in counties of the first class, fifteen
133 cents; in counties of second class, ten cents.

134 For docketing judgment, in counties of first class, twenty cents; in
135 counties of second class, fifteen cents.

136 For entering each tract in entry book of conveyance, in counties of first
137 class, ten cents; in counties of second [class], five cents.

138 For recording every city, town or assessor's plat, each lot or tract of land
139 included in said plat, in counties of first class, ten cents; in counties of
140 second class, eight cents, when the number of lots does not exceed twenty,
141 and for each additional lot, five cents.

142 For entering each tract of land or town lot named in any one deed
143 above five, in the entry book, five cents in first and second class.

1. Introduced by Mr. Armstrong January 23, 1891.
2. Read by title January 23, 1891. ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the election of a jailor in each county of this State,
prescribe his duties and fix his compensation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That there shall be elected in each county in this
3 State, at the general election to be held in the several precincts and coun-
4 ties on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1892, and every
5 four years thereafter, a jailor, who shall serve for the term of four years
6 from the first day of December next succeeding such election and until his
7 successor is elected and qualified.

§ 2. Such jailor shall receive such salary or remuneration as shall be
2 fixed by the county board of each county at the September term next pre-
3 ceding his election.

§ 3. Before entering upon his official duties such jailor shall file with the
2 county clerk a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the county board
3 or the county judge and county clerk, in a sum not less than five thousand
4 dollars, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties as such jailor.

§ 4. The jailor of each county shall be the keeper of the jail, and shall
2 receive and confine in the jail, until discharged by due course of law, all
3 persons who shall be committed to such jail by any competent authority,
4 and he shall have the care and custody of such persons.

§ 5. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Callahan, January 23, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

A BILL

For an act to amend section twenty-two of chapter fifty-three of the revised statutes.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section twenty-two of chapter fifty-three of the revised statutes be amended so that the same shall read as follows :

“Section 22. For printer, for advertising delinquent tax lists in all counties, for each tract of land ten cents ; for each town lot five cents, to be taxed and collected as costs,

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1. Introduced by Mr. Fishback, January 23, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.
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A BILL

For an act to repeal section eleven of article seven, and to amend, section five of article three, and sections three and five of article seven, of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force May 21, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section eleven of article seven of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force May 21, 1889, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that section five of article three, and sections three and five of article seven of said act, be and the same are hereby amended and made to read as follows:

ARTICLE III.

Section 5. The election of trustees of schools in counties not under township organization shall be on the second Saturday in April annually. The election of trustees in counties under township organization shall be held as provided in section nineteen of this article.

ARTICLE VII.

"Section 3. It shall be the duty of the county superintendent to grant certificates to such persons as may, upon due examination, be found qualified. Said certificates shall be of two grades: those of the first grade shall be valid in the county for two years, and shall certify that the person to

5 whom such certificate is given is of good moral character, and is qualified
6 to teach orthography, reading in English, penmanship, arithmetic, English
7 grammar, modern geography, the elements of the natural sciences, the his-
8 tory of the United States, physiology, and the laws of health. Certificates
9 of the second grade shall be valid for one year, and shall certify that the
10 person to whom such certificate is given is of good moral character, and is
11 qualified to teach orthography, reading in English, penmanship, arithmetic,
12 English grammar, modern geography and the history of the United States.
13 The county superintendent may, in his option, renew said certificates at
14 their expiration, by his endorsement thereon, and may revoke the same at
15 any time for immorality, incompetency, or other just cause. When com-
16 plaint is made against a teacher to the board of directors, board of educa-
17 tion, or county superintendent, for the purpose of having the teacher's cer-
18 tificate revoked, ten days' notice in writing of such complaint shall be given
19 such teacher to appear and defend his rights."

ARTICLE VII.

"Section 5. No teacher shall be entitled to any portion of the common
2 school or township fund, or other public fund, or be employed to teach any
3 school under the control of any board of directors of any school district in
4 the State, who shall not at the time of his employment and on or before
5 the commencement of his teaching, have a certificate of qualification ob-
6 tained under the provisions of this act, entitling him to teach during the
7 entire term of his contract."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hunter of Knox, January 23, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of county poor houses, in counties where the separate support of paupers has been adopted," approved May 23, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of county poor houses in counties where the separate support of paupers has been adopted," approved May 23, 1877, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. The county board of any county that has heretofore adopted, or may hereafter adopt, the separate support of paupers, either by a vote of a majority of all the members elect of said county board, or by a vote of the county, as provided for in case of abandonment of township support, in section thirty-five (35) for an act entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to paupers," of the revised statutes of 1874, may, whenever it shall see fit so to do, establish and maintain a county poor house, and for this purpose shall have all the power given to county boards by section twenty eight (28) of an act entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to paupers," of the revised statutes of 1874.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Miller, January 23, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section two of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section two of an act to revise the law in re-
3 lation to mortgages be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. [Acknowledgment.] Such instrument shall be acknowledged

2 before a justice of the peace or notary public of the town or precinct where
3 the mortgagor resides, or, if there be no acting justice of the peace or notary
4 public in the town or precinct where the mortgagor resides, then such in-
5 strument may be acknowledged before the county judge of the county in
6 which the mortgagor resides; or, if the mortgagor is not a resident of this
7 State at the time of making the acknowledgment, then before any officer
8 authorized by law to take acknowledgment of deeds. The certificate of ac-
9 knowledgment may be in the following form:

10 This (name of instrument) was acknowledged before me by (name of

11 grantor) [when the acknowledgment is made by a resident insert the words
12 "entered by me"] this....day of... 18..

13 Witness my hand and seal.

.....

14 (Name of officer.)

15 [Seal.]

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1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock, January 23, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to fix the powers of courts in the matter of the appointment and compensation of attorneys in criminal cases.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That whenever any court of record shall order of record that counsel appear for either the prosecution or defense of a criminal cause, it shall after the conclusion of the trial fix the compensation of counsel so appointed at such sum as it shall deem from the circumstances just and proper; and upon such order the clerk of the court shall issue a warrant on the county treasurer and said order shall be paid out of any money not otherwise appropriated. All laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed in so far as they may conflict.

1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons January —, 1891.
2. Read by title January —, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act in relation to concealed deadly weapons.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That whoever shall carry concealed upon or about
3 his person any pistol, revolver, derringer, bowie knife, dirk, slung shot,
4 metallic knuckles, razor as a weapon, or other deadly weapon, or in a threat-
5 ening or boisterous manner shall display or flourish any deadly weapon,
6 shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to punishment by imprisonment
7 in the penitentiary for any period not less than one year nor more than five
8 years.

§ 2. Nothing in this act shall apply to sheriffs, coroners, constables,
2 policemen or other peace officers while engaged in the discharge of their
3 official duties, or by any person summoned by any such officers to assist in
4 making arrest or preserving the peace while such person so summoned is
5 engaged in assisting such officer.

§ 3. All acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Tyler, January 23, 1891.
2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to amend section two (2) of an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section two (2) of an act entitled "An act to in-
3 demnify the owners of sheep in case of damage committed by dogs,"
4 approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879,¹ be amended so as to read as
5 follows:

Section 2. The county clerk shall charge upon the collectors book against
2 the name of each person reported and returned as the owner or keeper of
3 a dog or dogs, as a license fee, the sum of one dollar for each dog owned
4 or kept by such person, which fee shall be collected at the same time and
5 in the same manner as taxes upon personal property. In counties not under
6 township organization, the collector shall pay the amount received from the
7 licenses aforesaid to the treasurer of his county, and in counties under
8 township organization the sum so collected in each town, shall be paid by
9 the collector to the supervisor of his town: *Provided*, such supervisor shall
10 not be required to give any new bond for such license fee, but such super-
11 visor and his sureties shall be liable on his original bond as supervisor in
12 the same manner and to the same extent as they now are for other monies
13 received by such supervisor by virtue of his office.

1. Introduced by Mr. White of Stark, January 23, 1891.
2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to create a State Board of School Supplies, prescribe its duties, establish a uniformity of text-books for the common schools in this State, and make an appropriation to pay the members of said board, and to provide for the carrying out of the provisions of this act.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That there is hereby created a State Board of
3 School Supplies, to be composed of the State Superintendent of Public
4 Instruction, who shall be president of the board, and one member to be
5 elected from each Congressional District in this State.

§ 2. No person shall be eligible to membership of this board who shall
2 not be qualified for the office of Representative in the General Assembly,
3 under the constitution of this State, and who shall not have been engaged
4 in teaching in the schools or colleges of this State, or who shall not have
5 held the office of State, county or city superintendent of public instruction
6 for four years, and for two years next preceding his election, within
7 the territory forming the district from which he is elected.

§ 3. The election of members of the State Board of School Supplies shall
2 be held on the first Monday in June after the passage of this act, and
3 thereafter, at the regular election of circuit judges in this State.

4 The term of office of members of this board, except the president thereof,
5 shall be six years, except that the terms of those elected in June, 1892, shall

4 expire upon the election and qualification of their successors in June A. D.
 7 1897. The board shall be the judge of the qualification of its own
 8 members, and in case of contest, shall proceed in the manner prescribed by
 9 law for the consideration and disposition of contested seats in the General
 10 Assembly. Members of the board may be removed for corruption or other
 11 misdemeanor, after a full and fair trial, upon a two-thirds vote of the full
 12 board. Members of the board may be suspended by the Governor of the
 13 State, the president of the board having first requested such suspension,
 14 for immoral or corrupt practices and conduct, and such suspension shall be
 15 a bar to, and restrain the member so suspended from taking any part in
 16 the official proceedings of the board until the charges preferred against him
 17 shall have been heard and determined by a majority of the board sitting in
 18 regular or special session, except that such suspended member may be heard
 19 in his own behalf. Vacancies in the board caused by death, resignation,
 20 removal, or otherwise, may be filled by appointment by the Governor.

§ 4. The canvassing of the vote for members of said board shall be the
 2 same as is required by law for Representatives in the General Assembly of
 3 this State.

§ 5. The meeting of the Board of School Supplies shall be at the State
 2 capital on the first Monday in July next succeeding said election, and every
 3 four years thereafter, but the Governor may, upon the request of the State
 4 Superintendent of Public Instruction, call special meetings of the board at
 5 any time when, in his judgment, the public good demands it.

§ 6. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall, at least sixty
 2 days before the meeting of said board, give notice, by publishing notices
 3 once in at least five daily newspapers of general circulation, to the pub-
 4 lishers of school books and manufacturers of school apparatus, of this
 5 State and of the United States, and invite them to send samples of school
 6 books and apparatus used in the common schools, with prices affixed per
 7 piece, per hundred and per thousand, and from such books and apparatus

8 said board shall be authorized to select and purchase supplies for use in
9 the public schools of this State, and the books so selected shall be uniform
10 throughout the public schools of the State, and shall not be changed oftener
11 than once in four years, subject to regulations of the State Board.

§ 7. The State Board of School Supplies shall have power to make all
2 needful rules and regulations for its own government. A majority of said
3 board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

§ 8. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the board of school directors
2 of each school district, or the clerk of the board of education in the towns
3 and cities of this State, to ascertain and report to the county superintend-
4 ent of his county, on or before the first Monday in April, the number and
5 kind of text books required (approximately) for his school for the ensuing
6 year, and on the receipt of said report, each county superintendent shall
7 report, not later than ten days after the first Monday in April to the State
8 Superintendent the number and kind of books required for his county, and
9 on these reports, the State Board of School Supplies may base an estimate
10 for the number and kind of books and apparatus required for the schools
11 of this State, and shall be empowered to contract with the publishers, at
12 the least wholesale price for the purchase of said books and apparatus.

§ 9. The State Board of School Supplies is hereby authorized and
2 required to exact a bond, in such amount as they may think necessary for
3 the faithful fulfillment of the contract with each publisher or firm to whom
4 they shall award a contract to furnish books or school apparatus.

§ 10. The State Board of School Supplies shall provide for the proper
2 custody of said books and apparatus at the State capital, and shall furnish
3 the same to each school in this State, on the order of the clerk of the
4 board of school directors or the board of education, in towns and cities,
5 at cost, to the State, but such orders must be accompanied with the cash,
6 or acceptable bank draft in full.

§ 11. The school directors and boards of education in towns and cities

2 shall provide for the proper custody of said books and apparatus for their
3 respective schools, and furnish the same to the pupils of such schools at
4 cost to the said school boards.

§ 12. Members of said State Board, excepting the State Superintendent of
2 Public Instruction, while attending the meetings of said board, shall be
3 allowed the same per diem and mileage as members of the legislature are
4 now allowed by law; and the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby
5 authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the amount, when
6 certified to by the president of said Board.

§ 13. The State Board of School Supplies shall, at its first meeting, or as
2 soon thereafter as practicable, and at such times thereafter as, in its dis-
3 cretion, may be deemed necessary, cause printed lists of text-books and
4 apparatus, with prices thereof, and estimates for the cost of packing (and
5 postage if to be sent by mail) to be sent to each county superintendent in
6 the State, who, in turn, shall send such printed lists to the directors and
7 boards of education in his county.

§ 14. The sum of one hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as is
2 necessary, is hereby appropriated for the faithful carrying out of the pro-
3 visions of this act.

§ 15. The Superintendent of Public Instruction, or whoever is authorized
2 by the State Board of School Supplies, created under this act, to sell or
3 deliver books and apparatus to the directors and boards of education of
4 this State, shall report to the Auditor, on or before the tenth day of every
5 month, the number and amount of books sold by him during the preceding
6 month, and pay the money received for the same into the State Treasury.

§ 16. All moneys received from the sale of said books and apparatus,
2 shall be kept by the State Treasurer as a separate fund, to be known as
3 "the State school supply fund," which fund shall be subject to draft, under
4 regulations of the State Board of School Supplies.

§ 17. It shall be lawful for any school district in this State, at a meeting

2 of the voters of the district, regularly called, to select text-books and
3 apparatus for the school or schools of the district, other than those
4 selected by the State Board of School Supplies: *Provided*, a majority of
5 the votes cast at such meeting shall so determine, and in every such case
6 it shall be the duty of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and
7 the members of the State board representing the school district so voting,
8 to contract with the publishers of the books and apparatus so selected, at
9 the lowest wholesale price, and said books may be delivered direct from the
10 publishers to said school district, to be paid for by said school district.

§ 18. The board of school directors or boards of education in towns and
2 cities, selecting text-books as provided in section seventeen (17) of this act,
3 shall pay for the same from the district school funds, and shall loan said
4 books, under rules and regulations made by them, to the pupils of such
5 schools, free of charge; but the pupils shall not be debarred from purchasing
6 such books from the directors at cost to the district.

§ 19. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby
2 repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead, January 23, 1891.
2. Read by title January 23, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to prevent strikes and lockouts, and to adjust grievances, disputes, controversies or differences between employers and employes, and to create a State board of arbitration.

SECTION 1. It shall not be lawful for any clerk, workman, servant or
2 other employe to leave the employment of his or her employer without
3 giving such employer two weeks notice of his or her intention to leave such
4 employment.

§ 2. It shall not be lawful for any employer to discharge any clerk,
2 workman, servant or other employe, from his, her or its employment, with-
3 out giving such clerk, workman, servant or other employe two weeks notice of
4 his, her or its intention to discharge such clerk, workman, servant or other
5 employe.

§ 3. Whenever any grievance, dispute, controversy or difference of any
2 nature not involving questions which may be a subject of a suit at law or
3 a bill in equity shall arise or exist between any employer, whether an
4 individual co-partnership or corporation, and his, her or its employes, it
5 shall be lawful to submit the same in writing to a board of arbitrators for
6 hearing and settlement. Said board shall consist of three persons.

7 When the employes concerned are members in good standing of any labor
8 organization, which is represented by a delegate or delegates in a central
9 body located within this State, the person or persons exercising the execu-

10 tive power of such central body, shall have power, on the application of
11 such employes, to designate one of said arbitrators, in case the employes con-
12 cerned are members in good standing of a labor organization which is not
13 represented in a central body located within this State, then the organiza-
14 tion of which they are members shall, on the application of such employes,
15 have the power to designate one of said arbitrators; and in case the em-
16 ployes concerned are not members of any labor organization, then a
17 majority of said employes, at a meeting duly held for that purpose, shall
18 designate one of said arbitrators; the employer concerned shall have power
19 to designate one other of said arbitrators, and the said two arbitrators thus
20 selected shall designate a third person as arbitrator, who shall be the
21 chairman of said board. In case the two persons so first selected shall not
22 be able to agree upon a third person to act with them as such arbitrator
23 within five days after their selection, then the sheriff of the county within
24 which the matters of grievance, dispute, controversy or difference have
25 arisen, shall select such third person. In all cases of arbitration the agree-
26 ment to submit the grievance, dispute, controversy or difference to such
27 arbitration shall be succinctly and clearly stated in writing, and also an
28 agreement to abide the result thereof, and also an agreement to continue
29 on in business or at work without any lockout or strike until the decision
30 of said arbitrators, if the same shall be made within three weeks from the
31 date of such agreement. In all cases the agreement shall be signed by the
32 parties to the arbitration or some duly authorized person in their behalf
33 and submitted to such board of arbitration.

§ 4. Each arbitrator so selected shall sign a consent to act as such, and
2 before entering upon the consideration of the matters submitted to them
3 shall take and subscribe to an oath to fairly and faithfully consider and
4 determine such matters without fear of or favor to either party, but upon
5 the merits thereof, which consent and oath shall form a part of the pro-
6 ceedings before them. When said board is ready for the transaction of

7 business it may select one of its members as clerk, or if in the judgment
8 of such board the matters before it are of sufficient importance to justify
9 the expense, they may employ a stenographer as clerk. Before the hearing
10 of the matters before such board shall be entered upon, the parties to the
11 arbitration shall be served with reasonable notice of the time and place of
12 such hearing. The chairman of such board shall have power to administer
13 oaths and to issue subpoenas for the production of books and papers and
14 for the attendance of witnesses to the same extent that such power is pos-
15 sessed by clerks of courts of record. Said board shall have power to make
16 and enforce rules for its government and the transaction of its business, fix
17 its sessions and adjournments, and shall hear and examine such witnesses
18 as may be brought before the board.

§ 5. If practicable, and deemed advisable by said board, it may visit the
2 locality in which the grievance, dispute, controversy or difficulty arose, and
3 make careful inquiry into the cause of the same, and after the matters
4 submitted to them have been fully heard and considered, the said board, or
5 a majority thereof, shall within ten days render a decision thereon in
6 writing, signed by them, giving such details as will clearly show the nature
7 of the decision and what disposition is made of the matters submitted to
8 them. All documents herein required to be in writing, and all the testi-
9 mony of witnesses before said board which has been reduced to writing,
10 and all documents introduced in evidence before said board, or copies
11 thereof duly certified by the clerk of said board, and all minutes of the
12 proceedings of the said board shall be arranged in consecutive order and
13 securely fastened together so as to form one document, and filed by said
14 board in the office of the county clerk of the county in which the said
15 board acted. The award of said board of arbitration shall be conclusive
16 and binding upon all the parties thereto for the space of six months after
17 such award shall be filed in the office of the county clerk as hereinbefore
18 provided.

§ 6. Any party to an arbitration who shall violate any of the provisions
 2 of the award therein, or any person or persons, co-partnership or corporation
 3 who shall violate any provision of the act shall on conviction thereof be
 4 fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars.

§ 7. The arbitrators provided for in this act shall receive the sum of five
 2 dollars per day for each and every day by them devoted to the matter sub-
 3 mitted to their consideration; in case a stenographer is employed by such
 4 board of arbitration, he shall receive ten dollars per day for each day's
 5 services rendered to said board, and six cents per hundred words of written
 6 matter transcribed by him. It shall be the duty of the said board to
 7 particularly itemize their per diem and all expenses incident to such arbi-
 8 tration and file the same with the county clerk at the time they file
 9 their said award, and the amount thereof shall be paid out of the treasury
 10 of the county.

§ 8. - After the passage of this act the Governor shall, with the advice
 2 and consent of the Senate, appoint a State board of arbitration, to consist
 3 of three competent persons, each of whom shall hold his office for the term
 4 of three years, to commence immediately. One of said persons shall be
 5 selected from the party which at the last general election cast the greatest
 6 number of votes for Governor of this State, and one of said persons shall
 7 be selected from the party which at the last general election cast the next
 8 greatest number of votes for Governor of this State, and the other of said
 9 persons shall be selected from a bona fide labor organization of this State.
 10 If any vacancy happens, by resignation or otherwise, he shall in the same
 11 manner appoint an arbitrator for the residue of the term. If the Senate
 12 shall not be in session at the time any vacancy shall occur or exist, the
 13 Governor shall appoint an arbitrator to fill the vacancy, subject to the ap-
 14 proval of the Senate, when convened. Said board shall have a clerk, who
 15 shall be appointed by the board to serve three years, whose duty it shall
 16 be to keep a full and faithful record of the proceedings of the board, and

17 also perform such other duties as the said board may prescribe. He shall
18 have power, under the direction of the board, to issue subpoenas, to ad-
19 minister oaths in all cases before said board, to call for and examine books,
20 papers and documents of any parties to the controversy, with the same
21 authority to enforce their production as is possessed by the courts of record
22 or the judges thereof, in this State. Said arbitrators and clerks shall take
23 and subscribe the constitutional oath of office and be sworn to the due and
24 faithful performance of the duties of their respective offices before entering
25 upon the discharge of the same. An office shall be set apart in the capitol
26 by the person or persons having charge thereof for the proper and con-
27 venient transaction of the business of said board.

§ 9. Any two of the arbitrators shall constitute a quorum for the trans-
2 action of business, and may hold meetings at any time or place within the
3 State. Examinations or investigations ordered by the board may be held
4 and taken by and before any one of their number, if so directed. But the
5 proceedings and decision of any single arbitrator shall not be deemed ex-
6 clusive until approved by the board or a majority thereof. Each arbitrator
7 shall have power to administer oaths.

§ 10. Whenever any grievance or dispute of any nature shall arise be-
2 tween any employer and his employes, it shall be lawful for the parties to
3 submit the same directly to said State board in the first instance, in case
4 such parties elect to do so, and shall jointly notify said board or its clerk,
5 in writing, in such election. Whenever such notifications to said board or
6 its clerk is given, it shall be the duty of said board to proceed, with as
7 little delay as possible, to the locality of such grievance or dispute, and
8 inquire into the cause or causes of grievance or dispute. The parties to the
9 grievance or dispute shall thereupon submit to said board, in writing, suc-
10 cinctly, clearly and in detail, their grievances and complaints, and in the
11 cause or causes thereof, and severally agree in writing to submit to the
12 decision of said board as to matters so submitted, and a promise or agree-

ment to continue on in business or at work without a lockout or strike until the decision of said board, provided it shall be rendered within ten days after the completion of the investigation. The board shall thereupon proceed to fully investigate and inquire into the matters in controversy, and to take testimony under oath in relation thereto, and shall have power by its chairman or clerk to administer oaths, to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses, the production of books and papers, to the same extent as such power is possessed by courts of record or the judges thereof in this State.

§ 11. After the matter has been fully heard, the said board, or a majority of its members, shall within ten days render a decision thereon in writing, signed by them or a majority of them, stating such details as will clearly show the nature of the decision and the points disposed of by them. The decision shall be in triplicate, one copy of which shall be filed by the clerk of the board in the clerk's office of the county where the controversy arose, and one copy shall be served on each of the parties to the controversy.

§ 12. Whenever a strike or lockout shall occur, or is seriously threatened in any part of the State and shall come to the knowledge of the board, it shall be its duty, and it is hereby directed to proceed, as soon as practicable, to the locality of such strike or lockout and put themselves in communication with the parties to the controversy, and endeavor by effect an amicable settlement of such controversy, and if it is deemed best to inquire into the cause or causes of the controversy, and to that end the board is hereby authorized to subpoena witnesses, their attendance and sworn for persons and papers, and to exercise the same powers as it is authorized to do by section seven of this act.

§ 13. The fees of witnesses shall be fifty cents for each day's attendance and four cents per mile traveled by the nearest route in getting to or returning from the place where attendance is required by the board. All subpoenas shall be signed by the secretary of the board, and may be

5 served by any person of full age authorized by the board to serve the
6 same.

§ 14. Said board shall make a report the Legislature, and shall include
2 therein such statements, facts and explanations as will disclose the actual
3 working of the board, and such suggestions as to legislation as may seem
4 to them conducive to harmonizing the relations of and disputes between
5 employers and the wage-earning masses, and the improvement of the present
6 system of production.

§ 15. Each arbitrator shall be entitled to an annual salary of three thou-
2 sand dollars, payable in quarterly installments from the treasury of the
3 State. The clerk or secretary shall receive an annual salary of two thou-
4 sand dollars, payable in like manner.

§ 13. Whenever the term "employer" or "employers" is used in this act
2 it shall be held to include "firm," "joint stock associations," "company" or
3 "corporation" as fully as if each of the last named terms were expressed in
4 each place.

1. Introduced by Mr. Paddock January 26, 1891.
2. Read by title January 26, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 2 of "An act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section two (2) of an act of the General
3 Assembly of the State of Illinois, entitled "An act concerning corporations,"
4 approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so that the same
5 shall read as follows:

Section 2. Whenever any number of persons, not less than three nor
2 more than seven, shall propose to form a corporation under this act, they
3 shall make a statement to that effect under their hands, and duly acknowl-
4 edged before some officer in the manner provided by law for the acknowl-
5 edgment of deeds, setting forth the name of the proposed corporation, the
6 object for which it is to be formed, its capital stock, the number of shares
7 of which such stock shall consist, the location of the principal office, and
8 the duration of the corporation—not exceeding, however, ninety-nine years—
9 which statement shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court
10 of the county in which the principal office is proposed to be located, and
11 thereupon said clerk shall give notice by publication, as in chancery pro-
12 ceedings, for three weeks previous to the first day of any term of court,
13 that said application has been filed, and notifying all persons to appear who

14 may have objections, on the first day of said court occurring three weeks
15 next succeeding said first publication, at which time any person having
16 objections to the formation of said corporation may file the same. It shall
17 be the duty of the State's attorney of such county to appear on behalf of
18 the State and examine said petition, and to secure a compliance with the
19 statute, and he may file, in his name, objections thereto. The court shall
20 proceed at once to hear said petition, without the formality of pleadings
21 in writing, and said petition shall have precedence of all chancery proceed-
22 ings. It shall be the duty of the court to examine said petition carefully,
23 whether objections be filed or not. If the court shall find upon examina-
24 tion, that the law has been complied with, and object of the proposed corporation
25 is lawful, and not in conflict with the statute or common law, or public
26 policy, he shall, by order of record, so enter the same, a copy of which said
27 order of record the clerk of said court shall certify to the Secretary of
28 State, together with a copy of said statement. The Secretary of State shall
29 thereupon issue to such persons, upon the payment to him in cash of fifty
30 dollars for the first fifty thousand dollars or less of the capital stock of the
31 proposed corporation, and five dollars for every ten thousand dollars or less
32 over fifty thousand dollars capital, a license as commissioner to open books
33 for subscription to the capital stock of said corporation, at such times and
34 places as they may determine, but no license shall be issued to two corpo-
35 rations having the same name: *Provided, however,* nothing herein shall
36 estop the State of Illinois, by its proper officers, from filing an information
37 of quo warranto for any cause whatsoever.

38 No increase of the capital stock of any corporation shall be valid or
39 effectual until such corporation shall have paid to the Secretary of State
40 for every \$10,000 or less of such increase of the capital stock of said corpo-
41 ration, the sum of five dollars.

42 Said Secretary of State shall pay over all fees to the Treasurer, who shall
43 give his receipt therefor.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Anderson, January 26, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 26, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the care and custody of the Lincoln Monument located at or near Springfield in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented in the General Assembly*, That from and after the passage of this act, the Secretary of State shall take the possession, custody and control of the Lincoln Monument, located at or near Springfield, Illinois.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to appoint some suitable person, (all things being equal, an ex-soldier shall be given the preference), who shall at all times have the custody and control of said monument under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of State shall prescribe.

§ 3. All appropriations and expenditures for the care and protection of said monument shall be under the control of the Secretary of State, and all claims therefor shall be audited and paid upon the certificate of the Governor and Secretary of State.

§ 4. The annual salary of the custodian so appointed by the Secretary of State shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars, to be paid out of the State treasury upon warrants drawn by the Auditor of State when recommended by the Governor and Secretary of State.

§ 5. The custodian of said monument shall not charge any fee for
2 admittance to said monument or grounds, and no person or persons in
3 charge thereof shall be permitted to sell any views or photographs of said
4 monument or grounds, or any books or pamphlets relating thereto, at or
5 upon the premises.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Anderson January 26, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 26, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Soldiers' Orphans' Home.

A BILL

For an act to prohibit the charging of an admission fee by any monument association.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That from and after the passage of this act, it shall
3 be unlawful for any monument association to charge an admission fee to
4 any part of any such monument, or the grounds connected therewith.

§ 2. Any monument association, or any agent or employe thereof, violat-
2 ing any of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misde-
3 meanor, and shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$100, for each
4 and every offense, to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction.

1. Introduced by Mr. Boul, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary

A BILL

To amend sections 16 and 17 of chapter 78 of "An act concerning jurors," approved and in force February 11, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections 16 and 17 of chapter 78 of an act entitled, "An act concerning jurors," be so amended to read as follows:

Section 16. Full Panel. A full panel of the grand jury shall consist of thirteen persons, eleven of whom shall be sufficient to constitute a grand jury.

Section 17. Forman and his Duties and Power. After the grand jury is empaneled, it shall be the duty of the court to appoint a forman, who shall have power to swear or affirm witnesses to testify before them, and whose duty it shall be, when the grand jury, or any nine of them, find a bill of indictment to be supported by good and sufficient evidence, to endorse thereon "a true bill;" where they do not find a bill to be supported by sufficient evidence to endorse thereon "Not a true bill" and shall, in either case, sign his name as forman, at the foot of said endorsement, and shall also, in each case in which a true bill shall be returned into court as aforesaid, note thereon the name or names of the witness or witnesses upon whose evidence the same shall have been found.

1. Introduced by Mr. Brooks, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to consolidate the grand divisions of the supreme court into one,
and fix the place and times of holding court.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* The present grand divisions of the supreme court
3 shall be consolidated into one.

§ 2. The place of holding the supreme court shall be in the city of Spring-
2 field in the rooms that are now or shall hereafter be provided for said court.

§ 3. The terms of the supreme court shall begin and be held on the first
2 Tuesday of every month, excepting the months of July, August and Sep-
3 tember, in each year.

§ 4. The clerks of the supreme court for the northern and southern grand
2 divisions shall, on or before the first day of September, 1891, remove to the
3 office of the clerk of said court at the city of Springfield and deliver unto
4 the keeping of the last mentioned clerk all the records, files, dockets and
5 papers of their respective offices; which records, files, dockets and papers,
6 together with the records, files, dockets and papers of said central grand
7 division, shall be records of said supreme court.

§ 5. All writs returnable to such court in either of said grand divisions,
2 after the taking effect of this act, shall be held returnable to said court at
3 Springfield at the October term next after the taking effect of this act. All
4 appeals to said court in either of said grand divisions before the taking

5 effect of this act shall be considered or taken to the said October term.

6 All notices given before the taking effect of this act requiring appearance
7 at any time after it shall take effect shall be considered as requiring such
8 appearance at said October term.

§ 6. The court house and library heretofore provided for the supreme
2 court in the northern grand division shall remain for the use of the second
3 district appellate court, and the one in the southern grand division for
4 the use of the fourth district appellate court.

§ 7. The following acts are hereby repealed: An act entitled "An act to
2 revise the law in relation to the supreme court," approved March 23, 1874,
3 an act entitled "An act to fix the time of holding the supreme court," ap-
4 proved June 4, 1879.

§ 8. Section eleven of an act entitled "An act in regard to elections and
2 to provide for filling vacancies in elective office," approved April 3, 1872,
3 shall be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 11. The clerk of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors
2 of the State at large on Tuesday next after the first Monday in November
3 in the year 1896, and every six years thereafter.

1. Introduced by Mr. Burke, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 210 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and assessment of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented in the General Assembly*, That section 210 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and assessment of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 210. Real property sold under the provisions of this act may be redeemed at any time before the expiration of four years from the date of sale by payment of legal money of the United States to the county clerk of the proper county, the amount for which the same was sold and interest at the legal rate, if redeemed at any time before the expiration of one year from the day of sale; if between one and two years, the legal rate and two per cent. additional; if between two and three years, the legal rate and four per cent. additional; if between three and four years, the legal rate and six per cent. additional on the amount for which such real property was sold for taxes. The person redeeming shall also pay the amount of all taxes and special assessments accruing after such sale, with the legal rate of interest

12 thereon, from the day of payment, unless such subsequent tax or special
13 assessment has been paid by or on behalf of the person for whose benefit
14 the redemption is made, and not by the purchaser at the tax sale, or his
15 assignee.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Burke, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act in relation to the rate of fare to be charged by horse, cable and dummy railways for fifteen and thirty ride tickets in cities of fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants and over.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That in all cities of fifty thousand inhabitants
3 and over, all corporations owning or operating any horse, cable or dummy
4 street car line or lines shall furnish to any person desiring to purchase the
5 same, fifteen ride tickets for a sum not to exceed fifty cents, thirty ride
6 tickets for a sum not to exceed one dollar, which tickets shall be placed on
7 sale at the office of the corporation issuing the same, and furnished to their
8 conductors for sale to passengers.

§ 2. Any corporation herein referred to which violates the provisions of
2 this act shall be liable to a fine of two hundred dollars (\$200) for each
3 offense, and shall also forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100) per day
4 for each day after judgment rendered that it shall fail to comply with the
5 provisions of this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Callahan, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to amend section twelve of an act entitled "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section twelve of an act entitled "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Illinois," May 30, 1881, be amended so that the same shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 12. Any person not being, or having in his employ a registered pharmacist, within the meaning of this act, who shall keep a pharmacy or store for retailing or compounding medicines, or who shall take, use or exhibit the title of a registered pharmacist, shall, for each and every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars. Any registered pharmacist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions, or the vending of any drugs, medicines or poisons in his store or place of business, except under the supervision of a registered pharmacist, or except by a "registered assistant" pharmacist, or any pharmacist or "registered assistant" who, while continuing in business shall fail or neglect to procure his annual registration, or any person who shall wilfully make any false representation to procure registration for himself or any other person, shall, for every such offense be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars: *Provided*, that nothing in this act shall apply to, or in any manner interfere with the business of any

15 physician engaged in the practice of medicine, or prevent him from supply-
16 ing or selling to his patients or others such articles or medicines as shall
17 be used by him in his practice, nor with the marking or vending of patent
18 or proprietary medicines, or medicines placed in sealed packages with the
19 true name of the contents and of the pharmacist or physician by whom
20 prepared or compounded, nor with the sale of the usual domestic remedies
21 by retail dealers, nor with the exclusively wholesale business of any deal-
22 ers, except as hereinafter provided: *And provided, further,* that no part of
23 this section shall be so construed as to give the right to any physician to
24 furnish any intoxicating liquor to any person as a beverage on a prescrip-
25 tion or otherwise.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dixson of Warren, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 4, 10 and 21 of "An act for the assessment of ☐ property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and to repeal all laws and parts of laws in conflict therewith.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 4 of said act be amended as follows:

Section 4. Real property shall be valued as follows:

2 First—Each tract or lot of real property shall be valued at its fair cash
3 value, estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale for
4 cash.

5 Second—Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such a price as they
6 would bring at a voluntary sale for cash.

7 Third—When a building or structure is located on the right of way of
8 any canal, railroad or other company, leased or granted for a term of years
9 to another, the same shall be valued at such a price as such a building or
10 structure and lease or grant would sell at a fair voluntary sale for cash.

11 Fourth—In valuing any real property on which there is a coal or other
12 mine, or stone or other quarry, the same shall be valued at such a price as
13 such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell at a fair voluntary
14 sale for cash,

15 Fifth—A mortgage, deed of trust, contract or other obligation by which a debt
 16 is secured when real estate is pledged for the payment and discharge there-
 17 of, shall, for the purpose of assessment and taxation, be deemed and treated
 18 as an interest in the real estate so pledged, except as to railroads and other
 19 *quasi* public corporations.

20 Sixth—In case of debts so secured, the value of the property affected by
 21 such mortgage, deed of trust, contract or other obligation, less the value
 22 of such security, shall be assessed and taxed to the owner of the property;
 23 and the value of such security shall be assessed and taxed to the owner
 24 thereof in the county, city or district in which the property affected there-
 25 by is situated.

26 Seventh—The taxes so levied shall be a lien upon the property and security
 27 and may be paid by either party to such security.

28 If paid by the owner of the security, the tax so levied upon the property
 29 affected thereby shall become a part of the debt so secured.

30 If the owner of property shall pay the tax so levied on such security, it
 31 shall constitute a payment thereon, and, to the extent of such payment, a
 32 full discharge thereof.

33 Eighth—If any such security or indebtedness shall be paid by any such
 34 debtor or debtors after assessment, and before the tax levy, the amount of
 35 such levy may likewise be retained by such debtor or debtors, and shall be
 36 computed according to the tax levy of the preceding year.

37 And any contract by which any debtor or debtors are obliged to pay any
 38 tax or assessment, on any mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien, shall, as
 39 to any interest specified therein, and as to any tax or assessment, be null
 40 and void.

Section 10 shall be amended as follows:

Section 10. When real estate is contracted to be sold, the amount paid
 2 thereon by the purchaser, with the enhanced value of the investment, and
 3 improvements thereon, until the fee is conveyed, shall be listed and assessed

4 to the purchaser, and the remainder shall be listed and assessed to the
5 holder of the fee, and the same rule shall apply as in division five of sec-
6 tion four (4) of this act.

Section 21 shall be amended as follows:

Section 21. When a deed for real estate is held for the payment of a sum
2 of money, except as to railroads and other *quasi* public corporations, such
3 sum so secured shall, for the purpose of assessment and taxation, be deemed
4 and treated as an interest in the real estate so pledged: *Provided*, that
5 nothing in this act shall be construed to require or permit double taxation.

6 All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Enslow January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Live Stock and Dairying.

A BILL

For an act to regulate the charges and management of stock yards, and enforce the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly.* That it shall be unlawful for any person, company or corporation owning or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State, where stock is bought and sold, unloaded or reloaded, to charge or collect a greater rate of yardage than fifteen cents for cattle, horses or mules, eight cents per head for any such stock under one year of age, five cents per head for hogs, three cents per head for sheep, nor more than seventy-five per cent. addition to the current market wholesale price for corn, hay, straw or other material, supplied by them for feeding or bedding such animals, such sales to be by actual standard weight and of good merchantable quality.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any such person, company or corporation to make any charges for watering, or furnishing water to such stock, or for counting such stock into or out of any yard, pen, box, car or stable, or to make any shift or device by which any additional cost or charges can be made for the keeping, care, custody or control of said stock as mentioned in section one of this act, or make any charge for yarding when stock is unloaded and reloaded without being sold.

Section 3. It shall be unlawful for any such person, company or corpo-

2 ration to furnish inferior or unsuitable feed or drink, or to neglect any
3 stock entrusted to its care, or fail to suitably and properly care for any
4 such stock, or to furnish a less amount or inferior quality of food to such
5 stock than represented, contracted or charged for.

§ 4. It shall not be lawful for any person, company or corporation own-
2 ing or operating a stock yard or stock yards in this State, to prohibit any
3 owner or owners of dead animals from selling the same, and for that pur-
4 pose any owner or owners, or their agent or agents, employe or employes,
5 shall have the right of entering such yard or yards and removing said dead
6 animals therefrom, subject, however, to such reasonable rule or rules as said
7 person, company or corporation may adopt for the sanitary regulation of
8 said yard or yards: *Provided*, that any such rule or rules must be made
9 subject to such sanitary laws as may be in force by the State or any
10 municipal corporation having jurisdiction of said yard or yards.

§ 5. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this
2 act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor more than
3 two hundred dollars for each offense, to be recovered in an action of debt
4 in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, one-half the amount
5 recovered to the person or persons making the complaint, and one-half to be
6 paid into the treasury of the county in which the offense occurs, and be
7 placed by the county treasurer to the credit of the general revenue fund of
8 such county, but no recovery shall be had in any case for any offense com-
9 mitted more than six months prior to the commencement of the action.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the State's attorney of such county wherein
2 any provisions of this act have been violated to institute and prosecute any
3 and all suits upon the affidavit of the person or persons aggrieved; and in case
4 of conviction the court shall assess, in addition to the penalty provided in
5 section five of this act, a reasonable compensation for the service of the
6 State's attorney.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Erickson, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on History, Geology and Science.

A BILL

For an act to require inspectors of mines to furnish information to the State Geologist, and to provide for paying the expenses of the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That in addition to the duties now prescribed by law, it shall hereafter be the duty of the State inspectors of coal mines to procure for, and under the direction of the State Geologist, a true record of the various strata through which coal shafts are sunk, or borings for coal, oil, gas or artesian water are made in their respective districts; also to determine the altitude of the top of said shafts or bore-holes, above some specified point on the nearest railroad, or other point whose elevation may be readily ascertained; and also to determine the dip of the coal stratum in all mines which are being operated. The additional duties herein prescribed for said inspector shall be discharged at such times, and in such manner as not to interfere with their primary duties as inspectors of mines, and they shall report the results of their observations, from time to time, to the State Geologist.

§ 2. The actual and necessary traveling expenses of said inspectors, in the discharge of their public duties, shall be allowed and paid from the

3 same fund and in the same manner as that in which compensation for their
4 services is now paid, and upon itemized quarterly accounts, verified by
5 affidavit, and approved by the Secretary of the Commissioners of Labor
6 Statistics, and the Governor.

1. Introduced by Mr. Geher, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

To amend section 17 of Chapter 125—"Sheriffs."

Each sheriff shall be the conservator of the peace in his county, and
2 shall keep the same, suppress riots, routs, affrays, fighting, breaches of the
3 peace, and prevent crime; and may arrest or cause the arrest of offenders
4 on view, and cause them to be brought before proper magistrates for trial
5 or examination. He shall have power, when necessary, to call on every
6 male inhabitant of the county over the age of 21 years to aid in enforcing
7 the laws and suppressing riots and other disorderly conduct, and in no
8 case shall it be lawful for any private individual, any corporation, or busi-
9 ness company, to employ so-called detectives to guard property, or preserve
10 peace, but when necessary, any private individual, corporation, or business
11 firm may demand of the county sheriff protection to person or property.
12 And any person or persons acting as officers in time of riot, without being
13 commissioned or deputized by either the mayor of the city or sheriff of
14 county shall be liable on conviction to a fine of \$500, or imprisonment in
15 the penitentiary for one year, or both.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Miscellaneous Subjects.

A BILL

For an act to amend section two hundred and two (202) of "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section two hundred and two (202) of "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, and that the same be amended to read as follows:

Section 202. Whoever willfully and maliciously defiles, corrupts, or makes impure any spring, or other source of water, or reservoir, or destroys or injures any pipe, conductor of water or other property, pertaining to an aqueduct, or aids or abets in any such trespass, or who shall place any impediment in any tile drain, or break any tile in any tile drain, or who shall in any manner place any obstruction in said tile, so that the same will prevent or obstruct the flow of water in said ditch, or any person or persons who will maliciously disturb or obstruct any ditch or water course, made by the commissioners of highways, whereby the public highways will be injured by such proceedings, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail not exceeding one year.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title, January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on County and Township Organization.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of article eleven (11) of "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly*, That section one (1) of article eleven (11) of "An act
3 to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in
4 force March 4, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. The supervisor, before entering upon the duties of his office,
2 shall give bond to his town, with one or more sureties, in at least double
3 the amount of money which may come into his hands, conditioned for the
4 faithful discharge of his duties as such supervisor, such bond to be
5 approved by the town clerk, and filed in his office with his approval
6 endorsed thereon. And when such supervisor's bond is so approved by the
7 town clerk, and filed in his office with his approval endorsed thereon, said
8 clerk shall notify, in writing, both the former supervisor and the county
9 treasurer that the bond of such supervisor is approved, and that such
10 supervisor is entitled to receive such town funds as may be in their hands
11 belonging to said town. Whenever the town clerk shall ascertain that such
12 bond has been forfeited, he shall institute suit against such supervisor. If
13 the clerk shall fail or refuse to institute suit, any person interested therein
14 may institute the same.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman, of Sangamon, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

Amending the school law.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That on the first Tuesday May, 1891, and monthly
3 thereafter, the school directors of the several school districts of each con-
4 gressional township shall meet as one board. Said board to possess and ex-
5 ercise all the powers now belonging to the school directors of the several
6 school districts.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of said board to elect a township principal and
2 fix his salary, to be paid out of the school funds. It shall be the duty of said
3 principal to act as the secretary and adviser of the township board, to visit
4 and grade the schools of the township, to examine and promote pupils, and
5 to perform under the direction of the township board all the duties of
6 superintending the schools of the township under his charge. It is further
7 provided that two or more townships may join in the election of a township
8 principal.

§ 3. This act shall not be construed as applying to towns and cities now
2 having boards of education under special charters or the general school
3 law. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby re-
4 pealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. McKittrick, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act concerning the education of children," to read as follows.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That every person having under his control a child
3 between the ages of seven and fourteen years, shall annually cause such
4 child to attend for at least sixteen weeks, at least eight weeks of which
5 attendance shall be consecutive, some public or private day school, which
6 time shall commence with the beginning of the first term of the school
7 year, or as soon thereafter as due notice shall be served upon the person
8 having such control, of his duty under this act. For every neglect of such
9 duty, the person offending shall forfeit to the use of the public schools of
10 such city or district, a sum not less than one nor more than twenty dollars,
11 and shall stand committed until such fine and costs of suit are paid. But
12 if the person so neglecting shall show that instructions has otherwise been
13 given for a like period of time to such child, in the branches commonly
14 taught in public school, or that his physical or mental condition, as declared
15 by a competent physician, is such as to render such attendance inexpedient
16 and impracticable, then such penalty shall not be incurred. Such fine shall
17 be paid, when collected, to the school treasurer of such city or township, to

18 be accounted for by him as other school money raised for school purposes.
19 But no school shall be regarded as a school under this act unless there
20 shall be taught therein in the English language, reading, writing, and
21 history of the United States.

1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title, January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section two (2) of an act entitled "An act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful acts, neglect or default," approved February 12, 1853, in force February 12, 1853.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section two (2) of the aforesaid act be amended to read as follows:

Section 2. Every such action shall be brought in the name of the personal representatives of such deceased person, and the amount recovered in every such action, shall be for the exclusive benefit of the widow and next of kin of such deceased person, and shall be distributed to such widow and next of kin in the proportion provided by law, in relation to the distribution of personal property left by persons dying intestate. And in every such action the jury may give such damages as they may deem a fair and just compensation with reference to the pecuniary injuries resulting from such death to the wife and next of kin of such deceased person: *Provided*, that every such action shall be commenced within two (2) years after the death of such person.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the assessment and taxation of mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts or other obligations by which debts are secured.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That a mortgage, deed of trust, contract or other obligation by which a debt is secured shall, for the purposes of assessment and taxation, be deemed and treated as an interest in the property affected thereby.

§ 2. In case of debt so secured the value of the property affected by such mortgage, deed of trust, contract or obligation, less the value of such security, shall be assessed and taxed to the owner of the property, and the value of such security shall be assessed and taxed to the owner thereof in the county, city or district in which the property affected thereby is situated. The taxes so levied shall be a lien upon the property and security, and may be paid by either party to such security; if paid by the owner of such security, the tax so levied upon the property affected thereby shall become a part of the debt so secured; if the owner of the property shall pay the tax so levied on such security, it shall constitute a payment thereon, and to the extent of such payment a full discharge thereof: *Provided*, that if any such security or indebtedness shall be paid by any such debtor or debtors after assessment and before the tax levy, the amount of such levy may likewise be retained

14 by such debtor or debtors, and shall be computed according to the tax levy
15 for the preceding year.

§ 3. Every contract hereafter made, by which a debtor is obligated to pay
2 any tax or assessment on money loaned or on any mortgage, deed of trust
3 or other lien, shall, as to any interest specified therein, and as to any tax or
4 assessment, be null and void.

§ 4. All acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Parsons, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Claims.

A BILL

For an act to appropriate two hundred and sixty-three dollars (\$263) to reimburse Alfred Smith for hauling done for the 120th Regiment Illinois Volunteers in 1862.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That there is hereby appropriated out of any
3 moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two hundred
4 and sixty-three dollars, principal and interest to reimburse Alfred Smith
5 for hauling wood, provisions, etc., for the 120th Regiment Illinois Volunteers
6 in 1862, and the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby directed to draw his
7 warrant on the State Treasurer for that sum payable to said Alfred Smith.



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1. Introduced by Mr. Taubeneck January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section fifteen (15) of an act entitled "An act to fix the pay of members of the General Assembly," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; also section 23 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and appointment of the officers and employes of the General Assembly of the State and fix their compensation," approved May 28, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 15 of an act entitled "An act to fix the pay of members of the General Assembly," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; also section 23 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and appointment of the officers and employes of the General Assembly of the State and fix their compensation," approved May 28, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and the same hereby are amended so as to read as follows:

Section 15. That until otherwise provided by law, members of the General Assembly shall receive for their services the sum of \$4 per day during each session; and for each session three cents for each mile necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the seat of government, to be computed by the Auditor of Public Accounts, and also the sum of \$50 per session to each member, which shall be in full for postage, stationery, news-

7 papers and all other incidental expenses and perquisites, and no more.

Section 23. The per diem to be paid to the officers and employed designated in this act, shall be as follows, viz.: The secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives shall each be paid five dollars per day, the enrolling and engrossing clerks of the Senate and of the House and the sergeant-at-arms of the Senate and the doorkeeper of the house shall each be paid four dollars per day. The postmaster of the Senate and the postmaster of the House, the assistant secretaries of the Senate and assistant clerks of the House, and the assistant enrolling and engrossing clerks of the Senate and of the House shall each be paid three dollars per day. The assistant postmaster of the Senate, the assistant postmaster of the House, the assistant sergeants of the Senate and the assistant doorkeepers of the House and the clerks of the various committees of the Senate and House shall each be paid three dollars per day.

14 The private secretaries of the president of the Senate and speaker of the House shall be paid the same sum per diem as the committee clerks.

16 The policemen employed by either branch of the General Assembly shall be paid two and one-half dollars (\$2½) per day.

18 The pages employed by either branch of the General Assembly shall be paid the sum of one dollar per day.

20 The janitors employed in the Senate and House of Representatives and the extra janitors employed in and around the State house shall be paid not to exceed two dollars per day.

1. Introduced by Mr. Tyler January 27, 1891.
1. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled, "An act to protect persons and property from danger from steam engines on public highways," approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act, entitled "An act to protect persons and property from danger from steam engines on public highways," approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That it shall be the duty of persons in charge of any steam engine being propelled over the highways of this State, wholly or in part, by steam power, to stop said engine whenever they meet any person or persons going in the opposite direction on said highway with horses or other animals, until said horses or other animals shall have passed by, and said engine shall be stopped when it is one hundred (100) yards distance from said horses or other animals, and sooner in case said horses or other animals become frightened at said engine before arriving at said distance. The owner or driver of said engine shall also keep a good trusty man, not less than fifty nor more than two hundred (200) yards in advance of said engine, to assist in controlling any horses or other animals being driven or used on said highway, until said horses or other animals shall have passed

13 by said engine; and it shall be the duty of the man thus sent in advance
14 to use all reasonable care and diligence to prevent the occurrence of any
15 accidents, which might result in case said horses or other animals become
16 frightened at said steam engine: *Provided, further*, that it shall be unlaw-
17 ful for any person or persons to leave any steam engine, steam boiler, sep-
18 arator or straw carrier on the public highway, nor leave the same or either
19 of them so near said public highway that any horses or other animals
20 might become frightened at such steam engine, steam boiler, separator or
21 straw carrier, which might result in any accident to any person or
22 property.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Watson, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

To repeal an act entitled "An act to create and establish a State Board of Health," approved May 28, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to create and establish
3 a State Board of Health, in the State of Illinois," approved May 28, 1877, in
4 force July 1, 1877, be and is hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Webb, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend the revenue laws.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That all notes and mortgages which are unpaid on
3 the first day of May in any year are hereby rendered void and uncollectable
4 until such notes or mortgages are presented to the local assessor whose
5 duty it is to assess the personal property of the person in whose name the
6 note or mortgage is drawn and such note or mortgage is listed as a part of
7 the personal property of the person in whose name such note or mortgage
8 is drawn.

§ 2. Said assessor shall list all notes and mortgages presented for such
2 purposes, with amounts which they represent as a part of the personal
3 property of the person in whose name such note or mortgage is drawn, and
4 shall record date of assessment on the back of such note or mortgage over
5 his signature.

§ 3. Such notes and mortgages shall be taxed as other personal property.

1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi, January 27, 1891.
2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Licenses.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 16 of an act entitled, "An act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors outside of the incorporated limits of cities, towns and villages," approved May 4, 1887, and in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section 16 of the act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors outside the incorporated limits of cities, towns and villages, approved May 4, 1887, and in force July 1, 1887, be so amended as to read as follows, viz:

That whoever shall, outside of the incorporated limits of any city, town or village, by himself or an other, either as principal, clerk or servant directly or indirectly, sell, barter or exchange, or in any manner dispose of, for money or any thing of value, any intoxicating liquors of any kind, in any less quantity than one gallon shall for each offense be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty nor more than ninety days, or both, in the discretion of the court.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi, January 27, 1891.
 2. Read by title January 27, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act pertaining to the support of paupers in counties under township organization.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 14 of "An act to revise the law in re-
3 lation to paupers," approved March 23, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be
4 amended so as to read as follows: That in all counties under township or-
5 ganization, the poor and indigent persons therein, being lawful residents
6 thereof, shall be supported by the townships respectively, and the money
7 required therefor shall be paid out of the township funds, instead of the
8 county funds.

1. Introduced by Mr. O'Donnell, January 29, 1891.
2. Read by title January 29, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to provide for printing and distributing ballots at the public expense, and to regulate voting at elections.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That in all elections for public officers, except school directors, hereafter to be held, the method of voting shall be as follows, to wit:

§ 2. The voting shall be by ballot, and all ballots shall be printed as hereinafter provided. No other ballots shall be used.

§ 3. There shall be one plain white ballot, upon which there shall be printed the names of all candidates for office who are to be voted for throughout the entire State; and whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment, or other question, is submitted to the vote of the people, such questions shall be printed upon such white ballot after the list of candidates. If the names of the presidential electors make the ballot too long for convenience, they may be printed on a separate white ballot.

§ 4. There shall be a ballot tinted blue, upon which shall be printed names of all the candidates for office not otherwise provided for in this act, who are to be voted for throughout the entire county.

§ 5. There shall be a ballot tinted red, upon which shall be printed the names of all the candidates for office not included in sections three (3) and

four of this act, and who are to be voted for throughout the whole township, town, village, city, ward, district or precinct thereof. But no candidate's name shall be placed upon the ballots furnished the judges of election at polling places, when such candidate is not properly to be voted for at such places.

§ 6. The plain white ballots shall be printed by the Secretary of State, and they shall be bound in blocks of one hundred (100) ballots to a block, and the expense thereof shall be defrayed from the State treasury; and the said ballots shall be distributed by the Secretary of State to the county clerks of all the counties of the State in such quantities as shall be necessary to enable said county clerks to comply fully with the provisions of this act: *Provided, however*, that the quantity so furnished shall not be less than two hundred (200) ballots for each and every fifty (50) electors, who voted at the last preceding general election; and such ballots shall be furnished to the county clerks at least fifteen (15) days before the day of election; and receipts stating the number of ballots, and the date on which the same were received, shall be taken therefor.

§ 7. The ballots tinted blue shall be printed by the county clerks of each and every county in the State for their respective counties; and said ballots shall be bound in blocks of one hundred (100) ballots to a block, and the expense thereof shall be defrayed out of the county treasury of the county for which the same are printed. Said ballots tinted blue, together with the ballots received by said county clerks from the Secretary of State, shall be distributed by them to all city, village, town and township clerks within their respective counties in such quantities as to enable the said clerks to fully comply with the provisions of this act. In counties wherein there are a board or boards of election commissioners, said ballots shall be furnished by said county clerks to such board or boards in like quantities: *Provided, however*, there shall be furnished not less than two hundred (200) ballots for each and every fifty (50) electors, who voted at the last preced

14 ing general election; and such ballots shall be furnished said clerks and
15 election commissioners as aforesaid at least eight (8) days before the elec-
16 tion; and receipts stating the number and date when received, shall be
17 taken therefor.

§ 8. The ballots tinted red shall be printed by the city and village
2 clerks for their respective cities and villages: *Provided, however,* that in
3 cities and villages having a board or boards of election commissioners, such
4 ballots shall be printed by such election commissioners, and the expense
5 thereof shall be defrayed out of the city treasury of the city for which the
6 same shall be printed. The ballots for townships and towns shall be printed
7 by the county clerk of the county in which the same are situated, and the
8 expenses thereof defrayed out of the treasury of such county. Whenever
9 the district of a representative in the Congress of the United States, or
10 senator or representative to the State Legislature, extends further than
11 the limits of a single city, but not throughout the entire county, then and
12 in that case the name of such candidate for representative or senator shall
13 be printed by the city and village clerks or boards of election commissioners,
14 as the case may be, upon such ballots tinted red, as they shall print for the
15 district of such representative or senator, or any part thereof, in the same
16 manner as is required when such district does not extend beyond such city
17 or village; and the ballot of such candidate for representative or senator
18 for the remainder of such district shall be printed by the county clerk of
19 the county in which such district lies, and by him furnished to the proper
20 township, village, and town clerks, in such districts, and the expense thereof
21 shall be defrayed out of the treasury of such county. All ballots, whether
22 printed by the county clerks, city or village clerks, or boards of election
23 commissioners, shall be bound in blocks of one hundred (100) ballots to a
24 block, and shall be furnished in quantities not less than two hundred (200)
25 ballots for each and every fifty (50) electors who voted at the last preceding
26 general election.

§ 9. The city clerks, and clerks of towns, villages and townships, and
2 boards of elections commissioners, shall transmit to the judges and clerks
3 of election of the various election districts or precincts within their respec-

1 five cities, towns, villages, and townships, ballots such as said clerks or
2 election commissioners shall have printed under the provisions of this act,
3 together with such ballots as they shall have received from the county
4 clerk, in such quantities as to enable such judges and clerks of election to
5 fully comply with the provisions of this act: *Provided, however,* that the
6 number of ballots so distributed shall not be less than two hundred (200)
7 ballots for each and every fifty (50) electors who voted at the last preceding
8 general election.

§ 10. It shall be the duty of the judges and clerks of election, to whom
1 said ballots are given, to have them, together with the printed instructions
2 herein mentioned, at the polling place in the district in which they are
3 judges and clerks, at the opening of the polls on the day of election.

§ 11. Any convention of delegates held for the purpose of making nomi-
1 nations to public office, and also electors to the number hereinafter specified,
2 may nominate candidates for public office to be filed by election within the State.
3 Said nominations shall be made by delivering to, and leaving with, the
4 officer or officers charged by this act with printing the ballots upon which
5 the name is to be placed, within the time prescribed by section thirteen (13)
6 of this act, a certificate of nomination, which may consist of one or more
7 writings, and shall contain: first, the name of the person nominated; second,
8 the office for which he is nominated; third, the party or political principle
9 he represents, expressed in not more than three (3) words; fourth, his place
10 of residence, with street and number thereon, if any; and fifth, the occupa-
11 tion, if any, in which he is engaged, or from which he derives his support,
12 in not more than one word.

14 In case of electors of President and Vice-President of the United States,
15 the names of the candidates for President and VicePresident may be added
16 to the party of their political appellation.

17 The certificate of nomination of a candidate for office selected by any
18 convention of delegates, as herein defined, shall be signed and certified by

19 the presiding officer and secretary of said convention, who shall take and
20 subscribe an oath before some proper officer that the facts stated in the
21 certificates are true; and the secretary shall immediately deliver such certi-
22 ficate of nomination to the officer or officers charged with the printing of
23 the ballot upon which the name is to be placed; and in case he shall
24 neglect to do so, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

25 A convention of delegates within the meaning of this act is an organized
26 assemblage of delegates representing a political party, which at the last
27 election before the holding of such convention polled at least one (1) per cent
28 of the entire vote cast in the State, county, or other division or district for
29 which the nomination is made.

30 The certificate of nomination of a candidate selected otherwise than by a
31 convention of delegates, shall be signed by electors resident within the
32 district or political division from which the candidate is presented, to a
33 number equal to at least one (1) per cent of the entire vote cast at the last
34 preceding election in the State, county, or other political division or district
35 from which the nomination is made: *Provided, however,* that the number of
36 signatures required in the case of any State officer shall not exceed two
37 thousand (2,000).

38 In case of a first election to be held in any town, township, district,
39 village or ward newly established, the number of fifty (50) shall be sufficient
40 for the nomination of a candidate who is to be voted for only in such town,
41 township, district, village or ward.

42 No certificate of nomination shall contain the name of more than one (1)
43 candidate. No person shall join in nominating more than one (1) nominee
44 for the same office.

45 Following the facts required to be stated in each certificate of nomination
46 to be signed by electors shall be written or printed an oath in the following
46 form:

47 "I solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a legal voter of the district for

18 which the above nomination is made, and know the contents and purpose
19 of this certificate, and sign the same of my free will." Each signer, at the
50 time of signing, shall be sworn by some proper officer.

51 Any number of electors may sign the same affidavit: *Provided*, all sign
52 such affidavit on the same day and before the same officer; and one jurat
53 shall be sufficient for all. As many affidavits as may be necessary may be
54 appended to the same certificate of nomination.

55 The Secretary of State, county clerks, city and village clerks, and boards
56 of election commissioners, shall respectively place upon the several ballots
57 printed by them, the name of each candidate for office who shall have been
58 nominated as hereinbefore provided, and whose certificate of nomination
59 has been presented within the time herein specified.

60 Each such officer and board shall place upon the ballot by him or it to
61 be printed, only the names of the candidates who are nominated to office
62 proper to be placed upon such ballot by him or it to be printed under
63 provisions of this act, and he or it shall file and preserve all certificates of
64 nomination.

§ 12. The form of the ballots shall be both in size and style substantially
2 as follows, with such headings as shall be appropriate:

3

STATE BALLOT.

4	Governor	CYRUS L. LUCE	Lawyer, Republican.	X	Vote for one.
5	Governor	GEORGE L. YAPLE	Contractor, Democrat.		
6	Governor	SAMUEL DICKLE	Clergyman, Prohibitionist.		
7	Governor	JOHN BROWN	Farmer, Labor Party.		
8	Governor				
9	Lieut.-Governor	JAMES H. McDONALD	Banker, Republican.	X	Vote for one.
10	Lieut.-Governor—	S. S. CURRY—	Teacher, Democrat.		
11	Lieut.-Governor	CHARLES MOSHER	Druggist, Prohibitionist.		
12	Lieut.-Governor	CHARLES SMITH	Mechanic, Labor Party.		
13	Lieut.-Governor				
14	Secretary of State—	GIL R. OSMUN—	Capitalist, Republican.	X	Vote for one.
15	Secretary of State—	P. B. WACHTEL	Brewer, Democrat.		
16	Secretary of State—	JOHN EVANS,	Milkman, Prohibitionist.		
17	Secretary of State	J. SCHWAN—	Cigarmaker, Labor Party.		
18	Secretary of State				
19	State Treasurer—	GEORGE L. MALTZ—	Real Estate, Republican.		Vote for one.
20	State Treasurer—	WM. G. BEARD—	Importer, Democrat.	X	
21	State Treasurer—	AARON C. FISHER—	Baker, Prohibitionist.		
22	State Treasurer—	C. SMALL—	Carpenter, Labor Party.		
23	State Treasurer—				
24	State Auditor—	HENRY H. ALPIN—	Accountant, Republican.		Vote for one.
25	State Auditor—	JOHN D. FARRAR—	Banker, Democrat.		
26	State Auditor—	S. B. WILLIAMS—	Journalist, Prohibitionist.	X	
27	State Auditor—	P. GREY—	Teacher, Labor Party.		
28	State Auditor—				

STATE BALLOT *Continued.*

29	Attorney-General—MOSES TAGGART—Lawyer, Republican.		Vote for one.
30	Attorney-General—JOHN C. DONNELLY—Lawyer, Democrat.	X	
31	Attorney-General—JAMES R. LAING—Lawyer, Prohibitionist.		
32	Attorney-General—F. LAUER—Lawyer, Labor Party.		
33	Attorney-General—		
34	Associate Justice Sup. Ct.—JOS. H. ESTABROOK—Lawyer, Repub'n.		Vote for one.
35	Associate Justice Sup. Ct.—DAVID PARSONS—Lawyer, Democrat.	X	
36	Associate Justice Sup. Ct.—DAVIS BEMIS—Lawyer, Prohibitionist.		
37	Associate Justice Sup. Ct.—S. SIMPSON—Lawyer, Labor Party.		
38	Associate Justice Sup. Ct.—		

39 The form of ballot for Representatives to the General Assembly shall be
40 in substance as follows:

41 Representative to the General Assembly JOHN JACOBS Lawyer,
42 Democrat.

43 Representative to the General Assembly ABEL LYNCH Laborer,
44 Democrat.

45 Representative to the General Assembly WILLIAM BELL Mer-
46 chant, Democrat.

47 Representative to the General Assembly—RICHARD THORNE—
48 Baker, Prohibitionist.

49 Representative to the General Assembly—CASEY JACKSON—Tailor,
50 Prohibitionist.

51 Representative to the General Assembly—JAMES SIMPSON—Mer-
52 chant, Prohibitionist.

53 Representative to the General Assembly JOHN SMITH—Tailor,
54 Republican.

55 Representative to the General Assembly—SAMUEL IDES—Baker,
56 Republican.

57 Representative to the General Assembly—ISAAC WOLF—Lawyer,
58 Republican.

59 Representative to the General Assembly—

60 Representative to the General Assembly—

61 Representative to the General Assembly—

62 If voter wishes to give more than one vote to any candidate for repre-
63 sentative—after X mark in figures in additional square the number.

64 The name of the candidate for each office shall follow the name of the
65 office in capital letters in the order in which they are handed in. Before
66 each candidate's name shall be repeated the name of the office for which he
67 is running, and after his name, his occupation and politics shall be desig-
68 nated. Opposite each candidate's name in the margin shall be left a vacant
69 space, in which the elector shall designate his vote by a cross (x) mark.

70 There shall be left at the end of the list of names of candidates for each
71 other blank space of the same dimensions as the other spaces, in which
72 the voter may place the name of any other person for whom he desires to
73 vote, whose name is not printed on the ballot.

§ 13. Names must be handed to the Secretary of State to be placed upon
2 the white ballots, in accordance with the provisions of this act, at least sixty
3 (60) days before the day of election when the nomination is made by a con-
4 vention; and when otherwise made, at least forty (40) days before the day
5 of election. Names must be handed to the county clerk to be placed on the
6 ballots tinted blue, at least thirty (30) days before the day of election, when
7 the nomination is made by a convention; and when otherwise made, at least
8 twenty (20) days before the day of election. Names must be handed to the
9 county clerks, city clerks, and board of election commissioners, to be placed
10 upon the ballots tinted red, at least thirty (30) days before the day of elec-
11 tion when the nomination is made by a convention; and when otherwise
12 made, at least twenty (20) days before the day of election.

13 In all cases provided for in this section, the Secretary of State, county
14 clerks, city clerks, and boards of election commissioners shall immediately
15 give or send the person handing in any name or names to be placed upon
16 the ballot, a written acknowledgment thereof, upon the same day on which
17 it is received.

§ 14. Whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is
2 proposed to be voted upon by the people, the substance of such amendment
3 or other public measure shall be clearly indicated upon the white ballot,
4 and two spaces shall be left upon the margin, one for votes favoring the
5 amendment, or public measure, to be designated by the word "yes," and for
6 votes opposing the amendment or measure, to be designated by the word
7 "no," as in the form herein given:

8	Proposed amendment to the constitution giving judges a	YES.	
9	life term of office and making them appointive.	NO.	

10 The elector shall designate his vote by a cross mark, thus x. In case
 11 however, the measure is one affecting only a portion of the State, and to be
 12 voted for locally, it shall be placed upon the ballot tinted blue or red, as
 13 the case may be.

14 In case of the death or withdrawal before the election of any candidate
 15 whose name has been handed in as aforesaid, the name of another candi-
 16 date may be handed in to the proper officer by the committee or officer
 17 of the convention having authority to fill such vacancy, or by a new certi-
 18 ficate of nomination placing in nomination a new candidate.

19 The officer or board whose duty it shall be to print the ballots shall
 20 substitute the new name so handed in on the ballot to be printed. If the
 21 ballot shall have already been printed, the name of such substituted candi-
 22 date may be written or stamped upon any ballot about to be voted, either
 23 by the elector or one of the judges or clerks of election.

§ 15. Any Secretary of State, county clerk, city clerk, village clerk, town
 2 or township clerk, or any member of any board of election commissioners,
 3 who shall fail to perform the duties required of him by this act, within the
 4 time designated for the performance of them, shall be deemed guilty of a
 5 misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred
 6 dollars (\$200) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), by imprisonment
 7 not less than thirty days nor more than two (2) years, or by both such fine
 8 and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. Whenever it shall appear
 9 by affidavit that an error or omission has occurred in the publication of the
 10 names, or the description of candidates for office, or in the printing of the
 11 ballots, the proper county judge may, upon application of any elector, by
 12 order, require the officer upon whom rests the duty of printing such ballots
 13 in which such mistake occurs, to correct the same, or to show cause forth-

14 with why such error should not be corrected; and such county judge shall
 15 have full power to make such orders and enter such judgments as may be
 16 necessary in the premises. If the mistake or omission be as to the name of
 17 any candidate for any State office, any judge of the supreme court shall
 18 have like power, upon like application made, to correct such mistake.

§ 16. At the polling place the following arrangement shall be observed:

2 There shall be provided boxes for voting, as many in number as the kind
 3 of ballots voted, one (1) ballot box painted white, one (1) painted blue, and
 4 one (1) painted red.

5 There shall be provided in the room in which the judges of election sit,
 6 or immediately adjoining thereto, not less than two (2) booths or compart-
 7 ments for every one hundred (100) electors who voted at the last preceding
 8 general election, according to the diagram below, so constructed that the
 9 voter can retire from observation; and there shall be placed in said com-
 10 partment an indelible pencil or pen and ink, to enable the voter to mark
 11 the ballot. Each compartment shall either be provided with a door or cur-
 12 tain, so that the voter, while preparing his ballot, may be shielded from
 13 observation.



§ 17. In case the compartments shall be in the same room in which the
 2 judges of election sit to receive the ballots, the place where they sit and
 3 the portion of the room where the compartments are constructed shall be
 4 separated from the rest of the room by a railing so constructed as to leave
 5 a space of at least six (6) feet in front of the compartments and ballot boxes.

§ 18. No person or persons shall be allowed in the room containing the
 2 ballot boxes, or in case the ballot boxes and the compartments are in the

3 same room, no person or persons shall be allowed to go or remain inside the
 4 railing mentioned in the preceding section, except members of the board of
 5 election officers, officers of the peace, one (1) representative for each political
 6 party represented on the ticket, and one representative for all the candi
 7 dates and electors who are about to vote, and except as provided for in sec
 8 tion twenty-seven (27) of this act. The number of electors about to vote
 9 who shall be admitted at one time shall in no case exceed the number of
 10 compartments by more than three (3). The judges of election and ballot
 11 boxes shall at all times be in public view.

§ 19. The judges of election may make such arrangements for entrance
 2 to and exit from the room or place where the ballot boxes and compartments
 3 are situated, as to them may seem the most advantageous and convenient:
 4 *Provided*, they disregard none of the foregoing requirements. They may
 5 also make such regulations as they deem proper, limiting the time in which
 6 an elector may remain in the polling room or place while receiving, pre
 7 paring and voting his ballot; such limitation, however, shall not be less
 8 than three (3) nor more than ten (10) minutes, unless the delay is occasioned
 9 by the elector's vote being challenged, or is the fault of the judges.

§ 20. When an elector presents himself for the purpose of voting, one (1)
 2 of the judges of election, after ascertaining that he is entitled to vote,
 3 shall tear from the blocks a ballot of each kind that is to be voted, place
 4 his (the judge's) initials upon the back of the ballots, and hand the same to
 5 the voter, who shall retire alone to one (1) of the compartments above men
 6 tioned, and there prepare his ballot by placing a cross (x) mark opposite the
 7 name of each candidate for whom he wishes to vote, in the place upon the
 8 margin left for that purpose. After having prepared his ballots as indi
 9 cated, he shall then fold them so that the face of the ballots will be con
 10 cealed, but so that the initials of the judge may be seen upon the back,
 11 and coming from the compartment shall forthwith, and without leaving the
 12 polling place, hand the ballots to one (1) of the judges designated by them

13 to receive ballots, who shall deposit the same in the proper boxes. The
14 elector shall then retire from the voting room or compartment.

§ 21. Any elector who shall, by accident or mistake, spoil his ballot so
2 that he cannot conveniently vote the same, may, on returning said
3 spoiled ballot to the judges, and making oath or affirmation that such spoil-
4 ing was not intentional, successively obtain others, one at a time, not ex-
5 ceeding three in all, upon returning each spoiled one. The ballots thus re-
6 turned shall be immediately canceled, and, together with those not dis-
7 tributed to the voters, shall be preserved and returned to the proper officer,
8 sealed in an envelope. Every elector who does not vote any ballot deliv-
9 ered to him, shall, before leaving the polling place, return such ballot to
10 the judges, who shall preserve and return the same as above provided.

§ 22. If any elector, after having marked his ballot, shows it to anyone
2 except as hereinafter provided, the judges of election shall refuse to re-
3 ceive or place in the ballot box such ballot.

§ 23. If the elector place a cross (x) mark opposite the names of more
2 persons than one for the same office for which they are candidates, said
3 ballot shall not be counted for those offices so voted for, but it shall be as
4 to those offices null and void.

§ 24. The judge having charge of the ballots in the voting room shall
2 not tear them off from the block upon which they are bound, except as
3 they are required by the electors for voting; and the judges shall preserve
4 the unused ballots, together with the ballots that have been spoiled, and
5 return the same to the county clerks, city clerks, village clerks, or
6 boards of election commissioners, as the case may be, with a statement of
7 the number of ballots used, and such officer or board shall give the judges
8 of election a receipt therefor.

§ 25. No ballots shall be distributed except in the voting room to electors
2 about to vote; and no ballot which has not the initials of a judge of elec-
3 tion, in said judge's own handwriting, on the back thereof, shall be placed

4 in the box. If any person, during the day of election and until the clos-
 5 ing of the polls, remove from the polling room any of the ballots printed
 6 for that election, said person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall
 7 be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or im-
 8 prisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

§ 26. The Secretary of State in case of a State election, and the county
 2 clerks in case of a county election, and in case of city and village elections,
 3 the city or village clerks or boards of election commissioners, when such
 4 exist, shall prepare full instructions for the guidance of electors at such
 5 elections, as to obtaining ballots, as to the manner of marking them, and
 6 the method of gaining assistance, and as to obtaining new ballots in place
 7 of those accidentally spoiled; and they shall respectively cause the same,
 8 together with the copies of sections twenty-two (22), twenty-eight (28), thirty
 9 (30) and thirty-one (31) of this act, to be printed in large, clear type on
 10 separate cards, to be called cards of instruction; and they shall, respect-
 11 ively, furnish the same with ballots for use in such elections. They shall
 12 also cause to be printed, on paper tinted brown, ten or more copies of the
 13 form of ballot provided for each voting place at each election therein,
 14 which shall be called specimen ballots, and shall be furnished with the
 15 other ballots provided at each polling place. At the opening of the polls
 16 at each polling place the cards of instructions shall be by the judges of
 17 election, posted at or in each voting booth or compartment, provided in ac-
 18 cordance with this act for the marking of ballots; and not less than three
 19 (3) such cards, and not less than five (5) specimen ballots, shall be by said
 20 judges immediately posted in or about the polling room outside the guard
 21 rails. Whenever, in the opinion of the officer printing such cards of in-
 22 structions, such instructions are also needed in a foreign language, he shall
 23 print the same in such foreign language.

§ 27. When any elector shall make oath or affirmation that he cannot
 2 read, or that he cannot read English, or that because of physical disability

3 he cannot mark or fold his ballot, he shall have the right to call to his aid
 4 a qualified elector of his precinct, who may read the ballot to, and mark
 5 and fold the ballot for such elector, in the presence of the judges of election:
 6 *Provided*, that no one person shall so mark the ballots of more than two
 7 (2) such electors in one (1) election precinct at any one election: *And pro-*
 8 *vided, further*, that such person shall mark the ballot of such voter as
 9 directed by such voter, and not otherwise.

§ 28. Any judge of election or person marking the vote of an elector, or
 2 any other person who discloses to any person the name of any candidate
 3 for whom such elector has voted, or who shall mark the vote of any elector
 4 in any other manner than directed by such elector, shall be deemed guilty
 5 of misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of
 6 not less than thirty dollars (\$30), nor more than two thousand dollars
 7 (\$2,000), or by imprisonment in county jail not less than ninety (90) days,
 8 nor more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, at the
 9 discretion of the court.

§ 29. It shall be unlawful for the judges of election, or any of them, or
 2 any person in the polling room or compartments therewith connected, or
 3 within one hundred (100) feet thereof, to persuade, or endeavor to per-
 4 suade, any person to vote for any particular candidate. Any person violat-
 5 ing the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor
 6 for each and every person so approached, and on conviction thereof shall be
 7 punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or imprison-
 8 ment not exceeding one (1) year.

§ 30. Any judge of election who shall neglect or refuse to perform the
 2 duties required of him by this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misde-
 3 meanor for each and every separate offense, and shall be punished for each
 4 offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than
 5 three hundred dollars (\$300), or by imprisonment not less than thirty (30)
 6 nor more than (90) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the dis-

7 cretion of the court.

§ 31. No person shall, during the election, remove or destroy any of the
 2 supplies or other conveniences placed in the booths or compartments as
 3 aforesaid, for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his ballot. No
 4 person shall, during an election, remove, tear down, or deface any of the
 5 cards printed for the instruction of voters or any of the specimen ballots.
 6 Any person willfully violating any of the provisions of this section shall
 7 be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished by a fine of not more
 8 than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or imprisonment not more than one (1)
 9 year, or both.

§ 32. The judge to whom a ballot is delivered by an elector, after the
 2 same has been prepared, shall, upon the receipt of the same, pronounce in
 3 an audible voice the name of the person from whom the ballot is received;
 4 and the said judge shall, without opening the said ballot, or permitting
 5 the same to be opened, or examined, deposit the same in the proper ballot
 6 box.

§ 33. All acts and parts of acts, in conflict with this act, are hereby
 2 repealed.

§ 34. And whereas, an emergency exists by reason of a proper system of
 2 voting not being provided for under existing laws, therefore, this act shall
 3 be in force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Townsend, January 30, 1891.
2. Read by title January 30, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to appropriate the sum of five thousand dollars for the treatment of indigent patients at the Pasteur Institute of Chicago.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That the sum of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars or so
3 much thereof as is necessary, be and is hereby appropriated out of any
4 moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of
5 medical treatment in the "Pasteur Institute" located and situated in the
6 city of Chicago, of all indigent or poor patients suffering from the disease
7 known as "hydrophobia" or who have been exposed to inoculation and for
8 whom treatment is deemed necessary.

§ 2. The certificate of any reputable practicing physician that the said
2 patient is a resident of the State of Illinois and is suffering from the disease
3 of "hydrophobia" or has been exposed to inoculation and for whom treat-
4 ment is deemed necessary, and that said patient is not pecuniarily able to
5 defray the expenses of said treatment, shall be deemed sufficient to admit
6 such patients.

§ 3. The sum of fifty (\$50) dollars shall be appropriated for the treatment
2 of each and every patient at said Pasteur Institute who shall apply under
3 this act.

§ 4. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his

2 warrant on the treasury for the sum or sums herein appropriated, upon
3 presentation of proper vouchers and the State Treasurer shall pay the same
4 out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

§ 5. Whereas, there exists an emergency and this act shall take effect
2 from and after its passage.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 265.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 29, 1891, ordered printed May 29, 1891.

1. Amend by striking out of line 2 in section 3 of the printed bill the words "each and every," and insert in place thereof the words "each poor and indigent."

2. Amend section 4 by striking out in line 2 of the printed bill the words "or sums herein appropriated," and inserting in place thereof the words "of fifty dollars (\$50) for each and every patient who shall apply and be treated under this act: *Provided*, that the aggregate amount shall not exceed the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) the sum to be paid."

3. Amend after the word "act," in section 3, "and who shall be treated and cured."

4. Amend title by adding thereto: "and at the Keeley Alcohol Institute at Dwight, Illinois."

5. Amend by inserting after the word "Chicago" in line 6 of section 1 of the printed bill, the words "and the Keeley Alcohol Institute at Dwight, Illinois," and by inserting after the word "necessary," in line 4 of section 2 of the printed bill, the words "or that such patient requires treatment at such Keeley Alcohol Institute at Dwight, Illinois," and by adding to said section 1 the words "or for the disease of alcoholism," and inserting after the word "Institute" in line 2 of section 3 of the printed bill, the words "Keeley Alcohol Institute at Dwight, Illinois."

1. Introduced by Mr. Allen January 30, 1891.
2. Read by title January 30, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the creation of a State board of school books and supplies, and to provide for free text books.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the Governor, Superintendent of Public
3 Instruction, the Regent of the University of Illinois, the President of the
4 State Normal University at Normal and the President of the Southern
5 Illinois Normal University at Carbondale are hereby constituted "The State
6 Board of School Books and Supplies" for the free schools of the State of
7 Illinois, with the power to adopt and enforce such rules and regulations as
8 may be necessary to the enforcement of this act.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of this board to meet in the city of Springfield
2 immediately after the passage of this act, and organize by electing one of
3 their number as president and by appointing a competent person as secretary.
4 The president shall preside at all meetings of the board and shall hold his
5 office for the term of one year.

§ 3. The secretary shall be a person who is thoroughly familiar with
2 modern school text books and apparatus. He shall hold his office for two
3 years, unless removed for incompetency or other just cause. He shall have an
4 office in the State capitol and shall receive an annual salary of two thous-
5 and five hundred dollars.

6 It shall be the duty of the secretary to secure from all publishers whose
 7 books are now or may hereafter be in use in the public schools of this
 8 State written agreements, which agreement shall state the lowest
 9 prices at which such publishers will furnish their books directly
 10 to the school districts of this State upon the orders of boards of
 11 directors or boards of education. He shall secure from dealers and
 12 manufacturers of school furniture, apparatus and other supplies, written
 13 agreements, which agreements shall state the lowest prices at which such
 14 dealers or manufacturers will furnish their goods directly to the school
 15 districts of this State upon the orders of boards of directors or boards of
 16 education.

17 The secretary shall preserve all such written agreements in his office
 18 and shall furnish printed copies thereof to each county superintendent of
 19 schools in this State, and to such other school officers as may apply
 20 therefor.

21 He shall furnish to any school board, upon application, suitable blanks
 22 for ordering books, furniture and other supplies, together with the addresses
 23 of all firms who shall have filed written statements of prices as herein
 24 provided, and shall labor in every practicable manner to assist the school
 25 officers of this State to procure text books, school furniture and other
 26 necessary supplies upon the best possible terms.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the boards of school directors and boards of
 2 education of each and every school district in this State to notify the voters
 3 of their respective districts that an election will be held at the next annual
 4 election of school directors or members of the board of education after the
 5 passage of this act for the purpose of voting "For free school books" or
 6 "Against free school books," which election shall be conducted in the same
 7 manner and be governed by the provisions of the general school law relat-
 8 ing to the election of school directors and members of boards of education:
 9 *Provided*, that in cities or districts in which no annual school election is

10 held, it shall be the duty of the school authorities thereof, to call an
11 election as provided herein; which election shall be held not later than the
12 first Saturday in June after the passage of this act.

§ 5. If a majority of the votes cast at such election in any city or district
12 shall be in favor of free school books, it shall be the duty of the board of
13 directors or board of education therein to purchase a sufficient number of
14 school books to supply all the pupils in the public schools of their district
15 or city, which books shall be paid for out of the school funds of such
16 district or city upon the order of the school board therein.

7 Before purchasing such books, it shall be the duty of such school board
8 to procure from the secretary of the State board of school books and
9 supplies a list of prices of such books as may be needed, and it shall be
10 unlawful for any school board to pay an amount in excess of the prices
11 furnished by said secretary for such books.

§ 6. All books purchased by the school authorities of any city or district
2 under the provisions of this act shall be held as property belonging to such
3 district, and shall be loaned to the pupils attending the public schools
4 therein, subject to such reasonable rules as may be adopted by the board
5 of directors or board of education therein, for the care and preservation of
6 such books.

§ 7. When the first election as provided by section four (4) of this act
2 shall have been held, it shall thereafter be the duty of the board of directors
3 or board of education of any school district, in this State, whenever
4 petitioned so to do by one third of the legal voters thereof, to resubmit the
5 question of furnishing free school books at any regular or special election
6 held in such district: *Provided*, that such elections shall not be held oftener
7 than once in each year.

§ 8. The sum of five thousand dollars per annum is hereby appropriated
2 out of any funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the
3 payment of the expenses of said board and the salary and expenses of the

4 secretary. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to issue
5 warrants upon the State Treasurer, upon the order of said board, in amounts
6 not to exceed the amount herein appropriated.

§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately after its passage, and shall be
2 published and distributed as an appendix to the school law.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dearborn January 30, 1891.
2. Read by title January 30, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 1 of article VIII of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872 as amended by an act entitled, "An act to amend section 1, of Article VIII of 'An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages,'" approved May 28, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of article eight (8) of an act entitled, "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, as amended by an act entitled, "An act to amend section one (1) of article eight (8) of 'An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages,'" approved May 28, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

The city council in cities and boards of trustees in villages may levy and collect taxes for corporate purposes in the manner following: The city council or boards of trustees, as the case may be, shall annually, on or before the third (3d) Tuesday in September, in each year, ascertain the total amount of appropriations for all corporate purposes legally made and to be collected from the tax levy of that fiscal year; and, by an ordinance, specifying in detail the purposes for which such appropriations are made, and the sum or amount appropriated for each purpose, respectively, levy

9 the amount so ascertained upon all the property subject to taxation within
10 the city or village, as the same is assessed and equalized for State and
11 county purposes for the current year. A certified-copy of such ordinance
12 shall be filed with the county clerk of the proper county, whose duty it
13 shall be to ascertain the rate per cent. which, upon the total valuation of
14 all property subject to taxation within the city or village, as the same is
15 assessed and equalized for State and county purposes, will produce a net
16 amount not less than the amount so directed to be levied; and it shall be
17 the duty of the county clerk to extend such tax in a separate column upon
18 the book or books of the collector or collectors of State and county taxes,
19 within such city or village. And where the corporate limits of any city or
20 village shall lie partly in two or more counties, the city council, or board
21 of trustees, shall ascertain the total amount of all taxable property lying
22 within the corporate limits of said city or village in each county, as the
23 same is assessed and equalized for State and county purposes for the current
24 year, and certify the amount of taxable property in each county within
25 said city or village under the seal of said city or village, to the county
26 clerk of the county where the seat of government of such city or village is
27 situate, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the rate per cent. which, upon
28 the total valuation of all property subject to taxation within the city or
29 village, ascertained as aforesaid, will produce a net amount not less than
30 the amount so directed to be levied, and said clerk shall as soon as said
31 rate per cent. of taxation is ascertained, certify under his hand and seal of
32 office to the county clerk of any other county wherein a portion of said
33 city or village is situate, such rate per cent. and it shall be the duty of
34 such county clerk to whom such rate per cent. is certified, to extend such
35 tax in a separate column upon the book or books of the collector or
36 collectors of the State and county taxes for such county against all property
37 in his county within the limits of said city or village: *Provided*, the
38 aggregate amount of taxes levied for any one year, exclusive of the amount

39 levied for the payment of bonded indebtedness or interest thereon, shall
40 not exceed the rate of two (2) per centum upon the aggregate valuation of
41 all property within such city or village, subject to taxation therein, as the
42 same was equalized for State and county taxes for the preceding year.

1. Introduced by Mr. White of Stark, January 30, 1891.
2. Read by title January 30, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act punishing fraudulent practices in packing pork.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or
3 corporation to pack any pork, the product of } hogs commonly known as
4 piggy sows, stags or boars or pack the product of hogs in which a reduction
5 has been made in the weight or purchase price thereof, because it was
6 alleged or supposed said hogs belong to either of the classes commonly
7 known as piggy sows, stags or boars, with pork the product of hogs not
8 belonging to such classes, but all such pork the product of hogs commonly
9 known as piggy sows, stags or boars, shall be packed separate and by itself
10 and be branded, "stag or piggy sow pork."

§ 2. Any person or firm violating section one of this act, shall be guilty
2 of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than
3 one hundred dollars, or more than five hundred dollars for the first offense,
4 and not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars,
5 for each and every subsequent offense.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the State Board of Live Stock Commissioners
2 to cause prosecutions to be instituted for the enforcement of the provisions
3 of this act, whenever the violation is brought to their notice. All prose-
4 cutions shall be in the name of the people. All fines collected for the
5 violation of this act shall be paid into the treasury of the county,

1. Introduced by Mr. Lyman, of Sangamon, January 31, 1891.
2. Read by title January 31, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Live Stock and Dairying.

A BILL

For an act in reference to stock yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, freight, grain, hay, and other articles furnished, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof, and to provide for charges for transportation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That if any corporation organized or doing business
3 in this State, under any act of incorporation or general law now in force,
4 or which may hereafter be enacted, in reference to stock yards, shall charge,
5 collect, demand or receive, more than is allowed by this act, or more than
6 a fair and reasonable rate of toll or compensation, for the transportation of
7 any freight of any description, or live stock, or for the use and transporta-
8 tion of any cars upon its track, or any branches thereof, or for receiving,
9 handling or delivering any freight or live stock, or for feeding, weighing,
10 carrying, yardage and watering, hay or grain furnished, and anything done
11 by reason of the powers given such corporations, by the act of incorpora-
12 tion thereof, the same shall be deemed guilty of extortion, and upon
13 conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred
14 dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) for the first offense,
15 and for the second offense not less than three hundred dollars (\$300), nor
16 more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000); *Provided*, that in all cases under

17 this act either party shall have the right of trial by jury.

§ 2. If any such corporation shall, in reference to stock yards aforesaid,
2 make any unjust discrimination in its rates or charges of toll, or compensa-
3 tion for the transportation of freight or live stock, or for receiving, handling,
4 feeding, furnishing feed or carrying any stock, or for doing anything by
5 reason of the powers given such corporation, by act of corporation, the same
6 shall be deemed guilty of having violated the provisions of this act, and
7 upon conviction thereof, shall be dealt with as provided in the foregoing
8 section.

§ 3. If any such corporation in reference to stock yard, shall charge,
2 collect or receive of, or from any person or corporation, for the transportation
3 of freight or live stock, or for receiving, handling, storing, yardage, feeding or
4 carrying the same, or for doing anything by reason of the power given such
5 corporation, by act of incorporation, a greater amount of toll or compen-
6 sation or fees than is at the same time charged, collected or received from
7 any other person or corporation, for the same or like services, all such dis-
8 criminating rates, charges, collections or receipts, whether made directly or
9 by means of any rebate, drawback or other shift or evasion shall be deemed
10 and taken against such corporation in reference to stock yards as conclu-
11 sive evidence of unjust discrimination.

§ 4. Any stock yard doing business in this State incorporated under the
2 laws of this State shall not have or receive for yardage more than fifteen
3 (15) cents per head for horses, cattle and mules, five (5) cents per head for
4 hogs and sheep, nor more than seventy-five (75) per centum additional to
5 the current market wholesale price for hay, straw, corn or other articles
6 supplied by them for sustenance of such animals, and that such sales shall
7 be made by actual weights or measurements, unless otherwise agreed upon.

§ 5. It shall not be lawful for any corporation in this State doing business
2 as a stock yard, to prohibit any person or persons, or their agents, from
3 selling dead animals to any establishment engaged in rendering the same,

4 and for that purpose the owner or agent of such establishment shall have
5 the privilege of entering said yards and removing any dead animal there-
6 from, subject however to any reasonable rules which said corporation may
7 adopt for the sanitary regulation of said yards: *Provided*, that in so doing
8 they shall not violate any ordinance of any town, city or village where
9 said stock yards may be situated; and for a violation of this section said
10 corporation shall be liable to the penalties provided in section one of this
11 act.

§ 6. The fines hereinbefore provided for may be recovered in an action
2 of debt, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and there may
3 be several counts joined in the same declaration as to extortion and to
4 unjust discrimination. If, upon trial of any cause instituted under this
5 act, the jury shall find for the people, they shall assess and return with
6 their verdict, the amount of the fine to be imposed upon the defendant at
7 any sum as hereinbefore provided, and the court shall render judgment
8 accordingly; and if the jury shall find for the people and that the defend-
9 ant has been before convicted one or more times of the violation of the
10 provisions of this act, they shall return such finding with their verdict, and
11 shall assess and return with their verdict the amount of the fine to be
12 imposed upon the defendant, as provided in the first section of this act,
13 and the court shall render judgment accordingly.

§ 7. If any such corporation in reference to stock yards shall, in violation
2 of any of the provisions of this act, ask, demand, charge or receive of any
3 person or corporation any extortionate charge or charges for the transpor-
4 tation of any car, or property, or live stock, or for receiving, handling,
5 transferring, feeding, storing or delivering any freights or live stock, or
6 shall make any unjust discrimination against any person or corporation in
7 its charges therefor, or furnish inferior, unsuitable or insufficient food or
8 drink to any live stock entrusted to its care, or shall fail or neglect to
9 suitably or properly care for any such live stock, or shall furnish a less

10 amount or inferior quality of food to such live stock than represented, con-
11 tracted or charged for, the person or corporation so offended against or
12 owning such live stock, or to whom the same may be consigned may for each
13 offense recover of such corporation, in reference to stock yards, in any form
14 of action, three times of the amount of damages sustained by the party
15 aggrieved, together with costs of suit and a reasonable attorney's fee, to be
16 fixed by the court where the same is heard, on appeal or otherwise, and
17 taxed as part of the costs of the case.

§ 8. If any such corporation in reference to stock yards, shall furnish
2 inferior, unsuitable or insufficient food or drink to any live stock entrusted
3 to its care, or shall neglect or fail to suitably and properly care for any
4 such live stock entrusted to its care, or shall neglect or fail to suitably and
5 properly care for any such live stock, or shall furnish a less amount or in-
6 ferior quality of food to such live stock than represented, contracted or
7 charged for the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
8 conviction thereof, shall be fined as provided in section one of this act.

§ 9. It shall be the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners
2 to personally investigate and ascertain whether the provisions of this act
3 are violated by any corporation in this State, in reference to stock yards,
4 and to visit the various stock yards incorporated under any law of this
5 State for that purpose, as often as practicable; and whenever the facts in
6 any manner ascertained by said commission, shall in their judgment warrant
7 such prosecution, it shall be the duty of such commission to immediately
8 cause suits to be commenced and prosecuted against any such corporation
9 which may violate the provisions of this act; such suits and prosecutions
10 shall be instituted in the county where such stock yards are located, and
11 such Railroad and Warehouse Commission are hereby authorized, when the
12 facts of the case presented to them shall in their judgment warrant the
13 commencement of such action, to employ counsel to assist the Attorney
14 General in conducting such suits on behalf of the State.

15 No such suits commenced by said Railroad and Warehouse Commission
16 shall be dismissed except the said commission and the Attorney General
17 shall consent thereto.

§ 10. In all cases under the provisions of this act the rules of evidence
2 shall be the same as in other civil actions, except as hereinbefore otherwise
3 provided; one-half of all fines received under the provisions of this act shall
4 be paid into the State Treasury for the benefit of the State, and one-half
5 be paid to the person or persons making the complaint. Nothing in this
6 act shall be construed to prohibit the State's Attorney of any county in
7 which the provisions hereof may be violated from commencing and conduct-
8 ing prosecutions.

1. Introduced by Mr. Green, February 2, 1891.
2. Read by title February 2, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled “An act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights on railroads in this State, and to punish the same, and prescribe a mode of procedure and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal an act entitled ‘An act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this State for the transportation of freights on said roads,’” approved April 7, 1871; approved May 2, 1873, in force July 1, 1873.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled “An act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights on railroads in this State, and to punish the same, and prescribe a mode of procedure, and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal an act entitled ‘An act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this State for the transportation of freights on said roads,’” approved April 7, 1871; approved May 2, 1873, in force July 1, 1873, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Section 1. If any railroad corporation or bridge company organized or doing business in this State under any act of incorporation or general law

3 of this State now in force, or which may hereafter be enacted on any rail-
4 road corporation or bridge company organized or which may hereafter be
5 organized under the laws of any other State and doing business in this
6 State, shall charge, collect, demand or receive more than a fair and reason-
7 able rate of toll and compensation for the transportation of passengers or
8 freight of any description, or for the use and transportation of any railroad
9 car upon its track, or any of the branches thereof, or upon any railroad
10 within this State which it has the right, license or permission to use, oper-
11 ate or control, the same shall be deemed guilty of extortion, and upon con-
12 viction thereof shall be dealt with as hereinafter provided.

“Sec. 2. If any such corporation or bridge company, aforesaid, shall make
2 any unjust discrimination in its rates or charges of toll or compensation
3 for the transportation of passengers or freight of any description, or for
4 the use and transportation of any railroad car upon its said road, or upon
5 any of the branches thereof, or upon any railroads connected therewith,
6 which it has the right, license or permission to operate, control or use
7 within this State, the same shall be deemed guilty of having violated the
8 provisions of this act, and upon conviction thereof shall be dealt with as
9 hereinafter provided.”

1. Introduced by Mr. Quinn, February 3, 1891.
2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled “An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms,” approved and in force March 7, 1872, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887, and as amended by act approved May 25, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of “An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms,” approved and in force March 7, 1872, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887, and as amended by act approved May 25, 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Establishment by City—Tax—Funds. Section 1. That the city council of each incorporated city, *whether organized under general law or special charter*, shall have power to establish and maintain a public library and reading room, for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, and may levy a tax of not to exceed two mills on the dollar annually on all the taxable property in the city; such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with the general taxes of said city, and to be known as the library fund: *Provided*, that the said annual library tax in cities over *ten* thousand inhabitants, shall not be included in the aggregate amount of taxes as limited by section one (1) of article eight (8) of ‘An act for the incorporation of

11 cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, and the amendatory acts
12 thereto, *or by any provision of any special charter under which any city in*
13 *this State is now organized."*

Section 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take
2 effect and be in force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Quinn, February 3, 1891.
2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to authorize the Chicago Public Library to erect and maintain a public library on Dearborn park, in the city of Chicago, and to authorize the Soldiers' Home in Chicago to sell and dispose of its interest in the north one quarter of the same.

WHEREAS, In the original subdivision of a tract of land in the west part of the southwest fractional quarter of section 10, township 39 north, range 14 east of the 3d principal meridian, as subdivided and platted under the authority of the Secretary of War, in the year 1839, a square or tract of land in said subdivision, a part of which is known as Dearborn park, was set aside for park purposes, and was so dedicated by the general government; and,

WHEREAS, The circumstances under which said dedication was made no longer exist, so that said park can not be used or utilized for the purposes for which said dedication was made, the growth and development of business having now rendered it worthless for such purposes; therefore:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the Chicago Public Library be, and it is hereby authorized to take possession of the piece of ground now known as Dearborn park, in that part of the city of Chicago, State of Illinois, known as the Fort Dearborn addition to Chicago, and bounded on the north by the

6 south line of Randolph street, on the east by the west line of Michigan
7 avenue, on the south by the north line of Washington street, on the west
8 by the east line of an alley known as Dearborn place, and to erect and
9 maintain thereon a public library building, under and in pursuance of the
10 powers and authority conferred upon said "the Chicago Public Library" by
11 an act entitled "An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and town-
12 ships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms,"
13 approved and in force March 7, 1872, and the various amendments thereto:
14 *Provided*, that no building shall be erected upon the north one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$)
15 of said ground by the Chicago Public Library until it has obtained, by pur-
16 chase or otherwise, whatever interest the Soldiers' Home in Chicago
17 acquired in the same, under and by virtue of an act entitled "An act to
18 authorize the Soldiers' Home in Chicago to erect and maintain a soldiers'
19 memorial hall on the north one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Dearborn park in the city of
20 Chicago," approved June 4, 1889: *And provided, further*, that in case the
21 Chicago Public Library shall obtain by purchase or otherwise whatever
22 interest the Soldiers' Home in Chicago may have in said north one quarter
23 ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Dearborn park, then and in such case the Chicago Public Library, in
24 erecting such library building, shall construct in such part of it as it may
25 elect or determine, a hall, to be known and forever maintained as a
26 memorial hall, to commemorate the patriotism and sacrifices of the union
27 soldiers and sailors of the late civil war, which hall when completed may
28 be leased by the Chicago Public Library at a nominal rental for the period
29 of fifty years to the Grand Army hall and memorial association of Illinois,
30 to be used by it and such other organizations of union soldiers and sailors
31 of the late civil war, having their headquarters in Cook county, as it may
32 direct, for the purposes of their organization.

§ 2. The Soldiers' Home in Chicago is hereby authorized to sell, assign,
2 transfer and convey to the Chicago Public Library, upon such terms and
3 conditions as may be agreed upon, all the right title and interest which

4 said Soldiers' Home in Chicago now holds in or to the north one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$)
5 of said Dearborn park, and when such assignment or conveyance is made,
6 the said "the Chicago Public Library" shall become seized and possessed of
7 all the rights and interest in and to said north one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Dearborn
8 park, that are now held by the Soldiers' Home in Chicago, or by the State
9 of Illinois, and may take possession of and use the same for library pur-
10 poses as provided in section 1 of this act.

37th Assem.

HOUSE—No. 272.

Mar. 1891

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 272, ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE
MARCH 18, 1891.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Reported by the special committee, composed of the members of the House
from Cook county:

That the last word of the title of said bill be stricken out, and that the
words "said park" be inserted in lieu thereof.

1. Introduced by Mr. Faires, February 3, 1891.
2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend the Revenue Law, and to compel owners or holders of notes and mortgages to list the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That the Revenue Law approved March 30, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be so amended as to read as follows: That all holders or owners of notes secured by mortgages on real estate, and all notes secured by chattel mortgages on personal property, and notes of hand, be required to make out a list of the same giving name of mortgagor, the date of the instrument, the amount of each mortgage; also, the name of the makers of the plain notes of hand which he owns, the date and amount of the same, and hand it to the assessor or his duly qualified deputy of his or her county, for the purpose of taxation.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the assessor, or his duly qualified deputy, upon the rendition of said list, to stamp said notes and mortgages with a seal, to be provided by said assessor for such purposes, with the words thereon as follows: "Listed for taxation," and date of listing added thereto in the handwriting of the said Assessor or his deputy, and duly signed by either of them.

§ 3. A failure to so list as aforesaid will work an estoppel on the part of the holders or owners, to collect any interest thereon in any court of law or equity,

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns February 3, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 127, chapter 38, division 1 of the criminal code of the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section 127, chapter 38, division 1 of the criminal code of the State of Illinois, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Section 127. Whoever keeps a common gaming house, or in any building, booth, yard, garden, boat or float, by him or his agent used and occupied, procures or permits any persons to frequent, or to come together to play for money or other valuable thing, at any game, or keeps or suffers to be kept any tables or other apparatus, for the purpose of playing at any game or sport, for money or any other valuable thing, or knowingly rents any such place for such purposes, shall upon conviction, be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than two years nor more than ten years.”

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1. Introduced by Mr. Hopkins, February 3, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Township Organization.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 2, article 7, of “An act to revise the law in relation to township organization,” approved and in force March 4, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 2 of article 7, of “An act to revise the law in relation to township organization,” approved and in force March 4, 1874, be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

“Section 2. The electors present, at any time between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock in the forenoon of the day on which there is an annual or special town meeting, shall be called to order by the town clerk, if there be one, in case there be none, or he is not present, then the voters may elect by acclamation, one of their number chairman. They shall then proceed to choose one of their number to preside as moderator of such town meeting. If the moderator so chosen shall become unable to continue to act as such moderator from sickness or other inability pending such town meeting. The electors present shall be called to order by the town clerk or clerk pro tem, as the case may be. They shall then proceed to choose one of their number to preside as moderator pro tem of such meeting.

1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsay, of St. Clair, February 3, 1891.
2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to amend section six (6) of an act entitled "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, and to amend said act by adding a section thereto to be known as section 6½, in relation to the compensation of the judges of said courts.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section six (6) of an act entitled "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

Section 6. Such judges, with like privileges as circuit judges may interchange with each other, and with the judges of circuit courts, and may hold court for each other, and it is hereby made the duty of the judges of city courts, and they shall, when called upon and requested so to do, by any judge of a circuit court of the judicial circuit, in which said city court is situate, hold any such circuit court for such circuit judge with the same powers while holding said circuit court that a judge of the circuit court would have: *Provided*, such judge of a city court shall not be required to hold any circuit court when his own court is in session.

Section 6½. That the city council of any city in which a city court is now, or may hereafter be established, shall have the power, in view of the additional duties imposed upon the judges of said courts by this act to in-

4 crease the compensation of any such judge to a sum not exceeding three
5 thousand dollars per annum, in cities having a population of less than one
6 hundred thousand inhabitants.

§ 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take
2 effect from and after its passage and approval.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsay of St. Clair, February 3, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to amend "An act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved
March 26, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 19 of the "Act in relation to courts
3 of record in cities," approved March 26, 1874, be amended so as to read as
4 follows:
5 The fees of the grand and petit jurors of such courts shall be paid out
6 of the county treasury of the county in which such courts are respectively
7 situated, upon the certificate of the clerk of the respective courts.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Brooks, February 3, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 3, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act to correct certain abuses and prevent unjust discriminations of and by Life Insurance Companies doing business in this State, in the rates, amount, or payment of premium, in the return of premiums, dividends or other benefits derived between insurants of the same class and equal expectation of life.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That every life insurance company, or association,
3 chartered by or organized under the laws of this State, or doing business
4 within the limits of the same, shall charge, collect, demand and receive the
5 same rate or amount of premium for insurants of the same class and equal
6 expectation of life, and make the same return ratably of premium, dividends
7 or other benefits to be derived therefrom to such insurants as aforesaid,
8 and the terms and conditions of the contract between such life insurance
9 companies and the insurants shall be the same as to individuals in the
10 same class and equal expectation of life, and the contract or agreement of
11 insurance made by such life insurance companies, or any agent thereof,
12 shall be wholly expressed and contained in the policy issued. Such life
13 insurance company, or association, or their agent or agents, shall not pay or
14 allow, or offer to pay or allow to any person insured, any special rebate of
15 premium or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other
16 benefits to accrue on such policy, or promise the same to any person as

17 inducement to insure, or promise or give any advantage or valuable consid-
18 eration whatever, not expressed or specified in the policy of such companies
19 issued to such insured.

§ 2. If any such life insurance company or association, its agent or
2 agents as aforesaid, shall make any unjust discriminations as enumerated
3 in section 1 of this act, the same shall be deemed guilty of having violated
4 the provisions of this act, and upon conviction thereof, shall be dealt with
05 as hereinafter provided.

§ 3. Any such life insurance company or association which shall transact
2 its business in this State in violation of the provisions of this act, shall,
3 together with the agent or agents so unlawfully transacting said business
4 jointly and severally, be subject to a penalty of not less than five hundred
5 (\$500.00) dollars, or more than one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, to be sued
6 for and recovered in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, by the
7 State's attorney of the county in which such agent or agents may reside.
8 One-half of said penalty, when recovered, shall be paid into the treasury of
9 said county, the other half to the informer of such violation. And it is
10 hereby made the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts, upon conviction
11 had as aforesaid, or penalty recovered against any such company, or the
12 agent thereof, for any violation of this act, at once to revoke, cancel and
13 annul the certificates of authority issued to any such agent by the Auditor
14 of Public Accounts.

§ 4. Whereas, under present laws the evils hereby sought to be remedied
2 exist and are now being practiced, therefore, an emergency exists, and this
3 act shall take effect immediately on its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Adams, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

To provide for sleeping berths in all stock train cabooses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That on all trains carrying stock the caboose shall
3 be provided with free, comfortable berths for the accommodation of ship-
4 pers.

§ 2. Any railroad company failing to comply with the provisions of sec-
2 tion one (1) of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, the penalty
3 of which shall be a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than
4 one thousand dollars in each case.

1. Introduced by Mr. Adams February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act in relation to married women," approved May 17, 1887, and to amend the title thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act in relation to married
3 women," and the title thereof, be amended so as to read as follows: An
4 act in relation to married women and married men.

"Section 1. That married women, who, without their fault, now live or
2 hereafter may live, separate and apart from their husbands, may have their
3 remedy in equity in their own names, respectively, against their said hus-
4 bands, in the circuit court of the county where the husband resides, for a
5 reasonable support and maintenance, while they so live or have so lived
6 separate and apart; and in determining the amount to be allowed the court
7 shall have reference to the condition of the parties in life at the place of
8 residence of husband, and the circumstances of the respective cases; and
9 the court may grant allowance to enable the wife to prosecute her suit, as in
10 cases of divorce. And whenever a married woman is living separate and
11 apart from her husband, the said husband may have his remedy by bill in
12 equity against his said wife, in the circuit court of the county where he
13 resides, for determining what amount is sufficient for a reasonable support
14 of his said wife; and in determining the amount to be allowed for such

15 reasonable support to said wife while she lives so separate and apart, the
16 court shall have reference to the condition of life of the parties at the
16 place of residence of the husband, and maintenance allowance has been made
17 by the circuit court for any married woman living separate and apart from
18 her husband, the said husband shall not be liable for any indebtedness in-
19 curred by his said wife.

“Section 2. Proceedings under this act shall be instituted in the county
2 where the husband resides, and process may be served in any county in the
3 State; but the wife shall not be required to give bond for costs in any such
4 proceedings.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 280.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 25, 1891, ordered printed May 25, 1891.

1. Amend title by striking out all after the figures "1877."
2. Amend section 1, line 3, printed bill, by inserting after the word "women" the following, viz: "approved May 17, 1877," and by striking out of lines 3 and 4, section 1, all after the word "women."
3. Amend by striking out all of section one after the word "divorce" in line ten of the printed bill.
4. Amend by adding to section two of the printed bill: "*Provided*, in case the husband shall abandon the wife without fault on her part and remove to another county in this State, then and in that case such suit may be brought by the wife, either in the county where they resided at the time of such abandonment as aforesaid, or in the county where the husband resides at the time of the commencement of such suit."

1. Introduced by Mr. Boul, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Farm Drainage.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the dissolution of drainage districts.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That any drainage district may be dissolved by the
3 order of the county court, of the county wherein the same is organized,
4 upon a hearing had on a verified petition, praying such dissolution, signed
5 by not less than a majority of the adult land owners of such district who
6 are drainage tax payers, and who own in the aggregate not less than two
7 thirds in area of the land assessed, when it shall be determined by the
8 court that not less than six weeks notice of such hearing has been given,
9 by posting notices in six of the most public places in the district sought to
10 be dissolved, and by the insertion in a weekly newspaper of such county
11 for six weeks successively next prior to such hearing, and the cost of disso-
12 lution have been advanced: *Provided,* the waterways and other improve-
13 ments of dissolved districts shall be and remain for the common use of and
14 improvements by the land owners of said district so dissolved: *Provided,*
15 that where districts have property and debts, the drainage commissioners
16 shall without delay proceed to advertise and sell such property, and apply
17 the funds so realized to pay such indebtedness, and if that should be
18 insufficient, then the commissioners shall ascertain the amount necessary
19 (including probable costs of collection and disbursement), and certify the

20 amount so found necessary to the county clerk of the county, whose duty
21 it is hereby made to extend said amount upon the next tax books that he
22 makes out, upon the classification then in force in said drainage district.
23 the drainage tax so collected by the town and county collectors shall be
24 paid to the drainage treasurer, who shall pay all legal drainage orders, and
25 pay the balance, if any, in his hands, after all debts are paid to the
26 treasurer of highways of the town in which said moneys were collected, to
27 be used on highways as other road fund: *Provided further*, said highway
28 treasurer shall have the right to demand and receive all balances that may
29 be in the hands of any State or county treasurer, or other person, belonging
30 to said dissolved drainage district, and account for same as he does for
31 other highway funds.

1. Introduced by Mr. Bowlin, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to repeal the law in regard to roads and bridges as it now exists in counties not under township organization, approved May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the present law enacted by the General As-
3 sembly May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, in regard to roads and bridges
4 in counties not under township organization be repealed, and that the gov-
5 ernment of the same shall be vested in the board of county commissioners.

1. Introduced by Mr. Boyer February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 89 of an act entitled "An act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with township insurance companies," approved May 31, 1881, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 89 of an act entitled "An act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with township insurance companies," approved May 31, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 89. That it shall be lawful for any township insurance company already organized or hereafter to be organized having less than twelve political townships in its organization, to accept or receive into its said organization one or more adjoining congressional or political townships: *Provided, however,* that such organization shall not in any event embrace more than twelve such townships.

1. Introduced by Mr. Brooks, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act in relation to the funds of municipalities.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly.* The city council of any city may require that all money
3 received by the city treasurer shall be deposited daily by such treasurer in any
4 bank or banks to be designated by city council. Such banks shall be designated
5 after advertising in one or more daily newspapers published in said city,
6 for at least ten days, for proposals and receiving proposals, stating what
7 interest will be paid on the daily balances of amounts deposited, on condi-
8 tion that all amounts so deposited, with accrued interest, shall be held sub-
9 ject, at all times, to draft and payment on demand. The amount deposited
10 in any bank shall not exceed the amount of the capital stock of the bank,
11 nor shall any deposit be made in any bank until the officers of the bank
12 shall execute to the city a bond with at least five freeholders of the city
13 as sureties, to be approved by the mayor, comptroller and chairman of the
14 finance committee of the city council, in such penal sum as the city council
15 shall direct, the same, however, to be at least double the estimated amount
16 of money to be deposited with the bank. Whenever any city money shall
17 be deposited by the city treasurer, as provided in this act, said treasurer
18 and the sureties on his official bond, shall be exempt from all liability on
19 such bond by reason of the loss of any such deposited money, arising from
20 the failure, bankruptcy or any other act of the bank or any of its officers.

1. Introduced by Mr. Bryan, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to establish a State Board of Labor and Capital.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That within ten days next after the date on which
3 this act shall be in force and effect, the Governor, subject to the advice and
4 consent of the Senate, shall appoint and commission five persons who shall
5 constitute a board of commissioners and officers of this State, and shall be
6 called and known as the "Illinois State Board of Labor and Capital." The
7 first person appointed shall be commissioned to hold his office for the term
8 of one year, the second for two years, the third for three years, the fourth
9 for four years and the fifth for five years. and all shall further hold the
10 same till their respective successors shall have been appointed, and shall be
11 ready to enter upon the duties of the office. And thereafter, all persons
12 appointed as members of said board, shall be commissioned to hold office
13 for the term of five years from their appointment, except that whenever a
14 vacancy shall occur in said board, by reason of death, removal, resignation,
15 neglect of duty or other cause, the Governor shall fill the same by an
16 appointment and commission for the unexpired part of the term, subject to
17 the advice and consent of the senate, if then in session, or as soon as they shall
18 be so, and act upon the matter. The Governor shall be the sole judge of
19 the fact whether a vacancy has occurred. The persons so appointed shall

20 organize as a board, by electing one of their number president, and another
21 secretary, and another treasurer of the board. Assistants may be appointed
22 from persons who are not members of the board. The members shall take
23 the oath of office required by the constitution of this State, and the same
24 shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State. Three members shall
25 constitute a quorum. Said board shall adopt all such by-laws, rules and
26 regulations as may seem expedient for the proper discharge of their duties,
27 and the convenient transaction of the business that may come before them,
28 and may alter or rescind the same at pleasure. Said board shall belong to the
29 executive department of the government of this State, and as such shall be
30 subject to the supreme executive authority which is vested in the Governor,
31 who by virtue thereof, may make any rules or orders that he may deem
32 proper in relation to the proceedings of said board. It shall be the duty
33 of the Attorney General, and of the several State's Attorneys, to give to
34 said board, or any member or members thereof, an official opinion upon any
35 question or questions relating to the rights, powers, duties or liabilities of
36 the board, or any person or persons with whom they may have occasion to
37 deal, on which questions such opinion shall have been requested in writing.

§ 2. On and after the date on which this act shall take effect, all
2 contracts for the employment of personal service and labor within this State,
3 shall, as a matter of law, be subject to the provisions of this act, and to
4 the rights, powers, duties and jurisdiction hereby vested in said board.
5 And said board shall have full power, jurisdiction and authority to inquire
6 into the relations of the employer and employed, in any business or occu-
7 pation carried on within this State; and to that end the members of said
8 board or either of them, or any person duly appointed and commissioned
9 by said board, shall have the right, under the police power of this State, to
10 enter the premises and buildings upon or in which such business or occu-
11 pation shall be carried on, and inspect the same, and freely communicate
12 with all and any persons employed therein; and to examine all and any

13 contracts, agreements, rules, pay rolls, and accounts that may relate to the
14 relations of the employers and the employed. And in case any fraud,
15 extortion or oppression shall appear in any such relations, whether on the
16 part of the employers or on the part of the employed, the same shall be
17 reported to said board, in writing, and thereupon the said board shall
18 summon the offending person or persons, or some committee, officer or agent
19 representing them, to appear before said board at some early day to be
20 specified in the summons, and show cause, if any they have, why such board
21 shall not deal in a summary way with such fraud, extortion and oppression,
22 and make all such rules, regulations and orders as will effectually prevent
23 a continuation of the same. And upon hearing of the complaint, which
24 shall be briefly stated in such summons, said board shall decide the same
25 as they shall deem just, and shall make all such rules, regulations and
26 orders as may be deemed to be required by the nature of the case. And
27 thereupon all persons concerned shall abide by and obey the same until
28 relieved therefrom by an executive order of the Governor, or by a judicial
29 order or decree of a court of equity, in a case that may be brought to
30 determine the validity of any such rule, regulation, order or proceeding of
31 said board or Governor. And in all such cases the rule of *quantum meruit*,
32 that the services rendered shall have such compensation as under all the circum-
33 stances shall be deemed just and reasonable, shall be applied, any special
34 contract thereabouts to the contrary notwithstanding. Subject to such
35 executive order, and to such judicial order or decree, said board shall have
36 power upon any such hearing, to fix or regulate the hours of labor and the
37 rate of wages and compensation, as in their judgment justice may require;
38 and they may exercise, in that behalf, as ample authority as is exercised by
39 the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners of this State in respect of ware-
40 houses and railroads, and the compensation for the service thereof respec-
41 tively. All such limitations or regulations of wages or labor, shall be in
42 force for the space of three months next after the date thereof, unless

otherwise limited by the terms thereof, but the same may, at any time, be changed or rescinded by said board or by the order of the Governor or the court. Any case arising under this act shall have priority over all other civil business, in the court in which it shall be brought, and in the appellate and supreme courts, in case of removal thereto; and shall be heard and determined in a speedy and summary way, any rule of practice or proceeding to the contrary notwithstanding. Any question of the rightful power of said board, either under this act or under the constitution of this State or of the United States, may be submitted in the first instance to the supreme court of this State, in and by a petition for an order or writ of mandamus, commanding said board and the members thereof, to do any act within their proper authority, or to keep within the limits of their jurisdiction, under the constitution and laws, in any particular matter or thing involved in any act or proceeding of said board. In case of any pressing emergency, said board may make and enforce such temporary rule, regulation or order as justice may require, between the time of the inspection of the complaint and the time when such complaint shall be heard, as aforesaid.

§ 3. Said board shall, from time to time, hold public sessions in different parts of the State, to hear and act upon any complaints that may be made to them in writing, touching any matter within their jurisdiction. Any one of said commissioners shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations; and said board may require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, in any matter that may be pending before them. The several courts of justice in this State shall, upon the application of said board, enforce the attendance and testimony of witnesses, as in other cases. Any forcible resistance of any lawful proceeding, rule, regulation or order of said board, without an order of the Governor, or of a court of record, authorizing the same, shall constitute a misdemeanor, punishable on indictment and conviction, by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

14 according to the enormity of the offense. Said board shall, during the
15 month of December in each year, make to the Governor of this State a
16 report in writing of their doings under this act, with such recommendations
17 as they may deem expedient; and the Governor shall transmit all such
18 reports to the General Assembly. Each of said commissioners shall receive
19 an annual salary of thousand dollars, which shall be paid to him at
20 the same time and in like installments as the salary of the Governor is
21 paid. And the sum of thousand dollars annually shall be paid by
22 the State Treasurer at the same times and in like installments to the
23 treasurer of said board, and said sum, or so much thereof as said board
24 shall deem necessary, shall be expended by them or under their discretion,
25 for the proper expenses of fully executing this act, including travel and
26 hotel bills, stationery and printing, clerks and assistants, and the like. And
27 the annual report of said board shall include in an appendix a detailed
28 account of all such expenses. The general office of said board shall be
29 kept in the city of Springfield, in such room or place as may be assigned to
30 them by the Governor, or may be selected and provided by the board with
31 his approval.

1. Introduced by Mr. Callahan, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to the Committee on License.

A BILL

For an act to amend chapter 43 of the Revised Statutes entitled "Dram-Shops,"
and provide for local option by counties.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That whenever one hundred or more of the legal
3 voters residing within any county in this State shall file with the county
4 clerk of such county their petition for the submission to the legal voters of
5 such county, of the question whether dram-shops shall or shall not be
6 licensed within such county, it shall be the duty of such county clerk
7 to embrace that question in the notices of the next general election to be
8 held in such county in the following form: "For licensing dram-shops,"
9 "Against licensing dram-shops." And if, at any such election held in
10 pursuance of such notice, a majority of all the votes cast in such county on
11 that question shall be against licensing dram-shops, it shall not be lawful
12 for the county board or the municipal authorities of any city, town or
13 village within such county, to grant or issue any license to any person or
14 persons whomsoever to keep a dram-shop within said county. If a majority
15 of the votes cast at any such election on that question shall be for licensing
16 dram-shops, such vote shall not authorize the licensing of dram-shops within
17 such county, except upon the terms and conditions, and in the manner
18 now provided by law.

§ 2. If at any election held under the provisions of the foregoing section
a majority of the votes cast shall be against licensing dram-shops, no other
election shall be held in such county on that question for the space of two
years therefrom.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dawdy, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act pertaining to the enforcement of the provisions of section eighty-three (83) of chapter forty-six (46) of the revised statutes of the State of Illinois, A. D. 1874, and the amendments thereto.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That it shall be the duty of the grand jury, which
3 shall be empanelled next after each State, county, township and city elec-
4 tion, to cause to come before such grand jury all candidates, chair-
5 men of county, township and other political committees, and such other
6 persons as such jury may believe possess any knowledge respecting the
7 matter of inquiry, and fully enquire into violations of the provisions of sec-
8 tion eighty-three (83) of chapter forty-six (46) of the revised statutes of the
9 State of Illinois, A. D. 1874, and all amendments which heretofore have
10 been, or hereafter may be, made thereto.

§ 2. That said grand jurors respectively, upon the discharge of the grand
2 jury, file with the clerk of the court a certificate, under oath, that said
3 jury has, in good faith, fully complied with the requirements of this act,
4 and until such certificate shall have been filed as aforesaid, no certificate of
5 attendance shall be issued to the juror, and any juror failing to file such
6 certificate as aforesaid shall not receive any fee or compensation for his
7 services as such juror: *Provided, however*, that when any juror shall, in good

8 faith, endeavor to secure a compliance, by the grand jury, with the require-
9 ments of this act, and such compliance shall be prevented by a majority of such
10 grand jury in attendance, such juror or jurors, upon filing a certificate of
11 such under oath, shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates of attend-
12 ance and their fees and compensation as such grand jurors.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dawdy, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to the Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to amend section four (4) of an act entitled "An act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section four (4) of an act entitled "An act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. It shall be the duty of every person who has engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State, for a period of five years, prior to the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, within six months from the date of the passage of this act to cause his or her name and residence or place of business to be registered with said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose; and every person who shall so register with said board as a practitioner of dentistry, may continue to practice the same as such, without incurring any of the liabilities or penalties provided in this act.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dunham, February 15, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act in relation to the duty of assessors, the rate of taxes, and assessing and taxation of mortgages.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That all assessors and deputy assessors in this State shall assess all property, real and personal, corporate and individual, at its actual cash value. In determining the value of any property the recent sales of like property in the same vicinity shall be taken as a rule for determining value.

§ 2. Any assessor or deputy assessor violating section 1 of this act shall on conviction be fined in any sum not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.)

§ 3. Rates of taxation on property valuation, established and allowed by law shall not exceed the following rates for county purposes: twenty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property; for schools, educational, fifty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property, and for building seventy-five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property, and for road and bridges fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property, and for cities and towns thirty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property.

§ 4. All property encumbered by mortgage shall be listed at its actual cash value, also the amount of mortgage, which shall be listed by the assessor, and the owner of the property shall pay the taxes on the mortgage,

4 the pro rata share as per value of the whole property, and take receipt for
5 same, and the amount of said taxes shall be deducted from the amount
6 due in settlement of mortgage: *Provided*, that mortgagors shall report mort-
7 gages to assessor and shall have receipt for taxes paid on same.

§ 5. The county clerks of the several counties in making up the tax
2 books for the collectors in their respective counties and towns shall show
3 in a separate column the amount of taxes due on mortgages, and the collec-
4 tors shall collect and receipt for same, as provided in section 4 of this act.

§ 6. No mortgage shall be assessed separately from the property, when
2 the property covered by said mortgage is in this State, but taxes on same
3 shall be collected as provided in section 4 of this act.

§ 7. Any act or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act
2 are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Duncan February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend section thirty-two (32) of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section thirty-two (32) of an act entitled "An
3 act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," be and the same is
4 hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 32. It shall be the duty of the board of trustees to hold regular
2 semi-annual meetings on the first Mondays of April and October, and
3 special meetings may be held at such other times as they may think
4 proper. Special meetings of the board may be called by the president or
5 any two members thereof; and at all meetings two members of the board
6 shall be a quorum for business. Within ten days after the annual election
7 of trustees the board shall organize by appointing one of their number
8 president, and some person, who shall not be a director or trustee, and who
9 shall be a resident of the township, treasurer, if there shall be a vacancy
10 in this office, who shall be exofficio clerk of the board. The president
11 shall hold his office for one year, and the treasurer for four years, and until
12 their successors are appointed: *Provided*, that no person having once been
13 appointed to the office of treasurer shall be eligible to re-appointment to
14 said office for four years after the expiration of the term for which he shall
15 have been appointed: *And provided, further*, that said treasurer may be

16 removed by the board for good cause. It shall be the duty of the president
17 to preside at the meetings of the board; and it shall be the duty of the
18 clerk to be present at all meetings of the board, and to record, in a book
19 to be provided for the purpose, all their official proceedings, which shall
20 be a public record, open to the inspection of any person interested therein;
21 and all of said proceedings, when recorded, shall be signed by the president
22 and clerk. If the president or clerk shall be absent or refuse to perform
23 any of the duties of his office, at the meeting of the board, a president or
24 clerk pro tempore may be appointed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Duncan, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Claims.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the payment to Dr. James Hayton the amount due him for services as commissioner for the enrollment of militia, by order of Governor Richard Yates.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That there be and is hereby appropriated to Dr. James Hayton the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) for services rendered the State of Illinois as commissioner for the enrollment of militia during 1862 and 1863, by order of Governor Richard Yates, and for which services he has not been paid.

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to issue his warrant to Dr. James Hayton for the amount herein appropriated upon application being made therefor.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Eddy, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section thirty (30) of an act entitled, "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved June 23, 1883, in force July 1, 1883.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section thirty (30) of an act entitled, "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved June 23, 1883, in force July 1, 1883, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 30. All public roads established under the provisions of this act shall be not less than forty feet nor more than sixty feet in width, the width desired to be specified in the petition: *Provided*, that the width may be varied in the same road when the land over which it is to pass is of varied fitness for road purposes, the varied width desired to be duly set forth in the petition, but no change in width shall be of less extent than one-half mile: *And provided further*, that roads called public and private shall not be less than thirty nor more than fifty feet in width; all public roads laid out as herein provided, shall be opened within two years from the time of laying out the same; if not opened within the time aforesaid, the same shall be deemed to be vacated.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 292.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 25, 1891, ordered printed May 25, 1891.

1. In line 2 of the printed bill, section 30, strike out the word "forty" and substitute the word "thirty," and strike out all the words after the word "petition" in line 6, section 30, to the words "*And provided,*" in line 7, section 30.

1. Introduced by Mr. Ellsworth. February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title, February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Licenses.

A BILL

For an act to amend "An act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 1, "Providing how license may be
3 granted," be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That hereafter it shall not be lawful for the corporate au-
2 thorities of any city, town or village, in this State, to grant license for the
3 keeping of a dram-shop, except upon the payment in advance, into the
4 treasury of the city, town or village granting the license, one-half (1-2) and
5 in the county treasury one-half (1-2) of such sum as may be determined by
6 the respective authorities of such city, town or village, not less than at the
7 rate of five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum: *Provided*, that in all cases
8 when a license for the sale of malt liquors only is granted, the city, town
9 or village granting such license may grant the same on the payment, in
10 advance, of the sum of not less than at the rate of one hundred and fifty
11 dollars (\$150) per annum: *And provided further*, that the city councils in
12 cities, the board of trustees in towns, and president and board of trustees
13 in villages, may grant permits to pharmacists for the sale of liquors for
14 medicinal, mechanical, sacramental and chemical purposes only, under such
15 restrictions and regulations as may be provided by ordinance (1)."

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1. Introduced by Mr. Gill, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section six (6) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to tender," approved March 7, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section six of said act be amended to read as
3 follows:

Section 6. Whoever is guilty of a trespass or injury, or whoever owes
2 another unliquidated damage or demands arising out of a contract, may at
3 any time, before or after suit is brought, tender what he shall conceive
4 sufficient amends for the injury done, or to pay such unliquidated damages
5 or demands; and if suit has been commenced, also the costs of suit up to
6 the time of making such tender; and if it shall appear that the sum ten-
7 dered was sufficient amends for the injury done, or to pay the damages,
8 and if suit has been commenced was also sufficient to pay such costs, the
9 plaintiff shall not be allowed to recover any costs incurred after such
10 tender, but shall be liable to the defendant for his costs incurred after
11 that time.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL No. 294.

Amendment to House Bill No. 294. Adopted by the House of Representatives March 27, 1891, and ordered printed.

Amend by inserting after the word "act," in line two (2) of section one (1) of the printed bill, the words and figures following: "Entitled 'An act to revise the law in relation to tender,'" approved March 7, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874.

1. Introduced by Mr. Grigsby, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to prevent animals from running at large within the corporate limits
of incorporated cities, villages and towns.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That domestic animals of the species of horse, mule,
3 ass, cattle, sheep, goat or swine, shall not be allowed to run at large within
4 the corporate limits of any incorporated city, village or town in this State,
5 any law or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

§ 2. Any owner of any such domestic animal, who shall suffer or allow
2 the same to run at large in any incorporated city, village or town within
3 this State shall be fined in any sum of not less than one dollar nor more
4 than ten dollars for each and every animal so suffered or allowed to run at
5 large, which fine may be recovered before any justice of the peace of the
6 county.

§ 3. Whenever any such domestic animal shall be found running at large
2 contrary to the provisions of this act, the same may be restrained by any
3 resident of the incorporated city, village or town in which the same is found
4 running at large until the fine and costs are paid, and also all damage done
5 by any such domestic animal so running at large, to the property of the
6 person restraining.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 15, chapter 122, of "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 15, chapter 122, of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and the same be amended to read as follows:

Section 15. Whenever the bond of any township treasurer, approved by the board of trustees of schools, as required by law, shall be delivered to the county superintendent, he shall carefully examine the same, and if the instrument is found in all respects according to law and the securities good and sufficient, he shall endorse his approval thereon and file the same with the papers in his office, but if said bond is in any respect defective, he shall return it for correction. When the bond shall have been duly received and filed, the superintendent shall on demand deliver to said township treasurer all moneys, bonds, mortgages, notes and securities and all papers of every description belonging to said township, and the said township treasurer shall receipt for the same, which receipt shall be carefully preserved by the county superintendent and be evidence of the facts therein

13 stated. And the county superintendent of schools shall notify the county
14 collector in writing that the bonds of such school treasurer is approved by
15 him, and that such school treasurer is entitled to receive such school money
16 as may be in the hands of the county collector belonging to such township.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Farm Drainage.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 1, 2 and 3 of an act entitled "An act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes," approved June 27, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of an act entitled "An act to provide for drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes," approved June 27, 1885, and in force July 1, 1885, that the same be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the commissioners of highways in each town in the several counties under township organization, in this State, shall be the drainage commissioners in and for all drainage districts in their respective towns, and shall be known by the corporate name of drainage commissioners of district No., of the town of county of, State of Illinois, and by that name shall be a body politic, and may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, contract and be contracted with; and all other drainage commissioners provided for in this act shall be alike the corporate authorities of the respective districts. to amend to read as follows:

That in all drainage districts organized heretofore under this act any

13 person being an adult owner of land in the district shall be eligible to the
14 office of drainage commissioner, and every adult owner of land in the
15 district, whether residing within or without said district, shall be a voter.
16 In all elections held for the election of drainage commissioners, the
17 drainage commissioners then in office shall be the judges of election, and
18 in the absence or refusal of any of them to act, the voters present may
19 choose a person or persons to fill the vacancy or vacancies. The elections
20 shall open at two o'clock P. M., and continue open until four o'clock P. M.,
21 unless the judges of election shall determine to hold the polls open longer,
22 but not later than six o'clock P. M., to accommodate the voters. At the
23 close of the election the judges of election shall canvass the votes, and the
24 three persons, or so many as there are vacancies to be filled, having the
25 highest number of votes shall be declared elected. In case of a tie the
26 judges shall determine, by lot, who is elected, and they shall also
27 determine, by lot, at the first election, their respective terms of office, one
28 of whom shall serve for one year, one for two years, and one for three
29 years, or such part thereof as may expire upon the election of their
30 successors, respectively, at the annual meeting which shall be held each
31 year on the second Tuesday of July, when there shall be elected one
32 drainage commissioner, to hold his office for three years, and until his
33 successor is chosen and qualified. In case of a vacancy in the office from
34 resignation, death, removal, or refusal to serve, the commissioners in office
35 shall fill the vacancy by appointment, until such vacancy shall be filled at
36 an annual election.

Section 2. The town clerk shall be the clerk of the drainage commis-
2 sioners of his town; he shall be the custodian of all papers and records
3 pertaining to drainage matters in his town, and shall keep in a well-bound
4 book, to be known as the "Drainage Record," a record of the proceedings
5 of the commissioners, and shall enter at length therein all the findings and
6 orders of the commissioners pertaining to the subject of drainage.

7 The clerk of the drainage commissioners in all drainage districts organ-
8 ized under this act shall be elected at the same time and place as the
9 drainage commissioners, viz.: on the second Tuesday of July; and he shall
10 hold his said office for two years, and in case of vacancy from any cause the
11 drainage commissioners in said district shall appoint some competent person
12 who shall hold said office until said annual election. The clerk shall be
13 the custodian of all papers and records pertaining to drainage matters in
14 said drainage district, and shall keep, in a well-bound book, to be known as
15 the "Drainage Record," a record of the proceedings of the commissioners,
16 and shall enter at length therein all the findings and orders of the com-
17 missioners pertaining to the subject of drainage.

Section 3. In all districts in counties under township organization, the
2 supervisor of the town in which the district is situated, shall be the
3 treasurer of the district. When the district lies in two towns, the super-
4 visor of one of the towns, to be designated by the commissioners, shall be
5 the treasurer. In all special drainage districts the county treasurer shall
6 be the treasurer of the district. In all cases the treasurer shall give bonds
7 to the commissioners, not less than double the amount of money likely to
8 come into his hands in any one year as such treasurer: *Provided*, that this
9 shall not apply to the county treasury when his official bonds are deemed
10 sufficient.

11 The commissioners shall, at the organization of the board, appoint a
12 treasurer, who shall not be one of their number, who shall execute a bond
13 to the People of the State of Illinois for the use of all persons interested,
14 in the sum of not less than twice the amount of the assessments that may
15 be in his hands during his term of office, with such securities as may be
16 approved by said commissioners, conditioned for the faithful performance of
17 his duties as treasurer of said drainage district, and that he will safely and
18 faithfully account for all money that by virtue of his said office shall come

20 into his hands which said bond, when approved by said commissioners.
21 shall be kept and preserved by said commissioners, and recorded in the
22 "Drainage Record;" and suits may be maintained upon the same by them
23 upon the breach of its conditions.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hawley, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to define the jurisdiction of cities and incorporated towns and villages lying in different counties.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That cities and incorporated towns and villages which are now or which may hereafter be incorporated or extended into different counties, shall have the right to extend and enforce their ordinances over the entire territory embraced within the limits of such cities, incorporated towns or villages, for all municipal purposes.

§ 2. That wherever any provision is made by the statutes of this State, that any suit or proceeding affecting lands or the assessment or collection of taxes, shall be commenced by any city, incorporated town or village in any court of the county wherein such city, incorporated town or village is situate, it shall be held and construed to mean in the county wherein the lands to be affected or upon which the taxes are assessed or to be assessed and collected are situate.

§ 3. All acts or parts of acts or amendments thereto enacted or in any manner conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby expressly repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Jacobs, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 155 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Every town collector and every county collector in counties not under township organization shall, upon receiving the tax book or books, give notice as follows:

Such town collector shall give notice stating when and where he will attend in each school district for the purpose of receiving taxes, and such county collector shall give notice when and where he will attend in each precinct for the purpose of receiving taxes. Such notice shall be given by publication in a newspaper published in the county, if any there be, and in counties under township organization by printed notices, posted in three public places in each school district, and in counties not under township organization by printed notices posted in three different places in each precinct, which said notices shall be published and posted at least ten days before the time fixed for the collection of such taxes, and said notices shall be deemed a sufficient demand for said taxes.

1. Introduced by Mr. Keller, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend section six (6) of an act entitled, "An act to amend section one (1) to six (6) inclusive and section fifteen (15) of an act entitled, 'An act to encourage the propagation and cultivation, and to secure the protection of fishes in the waters of this State,'" approved May 31, 1887, and in force July 1, 1887, and to provide for the enforcement of this act.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section six (6) of an act entitled, "An act to encourage the propagation and cultivation, and to secure the protection of fishes in all the waters of this State," approved May 31, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6. It shall be unlawful for any person to catch fish with any other device, but hook and line, except to catch minnows for bait, in any of the streams, lakes, ponds or bayous of this State between the first day of April and the first day of July of each year, and at no other time of the year shall it be lawful to catch fish with any seine, basket or trap, or any device whose meshes shall be less than two inches square: *Provided however*, that it shall be lawful for the Fish Commissioners or any person

8 authorized by them, to take fish in any way at any time they deem best
9 for the purpose of propagation or distribution: *Provided, also,* that the
10 provisions of this act shall not apply to lakes, ponds or pools constructed
11 for private purposes and use.

1. Introduced by Mr. McInerney, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 8 of "An act concerning bastardy," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 8 of an act concerning bastardy, approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 8. When judgment is against defendant.—In case the issue be found against the defendant or reputed father, or whenever he shall, in open court, have confessed the truth of the accusation against him, he shall be condemned by the order and judgment of the court to pay a sum of money not exceeding five hundred dollars for the first year, after the birth of such child, and a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars yearly, for nine years succeeding said first year, for the support, maintenance and education of such child, and shall, moreover, be adjudged to pay all the costs of the prosecution, for which costs execution shall issue as in other cases, and the said reputed father shall be required by said court to give bond with sufficient security, to be approved by the judge of said court, for the payment of such sum of money as shall be ordered by said court as aforesaid; wh

13 said bond shall be made payable to the People of the State of Illinois, and
14 conditioned for the due and faithful payment of said yearly sum, in equal
15 quarterly installments, to the clerk of said court, which bond shall be filed
16 and presented by the clerk of said court."

1. Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act in regard to roads and bridges, in counties under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved June 23, 1883, in force July 1, 1883.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An
3 act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization,
4 and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved June 23,
5 1883, in force July 1, 1883, be and the same is hereby so amended as to
6 read as follows:

Section 31. The commissioners may alter, widen or vacate any road, or
2 lay any new road in their respective towns, when petitioned by at least
3 twelve legal voters residing in said town, or by two-thirds of the legal
4 voters residing within two miles of the line of said road so to be altered,
5 widened, vacated or laid out: *Provided, further,* that said commissioners
6 may also narrow or reduce the width of streets in town plats, not incor-
7 porated, so as to leave the same not less than sixty feet in width, on petition
8 and under like proceedings as herein provided.

1. Introduced by Mr. Mitchell February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one of an act entitled "An act to authorize the construction and maintenance of gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads," approved June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly.* That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to authorize the construction and maintenance of gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads," approved June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

Section 1. That on the petition of fifty legal voters of any township to the town clerk thereof, in counties under township organization, or road district, in counties not under township organization, to the county clerk, he shall, when giving notice of the time and place for holding the next annual town meeting, or road district meeting, as the case may be, also give notice that a vote will be taken at said election for or against levying a tax not exceeding one dollar on one hundred dollars assessed valuation of all the taxable property of every kind in said township or road district for the purpose of constructing and maintaining gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads in said township.



1. Introduced by Mr. Moore, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend section sixty-seven (67) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization, and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as amended by act approved June 5, 1889, in force July 1, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section sixty-seven (67) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of road districts, the election and duties of officers therein, and in regard to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization and to repeal an act and parts of acts therein named," approved May 4, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as amended by act approved June 5, 1889, in force July 1, 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 67. When it is necessary to construct or repair any bridge, the cost of which will be more than fifty dollars, the same shall be constructed or repaired by the board of county commissioners, and shall be paid for by an appropriation from the county treasury."

1. Introduced by Mr. Morris February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to create a school teachers' pension fund and to designate the beneficiaries thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That in every city, village or incorporated town
3 in this State having a population of one hundred thousand inhabitants or
4 more, there shall be paid to the treasurer thereof, and by him and the
5 comptroller, if there be one, set apart the following moneys, to constitute
6 a fund to be known as the School Teachers' Pension Fund, to-wit: 1. Two
7 per centum of all moneys received from licenses for the keeping of saloons
8 or dram shops. 2. All money received from fines imposed upon school
9 teachers of such cities, villages or towns for the violation of the rules and
10 regulations of the board of education or school trustees. 3. All money re-
11 ceived from fines imposed upon parents, guardians or other persons for the
12 violation of any of the provisions of an act entitled "An act concerning the
13 education of children," approved May 24, 1889, in force July 1, 1889. 4. Ten
14 per centum of all money received from fines and forfeitures under and by
15 virtue of the provisions of article 14, sections 269 to 274 inclusive, of an act
16 entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," ap-
17 proved and in force May 21, 1889. 5. All moneys received from the sale of
18 old school books. 6. All penalties and fines provided for and collected by

19 virtue of article 8, sections 242 to 268 inclusive, of an act entitled "An act
 20 to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force
 21 May 21, 1889. 7. One per centum per month, which shall be paid by or
 22 deducted from the salary of each and every teacher or assistant teacher of
 23 all public schools in such cities, villages and towns: *Provided*, that no such
 24 teacher shall be obliged or compelled to pay more than one dollar per
 25 month from his or her salary. 8. One-half mill of all money received for
 26 school purposes or for the school fund from any source whatever. 9. All
 27 voluntary contributions that may be made to said fund.

§ 2. The mayor, president of the board of education, comptroller and the
 2 superintendent of the schools of such city, village or town, which now is
 3 or hereafter may be subject to the provisions of this act, shall ex-officio be
 4 and constitute a board of commissioners, to provide for the disbursement of
 5 said pension fund and to designate the beneficiaries thereof as herein pro-
 6 vided and directed, which board shall be known as the Board of School
 7 Teachers' Pension Fund of such city, village or town, and the members of
 8 such board shall receive no compensation for their services upon such
 9 board.

§ 3. Such board shall have power to make such rules and regulations as
 2 it may deem wise, not in conflict with the provisions of this act, for the
 3 disbursement of said pension fund, and it shall have power to hire a clerk.

§ 4. Every person who shall have been or may hereafter be employed as
 2 a teacher in any of the public schools of this State for the period of
 3 twenty-five years continuously, shall upon his or her retirement thereafter
 4 be entitled to receive the sum of twenty-five dollars per month, payable as
 5 the board may direct, during the rest of his or her natural life, unless for-
 6 feited as hereinafter provided.

§ 5. Any person receiving a pension under the provisions of this act who
 2 shall enter the services of the State, county, city, town or village in any
 3 capacity whatever, except the office of notary public, or shall become a non-

4 resident of this State, or shall be convicted of a felony, shall immediately
5 thereupon cease to be entitled to any further pension under this act, and
6 the board shall immediately order further payment to such person to cease
7 and determine from the date of the happening of any of the above events
8 or contingencies.

§ 6. The board shall meet at least once in every year, and it shall keep
2 a record of all persons entitled to a pension under this act and of all its
3 acts and doings as such board.

§ 7. The treasurer of every city, village and town subject to the provis-
2 ions of this act, shall make an annual report to the board, showing the
3 amount of money by him received as well as paid out on account of such
4 School Teachers' Pension Fund.

1. Introduced by Mr. Morris, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed, and referred to Committee on Labor and Industrial Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the inspection of steam boilers, and to provide for
licensing steam engineers.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* There shall be appointed by the Governor one or
3 more persons, as in his judgment may be necessary, as boiler inspectors,
4 whose duty it shall be to inspect all steam boilers in use within the State
5 not subject to inspection under the laws of the United States, and to ex-
6 amine and grant certificates of license to all steam engineers entrusted
7 with the care and management of steam boilers; said inspectors shall hold
8 their respective offices for years from the date of appointment, un-
9 less sooner removed for cause by the Governor.

§ 2. No person shall be eligible to hold the office of inspector of boilers
2 who is either directly or indirectly interested in the manufacture or sale of
3 boilers or steam machinery, or any patent article required to be used or of
4 general use in the construction of steam engines or boilers, or who is not
5 of good moral character and suitably qualified by experience in the con-
6 struction of steam boilers, or in their use and management, as to enable
7 him to perform the duties of the office, and no person shall enter upon or
8 perform any of the duties of inspector who has not taken and subscribed

9 an oath and filed the same with the Secretary of State, that he will faith-
10 fully and impartially perform the duties of his office.

11 3. Every owner, lessee, or other person having charge of steam boilers,
2 tanks or other vessels when a pressure of over 10 pounds per square inch is
3 used, and not subject to inspection under the laws of the United States,
4 shall cause the same to be inspected at least once in each year by the
5 inspectors herein provided for, and every such owner, lessee or person hav-
6 ing charge of such boilers, tanks and other vessels, who shall raise steam
7 and operate such boilers and machinery without such inspection shall be
8 subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100), said amount to accrue to
9 the State.

10 4. The said inspectors shall inspect all steam boilers, tanks or steam
2 generators before the same shall be used, and at least once in every year
3 thereafter they shall subject all boilers, tanks or other vesssels to hydros-
4 tatic pressure, and shall satisfy themselves, by a thorough examination,
5 that they are well made, of good and suitable material, that the openings
6 for the passage of water and steam, respectively, and all pipes and tubes
7 exposed to heat, are of proper dimensions and free from obstructions, that
8 the fire line of the furnace is at least four (4) inches below the pre-
9 scribed minimum water line of the boilers, and that such boilers, tanks and
10 other vessels and their steam connections may be employed without peril to
11 life. They shall also satisfy themselves that the safety valves, one of
12 which shall be a spring or pop valve, are of suitable dimensions, sufficient
13 in number and properly arranged; that there is a sufficient number of
14 guage cocks properly inserted, and suitable steam guages; and that the
15 fusible metals are properly inserted so as to fuse by the heat of the fur-
16 nace, whenever the water in the boilers falls below its prescribed limits,
17 and that there is adequate and certain provisions for an ample supply of
18 water to the boilers at all times, so that the water shall not be less than
19 four (4) inches above the top of the flues or crown sheet, and that means

20 for blowing out are provided.

§ 5. And be it provided that any company organized for the purpose of
2 making steam boiler inspection and insurance, which has complied with the
3 insurance laws and has been licensed to transact business in this State,
4 may apply to the chief inspector for the appointment of one or more deputy
5 inspectors, who shall be subject to the rules and regulations of section 2 of
6 this act, but shall inspect only the boilers insured, or to be insured, by said
7 company, and such inspections may be made in accordance with the rules
8 and regulations of such company which has a pecuniary interest in each
9 and every boiler insured, to see that full, fair and critical inspection is
10 made. Such inspection shall be reported to the chief inspector or a deputy
11 inspector for the district in which the boiler or boilers are situated, who
12 shall issue a certificate thereon if the boiler is found to be in good and
13 safe condition, and any manufacturers or steam users holding such certifi-
14 cate, unrevoked and in full force, shall be exempt from inspection by the
15 State inspectors.

§ 6. In subjecting the hydrostatic tests, the inspectors shall assume one
2 hundred pounds to the square inch as the maximum pressure allowable as
3 a working pressure for new boilers or tanks of forty-two (42) inches in
4 diameter, made in the best manner, of plates one-fourth ($\frac{1}{4}$) of an inch thick
5 of good material, but the inspector shall rate the working power of all
6 boilers according to their strength, compared with this standard, and in all
7 cases the test applied shall exceed the working pressure allowed, in the
8 ratio of one hundred and fifty (150) to one hundred (100). Should the in-
9 spectors be of the opinion that any boiler, by reason of its construction or
10 material, will not safely allow so high a working pressure as herein pro-
11 vided, they may for reasons to be stated specially in their certificate, fix
12 the pressure of such boilers at less than the test pressure.

§ 7. Every person who constructs a boiler or tank or steam pipe in this
2 State, after this law goes into effect, of iron or steel plates, known to be

3 faulty or imperfect, or who drifts any rivet hole to make it come fair, or
4 who delivers any boiler for use, knowing it to be imperfect in its flues,
5 flanging, riveting, bracing or in any other of its parts, shall be subject to a
6 fine of two hundred dollars (\$200), one-half for the use of the informer.

§ 8. Every plate of boiler iron or steel, made for use in the construction
2 of steam boilers, shall be distinctly and permanently stamped by the manu-
3 facturer thereof, and, if practicable, in such places that the marks shall be
4 left visible when such plates are worked into boilers, with the name of the
5 manufacturer, the place where manufactured and the number of pounds
6 tensile strain it will bear to the square ince, and the inspectors shall keep
7 a record in their office of the stamps upon all boiler plates and boilers.

§ 9. Every person who counterfeits, or causes to be counterfeited, any of
2 the marks or stamps prescribed by any State or the United States for
3 boiler iron or steel plates, or who designedly stamps, or causes to be stamped
4 falsely, any such plates, and every person who stamps or marks, or causes
5 to be stamped or marked, any such iron or steel plates with the name or
6 trade mark of another, with intent to mislead or deceive, shall be fined
7 two thousand dollars (\$2,000) one-half to the use of the informer, and may
8 in addition thereto, at the discretion of the court, be imprisoned not ex-
9 ceeding two years.

§ 10. In addition to the annual inspection, it shall be the duty of the
2 inspectors to examine, at proper times, when in their opinion such examina-
3 tion shall become necessary, all such boilers as shall become unsafe from
4 any cause, and to notify the owners or person using such boilers of any
5 defect, and what repairs are necessary in order to render them safe, and it
6 shall be the duty of the person operating any such boiler to cease to use
7 the same until such repairs are made, and in case of failure to comply with
8 the requirements of said inspector, the person operating any such boiler
9 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) and liable

10 for any damage to person or property resulting therefrom.

§ 11. Every steam boiler shall be provided with a fusible plug of good
2 Banca tin inserted in the flues, crown sheet or other parts of the boiler
3 most exposed to the heat of the furnace when the water falls below the
4 prescribed limits.

§ 12. It shall be the duty of owners or managers of steam boilers, men-
2 tioned in this act, to allow said inspectors free access to the same, and
3 it is hereby made the duty of engineers operating the same to assist the
4 inspectors and furnish all needful help in their examinations and tests,
5 and to point out any defect they may know in the boiler or machinery in
6 their charge.

§ 13. No person shall be entrusted with the operating of any steam
2 boiler or steam machinery who has not been examined by a State inspector
3 and found competent to perform the duties of an engineer, and received
4 from such inspector a written or printed license to so act. Engineers shall
5 be divided and classified according to their experience and qualification,
6 the examiner to state in each certificate the grade of the holder. Special
7 engineers may be licensed to operate steam thrasher engines and engines of
8 kindred class, or specified localities, where found on examination to be
9 sufficiently acquainted with the duties of an engineer to warrant the belief
10 that he can safely be entrusted to perform such duty. Whenever complaint
11 is made against an engineer holding a license under this act from a State
12 inspector, that he has, through negligence, want of skill or inattention to
13 duty permitted his boilers to burn or otherwise become in bad condition, it
14 shall be the duty of the inspector, upon satisfactory proof of such negli-
15 gence, to suspend or revoke the license of such engineer.

§ 14. It shall be unlawful for any one to sell or offer for sale, or use for
2 steaming or heating purposes, where a pressure of 10 pounds or over is used,
3 any boiler which has been condemned by the inspector, under penalty of
4 two hundred dollars (\$200), one-half to go to the informer.

§ 15. The inspectors shall be authorized to charge a fee of five dollars
2 (\$5.00) for the inspection of each single boiler and its steam connections,
3 and two dollars (\$2.00) for each additional boiler when connected and tested
4 at one and the same time, said fee being payable at the time of the de-
5 livery of the inspector's certificate of approval. The fee for
6 the examination of engineers and for the issuing of a license certificate
7 shall be one dollar (\$1.00), and for the annual renewal of the same, fifty
8 cents (50), said amounts to go to the inspectors, who shall receive no other
9 compensation for their services. Any inspector so appointed may employ
10 one or more assistants, whose salary shall be paid by the inspector employ-
11 ing him, and whose acts when approved by the inspector to be of equal
12 force and effect.

§ 16. This act shall not apply to railroad locomotives, or to private resi-
2 dences when not above 10 pounds pressure is used. Nor shall engineers em-
3 ployed by railroad companies to operate their locomotives be required to
4 procure licenses from the State board of inspectors. The penalties herein
5 provided for shall not obtain in any case prior to the time the inspector or
6 inspectors have notified the persons affected that they are ready to make
7 the inspection as herein provided for.

§ 17. All fines and penalties under this act may be sued for and collected
2 in any court of competent jurisdiction.

§ 18. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby
2 repealed.

§ 19. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its
2 adoption.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Moyers, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one hundred and six (106) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one hundred and six of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 106. Said board in equalizing the valuation of property as listed in the different counties, shall consider the assessed valuation of the property as an entirety; and, upon such consideration, determine such rates of addition to or deduction from the listed or assessed valuation of property in each county as may be deemed by the board to be equitable and just; such rates being in all cases even and not fractional; and such rates as finally determined by said board shall not be combined."

1. Introduced by Mr. Myers, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 1 of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game, and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds," approved June 1, 1889. in force July 1, 1889, be hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hunt, pursue, kill, trap, net or ensnare, or otherwise destroy, any wild buck, doe, or fawn, or wild turkey, between the fifteenth day of January and the first day of September of each and every year, or any pinnated grouse or prairie chicken between the first day of November and the first day of September of the succeeding year, or any ruffed grouse, quail, pheasant or partridge between the first day of December and the first day of September of each succeeding year or any year, or any woodcock between the fifteenth day of September and the fifteenth day of July of each succeeding or any year, or any gray, red, fox or black squirrel between the fifteenth day of December and the first day of June of each succeeding year or any year; and it shall be unlawful to kill, hunt, destroy, snare, entrap, or to attempt to kill, hunt, snare, entrap, or otherwise destroy, any wild goose, duck, brant, or other water fowl, at any time between the fifteenth day of April and the fifteenth day of September of any year; and it shall be unlawful to hunt, kill, trap, ensnare, or attempt to hunt, kill, trap, ensnare, or otherwise destroy, any wild goose, brant, duck, rail, or other water fowl, between sunset of any day and sunrise of the next succeeding day, at any period of the year; and it shall further be unlawful, at any time, to hunt, kill, trap, or attempt to hunt, kill, trap, or ensnare, or otherwise destroy,

any wild goose, brant, duck, or other water fowl, from any fixed or artificial ambush beyond a natural covering of reeds, canes, flags, wild rice, or other vegetation above the water of any lake, river, bay or inlet, or other water course wholly within this State, or in such part of such stream or water course wholly within this State, or with the aid and use of any device commonly called sneak boat, sink-box, or other device used for the purpose of concealment in the open waters of this State; and it shall further be unlawful to shoot, kill or destroy or shoot at any wild goose, duck, brant, or other water fowl, with a swivel gun, or from any sailboat or steamboat, at any time, in any part of the water of any lake, river, bay, or inlet, or other water course wholly within this State, or in that part of such stream or water course wholly within this State; and any person so offending shall, for each and every offense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars and costs of suit, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fines and costs are paid: *Provided*, that such imprisonment shall not exceed ten days, and the killing of each bird or animal herein specified shall be deemed a separate offense."

1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to prevent distilleries from dumping any mash, slop, or any other material that has been subject to the process of distillation into any stream, creek or lake.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation to dump or allow to be dumped into any stream or lake in the State of Illinois, any mash, slop, or any kind of material that has gone through the process of distillation. Any person, persons or corporation violating this act shall be subject to a fine of one thousand dollars—such fine, when collected, to be paid to the school fund in the county where such offense has been committed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Nohe, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on History, Geology and Science.

A BILL

For an act to limit the use of dangerous currents of electricity.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That any person or corporation that shall use for
3 the purpose of electric lighting or electrical transmission of power an electric
4 current of a potential exceeding one thousand volts, shall on conviction
5 thereof be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), nor more than
6 five hundred dollars (\$500.00): *Provided,* that this act shall not apply to
7 persons and corporations that use electric currents in thoroughly insulated
8 wires and cables through underground conduits.

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Claims.

A BILL

For an act to make an appropriation for the relief of Robert W. Johnson who was disabled by the premature discharge of a cannon, at a reunion of the union soldiers of Southern Illinois, held at Enfield, White county, on the 19th of August, 1887.

Whereas, The said cannon, unknown to the said Johnson, was unfit for
2 use, and

3 *Whereas*, The said cannon was prematurely discharged, and the said
4 Robert W. Johnson while thumbing said gun, lost the thumb on his right
5 hand, and the use of his right arm, and was maimed for life, in consequence
6 of such premature discharge, and is in indigent circumstances and unable
7 to make his own support by reason of such accident, and

8 *Whereas*, The said Robert W. Johnson served his country faithfully dur-
9 ing the late rebellion in the artillery arm of the service, and was honorably
10 discharged at the close of the war; therefore,

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, repre-*
2 *sented in the General Assembly*, That the sum of one thousand dollars
3 (\$1,000) be and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the
4 treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the relief of the said Robert W.
5 Johnson, which sum shall be in full for all damages sustained by the said
6 Robert W. Johnson, by the premature discharge of said cannon.

1. Introduced by Mr. Norsworthy, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Claims.

A BILL

For an act for the relief of Lewis H. Cook, of White county, Illinois.

WHEREAS, The said Lewis H. Cook was, in the month of July, 1886, the
2 owner of three horses of the value of three hundred dollars (\$300), which
3 said horses were then, by a State Veterinary Surgeon, believed to be incur-
4 ably infected with a contagious and infectious disease similar to glanders,
5 and,

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of July, 1886, the said three animals, to-wit: the
2 horses, were destroyed by order of the said State Veterinary Surgeon, and

WHEREAS, The said Lewis H. Cook is under the circumstances justly en-
2 titled to pay for said horses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the sum of three hundred dollars be and the
3 same is hereby appropriated to the use of the said Lewis H. Cook, his heirs
4 or assigns, in full payment for his three horses so destroyed by order of the
5 said State Veterinarian.

§ 2. Upon a release being filed by the said Lewis H. Cook with the Au-
2 ditor of Public Accounts, of all damages sustained by him by reason of the

3 destruction of said horses, the Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his
4 warrant for the sum of three hundred dollars on the State Treasurer, pay
5 able to the said Lewis H. Cook, his order or assigns, out of any money in
6 the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.

1. Introduced by Mr. Perrottet February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

For an act to amend section thirteen (13) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section thirteen (13) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 13. Justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction in their respective districts in the following cases, when the amount claimed does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000):

4 *First*—In actions arising on contracts whether under seal or not, express or implied for the recovery of money, when the action is upon a bond, the amount to be recovered thereon, and not the penalty of the bond, shall determine the jurisdiction; and when the payments are to be made by installments, an action may be brought for any installments as it shall become due.

10 *Second*—In actions for damages for injury to real property, or for the
11 taking, detaining or injuring personal property.

12 *Third*—In actions for rent and distress for rent.

13 *Fourth*—In actions against railroad companies, and any person or com-
14 pany controlling, operating or using any railroad in this State, for killing
15 or injuring horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, or other stock, for loss or injury to
16 baggage or freight, and for injury or damage to real or personal property,
17 caused by setting fire to the same by their engines or otherwise.

18 *Fifth*—In actions of replevin, when the value of the property claimed
19 does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000.)

20 *Sixth*—In actions for damages for fraud in the sale, purchase or exchange
21 of personal property, and in all cases when the action of debt or assump-
22 sit will be, if damages claimed do not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
23 This section shall apply to claims originally exceeding one thousand dollars
24 (\$1,000), if the same shall at the time of rendition of the judgment be reduced by
24 credits or deduction to an amount not exceeding one thousand dollars
25 (\$1,000).

26 *Seventh*—In suits for damages when the actions of *trespass on the case* or
27 *trespass en et annis* will lie, where the amount of damages claimed do not
28 exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

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1. Introduced by Mr. Perrottet, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act by repealing section three (3) and section four (4) of an act entitled "An act to protect persons and property from danger from steam engines on public highways," approved June 26, 1885.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section three (3) and section four (4) of an act
4 entitled "An act to protect persons and property from danger from steam
5 engines on public highways," be and the same are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Pollock, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section 169 of article 10 of chapter 24 of the revised statutes, of 1889, of the State of Illinois, granting cities, towns and villages the power to erect, maintain and establish water-works, gas-works, electric plants, telegraph and telephone lines, and street railways.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section 169 of article 10 of said act be amended to read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. The city council or board of trustees shall have the power to provide for a supply of water by boring and sinking of artesian wells, or by the construction of and regulation of wells, cisterns, reservoirs or water-works, gas plants, electric lighting plants, telegraph and telephone lines, and street railways, with the necessary plants and extensions to operate the same, and to furnish the same to and for private consumers and users of the same, to borrow money therefor, and to authorize any person or private corporations to construct and maintain the same, at such rates as may be fixed by ordinance, and for a period of not exceeding thirty years; also, to prevent the unnecessary waste of water or gas; to prevent the pollution of water, and injuries to wells, cisterns, reservoirs or water-works, or injuries to other plants authorized to be erected under this section.

1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsay, of St. Clair, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section nineteen, article nine, chapter twenty-four, of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887, in force July 1, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section nineteen, article nine, chapter twenty-four, of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by act approved June 17, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 19. No such local improvements can be made wholly, or in part, by special assessment, or special taxation, unless the owners of two-thirds of the property in any block abutting on any street, alley, park or public place shall first petition the common council in cities, or board of trustees in villages, for said local improvements, specifying therein the nature, character, locality and description of such improvement. But whenever such petition be made, then the said council in cities, or board of trustees in villages, shall pass an ordinance to that effect, specifying therein the nature, character, locality and description of such improvement: *Provided*, that whenever any such ordinance shall provide only for the building or re-

11 newing of any sidewalk, no such petition to the common council in cities,
12 or board of trustess in villages, shall be necessary, but the owner of any
13 lot or piece of land fronting on such sidewalk shall be allowed thirty days
14 after the time at which such ordinance shall take effect in which to build
15 or renew such sidewalk opposite his or her land, and thereby relieve the
16 same from assessment: *Provided*, that the work so to be done shall con-
17 form to the requirements of such ordinance.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ramsey, of St. Clair, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act requiring the use of air brakes, or steam brakes, on all locomotive engines.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That each and every railway corporation in the State of Illinois, or any railway corporation doing business on lines in Illinois, shall furnish and operate either an air brake or steam brake of the most approved pattern on each and every engine used in said State by any such railway corporation, for any purpose whatever.

§ 2. That any such railway corporation violating the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$50 for each and every day that any locomotive engine be used without said air or steam brake.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Reid, of Gallatin, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Miscellaneous Subjects.

A BILL

For an act to amend section seven (7) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to weights and measures," approved February 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That section 7 of the above entitled act be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:

"Section 7. [Weight per bushel.] Whenever any of the following articles shall be contracted for, or sold or delivered, and no special contract or agreement shall be made to the contrary, the weights per bushel shall be as follows, to-wit:

5	Stone coal, 80 lbs.	Buckwheat, 52 lbs.
6	Unslacked lime, 80 lbs.	Coarse salt, 50 lbs.
7	Corn in the ear, 68 lbs.	Barley, 48 lbs.
8	Wheat, 60 lbs.	Corn meal, 48 lbs.
9	Irish potatoes, 60 lbs.	Castor beans, 46 lbs.
10	White beans 60 lbs.	Timothy seed, 45 lbs.
11	Clover seed, 60 lbs.	Hemp seed, 44 lbs.
12	Onions, 57 lbs.	Malt, 38 lbs.
13	Shelled corn, 56 lbs.	Dried peaches, 33 lbs.

14 Rye, 56 lbs.
15 Flax seed, 56 lbs.
16 Sweet potatoes, 55 lbs.
17 Turnips, 55 lbs.
18 Fine salt, 55 lbs.

Oats, 32 lbs.
Dried apples, 24 lbs.
Bran, 20 lbs.
Blue grass seed, 14 lbs.
Hair (plastering), 8 lbs.

1. Introduced by Mr. Springer, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act in relation to roads and bridges in counties not under township organization," approved May 4, 1887.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 189, chapter 121, of revised statutes, be
3 amended by adding the following provision at the end of said section:
4 *Provided,* that at least 50 per cent. of the road tax so assessed shall be
5 expended upon roads contiguous to the lands as so assessed by said com-
6 missioners.

1. Introduced by Mr. Stoker, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Building and Loan Associations.

A BILL

For an act to revise sections eight (8) and eleven (11) of an act entitled, "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That sections eight (8) and eleven (11) of an act entitled, "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," in force July 1, 1879, and amended by an act entitled, "An act to amend sections eight (8) and ten (10) of an act entitled, 'An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such association,'" approved June 17, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, and an act entitled, "An act to amend section 11 of an act entitled, 'An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations,'" approved June 16, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, be and the same are hereby revised so as to read as follows:

Section 8. The board of directors shall hold such stated meetings, not less frequently than once a month, as may be provided by the by-laws, at which the money in the treasury, if one hundred dollars, or more, shall be offered for loan in open meeting; and the stockholders who shall bid the

5 highest premium, for the preference or priority of loan, shall be entitled to
 6 receive a loan of one hundred dollars for each share of stock held by said
 7 stockholders; the said premium bid may be deducted from the loan in one
 8 amount, or may be paid in such proportionate amounts or installments, and
 9 at such times during the existence of the shares of stock borrowed upon,
 10 as may be designated by the by-laws of the respective associations: *Provided*,
 11 that any such association may, by its by-laws dispense with the offering of
 12 its money for bids in open meeting, and in lieu thereof loan its money at a
 13 rate of interest and premium fixed by its by-laws and either with or with-
 14 out premium, deciding the preference or priority of loans by the priority of
 15 the applications for loans of its stockholders: *And, provided*, that no loan
 16 shall be made by said corporation except to its own members, nor in any
 17 sum in excess of the amount of stock held by such members borrowing.
 18 But such stockholders may borrow such fractional part of one hundred
 19 dollars as the by-laws may provide. Good and ample real estate security,
 20 unencumbered, except by prior loans of such association, shall be given by
 21 the borrower to secure the payment of the loan: *Provided, however*, that the
 22 stock of such association may be received as security, to the amount of the
 23 withdrawal value of such stock. Any mutual building loan and homestead
 24 association, which may have heretofore been incorporated under the laws
 25 of the State of Illinois, may avail itself of all the powers conferred by this
 26 act.

Section 11. Corporations organized under this act being of the nature of
 2 co-operative associations, therefore no interest, premiums, fines, nor interest
 3 on such premiums that may accrue to said corporation, according to the
 4 provisions of this act, shall be deemed usurious and the same may be
 5 collected as other debts of like amount may be collected by laws in this
 6 State; and, all money paid to such corporation being at once loaned out
 7 and placed into taxable property, and the shares of stock and notes provided
 8 for in this act being simply evidence as to where such money has been
 9 placed, therefore such stock and notes shall not be subject to taxation.

1. Introduced by Mr. Talbott, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

A BILL

For an act to repeal an act entitled "An act to secure the collection and publication of agricultural and other statistics," approved and in force May 25, 1877.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
3 *in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to secure the collec-
3 tion and publication of agricultural and other statistics," approved and in
4 force May 25, 1877, be and the same is hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Terpening, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the assessment of real estate, mortgages, trust deeds, and conveyances in the nature of real estate mortgages, and for the collection of taxes thereon.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

in the General Assembly, That the recorder of deeds of each county shall make and deliver to the county clerk of his county, on the first day of May in each year, a list of all the mortgages, trust deeds, or other conveyances in the nature of a mortgage, which may be filed for record in his said office during the preceding year ending April thirtieth, given to secure the payment of money on real estate, including improvements and buildings, together with a list of all releases and credits appearing thereon or filed for record, affecting the value of said mortgages.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the county clerk, when making up the collector's books for the collection of taxes in his county that are required by law, to make up, where the same appears necessary from the foregoing list, an additional collector's book, to be known as "Collector's Book of Mortgages on Real Estate," which book shall contain a list of all such mortgages as aforesaid, and to be ruled into proper columns so as to show the name of the grantor and the name of the grantee, the amount of said mortgages, the amount of credits, if any, the amount of the assessment

9 and for the equalization of the same by the county board and by the State
 10 Board of Equalization, said book to contain proper columns for the extension
 11 of the several kinds of taxes, and other purposes. Said mortgages shall be
 12 placed on said collector's books by the respective county clerks at the same
 13 basis of valuation of the fair cash value thereof that other property may
 14 be assessed by the local assessors in their respective townships, and the same
 15 shall be equalized by the several county clerks at the same rate per centum
 16 of addition or deduction that the property on which such mortgage is given
 17 is equalized by the county board and by the State Board of Equalization
 18 and the said clerks shall extend the same rates of taxes against said mortgages
 19 as are required to be extended on the property on which such mortgage is
 20 given.

§ 3. If the grantee or owner of any such mortgage shall fail to pay the
 2 taxes which may be due on any such mortgage by the first day of March
 3 after such taxes become due, then the grantor, owner or other person inter-
 4 ested in the property so mortgaged may pay the full amount of such tax,
 5 and the collector shall give his receipt for the same, which receipt shall
 6 show the name of the grantor, the name of the grantee, the amount of the
 7 assessment as equalized by the State Board of Equalization, and the several
 8 items of taxes, and said grantor, owner or person interested in said prop-
 9 erty, and paying such tax, may retain the amount of such tax so paid out
 10 of the first interest which shall become due the said grantee or owner of
 11 such mortgage after such payment of taxes, with interest thereon from the
 12 first day of March next after such taxes become due, at the same rate as
 13 appears in such mortgage.

§ 4. If the taxes due on such mortgage are paid by the grantee or owner
 2 of such mortgage the collector shall deduct the amount of such taxes from
 3 the amount of taxes charged against the property on which such mortgage
 4 is given, and the payment of the remainder shall be payment in full of the
 5 taxes charged against such mortgaged property: *Provided*, that if the taxes

6 charged against any such mortgage shall become delinquent, and any part of the
7 taxes due on such mortgaged property also becomes delinquent, the property
8 so mortgaged shall be held for the amount due thereon, and the taxes
9 charged against such mortgage shall be void.

§ 5. Hereafter the county and township assessors shall not assess real
2 estate, mortgages, trust deeds, or conveyances in the nature of mortgages on
3 real estate, but the same shall be done as herein provided; and all laws or
4 parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Van Praag February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act to require railroad corporations, organized and operated in this State to equip all freight cars or freight trains with air brakes and to provide penalties against such railroads and their employes for operating such cars or trains unless equipped and controlled by air brakes.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That hereafter it shall be unlawful for each and
3 every railroad corporation, organized or doing business in this State, under
4 the laws or authority thereof, to permit or allow any freight trains or cars
5 to run over or be operated upon any of the lines of the several railways of
6 such railroad corporations, within this State, unless said freight trains or
7 cars be fully equipped with and controlled by air brakes.

§ 2. Any railroad corporation organized or doing business in this State,
2 under the law or authority thereof, failing to comply with the provisions of
3 section one (1) of this act, within one year after the taking effect of this
4 act, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than one
5 thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000). In
6 case any such railroad corporation shall fail to comply with the provisions
7 of section one (1), within one year and six months after the taking effect of
8 this act, it shall upon conviction thereof be fined in any sum not less than
9 two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000).

§ 3. The employes of all railroad companies incorporated or organized

2 within this State as railroad corporations, who are or may hereafter be em-
3 ployed by such railroad corporations or companies, as engineers, conduc-
4 tors, brakemen or switchmen, or any other employes employed by such
5 railroad corporation to operate or assist in operating freight cars or freight
6 trains upon any of the several lines of any railroad corporation organized
7 or doing business in this State, unless such freight cars or freight trains
8 be fully equipped with air brakes, shall be severally subject to a fine in any
9 sum of not less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than twenty-five dollars
10 (\$25) for the first offense, and for every offense thereafter they shall be
11 severally subject to a fine in any sum of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor
12 more than two hundred dollars (\$200).

§ 4. The fines herein provided for may be recovered in an action of debt
2 in the name of the people of the State of Illinois.

§ 5. All fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall be paid
2 into the county treasury of the county in which the suit is tried, by the
3 person collecting the same, to be used for the common school fund of said
4 county.

1. Introduced by Mr. Vinton, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections one and two [5] of an act entitled "An act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section one and section five of "An act in
3 regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices,"
4 approved April 3, 1872, be and are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That there shall be elected by general ticket, on the Tuesday
2 next after the first Monday in November preceding the term of office of
3 each President of the United States, two electors of President and Vice-
4 President of the United States; and at the same time there shall be elected
5 one elector of President and Vice-President in each congressional district of
6 this State—and also one alternate elector in each of said districts—which
7 election shall be conducted and returns thereof made as hereinafter provided:
8 *Provided,* that if Congress should hereafter fix a different day for such
9 election, then the election for electors shall be held on such day as shall be
10 named by act of Congress.

Section 2. That section five of said act be so amended as to read as
2 follows:

§ 5. In case any person declared duly elected an elector of Presi-
2 dent and Vice-President of the United States on a general ticket as aforesaid,

3 shall fail to attend at the State House, at the seat of government of this
4 State at or before the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, of the day on which
5 his vote is required to be given, it shall be the duty of the electors of
6 President and Vice-President attending at the time and place aforesaid to
7 appoint a person to fill such vacancy. But if any elector duly declared
8 elected for any congressional district as aforesaid shall fail to attend at the
9 State House at the seat of government of this State, on or before the hour
10 of twelve o'clock at noon on the day last aforesaid, the alternate elector of
11 the same congressional district, if present, shall serve as elector in place of
12 the absent elector, and shall perform all the duties of elector: *Provided*,
13 that should the person or persons chosen by the people as aforesaid arrive
14 at the place aforesaid, the votes for President and Vice-President are actually
15 given the person or persons appointed to fill the vacancy in the case first
16 above mentioned shall not act as elector of President; and in the second
17 case the alternate elector shall not act as elector.

1. Introduced by Mr. Watson February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Miscellaneous Subjects.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to prohibit book-making and pool-selling.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to prohibit book-making and pool-selling," approved May 31, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That any person who keeps any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, or any part thereof, or who occupies any place upon any public or private grounds within this State with any book, instrument or device for the purpose of recording or registering bets or wagers, or of selling pools, or any person who records or registers bets or wagers, or sells pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man or beast, upon the result of any political nomination, appointment or election; or being the owner, lessee or occupant of any room, shed, tenement, tent, booth or building, or part thereof, knowingly permits the same to be used or occupied for any of these purposes, or therein keeps, exhibits or employs any device or apparatus for the purpose of recording or registering such bets or wagers, or selling of such pools, or becomes the custodian or depository, for hire, or privilege, of any money, property, or thing of value staked, wagered, or pledged upon any such result, shall be punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a period

16 not longer than one (1) year, and by fine not exceeding two thousand
17 dollars."

§ 2. Whereas, great injustice is being done to the people of this State
2 and public morals are being corrupted under the present law, therefore, an
3 emergency exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and
4 after its passage.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Watson, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of commissioners of highways in counties under township organization, and to legalize the election and official acts of such as were elected in the year 1874 and 1875, and to fix the compensation of the treasurer of such commissioners," approved and in force April 15, 1875.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of commissioners of highways in counties under township organization, and to legalize the election and official acts of such as were elected in the year 1874 and 1875, and to fix the compensation of the treasurer of such commissioners," approved and in force April 15, 1875, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That in counties under township organization there shall be elected in each town, at the annual town meeting each year, one commissioner of highways, who shall hold his office three years, and until his successor is elected and qualified: *Provided*, that no person shall be eligible to said office of highway commissioner who is at the time of his election a resident of any incorporated city, town or village within any town, except in cases wherein the boundaries of the incorporated city, town or village are co-extensive with the boundaries of the town.

§ 2. Whereas, great injustice has been done by electing residents of in-
2 corporated cities, towns and villages to the office of commissioner of high-
3 ways; therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect and be
4 in force from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Weedon, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section thirty-one (31), chapter eighty (80), of "An act to revise the law in relation to landlords and tenants," approved May 1, 1873, in force July 1, 1873.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section thirty-one (31), chapter eighty (80) of "An act to revise the law in relation to landlords and tenants," approved May 1, 1873, in force July 1, 1873, be amended to read as follows:

Section 31. Every landlord shall have a lien upon the crops grown or growing upon the demised premises for rent thereof whether the same is payable wholly or in part in money or specific articles of property or products of the premises or labor, and also for the faithful performance of the terms of the lease. Such lien shall continue for a period of sixty (60) days after the expiration of the term for which the premises were demised: *Provided*, first, that no regular grain buyer, hay buyer or stock feeder shall incur any liability to such landlord by reason of any purchase of such crop unless he shall have received notice of such lien from said landlord or his agent previous to the delivery and payment for said grain or hay to said tenant: *Provided, further*, that this provision shall not apply to crops growing or to grain in cribs or granaries, or hay in stack upon the premises where such crops were grown.

1. Introduced by Mr. White, of Tazewell, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 26 of "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved May 21, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
20 *in the General Assembly,* That section twenty-six (26) of an act to establish
3 and maintain a system of free schools be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 26. It shall be the duty of the board of directors of each district

2 First—At the annual election of directors to make a detailed report of
3 their receipts and expenditures to the voters there present and transmit a
4 copy of such report to the township treasurer within five days from the time
5 of said election.

6 Second—To report to the county superintendent, within ten days after their
7 employment, the full name of all persons employed as teachers, the date of
8 beginning and the end of their contract.

9 Third—To provide for the necessary revenue to maintain free schools in
10 their district in the manner provided for in article VIII of this act.

11 Fourth—When a district is composed of parts of two or more townships
12 the directors shall determine, and inform the collectors of said townships,
13 and the collector or collectors of the county or counties in which said town-
14 ships lie, in writing, under their hand as directors, which of the treasurers
15 of the townships from which their district is formed shall demand and re-
16 ceive the tax money collected by the said collector as aforesaid.

Fifth—To establish and keep in operation, for at least one hundred and ten (110) days of actual teaching in each year, without reduction by reason of closing school on legal holidays or for any other cause, and longer if practicable, a sufficient number of free schools for the accommodation of all children in the district over the age of five (5) and under twenty-one (21) years, and shall secure for all such children the right and opportunity to an equal education in such free schools.

Sixth—To adopt all necessary rules and regulations for the management and government of the schools.

Seventh—To visit and inspect the schools from time to time, as the good of the schools may require.

Eighth—To appoint all teachers and fix the amount of their salaries.

Ninth—The directors shall direct what branches of study shall or ought to be taught and what text books and apparatus shall be used in the several schools, and strictly enforce uniformity of text books therein, but shall not permit text books to be changed oftener than once in four years, but shall prohibit such change.

Tenth—The directors shall have power to purchase, at the expense of the district, a sufficient number of the text books used to supply all children attending the schools. The text books bought for such purpose shall be loaned only, and the directors shall require the teacher to see that they are properly cared for and returned at the end of each term of school.

Eleventh—The directors shall, on or before the seventh day of July, annually, deliver to the township treasurer all teachers' schedules made and certified as required by the provisions of article VII of this act, covering all time taught during the school year ending June 30, and the directors shall be personally liable to the district for any loss sustained by it through the failure of the directors to examine and so deliver such schedules within the time fixed by law.

Twelfth—The directors shall not pay out any public money to any teacher

47 unless such teacher shall, at the time of his or her employment, hold a
48 certificate of qualification, obtained under the provisions of this act, covering
49 the entire period of his or her employment.

50 Thirteenth—The directors shall not pay any public funds to any teacher
51 unless such teacher shall have kept and furnished schedules as required by
52 this act, and shall have satisfactorily accounted for books, apparatus and
53 other property of the district that he or she may have taken in charge.

54 Fourteenth—The directors shall pay teachers' wages monthly. Upon the
55 receipt of schedules, properly certified, the directors shall at once make out
56 and deliver to the teacher an order upon the township treasurer for the
57 amount named in the schedule, which order shall state the rate at which
58 the teacher is paid, according to his contract, the limits of time for which
59 the order pays, and that the directors have duly certified a schedule cov-
60 ering this time. But it shall not be lawful for the directors to draw an
61 order until they have duly certified to the schedule; nor shall it be lawful
62 for the directors, after the date of filing schedules as fixed by law, to certify
63 any schedule not delivered to them before that date by the teacher, when
64 such schedule is for time taught before the first of July preceding, nor to
65 give an order in payment of the teacher's wages for the time covered by
66 such delinquent schedule.

67 Fifteenth—At the annual election of directors the directors shall cause a
68 copy of the township treasurer's report of the financial condition of the dis-
69 trict, provided by law, to be posted upon the front door of the building
70 where such annual election is held.

1. Introduced by Mr. White of Tazwell. February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title, February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an act to protect life and property where railroads cross public highways.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That hereafter it shall be unlawful for any officer or employe of any railroad company or corporation in this State, or any other person or persons to leave any hand car of whatever kind standing on or by any railroad track, within less than one hundred feet from any highway crossing: *Provided*, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to street crossings in cities, villages and incorporated towns.

§ 2. Every person violating the provisions of this act shall for each and every offense be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined in the sum of not less than ten dollars and costs of suit, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fine and costs are paid: *Provided*, such imprisonment shall not exceed twenty days for each offense.

§ 3. All prosecutions under this act may be brought by any person in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, against any person or persons violating the provisions of this act, before any justice of the peace of the county in which such violation takes place, or before any court of competent jurisdiction. Fifty per cent of the amount recovered under the provisions of this act shall go to the school fund of the township where

7 the offense is committed, and fifty per cent of such amount to the prose-
8 cutor.

§ 4. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby
2 repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
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A BILL

For an act to amend sections 53 d, 53 e and 53 f of section 50 in chapter 38 of the criminal code.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 53 d of section 50 in chapter 38 of the criminal code be so amended that it will read as follows: It shall be unlawful for any person having the care or custody of any child, willfully to cause or permit the life of such child to be endangered or the health of such child to be injured, or to willfully cause or permit such child to be placed in such a situation that its life and health may be endangered, or to cause or permit such child to be over-worked, cruelly beaten, tortured, tormented or mutilated.

And that section 53 e of said chapter 38 be so amended that it will read as follows: That any person convicted under the provisions of preceding sections, shall for the first offense be fined not exceeding \$100, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months, or both in the discretion of the court; and upon conviction for a second or any subsequent offense shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars (\$200) or imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term not exceeding two years, or both in the discretion of the court.

Section 53 f Indictment and fine.] Any fine or imprisonment mentioned

2 in this act may be enforced by indictment in any court of record having
3 criminal jurisdiction, or the fine above may be sued for and recovered be-
4 fore any justice of the peace of the proper county in which the offense shall
5 have been committed, in the name of the people of the State of Illinois,
6 and in case of conviction the offender shall stand committed to the county
7 jail until the judgment and costs are fully paid.

1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Live Stock and Dairying.

A BILL

For an act to prevent the mutilation of horses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That, whoever cuts the solid part of the tail of any
3 horse in the operation known as docking, or by any other operation
4 performed for the purpose of shortening the tail, and whoever shall cause
5 the same to be done, or assist in doing such cutting, unless the same is
6 proved to be a benefit to the horse, shall be punished by imprisonment in
7 the county jail not exceeding one year, or by a fine of not less than twenty-
8 five dollars nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200).

1. Introduced by Mr. Whitehead, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to suppress pigeon shooting and similar sport.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That any person who shall keep or use any live pigeon, fowl, or other bird, for the purpose of a target, or to be shot at, either for amusement or as a test of skill in marksmanship, and any person who shall shoot at any bird as aforesaid, or be a party to such shooting of any fowl or bird, and any person who shall rent any building, shed, room, yard, field or premises, or shall knowingly suffer or permit the use of any building, shed, room, yard, field or premises for the purpose of shooting any fowl or bird as aforesaid, shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars (\$50), or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Nothing herein contained shall apply to the shooting of wild game in its wild State.

1. Introduced by Mr. Wilk of Cook, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act to protect persons interested in policies of life insurance.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly.* That every policy issued upon the life of and de-
3 livered to any person in this State by any life insurance company, shall
4 contain conditions expressed in the following language: First. When, after
5 three full annual premiums shall have been paid on this policy, it shall
6 cease or become void solely by the non-payment of any premium when due,
7 its entire net reserve by the American experience mortality, and interest at
8 four per cent. yearly less any indebtedness to the company on this policy,
9 shall be applied by the company as a single premium at the company's
10 rates published and in force at this date, either, first, to the purchase of
11 non-participating term insurance for the full amount insured by this policy;
12 or, second, upon the written application by the owner of this policy, and
13 the surrender thereof to said company within three months from such non-
14 payment of premium to the purchase of a non-participating paid-up policy,
15 payable at the time this policy would be payable if continued in force.
16 Both kinds of insurance aforesaid will be subject to the same conditions,
17 except as to payment of premiums, as those of this policy. No part, how-
18 ever, of such term insurance shall be due or payable unless satisfactory
19 proofs of death be furnished to the company within one year after death,

20 and if death shall occur within three years after such non-payment of
 21 premium periods, this company will pay a cash value therefor of not less
 22 than thirty per cent. of its entire net reserve according to the American
 23 experience mortality, and interest at four per cent. yearly, together with
 24 any dividends that may stand to the credit of the policy; such cash value
 25 to be payable at its said office upon the surrender thereof within thirty
 26 days after the end of either such period, this policy to be first released and
 27 discharged to the satisfaction of said company.

§ 2. This act shall not apply to any corporation contemplated by section
 2 31 of an act entitled "An act concerning corporations," approved April 18,
 3 1872, nor to corporations organized and doing business under an act en-
 4 titled "An act to provide for the organization and management of corpora-
 5 tions, associations or societies for the purpose of furnishing life indemnity
 6 or pecuniary benefits to the widows, orphans, heirs, relatives and devisees of
 7 deceased members for accident or permanent disability indemnity to mem-
 8 bers thereof," approved June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883, nor to non-par-
 9 ticipating term life policies to run not more than ten years originally issued
 10 as such.

§ 3. Within thirty days after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty
 2 of the Auditor of Public Accounts to forward a copy of the same to every
 3 life insurance company permitted to do business in this State, requesting
 4 conformity therewith, and every company refusing or neglecting to comply
 5 with the terms and conditions of this act after it shall have taken effect,
 6 shall be prohibited from issuing policies upon the lives of and delivering
 7 the same to persons in this State.

• § 4. This act shall take effect upon the first day of July, A. D. 1891.
 2 Any acts or parts of acts conflicting with this act are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Wilson, February 5, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to landlord and tenant," approved May 1, 1873, and in force July 1, 1873.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to landlord and tenant," be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

Section 31. Every landlord shall have a lien upon the crops grown or growing upon the demised premises for the rent thereof, whether the same is payable wholly or in part in money or specific articles of property, or products of the premises, or labor, and also for the faithful performance of the terms of the lease. Such lien shall continue for the period of six months after the expiration of the term for which the premises were demised: *Provided, however,* that such lien shall not affect the rights or interests of a third person who may, without notice of such lien, in good faith, and for a valuable consideration, purchase or acquire an interest in products of any demised premises, after such products have been removed from the demised premises.

1. Introduced by Mr. Wiwi, February 5, 1891.
2. Read by title February 5, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act for the licensing of, and against the evils arising from, the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 3 of an act to provide for the licensing of, and against the evils arising from, the sale of intoxicating liquors, pertaining to dram-shops," approved March 30, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows, viz.: That hereafter it shall not be lawful for the corporate authorities of any city, town or village in this State to grant a license for the keeping of a dram-shop, except upon the payment, in advance, into the treasury of the city, town or village granting the license, such as may be determined by the respective authorities of such city, town or village, not less than at the rate of two hundred dollars (\$200) per annum: *Provided*, that in all cases when a license for the sale of malt liquors only is granted, the city, town or village granting such license may grant the same on the payment, in advance, of the sum of not less than at the rate of one hundred dollars (\$100) per annum: *And provided further*, that the city council in cities, the board of trustees

16 in towns, and the president and board of trustees in villages, may grant
17 permits to pharmacists for the sale of liquors for medicinal, mechanical,
18 sacramental and chemical purposes only, under such restrictions and regu-
19 lations as may be provided by ordinance.

1. Introduced by Mr. Allen, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act to authorize corporations organized, or to be organized, for manufacturing purposes to own and hold shares in the capital stock of railroad companies now or hereafter organized.

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That any corporation organized or to be organized, under and by virtue of any law of this State, for manufacturing purposes, be and the same is hereby authorized and empowered to own and hold shares in the capital stock of any railroad company or companies now or hereafter organized under any law of this State.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 336.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 11, 1891, ordered printed May 11, 1891.

1. Amend title by inserting after the word "for" in first line the words "mining or." Also by inserting in second line after the word "purpose," the words "and which furnish material used in the construction or operation of railroads."

2. Amend section one by inserting after the word "for" in line three the words "mining or."

3. Insert after the word "purposes" in line three the words "and which furnish materials used in the construction or operation of railroads."

1. Introduced by Mr. Boul, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to provide for and to regulate the use of public highways, streets, alleys, public grounds or places for railroad purposes.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That no person, company or corporation which has been or shall hereafter be incorporated under any law, special or general, for the purpose of constructing, maintaining or operating any railroad, shall have the right to enter, use and occupy for any railroad purpose any public highway, street, alley or public ground or place without first having obtained and presented to the respective public authority in charge or controlling the respective highway, street, alley, public place or ground the consent in writing of the owners of at least three-fourths ($\frac{3}{4}$) of all the property abutting thereon; nor until thirty (30) days after such consent, together with the order thereon from such public authority granting the right to enter, use and occupy any such public ground or place, shall have been recorded in recorder's office of the respective county.

§ 2. The provisions of all acts, special or general, in conflict with this act, are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Brown, February 6, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence, approved March 27, 1884, in force July 1, 1884.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That an additional section be added to chapter thirty-eight (38) to be known as section fifty-four o (54 o), to read as follows:

Section 54 o. Whoever, by himself, agent, or clerk, shall sell or give fixed ammunition, known as cartridges, to a minor, without the consent of the father, mother or guardian, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than two hundred dollars.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 338.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 8, 1891, ordered printed May 8, 1891.

1. Amend the title so as to read as follows:

“A bill for an act to provide a penalty for selling certain kinds of ammunition to minors.”

2. Amend by striking out all after the word “that” in line 2 of section 1 of the printed bill to and including the words “section 540” in the section numbered 540.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Brown, February 6, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section seventy-seven (77), chapter forty-two (42), of an act entitled "An act to provide for agricultural and sanitary purposes, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved June 27, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section seventy-seven (77), of chapter forty-two (42) be amended to read as follows:

Section 77. Owners of lands which require combined drainage may form drainage districts, by mutual agreement to include lands of their own only, by an instrument of writing or article of agreement duly signed by them, and acknowledged, and recorded in the county clerk's office in the county in which the drainage district is located. Such agreement may provide for the location and character of the work to be done, the adjustment of damages; the classification of the lands to be benefitted and amount of taxes to be levied; subscription toward the construction of the proposed work, and how said work shall be done and paid for, or so much of said work as may be agreed upon, and to this extent shall be as valid as though formed in the mode hereinbefore provided, but beyond the stipulations in such article or agreement the powers and duties of the commissioners shall be the same as prescribed for commissioners of other drainage districts of like character, and they shall commence acting at the point reached by the

15 aforesaid agreement: *Provided*, that this agreement may include the selection
16 of three drainage commissioners from their own number or from others,
17 the fixing of their compensation which shall in no case exceed that allowed
18 to other commissioners under this act, and their terms of office shall be
19 until the third Tuesday of the following November, or for that term and for
20 one year in addition, and until their successors are chosen as may be agreed
21 upon at the time of their appointment, and at the annual meeting thereafter
22 the land owners of said district who shall attend said meetings may choose
23 their commissioners to serve for one year, by signing a certificate to that
24 effect, or a majority of all the land owners, owning not less than a major
25 part of the land incorporated in said district, may by an instrument of
26 writing, duly signed by them, discontinue such district, by mutual agree
27 ment; all articles of agreement pertaining to the formation, dissolution or for
28 the expenditure of money shall be recorded in the drainage records:
29 *Provided further*, that all lands included in said district shall be held for
30 all damages, debts and costs, and before said district can be dissolved the
31 commissioners must make a sworn statement setting forth the facts, which
32 statement must be recorded in the county clerk's office.

1. Introduced by Mr. Brown, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to revise the law in
3 relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July
4 1, 1874, be amended by inserting an additional section between sections two
5 hundred and thirty-eight and two hundred and thirty-nine of said act, to
6 be known and designated as section two hundred and thirty-eight and one-
7 half (238½), to read as follows:

Section 238½. Any male person who under promise of marriage shall have
2 illicit intercourse with any female of good repute for chastity, under the
3 age of eighteen years, shall be deemed guilty of seduction, and upon con-
4 viction shall be imprisoned in the State prison not more than five years,
5 nor less than one year, and fined not exceeding five hundred dollars.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hamilton, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 2, chapter 120, of "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 2, chapter 120 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2. All property described in this section, to the extent herein limited, shall be exempted from taxation—that is to say:

First—All lands donated by the United States for school purposes, not sold or leased; all public school houses; all property of institutions of learning, including the real estate on which the institutions are located, not leased by such institution, or otherwise used with a view of profit.

Second—All church property actually and exclusively used for public worship, when the land, to be of reasonable size for the location of the church building, is owned by the congregation.

Third—All lands used exclusively as grave yards or grounds for burying the dead.

Fourth—All entered Government lands; all public buildings or structures

13 of whatsoever kind, and the contents thereof, and the land on which the
14 same are located, belonging to the United States.

15 Fifth—All property of every kind belonging to the State of Illinois. Board
16 of trustees Illinois Industrial.

17 Sixth—All property belonging to any county, town, city or village, used
18 exclusively for the maintenance of the poor; all swamp or overflowed lands
19 belonging to any county, so long as the same remain unsold by such
20 county; all public buildings belonging to any county, township, city or
21 incorporated town, with the ground on which such buildings are erected,
22 not exceeding, in any case, ten acres.

23 Seventh—All property of institutions of purely public charity, when
24 actually and exclusively used for such charitable purposes, not leased, or
25 otherwise used with a view to profit; and all free public libraries.

26 Eighth—All fire engines, and other implements used for the extinguish-
27 ment of fires, with the building used exclusively for the safe keeping
28 thereof, and the lot, of reasonable size, on which the building is located,
29 when belonging to any city, village or town.

30 Ninth—All market houses, public squares or other public grounds used
31 exclusively for public purposes; all works, machinery and fixtures belonging
32 exclusively to any town, village or city, and used exclusively for conveying
33 water to such town, village or city.

34 Tenth—All property which may be used exclusively by societies for agri-
35 cultural, horticultural, mechanical and philosophical purposes, and not for
36 pecuniary profit.

37 Eleventh—To exempt from taxation personal property to the amount of
38 one hundred dollars on household goods of each householder.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hopkins, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 4 of an act entitled, "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly,* That section 4 of "An act for the assessment of
3 property and for the levy and collection of taxes," in force July 1, 1872,
4 be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 4. Real property shall be valued as follows:

2 "First—Each tract or lot of real property shall be valued at its fair cash
3 value, estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale.

4 "Second—Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such a price, as
5 they would bring at a fair voluntary sale for cash.

6 "Third—When a building or structure is located on the right of way of
7 any canal, railroad or other company, leased or granted for a term of years
8 to another, the same shall be valued at such a price as such building or
9 structure and lease or grant would sell at a fair voluntary sale for cash.

10 "Fourth—In valuing any real property on which there is a coal or other
11 mine, or stone or other quarry, the same shall be valued at such a price as
12 such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell at a fair voluntary
13 sale for cash.

14 "Fifth—The underlying coal or other minerals, when sold or owned sep a

15 rate from the surface by any person or persons or corporations, shall be
16 valued at such a price as such property would sell at a fair voluntary sale
17 for cash, and shall be assessed to the person or persons or corporation own-
18 ing the same."

1. Introduced by Mr. Hutchings, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Building and Loan Associations

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," by adding thereto certain sections to be numbered sections 15, 16, 17 and 18.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That an act entitled "An act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such associations," be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following, to be numbered sections 15, 16, 17 and 18.

Section 15. The secretary of every building, loan and homestead association incorporated or doing business within this State, shall within twenty days after the close of each quarter of the fiscal year of such association, file with the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, (together with a fee of one dollar) a printed statement, under oath, of the receipts and expenditures of such association for such quarter, its assets and liabilities, the number of shares of its capital stock issued, withdrawn, and in force in each series of stock during such quarter; also the number of shares loaned upon in each series of stock. Such statement shall also be verified under oath by at least three members of such association, not officers thereof.

Section 16. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts, whenever five or more stockholders of any such associations request in a statement of facts made and sworn to by the same, or whenever he shall deem it expedient so to do, in person or by one or more persons to be appointed by him for that purpose, not officers or agents of or in any manner interested in such association doing business in this State, except as stockholders, to examine into the affairs of any such association incorporated in this State, or doing business by its agents in this State; and it shall be the duty of the officers or agents of any such association doing business in this State to cause their books to be opened for the inspection of the Auditor or person or persons so appointed, and otherwise facilitate such examination so far as it may be in their power to do; and for that purpose the Auditor or person or persons so appointed by him shall have power to examine, under oath, the officers and agents of any such association relative to the business of such association, and whenever the Auditor of Public Accounts shall deem it for the best interests of the public so to do, he shall publish the result of any such investigation in one or more newspapers of general circulation, published in the county in which the principal office of such association is located; and annually on or before the first day of December in each year, the Auditor of Public accounts shall report in writing to the Governor of the financial condition of all such associations doing business in this State. The Auditor shall receive for such examination by him in person or by deputy, not exceeding the sum of ten dollars per diem.

Section 17. And whenever it shall appear to the said Auditor, from such examination, that the assets of any such association incorporated or doing business in this State are insufficient to justify the continuance in business of any such association, he shall communicate the fact to the directors of such association. Said directors shall be allowed twenty days within which said directors may negotiate such depreciated assets, reduce the amount of

7 the loan or increase the collateral thereto. In case such depreciated assets
8 are not negotiated or made sufficient within the time herein provided, then
9 such Auditor shall report the same to the Attorney General, whose duty it
10 shall then become to apply to the circuit court of the county in which the
11 principal office of said association shall be located for an order requiring it
12 to show cause why the business of such association shall not be closed, and
13 the court shall thereupon proceed to hear the allegations and proofs of the
14 respective parties, either in open court or upon a reference to a master in
15 chancery; and in case it shall appear to the satisfaction of said court that
16 the assets and funds of said association are not sufficient as aforesaid, or
17 that the interests of the public require, the said court shall decree a dis-
18 solution of the said association and a distribution of its effects.

Section 18. Any such association may allow reasonable compensation to
2 its auditing committees for their services as such, and may for the legiti-
3 mate purposes of such association, on a vote of a majority of all its directors,
4 borrow money in anticipation of not exceeding three months receipts.

1. Introduced by Mr. O'Connell, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Miscellaneous Subjects.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 59 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 59. Whoever during the time of holding any camp or field meeting for religious purposes, or during the time of holding any old settler's meeting, and within one mile of the place of holding such meeting, hawks or peddles goods, wares or merchandise, or without the permission of the authorities having charge of such meeting, establishes any tent, booth or other place for vending provisions or refreshments, or sells or gives away or offers to sell or give away, any spiritous liquors, wine, cider or beer, or practices or engages in gaming or horse-racing, or exhibits or offers to exhibit any show or play, shall be fined not exceeding \$100 for each offense: *Provided*, that whoever has his regular place of business within such limits is not hereby required to suspend his business.

1. Introduced by Mr. O'Connell, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend section twenty-nine, section thirty, as amended June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883; section thirty-one, section thirty-two, as amended June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883; section thirty-three, section thirty-seven, section thirty-eight, section fifty-seven and section sixty-two of 'An act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices,' approved April 3, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section twenty-nine (29), section thirty (30), as amended June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883; section thirty-one (31), section thirty-two (32), as amended June 18, 1883, in force July 1, 1883; section thirty-three (33), section thirty-seven (37), section thirty-eight (38), section fifty-seven (57) and section sixty-two (62) of "An act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and are hereby severally amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 29. In counties not under township organization the election precincts shall remain as now established until changed by the board of county commissioners, but said county board may, from time to time, change the boundaries of election precincts and establish new ones. In

5 counties under township organization each town shall constitute an election
6 precinct.

"Section 30. The county board in each county shall, at its regular (or at
2 a special) meeting, in the month of July, 1885, respectively, divide its elec-
3 tion precincts which contain more than four hundred and fifty voters, into
4 election districts so that each district shall contain, as near as may be
5 practicable, four hundred voters, and not more, in any case, than four hun-
6 dred and fifty voters. Said district shall be composed of contiguous terri-
7 tory and in as compact a form as can be for the convenience of the electors
8 voting therein. The several county boards, in establishing said districts,
9 shall describe them by metes and bounds and number them. And so often
10 thereafter as it shall appear, by the number of votes cast at the general
11 election held in November of any year, that any election district, or undi-
12 vided election precinct, contains more than four hundred and fifty voters,
13 the county board of the county in which such district or precinct may be,
14 shall, at its regular (or at a special) meeting in the month of July next
15 after such November election, redivide or readjust the election districts, or
16 divide such election precincts, so that no district or undivided election pre-
17 cinct shall contain more than the number of voters above specified. If said
18 division or readjustment is not made at such July meeting, it may be made
19 at an adjourned or special meeting of said county board to be held in the
20 month of August next thereafter. The county board in every case shall
21 fix and establish the places for holding elections in its respective county,
22 and all general and special elections shall be held at the places so fixed.
23 The said polling places shall, in all cases, be upon the ground floor, in the
24 front room, the entrance to which is from a highway or public street which
25 is at least forty feet wide, and as near the center of the voting population
26 of the district as is practicable and for the convenience of the greatest
27 number of electors to vote thereat, and in no case shall an election be held
28 in any room used or occupied as a saloon, dramshop, billiard hall, bowling

29 alley or as a place of resort for idlers and disreputable persons, or any room
 30 connecting therewith by open doors or hallways. No person shall be per-
 31 mitted to vote at any election except in the district in which he resides.
 32 The county board in any county at its regular meeting in the month of
 33 July in any year, may, upon the petition in writing of fifty legal voters in
 34 each election district to be affected thereby change the boundaries of the
 35 election districts in any township, and may on said petitions change the
 36 places for holding elections in said election districts. When said election
 37 districts shall be changed as herein provided, the county board shall de-
 38 scribe them by metes and bounds and number them.

“Section 31. That every person elected or chosen judge of elections shall
 2 be of fair character, approved integrity, well informed, who can read, write
 3 and speak the English language, and has resided in the election district in
 4 which he is to serve for one year next preceding the election, and is en-
 5 titled to vote therein at such election.

“Section 32. In counties not under township organization, the county board
 2 shall, at its regular (or at a special) meeting in the month of July in each year,
 3 appoint in each election precinct or district, as the case may require (where
 4 judges have not been elected therein), three capable and discreet electors to
 5 be judges of elections, and who shall possess the qualifications required by
 6 this act for such judges. They shall hold their office for one year from their
 7 appointment and until their successors are duly appointed or elected. The
 8 said county board may, at any time, fill vacancies in said office. No more
 9 than two persons of the same political party shall be appointed judges of
 10 the same election district or undivided precinct.

“Section 33. In counties under township organization, when a town is
 2 not divided into election districts, the supervisor, assessor and collector thereof
 3 shall be judges of elections in such town. When the township is divided
 4 into several election districts the county board shall, at its regular (or at a
 5 special) meeting in the month of July in each year, appoint in each elec-

tion district (when judges have not been elected therein) three capable and discreet electors to be judges of elections, and who shall possess the qualifications required by this act for such judges. They shall hold their office one year from their appointment, and until their successors are duly appointed or elected. The town supervisor, assessor and collector shall be appointed as such judges in the districts in which they respectively reside. The said county board may fill vacancies in said office at any time. No more than two persons of the same political party shall be appointed judges of the same election district, except when it shall happen that the said supervisor, assessor and collector all reside in the same district.

“Section 37. The judges of election shall choose three persons having similar qualifications with themselves, to act as clerks of election, who may continue to act as such during the pleasure of the judges. But no more than two persons, of the same political party, shall be so chosen as such clerks of election for the same election district or precinct.

“Section 38. Previous to any vote being taken, the judges and clerks of the election shall severally subscribe and take an oath or affirmation, in the following form, to-wit: I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of judge of election (or clerk, as the case may be), according to the best of my ability, and that I have resided in this election district for one year next preceding this election, and am entitled to vote at this election.

“Section 57. Immediately upon closing the polls, the judges shall proceed to canvass the votes polled. They shall first count the whole number of ballots in the box. If two or more ballots are folded together so as to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots so folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened,

7 but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots shall be found to ex-
 8 ceed the number of names entered on each of the poll lists, they shall re-
 9 ject the ballots, if any be found, upon which no number is marked; if the
 10 number of ballots still exceeds the number of names entered on each of the
 11 poll lists, said ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and
 12 well shaken and again opened, and one of the judges shall publicly draw
 13 out and destroy so many ballots unopened as shall be equal to such excess;
 14 and the number of ballots agreeing with the poll lists, or being made to
 15 agree, the board shall then proceed to count and estimate and publish the
 16 votes; and when the judges of election shall open and read the tickets,
 17 each clerk shall carefully and correctly mark down upon the tally lists the
 18 votes each candidate has received, in a separate column prepared for that
 19 purpose, with the name of such candidate at the head of such column, and
 20 the office designated by the votes such candidate shall fill. The votes shall
 21 be canvassed in the room or place where the election is held, and the
 22 judges shall not allow the ballot box, or any of the ballots, or either of the
 23 poll lists, or either of the tally papers, to be removed or carried away from
 24 such room or place, until the canvass of the votes is completed, and the re-
 25 turns carefully enveloped and sealed up as provided by law.

"Section 62. One of the lists of voters with such certificate written
 2 thereon, and one of the tally papers footed up so as to show the correct
 3 number of votes cast for each person voted for, shall be carefully enveloped
 4 and sealed up and put into the hands of one of the judges of election, who
 5 shall, within two days thereafter, deliver the same to the county clerk, or
 6 his deputy, at the office of said county clerk, who shall safely keep the
 7 same. Another of the lists of voters, with such certificate written thereon,
 8 and another of the tally papers fitted up as aforesaid, shall be carefully
 9 enveloped and sealed up and duly directed to the Secretary of State. and,
 10 by another of the judges of election, deposited in the postoffice, within
 11 twelve hours after the close of the polls, which poll book and tally list

12 shall be filed and kept by the Secretary of State for one year, and certified
13 copies thereof shall be evidence in all courts, proceedings and election con-
14 tests. Another of the lists of voters, with such certificate written thereon,
15 and another of the tally papers footed up as aforesaid, shall be carefully en-
16 veloped and sealed up and delivered by the third one of the judges, with-
17 out delay, in counties under township organization, to the town clerk of
18 the town in which the district may be; and in counties not under township
19 organization they shall be retained by one of the judges of election and
20 safely kept by said town clerk and judge, for the use and inspection of the
21 voters of such district until the next general election. Before said returns
22 are sealed up, as aforesaid, the judges shall compare said tally papers, foot-
23 ings and certificates, and see that they are correct and duplicates of each
24 other, and certify to the correctness of the same." Approved June 22, 1885.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Stoker, February 6, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to revise section thirteen (13) of an act entitled "An to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved June 26, 1885, and in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section thirteen (13) of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved June 26, 1885, and July 1, 1885, be and the same is hereby revised so as to read as follows:

"Section 13. The said superintendent shall be liable to removal from office, by the county board for any palpable violation of law, or omission of duty, or any gross immorality; and if a majority of said board shall at any time be satisfied that his bond is insufficient, it shall be his duty, on notice, to execute a new bond, to be payable, conditioned and approved as the first bond, the execution of which shall not affect the old bond, or the liability of the security thereof, and when the office of county superintendent shall become vacant by death, resignation, removal or otherwise, the

9 county board shall fill the same by appointment, and the person so appointed
10 shall hold his or her office, until the next election of county officers, at
11 which election the county board shall order the election of a successor.
12 The county board shall provide for the county superintendent a suitable
13 office with necessary furniture, and shall provide him with office supplies, as
14 is done in the case of other county officers.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Watson, February 6, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.
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A BILL

For an act to require railroad companies to stop all trains at any station on their roads, to take on or let off any officer in the discharge of his official duties and members of the legislature going to or from sessions of the General Assembly.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That all railroads owning or operating lines in this State, be and are hereby required to stop all trains at all stations on their lines, for the purpose of taking on or permitting to get off, any officer of this State, in the discharge of his official duties, or any member of the legislature going to or returning from sessions of the General Assembly.

§ 2. Any company violating the provisions of this act shall be fined in the sum of one hundred dollars for each offense.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Webb February 6, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to exempt lands used for public highways from taxation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That land owners over whose land a public high-
3 way or highways are laid out and in actual use by the public are not re-
4 quired to give in to the assessor for taxation that part of his, her or their lands
5 over which said public highway or highways are located.

§ 2. That it shall be unlawful for any assessor to assess any lands for
2 taxation over which a public highway is located: *Provided, however,* that
3 said land owner shall inform the assessor of the location, length and width
4 of highway over said land owner's possessions.

§ 3. All lands used for public highways are hereby exempt from taxation
2 while used for said purposes.

§ 4. All laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Bryan, February 6, 1891.
2. Read by title February 6, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois National Guard, and for the repair, improvement and purchase of ground for rifle ranges for the Illinois National Guard.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That the sum of one hundred and thirty-two thousand and five hundred dollars per annum, or so much thereof as is necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated to meet the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois National Guard, and for the repair, improvement and purchase of ground for rifle ranges for the Illinois National Guard.

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the sum herein specified, upon the presentation of proper vouchers, certified to by the Adjutant General and approved by the Governor, and the Treasurer shall pay the same out of the proper fund.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon of Warren, February 7, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 7, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.
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A BILL

For an act concerning elections, providing for penalties for the violation of the same, and repealing all laws in conflict therewith; and to amend sections 71 and 78 of an act entitled "An act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872. Also to repeal sections 4, 5, 6, 10, 19, 13 and 18, of article IV, and to amend sections 1, 3, 8, 19, 20 and 21 of said article IV of an act entitled "An act regulating the holding of elections, and declaring the result thereof, in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State," approved June 19, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.¶

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the*
2 *General Assembly,* The Governor of the State and two electors by him ap-
3 pointed, one from each of the two political parties that cast the largest
4 number of votes in the State, at the last general election, shall
5 constitute the State board of election commissioners; such appointments shall
6 be made at least thirty days prior to each general election, and if prior to
7 that time the chairman of the State central committee of either of said political
8 parties shall nominate in writing a member of his own party for such ap-
9 pointment, the Governor of the State shall appoint such nominee. In case

10 of death or disability of either of said appointees, the Governor of the State
11 shall notify the chairman of the said central committee of such appointee's
12 political party, of such death or disability, and such chairman may, within
13 three days thereafter recommend, in writing, a successor, who shall there-
14 upon be appointed: *Provided*, that if such chairman shall fail to make
15 recommendation of appointment within the time specified, the Governor of
16 the State shall make such appointment of his own selection from such polit-
17 ical party. It shall be the duty of said board to prepare and distribute
18 ballots and stamps for the election of all officers for whom all the electors of
19 the State are entitled to vote, in compliance with the provisions of this act.
20 The members of such board shall serve without compensation.

§ 2. In each county in the State, the county clerk and two electors
2 by him appointed, one from each of the political parties that cast the
3 largest number of votes in the State at the last general election, shall
4 constitute a county board of election commissioners. Such appointment shall
5 be made in all respects as appointments to the State board are required to
6 be made by the Governor of the State, except that the privilege of nom-
7 inating shall belong to the chairman of the county central committee of the
8 two political parties aforesaid. It shall be the duty of such board to pre-
9 pare and distribute ballots for election of all officers to be voted for in
10 such county other than those who are to be voted for by all the electors of
11 the State, in compliance with the provisions of this act. The members of
12 such board shall serve without compensation.

§ 3. The inspectors and judges of election shall constitute the precinct
2 election board of their several precincts. They shall be appointed as follows:

3 First—In counties under township organization the supervisors shall by
4 virtue of their office be inspectors of elections in the precinct in which they
5 respectively reside, and in case the board shall, in carrying out the provisions
6 of this act, designate more than one precinct in each township said board
7 shall, at its regular July meeting next preceding each general election, ap-

8 point in each precinct in which no supervisor resides some qualified elector
9 of such precinct as inspector of elections; and in counties not under town-
10 ship organization the county commissioners, at their regular July meeting
11 next preceding each general election, shall appoint in each precinct in their
12 county some qualified elector of such precinct as inspector of elections. All
13 appointed inspectors shall have been resident freeholders of such precinct
14 for at least one year next preceding their appointment. Such board of
15 supervisors or county commissioners shall hold a special meeting one week
16 before the first day of general registration, and shall fill all vacancies in
17 the office of inspector and shall fill any vacancy occurring thereafter at any
18 regular or called meeting previous to the election.

19 Second—The inspectors of election shall, prior to the first day of registra-
20 tion, appoint as judges of election two qualified electors of their respective
21 precincts, who have been resident freeholders for at least one year next
22 preceding such appointment and who are members of the two political par-
23 ties which cast the largest number of votes in the State at the last general
24 election: *Provided*, that if at least three days before the first day of regis-
25 tration the chairman of the county central committee of either of the two
26 political parties which cast the highest number of votes in the State at the
27 last general election, shall designate a member of such party as judge, such
28 nominee shall be appointed.

29 No person shall be eligible as a member of the precinct board of election
30 who has anything of value bet or wagered on the result of such election;
31 or who is a candidate to be voted for at such election; or who is father,
32 father-in-law, son, son-in-law, grandfather, grandson, brother, brother-in-law,
33 uncle, nephew or first cousin of any candidate to be voted for at such elec-
34 tion. It shall be the duty of the board of supervisors and county commis-
35 sioners, if it shall be made to appear to them at any time prior to an election
36 on the affidavit of two or more electors, that any inspector of election is
37 disqualified under the provisions of this, to remove such inspector and cause

his place to be filled with a qualified elector of the same political party as the inspector so removed; and if at any time before or during an election it shall be made to appear to an inspector of election, by the affidavit of two or more qualified electors of the precinct, that either of the judges are disqualified under the provisions of this act, he shall remove such judge and shall cause his place to be filled with a qualified elector of the same political party as the judge so removed, and in case the disqualified judge shall have taken the oath of office hereinafter prescribed, the inspector shall place such oath and affidavit before the next jury of the county.

If any member of an election board shall fail to appear at the hour appointed for the opening of the polls, or if there is a vacancy caused by the removal of one of the judges as aforesaid, the remainder of the board shall select a qualified member of his political party to serve in his stead: *Provided*, that if the qualified electors of his party present at the polls shall nominate a qualified person for such vacancy, such nominee shall be appointed. If none of the members of the election board shall appear at the hour appointed for the opening of the polls, the qualified electors present shall elect a board viva voce as nearly as may be in conformity with the provisions of this act.

§ 4. Before entering upon the duties of their office the inspectors and judges shall each make oath to support the constitution of the United States and of this State; to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties assigned to them by law; that they will not knowingly permit any one to be registered or vote who is not qualified, and not knowingly refuse the registration or vote of any qualified elector or cause any delay to persons desiring to register or vote further than is necessary to procure satisfactory information of the qualifications of such person as an elector; that they will not disclose or communicate to any one how any elector voted or how his ballot was folded or stamped; that they are now and for one year next preceding have continued to be bona fide resident freeholders of

12 the precinct of which they are members of the election board; that they
 13 have nothing bet or wagered upon the coming election, nor will they so
 14 have before such election, and are not candidates at such election, and are
 15 not related to any person to be voted for at such election within the degrees
 16 named in section 3 of this article; which oath shall be written or printed
 17 and shall be subscribed and executed before some one authorized to admin-
 18 ister oaths, which officer shall thereupon attach his jurat, and such oath
 19 shall be attached to the poll book and with it returned to the office of the
 20 county clerk as hereinafter provided, which oath shall be in the following
 21 form:

22 STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
 23) ss.
 COUNTY,)

24 I do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that I will support the con-
 25 stitution of the United States and of the State of Illinois; that I will faith-
 26 fully and impartially discharge my duties as (inspector or judge) of election
 27 assigned by law; that I will not knowingly permit any person to register or vote
 28 who is not qualified and will not knowingly refuse the registration or vote
 29 of any qualified elector or cause any delay to any person offering to register
 30 or vote further than is necessary to procure satisfactory information of the
 31 qualifications of such person as an elector; that I am now and have been
 32 continuously for one year preceding this date a bona fide resident freeholder
 33 in the precinct in which I am to act as a member of the election board;
 34 that I will not disclose or communicate to any person how any elector has
 35 voted at such election or how any ballot has been folded or stamped; that
 36 I have nothing of value bet or wagered upon the result of the coming elec-
 37 tion, nor will I have before that election, and that I am not related to any
 38 candidate to be voted for at such election within the degrees named in
 39 section 3, article I, of the election law.

40 Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of....

41

.....

12 If no person present be authorized by law to administer the oath of office
 43 the inspector shall administer the same to the judges and one of the judges
 44 shall administer said oath to the inspector.

§ 5. Such board of election shall appoint as poll clerks two qualified
 2 electors of such precinct, one from each of the two parties that cast the
 3 largest vote in the State at the last general election: *Provided*, that if four
 4 days or more before the first day of registration the chairman of the county
 5 central committee of either of the two parties that cast the largest vote in
 6 the State at the last general election shall designate a member of such
 7 party as poll clerk, such nominee shall be appointed. The poll clerks shall
 8 be clerks of election.

§ 6. The inspector shall be chairman of the board of election, and before
 2 the registration of any voter shall administer to the poll clerks an oath
 3 that they will faithfully and impartially discharge their duties as such.
 4 After the organization of the board of election the inspector may admin-
 5 ister all necessary oaths which may be required in the discharge of its
 6 duties, and all oaths shall be written or printed, and shall be signed by
 7 the person making such oaths in the presence of the board of elections
 8 and the persons administering such oaths shall affix his jurat thereto, and
 9 said affidavit shall be attached to, and returned with, the poll lists to the
 10 office of the county clerk. The oaths herein prescribed for the poll clerks
 11 shall be in the following form:

12 STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
 13 County,) ss.

14 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will faithfully
 15 and impartially discharge my duties as poll clerk and clerk of election
 16 in precinct and in county, State of Illinois; that
 17 I will not disclose or communicate to any person how any elector voted or
 18 how any ballot was folded, marked or stamped.

20 Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 18..

21

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the sheriff of each county to appoint, five
 2 days prior to each election, two special deputies for each precinct in the
 3 county, to be known as election sheriffs, who shall attend the polling places
 4 in their respective precincts from the opening of the polls to the conclusion
 5 of the count. It shall be their duty to preserve order at the polls and en-
 6 force the provisions of the election law, under the direction of the election
 7 board, and make arrests on the demand of a member of the board, or on
 8 affidavit as hereinafter provided. One of such election sheriffs shall be
 9 chosen from each of the two parties that cast the largest number of votes
 10 at the last general election; and if at least five days prior to such election
 11 the chairman of the county central committee of either of such parties shall
 12 nominate a member of his party for election sheriff in any precinct, such
 13 nominee shall be appointed. If any election sheriff shall fail to appear at
 14 the opening of the polls, the member or members of the election board of
 15 his political party shall appoint a person to act in his place. Compensa-
 16 tion of one dollar and fifty cents per day shall be allowed to each election
 17 sheriff by the board of supervisors or county commissioners, but no election
 18 sheriff shall be allowed for more than one day's service at any election.
 19 No other peace officers of the State, or any division thereof, shall be allowed
 20 within fifty feet of the polls, except to serve process of courts or to vote,
 21 unless summoned by the election sheriff.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The board of supervisors in counties under township organi-
 2 zation and the county commissioners in counties not under township organi-
 3 zation, shall at their first session after the taking effect of this act, divide
 4 the townships of their respective counties into election precincts and estab-
 5 lish the boundaries of the same.

6 Such board shall designate at least one place of holding elections in each
 7 township, and every township in which only one place of holding elections
 8 was designated shall constitute a precinct. There shall be but one voting
 9 place in a precinct. Each precinct shall contain as nearly as practicable
 10 three hundred electors, based on the number of votes cast at the last elec-
 11 tion for presidential electors; but no precinct shall contain more than three
 12 hundred and fifty electors. If at any election hereafter three hundred and
 13 fifty or more votes shall be cast at any voting place, it shall be the duty
 14 of the inspector in such precinct to report the same to the board of super-
 15 visors, or county commissioners, as the case may be, who shall at their next
 16 regular meeting re-divide such township into new precincts as equally as
 17 possible, so that each precinct therein shall contain three hundred voters as
 18 nearly as practicable, but no precinct shall contain more than three
 19 hundred and fifty electors, and shall report such division to the county
 20 clerk of such county, and to the Secretary of State, together with the
 21 estimated number of votes in each precinct. If such board shall fail to act
 22 as herein directed, any qualified voter of the county may apply for a writ
 23 of mandamus to compel a performance of their duty.

§ 2. The board of supervisors and county csmmissioners may change the
 2 boundaries of any precinct within their counties, or may divide any precinct
 3 within such county into two or more precincts, or consolidate two or more
 4 precincts into one, or change any place of holding elections, whenever public
 5 convenience or the public good may demand it: *Provided*, that no such
 6 change, division or consolidation shall be make after the July meeting of
 7 such board next preceding an election: *And provided further*, that no such
 8 change, division or consolidation shall be valid without giving due notice
 9 at least one month before any election, by publication in two newspapers
 10 published in said county, representing the two political parties which cast
 11 the largest vote in the State at the last general election, if such two news-
 12 papers there be, and by posters put up in four of the most public places in

10 One of such books shall be denominated "public register" on the outside
11 and on the first page. Such board of registry shall then proceed as follows:

I. They shall open the registry at 8 o'clock a. m., and continue in session
2 until 6 o'clock p. m., and in cities, incorporated cities and villages till 8
3 o'clock p. m., of the first day. The inspector shall administer to all persons
4 who shall appear to register themselves or to register any other person, the
5 following oath or affirmation, "You do solemnly swear (or affirm) that you
6 will fully and truly answer all such questions as may be put to you, touch-
7 ing the place of residence, name, age, nativity and time of residence in the
8 State, county and precinct, of yourself or of the person or persons you
9 desire to have registered, and of your or their qualifications and right to
10 register and vote under the laws of this State."

II. The Inspector shall have charge of the "public register" and the
2 clerks of elections shall have charge of the other two, and shall make the
3 entries therein required by this act; and one of the judges shall ask
4 questions in regard to the qualifications of the applicant for registration,
5 and after he is through, the other judge may ask any questions in relation
6 thereto that he may desire. The judges, or either of them, may relieve the
7 inspector and clerks from time to time as occasion may require.

III. Every name offered in person or by any one else under oath shall
2 be entered in such registry books, and all the facts stated as hereinafter
3 provided, whether he be entitled to vote or not. If it should be determined
4 by the board that he is not a qualified elector at that precinct then an
5 entry of "no" shall be made in the column marked "qualified," and if
6 qualified an entry of "yes" shall be made in the same column.

IV. The entry of the names on the registry books shall be alphabetical
2 according to the surname of that person, and the balance of the name shall
3 be entered in full, and not the initials thereof. The registry books shall
4 be ruled and but one name written on a line, and no name between the
5 lines. The entry shall be as follows:

1. Under the column "residence" the street No., and room No., if in a city, town or village having named streets, and the school district and section if not in such a city, town or village.

2. Under the column "name," the name of the person, surname first, given or christian name second.

3. Under the column "age," their age at last birthday next preceding or on the day of election.

4. Under the column "time in State county and precinct," the length of time such person will have been in the same on the day of said election.

5. Under the column "qualified," the words "yes" or "no" as above provided.

6. Under the column "affiant," the one answering the questions, whether it be himself or some one else that he is registering, shall sign his name in full on the "public register" which signature shall be copied into the other two books.

7. The column "voted" shall be used only to enter check mark (x) when the elector whose name it follows shall have voted on election day.

§ 4. At the end of each day's registry, or revision of registry, the inspector and judges shall sign their names at the end of the list on each page, so that no name can be added without discovery; but before doing so the inspector and clerks shall compare the three registry books, and cause all differences to be corrected and to make the three agree in all respects, and the inspectors and judges shall then attach at the end of each registry book in substance in the words and figures following:

We the undersigned, inspector and judges of election in.....precinct ofin.....county Illinois, do hereby certify that on the.....day of.....there were registered by us in this precinct the names which in this book are entered and that the number of qualified voters registered was and is the number of.....

Dated.....

1 Said board of registry shall before leaving the place of registration
 2 hang up the "public register" at said place of registration, which shall be
 3 accessible to the public during all business hours, and each of the judges
 4 shall take one of the other registers and be custodian of the same and re-
 5 sponsible therefor until the day of election.

§ 6. On Tuesday two weeks before election said board of registration
 2 shall, with the clerks of election, again meet at the place designated, and
 3 remain in session from 8 o'clock A. M. till 6 o'clock P. M., and in cities,
 4 incorporated cities and villages till 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of regis-
 5 tering all qualified electors not heretofore registered. The same form shall
 6 be observed on the second day of registration as on the first day of regis-
 7 tration.

8 If any two qualified electors shall come before the board and make a
 9 written affidavit that any person, who has been marked as qualified on the
 10 register, is not a qualified elector, fully setting out the reason why he is
 11 not, the inspector shall thereupon mark in the column "challenged" the
 12 words "by affidavit" in black ink.

13 At the close of such day's registration the registers shall be examined,
 14 compared and made to agree, and shall be signed by the inspector and
 15 judges as at the end of the first day's registration, and similar certificates
 16 shall be attached. The inspector shall, not later than the day following
 17 such second day of registration, make out and mail to the address of every
 18 registered person so challenged, and also to the one making the oath of
 19 registration, if such person was registered by some one other than himself,
 20 a notice informing him or them of such challenge, giving briefly the reasons
 21 thereof as stated in the oath or affirmation, and notify him or them to
 22 appear before the board at the next day of registration, and show cause
 23 why the name of the person so challenged should not be marked "not a
 24 voter."

§ 7. On Tuesday one week before election said board of registry shall
2 with the clerks of election again meet at the same place as before, and
3 remain in session from 8 o'clock A. M. till 6 o'clock P. M., and in incorporated
4 cities and villages till 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of correcting the registry
5 and registering all qualified voters not heretofore registered. The same
6 form shall be observed on the third and last day of registration as on the
7 first and second days of registration. Should any of the parties notified to
8 appear before the board, as provided in preceding section, come before
9 them, the inspector and judges shall examine the proof that may be offered
10 by them, and if they shall believe therefrom that the person challenged is
11 a qualified voter of that precinct, the inspector shall, over the words "by
12 affidavit" which was written in column "challenged" draw in red ink a
13 heavy line; but if they shall believe therefrom that the person is not a
14 qualified voter, or if no proof is offered to contradict the allegation in the
15 affidavit alleged, then the inspector shall over the word "yes" in column
16 "qualified" write in red ink the word "no," and a copy of the same shall
17 be made on each of the other registers by the clerks: *Provided*, that the
18 same rules governing admissibility of proof in courts of justice shall govern
19 admissibility of proof before such board of registry. Should any two quali-
20 fied electors present affidavit of challenge, as prescribed in section 6 of this
21 article, the same entry shall be made on the public register, as in like
22 cases is made on the second day of registration, and a like notice shall by
23 the inspector be mailed, except it shall notify the persons to whom ad-
24 dressed to appear before the board between the hours of seven and eight
25 o'clock A. M. on the morning of election day, to make their showing. At
26 the close of such third day's registration the registry shall be examined,
27 compared and made to agree, and shall be signed by the inspector and
28 judges as at the end of the first day's registration, and similar certificates
29 shall be attached, except said certificates shall contain a statement of the
30 number of persons before believed to be qualified, who were during such

31 third day's registration decreed to be not qualified.

§ 8. On the morning of the day of election said board of registry with
 2 the clerk's of election shall meet at the voting place at the hour of seven
 3 o'clock and remain in session till eight o'clock, for the purpose of examin-
 4 ing any proof which may be offered by any of the persons notified to appear
 5 before the board at that time, as provided in the preceding section, and the
 6 same entries shall be made and the same forms observed which were pre-
 7 scribed to be made and observed during the investigation of the qualifica-
 8 tions of a challenged person at the third day's registration, and a like cer-
 9 tificate showing the number of persons heretofore believed to be qualified,
 10 who were during the hour decreed to be not qualified, shall be made.

§ 9. Any person violating any of the provisions of this article, or who
 2 shall wilfully register or attempt to register either himself or any other
 3 person who is not a qualified elector of that precinct, or shall wilfully
 4 make misrepresentations of fact in answering any question put to him by
 5 either of the judges, or shall vote or attempt to vote after having been in-
 6 formed by the board of registry that he is not a qualified voter of that
 7 precinct, shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction shall be imprisoned
 8 in the State penitentiary for a period not less than one nor more than five
 9 years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period. No elector or chal-
 10 lenger of a person claiming to be an elector shall be at any costs in regis-
 11 tering or making affidavit of challenge, but the oath and affidavits shall be
 12 made by the inspector free of charge.

ARTICLE IV.

Sec. 1. The board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may
 2 be, shall provide, at the expense of the county, two ballot boxes, one painted
 3 red for the reception of ballots prepared by the State board of election
 4 commissioners, and one painted white for the reception of the ballots pre-
 5 pared by the county board of election commissioners for each precinct; each
 6 ballot box shall have two locks of different kinds and combinations, so that

7 the key of one will not unlock the other, and be otherwise so constructed
8 as to contribute toward the prevention of fraud.

§ 2. An opening shall be made in the lid of each box sufficient only
2 for the admission of a single ballot; and, at the time the election is opened,
3 the inspector and judges shall see that there are no ballots in the box be-
4 fore the voting begins, and shall thereupon securely lock the box and give
5 one key to one of the judges who is in politics opposed to the inspector,
6 the inspector retaining the other key; and the same shall not be again
7 opened or removed until the polls are closed, and the board is ready to im-
8 mediately proceed with the counting.

§ 3. The election shall be opened in the forenoon at eight o'clock
2 and shall continue open until seven o'clock in the afternoon. Upon opening
3 the polls, the inspector shall make proclamation of the same to the people
4 outside in a loud and audible tone of voice; at least thirty minutes before
5 the closing of the polls, proclamation shall be made in like manner that
6 the polls will be closed in half an hour, and at seven o'clock the inspector
7 shall declare the polls closed, and a minute of such declaration made, and
8 after such declaration has been made no more votes shall be received. []

§ 4. The State and county board of election commissioners shall
2 cause to be printed on the respective ballots the names of the candidates
3 nominated by the conventions of any party that cast one per cent. of the
4 total vote of the State at the last preceding general election, as certified to
5 said boards by the presiding officer and secretary of such convention, or in
6 case of primary election, by the chairman and secretary of any county or
7 township committee; and also the names of any candidates for any office,
8 when petitioned so to do by electors qualified to vote for such candidates,
9 as follows: For a State officer, or any officer for whom all the electors of
10 the State are entitled to vote, five hundred petitioners; for a representative
11 in congress from any congressional district or supreme or circuit judges, or
12 clerks of the supreme or appellate courts, two hundred petitioners; for a

13 county officer, or members of the General Assembly, fifty petitioners; for an
14 officer of a township, ward, or other division less than a county, twenty-
15 five petitioners: *Provided, however,* that the name of no person shall be
16 placed upon more than one ticket, unless such person was nominated in
17 conventions of both parties upon whose ticket his name appears. The
18 signatures to such petition need not be appended to one paper, but no
19 petitioner shall be counted except his residence and postoffice address be
20 designated. Such petition shall state the name and residence of such can-
21 didate; that he is legally qualified to hold such office; that the subscribers
22 desire and are legally qualified to vote for such candidate; and may desig-
23 nate a brief name or title of the party or principle which said candidates
24 represent, together with any simple figure or device by which they may be
25 designated on the ballots. The certificate of nomination by a convention
26 or primary election shall be in writing and shall contain the name of each
27 person nominated, his residence and the office for which he is nominated,
28 and shall designate a title for the party or principle which such convention
29 or primary election represents, together with any simple figure or device by
30 which its list of candidates may be designated on the ballots; such certifi-
31 cate shall be signed by the presiding officer and secretary of such conven-
32 tion, or by the chairman and secretary of the county, city or township
33 committees, who shall add to their signatures their respective places of res-
34 idence, and acknowledge the same before an officer duly authorized to take
35 acknowledgements of deeds. If the certificate of nomination of any State
36 convention shall request that a figure or device selected by such conven-
37 tion, be used to designate the candidates of such party on the ballots for
38 all elections throughout the State, such figure or device shall be so used
39 until changed by request of a subsequent State convention of the same
40 party. Such device may be the figure of a star, an eagle, a plow, or some
41 such appropriate symbol, but the coat of arms or seal of the State, or of
42 the United States, the national flag, or any other emblem common to the

43 people at large shall not be used as such device. A certificate of such
 44 acknowledgement shall be appended to such instrument. In case of death,
 45 resignation or removal of any candidate, subsequent to nomination
 46 unless a supplementary certificate or petition of nomination be filed, the
 47 chairman of the State, county, city or township committee shall fill such
 48 vacancy.

49 In case of a division in any party, and claim by two or more factions to
 50 the same party name or title, or figures or device, the board of election
 51 commissioners shall give the preference of name to that faction whose con-
 52 vention was held at the time and place designated in the call of the regu-
 53 larly constituted party authorities, and if the other faction shall present no
 54 other party name, title or device, the board of election commissioners shall
 55 select a name or title, and place the same before the list of candidates of
 56 said faction on the ballot, and select some suitable devices to distinguish
 57 one faction from the other, and print the ballots accordingly: *Provided,*
 58 *however,* that if any political party entitled to nominate by convention
 59 shall in any case fail to do so, the names of all nominees by petition for
 60 any office, who shall be designated in their petitions as members of
 61 and candidates of such party, shall be printed under the device and title
 62 of such party on the ballots, as if nominated by convention: *Provided,*
 63 *further,* that no name which appears on any other ticket shall be so added
 64 by petition. Certificates and petitions of nomination of candidates for
 65 office to be voted for by the electors of the entire State shall be filed with
 66 the Governor of the State. Certificates and petitions of nominations of can-
 67 didates for offices to be voted for by electors of any district or division of
 68 the State exclusively, shall be filed with the county clerks of the counties
 69 or county included in or including such district or division.

§ 5. If any certificate or petition of nomination shall contain the name
 2 of more than one candidate for any office to be filled, neither name shall

3 be printed as a candidate for such office. If any person shall join in nom-
4 inating by petition more than one nominee for any office to be filled such
5 person shall not be counted as a petitioner for either nomination.

§ 6 The Governor of the State and county clerks shall cause to be pre-
2 served in their respective offices all certificates and petitions of nominations
3 filed therein under the provisions of this act, for six months after the elec-
4 tion for which such nominations were made.

§ 7. Certificates and petitions of nomination filed with the Governor of
2 the State shall be filed not more than sixty days and not less than twenty
3 days before the day fixed by law for the election of persons in nomination.
4 Certificates and petitions of nomination herein directed to be filed with the
5 county clerk, shall be filed not more than sixty days and not less than
6 fifteen days before election.

§ 8. Not less than eighteen days before an election of the State to fill
2 any office for which all the electors of the State are entitled to vote, the
3 Governor of the State shall certify to the county clerk of each county the
4 name and place of residence of each person nominated for such office, as
5 specified in the certificates and petitions of nominations filed with the
6 Governor of the State, and shall designate therein the device under which
7 the group or list of candidates of each party will be printed, and the order
8 in which they will be arranged.

§ 9. At least seven days before an election to fill any public office at
2 which the electors of any county are entitled to vote, the county clerk of
3 such county shall cause to be published in at least two weekly newspapers
4 within the county, the nominations to office certified to him by the Governor
5 of the State, and also those filed with the county clerk. He shall make no
6 less than two publications in each of such newspapers before election. One
7 of such publications in each newspaper shall be upon the last day before
8 which newspaper is issued before election.

9 Such publication shall be in two newspapers representing the political
10 parties that at the last preceding general election cast the largest number
11 of votes in the State, if such paper there be: *Provided*, that in all cities
12 where a daily paper is printed and published, such notice shall also be
13 published in two daily papers representing such political parties, if such
14 there be. The list of nominations published by the county clerks shall be
15 arranged, as far as practicable, in the order and form in which they will
16 be printed upon the ballots, and shall designate the devices under which
17 the group or list of candidates of each party will be printed.

§ 10. The Governor of the State shall not certify the name of a candidate
2 whose certificate or petition of nomination shall have been filed in his office,
3 who shall have notified him in a writing signed and executed with the for-
4 malities prescribed for the execution of an instrument to entitle it to re-
5 cord that he will not accept the nomination contained in the certificate or
6 petition of nomination. The county clerk shall not include in the
7 publication to be made according to section 9 hereof, the name of
8 any candidate whose certificate or petition of nomination shall have been filed
9 in his office who shall have notified him in like manner that he will not
10 accept the nomination. The names of such candidates shall not be included
11 in the names of the candidates to be printed in the ballots as hereinafter
12 provided.

§ 11. Whenever a proposed constitutional amendment or other question
2 is to be submitted to the people of the State for popular vote, the Secre-
3 tary of State shall duly, and not less than thirty days before election, cer-
4 tify the same to the clerk of each county in the State, and the clerk
5 of such county shall include the same in the publication provided for
6 in section 9 hereof.

§ 12. The board of election commissioners shall cause the names of all
2 candidates of their respective jurisdictions to be printed on one ballot, all
3 nominations of any party or group of petitioners being placed under the

4 title and device of such party or petitioners as designated by them in
 5 their certificates or petitions, or, if none be designated, under some suitable
 6 title and device. The ballots shall be of uniform size and of the same
 7 quality and color of paper, and sufficiently thick that the printing can not
 8 be distinguished from the back. All ballots prepared by the State board
 9 of election commissioners shall be printed on red tinted paper and put up
 10 in blocks of one hundred each. All ballots prepared by the county boards
 11 of election commissioners shall be printed on white paper. If the same
 12 device for designating candidates be selected by two parties or groups of
 13 petitioners, it shall be given to the one which first selected it, and a suitable
 14 device shall be selected for the other. The arrangement of the ballots shall,
 15 in general, conform as nearly as possible to the plan hereinafter given, and
 16 the device named and list of candidates of the democratic party shall be
 17 placed in the first column on the left-hand side of said ballot, of the repub-
 18 lican party in the second column, of the prohibition party in the third
 19 column, and of any other party in such order as the board of election
 20 commissioners shall decide:

21	Device.	Device.	Device.
22	DEM.	DEMOCRATIC	REP.	REPUBLICAN	PRO.	PROHIBITION
23	TICKET.	TICKET.	TICKET.
24	For Governor.	For Governor.	For Governor.			
25	Dem. | .....	Rep. | .....	Pro. | .....			
26	For Lieut. Gov.	For Lieut. Gov.	For Lieut. Gov.			
27	Dem. | .....	Rep. | .....	Pro. | .....			
28	For Sec'y of State.	For Sec'y of State.	For Sec'y of State.			
29	Dem. | .....	Rep. | .....	Pro. | .....			
30	For State Treasurer.	For State Treasurer.	For State Treasurer.			
31	Dem. | .....	Rep. | .....	Pro. | .....			
32	For Attorney-Gen.	For Attorney-Gen.	For Attorney-Gen.			
33	Dem. | .....	Rep. | .....	Pro. | .....			

*—Circle—Shall be one inch in Diameter.

34	.....	Device.	.....	Device.	.....	Device.
35	DEM.	DEMOCRATIC	REP.	REPUBLICAN	PRO.	PROHIBITION
36	.....	TICKET.	.....	TICKET.	.....	TICKET.
	*		*		*	
37	For Representative		For Representative		For Representative	
38	in Congress		in Congress		in Congress	
39	11 Congressional Dist.		11 Congressional Dist.		11 Congressional Dist.	
40	Dem. | .....		Rep. | .....		Pro. | .....	
41	For State Senator		For State Senator		For State Senator	
42	27 Senatorial District.		27 Senatorial District.		27 Senatorial District.	
43	Dem. | .....		Rep. | .....		Pro. | .....	
44	For Representatives		For Representatives		For Representatives	
45	in General Assem.		in General Assem.		in General Assem.	
46	27 Senatorial District.		27 Senatorial District.		27 Senatorial District.	
47	Dem. | ..... 1½v't | 3v | 2v | 1v		Rep. | ..... 1½v't | 3v | 2v | 1v		Pro. | ..... 1½v't | 3v | 2v | 1v	
48	Dem. | ..... 1½v't | 3v | 2v | 1v		Rep. | ..... 1½v't | 3v | 2v | 1v		Pro. | ..... 1½v't | 3v | 2v | 1v	
49	For County Judge.		For County Judge.		For County Judge.	
50	Dem. | .....		Rep. | .....		Pro. | .....	

*—Circle—Shall be one inch in diameter.

§ 13. In case of the death, removal or resignation of any candidate after
the printing of such ballots and before such election, it shall be lawful for
the chairman of the State, district or county political organization of which
such candidate was a member, to make a nomination to fill such vacancy
and to provide the election board at each precinct in which such candidate
was to be voted for, with a number of pasters containing only the name of
such candidate at least equal to the number of ballots provided each pre-
cinct, but no pasters shall be given to, or received by anyone, except such
election board and such chairman, and it shall be the duty of the polling
clerk to put one of such pasters, in a careful and proper manner and in
the proper place, on each ticket before they shall sign their initials thereon.

§ 14. If the printer of such ballots, or any person employed in printing the same, shall give or deliver, or knowingly permit to be taken, any of said ballots by any person other than a member of the board of election commissioners for which such ballots are being printed, or shall print or cause or permit to be printed any ballot in any other form than the one prescribed by this act, or with any other names thereon, or with the names spelled or the names or devices thereon arranged in any other way than that authorized and directed by the said board of election commissioners, shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction thereof shall be imprisoned in the State penitentiary not less than three nor more than ten years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 15. It shall be the duty of each county clerk to appear in person, or by specially authorized deputy, bearing credentials given under the seal of the county court, at the office of the Governor of the State not more than fourteen nor less than ten days prior to each general election, and the State board of election commissioners shall thereupon deliver to said clerk ten ballots for every five voters and fraction thereof in each precinct, if his county at the last presidential election, or if a new precinct has been established in such county, ten ballots for every five voters of the estimated vote as reported by the board of supervisors or county commissioners: *Provided, however*, that if it shall be made to appear by the affidavit of such clerk that any precinct has so increased in population as to have fifty per cent. more voters than at the last presidential election, or at the time of estimate by the board of supervisors or county commissioners, the State board of election commissioners shall deliver to him two ballots for every voter so declared by him, under oath, to be resident in said precinct. The ballots shall, in the presence of the clerk, be wrapped and tied in packages, plainly marked, one for each precinct, and securely sealed with wax, and the clerk shall give his receipt for the same. And for the safe sealing of such ballots such board shall provide itself with a seal of such de-

20 sign as it may deem proper, but the same design shall not be used for any
 21 two consecutive elections. The State board of election commissioners shall
 22 also provide and enclose in each of said sealed packages three stamps bear-
 23 ing a cross (x) or such other device as they may select, together with ink
 24 pads or other necessary apparatus ready for use. The State board of elec-
 25 tion commissioners shall, from time to time, certify to the Auditor of State
 26 the necessary expenses of the preparation and distribution of the State
 27 ballots and stamps, and the Auditor shall audit and issue his warrants for
 28 the same, which shall be paid out of any funds in the State treasury not
 29 otherwise appropriated.

§ 16. An allowance shall be made to the clerk by the board of county
 2 commissioners of five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled in
 3 going to and returning from the office of the Governor of the State; but in
 4 case said clerk of any county shall fail to appear at the office of the Gov-
 5 ernor of the State by the close of the tenth day prior to the election, the
 6 State board of election commissioners shall forthwith dispatch a special mes-
 7 senger to such county with the ballots for the county, which messenger
 8 before receiving such ballots, shall take and subscribe to an oath, to be ad-
 9 ministered to him by the Secretary of State, which oath shall be filed with
 10 said board of election commissioners, and shall be in the words following:

11 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
 12 County of } ss.

13 I, , swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will
 14 take charge of the election ballots delivered to me by the State board of
 15 election commissioners for the county of , and will safely deliver said
 16 ballots in sealed packages, and in the same condition as received by me, to
 17 the county clerk of said county at the earliest time that I can reach the
 18 county seat of such county. So help me God.

19

20 Subscribed and sworn to before me this....day of....., 18..

21

22 . And in such case said messenger shall be allowed three dollars per day,
 23 for the time necessarily employed, and three cents per mile for the distance
 24 necessarily traveled by him, which allowance shall be certified to the treas-
 25 urer of such county and deducted from the first moneys thereafter accru-
 26 ing to such clerk payable by the treasurer. The amount so deducted shall
 27 be remitted by the county treasurer to the Treasurer of the State.

§ 17. If any member of the board of election commissioners shall give or
 2 deliver to any other person any of said ballots, or shall permit any of them
 3 to be taken away, except as herein provided, he or they shall be guilty of
 4 a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State
 5 penitentiary for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
 6 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 18. If any person shall take or remove in any manner, feloniously or
 2 with the consent or permission of the custodian for the time, from any
 3 place where they may lawfully be under this act, any of such ballots or
 4 stamps, or be found in custody or possession of such ballots or stamps (ex-
 5 cept as an official or custodian under this act, or while within the polling
 6 place for the purpose of voting); or if any such custodian or official shall
 7 consent to, or permit, any of such ballots or stamps to be removed or car-
 8 ried away from the place where they may lawfully be by any person, ex-
 9 cept an official or custodian under this act whose duty it is to receive the
 10 same, such person, custodian or official shall be deemed guilty of a felony,
 11 and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary
 12 at hard labor for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be dis-
 13 franchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 19. It shall be the duty of each election inspector, or in case he
 2 cannot attend, some other member of the election board authorized
 3 in writing by the inspector, to appear at the office of the county

4 clerk of his county not more than three nor less than two days before
5 each election, and the county board of election commissioners shall
6 deliver to him the sealed packages of ballots and the stamps provided for
7 his precinct by the State board of election commissioners, and also ten of
8 the local ballots printed under the direction of the county board of election
9 commissioners for each five or fraction thereof of the number of votes cast
10 at such precinct at the last presidential election; or if a new precinct, for
11 each five or fraction of five voters, as estimated by the board of supervisors
12 or county commissioners: *Provided however*, that in case it be made to
13 appear by affidavit of such inspector that the number of voters in his
14 precinct has increased more than fifty per cent since the last presidential
15 election or estimate by the board of supervisors or county commissioners,
16 there shall be delivered to him two ballots for each voter so declared under
17 oath by him to reside in the precinct. The local ballots shall be wrapped
18 and tied in packages and securely sealed with wax in the presence of said
19 inspector, or his representative, who shall receipt for the same; and for the
20 safe sealing of such ballots the county board of election commissioners shall
21 provide themselves with a seal of such design as they may deem proper,
22 but the same design shall not be used at any two consecutive elections,
23 and said packages shall not be opened until delivered to the election
24 board of the respective voting precincts to which they are directed, and
25 said boards shall be fully organized and ready for the reception of votes,
26 as in this act provided.

§ 20. At the opening of the polls, after the organization of, and in the
2 presence of the election board, the inspector shall open the packages of
3 ballots in such a manner as to preserve the seals intact. He shall then de-
4 liver to the poll clerk of the opposite political party from his own, twenty-
5 five each of the State and local ballots, and to the other poll clerk the
6 stamps for marking the ballots. The poll clerks shall at once proceed to
7 write their initials, in ink, on the lower left-hand corner of the back of

8 each of said ballots, in their ordinary handwriting, and without any dis-
 9 tinguishing mark of any kind. As each successive elector calls for a ballot
 10 the poll clerk shall deliver to him the first signed of the twenty-five bal-
 11 lots of each kind; and the inspector shall immediately deliver to the poll
 12 clerk another ballot of each kind, which the poll clerks shall at once coun-
 13 tersign, as before, and add to the ballots already countersigned, so that
 14 it shall be delivered for voting after all of those heretofore countersigned.

§ 21. The county board of election commissioners of each county shall
 2 cause to be printed in large type on cards in English, and
 3 such other language as they deem necessary, instructions for
 4 the guidance of electors in preparing their ballots. They
 5 shall furnish twelve of such cards in each of the languages de-
 6 termined upon by them to each of the election inspectors at the same time
 7 they deliver to him the ballots for his precinct. Each inspector shall cause
 8 to be posted one of each of said cards in each place or compartment
 9 provided for the preparation of ballots, and one of each kind of such
 10 cards at or near to the outer end of the chute leading to
 11 the polling place, and not nearer than fifty feet of the polling
 12 place, and not less than three of each of such cards, and three
 13 samples of each of the State and local ballots in and about the polling
 14 place at the opening of the polls on the day of election, which sample ballots
 15 shall be printed on different colored paper than the genuine ballots. Said
 16 cards shall contain full instructions to voters as to what must be
 17 done:

18 First—To obtain ballots for voting.

19 Second—To prepare ballots for voting.

20 Third—To obtain a new ballot in place of one accidentally defaced, muti-
 21 lated or spoiled; also copies of sections twenty-nine, thirty-seven, forty-
 22 two, forty-three, forty-six and forty-seven of this article.

§ 22. In case any inspector or his representative shall fail to ap-

2 pear at the office of the county clerk by the close of the second day prior to
3 said election, the county board of election commissioners shall forthwith
4 dispatch a special messenger to his precinct with the ballots and stamps for
5 such precinct. Such messenger shall be allowed \$2.00 for his time
6 and five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled by him, and
7 shall promptly report to such clerk and file with him the receipt of the
8 person to whom he delivered such ballots and stamps, and his affidavit stat-
9 ing when and to whom he delivered such ballots and stamps, and such
10 inspector shall receive no compensation for his services at such election.

§ 23. Any inspector who shall willfully or negligently fail to appear at
2 the clerk's office, in person or by representative as herein provided, shall be
3 guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than ten
4 dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and shall thereafter be incom-
5 petent to serve as inspector.

§ 24. If by any accident or casualty the ballots delivered to any clerk,
2 inspector, or other messenger shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be the duty
3 of such person in custody to report the loss at once to the board of election
4 commissioners, from which the same were obtained, and make affidavit
5 of the circumstances of the loss, whereupon such board shall at once re-
6 supply such person. In case such person in custody fails or refuses to
7 report and make proof of the loss, any qualified elector may do so, and
8 thereupon such board shall at once send a new supply by special messenger,
9 as provided in other cases. In case, for any reason, there should be found
10 no ballots or other necessary means or contrivances for voting at the open-
11 ing of the polls, it shall be the duty of the election board to secure the
12 same as speedily as possible, and, if necessary, such board may have ballots
13 printed: *Provided, however,* that such ballots shall conform as nearly as
14 possible to the genuine ballots, and the printing and the care of the same
15 shall be under the same provisions and penalties as the printing and care
16 of other ballots prescribed in this act.

§ 25. The various boards of election commissioners shall preserve the
2 ballots that are left over in their hands after supplying the precincts as
3 hereinbefore provided, until six o'clock P. M. of the day of election, and shall
4 then count and destroy, by totally consuming by fire, all of such ballots
5 but one, which shall be securely pasted in the election record immediately
6 preceding the place where the vote is to be recorded. They shall also cause
7 to be recorded below such ballot the number of ballots printed by them
8 the number delivered to each messenger and the number destroyed by
9 them.

§ 26. It shall be the duty of the board of supervisors or the county com-
2 missioners, as the case may be, in each county, before each election,
3 to provide for and secure in each precinct of the county a suitable
4 room in which to hold the election, and to have placed therein a
5 railing separating the part of the room to be occupied by the election board
6 from the remainder of the room, and also three booths or compartments in
7 which electors shall mark their ballots, screened from observation, each con-
8 taining a counter or shelf. Booths shall be so constructed and arranged
9 that all the members of the election board can see whether more than one
10 voter enters any one of such booths at one time. The portion of the room
11 set apart for the election board shall include a window at which the voter
12 shall appear for challenge, and such voter shall immediately announce his
13 full and true name to the challengers. The board of supervisors or
14 county commissioners shall also provide for each precinct a chute or
15 passage with a railing, rope or wire on each side, commencing fifty feet
16 away from, and leading to such polling place, passing such window for
17 challenge, and thence to the entrance to the room in which the election
18 is held. The expense of such preparation shall be defrayed as other
19 expenses of the county by the board of supervisors or county commissioners.
20 No election shall be held in a room in which spirituous, vinous or malt
21 liquors are kept or sold.

§ 27. One challenger and one poll book holder, appointed and designated
2 by each party organization, shall be entitled to stand at the sides of the
3 chute near the challenge window. No other person shall re-
4 main within fifty feet of the same, except for the purpose of offering his
5 vote; and voters shall approach and enter the chute in the order in which
6 they appear for the purpose of voting. If either of the challengers shall
7 desire to challenge any person offering to vote he shall designate such desire
8 as said person passes the challenge window, and shall immediately prepare
9 and file a written affidavit of challenge with the election board, setting out
10 therein in full the reason why the person challenged is not a qualified
11 voter of that precinct; such person so challenged shall stand aside and not
12 be entitled to vote, unless he shall file with the election board an affidavit
13 in writing, signed by himself and two resident freeholders of that precinct,
14 and in such affidavit set forth his name, residence, occupation, place or
15 places of residence during the six months prior to the election, with the
16 date of any removal within that time, and therein allege that he has resided
17 within the State one year, within the county ninety days and in the precinct
18 thirty days, and has no other place that he recognizes as or calls his home,
19 and is in all other ways a qualified elector of that precinct: *Provided however,*
20 that no affidavit of challenge prepared and filed by a challenger shall be
21 recognized when the person challenged shall have been previously challenged
22 on any day of registration, as hereinbefore provided, except when said
23 affidavit of challenge shall allege different reasons for challenge from those
24 before made.

§ 28. If at any time during the election any qualified voter shall make
2 affidavit that any person who has voted is an illegal voter in such pre-
3 cinct, the person accused shall at once be arrested by the election sheriff
4 and by him delivered to the civil authorities. Immediately after
5 the close of the election the inspector shall deliver such affidavit
6 to some justice of the peace in the township, who shall proceed thereon
7 as if the affidavit had been made before him.

§ 29. Whoever shall knowingly or willfully make a false affidavit, under
2 the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

§ 30. Each elector shall vote by ballot as herein prescribed, in the
2 precinct in which he is a bona fide resident; but no elector shall be allowed
3 to cast his vote unless his name shall appear on the register of the pre-
4 cinct as a qualified voter as herein provided.

§ 31. No person entitled to vote at any general, national, State or county
2 election, shall be employed upon a day on which such election shall be held,
3 in any manufacturing, mining, mechanical or mercantile establishment or
4 any railroad corporation in this State during the period of four hours after
5 the opening of any election in the county in which such person is entitled
6 to vote, except as to works of necessity, in which works of necessity every
7 employe shall be given some period of four hours between the opening and
8 closing of the polls on said day; and any circuit court may en-
9 force the provisions of this section in term time or in vacation by mandate
10 or otherwise, upon the application of any voter. Every officer of any cor-
11 poration, owner, superintendent, overseer or foreman, who employs or per-
12 mits to be employed any person in violation of this section, shall be guilty
13 of a misdemeanor, and fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred
14 dollars.

§ 32. When a voter shall have been passed by the challengers, or shall
2 have been sworn in, he shall be admitted to the election room: *Provided*,
3 *however*, that not more than three voters shall be allowed in the room at
4 one time. On entering the room the voter shall announce his name to the
5 poll clerks, who shall registered it. The clerk holding the ballots
6 shall deliver to him one State and one local ballot, and the other clerk
7 shall thereupon deliver to him a stamp, and both poll clerks, on
8 request, shall give explanation of the manner of voting; if deemed
9 necessary, by unanimous consent of the board, an interpreter may be
10 called. The voter shall then, and without leaving the room, go alone into

11 any of the booths which may be unoccupied and indicate the candidates
12 for whom he desires to vote by stamping the square immediately preceding
13 their names, and indicate his preference on any question of constitutional
14 amendment or other special matter by stamping in front of the words
15 "Yes" or "No" under such questions: *Provided, however,* that if he shall
16 desire to vote for all candidates of one party or group on petitioners, and
17 none other, he may place the stamp on the circle, one inch in diameter,
18 preceding the title under which the candidates of such party or group of
19 petitioners are printed, and the vote shall then be counted for all the
20 candidates under that title, unless the name of one or more candidates
21 under another title shall also be stamped, in which case the name of the
22 candidate so stamped shall be counted. In voting for representatives to
23 the General Assembly, the voter shall, in every case, express the number
24 of votes he desires to give each candidate, by stamping in one of the four
25 squares below that candidate's name which contains the figure, designating
26 the number of votes he desires to give for that candidate: *Provided,*
27 *however,* that in case the voter shall stamp the circle preceding the title of
28 one party or group of petitioners, and none of said squares under any
29 candidates' name for such representatives, his three votes for said office
30 shall be equally divided between the total number of candidates for such
31 representatives whose names appear in that party or group of petitioners.
32 Before leaving the booth or compartment, the voter shall fold his ballots
33 separately, so that no part of the faces thereof shall be exposed, and so
34 that the initials of the poll clerk shall be exposed, and on leaving the
35 booth or compartment shall return the stamp to the poll clerk and deliver
36 the ballots to the inspector, or to the judge who may temporarily be
37 authorized to act for him, who shall forthwith, in the presence of the voter
38 and of the election board, deposite the same in the respective ballot boxes,
39 the State ballot in the red ballot box and the local ballot in the white ballot box;
40 and the ballot clerks shall make a check mark (x) after the name of the voter

41 on the poll list: *Provided, however,* that if any elector shall show his
 42 ballot, or any part thereof, to any other person, after the same shall have
 43 been marked, so as to disclose any of the candidates voted for, such ballot
 44 shall not be deposited in the ballot box. A minute of such occurrence shall
 45 be made on the poll list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote
 46 thereafter. The voter shall then leave the room, but no voter to whom a
 47 ballot and stamp, or either, have been delivered shall be permitted to leave
 48 the room without voting the ballots or returning them to the poll clerk, or
 49 without returning the stamp to the poll clerk from whom he received it.
 50 Any voter who shall attempt to leave the room with a ballot or stamp in
 51 his possession shall be arrested at once, on demand of any member of the
 52 election board.

§ 33. Not more than one person shall be permitted to occupy any booth
 2 at one time, and no person shall remain in or occupy a booth longer than
 3 may be necessary to prepare his ballot, and in no event longer than five
 4 minutes. Not more than three persons other than the election officers shall
 5 be permitted to enter or be in the election room at any one time, and no
 6 voter, or person offering to vote, shall hold any conversation or communica-
 7 tion with any other person than a member of the election board while in
 8 the election room.

§ 34. Any person who shall, by accident or mistake, deface or mutilate
 2 his ballot, may, on returning the same to the poll clerks and satisfying
 3 them that such spoiling, defacing or mutilation was not intentional, receive
 4 another in place thereof, and such clerk shall make a minute of the fact
 5 on the poll-list at the time, and the mutilated ballot shall then be destroyed
 6 by the elector in the presence of the board.

§ 35. Any elector who declares, that by reason of physical disability, or
 2 inability to read the English language, he is unable to mark his ballot, may
 3 declare his choice of candidates to the poll clerks, who, in the presence of
 4 the elector, and in the presence of each other, shall prepare the ballots for

5 voting in the manner hereinbefore provided, and, on request, shall read over
 6 to such elector the names of the candidates so marked. Any one making a
 7 false declaration, under the provisions of this section, shall, upon convic-
 8 tion, be fined in any sum not exceeding five dollars, and be disfranchised
 9 for a period of five years; and any poll clerk or poll clerks who shall
 10 deceive any elector in selecting or marking any ballot, or mark the same in
 11 any other way than as requested by said elector, shall be guilty of a felony,
 12 and, on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than
 13 two nor more than five years, and be disfranchised for any determinate
 14 period not less than five years.

§ 36. No inspector of election, or judge acting for an inspector, shall
 2 deposit any ballot upon which the initials of the poll clerks, as hereinbefore
 3 provided for, does not appear, or any ballot upon which appears externally
 4 any distinguishing mark, defacement or mutilation.

§ 37. Any person who shall remove or attempt to remove a ballot or
 2 stamp from the election room, or having in his possession outside the elec-
 3 tion room any ballot or stamp, either genuine or counterfeit, during the
 4 election, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and, on conviction, shall be
 5 imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years,
 6 and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 38. Immediately on the closing of the polls, the board shall count all
 2 the ballots remaining unvoted, record the number of the same on the tally
 3 sheets, and destroy all such ballots by totally consuming by fire.

§ 39. The board shall then proceed to canvass the votes, beginning first
 2 with the State ballots and completing them before proceeding with the
 3 local ballots, by laying each ballot upon the table, in the order in which
 4 it is taken from the ballot box, and the inspector and the judge of the
 5 election differing in politics from the inspector, shall view the ballots as
 6 the names of the persons voted for are read therefrom. In the canvass of

7 the votes any ballot which is not endorsed with the initials of the poll-
8 clerks as provided in this act, and any ballot which shall bear any distin-
9 guishing mark, or mutilation, shall be void and shall not be counted, and
10 any ballot or part of a ballot from which it is impossible to determine the
11 elector's choice of candidates, shall not be counted as to the candidate or
12 candidates affected thereby: *Provided, however,* that on protest of any mem-
13 ber of the board, such ballot, and all disputed ballots, shall be preserved
14 by the inspector, and at the close of the count, placed with the seals of
15 the ballot packages in paper bags, securely sealed and so delivered to the
16 clerk of the county, with notification to him of the number of ballots so placed
17 in such bags, and of the condition of the seals of the ballot packages. The poll
18 clerks shall also record on the tally sheets memoranda of such ballots and the
19 condition of the seal of the ballot packages, and in any contest of election such
20 ballots and seals may be submitted in evidence. On completing the count and
21 recording the same on the tally sheets, all the remaining ballots except those
22 marked, mutilated or otherwise defective, as in this section hereinbefore de-
23 scribed, shall be destroyed by the election board by totally consuming by fire
24 before adjournment, and thereupon the election board shall immediately
25 make a memorandum of the total vote cast for each candidate and deliver
26 a copy thereof to each member of such board.

§ 40. Any person who shall (1) falsely make or fraudulently deface or
2 fraudulently destroy any certificate or petition of nomination, or any part
3 thereof; (2) file any certificate or petition of nomination, knowing the same
4 or any part thereof, to be falsely made; or (3) suppress any petition or cer-
5 tificate of nomination which has been duly filed, or any part thereof; or (4)
6 forge or falsely make the official endorsement of any ballot; or (5) print, or
7 cause to be printed, any imitation ballot or circulate the same; or (6) con-
8 spire with others to do any of said acts, or induce, or attempt to induce
9 any other person to do any of said acts, whether or not said acts, or any
10 of them, be committed, or attempted to be committed, shall be deemed

11 guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by im-
 12 prisonment in the State penitentiary not less than two nor more than five
 13 years, and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten
 14 years.

§ 41. Any clerk, inspector or other messenger entrusted with the custody of
 2 the ballots, who shall open any of the packages in which the ballots are con-
 3 tained, or permit any of them to be opened, or destroy any of such ballots,
 4 or permit them to be destroyed; or give or deliver any such packages or
 5 ballots to any person not lawfully entitled to receive them, as herein pro-
 6 vided; or conspire to procure, or in any way aid, abet or connive at any rob-
 7 bery, loss or destruction of any such ballots or packages, shall be guilty of
 8 a felony, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the State
 9 prison for not less than three nor more than ten years, and be disfranchised
 10 for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 42. If any person not herein authorized so to do shall enter or attempt
 2 to enter the election room, or enter or attempt to enter within the railing
 3 leading from the challenge window to the entrance of the election room
 4 without first having been passed by the challengers, or having been sworn
 5 in as hereinbefore provided, or shall remain within fifty feet of the polling
 6 place, contrary to the provisions hereinbefore made, he shall be guilty of a
 7 misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be fined not more than five hun-
 8 dred dollars.

§ 43. If any person shall induce, or attempt to induce, any elector to
 2 write, paste, or otherwise place on his ballot the name of any person or any
 3 sign or device of any kind as a distinguishing mark by which to indicate
 4 to any other person how such elector has voted, or shall enter into or at-
 5 tempt to form any agreement or conspiracy with any other person to in-
 6 duce or attempt to induce electors, or any elector, to so place any distin-
 7 guishing name or mark on his ballot, whether or not said act be committed
 8 or attempted to be committed, such person so offending shall be guilty of

9 felony, and, on conviction, be imprisoned not more than five nor less than
10 two years in the State penitentiary.

1 44. If any person, being a member of an election board or otherwise
2 entitled to the inspection of the ballots, shall reveal to any other person
3 how any elector has voted, or what other candidates were voted for on any
4 ballot bearing a name not printed thereon by the board of election commis-
5 sioners, or give any information concerning the appearance of any ballot
6 voted, such persons so offending shall be guilty of a felony, and, on con-
7 viction, shall be imprisoned not less than two years nor more than five
8 years in the State penitentiary, and be disfranchised for any determinate
9 period not less than ten years.

§ 45. If any person shall induce or attempt to induce any member of an
2 election board to violate any of the provisions of section 44 of this article,
3 whether or not such member of the election board shall violate or attempt
4 to violate the same, such person so offending shall be guilty of a felony,
5 and, on conviction, shall be imprisoned in the State penitentiary for a
6 period not less than two years nor more than five years, and be disfranchised
7 for any determinate period not less than ten years. It shall be the duty of
8 each inspector to read this and the preceding section to the election board at
9 the opening of the polls.

§ 46. Any person who shall, during the election, remove or destroy any
2 of the supplies or other conveniences placed in the booths as aforesaid, or
3 delivered to the voter for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his
4 ballot, or shall, during an election, destroy or remove any booth, railing or
5 other convenience provided for an election, or shall induce or attempt to
6 induce any person to commit any of such acts, whether or not any of such
7 acts are committed or attempted to be committed, shall be guilty of a mis-
8 demeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the
9 county jail for a period not less than six months nor more than one year,
10 and be disfranchised for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 47. No officer of election shall disclose to any person the name of any
2 candidate for whom any elector has voted. No officer of election shall do
3 any electioneering on election day. No person whatever shall do any
4 electioneering on election day within any polling place, or within fifty feet
5 of any polling place. No person shall apply for or receive any ballot in any
6 polling place other than that which he is entitled to vote. No person
7 shall show his ballot after it is marked to any person in such a way as to
8 reveal the contents thereof or the name of any candidate or candidates for
9 whom he has marked his vote; nor shall any person examine a ballot
10 which any elector has prepared for voting or solicit the elector to show the
11 same. No person, except the inspector of election, or a judge who may be
12 temporarily acting for him, shall receive from any voter a ballot prepared
13 by him for voting. No voter shall receive a ballot from any person other
14 than one of the poll clerks; nor shall any person other than a poll clerk
15 deliver a ballot to an elector to be voted. No voter shall deliver any ballot
16 to an inspector to be voted except the one he receives from the poll clerk.
17 No voter shall place any mark upon his ballot, or suffer or permit any other
18 person to do so, by which it may be afterward identified as the one voted
19 by him. Whoever shall violate any provision of this section shall be
20 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by
21 imprisonment in the county jail for a period not less than six months, nor
22 more than one year, and by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars
23 nor more than five hundred dollars, and be disfranchised for any determin-
24 ate period not less than ten years.

§ 48. Any public officer, upon whom any duty is imposed by this act,
2 who shall willfully neglect or omit to perform such duties, or do any act
3 prohibited herein, for which punishment is not otherwise herein provided,
4 shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction, shall be punished
5 by imprisonment in the State penitentiary for a period not less than one
6 year nor more than three years, or by a fine of not more than three thou-

7 sand dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and be disfranchised
8 for any determinate period not less than ten years.

§ 49. Whenever any constitutional amendment or other question is
2 required by law to be submitted to popular vote, if all the electors of the
3 State are entitled to vote on such question, the State board of election
4 commissioners shall cause a brief statement of the same to be printed on the
5 State ballots, and the words "Yes" or "No" under the same, so that the
6 elector may indicate his preference by stamping at the place designated in
7 in front of either word.

8 If the question is required by law to be voted on by the electors of any
9 district or division of the State, the board or boards of election com-
10 missioners of the county or counties, including or included in such divi-
11 sion or district, shall cause similar provision to be made on the local
12 ballots. In case any elector shall not indicate his preference by stamping in
13 front of either word, the ballot as to such question shall be void and
14 shall not be counted.

§ 50. All affidavits provided in this act to be used on the days of registra-
2 tion and on the days of election at the several polling places shall, at the
3 close of the count on election day, be placed in a strong paper bag, or
4 envelope, by the election board and securely sealed by them, each member
5 endorsing his name on the back of such bag or envelope. Such bag or
6 envelope shall be delivered within three days after the election, by the
7 inspector, to the clerk of the circuit court of the county, whose duty
8 it shall be to carefully preserve the same, and deliver it, with the seal
9 unbroken, to the foreman of the grand jury when next in session. It shall
10 be the duty of such grand jury to inquire into the truth or falsity of
11 such affidavits.

§ 51. In all villages and cities which have adopted or shall hereafter
2 adopt an act entitled "An act regulating the holding of elections and
3 declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in

4 this State," approved June 19, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, the duties which
 5 are on the day of election herein required to be performed by the inspector
 6 and judges, shall be performed by the three judges appointed by the elec-
 7 tion commissioners as therein provided.

§ 52. When any township or county holds an election at a time other
 2 than the time of the general election, such election shall be held in conform-
 3 ity with the provisions of this act, and all county or local officers who are
 4 required to perform any duties in connection with the general election shall
 5 perform the same duties in connection with a special or local election,
 6 subject to the same provisions and penalties herein prescribed in case of
 7 general elections.

§ 53. When any village or city shall hold an election at any time other
 2 than the time of a general election, such election shall be held in
 3 conformity with the provisions of this act, except the duties herein
 4 required of the county clerk shall be performed by the city or village
 5 clerk, the duties herein required of the board of supervisors or county
 6 commissioners shall be performed by the city council in cities and by the
 7 board of trustees in villages; the duties of the sheriff shall be performed by
 8 the city or village marshal or chief of police, and the rights of nomina-
 9 tion of election officers by political parties shall be exercised by the chair-
 10 man of the village or city committees of such parties, if any such there be.
 11 Village and city officers are hereby required to perform the various duties
 12 herein prescribed for the county officers in whose stead they act, subject to
 13 the same penalties and provisions herein prescribed as to such county offi-
 14 cers.

§ 54. All election days shall be legal holidays throughout the district
 2 or municipality in which the election is had.

ARTICLE V.

Section 1. Section 71 of an act entitled "An act in regard to elections,
 2 and to provide for the filling of vacancies in elective offices," approved
 3 April 3, 1872, shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 71. Within seven days after the close of the election, the county
 2 board of election commissioners of the several counties shall open the
 3 returns and make abstracts of the votes in the following manner, as the
 4 case may require:

5 Of votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, on one sheet.

6 Of votes for other State officers, on another sheet.

7 Of votes for Presidential electors, on another sheet.

8 Of votes for Representatives for Congress, on another sheet.

9 Of votes for Judges of the Supreme Court, on another sheet.

10 Of votes for Clerks of the Supreme Court, on another sheet.

11 Of votes for Judges of the Circuit Court, on another sheet.

12 Of votes for Senators and Representatives for the General Assembly, on
 13 another sheet.

14 Of votes for members of the State Board of Equalization, on another
 15 sheet.

16 Of votes for county officers, on another sheet.

17 The foregoing abstract shall be preserved by the county clerk in his office.

§ 2. Also, section 78 of said act shall be amended to read as fol-
 2 lows:

Section 78. The State board of election commissioners shall proceed within
 2 twenty days after the election, and sooner if all the returns are received,
 3 to canvass the votes given for representatives for congress, judges of the
 4 supreme court, clerks of the supreme court, judges of the circuit court,
 5 senators, representatives to the General Assembly and members of the State
 6 Board of Equalization, respectively, and the persons having the highest
 7 number of votes for the respective offices shall be declared duly elected; but
 8 if it appears that more than the number of persons to be elected have the
 9 highest and an equal number of votes for the same office, the Secretary of
 10 State in the presence of the members of the State board of election com-
 11 missioners, shall decide by lot which of said persons shall be elected, and

12 to each person duly elected, the Governor shall give a certificate of election
 13 or a commission as the case may require, and shall cause proclamation to
 14 be made of the result of the canvass: *Provided, however,* that nothing herein
 15 contained shall be construed as repealing an act entitled "An act regulat-
 16 ing the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, vil-
 17 lages and incorporated towns in this State," approved June 19, 1885: *Pro-*
 18 *vided, further,* that sections 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 13 and 18 of article IV of said act
 19 are hereby repealed, and sections 1, 3, 8, 19 and 21 of said article IV of said
 20 act shall be amended, and said article IV as amended shall be in full force
 21 and effect after July 1, 1891, in such cities, villages and incorporated towns
 22 in this State which have, prior to said date of July 1, 1891, adopted said
 23 act.

Section 1 shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. The election polls shall be opened at eight o'clock in the morn-
 2 ing, and continue open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of the same
 3 day, at which time the polls shall be closed, and if any judge or clerk shall
 4 be behind time for fifteen minutes after the time for opening such polls, he
 5 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor under this act and punished accordingly.
 6 No judge or clerk shall absent himself to exceed five minutes at any time,
 7 until the ballots are all cast and counted and returns made, except one at
 8 a time of such judges or clerks may absent himself for sufficient time to
 9 cast his vote in the precinct where he belongs. And when absent for any
 10 cause, said judge or clerk shall authorize some one of the same political
 11 party with himself to act for him until his return.

Section 3 shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 3. Before voting begins the ballot box shall be empty, and shall
 2 be opened and shown to those present to be empty, and it shall not be
 3 removed from the public view from the time when it is shown to be empty
 4 to the close of the polls. It shall thereupon be securely locked and a key

5 shall be given to each of two judges who are in politics opposite to each
 6 other, and shall not be again open to the close of the polls. The judges of
 7 election shall each be held guilty of misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be
 8 fined a thousand dollars, if such ballot box shall not be kept constantly
 9 in public view during the progress of the election, unless it shall be shown
 10 by such judge that he protested against such obstruction of the view of
 11 the ballot box, and was overruled by a majority of the judges. If any barri-
 12 cade or other obstruction of any kind shall be, prior to or during such
 13 election, interposed, so that all who desire cannot constantly see said ballot
 14 box, it shall be the duty of such judges to remove such obstruction, on
 15 their own motion, and if such obstruction shall not be removed on request
 16 it shall be the duty of any sheriff, constable or police officer to remove the
 17 same on request, and such judges shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and
 18 liable to a penalty of a thousand dollars, on conviction, for not removing the
 19 same on demand, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than
 20 six months nor more than two years. Any judges or justice of the peace
 21 shall have jurisdiction, on complaint, to issue a warrant to any sheriff or
 22 constable of the county, to remove such obstruction as a nuisance, and in
 23 executing such warrant he may call any person to his assistance, and no
 24 other officer of the law or private individual shall interpose or interfere with
 25 such removal, and if he does, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on
 26 conviction, shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than sixty nor
 27 more than ninety days.

Section 19 shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 19. The poll books which contain two of the several statements
 2 of returns shall be placed in the ballot box, and the ballot box shall then
 3 be locked and the keys removed; whereupon, said judges of election shall
 4 all write their names upon a strip of paper of sufficient length for the fol-
 5 lowing purpose: Said strip of paper, after the signing of their names thereon

6 by the said judges, shall then be pasted over one of the key holes in said
7 ballot box, and extending upward to the upper rim of the box and carried
8 for some distance over the top, and it shall be placed in such a way that
9 the signatures of said judges shall extend across the place of the opening
10 of the lid of the box, so that when the box is opened, it shall tear the
11 paper and destroy the signatures written thereon, and so that when the
12 key shall be inserted in the key hole, it shall tear the paper so pasted over
13 the key hole; such paper shall be fastened with sealing wax or by some other
14 adhesive material which will not permit the removal of such slip of paper
15 without defacing the same.

Section 20 shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 20. Thereupon, one of the judges of election shall take charge
2 of said ballot box and its contents so enclosed, and one of the judges who
3 shall represent the opposite political party from the one taking the ballot
4 box shall receive and hold the keys thereto; the two judges who do not
5 have charge of the ballot box shall each take one of the statements of the
6 votes cast into his possession, sealed up in the envelopes as afore-
7 said; and each of the clerks shall take one of the tally
8 sheets sealed up in the envelope as aforesaid; thereupon, be-
9 fore separating, the remaining ballots shall be destroyed, and the
10 meeting of said judges and clerks shall then be dissolved. Thereupon, and
11 before twelve o'clock of the day after such election, the judges having
12 possession of such ballot box shall deliver the same, with its contents as
13 aforesaid, to the board of election commissioners, with the seal unbroken,
14 and shall receive a receipt therefor, and within the same period of time
15 the judge having possession of such keys shall deliver the same to said
16 board of commissioners and receive a receipt therefor, and the two judges
17 not having possession of the ballot box and the two clerks shall each be-
18 fore twelve o'clock of the next day after such election deliver the state-

19 ments and tallies so in their possession, respectively, to the respective offi-
 20 cers to whom addressed, as aforesaid, and who, by this act, are entitled to
 21 receive the same, and when delivered each one shall take a receipt from
 22 the officer to whom delivered, and none of them shall receive pay for their
 23 services as such judges or clerks without the production of the receipts so
 24 given them by the officers aforesaid. It shall be the duty of the respective
 25 officers so designated, to whom such statements and tallies are ordered to
 26 delivered, to receive the same, and to safely keep, under lock and key,
 27 until ordered to be surrendered, as hereinafter provided.

Section 21 shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 21. The said board of election commissioners, upon the receipt
 2 or the ballot box and the keys thereto, shall note the condition of the seal
 3 or stamp on said box, and enter the fact touching the same on a book, to
 4 be kept by them, together with the name of the officer who returned such
 5 ballot box; they shall thereupon open the said ballot box and remove the
 6 poll books containing the returns of the votes cast, and note upon the same
 7 memorandum book their condition, and shall put them in a secure place
 8 under lock and key, to which the public in no event shall have access.

§ 3. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this
 2 act are hereby repealed *pro tanto*: *Provided, however*, that nothing in this
 3 act contained shall impair the effect of any such act as to any offense com-
 4 mitted under existing laws: *And provided, further*, that the provisions of this
 5 act shall not apply to any election to be held prior to the first Monday of
 6 July, 1891, and all elections to be held prior to the first Monday of July,
 7 A. D. 1891, shall be held and conducted under the provisions of the laws
 8 now in force, and all elections to be held after the first Monday of July,
 9 A. D. 1891, shall be provided for and held under the provisions of this act.

§ 4. The Secretary of State is hereby directed to mail to the county
 2 clerk of each of the counties of this State, sufficient copies of this act prior

3 to the first day of July, A. D. 1891, and it shall be the duty of each of the
4 county clerks, on receiving said copies, to forthwith deliver one copy of
5 the same to each of the members of the board of supervisors or county
6 commissioners in his county, and one copy to every city or village clerk
7 within his county, and one copy to each of the chairmen of each of the
8 political parties in his county.

1. Introduced by Mr. Allison, February 7, 1891.
2. Read by title February 7, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Corporations.

A BILL

For an act regulating the charges of telegraph companies and fixing a penalty
for its violation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*

2 *in the General Assembly.* That no individual, company or corporation now or
3 hereafter owning, controlling or operating any telegraph line or lines in
4 this State shall be allowed to charge or collect for the transmitting of mes-
5 sages over such line or lines from one point or station to another within
6 this State more than fifteen cents for the first ten words or more than one-
7 half of one cent for each additional word.

§ 2. Any individual, firm or corporation, operator, agent or other person
2 who shall charge, collect or receive for transmitting any message any sum
3 in excess of the rates fixed by this act, or shall refuse to receive or trans-
4 mit any such message from any party or parties who may apply for such
5 service, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction
6 thereof, be fined any sum not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more
7 than two hundred dollars (\$200). The fines herein provided for may be re-
8 covered in an action of debt in the name of the people of the State of
9 Illinois. Said action may be brought at the instance of the State's at-
10 torney in the county in which the offense was committed, or at the instance
11 of any party aggrieved.

§ 3. In all actions brought under the provisions of this act in which
2 counsel other than the State's attorney shall be employed by any per-
3 son aggrieved to bring and prosecute the same, a reasonable attorney's fee
4 shall be fixed by the court when the case is heard, which shall be taxed as
5 a part of the costs in the case and which shall be paid by the defendant,
6 in case of conviction.

§ 4. All fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall be
2 paid into the school fund of the county in which the suit is tried, by the
3 person collecting the same, to be used for school purposes.

1. Introduced by Mr. O'Loughlin February 9, 1891
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education

A BILL

For an act to amend section two of article six of "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved May 21, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly* That in all school districts having a population of not less than one thousand and not over one hundred thousand inhabitants, and not governed by any special act in relation to free schools now in force, there may be elected instead of the directors provided by law in other districts a board of education to consist of a president of the board of education, six members and three additional members for every additional ten thousand inhabitants. Whenever additional members of such board of education are to be elected by reason of increased population of such district, such members shall be elected on the third Saturday of April succeeding the ascertaining of such increase by any special or general census, and the notice of such election shall designate the term for which the members are to be elected so that one-third of the board shall be elected for each year: *Provided*, that in no case shall said board consist of more than fifteen members.

1. Introduced by Mr. Tyler, February 9, 1891.
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Railroads.

A BILL

For an act to indemnify the employes of railroad companies and other corporations in cases of damage resulting from the negligence or incompetency of co-employe or co-employees of such companies or other corporations.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That all railroad companies or other corporations
3 doing business in this State shall be liable for and shall pay to any and all
4 employes of said companies or other corporations all damages that may re-
5 sult from the negligence or incompetency of any co-employe or co-employees
6 of such companies or other corporations, in the same manner and to the
7 same extent as such companies or other corporations would be to persons
8 not in their employ.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Graham February 9, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act concerning Canada and other thistles, and to repeal "An act concerning Canada thistles," approved and in force March 15, 1872, together with the amendment, approved June 27, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That there shall be appointed by the county com-
3 missioners in counties not under township organization, for each township,
4 or election precinct, and by the city council of any city, and by the
5 trustees of any town or village, as the case may be, some competent person,
6 to be styled commissioner of Canada and other thistles, who shall take the
7 oath required of township officers and shall hold office for the term of
8 three years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, and he shall
9 receive for his compensation the sum of one dollar and fifty cents for each
10 full day necessarily spent in the performance of his duty, and also the sum
11 of twenty-five cents for each notice served, and the sum of ten cents for
12 each copy thereof mailed or posted as hereinafter provided, which shall be
13 verified by affidavit: *Provided,* that in the serving of notices no per diem
14 shall be charged. The board of appointment may at any time, for good
15 cause, remove the commissioner and appoint his successor to serve the re-

16 maining part of the time. The commissioner of highways, who is not the
 17 president or treasurer of the board of highway commissioners under town-
 18 ship organization, shall be ex-officio commissioner of Canada and other
 19 thistles.

§ 2. The commissioner of Canada and other thistles shall diligently in-
 2 quire concerning the existence and growth of the same in his district; he
 3 shall take charge of all that may be growing in the highways, and shall
 4 cut and destroy them that they do not go to seed or otherwise spread, and
 5 shall carefully seek and learn, as far as practicable, the best methods for
 6 their extermination, and shall persistently apply in proper time such reme-
 7 dies or treatment as he may think best to prevent their spread and to
 8 eradicate them.

§ 3. Canada and other thistles growing on any public or private lands
 2 in the State on and after the first day of June of each year, hereafter, are
 3 hereby declared "public nuisances," and shall be abated in the following
 4 manner:

§ 4. In case such thistles are found growing on enclosed or vacant lands
 2 the commissioners shall serve or cause to be served written notices upon the
 3 owner, agent or occupant thereof, if they or any of them shall be found or
 4 reside in the county in which said land is situated; should the owner or
 5 agent, or either of them, reside in the State, but not in the county, or
 6 should both of them be non-residents, or should the owner or agent be un-
 7 known, then notice may be served by posting three copies on or near the
 8 said land and by mailing a copy to the owner or agent, if on diligent in-
 9 quiry their residence can be found. Infants, idiots, insane or distracted
 10 persons may be served by serving the guardian or conservator in the same
 11 manner as owners are served, and in case there is no guardian or conservator
 12 then by serving the person with whom the idiot, insane or distracted person
 13 resides. Such notice may be in the following form:

14 To.....owner (as the case may be), you are hereby notified

15 that there are growing on the following described lands (here describe the
 16 land) Canada (as the case may be) thistles, which by law are declared to be
 17 a nuisance, and which you must abate on or before the tenth of June, and
 18 continue to abate during the months of June, July and August, after
 19 date of this notice. Dated.....18.. Which notice shall be signed
 20 by the commissioner and served or posted and mailed as heretofore required
 21 not earlier than the 15th day of May and not later than the 1st day of June
 22 of each year.

§ 5. If the owner of said lands shall fail to comply with the requirements
 2 of said notice as therein provided, said owner shall be subject to a fine of
 3 not less than five nor more than one hundred dollars; said fine may
 4 be recovered, with cost of suit against said owner, before any justice
 5 of the peace or other court having jurisdiction in the county in which said
 6 land is situated, by suit in the name of the commissioner of Canada and
 7 other thistles, and said person shall be committed until the fine and costs are
 8 fully paid or he is otherwise discharged according to law. Said fine when col-
 9 lected shall be applied to the use of the road in which said land is situated.

§ 6. If the thistles in the notice required by section four (4) of this act
 2 shall not be removed or destroyed on or before the time fixed by said notice
 3 then the commissioner is authorized to and shall immediately enter upon
 4 said lands and cause the extermination of the thistles as above provided.
 5 The commissioner is authorized to employ one or more persons to assist him,
 6 if necessary, to exterminate said thistles, before the seeding time thereof,
 7 for which the commissioner shall receive as additional fees the sum of one
 8 dollar and fifty cents per day for each person so employed: *Provided*, the
 9 cost and expenses on any one tract shall not exceed the sum of one hun-
 10 dred dollars, without the advice and consent in writing of the supervisor
 11 or of the county commissioners, which advice and consent shall be noted on
 12 the notices and copies provided for in section four (4) of this act, before

13 such notices are served as therein provided, in which case the cost and ex-
14 penses shall not exceed the sum of two hundred dollars.

§ 7. All costs and expenses that may be incurred by said commissioner
2 for labor and material, as above provided, may be reported under oath to
3 the county commissioners or supervisors or to the city council, town or
4 village trustees (as the case may be), who shall return the same as delin-
5 quent tax against the land on which said Canada or other thistles were exter-
6 minated, which shall be collected as other tax, or the same may be sued for
7 by the commissioner, in the name of said commissioner, before any court of
8 competent jurisdiction in the county in which said land is situated. Said
9 money when collected, either by tax or by suit, as above provided, shall be
10 paid to the treasurer of the county, city, town, village or township, as the
11 case may be.

§ 8. Any commissioner of Canada or other thistles, refusing or neglecting
2 to perform his duties as prescribed by this act, shall be subject to a fine of
3 not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars for each offense, said
4 fine to be sued for in any court of competent jurisdiction, in the name of
5 the county, city, village or town whose officer he is, on complaint of any
6 land owner residing within the district of said commissioner. Said fine
7 when collected to be paid by the proper authorities, to become a part of the
8 common fund of the county, city, village or town in whose name said suit
9 was begun.

§ 9. The commissioner shall annually, before the first day of November,
2 make a written report to the supervisor of the town in which he was elected
3 or to the authorities by which he was appointed (as the case may be). The
4 said report shall state the number of notices served, the amount of labor
5 and material furnished, and the cost of same and where the same was ap-
6 plied and any other information he may have on the subject.

§ 10. The county commissioners, city council, village or town trustees or
2 board of town auditors (as the case may be) shall audit the accounts of the

3 commissioner, both for service rendered and for the money expended for
4 labor and material used in the destruction of thistles, and they shall pro-
5 vide for their payment as they now do for their expenses.

§ 11. An act concerning Canada thistles, approved and in force March 15,
2 1872, together with the act amending the same, approved June 27, 1885, and
3 in force July 1, 1885, is hereby repealed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Enslow, February 9, 1891.
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one of an act entitled "An act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with township insurance companies," approved May 31, 1881, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section one of an act entitled "An act to give
3 contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with township insur-
4 ance companies," approved May 31, 1881, and in force July 1, 1881, be and
5 the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. That it shall be lawful for any township insurance company,
2 already organized or hereafter to be organized, having less than twelve
3 political townships in its organization, to accept or receive into its said
4 organization one or more adjoining congressional or political townships: *Pro-*
5 *vided, however,* such organization shall not in any event embrace more than
6 twelve such townships.

1. Introduced by Mr. Denham, February 9, 1891.
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

To amend clause eightieth of section one (1), article five (V) of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That clause eightieth (80th) of section one (1), article five (V) of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," be amended so it shall read as follows:

Eightieth—To regulate, restrain and prohibit the running at large of horses, cattle, swine, sheep, goats, geese and dogs, and to impose a tax on dogs: *Provided, however,* that no domestic animals shall be permitted to run at large in any city or village where the county, township or precinct in which such city or village is located has prohibited by vote domestic animals from running at large.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon, of Lee, February 9, 1891.
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section 53, article 9, of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, as amended.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section 53 of article 9 of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, be amended to read as follows:

Section 53. Whenever any city or village shall apply to any court for the purpose of making just compensation for property taken or damaged by such proceedings as are authorized by this act, such city or village may file in the same proceedings a supplemental petition, praying the court to cause that an assessment be made for the purpose of raising the amount necessary to pay the compensation and damages which may be or shall have been awarded for the property taken or damaged, with the costs of the proceeding. The said court shall have power, at any time after such supplemental petition shall have been filed, to appoint three commissioners to make such assessment and to ascertain, as near as may be, the costs incurred to the time of such appointment, and the probable further costs of the proceedings, including therein the estimated costs of making and collecting such assessment; and shall direct such cost to be included by such commissioners in making said assessment. Like proceedings in making said assessment shall be had, and the assessment shall be made, collected and enforced in the

16 same manner, as near as may be, as is provided in this article in other cases:
17 *Provided, however,* in all proceedings heretofore commenced, where the prop-
18 erty has not been fully paid for, and wherein final judgment has been en-
19 tered, said city or village shall take and pay for the lands sought to be
20 taken or damaged within one year after this act shall take effect, and in all
21 proceedings that shall hereafter be commenced or now pending, and in which
22 final judgment shall be entered, said city or village shall take and pay for
23 the lands sought to be taken or damaged within two years after the entry
24 of judgment in such condemnation proceedings. And after the expiration
25 of such time the court, in which the proceedings may have been had, upon
26 a motion of any person interested in the lands, may enquire in a summary
27 manner whether the lands, in which such person is interested, have been
28 taken or damaged and paid for; and if the court finds that such lands have
29 not been taken or damaged and not been paid for, it shall enter an order
30 requiring the city or village to pay for such lands within a short day to be
31 fixed by the court; and in default thereof shall dismiss such proceedings
32 as far as they relate to lands of such person. If, however, the court finds
33 that such city or village has taken possession of the land, and has not paid
34 therefor, it shall enter an order requiring such city or village to pay the
35 amount of the condemnation judgment, with interest from the time of such
36 taking, within a short day to be fixed by the court. And in default thereof
37 to dismiss the proceedings and enter a several judgment in favor of such
38 land owners for interest from the day of such taking and direct the issue
39 of a writ of possession in favor of the several owners or their legal repre-
40 sentatives or grantees respectively. And such dismissal, as aforesaid, shall
41 operate as bar to further proceedings under such ordinance against the
42 lands affected by such dismissal. And every such cause shall be considered
43 as pending in the court in which the same has been or shall be commenced
44 until all the lands sought to be taken are paid for, or until the proceedings
45 are dismissed where the lands have not been taken.

1. Introduced by Mr. Garrett, February 9, 1891.
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on License.

A BILL

For an act concerning saloon license.

1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That each and every liquor saloon paying license
3 within the limits of each county shall pay one-third ($\frac{1}{3}$) of the license
4 annually paid by them into the county treasury, to be used in defraying
5 the expense of keeping the paupers in the county.

1. Introduced by Mr. Dixon of Warren, February 9, 1891.
2. Read by title February 9, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an act to provide a uniform system of text books for the public schools of the State, and to provide penalties for the violation of the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the Governor is hereby required to appoint a
3 commission of four competent persons, citizens of this State, two from each
4 of the two political parties casting the highest number of votes at the last
5 preceding State election, who shall be chosen with special reference to their
6 literary and business qualifications, as well as a practical knowledge of the
7 public school system of this State, who shall be known as the Illinois
8 School Book Commission. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction
9 shall be ex-officio a member of the commission and president thereof, and a
10 majority of said commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
11 of business. The term of office of said commission shall be five years, un-
12 less otherwise provided by law.

§ 2. Said commission shall within twenty days after these appointments,
2 and on a certain date to be named in the notification of appointment as
3 aforesaid, meet in the city of Springfield and qualify by taking an oath of
4 office to faithfully perform the duties as hereinafter required.

§ 3. The said Illinois School Book Commission shall, immediately after
2 its organization, proceed to advertise, in any manner it may deem most
3 advantageous, for the lowest and best bids from all reliable publishing

4 houses in the United States, at which any such publishing house or houses
 5 will furnish any one or more of their standard school text books, for use
 6 in the public schools in this State, for a period of not less than five years;
 7 and it shall require each such bid to be accompanied with a sample copy of
 8 the book or books on which the bid is submitted.

§ 4. Said commission shall, at the expiration of the time allowed by said
 2 advertisement for filing bids, convene at the office of the president thereof,
 3 in the city of Springfield, and proceed at once to open said bids and
 4 examine said books accompanying same, and select from said bids and
 5 samples a list of books to be contracted for: *Provided*, the commission shall
 6 have authority to reject any and all bids.

§ 5. If any of said bids be satisfactory to the commission, then it shall
 2 proceed to select the cheapest and best course of text books, to-wit: Chart,
 3 reading, spelling, arithmetic, geography, history, English grammar, civil
 4 government, physiology and penmanship: *Provided, always*, that all of said
 5 books so selected shall be printed in the English language, and such other
 6 books of higher grade as may be taught in the graded schools in conformity
 7 with the laws of this State.

§ 6. Said commission shall require of all publishers submitting bids as
 2 aforesaid to specify two prices, (1) the contract price, and (2) the mailing
 3 price at which they propose to furnish said books; and the commission upon
 4 its acceptance of any one or more of such bids shall forthwith, and with
 5 the aid of the Attorney General, enter into a contract or contracts in the
 6 name of the State of Illinois, with such publishing house or houses, whose
 7 bid or bids shall have been accepted, fully and clearly setting out the
 8 terms of the agreement, and shall require of each such publishing
 9 house or houses so contracting to file with the Secretary of State a
 10 good and sufficient bond for the faithful performance of said contract or
 11 contracts.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the president of the commission to carefully

2 lable and file away all sample copies of the books so furnished, as herein-
3 before provided, and for which a contract shall have been entered into as
4 herein specified, which shall be securely kept as a standard of quality and
5 excellence to be maintained in such books during the continuance of said
6 contract.

§ 8. The commission shall complete its work herein provided for within
2 sixty days after the date of its appointment, and it shall not be in actual
3 session more than thirty days, and the members of said commission, other
4 than the president, shall receive while in actual session a compensation of
5 \$10 per diem and necessary traveling expenses incurred in the performance
6 of their duties, and they shall be allowed one clerk at a salary of not to
7 exceed \$3.50 per diem, which shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of
8 the funds hereinafter appropriated for that purpose, upon vouchers signed
9 by the Governor and president of the commission.

§ 9. After the commission shall have entered upon such contract or con-
2 tracts, and shall have discharged all the duties as are herein provided for,
3 then it shall be the special duty of the president of said commission to see
4 that all the provisions of said contract or contracts are faithfully carried
5 out: *Provided*, said commission may be reconvened at any time by the
6 Governor, when in his judgment and in the judgment of the president of the
7 commission, an emergency exists requiring such a meeting for fully carrying
8 out the provisions of this act, and if so convened shall receive the same com-
9 pensation as provided in section 3 of this act.

§ 10. In case of a vacancy by death, resignation or otherwise in said com-
2 mission, such vacancy shall be filled by the Governor within twenty days
3 in the same manner as prescribed in section 1 of this act.

§ 11. From and after the first day of September, 1891, no text book other
2 than such as are hereinbefore provided for by this act shall be used or taught
3 in any public school within this State.

§ 12. Any school director or board of school directors of any school dis-

2 trict within this State who shall or permit any other text book or books to be
 3 used in any public school of such district, after the date hereinbefore spec-
 4 ified in section 11, other than such as are authorized by this act shall be
 5 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined
 6 not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 for each offense.

§ 13. In carrying out the provisions of this act it shall be the duty of
 2 the president of the commission to arrange, in convenient form, copies of
 3 instruction containing a copy of this law, and a complete list of all text
 4 books contracted for as aforesaid, giving both the contract price and the
 5 mailing price of each book, with the address of the publisher, and instruc-
 6 tions for procuring the same in sufficient numbers, and shall distribute the
 7 same to the county superintendent of schools of the various counties of the
 8 State, and the said county superintendenss are hereby required to distribute
 9 at least two copies of the same to the clerk of each school district in his
 10 county, and said clerk shall file one copy with the teacher of the school for
 11 his use.

§ 14. All book dealers and merchants, and any resident of this State, are
 2 hereby authorized to purchase any book or books contracted for as herein-
 3 before provided at the contract price thereof, and sell the same to the
 4 patrons of the public schools in this State at a price not to exceed ten per
 5 cent. above the contract price thereof, and any person or dealer who shall
 6 sell or offer to sell to any resident of this State any book or books named
 7 in said contract for a higher price than above specified shall be deemed
 8 guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more
 9 than \$50 for each offense, which fine shall go to the public school fund of
 10 the county: *Provided*, that any such person or dealer ordering by request
 11 a single book or a small package of books may be allowed to charge the
 12 person making such request an amount equal to the extra necessary ex-
 13 penses of transportation in addition to the ten per cent. herein provided
 14 for.

§ 15. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act there is
2 hereby appropriated out of the general fund of this State the sum of
3 of \$4,000, or so much thereof as may be required for the purpose of this
4 act.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Curtiss, February 12, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.
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A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled "An act in regard to roads, highways and bridges under township organization," approved June 23, 1883.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That the commissioners of highways in the several
3 towns of this State, under township organization, shall divide their respective
4 towns into as many road districts as they shall deem convenient, by writing
5 under their hands, to be lodged with the town clerk, and by him to be
6 entered in the town book. Such division to be made unnuually if they shall
7 deem it necessary, and in all cases to be made at least ten days before the
8 annual town meeting.

1. Introduced by Mr. Edmunds, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend six (6) of an act entitled "An act to encourage the propagation and cultivation and to secure the protection of fishes in all waters of this State," approved May 31, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as amended by an act approved June 3, 1889.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section six (6) of an act entitled "An act to encourage the propagation and cultivation and to secure the protection of fishes in all waters of this State," approved May 31, 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as amended by an act approved June 3, 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so that the following section shall be substituted for and in place of said section six (6):

"Section 6. That it shall be unlawful for any person to catch or kill any fish with any seine or any other device used as a seine, in or upon any of the rivers, creeks, streams, ponds, lakes, sloughs, bayous or other water-courses wholly within or running through the State of Illinois; nor shall the meshes of any weir, basket or trap, or any device used for catching fish in such waters not above prohibited, except for catching minnows for bait, be less than two inches square: *Provided, however,* that seining shall be lawful and allowed between the first day of July in each year and the first day of April in the following year with seines, the meshes of which

10 shall not be less than two inches square, in such rivers or streams as are
11 used for navigation wholly within the State, and not above or beyond any
12 private or corporate dam on said rivers or streams, and also in the navi-
13 gable bays or lakes connected with such navigable streams; also in navi-
14 gable bays or lakes or any of the bays or lakes that at any time during the
15 year could be used for navigable purposes, and are at any time during the
16 year connected with the navigable rivers or streams wholly within the
17 State, or connected with any of the rivers flowing between the State of Ill-
18 inois and other States, where said State of Illinois has jurisdiction, permit-
19 ting seining between the times, as provided by law, in any of said bays and
20 lakes; and if at any other time said bays or lakes do not flow into said
21 rivers and streams, seining will be privileged and allowed in said lakes:
22 *Provided*, also, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to lakes,
23 ponds or pools constructed for private purposes.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ellsworth, February 12, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an act to amend an act entitled 'An act to revise and consolidate the several acts relating to the protection of game and for the protection of deer, wild fowl and birds,' approved May 14, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, providing for the absolute protection of quail for two years and imposing penalty for its violation.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful to kill, trap, net, ensnare or destroy, or to make any attempt to kill, trap, net, ensnare or destroy quail, for two years after the taking of effect of this act.

§ 2. On proof of any violation of this act, the person offending shall be fined not less than five (5) dollars nor more than twenty-five (25) dollars and costs of suit; such fine when collected, shall be paid into the school fund of the county where the offense is committed.

§ 3. All act and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

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1. Introduced by Ellsworth, February 12, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Sanitary Affairs.

A BILL

For an act to prohibit the running of slop or other offal of any distillery, brewery, starch factory and glucose factory, and other substance or material into any stream, creek, lake or pond in this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly*, That it shall be unlawful for any person, persons, firm, company or corporation to run or dump or allow to be run or dumped the slop or other offal of any distillery, brewery, starch factory or glucose factory, or the offal of any cattle, barns or sheds contiguous thereto or thereunto attached, or any other substance or material, which is detrimental to or destructive of the life of fish, into any stream, creek, lake or pond in the State of Illinois, or which would render the waters of the same unfit for sanitary use.

§ 2. The penalty for any violation of this act, shall be a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1000). Such fine when collected, to be paid to the school fund of the county where such offense has been committed,

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1. Introduced by Mr. Erickson, February 12, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.
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A BILL

For an act to amend section one hundred and twenty-five (125) of an act entitled
“An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of
taxes,” approved March 30, 1872, as amended by an act approved June 2,
1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That section one hundred and twenty-five (125) of an
3 act entitled “An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and
4 collection of taxes,” approved March 30, 1872, as amended by an act
5 approved June 2, 1881, be and the same is hereby further amended to read as
6 follows:

“Section 125. The respective county clerks shall cause the collectors’
2 books to be properly ruled for the several classes of property, providing for
3 each class three columns for values, the first to show the assessed valua-
4 tion, the second to show the valuation as corrected and equalized by the
5 county board, and the third to show the valuation as equalized or assessed
6 by the State board of equalization, said books to contain proper columns
7 for the extention of the several kinds of taxes and other purposes, and to
8 contain proper columns to insert opposite each piece, lot or tract of land
9 any sales made of the same for taxes or special assessments for the two

10 preceding years not cancelled, and in said columns the county clerk shall
11 so insert such information, and the several collectors shall stamp, or
12 cause to be stamped, upon all receipts given for taxes the information in
13 said column, to be known as the tax 'sale column.'"

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1. Introduced by Mr. Faires, February 12, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an act to amend the revenue law.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That it shall be the duty of assessors in all counties
3 of this State in assessing property, real or personal, to ascertain from the
04 owner or owners thereof the amount of mortgage indebtedness thereon, and
5 after placing a fair valuation on said property, the amount of said indebted-
6 ness shall be deducted from said valuation and assessed accordingly. .

1. Introduced by Mr. Ferns February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on County and Township Organization.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections three (3) and seven (7) of article seven of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, as amended by an act approved June 27, 1885, in force July 1, 1885.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections three (3) and seven (7) of article seven (7) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, as amended by an act approved June 27, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 3. The moderator so chosen, the supervisor and assessor of the town shall be ex-officio judges of all elections held at the time of the annual or any special town meetings. They shall take an oath faithfully and impartially to discharge their duties, and shall have the same powers and be subjected to the same penalties as other judges of election. When more than one place is provided in the town for the reception of votes, the said judges shall act at the polling place where the miscellaneous business of the town is transacted. If the supervisor or assessor shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, the electors present shall select some qualified elector to act as judge in place of the one so absent or refusing to act, and the person so chosen

11 shall take the same oath, have the same powers, and be subjected to the
12 same penalties as the other judges."

"Section 7. The town shall supply a suitable ballot box or boxes to be
2 kept and used in like manner as ballot boxes in other elections. Incorporated
3 towns or incorporated villages whose limits are co-extensive with the
4 limits of a town, or in any organized town when the number of voters at
5 the last preceding general election exceeded three hundred, the county
6 board may require one or more additional ballot boxes and places for the
7 reception of votes to be provided, which places shall be selected with refer-
8 ence to the convenience of the electors of the town, and shall designate at
9 which of said polling places the town clerk shall act as clerk of election;
10 and such polling place, when so designated, shall be the place for transact-
11 ing the miscellaneous business of the town. And when several places are
12 so provided, the electors present shall choose from their number one
13 assistant moderator, and one assistant clerk for each additional ballot box,
14 to receive the votes therein, who shall take the same oath, and be subject
15 to the same penalties as other judges of election, and shall be under the
16 direction of the moderator, supervisor and assessor. At the closing of the
17 polls all the said ballot boxes shall be brought together at the polling place
18 where the town clerk acts as clerk of the election, and the votes shall be
19 canvassed at the same time and in the same manner, and return thereof
20 made the same as if all the votes had been cast in the same ballot box.
21 When there shall be more than one polling place designated in such towns,
22 the general meeting for the transaction of business shall be held at the
23 time hereafter mentioned at the polling place where the town clerk acts as
24 clerk of the town election; or, if there be no town clerk, then at such place
25 as shall be designated by the county clerk. And it shall be the duty of
26 the town clerk, or if there be no town clerk it shall be the duty of the
27 county clerk to post up in three of the most public places in the town, a
28 notice of each of the places in the town where the county board have

29 directed and required the election to be held: *Provided, however,* that the
30 towns which lie wholly within the limits of an incorporated city, and in
31 any town whose territorial limits are co-extensive with the territorial limits
32 of any incorporated city, village or incorporated town, the common council
33 of such city, or the board of trustees of such village or incorporated town,
34 shall divide such towns into election precincts, and designate the voting
35 places in each precinct; and any elector in such towns shall be entitled to
36 vote for town officers only in the precinct in which he may reside. The
37 common council of such city, or the board of trustees of such village or
38 incorporated town, shall also appoint three judges of election for each of
39 such precincts, who may be the same persons as are appointed as judges of
40 an election for city or village officers held on the same day. Such judges
41 of election may choose two clerks of election for each precinct, and such
42 judges and clerks shall take the oath of office now prescribed by the gen-
43 eral election law of the State. The ballots cast at such election for town
44 officers shall be deposited in a separate ballot box, and shall be counted and
45 canvassed by the judges of election separately from any other ballots that
46 may be cast at any other election that may be held on the same day. Said
47 judges of election shall cause to be kept a separate poll list which shall
48 contain the names of all persons voting at such election for town officers,
49 together with their residence. And immediately upon closing the polls
50 they shall canvass the votes polled in the manner provided by the general
51 election law of the State, and make a written statement or certificate of the
52 number of votes cast at such election for each person voted for, and the
53 office for which such person received such votes, and shall, within forty-
54 eight hours thereafter, cause such certificate and the poll list, together
55 with the ballots cast at such election, to be separately sealed up and trans-
56 mitted to the clerk of the town. The supervisor, together with the assessor
57 and collector, shall, within five days thereafter, meet and canvass said re-
58 turns and declare the result of said election. The town meetings to be held

59 in such towns for the transaction of town business, as now provided by
60 law, shall be held at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day at such vot-
61 ing place in such town as the common council of such city or incorporated
62 town may designate, at which meeting a moderator shall be chosen to pre-
63 side, by the electors present, and the town clerk shall act as clerk of said
64 meeting, and shall keep a record of the proceedings thereof."

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 366.

Adopted by the House of Representatives April 21, 1891, ordered printed April 21, 1891.

1. Amend section 3 of printed House Bill No. 366 by inserting after the word "meetings" in line 3 of section 3 the following words, "in towns where there is but one polling place."

2. Amend section 3 of printed bill by striking out all those words commencing with the word "when" in line 5 of section 3, and ending with the word "transacted" in line 8 of section 3 inclusive.

3. Amend printed House Bill by striking out all of section 7.

4. Amend the title to printed bill by striking out of first line of same the following words "and seven (7)."

5. Amend the enacting clause of printed bill by striking out of line 2 in section 1 the following words "and seven (7)."

1. Introduced by Mr. Frentress, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act relating to bonds.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly,* That from and after the passage of this act no at-
3 torney at law shall be permitted to become recognized or give any bond in
4 any criminal action or proceeding in which he shall be interested as attor-
6 ney.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Geher February 12, 1891.
 2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
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A BILL

For an act entitled "An act to amend sections 25 and 26 of chapter 108—
'Penitentiaries,' " so as to read as follows:

In no case shall the commissioners advertise for sealed bids or proposals
2 for the hire of the labor of the convicts in any other branch of labor,
3 except such as may be hereinafter mentioned. The said commissioners are
4 hereby authorized to employ the convicts at the occupation of breaking and
5 preparing stone to be used in the improvement of the public highways; of
6 manufacturing brick and cutting stone to be used in the construction of
7 public buildings, pavements, wharfs and canals. Said commissioners shall
8 not receive bids, or employ the convicts at any labor, or in the production of any
9 material whatsoever, to be used by any private business firm, company or
10 corporation, but all material manufactured and produced by the convicts
11 shall be purchased and disposed of through the medium of the public
12 officers of the State, counties or townships who have the affairs of public
13 improvements entrusted to their care; and all material and produce of con-
14 vict labor shall be disposed of at such price as to guarantee the mainte-
15 nance of the Penetentiaries of the State of Illinois: *And provided further,*
16 that this act shall not be construed to affect any existing contract.

1. Introduced by Mr. Griggs, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to amend sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 of an act entitled "An act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 of an act entitled "An act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That it shall be unlawful for any person who is not at the time of the passage of this act, a legal practitioner of dental surgery in this State as shown by the books of the State Board of Dental Examiners, created under the provisions of an act entitled, "An act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois," approved May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, to practice or attempt to practice dentistry in this State, unless such person shall have received a license so to practice from the State Board of Dental Examiners, as hereinafter provided.

Section 2. The Board of Dental Examiners created by an act entitled
2 "An act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery
3 and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois," approved
4 May 30, 1881, in force July 1, 1881, is hereby continued, and the members
5 thereof heretofore appointed shall hold their offices until the close of their
6 respective terms. Their successors shall be appointed by the Governor,
7 annually, for the term of five years, and he shall also fill any vacancy in
8 said board. All such appointments shall be of practicing dentists, and no
9 person who shall be in any manner pecuniarily interested in, or officially
10 connected with any dental college, or dental department of any school or
11 university, shall be appointed a member of said board, and not more than
12 three of the members appointed as herein provided shall belong to the
13 same political party.

Section 3. The duties of said board shall be to carry into effect the
2 purposes and enforce the provisions of this act. It shall have power to
3 make reasonable rules and regulations for this purpose. It shall annually
4 choose one of its members president, and one the secretary thereof, and
5 shall hold regular meetings at least twice in each year, and such other
6 meetings and at such places as it may by its rules provide. It shall be the
7 duty of the board to examine all applicants for registration to grant licenses
8 to practice dentistry to such persons as may be entitled to the same
9 under the provisions of this act, and to cause the prosecution of all persons
10 violating its provisions. The board shall keep full records of its proceedings
11 and of its receipts and disbursements, and a full and accurate list of all
12 persons licensed and registered by said board; and such records and lists
13 shall be public records and at all reasonable times open to public inspection;
14 and a transcript of the same, or any part thereof, under the seal of the
15 board and certified by the secretary, shall at all times and places be competent
16 evidence of the facts herein stated or recited. A sworn statement
17 by the secretary under the seal of the board, that any person is or is not

18 a registered dentist, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is or
19 is not entitled to practice dentistry in this State. The president of the
20 board and its secretary shall have power to administer oaths, and the board
21 to hear testimony, in matters relating to the duties imposed upon it by law.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of every person who, at the time this act
2 shall take effect, is a legal practitioner of dentistry in this State, as shown
3 by the books of registration now kept by said board; and of all persons
4 who thereafter shall be licensed by said board to practice dentistry within
5 six months from the date of the passage of this act, to cause his or her
6 name and residence or place of business to be registered annually with
7 said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose. The fee
8 for every such registration shall be fifty cents.

Section 5. Any person not lawfully entitled to practice dentistry at the
2 time when this act shall take effect, who shall desire to practice dentistry
3 in this State, shall appear before said board for examination with
4 reference to his or her knowledge and skill in dentistry; and if said
5 examination shall satisfy said board that such person possesses suitable
6 qualifications to practice dentistry, it shall issue to such person a license to
7 practice dentistry in accordance with the provisions of this act.

Section 6. Any person desiring to practice dentistry prior to meetings of
2 the board of examiners shall apply to some member of said board for
3 examination with reference to his or her qualifications; and if satisfied that
4 the applicant possesses the necessary qualifications, such member shall issue
5 a temporary license to practice dentistry until the next regular meeting
6 thereafter, and no longer. Said board of dental examiners shall require
7 each person appearing before it for examination for temporary license to
8 pay said board the sum of five dollars for such examination.

Section 7. Any person shall be regarded as practicing dentistry within
2 the meaning of this act who shall perform upon the human teeth, or parts
3 adjacent thereto, any operation or operations as are commonly known and

4 designated as dental operations, or operations in dental surgery, or who
5 shall hold himself or herself out, by means of signs, cards, advertisements or
6 otherwise, as a dentist or dental surgeon.

7 Any legally qualified practitioner of dentistry, or any properly organized
8 and equipped and reputable dental college, or dental department of any
9 reputable school or university, may take into preceptorship a student or
10 students who shall be permitted to perform such operations in the offices or
11 infirmaries of such preceptors and under their immediate supervision, and
12 not otherwise: *Provided*, that nothing in this act shall be construed to
13 prevent any legally qualified resident physician and surgeon from extracting
14 teeth, or to prevent any person from using any domestic remedy or other
15 proper means for the relief of pain in case of an emergency: *And provided*
16 *further*, that nothing contained in section 10 of an act entitled "An act to
17 regulate the practice of medicine in the State of Illinois," approved June 16,
18 1887, in force July 1, 1887, shall be construed to prevent any legally qualified
19 dentist from practicing dentistry in this State.

Section 8. Said board of dental examiners shall require each person ap-
2 pearing before it for examination as aforesaid to pay said board a fee not
3 exceeding ten dollars, which shall in no case be returned to such applicant.
4 which shall entitle him to registration as a practitioner of dentistry in this
5 State for the current or registration year in which said license shall be issued;
6 out of the funds received by said board under the provisions of this act
7 from the fees or penalties provided in this act, the members of said board
8 may receive as compensation the sum of \$5 for each day actually engaged
9 in the duties of their office, and all legitimate and necessary expenses in-
10 curred in attending its meetings, or in the discharge of other official duty.
11 All monies received by the board shall be held by the secretary thereof,
12 subject to the order of said board and for its uses in enforcing the provi-
13 sions of this act; and the secretary shall give such bond as the board may
14 from time to time require. No part of the expenses of the board shall be

15 paid out of the State treasury. Said board shall on the 15th day of De-
16 cember in each year, make an annual report of its acts and proceedings to
17 the Governor, with an account of all monies received and disbursed during
18 the previous year.

Section 9. Any violation of the provisions of this act shall subject the
2 party violating the same to a penalty of not less than \$25 nor more than
3 \$50 for the first offense, and for every subsequent offense not less than
4 \$100 nor more than \$200. All suits for the recovery of the several penalties
5 prescribed in this act shall be prosecuted in the name of the People of the
6 State of Illinois in any court having jurisdiction, and it shall be the duty
7 of the State's attorney of the county where such offense is committed to
8 prosecute all persons violating the provisions of this act, upon proper com-
9 plaint being made. One half of any fines or penalties recovered shall be
10 paid into the common school fund of the county in which the suit shall be
11 brought, and the other half thereof to the secretary of said board for the
12 use thereof: *Provided*, that either party may appeal, in the same time and
13 manner as appeals may be taken in other cases, except that where an ap-
14 peal is prayed in behalf of the people, no appeal bond shall be required to
15 be filed, whether the appeal be from the justice, or from the county or cir-
16 cuit court, or from the appellate court. But it shall be sufficient, in behalf
17 of the People of the State of Illinois, for the use of the board of dental
18 examiners, to pray an appeal, and thereupon an appeal may be had with-
19 out bond or security:

20 *Provided, further*, that no proceeding shall be commenced against any
21 party for failure to annually register, as provided for in section 4, until
22 after such party shall have been served with proper notice of such failure,
23 and the penalty thereby incurred. Each operation performed and each
24 patient treated contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be deemed and
25 held as a separate offense.

Section 10. Any person who shall wilfully and falsely claim or pretend

2 to have or hold a certificate of license or registration of this board, or of
3 any similar board of any other State, or who shall wilfully or falsely, with
4 intent to deceive the public, claim or pretend to be a graduate of or hold
5 a diploma granted by any incorporated dental society or dental college,
6 shall be subject to the penalties provided in section 9 of this act, to be
7 sued for and recovered and paid out as in said section provided.

Section 11. All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby
2 repealed.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 369.

Adopted by the House of Representatives May 25, 1891, ordered printed May 25, 1891.

1. Amend by adding to section one as follows: "*Provided*, that any person who has been regularly engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State for a period of five years at any time prior to the 1st day of July, 1881, shall be allowed to practice dentistry in this State by causing his name and residence or place of business to be registered with the board of examiners in the book required to be kept by the provisions of section four of this act."

2. Amend section 4 by inserting after the word "annually" in line 6 of printed bill the following words: "at such date as may be fixed by said board."

3. Amend section 8 by striking out lines 4 and 5 of printed bill.

1. Introduced by Mr. Hutchings, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to prevent illegal naturalization.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*
2 *in the General Assembly*, That it shall be unlawful for any political party or
3 individual directly or indirectly to contribute any money or any other
4 valuable considerations towards the payment for the naturalization papers
5 of any person or persons.

§ 2. Any violation of this act upon conviction shall be subject to a fine
2 of not less than fifty dollars or more than two hundred dollars or imprison
3 ment in the county jail for not less than six months or more than one
4 year, or both.

1. Introduced by Mr. Kern, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section fourteen of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section fourteen of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 14. The chief executive officer of a city shall be a mayor, who shall be a citizen of the United States, a qualified elector, reside within the city limits and hold his office for two years, and until his successor is elected and qualified: *Provided*, that in cities of more than two hundred thousand inhabitants, the mayor shall hold his office for four years and until his successor is elected and qualified: *Provided also*, that in cities of more than two hundred thousand inhabitants the mayor shall not be eligible to re-election to said office for four years after the expiration of the term for which he shall have been elected.

1. Introduced by Mr. Moore, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an act to amend section one (1) of "An act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section one (1) of "An act to establish a board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. That a commission to be composed of three legal voters in this State, which shall be styled "Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner," shall be elected by the People of this State, at the general election in November, 1892, one of whom shall hold his office for two years, one for four years and one for six years, from the second Monday in January next following their election, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified. They shall decide by lot. after the said election, the terms they respectively are to serve, at the general election in November, 1894, and every two years thereafter there shall be elected one railroad and warehouse commissioner who shall hold his office for six years and until his successor is elected and qualified. The term of office shall commence the second Monday in January next following said election. No person shall be eligible as such commissioner who at the time of entering upon the duties of such

14 office is in any way connected with any railroad company or warehouse, or
15 who is directly or indirectly in any stock, bond or other property of, or is
16 in the employment of any railroad company or warehouseman; and no
17 person elected as such commissioner shall during the term of his office
18 become interested in any stock, bond or other property of any railroad
19 company or warehouse, or in any manner be employed by or connected with
20 any railroad company or warehouse. The Governor shall have power to
21 remove any such commissioner at any time for a failure to perform any of
22 the duties imposed by this act."

1. Introduced by Mr. Padlock February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an act to protect persons and property from danger at the crossings and junctions of railroads by providing a method to compel the interlocking of the same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That in every case where the tracks of two or more railroads cross at a grade in this State, any company owning or operating any one of such tracks whose managers may desire to unite with others in interlocking such crossing, may file with the Railroad and Warehouse Commission a petition stating the facts of the situation, and asking said Railroad and Warehouse Commission to order such crossing to be protected by such interlocking signals, devices and switches, as in the judgment of said commission may be suitable. Said petition shall be accompanied by a plat showing the location of all tracks; and, upon the filing thereof, notice shall be given to each other company or person owning or operating any track involved in such crossing, and the said Railroad and Warehouse Commission shall thereupon view the site of such crossing, and shall, as soon as practicable, appoint a time and place for the hearing of such petition.

§ 2. If the said Railroad and Warehouse Commission shall, from information obtained in any manner, have cause to believe that any such grade

3 crossing, as described in section one of this act, is dangerous to the public
4 or to persons operating trains, and requires interlocking, then it shall be
5 the duty of the said commission, without any petition, and of its own
6 motion, to cite the several companies or persons owning or operating the
7 railway tracks forming such crossing, to come before said commission at
8 such time and place as may be named, and show cause why they should
9 not be required to provide such crossing with interlocking appliances.

§ 3. At the time and place named for hearing under any petition filed in
2 pursuance of section one of this act, or in any citation issued in pursuance
3 of section two thereof, unless the hearing is for good cause continued, said
4 Railroad and Warehouse Commission shall proceed to try the question
5 whether or not the crossing shall be interlocked, and shall give to all com-
6 panies and parties interested an opportunity to be fully heard, and said
7 commission shall, after such hearing, enter an order upon a record book or
8 docket to be kept for the purpose, denying the petition or discharging the
9 citation if the interlocking of such crossing is deemed unnecessary, or
10 if said commission shall be of opinion, from the evidence and facts pro-
11 duced, that the public good requires that such crossing be interlocked, then
12 the commission shall enter an order prescribing an interlocking device or
13 equipment for such crossing, in which order shall be specified the kind of
14 machine to be used, the switches, signals and other devices or appliances to
15 be put in, and the location thereof, and all other matters which may be
16 deemed proper for the efficient interlocking of such crossing, and said com-
17 mission shall further designate, in such order, the proportion of the cost of
18 the construction of such interlocking plant, and of the expense of maintain-
19 ing and operating the same, which each of the companies or persons con-
20 cerned shall pay.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of every railroad company or person owning or
2 operating any track involved in any such crossing to comply with and carry
3 out fully, or unite with the others in doing so, any order of the said Rail-

4 road and Warehouse Commission made in pursuance of any proceeding in-
5 stituted or had under this act, such work to be completed within sixty days
6 after such order is made; and when any interlocking plant prescribed by
7 the commission shall have been completed and made ready for use, it shall
8 be the duty of the companies or persons concerned to notify the said Rail-
9 road and Warehouse Commission thereof, whereupon said commission shall
10 inspect or cause to be inspected the said completed plant in the same man-
11 ner as is now provided in the act upon that subject, approved June 3, 1887;
12 and if, upon such inspection, the said interlocking plant is deemed to be
13 well constructed and suitable and sufficient for the purpose, the said Rail-
14 road and Warehouse Commission shall issue a permit empowering the sev-
15 eral companies or persons owning or operating the tracks involved therein
16 to run such crossing without stopping, under such rules and regulations as
17 may be in force, or may thereafter be adopted, by the said commission, any
18 law now in force upon the subject of stopping trains at railway crossings
19 to the contrary notwithstanding.

§ 5. Any company, person or corporation refusing or neglecting to comply
2 with any order made by the said Railroad and Warehouse Commission in
3 pursuance of this act shall forfeit and pay a penalty of \$200 for each week
4 of such refusal and neglect, the same to be recovered in an action of debt
5 in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and to be paid, when
6 collected, into the county treasury of any county where any such suit may
7 be tried.

§ 6. All expenses incurred in any proceeding under this act shall be paid
2 by the railway companies concerned, in equal portions, upon bills to be
3 rendered by the secretary of said commission.

§ 7. Every junction of two or more railroad tracks, whether the tracks
2 joining each other are owned by different companies or by the same com-
3 pany, shall be taken and deemed to be a crossing within the meaning of
4 this act.

§ 8. Whereas, there are many railway crossing in this State which are
2 dangerous in great need of protection by interlocking devices and signals
3 therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force
4 from and after its passage.

1. Introduced by Mr. Miller, February 12, 1891.
2. Read by title February 12, 1891, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A BILL

For an act to amend section eighty-five (85) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly,* That section eighty-five (85) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 85. That in all cities and villages over and above five hundred thousand inhabitants, the aldermen and trustees may receive such compensation for their services as shall be fixed by ordinance: *Provided, however,* such compensation shall not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum to each alderman or trustee, and no other compensation shall be allowed to any alderman or trustee for any service whatsoever. Such compensation shall not be changed, after it has been once established, so as to take effect as to any alderman or trustee voting for such change, during his term of office."

AMENDMENT TO

43d Assem.

HOUSE—No. 752

May 1903

1 Adopted May 2, 1903.

2 Ordered printed.

Amend House Bill No. 752 by striking out lines 24 and 25 of the printed bill.

CORRIGENDA

- Page 13 Berth Utilization - Opua : overseas totals should read
 28,709
 1,000
 29,709
- Page 17, 18 'Whangerei' should read 'Whangarei'
- Page 72 Heading should read 'Handling and Mechanical Handling Equipment'.
- Page 78 Insert '81 and 82' after 'see pages
- Page 105 'Total 36,379' should read '36,378'
- Page 118 'Other expenditure 1961' for '22,942' should be
 '23,942'.
- Insert '104' and '117' in 'As detailed in pages.... to ...'.
- Page 132 Heading should read 'Handling and Mechanical Handling Equipment'.
- Page 162 On Wharf storage facilities - the 'cubic capacity' refers
 to 'cubic feet'.
- 'Cubic Capacity' for 'Berth 1' of '84,812' should read
 '84,864'.
- Page 183 Tallow total '7,514' should read '7,515'.
- Page 235 'Other goods bulk' under import traffic should read
 'Other goods general'.
- Page 365 Total tonnage passing over Berth 3 of '1681' refers to
 'general cargo inwards' not 'timber inwards'.
- Page 382 Cargo Handling Methods - 'Feriliser raw materials'
 should read 'Fertiliser, raw materials'.
- Page 424 Summary of earnings 1961 of '265,072' should be '265,081' -
 the 1965 total '284,840 should be '285,081'.
- Insert '6' before footnote 'Local Authority Statistics,
 Department of Statistics'.
- Page 503 Title of graph should read 'Throughput'.

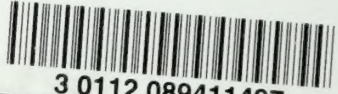
Adopted May 2, 1908

RESOLUTIONS

of the

1	Resolved, That the following be adopted as the official seal of the Association:	Page 1
2	That the seal be as follows:	Page 2
3	That the seal be as follows:	Page 3
4	That the seal be as follows:	Page 4
5	That the seal be as follows:	Page 5
6	That the seal be as follows:	Page 6
7	That the seal be as follows:	Page 7
8	That the seal be as follows:	Page 8
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UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS-URBANA
Q. 328.773 B1H C001 v.37:1-374(1891
House bills [Introduced in the] General



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